



# In-beam spectroscopy of low-lying energy levels at extreme isospin at the RIBF

P. Doornenbal

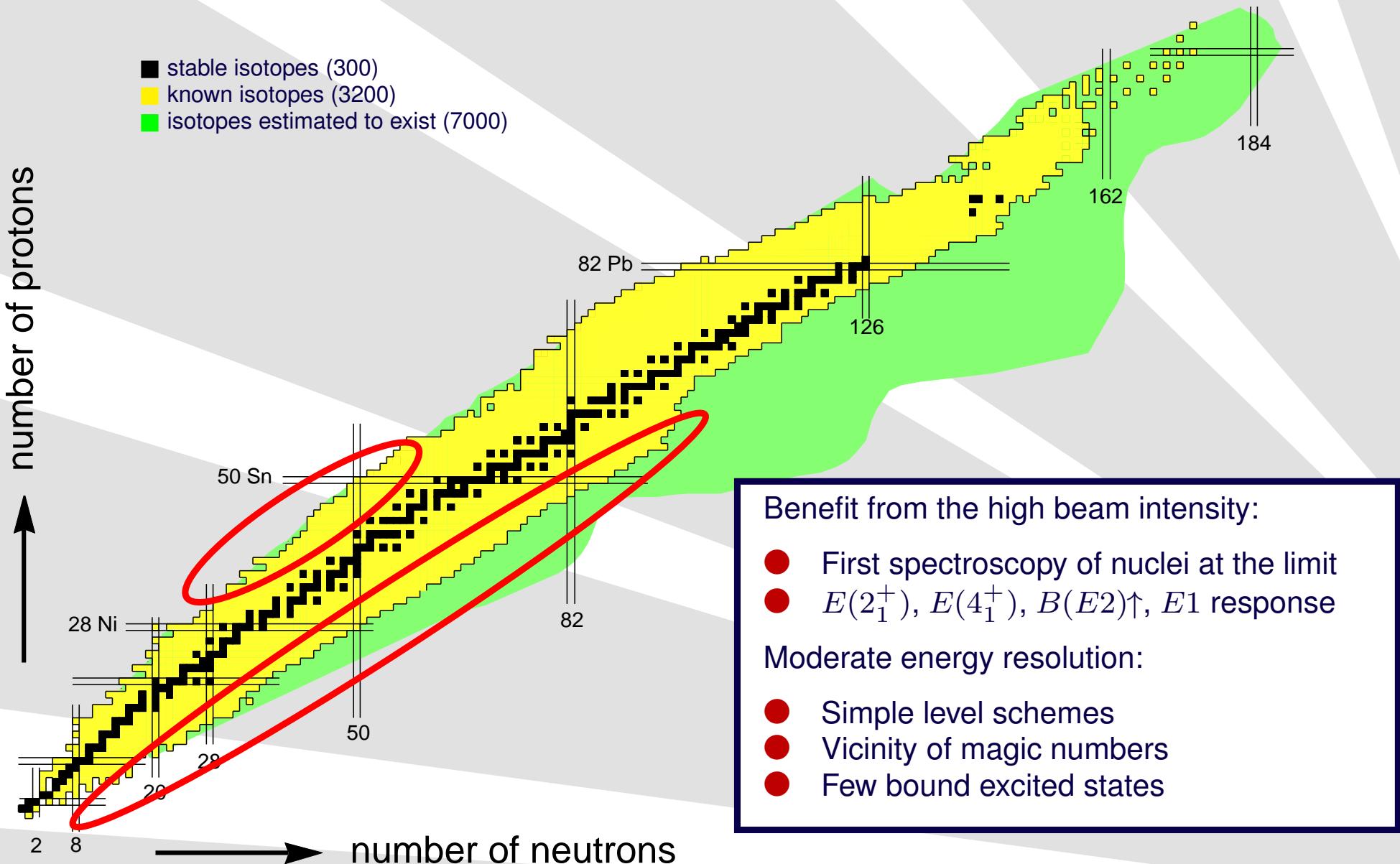
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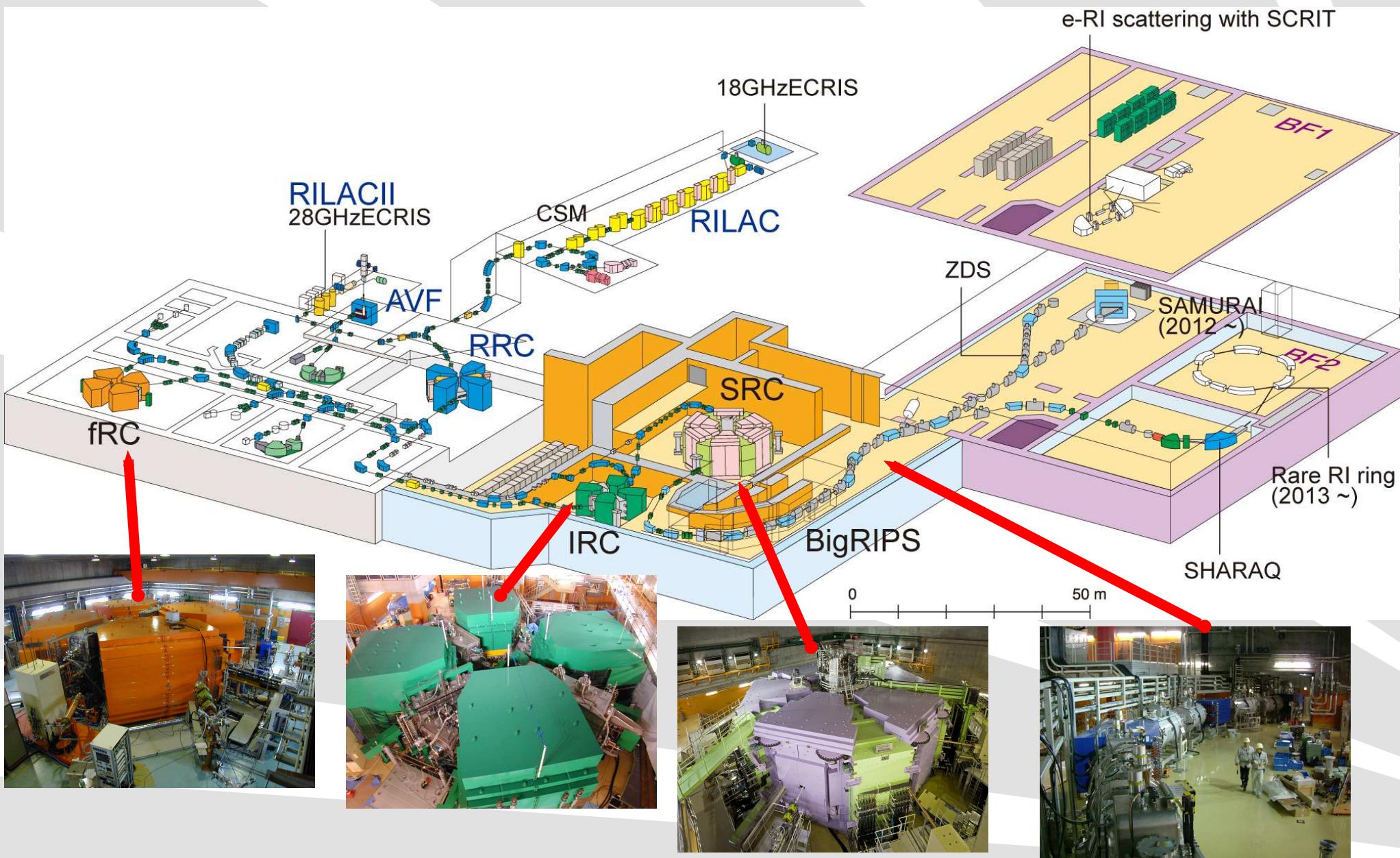


# *Setup and Overview*

# Regions of Interest



# RIBF Overview



# *Superconducting Ring Cyclotron (SRC)*



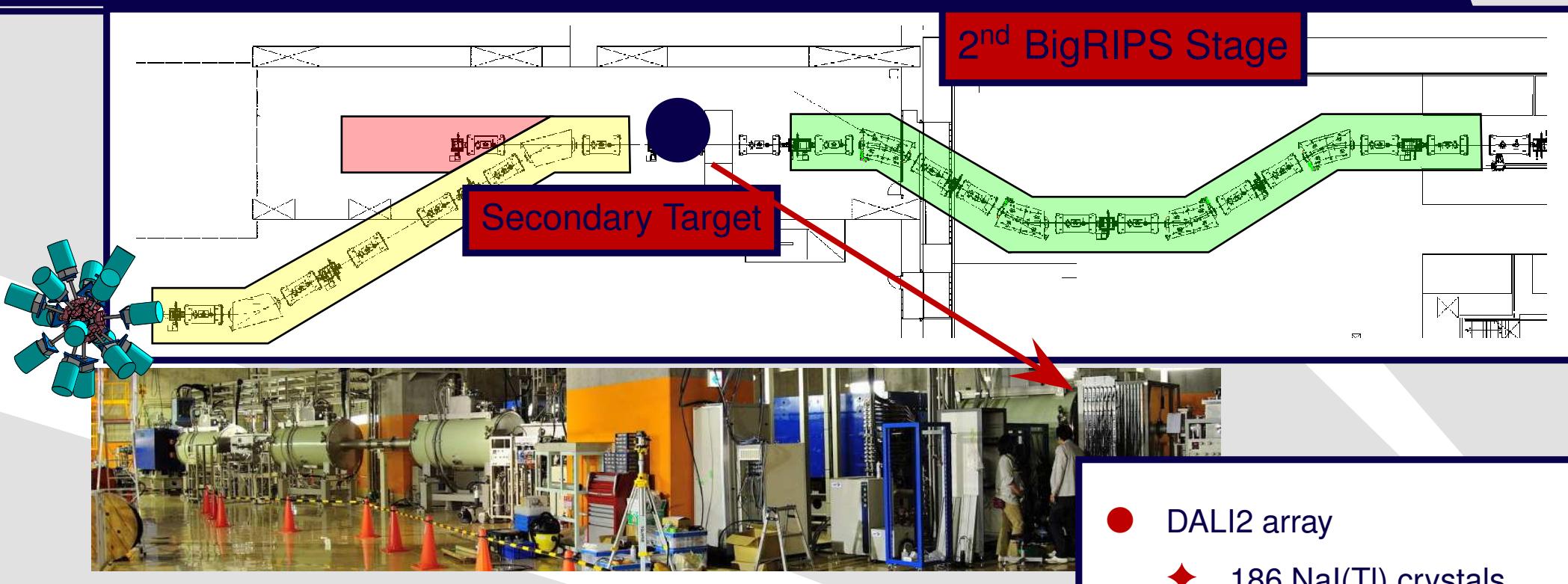
Intensities of 345 MeV/u beams from the SRC

Nucleus	Beam Intensity / pnA		
	Goal	Achieved Max	Average
<sup>48</sup> Ca	1000	730	500
<sup>70</sup> Zn	1000	250	200
<sup>78</sup> Kr	1000	486	300
<sup>124</sup> Xe	100	100	80
<sup>238</sup> U	100	58	40



- $K = 2500$  MeV
- 8300 tons
- 5.36 m extraction radius
- 6 sector magnets
- Four main RF cavities

# ZeroDegree Spectrometer



- 0° Spectrometer ZeroDegree
- Particle ID after secondary target
- Fragment momentum distribution
- Various modes of operation

mode	$p/\Delta p$	$\Delta p$	Ang. Accep.
<b>Large Accep.</b>	<b>1240</b>	$\pm 3\%$	$\pm 45 \text{ mrad(H)} \pm 30 \text{ mrad(V)}$
High res.(achrom)	2120	$\pm 3\%$	$\pm 20 \text{ mrad(H)} \pm 30 \text{ mrad(V)}$
Dispersive	4130	$\pm 2\%$	$\pm 20 \text{ mrad(H)} \pm 30 \text{ mrad(V)}$

- DALI2 array
  - ◆ 186 NaI(Tl) crystals
  - ◆  $4\pi$  coverage
  - ◆ 20 % efficiency
  - ◆ 10 % resolution
- $E_{\text{beam}} \sim 150 - 250 \text{ MeV/u}$

# DALI2 (2010–2016)

Status and Overview  
❖ Regions of Interest  
❖ RIBF Overview  
❖ ZeroDegree  
❖ DALI2 Configuration

❖ Evolution in  $f\bar{p}$  Shell  
❖ SM Predictions  
❖  $^{54}\text{Ca}$  Spectrum  
❖ SM Calculations

SEASTAR

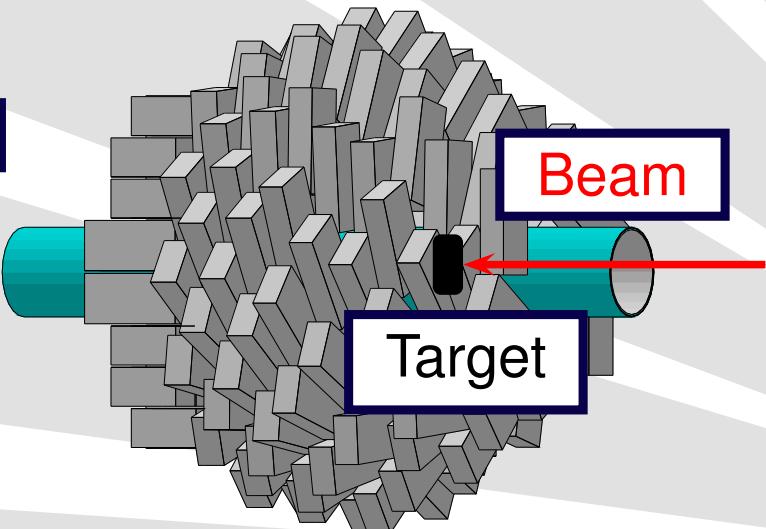
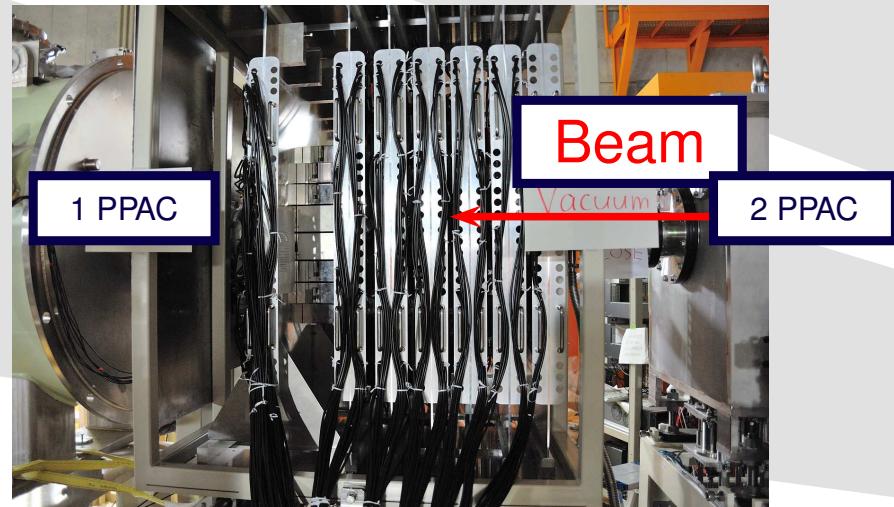
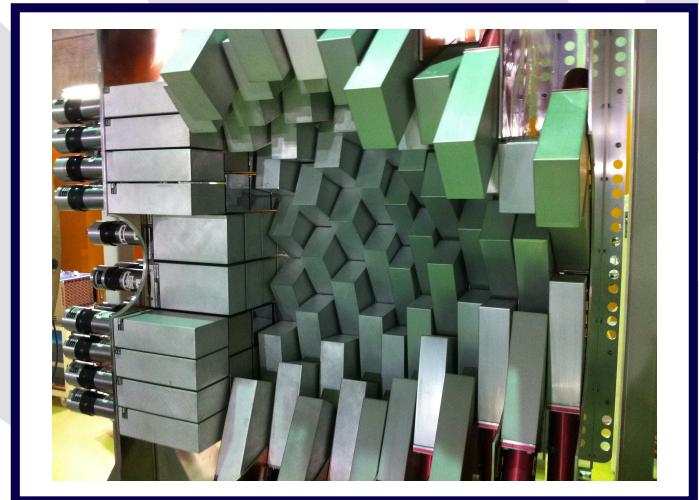
First Campaign

