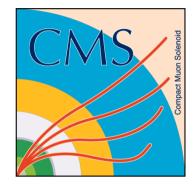




#### N. Andari



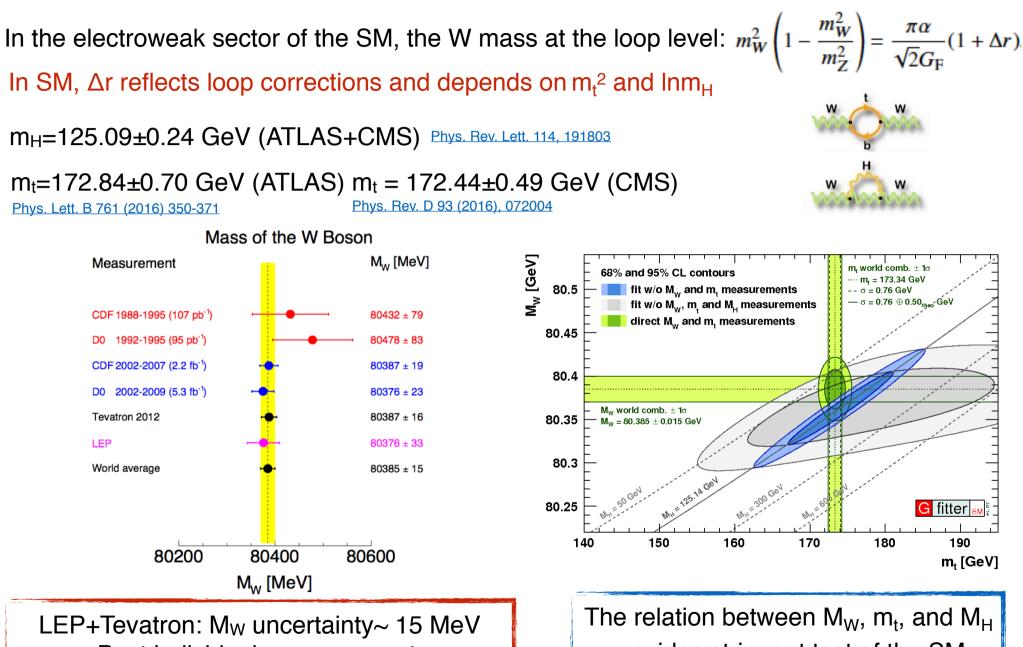
#### On behalf of the ATLAS & CMS Collaborations

#### University of Birmingham

Les Rencontres de Moriond - EW

March, 18-25, 2017

#### Status of the measurement



Best individual measurement: CDF M<sub>W</sub> uncertainty 19 MeV provides stringent test of the SM <sub>2</sub> and is sensitive to new Physics

#### **Tevatron results**

#### CDF experiment:

Phys. Rev. Lett.108 (2012) 151803

#### electron/muon channels 2.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> integrated luminosity

m<sub>w</sub>= 80387±12(stat)±15(syst) MeV

Source	Uncertainty (MeV)
Lepton energy scale and resolution	7
Recoil energy scale and resolution	6
Lepton removal	2
Backgrounds	3
$p_T(W)$ model	5
Parton distributions	10
QED radiation	4
W-boson statistics	12
Total	19

#### D0 experiment:

Phys. Rev. Lett. 108 (2012) 151804

electron channel ~5.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> integrated luminosity

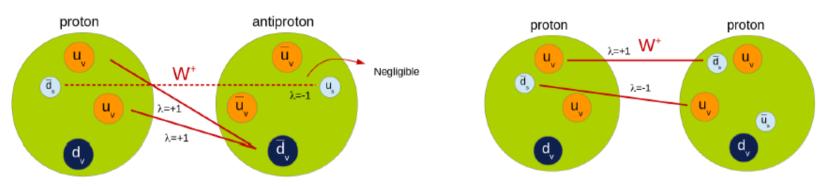
#### mw= 80375±11(stat)±20(syst) MeV

	4	$\Delta M_W$ (Me	V)
Source	$m_T$	$p_T^e$	Ē
Electron energy calibration	16	17	16
Electron resolution model	2	2	3
Electron shower modeling	4	6	7
Electron energy loss model	4	4	4
Hadronic recoil model	<b>5</b>	6	14
Electron efficiencies	1	3	5
Backgrounds	2	2	2
Experimental subtotal	18	20	24
PDF	11	11	14
QED	7	7	9
Boson $p_T$	2	<b>5</b>	2
Production subtotal	13	14	17
Total	22	24	29

 $M_W = 80\,387 \pm 16~{
m MeV}$ 

#### W mass @ LHC

Challenging environment @LHC: pileup, need a high experimental precision and an accurate theoretical modelling



- W+/W- production is asymmetric —> charge-dependent analysis
- Second generation quark PDFs play a larger role at the LHC (25% of the Wboson production is induced by at least one second generation quark s or c).
- The W polarisation is determined by the difference between the u,d valence and sea densities

W-like Z mass measurement by CMS released for Moriond 2016 CMS PAS SMP-14-007

First measurement of the W-boson mass in pp collisions at the LHC by ATLAS New arXiv:1701.07240 [hep-ex] submitted to EPJC

#### Strategy of the measurement (I)

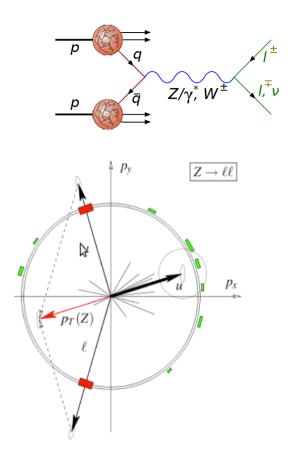
Not possible to fully reconstruct W mass

Sensitive final state distributions: **p**<sub>T</sub><sup>I</sup>, **m**<sub>T</sub>, **p**<sub>T</sub><sup>miss\*</sup>

$$\vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} = -\left(\vec{p}_{\rm T}^{\,\ell} + \vec{u}_{\rm T}\right) \quad m_{\rm T} = \sqrt{2p_{\rm T}^{\,\ell}p_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}(1 - \cos\Delta\phi)}$$

u⊤ being the recoil

Benefit from the fully reconstructed mass in Z-boson sample to validate the analysis and to provide significant experimental (lepton and recoil calibration using resp.  $m_Z$ measured at LEP and expected momentum balance with  $p_T$ <sup>II</sup>) and theoretical constraints (ancilliary measurements).



The whole analysis is checked by performing a measurement of the Z-boson mass and comparing to the LEP value, also a cross-check Z mass measurement in "W-like" i.e removing the 2nd lepton and treating it like a neutrino

Need to consider additional systematics for W mass measurement (*theory uncertainties*,  $Z \rightarrow W$  extrapolation and background)

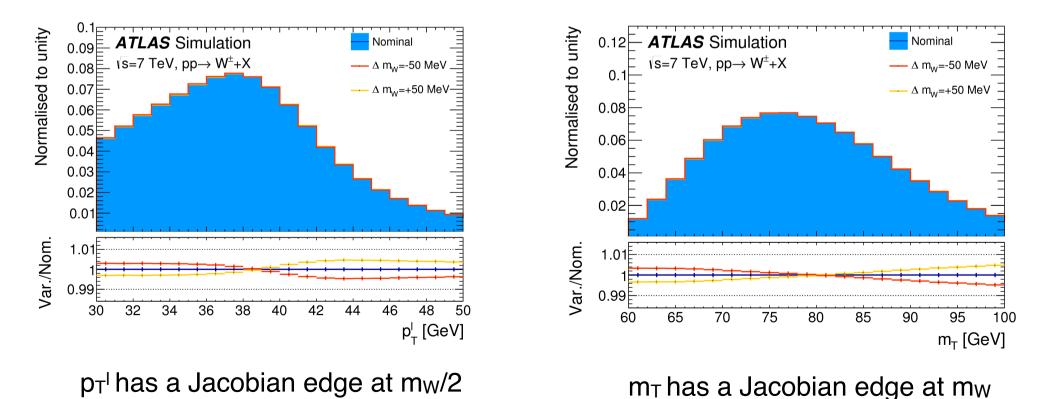
\*used as cross-check only

#### Strategy of the measurement (II)

2011 7 TeV ~4.6-4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>

CMS: Z mass measurement in "W-like" considers central "tag" muon  $|\eta| < 0.9$ ATLAS: W mass measurement\* muon and electron channels  $|\eta| < 2.4$ 

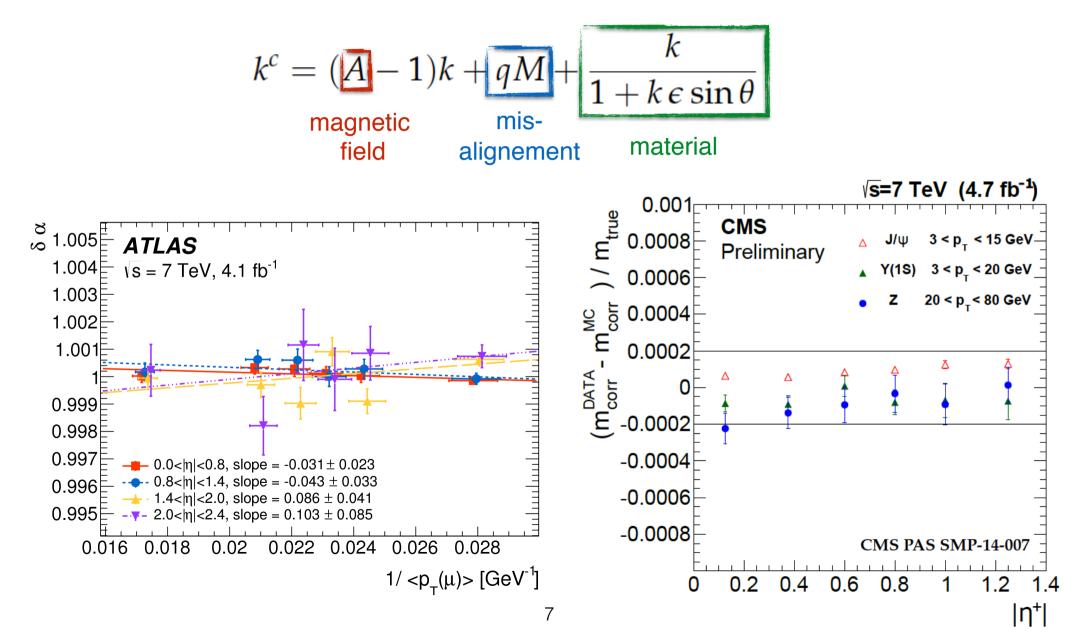
**Template fit approach:** compute the  $p_T^l$  and  $m_T$  distributions for different assumed values of  $m_W -> \chi^2$  minimisation gives the best fit template



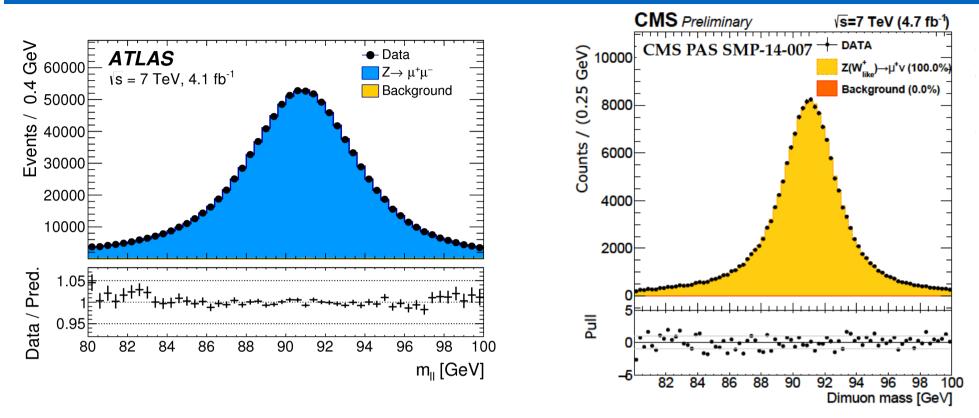
\*A blinding offset was applied throughout the measurement and removed when consistent results were found. 6

#### Muon Calibration (I)

CMS: calibrate muon curvature ( $k=1/p_T$ ) using J/ $\psi$  (dominates the precision) & Y ATLAS: calibration of ID muons using Z Eur.Phys.J.C 74 (2014) 3130

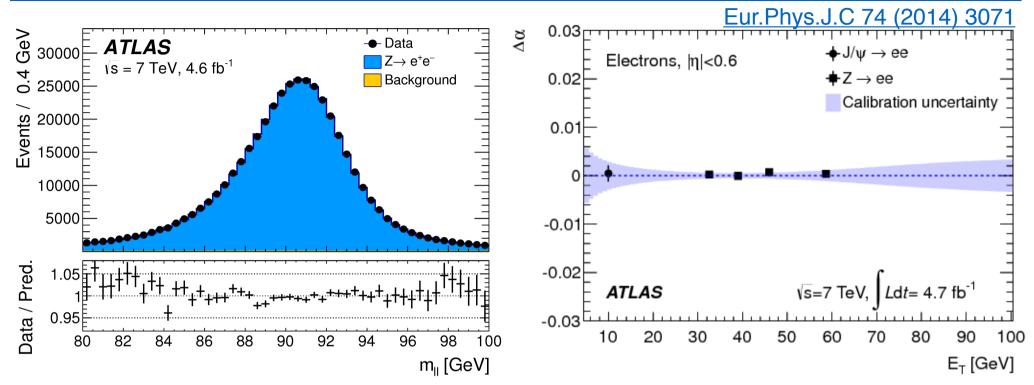


#### **Muon Calibration (II)**



-	$ \eta_\ell   ext{ range}$	[0.	0, 0.8]	[0.	8, 1.4]	[1.	4, 2.0]	[2	2.0, 2.4]	Com	bined
_	Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{ ext{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$
	$\delta m_W [{ m MeV}]$										
	Momentum scale	8.9	9.3	14.2	15.6	27.4	29.2	111.0	115.4	8.4	8.8
	Momentum resolution	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.5	2.2	3.4	3.8	1.0	1.2
ATLAS	Sagitta bias	0.7	0.8	1.7	1.7	3.1	3.1	4.5	4.3	0.6	0.6
	Reconstruction and										
	isolation efficiencies	4.0	3.6	5.1	3.7	4.7	3.5	6.4	5.5	2.7	2.2
	Trigger efficiency	5.6	5.0	7.1	5.0	11.8	9.1	12.1	9.9	4.1	3.2
-	Total	11.4	11.4	16.9	17.0	30.4	31.0	112.0	116.1	9.8	9.7

#### **Electron Calibration**



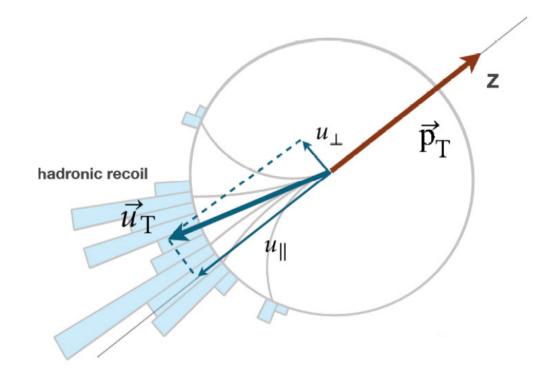
Exclude bin 1.2<letal<1.82 as the amount of passive material and its uncertainty are largest

$ \eta_\ell $ range	[0.	0, 0.6]	[0.	6, 1.2]	[1.8	2, 2.4]	Com	bined
Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$
$\delta m_W  [{ m MeV}]$								
Energy scale	10.4	10.3	10.8	10.1	16.1	17.1	8.1	8.0
Energy resolution	5.0	6.0	7.3	6.7	10.4	15.5	3.5	5.5
Energy linearity	2.2	4.2	5.8	8.9	8.6	10.6	3.4	5.5
Energy tails	2.3	3.3	2.3	3.3	2.3	3.3	2.3	3.3
Reconstruction efficiency	10.5	8.8	9.9	7.8	14.5	11.0	7.2	6.0
Identification efficiency	10.4	7.7	11.7	8.8	16.7	12.1	7.3	5.6
Trigger and isolation efficiencies	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.5	2.0	2.2	0.8	0.9
Charge mismeasurement	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.5	1.5	0.1	0.1
Total	19.0	17.5	21.1	19.4	30.7	30.5	14.2	14.3

#### **Recoil Reconstruction**

ATLAS: vector sum of the momenta of all clusters measured in the calorimeters

CMS: vector sum of the particle flow charged hadrons, loss in recoil response but more robust against pile-up

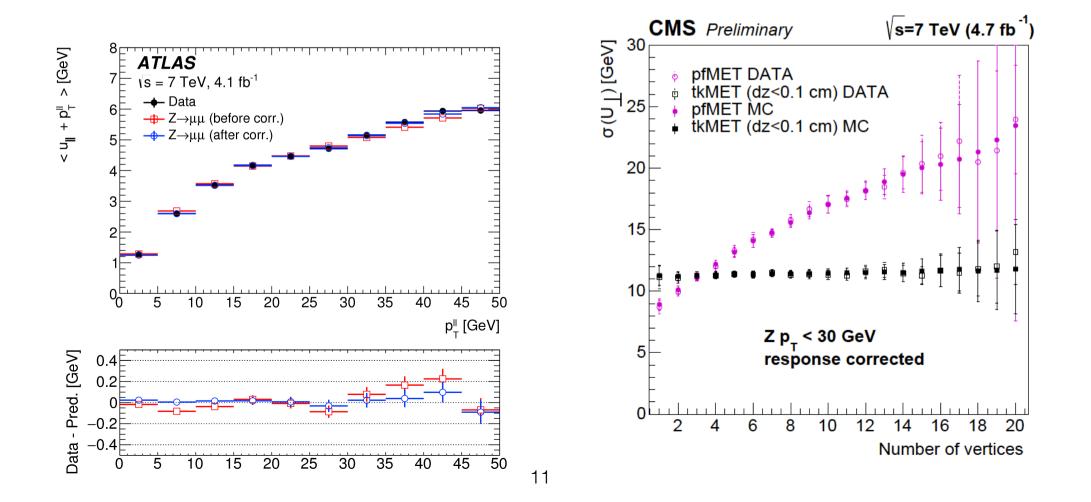


Also :  $u_{ll}$  is the projection of the recoil along the W decay lepton direction

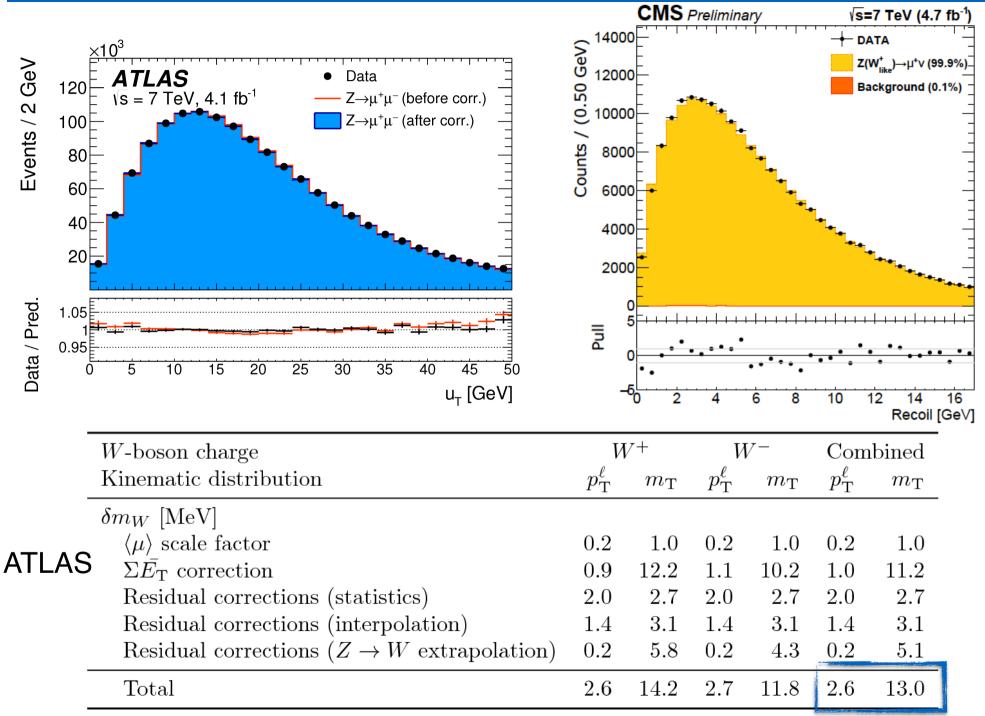
#### **Recoil Calibration**

Calibrate the scale (resolution) of the recoil using  $u_{\parallel}$  ( $u_{\perp}$ ) from Z events