Second Campaign

Third Campaign

Summary and Outlook

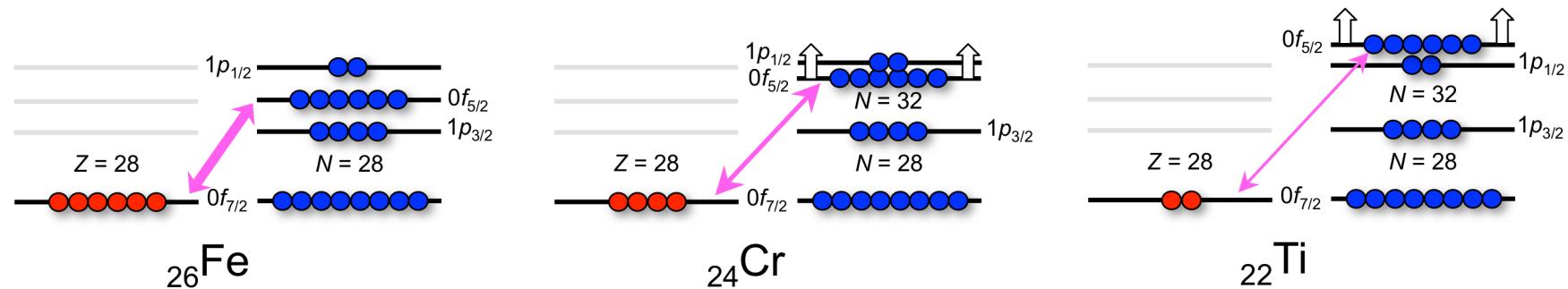
- Forward-wall configuration
- 186 NaI(Tl) detectors
- $\vartheta$  coverage  $11^\circ$  to  $165^\circ$
- 7 % intrinsic resolution at 1 MeV
- $\Delta E/E \approx 10(11) \%$  at  $100(250) \text{ MeV}/u$
- **20% efficiency @ 1 MeV w/o add-back**
- Simplified target holder and beam pipe
- **3 PPAC for beam tracking,  $\sigma_\vartheta = 5 \text{ mrad}$**
- 1mm Pb (+1mm Sn) shielding



S. Takeuchi *et al.*, NIMA 763, 596 (2014).

# *Evolution in fp Shell for Neutron-Rich Nuclei*

- Neutron-rich *fp* shell (bounded by  $Z = 20 - 28$  and  $N = 28 - 40$ )
- Attractive interaction between  $\pi 1f_{7/2}$  and  $\nu 1f_{5/2}$  orbitals is important [1]; responsible for some features of nuclear shell evolution in this mass region
  - [1] T. Otsuka *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **95** (2005) 232502
- As protons are removed from the  $\pi f_{7/2}$  orbital (i.e., from  $^{28}\text{Ni}$  to  $^{20}\text{Ca}$ ) the strength of the  $\pi$ - $\nu$  interaction weakens, causing the  $\nu f_{5/2}$  orbital to shift up in energy relative to  $\nu p_{1/2}$  and  $\nu p_{3/2}$



# $E(2_1^+)$ Predictions for Calcium Isotopes

## Status and Overview

- ❖ Regions of Interest
- ❖ RIBF Overview
- ❖ ZeroDegree
- ❖ DALI2 Configuration
- ❖ Evolution in  $f p$  Shell
- ❖ SM Predictions
- ❖  $^{54}\text{Ca}$  Spectrum
- ❖ SM Calculations

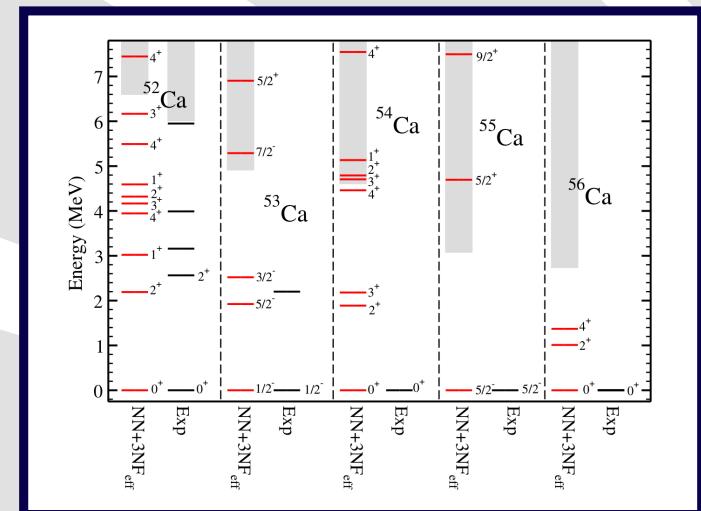
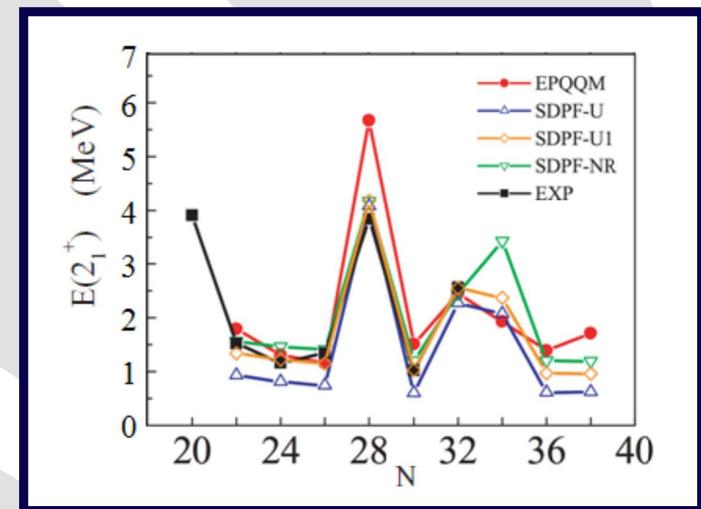
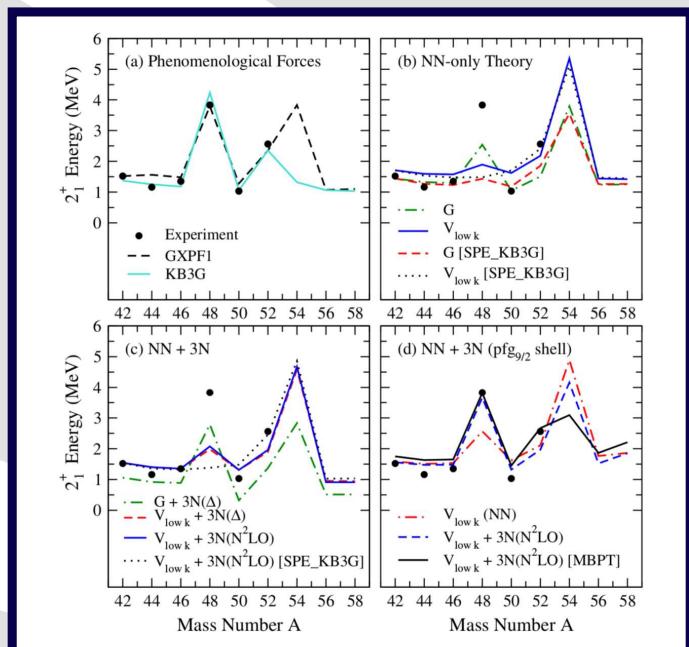
## SEASTAR

### First Campaign

### Second Campaign

### Third Campaign

### Summary and Outlook



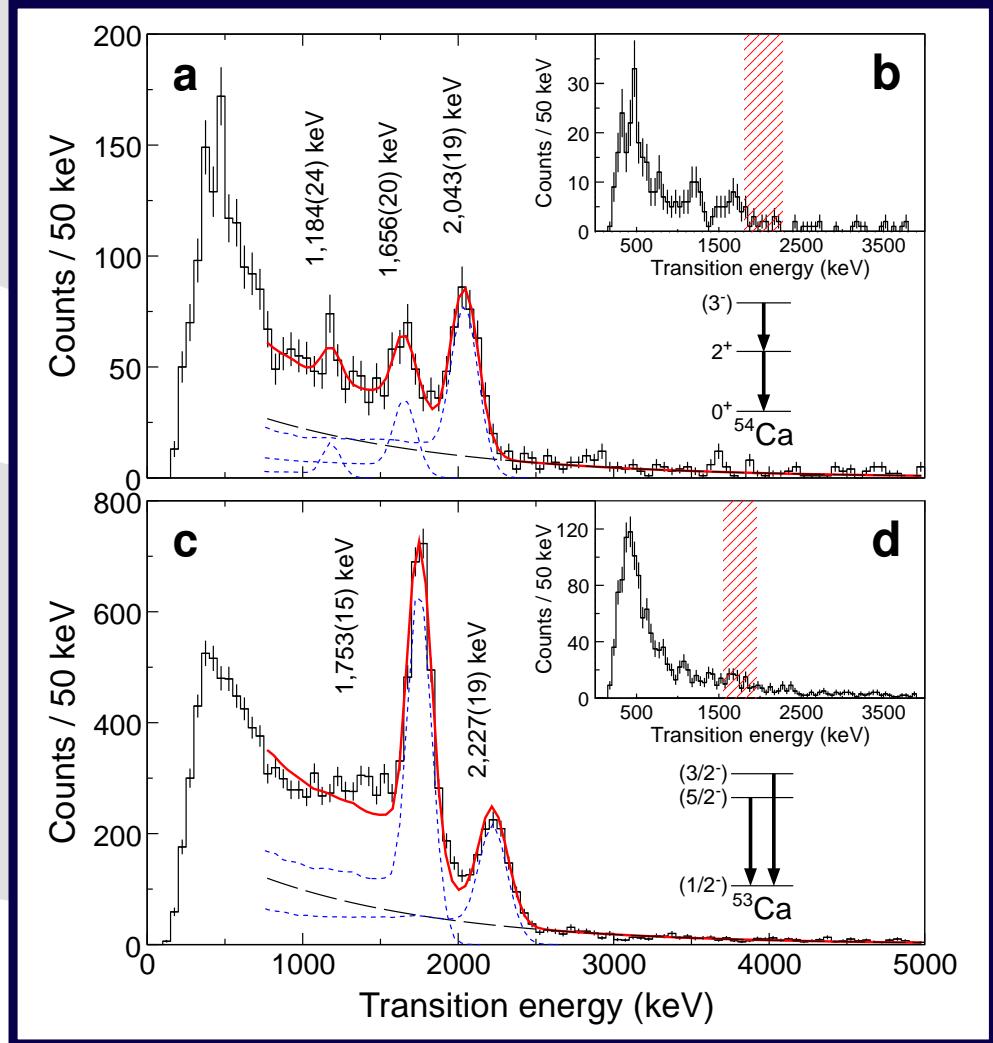
Large variation for  $E(2_1^+)$  predictions in  $^{54,56}\text{Ca}$

J. D. Holt *et al.*, Journal of Physics G 39, 085111 (2012).

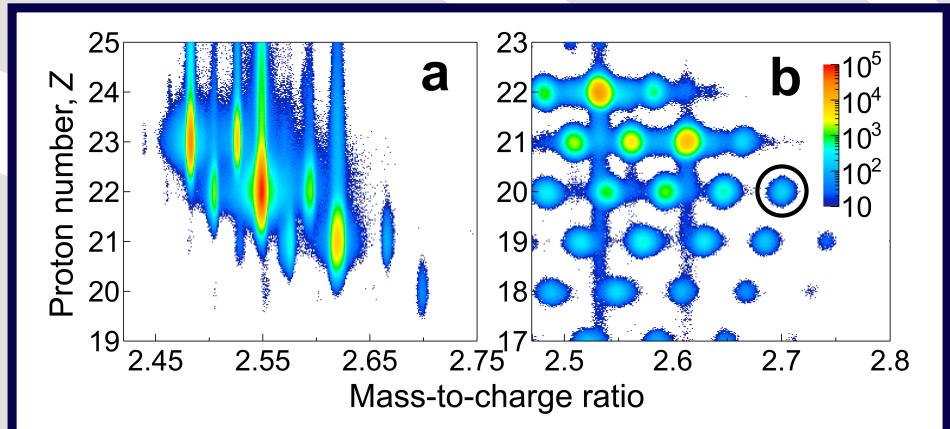
K. Kaneko *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 83, 014320 (2011).

G. Hagen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 032502 (2012).

# In-Beam $\gamma$ -Ray Spectra of $^{53,54}\text{Ca}$

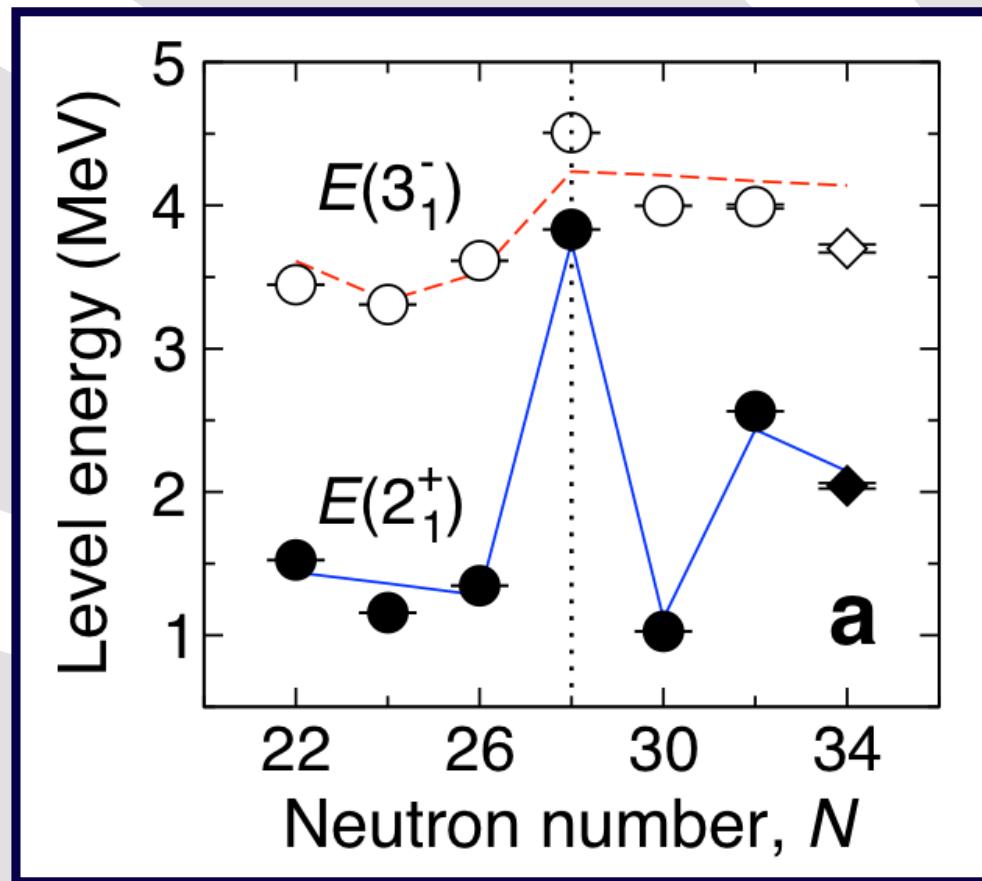


- $^{70}\text{Zn}$ , 60 pnA primary beam
- $\text{Be}^{(55)\text{Sc}}, ^{54}\text{Ca}^*$ ,  $\text{Be}^{(56)\text{Ti}}, ^{54}\text{Ca}^*$
- F8 target:  $^9\text{Be}$ , 1.85 g/cm<sup>2</sup>
- 124 pps/pnA  $^{56}\text{Ti}$
- 12 pps/pnA  $^{55}\text{Sc}$
- **40 hours data taking**
- $E(2_1^+)$  at 2043(19) keV in  $^{54}\text{Ca}$



$^{53}\text{Ca}$ : 2220(1) keV level observed, F. Perrot *et al.*, PRC **74**, 014313 (2006).  
 D. Steffenbeck, S. Takeuchi *et al.*, Nature **502**, 207 (2013).