The pileup dependence of the recoil resolution in CMS (track-based) is better than ATLAS (cluster-based) but the use of the charged-only particles in the reconstruction leads to a loss in the response (~40% in CMS vs 70-80% in ATLAS)

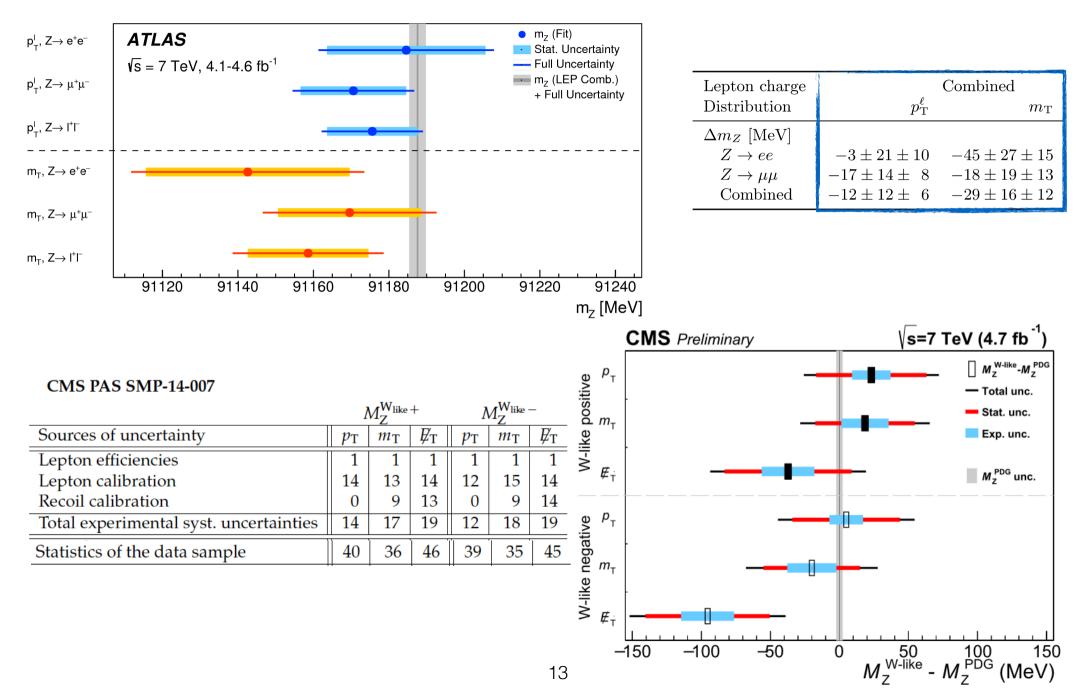


#### **Recoil Calibration**



#### **Cross check with Z events**

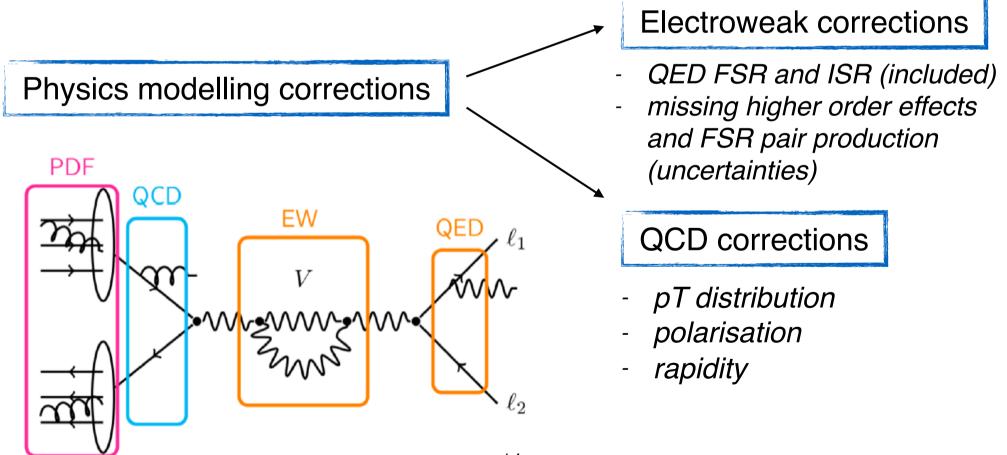
Results are consistent with the combined LEP value of m<sub>z</sub> within experimental uncertainties



#### **Physics Modelling**

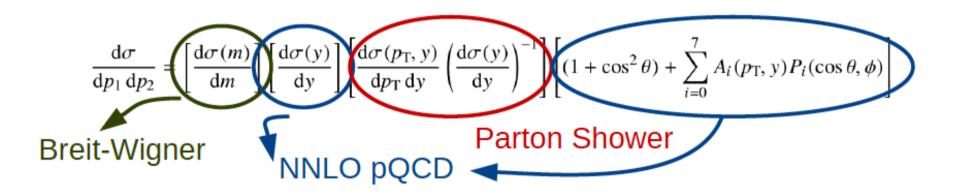
No single generator able to describe all observed distributions.

Start from the Powheg+Pythia8 and apply corrections. Use ancillary measurements of Drell-Yan processes to validate (and tune) the model and assess systematic uncertainties.



#### **QCD** corrections

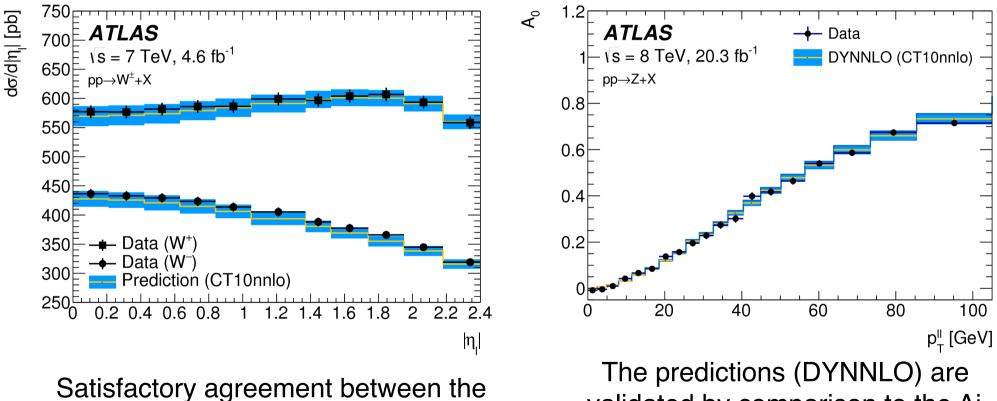
The Drell-Yan cross-section can be decomposed by factorising the dynamic of the boson production and the kinematic of the boson decay. An approximate decomposition is given by:



 $d\sigma/dm$  is modelled with a BW parameterisation (+ EW corrections)  $d\sigma/dy$  and the Ai coefficients are modelled with fixed order pQCD at NNLO  $d\sigma/dp_T$  is modelled with parton shower (tried analytic resummation)

#### **Rapidity and angular coefficients**

The rapidity distribution and Ai coefficients are modelled with NNLO predictions and the CT10nnlo PDF set. PDF choice validated on the observed weaker suppression of the strange quark in the W,Z cross-section data as published in <u>arXiv:1612.03016</u>



theoretical prediction and the measurements is observed:  $\chi^2$ /dof = 45/34

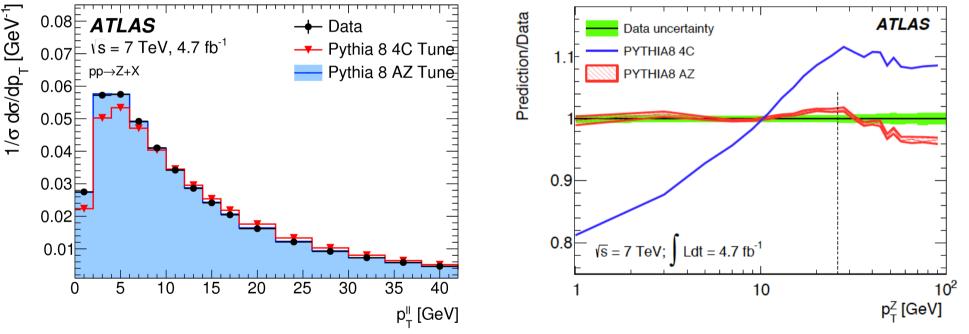
validated by comparison to the Ai measurements in 8 TeV Z-boson data <u>JHEP08(2016)159</u>

#### Z transverse momentum

Parton shower MC Pythia 8 tuned to the 7 TeV data AZ tune (better description in rapidity bins than the AZNLO tune of Powheg+Pythia) JHEP09(2014)145

# The agreement between data and Pythia AZ is better than 1% for $p_T < 40$ GeV

# $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline PYTHIA8 \\ \hline Tune Name & AZ \\ \hline Primordial $k_{\rm T}$ [GeV] $ 1.71 \pm 0.03$ \\ ISR $\alpha_{\rm S}^{\rm ISR}(m_Z)$ $ 0.1237 \pm 0.0002$ \\ \hline ISR $ {\rm cut-off}$ [GeV] $ 0.59 \pm 0.08$ \\ \hline $\chi^2_{\rm min}/{\rm dof}$ $ 45.4/32$ \\ \hline \end{tabular}$



The accuracy of Z data is propagated and considered as an uncertainty

W-boson charge	V	$V^+$	V	V-	Combined	
Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$
AZ tune	3.0	<sub>7</sub> 3.4	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4

#### W transverse momentum

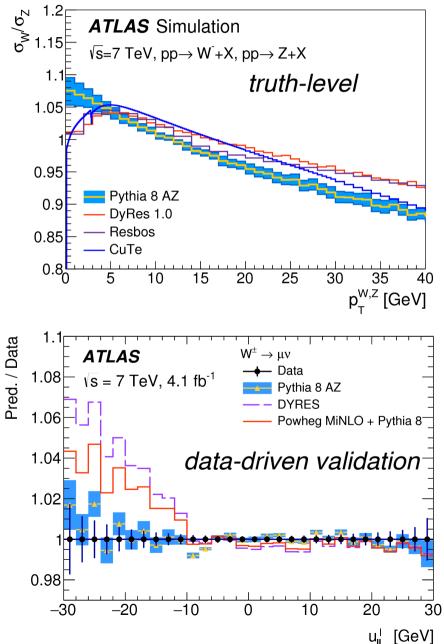
The Pythia8 AZ tune is fixed by the  $p_T^Z$  data; extrapolate to W considering relative variations of the W and Z  $p_T$  distributions under uncertainty variations.

Resummed predictions (DYRES, ResBos, CuTe) and Powheg MiNLO+Pythia8 were tried but they predict a harder W  $p_T$  spectrum for a given  $p_T^Z$  spectrum

Phys.Rev.D 50 (1994) R4239, Phys.Rev.D 56 (1997) 5558-5583, JHEP12 (2015) 047, JHEP03 (2011) 032, JHEP10 (2012) 155, JHEP05 (2013) 082...

To validate the choice of Pythia8 AZ for the baseline, use  $u_{II}$  distribution which is very sensitive to the underlying  $p_T$ <sup>W</sup> distribution

NNLL resummed predictions and Powheg+MiNLO strongly disfavoured by the data however PS MC are in a good agreement; tested using Pythia8, Herwig7 and Powheg+Pythia8



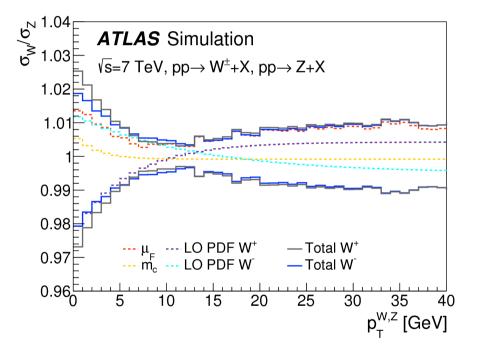
#### **p**<sub>T</sub><sup>w</sup> uncertainties

**Heavy flavour initiated production** (HFI) introduces differences between Z and W and determines a harder pT spectrum, expect certain degree of decorrelation.

However higher-order QCD expected to be largely correlated between W and Z produced by light quarks

Uncertainty: heavy quark mass variations (varying  $m_c$  by  $\pm 0.5$  GeV), factorisation scale variations in the QCD ISR (separately for light and heavy-quark induced production)

Largest deviation of  $p_T(W)/p_T(Z)$  for the parton shower PDF variation: CTEQ6L1 LO (nominal) to CT14lo, MMHT2014lo and NNPDF2.3lo



W-boson charge	W	/+	V	$V^{-}$	Cor	nbined
Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$
Charm-quark mass	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5
Parton shower $\mu_{\rm F}$ with heavy-flavour decorrelation	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9
Parton shower PDF uncertainty	3.6	4.0	2.6	2.4	1.0	1.6

#### **Reducing p**<sub>T</sub><sup>w</sup> uncertainties

The ratio of the W and Z pT distributions has been measured by ATLAS and CMS

JHEP 02 (2017) 096

Phys. Rev. D 85, 012005 arXiv:1701.07240 CMS 18.4 pb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV) R<sub>W/Z</sub> pdd TLAS Data -10  $Z \rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-}/W \rightarrow \mu\nu_{\mu}$  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, pp \rightarrow Z + X, 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ 1.3 Pythia 8 AZ Tune  $\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{p_T^Z}$  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, \text{ pp} \rightarrow \text{W} + \text{X}, 30 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ 1.2<sup>†</sup> Data 1.1 ResBos CT10 NNLL POWHEG CT10 NLO 0.9 FEWZ CT10 NNLO 0.8 0.7F 0.6E 0.5<sup>±</sup>0 10 30 40 20 70 50 60 0 10<sup>2</sup> p<sub>T</sub><sup>V</sup> [GeV] p<sub>T</sub> [GeV] 10 1

Limited precision of the data (~3%), and broad bin width (~8 GeV) limit the impact of these measurements on the systematic uncertainty.

Further measurements would be useful, ideally with low pile-up, targeting bin width <5 GeV and a precision about ~1%.

### Summary of physics modelling uncertainties

								(	
	W-boson charge			W	r+	W		Com	bined
	Kinematic distrib	oution		$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$
	$\delta m_W  [{ m MeV}]$								
	Fixed-order PI	DF uncertainty		13.1	14.9	12.0	14.2	8.0	8.7
	AZ tune			3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.4
U	Charm-quark n	nass		1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5
	Parton shower	$\mu_{\rm F}$ with heavy-flavour decorre	lation	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9	5.0	6.9
	Parton shower	PDF uncertainty		3.6	4.0	2.6	2.4	1.0	1.6
	Angular coeffic	ients		5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.8	5.3
	Total			15.9	18.1	14.8	17.2	11.6	12.9
		Decay channel	W -	$\rightarrow ev$	W -	$\rightarrow \mu \nu$	-		
		Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{\mathrm{T}}$			
		$\delta m_W$ [MeV]							
V		FSR (real)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1			
		Pure weak and IFI corrections	3.3	2.5	3.5	2.5			
		FSR (pair production)	3.6	0.8	4.4	0.8			
		Total	4.9	2.6	5.6	2.6	_		

#### Fixed-order PDF uncertainties are dominant:

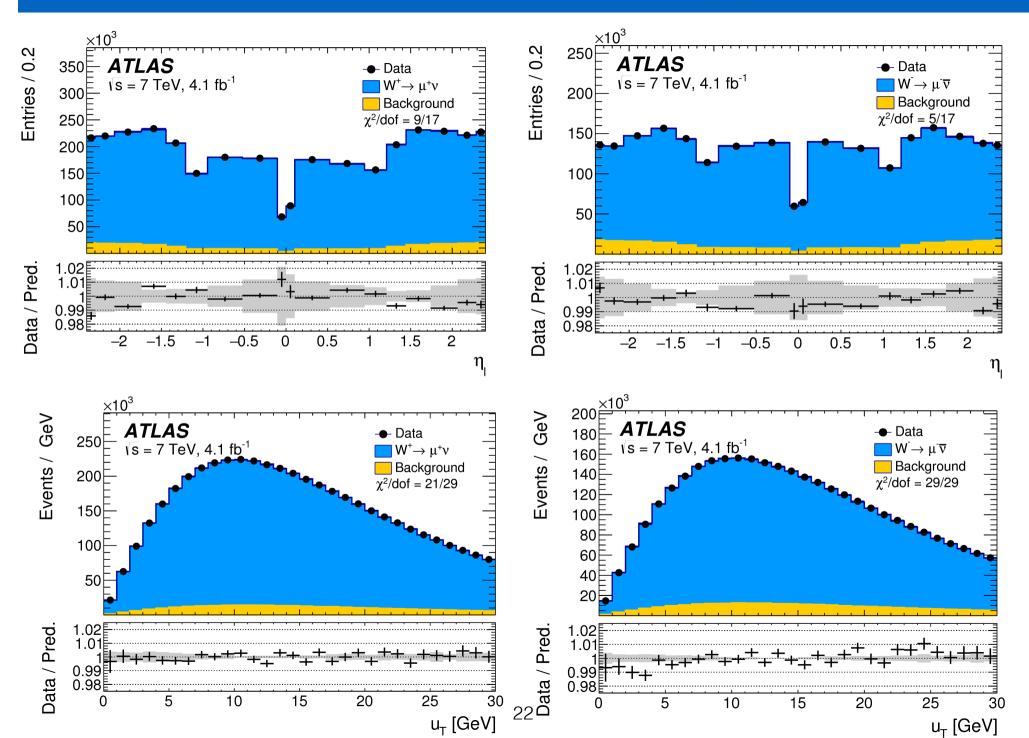
QC

ΕW

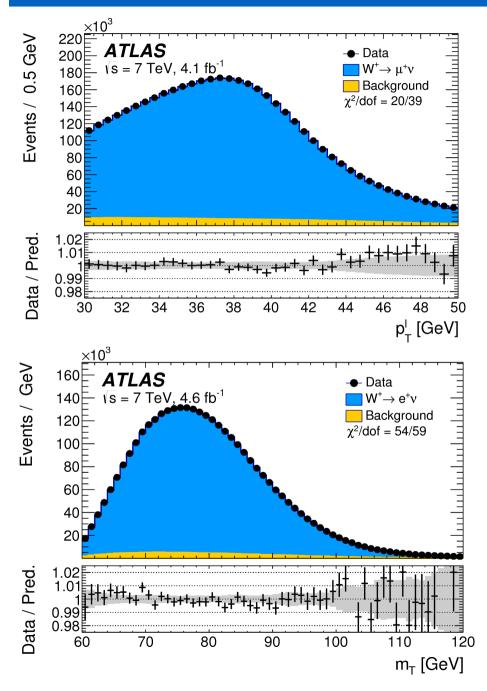
- PDF variations (25 error eigenvectors) of CT10nnlo applied simultaneously to the boson rapidity, Ai, and p<sub>T</sub> distributions.
- Envelope taken from CT14 and MMHT2014~3.8 MeV

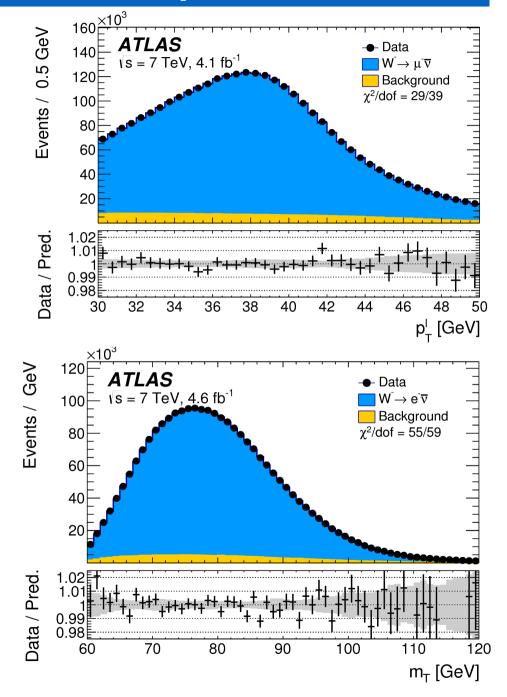
The PDF uncertainties very similar between  $p_T^I$  and  $m_T$  but strongly anti-correlated between  $W^+$  and  $W^-$ 