# Shell Model Calculations for $^{54}\text{Ca}$



- Shell-model calculations based on a modified GXPF1B effective interaction (fp model space) and cross-shell excitations within the  $sd - fp - sdg$  model space
- Concluded that the magnitude of the  $N = 34$  subshell closure ( $\nu f_{5/2} - \nu p_{1/2}$ ) is similar to the  $N = 32$  subshell closure in  $^{52}\text{Ca}$  ( $\nu p_{1/2} - \nu p_{3/2}$ )



# ***SEASTAR***

# Shell Evolution And Search for Two-plus energies At the RIBF (SEASTAR)

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

❖ New  $E(2_1^+)$

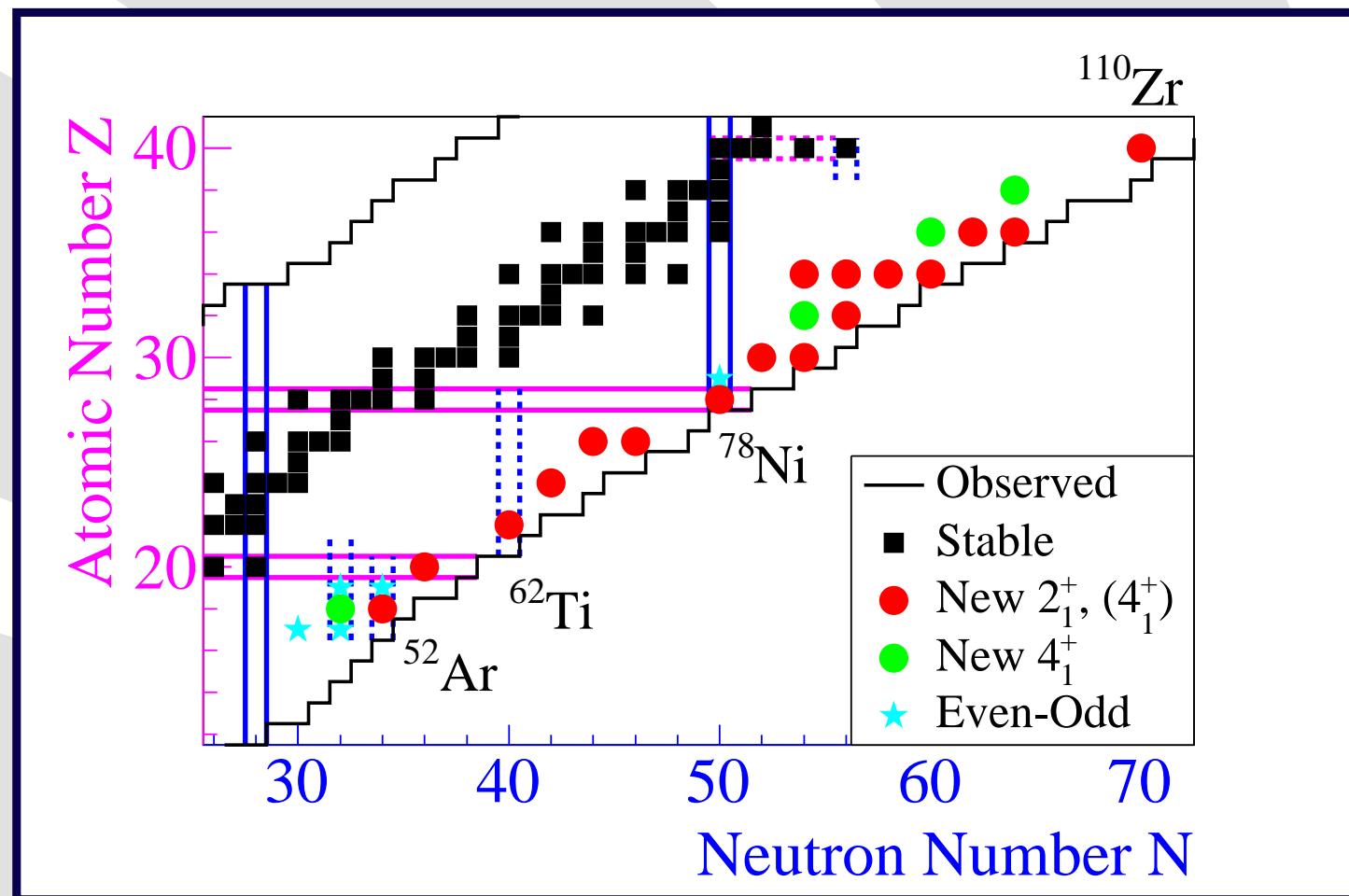
❖ MINOS

First Campaign

Second Campaign

Third Campaign

Summary and  
Outlook



- 10–30 pnA  $^{238}\text{U}$ , 250 pnA  $^{70}\text{Zn}$  primary beams
- 3 campaigns in 2014 (ZDS), 2015 (ZDS), 2017 (SAMURAI)
- $10 + 9 + 8 = 27$  days of beam time
- Proposal NP1312-RIBF118 (Spokespersons: PD, A. Obertelli)
- 6 days for  $^{78}\text{Ni}$

# Shell Evolution And Search for Two-plus energies At the RIBF (SEASTAR)

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

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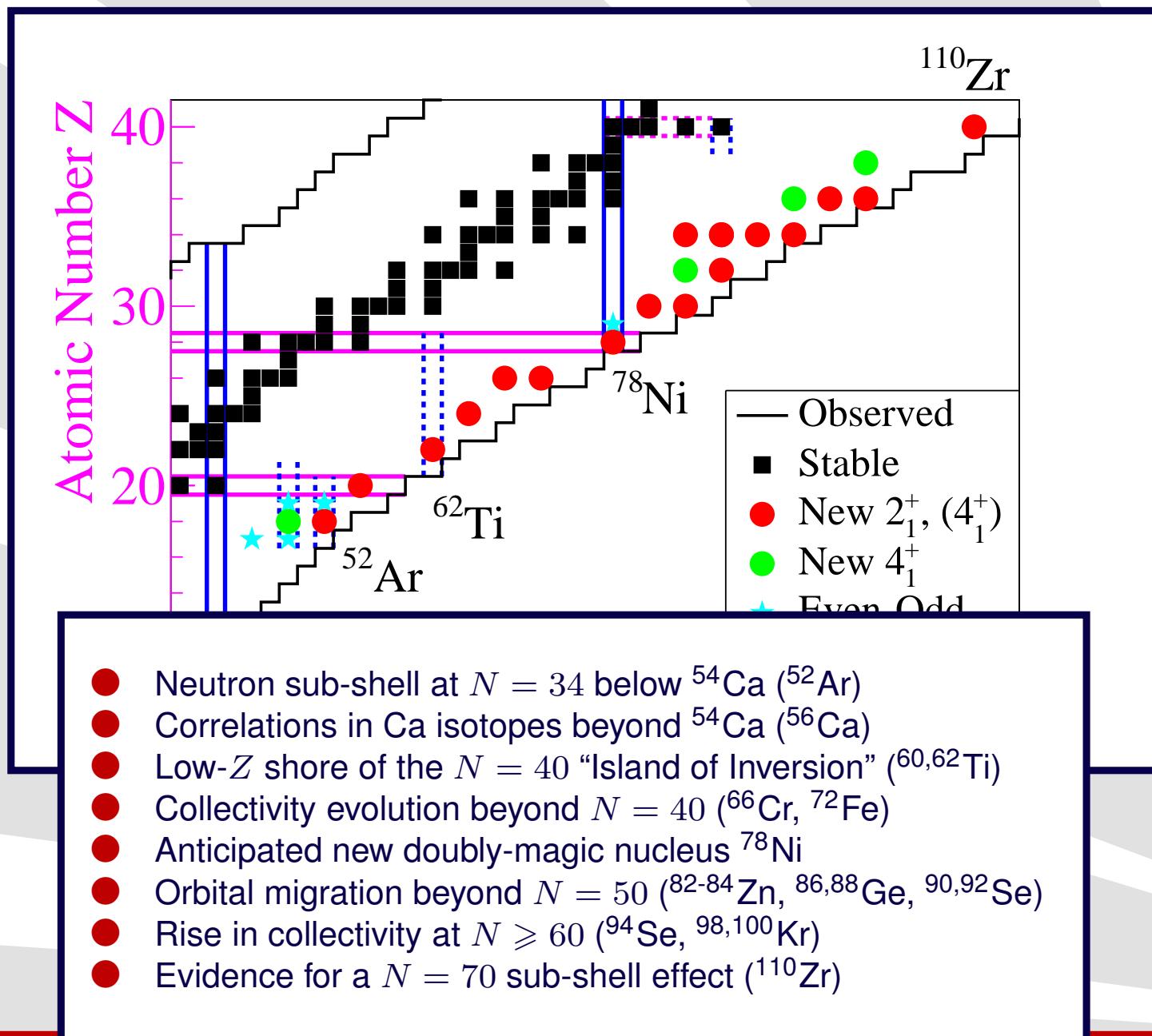
❖ MINOS

First Campaign

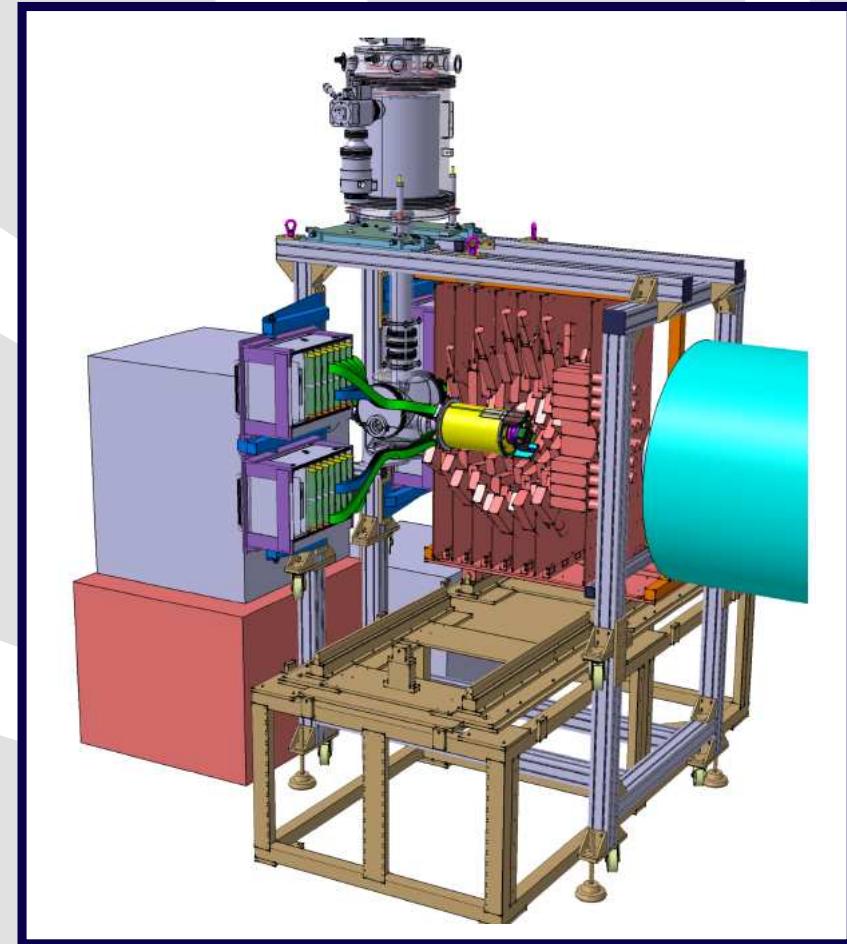
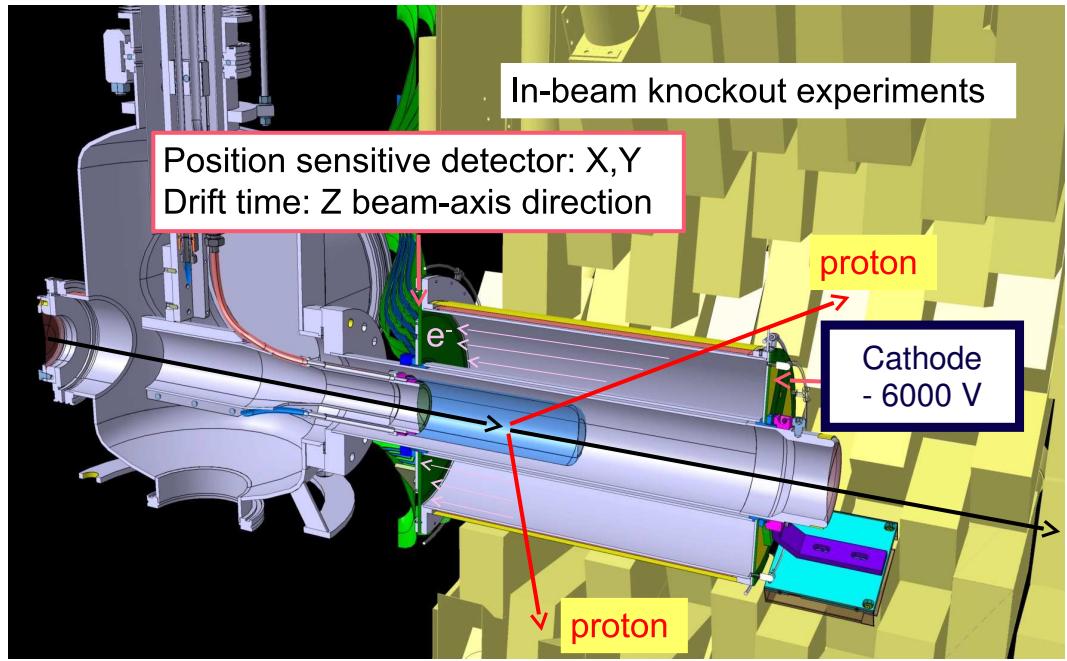
Second Campaign