#### W control distributions: $\eta$ , $p_T$



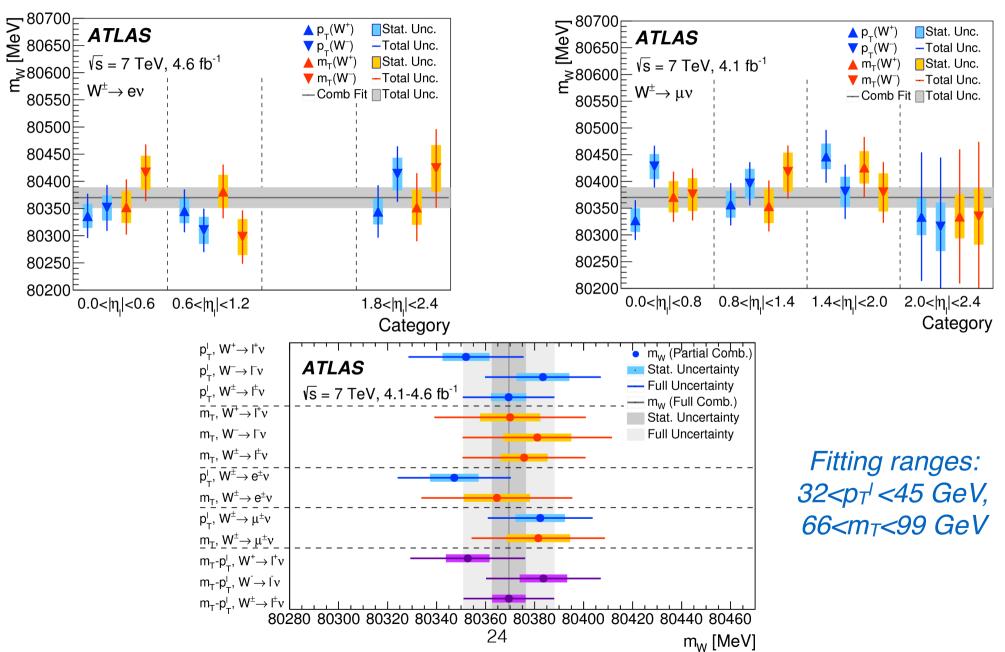
#### W mass-sensitive distributions: $p_T$ and $m_T$





#### **Consistency of the results**

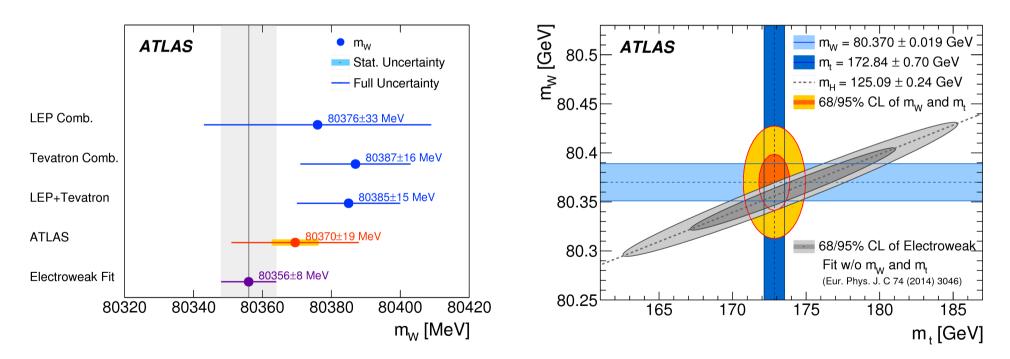
The consistency of the results was checked in the different categories but also in different pileup,  $u_T$  and  $u_{\parallel}$  bins



#### **Results**

 $m_W = 80369.5 \pm 6.8 \text{ MeV(stat.)} \pm 10.6 \text{ MeV(exp. syst.)} \pm 13.6 \text{ MeV(mod. syst.)}$ = 80369.5 ± 18.5 MeV,

Combined categories $m_{\rm T}$ - $p_{\rm T}^{\ell}$ , $W^{\pm}$ , e- $\mu$	Value	Stat.	Muon	Elec.	Recoil	Bckg.	QCD	EWK	PDF	Total	$\chi^2/dof$
categories	[MeV]	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	of Comb.
$m_{\mathrm{T}}-p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^{\pm}, \mathrm{e}-\mu$	80369.5	6.8	6.6	6.4	2.9	4.5	8.3	5.5	9.2	18.5	29/27



The result is consistent with the SM expectation, compatible with the world average and competitive in precision to the currently leading measurements by CDF and D0

#### **Conclusions and Perspectives**

The first LHC measurement of mW = 80370 + /-19 MeV is public now arXiv: 1701.07240v1 after many years of effort in the ATLAS collaboration.

The central value is consistent with the SM prediction and with the current world average value.

The uncertainty is dominated by theoretical modelling uncertainties, therefore more work in this direction is required and *a fully consistent model within one simulation tool* is needed.

The W mass measurement in CMS is ongoing. A first W-like measurement of the Z mass was shown.

More data are available with the 8 and 13 TeV datasets which can be used to improve the analysis and to further constrain the PDFs.

Experimentally, with the increase of the statistics in Z sample, most of the calibration uncertainties can be reduced. While more work is needed on the recoil with the increasing pileup.

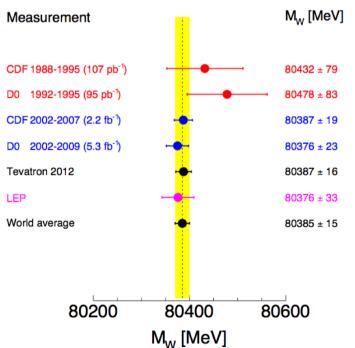
## **Backup Sides**

#### Status of the measurements

#### Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 191803 ATLAS and CMS Stat. Svst. H-Total LHC Run 1 Total Stat. Syst. ATLAS $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ $126.02 \pm 0.51$ ( $\pm 0.43 \pm 0.27$ ) GeV CMS $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ 124.70 ± 0.34 ( ± 0.31 ± 0.15) GeV **ATLAS** $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ $124.51 \pm 0.52$ ( $\pm 0.52 \pm 0.04$ ) GeV **CMS** $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ $125.59 \pm 0.45$ ( $\pm 0.42 \pm 0.17$ ) GeV ATLAS+CMS $\gamma\gamma$ $125.07 \pm 0.29$ ( $\pm 0.25 \pm 0.14$ ) GeV ATLAS+CMS 41 $125.15 \pm 0.40 \ (\pm 0.37 \pm 0.15) \ GeV$ ATLAS+CMS $\gamma\gamma+4l$ 125.09 $\pm$ 0.24 ( $\pm$ 0.21 $\pm$ 0.11) GeV 124 126 123 125 127 128 129 $m_{\mu}$ [GeV]

Higgs mass

#### Mass of the W Boson



#### Top mass

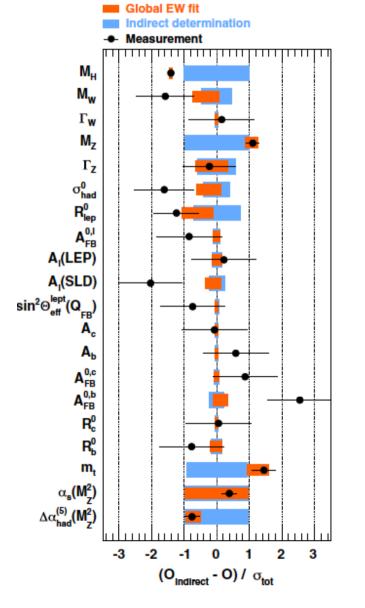
ATLAS+CMS Preliminary	LHC <i>top</i> WG	m <sub>top</sub> summa	ary, <b>f</b> s = 7-8 TeV	Aug 2016
World Comb. Mar 2014	[7]			
stat		-	stat	
total uncertainty		ioia	i Sidi	
$m_{top} = 173.34 \pm 0.76 (0.5)$	36 ± 0.67) Gev	$m_{top} \pm t$	otal (stat ± syst)	s Ref.
ATLAS, I+jets (*)			± 1.55 (0.75 ± 1.35)	7 TeV [1]
ATLAS, dilepton (*)		173.09	9 ± 1.63 (0.64 ± 1.50)	7 TeV [2]
CMS, I+jets	┠─┼╼┼╶┨	173.49	9 ± 1.06 (0.43 ± 0.97)	7 TeV [3]
CMS, dilepton		172.50	) ± 1.52 (0.43 ± 1.46)	7 TeV [4]
CMS, all jets	┝─┼╾╋╶┼╌┥	173.49	9 ± 1.41 (0.69 ± 1.23)	7 TeV [5]
LHC comb. (Sep 2013)	┠╌┼╤┼╌┤	173.29	$\pm$ 0.95 (0.35 $\pm$ 0.88)	7 TeV [6]
World comb. (Mar 2014)	┠┼╪┼┥	173.34	± 0.76 (0.36 ± 0.67)	1.96-7 TeV [7]
ATLAS, I+jets	+ - + - 1	172.33	8 ± 1.27 (0.75 ± 1.02)	7 TeV [8]
ATLAS, dilepton		173.79	9 ± 1.41 (0.54 ± 1.30)	7 TeV [8]
ATLAS, all jets	-	175.1	± 1.8 (1.4 ± 1.2)	7 TeV [9]
ATLAS, single top		172.2	± 2.1 (0.7 ± 2.0)	8 TeV [10]
ATLAS, dilepton	<b>⊢∔</b> ∎∔-I	172.99	$0 \pm 0.85 (0.41 \pm 0.74)$	8 TeV [11]
ATLAS, all jets		173.80	) ± 1.15 (0.55 ± 1.01)	8 TeV [12]
ATLAS comb. ( <sup>June 2016</sup> )	<del>  ₹ i</del> il	172.84	$\pm$ 0.70 (0.34 $\pm$ 0.61)	7+8 TeV [11]
CMS, I+jets	<b>⊢</b> I•I-I	172.35	$5\pm0.51~(0.16\pm0.48)$	8 TeV [13]
CMS, dilepton		172.82	2 ± 1.23 (0.19 ± 1.22)	8 TeV [13]
CMS, all jets	<b>⊢++</b> +	172.32	$2\pm0.64~(0.25\pm0.59)$	8 TeV [13]
CMS, single top	┝┼╌╇╼╪╪┥	172.60	$0 \pm 1.22 \ (0.77 \pm 0.95)$	8 TeV [14]
CMS comb. (Sep 2015)	⊢₩⊣	172.44	$\pm$ 0.48 (0.13 $\pm$ 0.47)	7+8 TeV [13]
(*) Superseded by results shown below the line	[2] ATL [3] JHE [4] Eur.	AS-CONF-2013-046 AS-CONF-2013-077 P 12 (2012) 105 Phys.J.C72 (2012) 2202 Phys.J.C74 (2014) 2758	[6] ATLAS-CONF-2013-102 [7] arXiv:1403.4427 [8] Eur.Phys.J.C75 (2015) 330 [9] Eur.Phys.J.C75 (2015) 158 [10] ATLAS-CONF-2014-055	[11] arXiv:1606.02179 [12] ATLAS-CONF-2016-064 [13] Phys.Rev.D93 (2016) 072004 [14] CMS-PAS-TOP-15-001
165 170	17	 E	100	105
165 170	17	0	180	185
	m <sub>tor</sub>	[GeV]		