Third Campaign

Summary and  
Outlook



# MINOS: Coupling of a Liquid Hydrogen Target with a TPC



## Magic Numbers Off Stability

<http://minos.cea.fr>

- Up to  $1 \text{ g/cm}^2$  liquid hydrogen target
- Position sensitive TPC
  - ◆ Drifttime  $\rightarrow$  Z-beam axis
  - ◆ Vertex position reconstruction
  - ◆ Achieved  $\approx 5 \text{ mm}$  (FWHM)

A. Obertelli *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A 50, 8 (2014).

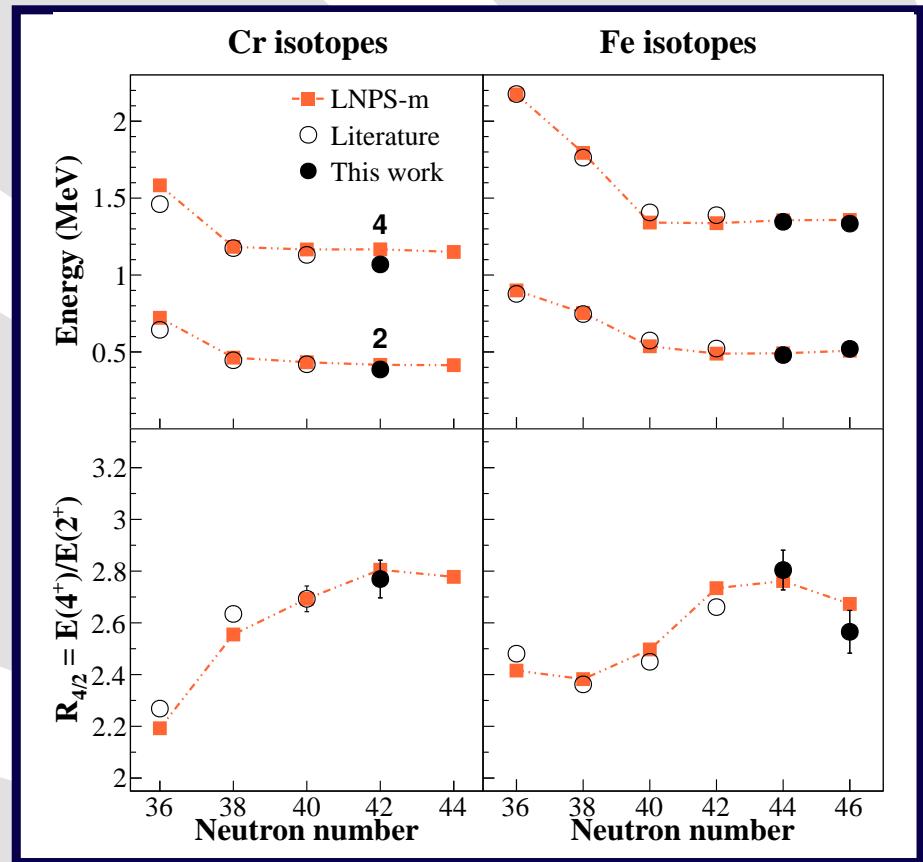
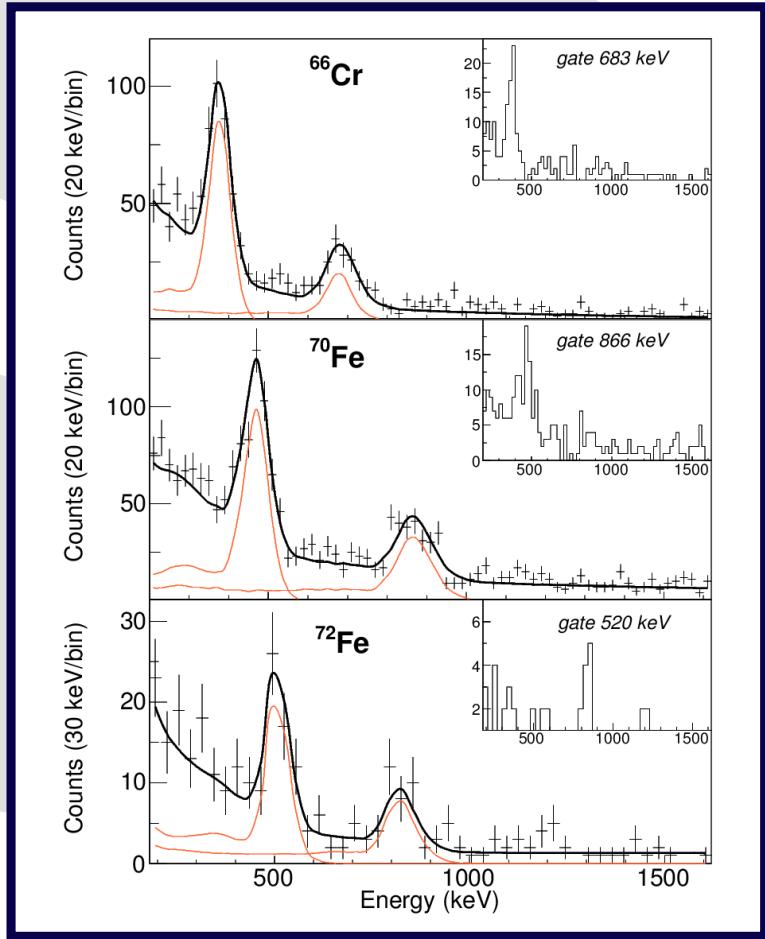


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# *First Campaign:*

**$^{66}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{70,72}\text{Fe}$ ,  $^{78}\text{Ni}$**

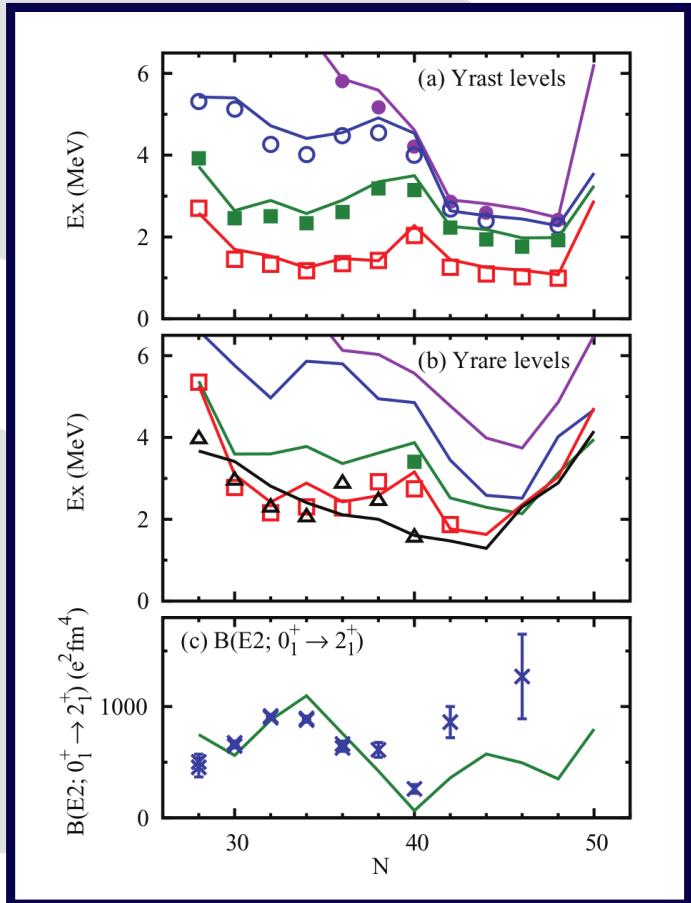
# Maximum of Collectivity Beyond $N = 40$



- Collaboration with F. Nowacki, IPHC,  $fp - fpg_9d_5$  valence space
- ◆ additional  $gd - gd$  monopole strength
- Extension of  $N = 40$  “Island of Inversion” towards  $N = 50$

C. Santamaria, C. Louchart *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 192501 (2015).

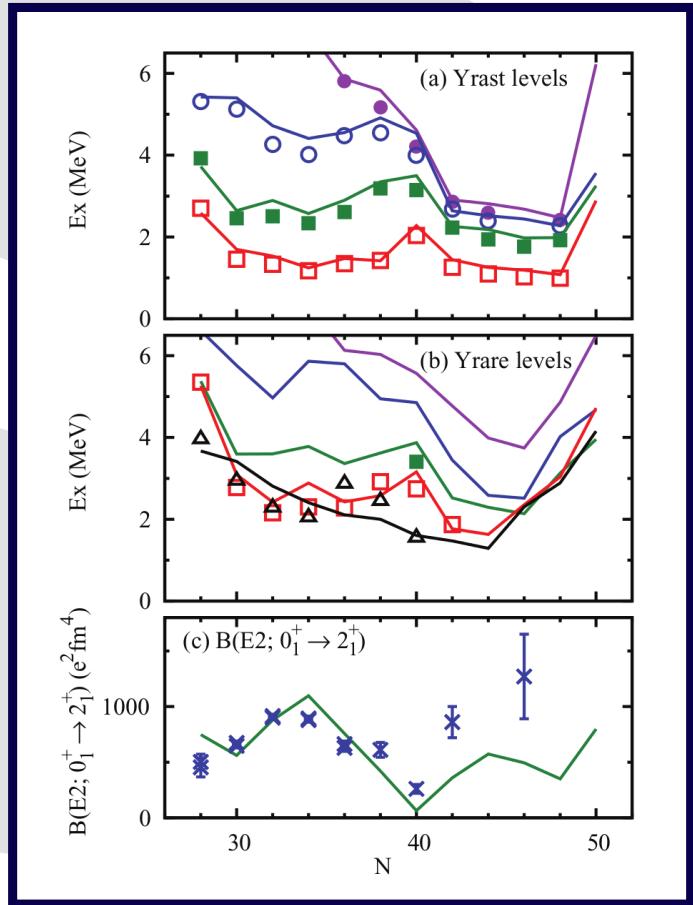
# At and Beyond $^{78}\text{Ni}$ : Are $Z = 28$ and $Z = 50$ Shell Closures?



Y. Tsunoda *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 89, 031301(R) (2014).

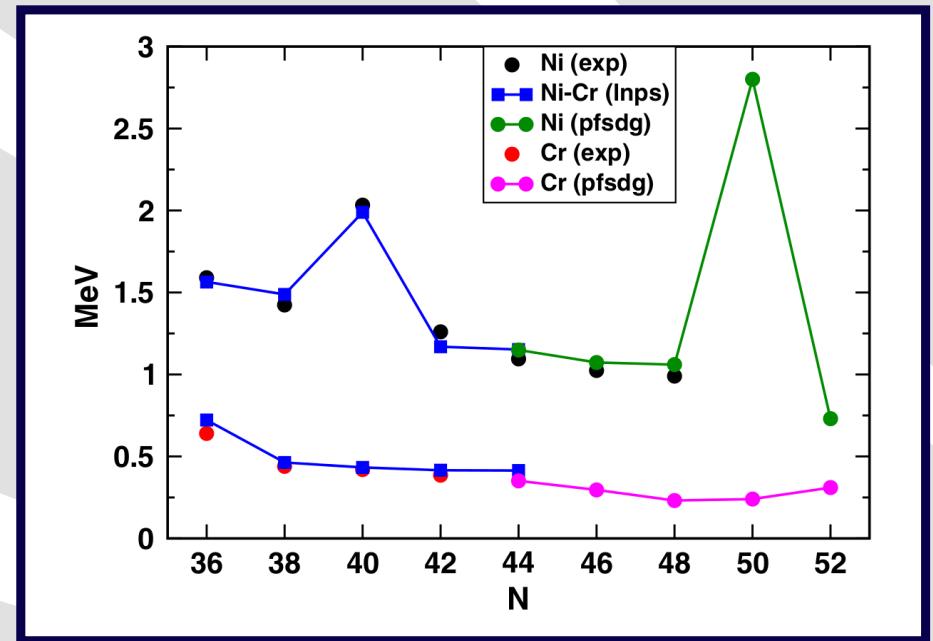
- A3DA:  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  core,  $pf$ ,  $0g_{9/2}$ ,  $1d_{5/2}$  orbits for  $\pi$  and  $\nu$

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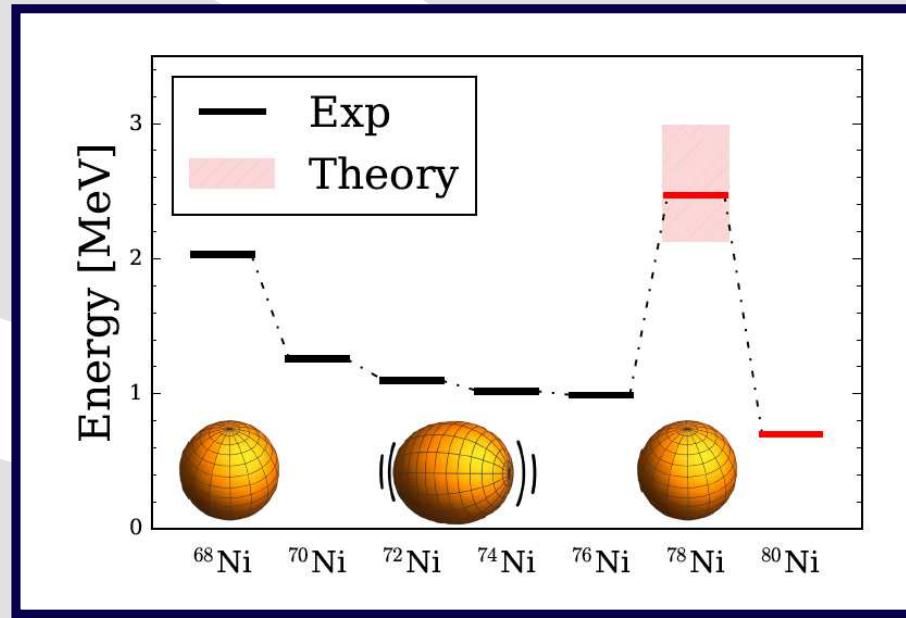
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F. Nowacki *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 272501 (2016).

- LNPS:  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  core,  $\pi pf$  and  $\nu 1p0f_{5/2}0g_{9/2}1d_{5/2}$  orbits
- PFSRG-U:  $^{60}\text{Ca}$  core,  $\pi pf$  and  $\nu gds$  shells

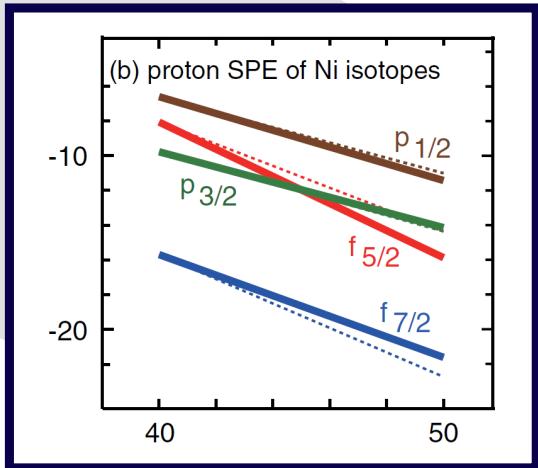
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G. Hagen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 172501 (2016).

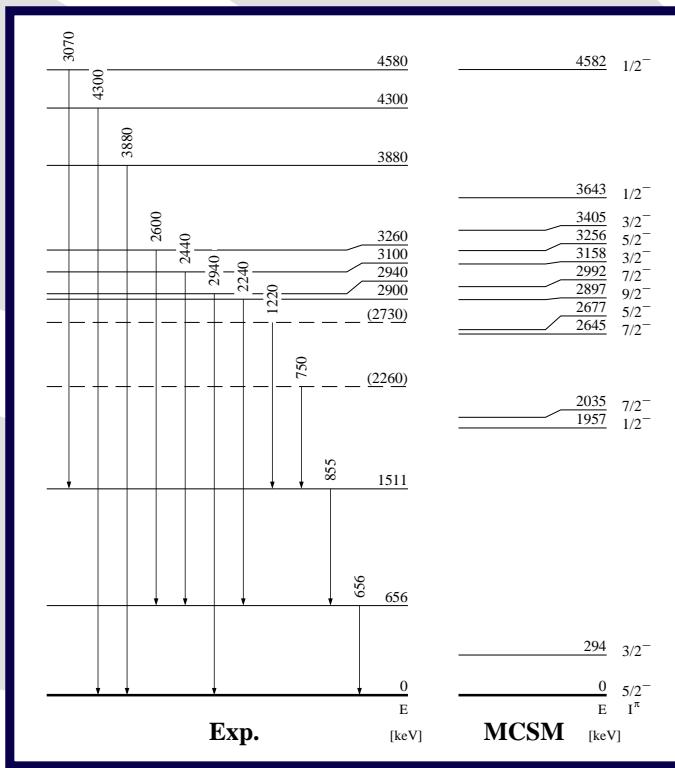
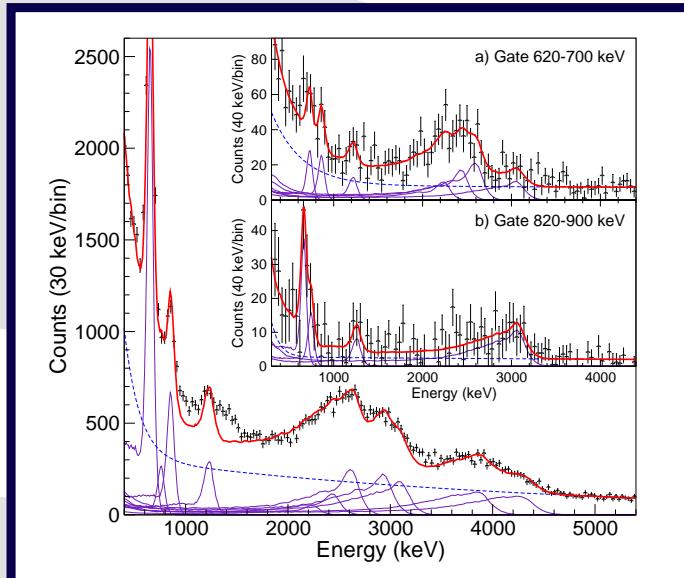
● Coupled Cluster, 2N+3N forces

# Spectroscopy of $^{79}\text{Cu}$



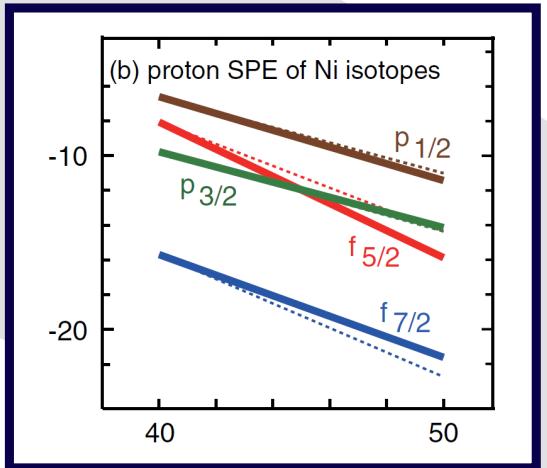
- No significant  $f_{7/2}$  knockout feeding to states below 2.2 MeV
- Multiplet of states between 2.7 and 3.3 MeV:  $^{78}\text{Ni}$   $2^+$  coupled to proton in  $f_{5/2}$  or  $p_{3/2}$
- Consistent with (shell model):
  - ◆ Sizeable  $Z = 28$  shell gap
  - ◆  $^{80}\text{Zn(gs)} = \text{two protons} + {}^{78}\text{Ni core}$

T. Otsuka *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 012501 (2010).



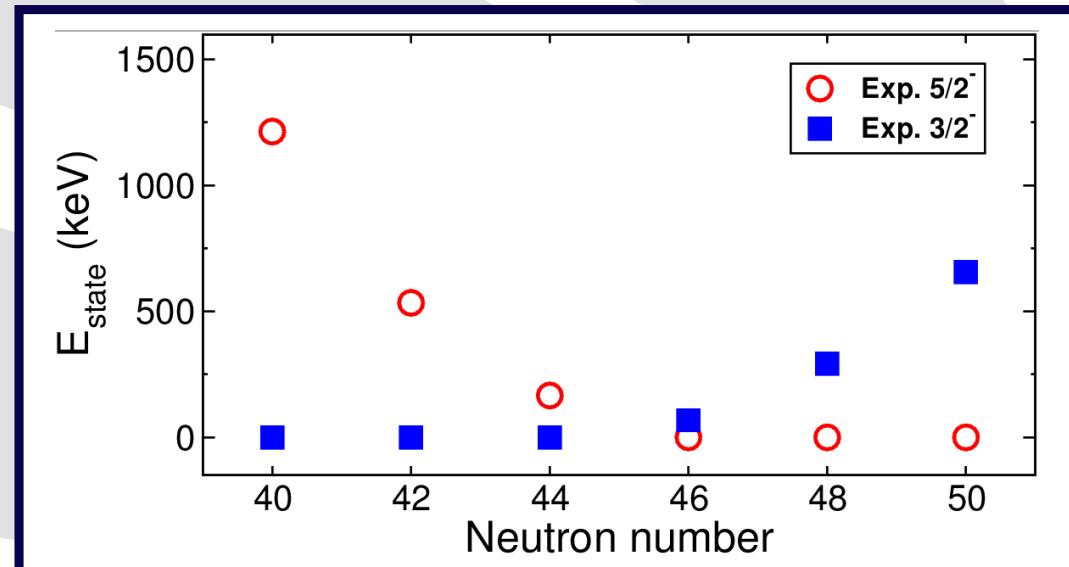
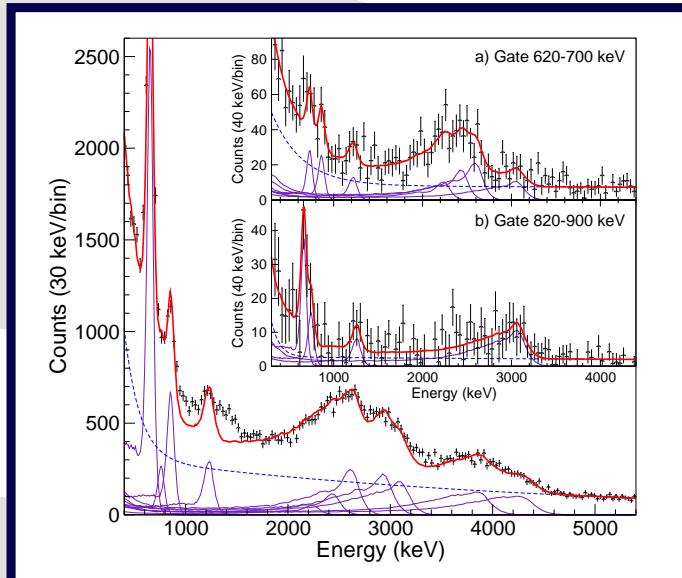
L. Olivier, S. Franschoo *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett., accepted.

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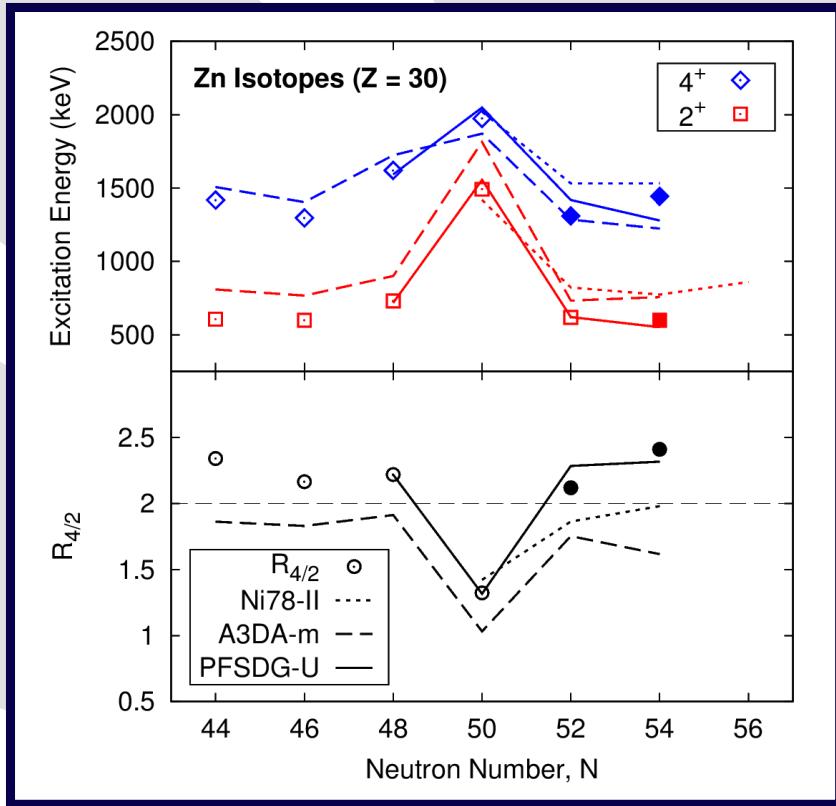
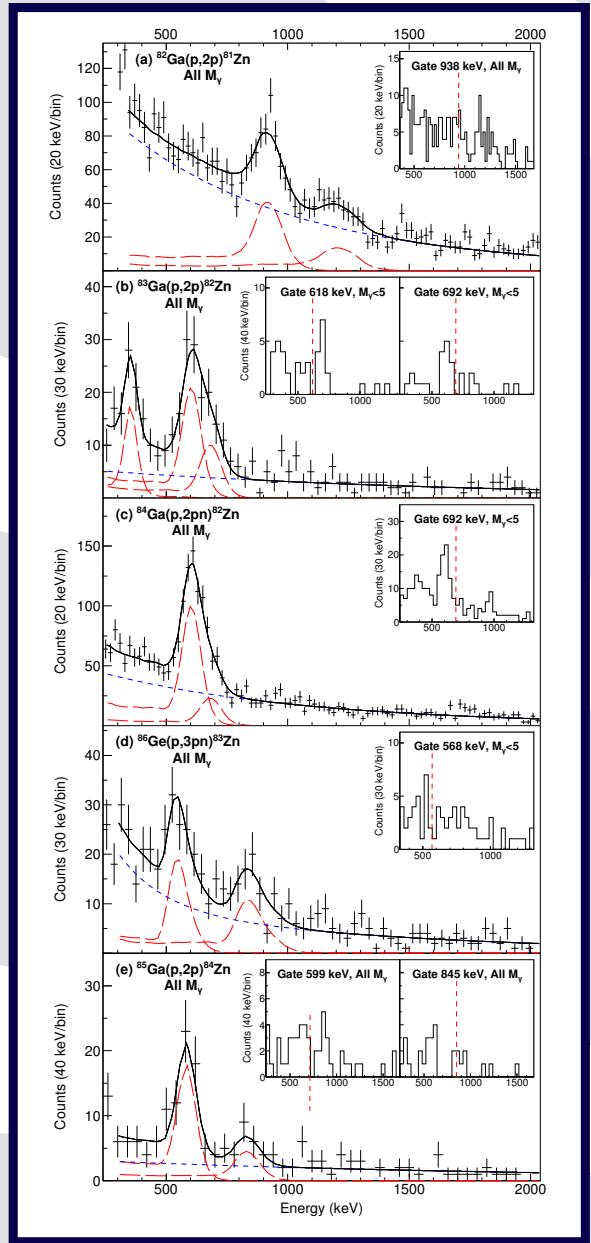


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## *Second Campaign:*

$^{82,84}\text{Zn}$ ,  $^{88}\text{Ge}$ ,  $^{88,90,92,94}\text{Se}$ ,  
 $^{98,100}\text{Kr}$ ,  $^{110}\text{Zr}$ ,  $^{112}\text{Mo}$

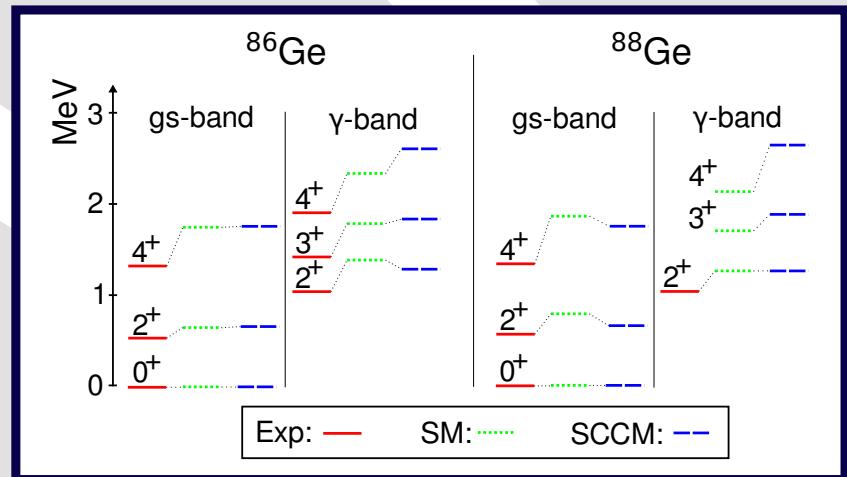
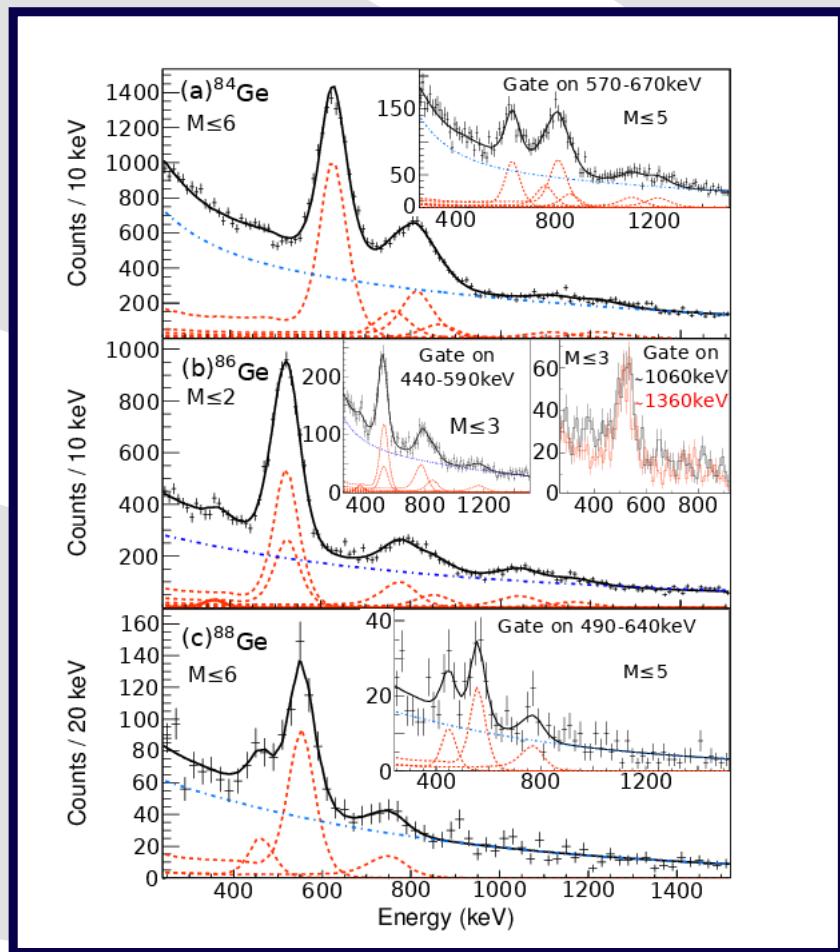
# Shell Structure Beyond $N = 50$ : Spectroscopy of $^{81-84}\text{Zn}$