#### W mass uncertainty

LEP+Tevatron ~15 MeV

Best individual measurement: CDF 19 MeV

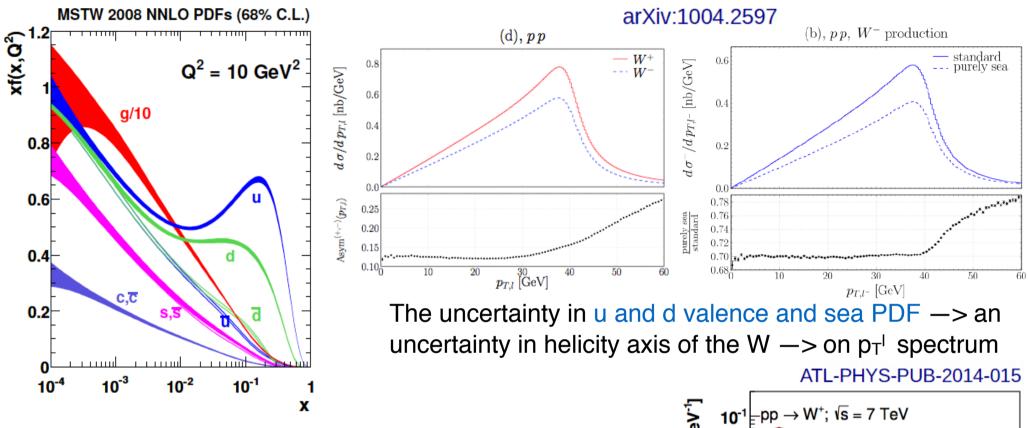
$$M_W = 80.3584 \pm 0.0046_{m_t} \pm 0.0030_{\delta_{\text{theo}}m_t} \pm 0.0026_{M_Z}$$
  
$$\pm 0.0018_{\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}} \pm 0.0020_{\alpha_S} \pm 0.0001_{M_H}$$
  
$$\pm 0.0040_{\delta_{\text{theo}}M_W} \text{ GeV},$$
  
$$= 80.358 \pm 0.008_{\text{tot}} \text{ GeV},$$



Parameter	$\delta_{\rm meas}$	$\delta_{\text{fit}}^{\text{tot}}$	$\delta_{\rm fit}^{\rm theo}$	$\delta_{\rm fit}^{\rm exp}$	Experim	ental uncerta	inty source	[±1σ]		
					$\delta M_W$	$\delta M_Z$	$\delta m_t$	$\delta \sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^f$	$\delta \Delta \alpha_{had}$	$\delta \alpha_s$
Present uncerta	ainties									
$M_H$ [GeV]	0.2	+33 -27	$^{+10}_{-8}$	$^{+31}_{-26}$	$^{+28}_{-23}$	+5	$^{+10}_{-7}$	+29 -23	+7 -5	+4 -3
M <sub>W</sub> [MeV]	15	7.8	5.0	6.0	-	2.5	4.3	5.1	1.6	2.5
<i>M</i> <sub>Z</sub> [MeV]	2.1	12.0	3.7	11.4	10.5	-	3.5	11.2	2.2	1.4
$m_t$ [GeV]	0.8	2.5	0.6	2.4	2.3	0.4	_	2.3	0.5	0.6
sin <sup>2</sup> θℓ <sub>eff</sub> <sup>a</sup>	16	6.6	4.9	4.5	3.7	1.2	2.0	-	3.4	1.2
$\Delta \alpha_{had}^{a}$	10	44	13	42	31	6	10	41	_	2
LHC prospects										
$M_H$ [GeV]	< 0.1	+21 -18	$^{+4}_{-3}$	$^{+20}_{-18}$	+17 -14	+6 -5	+8 -7	+18 -16	$^{+3}_{-2}$	+5
M <sub>W</sub> [MeV]	8	5.5	1.8	5.2	-	2.5	3.5	4.8	0.8	2.6
$M_Z$ [MeV]	2.1	7.2	1.4	7.0	6.0	-	2.8	5.9	0.8	1.9
$m_t$ [GeV]	0.6	1.5	0.2	1.5	1.3	0.4	-	1.2	0.2	0.5
sin <sup>2</sup> θℓ <sub>eff</sub> <sup>a</sup>	16	3.0	1.1	2.8	2.5	1.1	1.4	_	1.5	0.9
$\Delta \alpha_{had}$ <sup>a</sup>	4.7	36	6	36	25	9	12	35	_	5
ILC/GigaZ pro	spects									
<i>M<sub>H</sub></i> [GeV]	< 0.1	+7.3 -6.9	+2.5 -2.4	+6.8 -6.5	$^{+2.5}_{-3.6}$	$^{+4.3}_{-4.0}$	$^{+0.3}_{-0.2}$	+3.4 -2.9	+4.3 -4.0	+0.3
M <sub>W</sub> [MeV]	5	2.3	1.3	1.9	-	1.7	0.1	1.2	0.6	0.3
M <sub>Z</sub> [MeV]	2.1	2.7	1.0	2.5	2.4	_	0.1	1.3	1.9	0.2
$m_t$ [GeV]	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.5	-	0.3	0.4	0.2
sin <sup>2</sup> θℓ <sub>eff</sub> <sup>a</sup>	1.3	2.3	1.0	2.0	1.7	1.2	0.1	_	1.5	0.1
$\Delta \alpha_{had}^{a}$	4.7	6.4	3.0	5.6	2.6	4.2	0.2	3.8	_	0.2

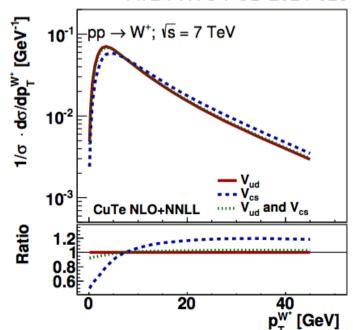
<sup>a</sup> In units of 10<sup>-5</sup>

#### Valence vs sea quarks



Strange quark pdf uncertainty -> uncertainty on the relative fraction of charm-initiated W boson production -> uncertainty on  $p_T(W)$ 

The amount of charm initiated W production will also alter the balance between valence quark and sea quark -> W polarisation  $-> p_T^I$ 



#### **Mass-sensitive distributions**

In a traditional template fit analysis, Mw can be extracted from:

- > Lepton transverse momentum:  $p_{\tau}'$
- insensitive to recoil

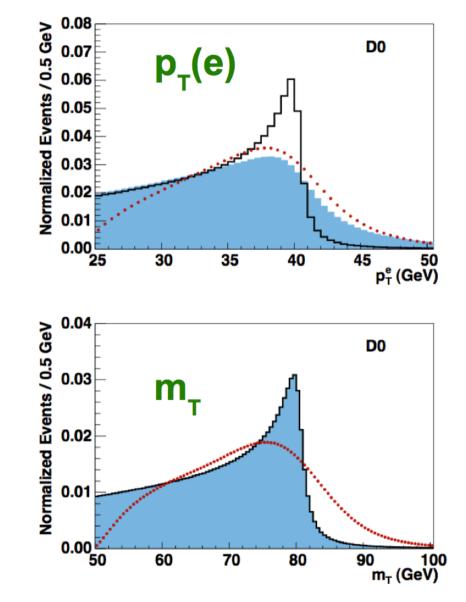
- sensitive to pTW modelling, higher order QCD, PDF, W polarisation, charm mass

> Neutrino transverse mass  $p_T^{v}$ 

 $\vec{p}_T^{\nu} = -(\vec{p}_T^l + \vec{u})$ 

u: the recoil measured as the sum of the energies in topoclusters excluding the lepton itself -->sensitive to pile-up, UE

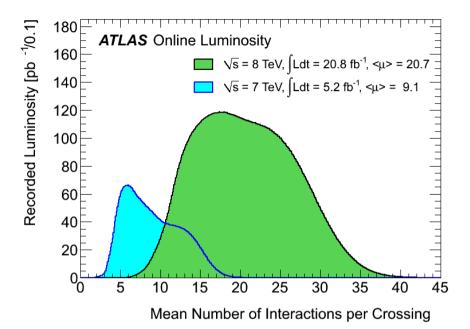
- > W transverse mass  $m_T = \sqrt{2 p_T' p_T'} (1 \cos \Delta \phi(l, v))$
- low sensitivity to pTW, smaller pdf uncertainties
- smaller non-pQCD uncertainties
- Recoil modelling crucial, sensitivity to pile-up, UE



#### **ATLAS** selection

#### Data Run I in 2011:

centre-of-mass energy: **7 TeV 4.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> for the electron channel 4.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> for the muon channel** *(part of the data discarded due to timing problem in the resistive plate chambers)* bunch spacing: 50 ns



#### Lepton selections:

- muons isolated (track-based) letal<2.4
- electrons isolated (track+calorimeter-based) tight identified 0<letal<1.2, 1.8<letal<2.4

## <u>Kinematic requirements:</u> $p_T^i$ >30 GeV, $m_T$ >60 GeV, MET>30 GeV and recoil( $u_T$ )<30 GeV ~6M/8M observed in the electron/muon channel

1 1	0.0.0	0.0.1.1	1 4 9 9	2.0.2.4	T 1 ·	•
$ \eta_{\ell} $ range	$0\!-\!0.8$	0.8 - 1.4	1.4 - 2.0	2.0 - 2.4	Inclusive	
$  W^+ \to \mu^+ \nu \\ W^- \to \mu^- \bar{\nu} $		$1063131\769876$	$1377773\916163$	$\frac{885582}{547329}$	$\frac{4609818}{3234960}$	Z selecti 80 <mll<< td=""></mll<<>
$ \eta_{\ell} $ range	0–0.6	0.6 – 1.2		1.8 - 2.4	Inclusive	0.58 M (
$ \begin{array}{c} W^+ \to e^+ \nu \\ W^- \to e^- \bar{\nu} \end{array} $	$1233960\969170$	$\frac{1207136}{908327}$		$956620\\610028$	$3397716\2487525$	- channels

Z selection: pTl>25 GeV 80<mll<100 GeV 0.58 M (1.23 M) e/mu channels

#### CDF&D0

qq-bar-->W+X, W-->lv

RESBOS used to model pTZ/W (NNLO+NNLL no decay) Fit non-pQCD parameters to pTZ data. Use of CTEQ6.6 PDF Use PHOTOS to simulate FSR