- New states observed in  $^{81,82,83,84}\text{Zn}$
- Interpreted within the shell-model framework
- ◆ Ni78-II:  $^{78}\text{Ni}$  core,  $Z = 28 - 50$ ,  $N = 50 - 82$  orbits
- ◆ MCSM:  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  core,  $p f$  shell +  $g_{9/2} d_{5/2}$  orbits
- ◆ PFSDG-U:  $^{60}\text{Ca}$  core,  $\pi p f$  and  $\nu g ds$  shells
- ◆ Breaking of the  $Z = 28$  and  $N = 50$  improve agreement with data

C. Shand *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B 773, 492 (2017).

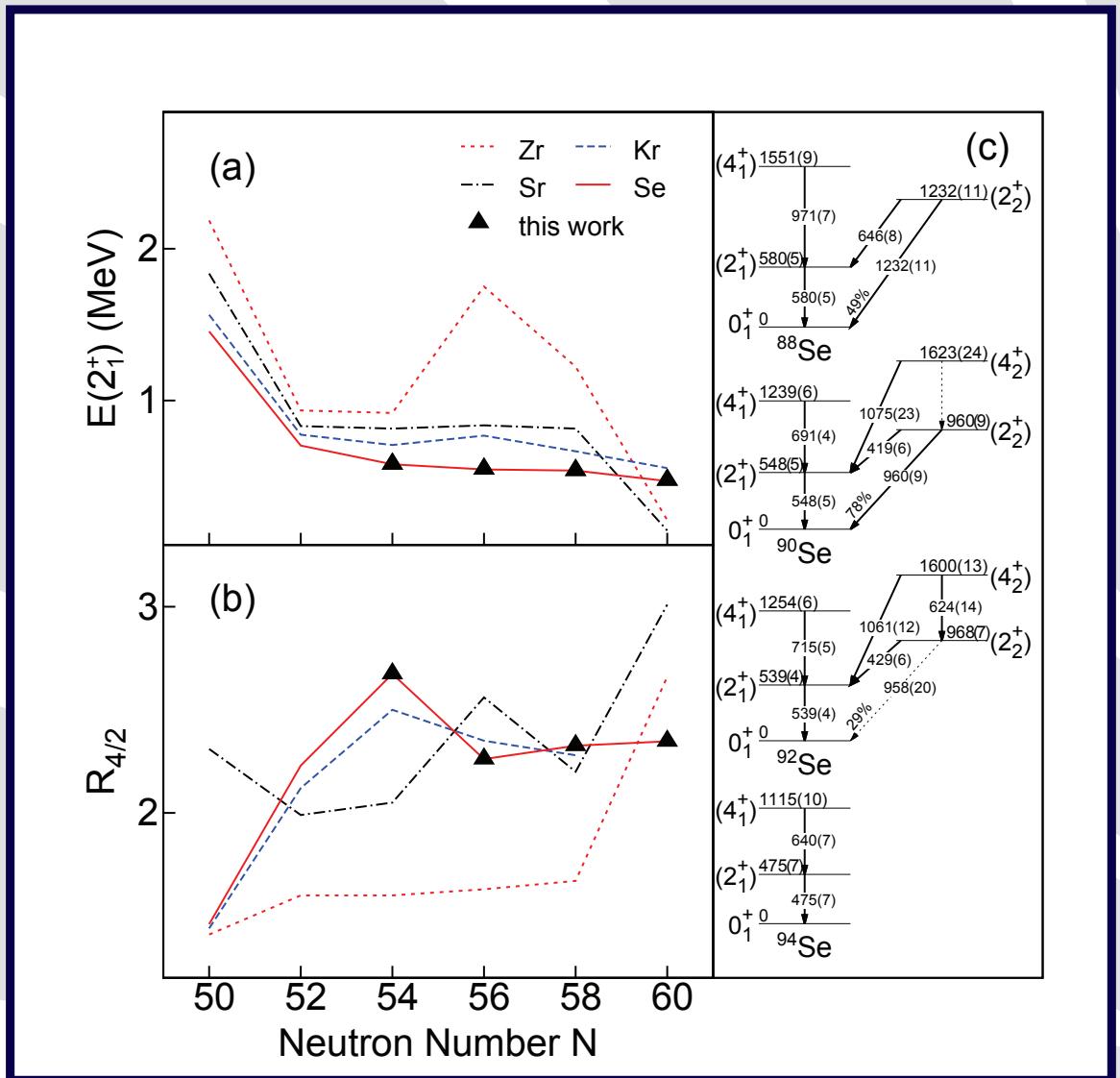
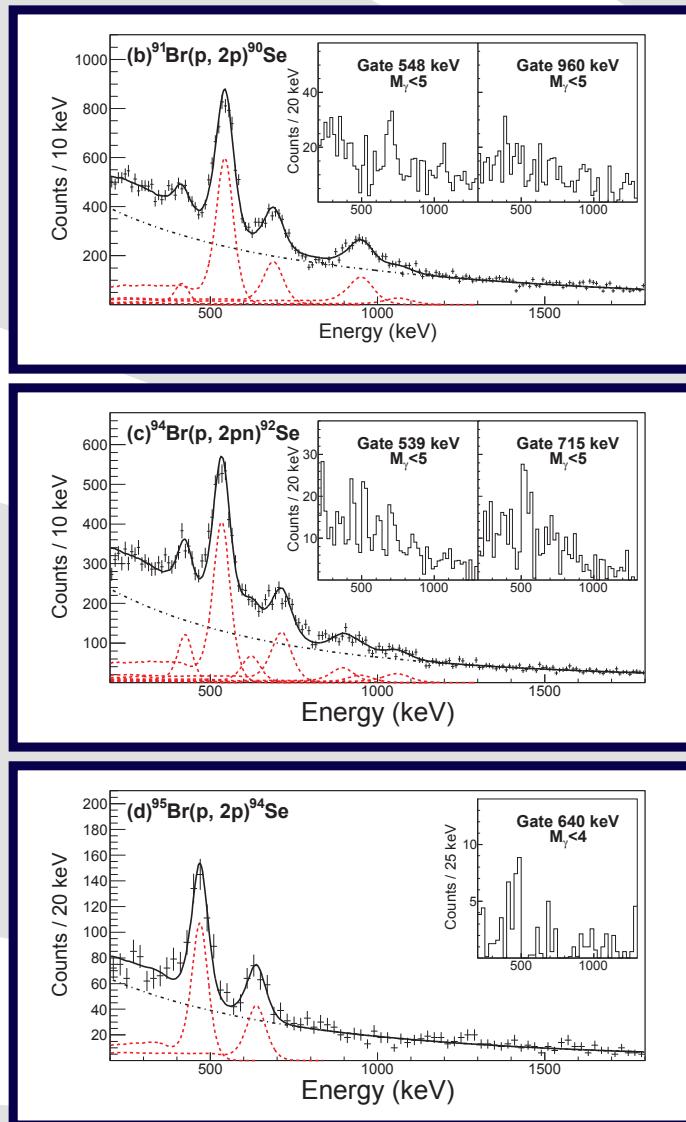
# Triaxiality in Neutron Rich Ge Isotopes



- Spin assignment agrees with prediction from theory  
K. Sieja *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 88, 034327 (2013).
- ◆ SM (K. Sieja):  $^{78}\text{Ni}$  core,  $\pi r3g - \nu r4h$  interaction
- ◆ SCCM (T.R. Rodriguez): Symmetry Conserving Configuration mixing
- Energies overestimated systematically
- Similar relative energy distances predicted in the  $\gamma$ -band

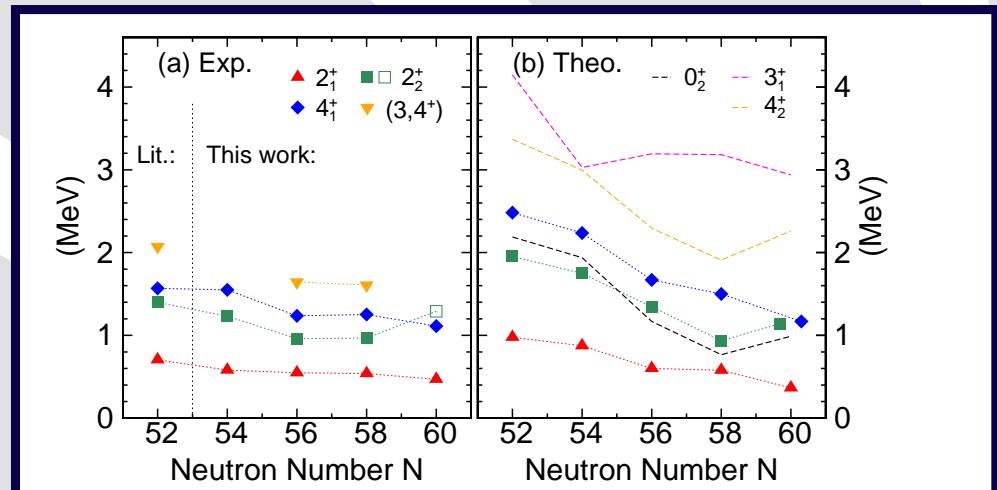
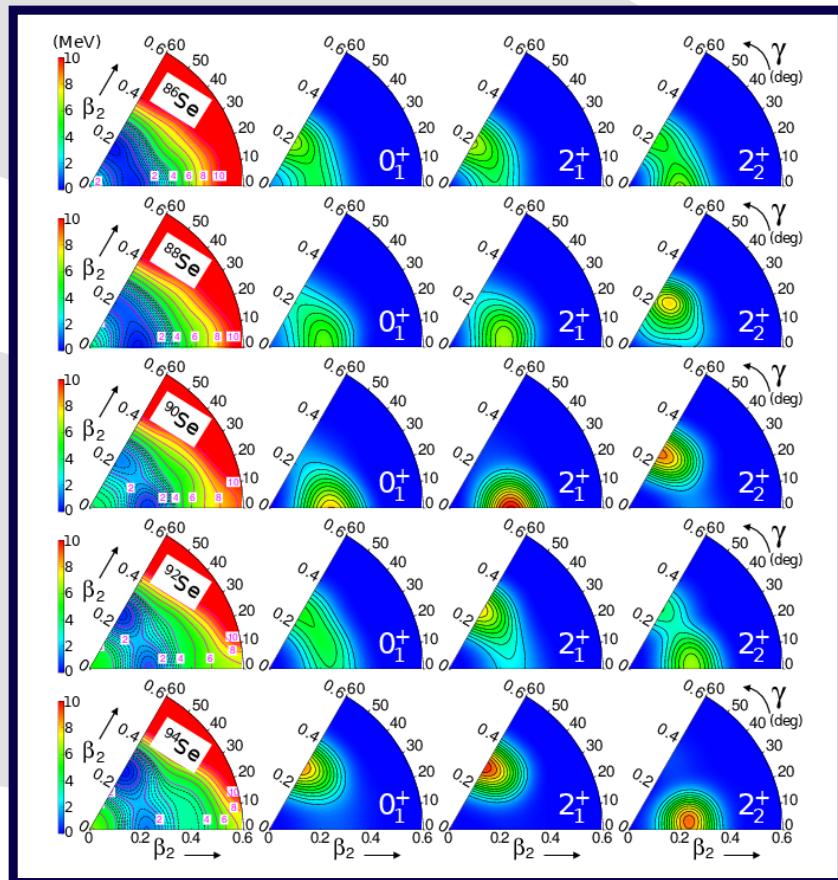
M. Lettmann *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 96, 011301(R) (2017).

# Shape Evolution in Neutron-Rich Se Isotopes



S. Chen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 95, 041302(R) (2017).

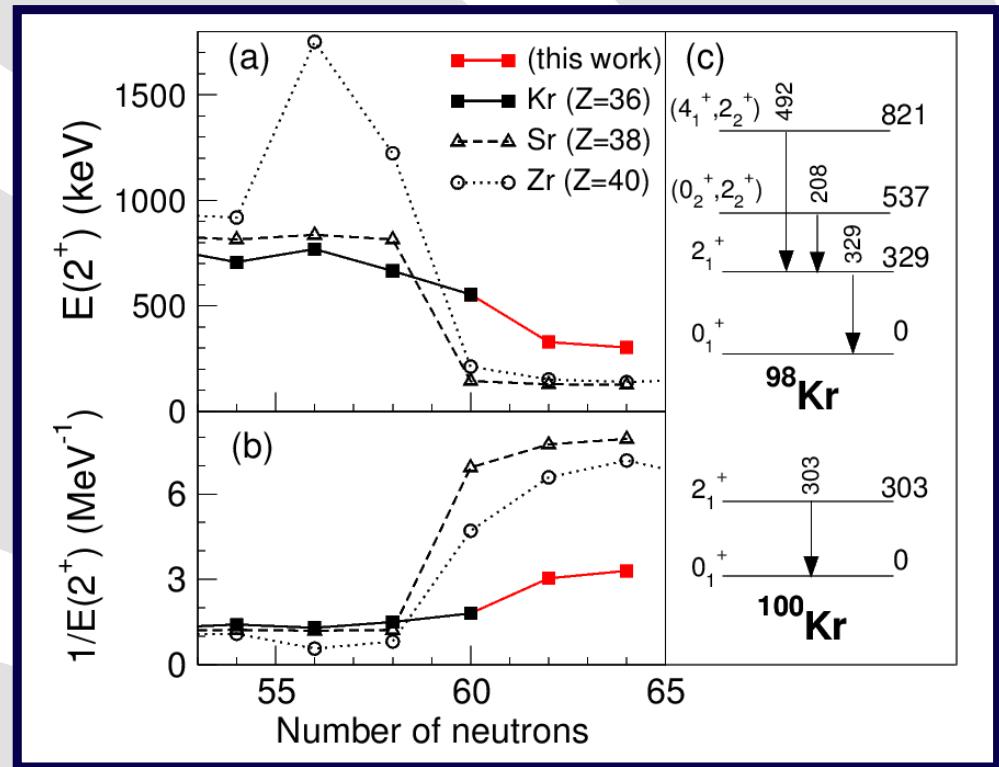
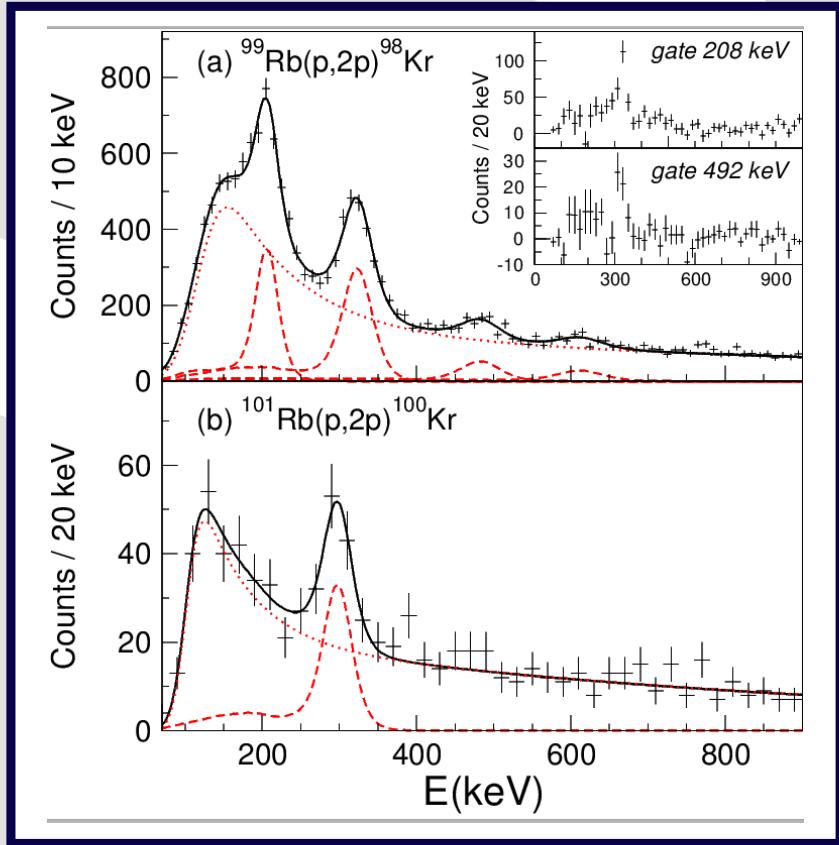
# Shape Evolution in Neutron-Rich Se Isotopes



- Gogny D1S effective interaction
- Full GCM for all quadrupole degrees of freedom
- Prediction for shape coexistence
- AND prolate to oblate shape transition at  $N = 58 - 60$
- T.R. Rodriguez, Madrid, Spain
- Good agreement between expt and theory for  $2_1^+$ ,  $2_2^+$ ,  $4_1^+$ ,  $4_2^+$

S. Chen *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 95, 041302(R) (2017).

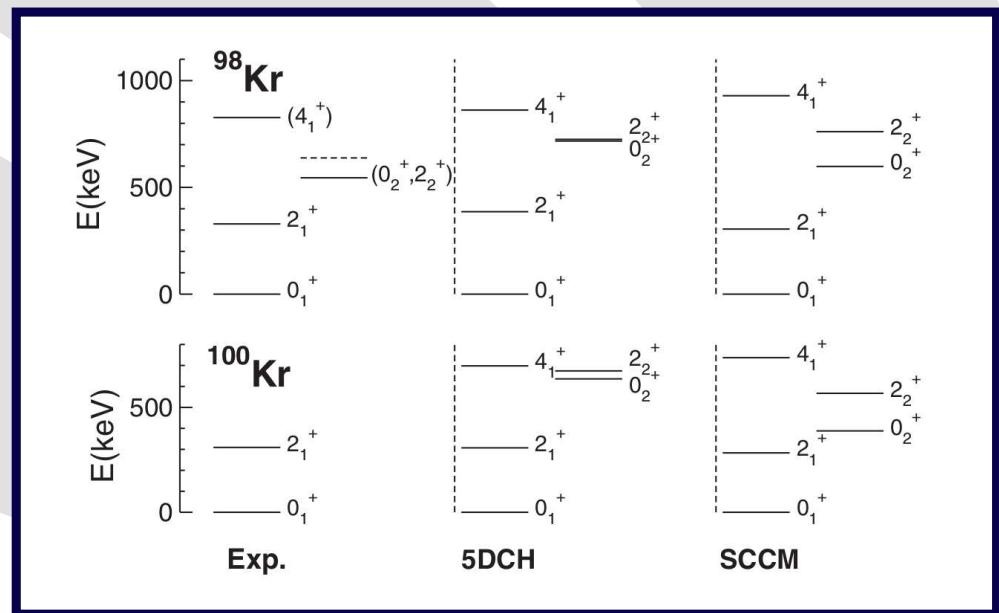
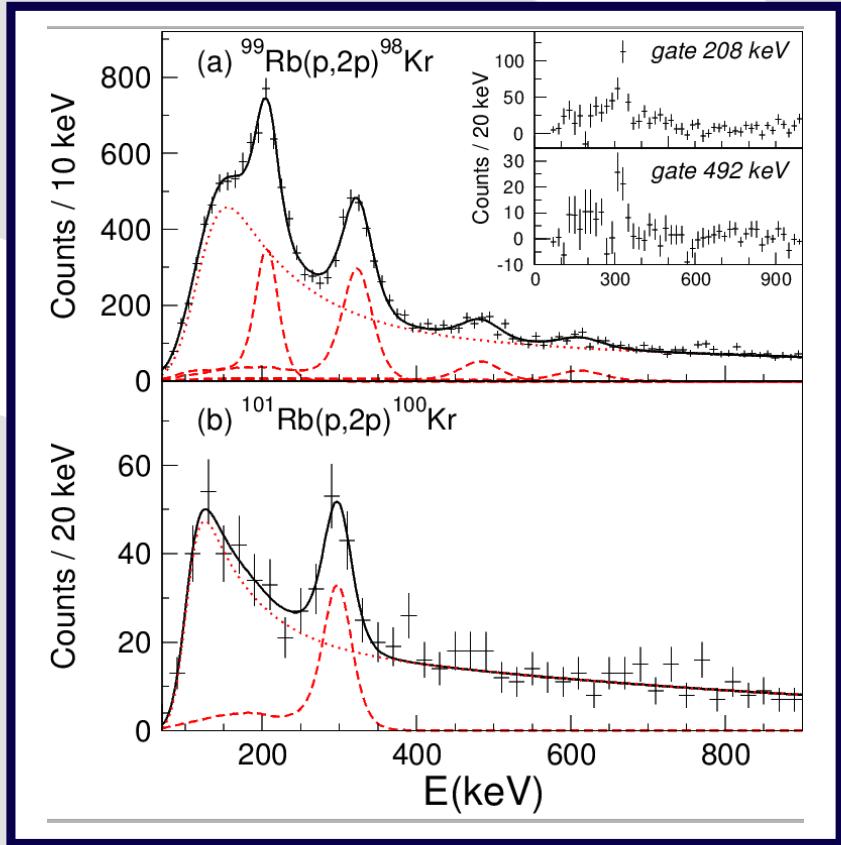
# Shape Evolution in Neutron-rich Kr Isotopes



- Smoother onset of collectivity than in Zr, Sr
- Shape transition predicted beyond N=60: ground state from prolate to oblate
- Low-lying  $2_2^+$  state in agreement with shape competition at low energy

F. Flavigny *et al.*, PRL 115, 242501 (2017).

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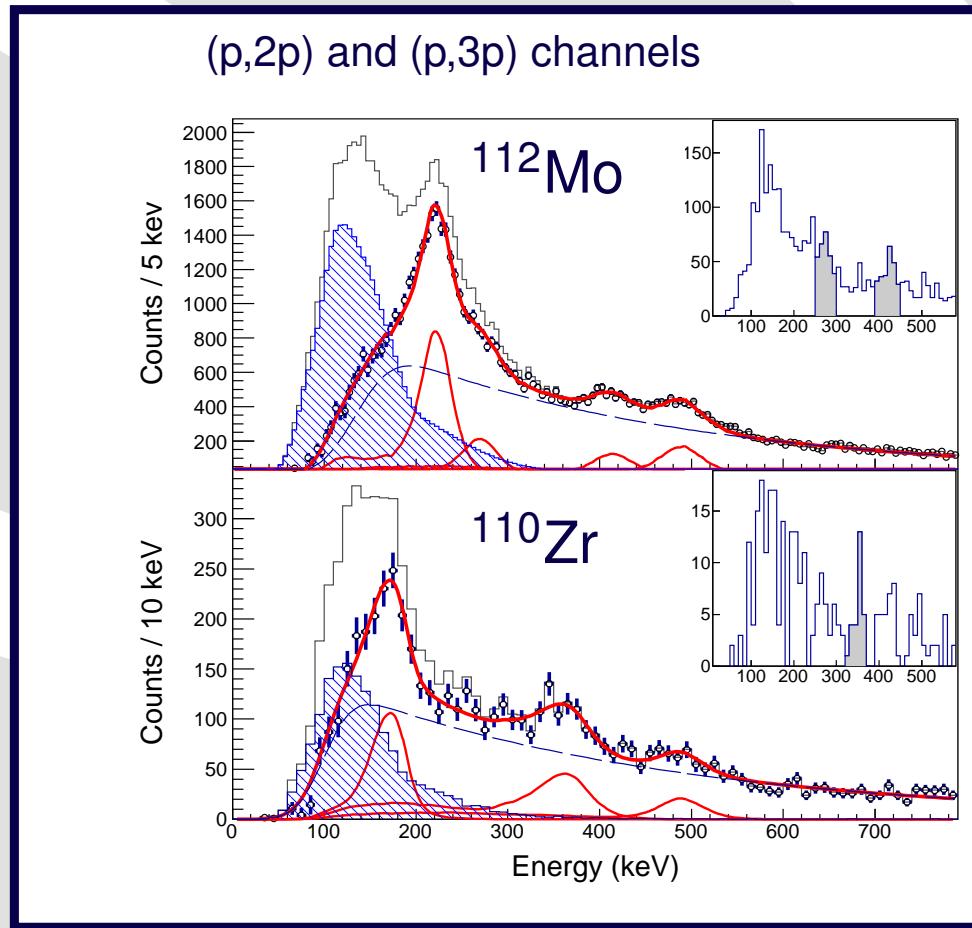


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SCCM: T.R. Rodriguez PRC 90, 034306 (2014).  
 5DCH: J.-P. Delaroche *et al.*, PRC 81, 014303 (2010).

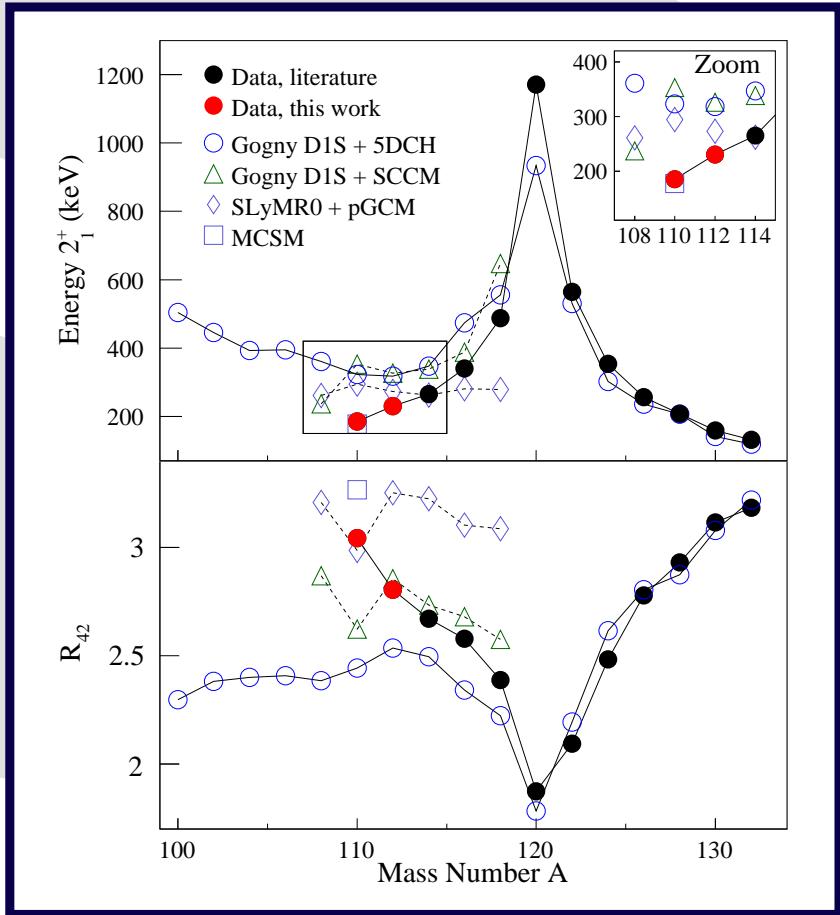
# *First Spectroscopy of $^{110}\text{Zr}$*



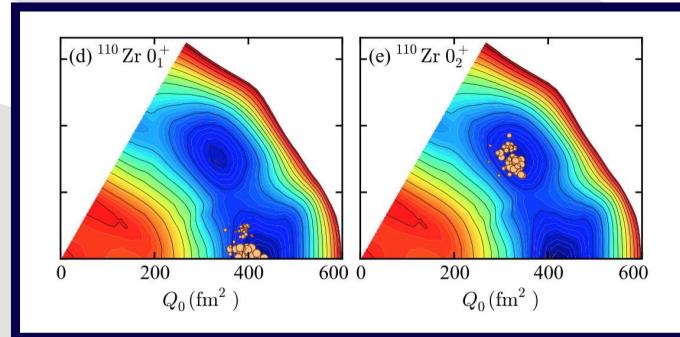
- DALI2 thresholds < 100 keV
- Subtraction of Bremsstrahlung components from elastic events (with absolute normalisation)
- Benchmark on  $^{108}\text{Zr}$  and in agreement with  $^{112}\text{Mo}$   $\beta$ -decay from EURICA
- Lifetime effects taken into account

N. Paul *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett 118, 032501 (2017).

# Extreme Deformation at $N = 70$ in $^{112}\text{Mo}$ and $^{110}\text{Zr}$



- Data show increase of deformation along  $N = 70$
- Comparison to beyond mean field approaches:
  - ◆ Gogny D1S, Bohr Hamiltonian (5DCH)
  - ◆ Gogny D1S, full GCM
  - ◆ SlyMR0, full GCM
- Good agreement for  $^{110}\text{Zr}$  with MCSM
- $^{110}\text{Zr}$  well deformed, prolate nucleus