Experiment	CDF	D0	
Luminosity	2.2fb-1	4.3 fb-1	CDF
Channels	W>ev, W>µv	W→ev	
p(E)-scale	J/psi, Y	Z>ee	
Detector	tracker	calorimeter	0.4
Result MW		80375+/-11(stat )+/-20(syst) MeV	$\chi^{2}/dof = 22/29$ 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.5 10 15 20 25 30 p <sub>r</sub> (Z $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ ) (GeV)
		,(-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	

 $M_W = 80\,387 \pm 16\,\,{
m MeV}$ 

#### **CMS** selection

2 OS isolated muons  $M_{\mu\mu}$ >50 GeV

 $d_{xy}<0.2$  cm ( $d_{xy}$ : distance of closest approach between the muon and the beam line in the transverse plane) trigger:  $I_{\eta}I<0.9$ ,  $p_{T}>30$  GeV while the other muon  $p_{T}>10$  GeV and  $I_{\eta}I<2.1$  $30<p_{T}<50$  GeV, 30<MET<55 GeV,  $60<m_{T}<100$  GeV, u<15 GeV and  $p_{T}^{Z}<30$  GeV

Z events with an even number: recoil calibration Z events with an odd number: measurement

181 985/180 554 events in the positive/negative W-like events (47% of the events are common among the 2 samples)

J/ $\psi$  and Y(1S): trigger OS muon pair ly<sub>µµ</sub>l<1.25 J/ $\psi$ : 2.8<M<3.35 GeV, di-muon p<sub>T</sub>>9.9 GeV Y(1S): 8.5<M<11.5 GeV, di-muon p<sub>T</sub>>5 or 7 GeV Muons high quality l<sub>µ</sub>l<2.4, p<sub>T</sub>>4 GeV and d<sub>xy</sub><0.2cm. 3.5 M (1M) J/ $\psi$  (Y(1S))

Systematic source	W-like	W
PDF	skip	✓ YES
Boson PT	skip	✓ YES
Boson PT W/Z extrapolation	NO	✓ YES
EWK correction	skip	✓ YES
Polarization	skip	✓ YES
$\mu$ momentum scale	✓ YES	✓ YES
$\boldsymbol{\mu}$ tr-iso-id efficiency	✓ YES	✓ YES
Missing et scale/resolution DATA/MC agreement	✓ YES	✓ YES
MET W/Z extrapolation	NO	✓ YES
Background to 1-I	NO	✓ YES

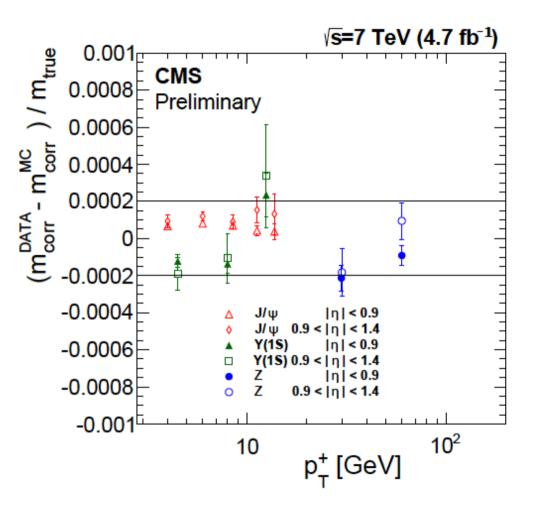
#### **CMS muon calibration**

Magnetic field:  $A_1 + A_2 \eta^2$ 

Energy loss:  $\varepsilon$  is derived in12  $\eta$  bins Misalignment: first terms of a Fourier series, in  $\varphi$ , in 6  $\eta$  bins Total number of parameters in the fitting model: 44

A differs from 1 by less than 0.0005; M less than  $10^{-4}$  GeV<sup>-1</sup> and  $\varepsilon$  is of the order of 4 MeV

For the resolution calibration: fit to  $J/\psi$ , correcting the resolution for multiple scattering and hit position effects in different bins of  $\eta \rightarrow 10\%$  relative agreement between data and MC



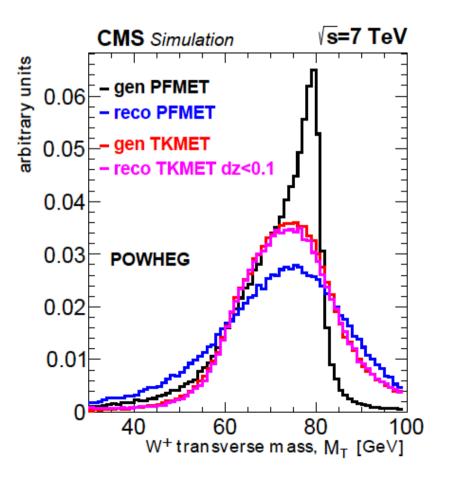
#### CMS recoil calibration (I)

To measure the W boson mass 10-20 MeV, need recoil precision of 0.5%

 $u_{\parallel}$  should be proportional to the boson  $p_{T}$ , proportionality coefficient depending on the MET definition.  $u_{\perp}$  is expected to be distributed around 0.

The optimal MET choice (tkMET): all reco charged tracks compatible with the PV, dz(track,PV)<0.1cm,  $|\eta|$ <2.4

retains only 40% of the hadronic recoil  $(\langle u_{II} \rangle / p_T^Z)$  probed with pfMET (all stable particules within  $|\eta| < 5$ ) but has the advantage of better data/MC agreement and of being essentially insensitive to pileup.



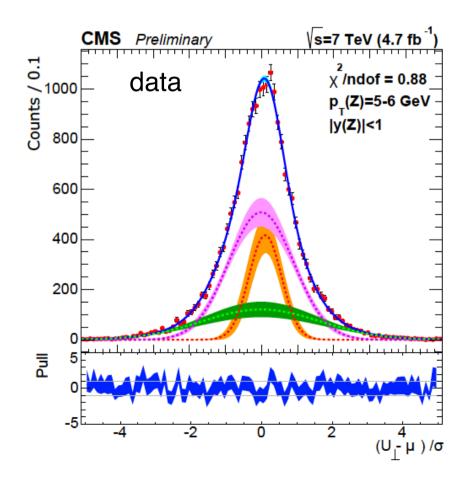
# **CMS recoil calibration (II)**

Recoil calibration is performed in bins of boson rapidity (to minimise the systematic uncertainties from PDF and polarisation when applying the calibration to W events.

The recoil projection distributions are modelled by a sum of 3 Gaussians, whose parameters are polynomial functions of  $p_T^z$ .

The models (from data and MC) are used to derive corrections using probability integral transforms of the models for the source (MC) and target distributions.

The projections are defined wrt the axis in the transverse plane: direction of  $p_T^Z$ .



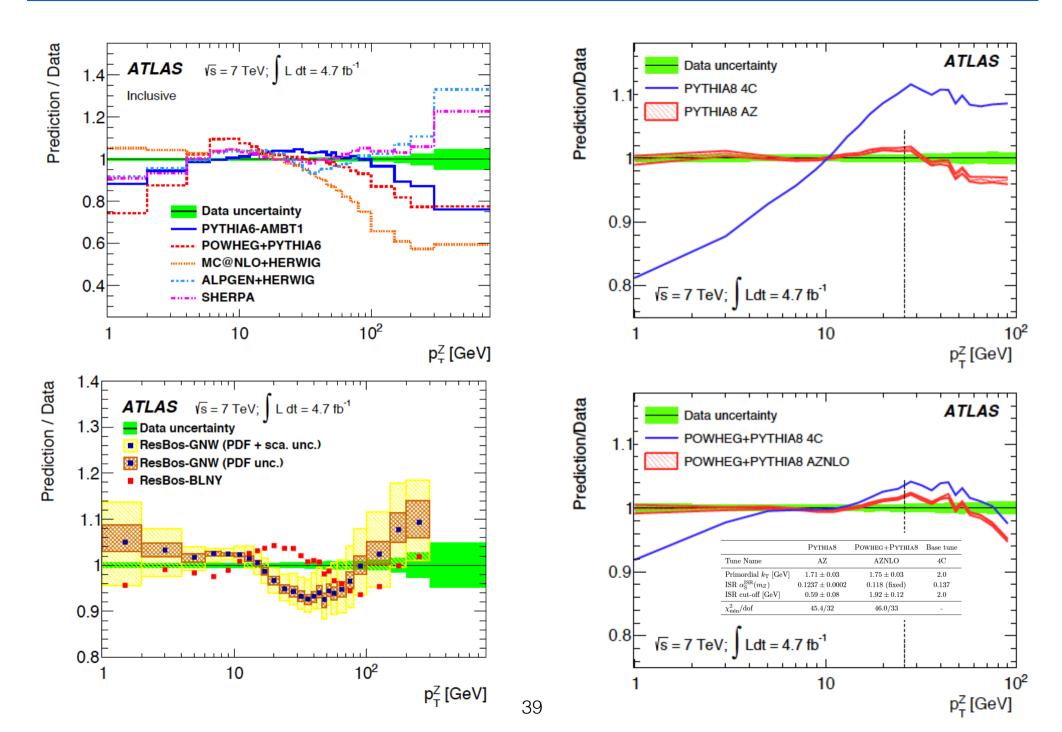
# CMS mass fits and systematic uncertainties