T. Togashi *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 172502 (2016).



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## *Third Campaign:*

*$^{52}\text{Ar}$ ,  $^{56}\text{Ca}$ ,  $^{62}\text{Ti}$*

# Physics Case of 3<sup>rd</sup> SEASTAR Campaign

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

First Campaign

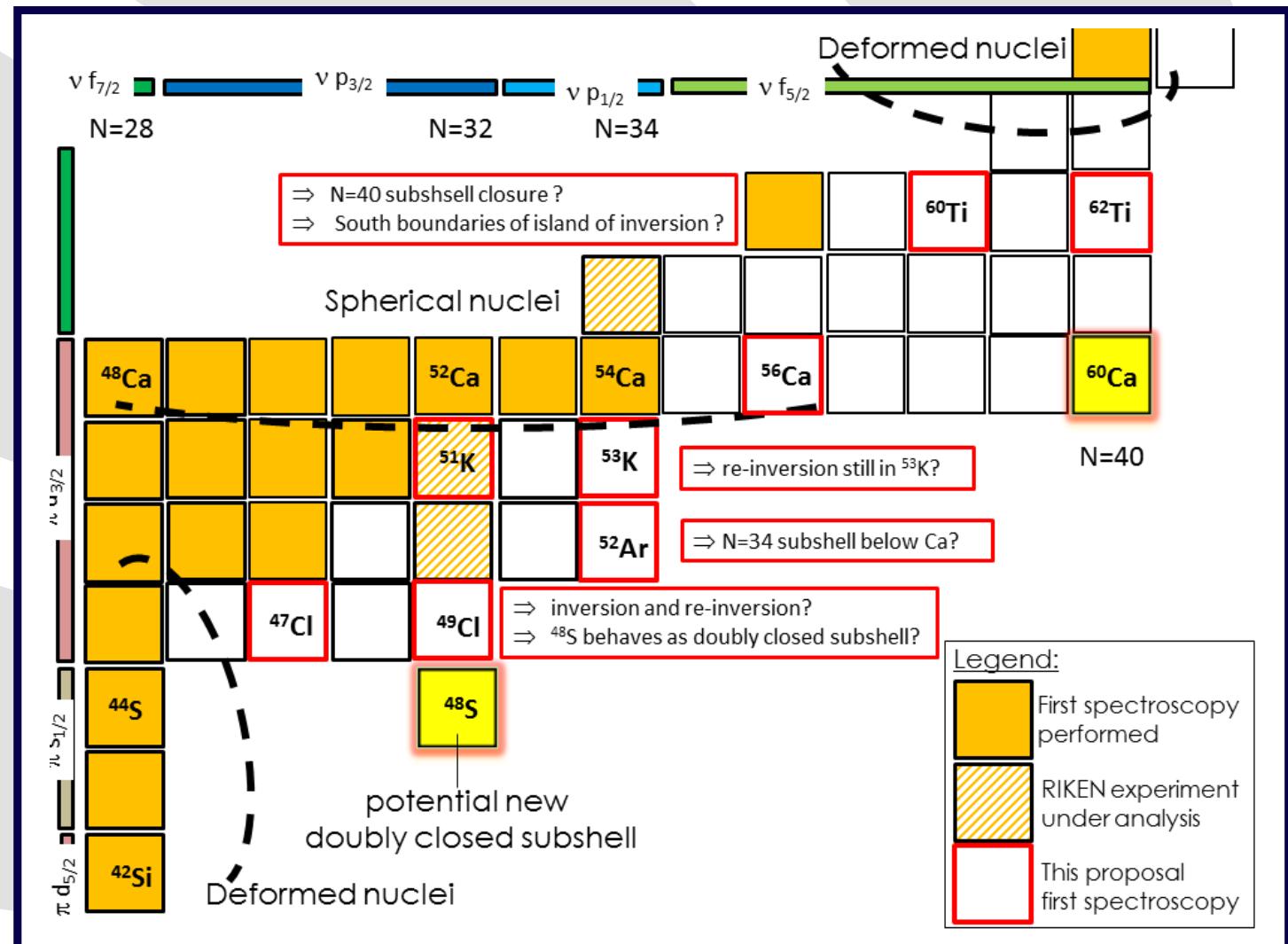
Second Campaign

Third Campaign

❖ 3rd SEASTAR Campaign

❖ SAMURAI

Summary and Outlook



- At SAMURAI, 8 days, 250 pnA  $^{70}\text{Zn}$  primary beam intensity needed
- First spectroscopy of  $^{52}\text{Ar}$ ,  $^{56}\text{Ca}$ , and  $^{62}\text{Ti}$

# SEASTAR at SAMURAI

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

First Campaign

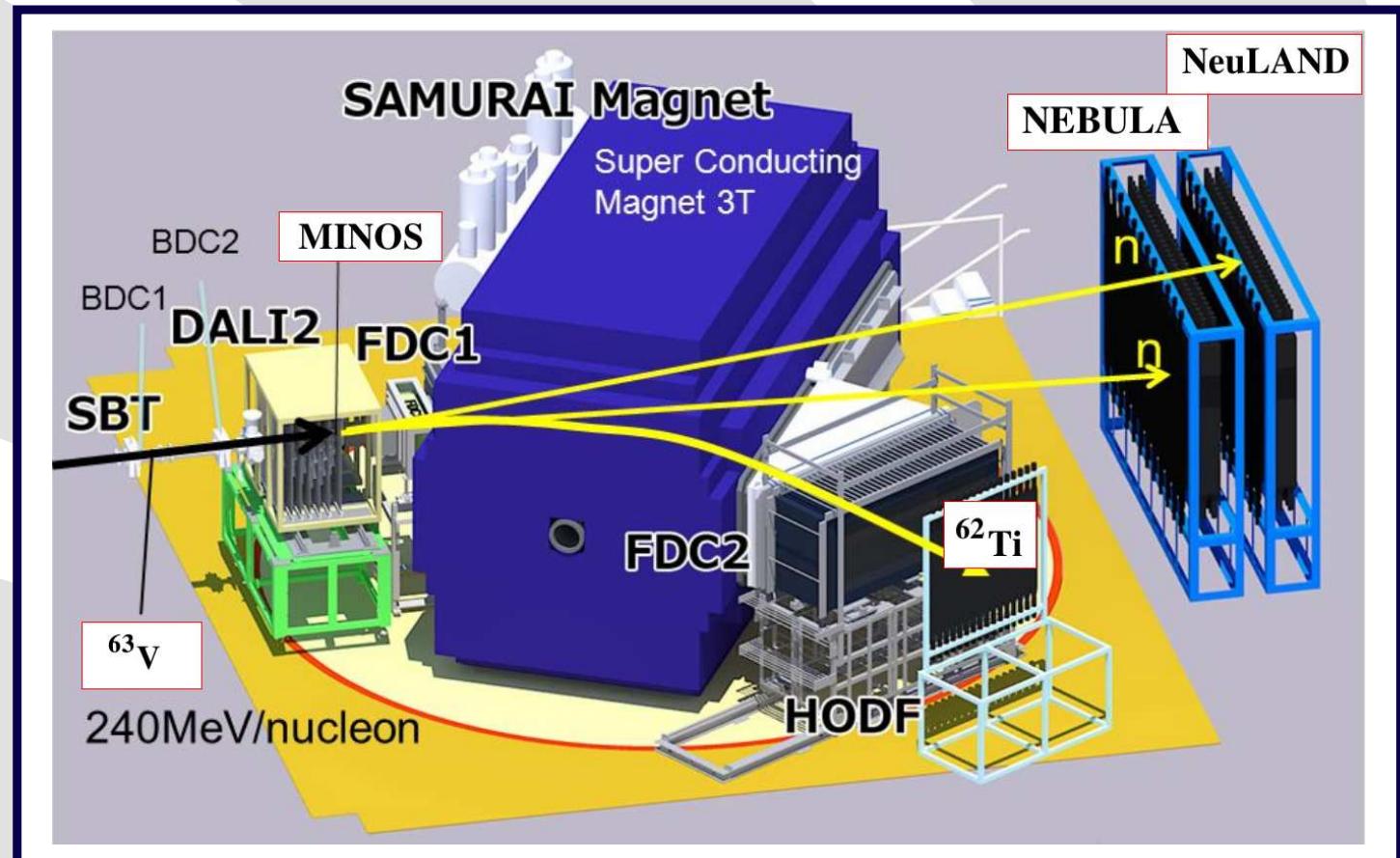
Second Campaign

Third Campaign

❖ 3rd SEASTAR  
Campaign

❖ SAMURAI

Summary and  
Outlook



- Outgoing particle ID
- Large acceptance
- ◆ Simultaneous measurement of  $^{52}\text{Ar}$ ,  $^{56}\text{Ca}$ , and  $^{62}\text{Ti}$

# *SEASTAR at SAMURAI Setup*

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

First Campaign

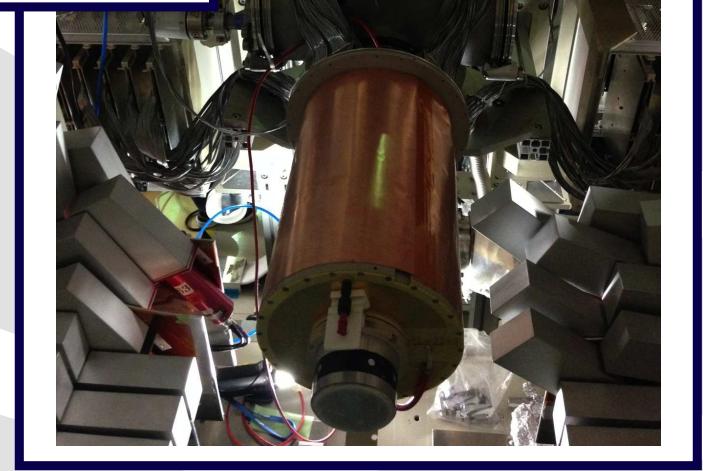
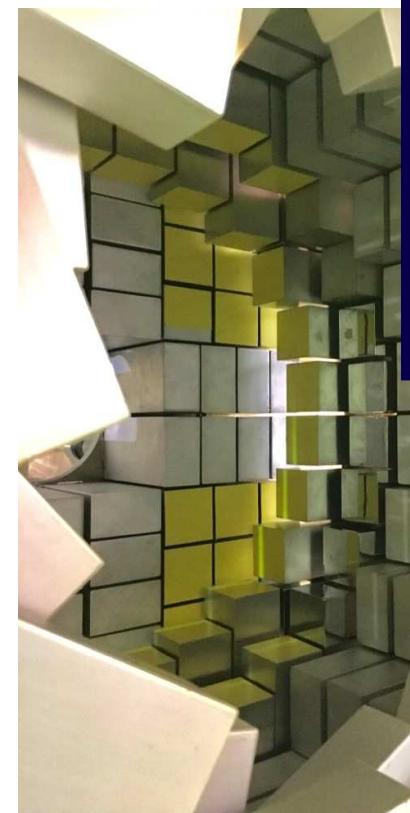
Second Campaign

Third Campaign

❖ 3rd SEASTAR  
Campaign

❖ SAMURAI

Summary and  
Outlook

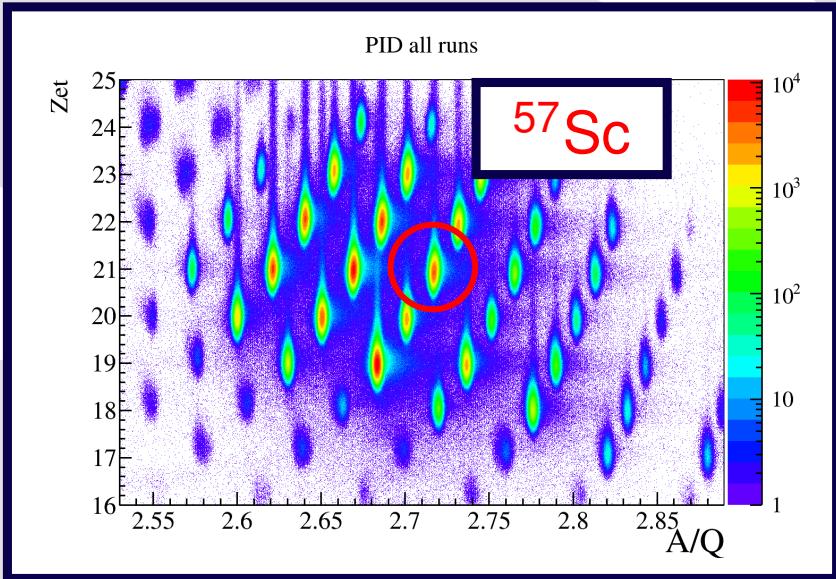


- 150 mm target
- DALI2+
- ◆ 226 NaI(Tl) detectors, 20 % more efficiency
- New MINOS TPC

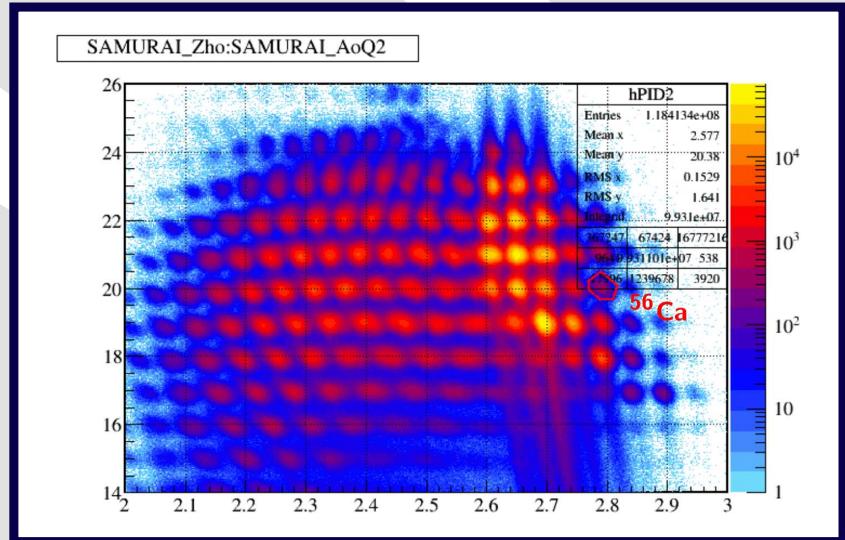
# *SEASTAR at SAMURAI*

## *Particle Identification*

BigRIPS



SAMURAI



- $^{70}\text{Zn}$  primary beam, 345 MeV/u, 250 pnA
- Secondary beam at 240 MeV/nucleon
- **ONE unique setting**
- Total beam intensity: 200 pps;  $^{53}\text{K}$ : 0.8 pps,  $^{57}\text{Sc}$ : 13 pps,  $^{63}\text{V}$ : 3 pps



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# *Summary and Outlook*



# Summary

Status and Overview

SEASTAR

First Campaign

Second Campaign

Third Campaign

Summary and  
Outlook

- RIBF measured all bound  $E(2_1^+)$  of n-rich nuclei presently accessible up to  $^{132}\text{Sn}$  region and beyond
- SEASTAR Project at the RIBF is a major contributor
  - ◆ Combination of  $\text{LH}_2$  target up to 15 cm with DALI2
  - ◆ 27 days of beam time
    - 4 days for BigRIPS tuning
    - 23 days of ZDS/SAMURAI tuning and data collection
  - ◆ First spectroscopy of:
    - May 2014:  $^{66}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{70,72}\text{Fe}$ ,  $^{78}\text{Ni}$
    - May 2015:  $^{84}\text{Zn}$ ,  $^{88}\text{Ge}$ ,  $^{88,90,92,94}\text{Se}$ ,  $^{98,100}\text{Kr}$ ,  $^{110}\text{Zr}$ ,  $^{112}\text{Mo}$
    - Spring 2017:  $^{52}\text{Ar}$ ,  $^{56}\text{Ca}$ ,  $^{62}\text{Ti}$
- Further measurements would require:
  - ◆ Major upgrade in beam intensity ( $\times 10$  beam intensity)
  - ◆ Major detector upgrade ( $> \times 5$  resolving power)
- Many exciting results published, a lot more to come
  - ◆ Stay tuned for  $^{78}\text{Ni}$  and others



# ***SEASTAR Collaboration***

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# *Thank You!*



# *Backup Slides*