#### Fitting ranges p<sub>T</sub><sup>I</sup>: 32-45 GeV, m<sub>T</sub>: 65-100 GeV. Binned-template likelihood-ratio

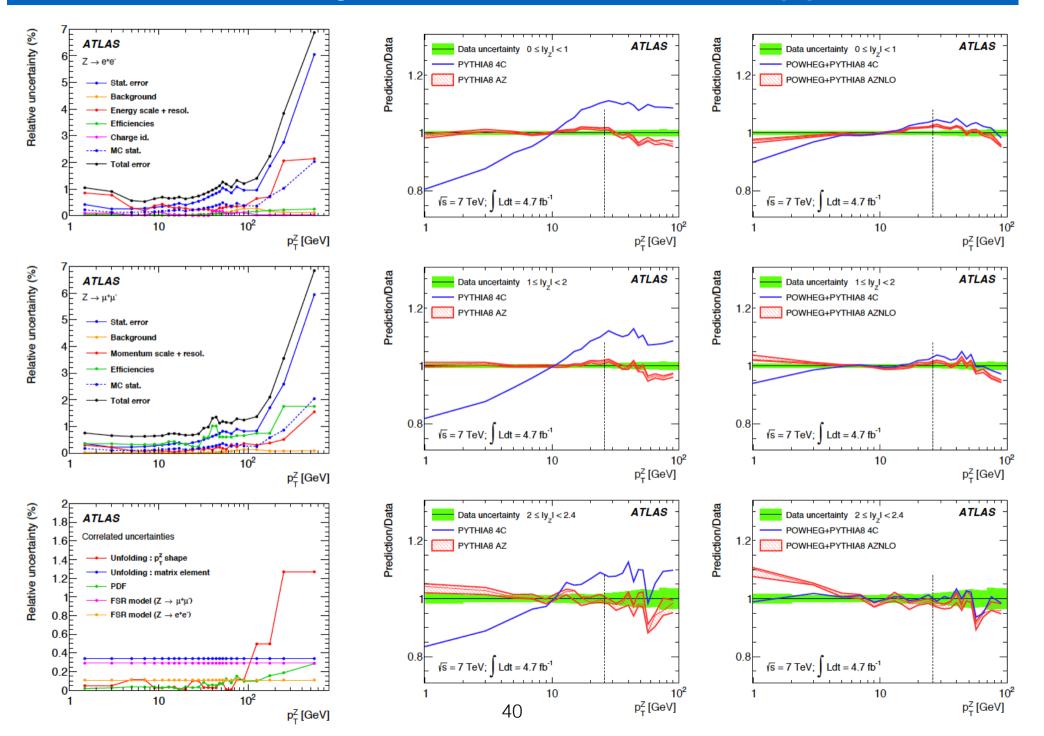
Table 1: Correlation between the W-like fitting variables.							
Variable	1	2	3				
1. Lepton transverse momentum $(p_{\rm T})$	1.00						
2. Transverse mass $(m_{\rm T})$	0.67	1.00	jackknife delete-d resampling				
3. Missing transverse energy (₽/T)	0.34	0.70	1.00				

Efficiencies: uncorrelated bin-to- bin stat and 1% sys from tag and		i	$M_{ m Z}^{ m W_{like}}$	+	Λ	$M_{ m Z}^{ m W_{ m like}}$	_
probe	Sources of uncertainty	$p_{\mathrm{T}}$	m <sub>T</sub>	₽ <sub>T</sub>	$p_{\mathrm{T}}$	m <sub>T</sub>	₽ <sub>T</sub>
Calibration: deviation from perfect	Lepton efficiencies	1	1	1	1	1	1
· · · ·	Lepton calibration	14	13	14	12	15	14
closure and stat	Recoil calibration	0	9	13	0	9	14
Recoil: stat of the recoil fits,	Total experimental syst. uncertainties	14	17	19	12	18	19
deviation from perfect closure of	Alternative data reweightings	5	4	5	14	11	11
the calibration fits, the bkg	PDF uncertainties	6	5	5	6	5	5
modelling (on/off)	QED radiation	22	23	24	23	23	24
PDF: NNPDF2.3 NLO (100	Simulated sample size	7	6	8	7	6	8
members)	Total other syst. uncertainties	24	25	27	28	27	28
,	Total systematic uncertainties	28	30	32	30	32	34
QED: Powheg NLO EW+QCD (on/	Statistics of the data sample	40	36	46	39	35	45
off EW)	Total stat.+syst.	49	47	56	50	48	57
Rew: independent estimation from odd/even event number		•	•	, ,	•		

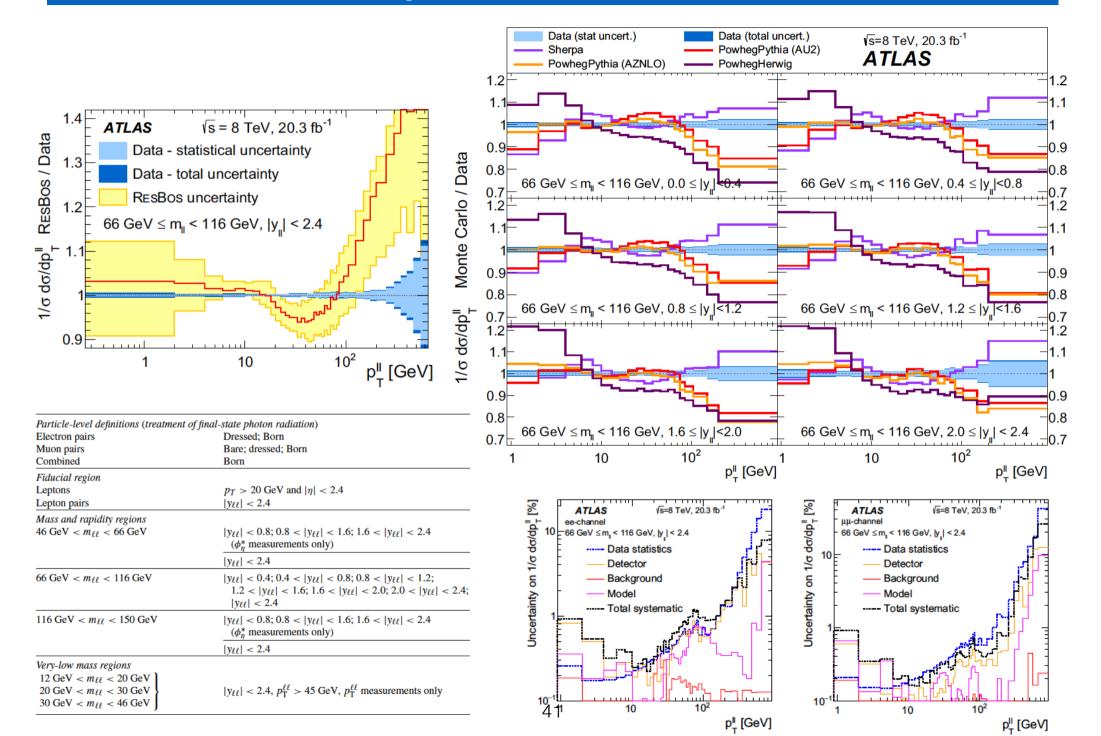
## ATLAS pTZ measurement 7 TeV (I)



## ATLAS pTZ measurement 7 TeV (II)



## **ATLAS pTZ measurement 8 TeV**



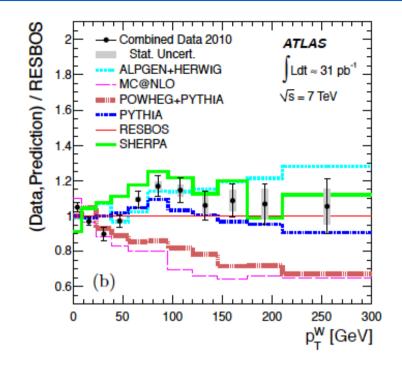
#### **ATLAS pTW measurement 7 TeV**

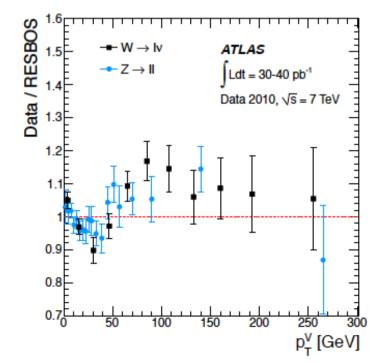
#### ATLAS : 7 TeV, 31 pb-1

- 11 bins: 0 8 23 38 55 75 95 120 145 175 210 300 GeV
- E, mu: common fiducial volumes
  - |η|<2.4, pT>20 GeV, MET>25 GeV, MT>40 GeV
- · Charge-blind; shape measurement only

The measurement is compared to a selection of predictions. The ALPGEN+HERWIG, PYTHIA, RESBOS, and SHERPA predictions match the data within 20% over the entire  $p_T^W$  range. Mc@NLO provides the closest description of the data for  $p_T^W < 38$  GeV, but Mc@NLO and POWHEG+PYTHIA both underestimate the data at higher  $p_T^W$ .

$p_T^W$ Bin	$(1/\sigma_{\rm fid})(d\sigma_{\rm fid}/dp_T^W)$	ResponseMatrix	Backgrounds	Efficiency	Statistical	Total
[GeV]	$({ m GeV}^{-1})$	uncert. (%)	uncert. (%)	uncert. (%)	uncert. (%)	uncert. (%)
0 - 8	$5.510\cdot10^{-2}$	1.91	0.26	0.76	0.22	2.48
8 - 23	$2.512\cdot 10^{-2}$	1.69	0.28	0.87	0.24	2.42
23 - 38	$6.766\cdot10^{-3}$	3.20	0.57	1.28	0.57	4.31
38-55	$2.523\cdot 10^{-3}$	2.34	0.65	1.44	0.84	3.78
55-75	$1.025\cdot10^{-3}$	1.78	0.74	1.74	1.19	4.09
75-95	$4.263\cdot 10^{-4}$	1.61	1.15	2.13	1.91	4.94
95 - 120	$1.896\cdot 10^{-4}$	1.98	1.94	2.67	2.68	5.99
120 - 145	$7.985\cdot10^{-5}$	2.84	3.30	3.16	4.78	7.91
145 - 175	$3.710\cdot10^{-5}$	1.98	2.66	3.66	5.72	9.31
175 - 210	$1.692\cdot 10^{-5}$	2.00	3.72	3.84	7.75	10.56
210 - 300	$4.803\cdot 10^{-6}$	2.69	7.81	4.26	9.28	14.40





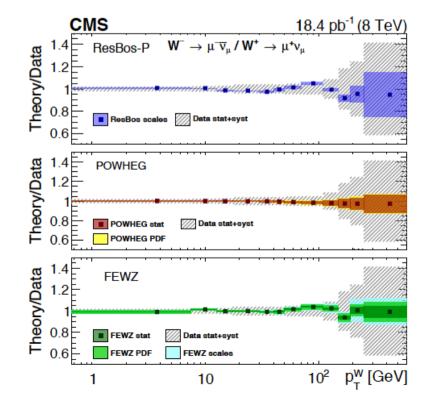
## **CMS pTW measurement 8 TeV**

8 TeV 18.4 pb<sup>-1</sup> μ=4

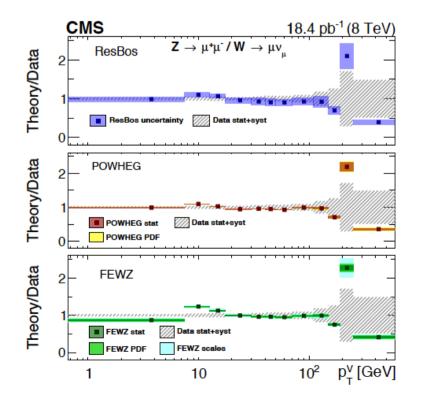
Z selection: muons pT>20 GeV letal<2.1

W selection: electrons pT>25 GeV, muons pT>20 GeV

12 bins: 0-7.5-12.5-17.5-30-40-50-70-110-150-190-250-600



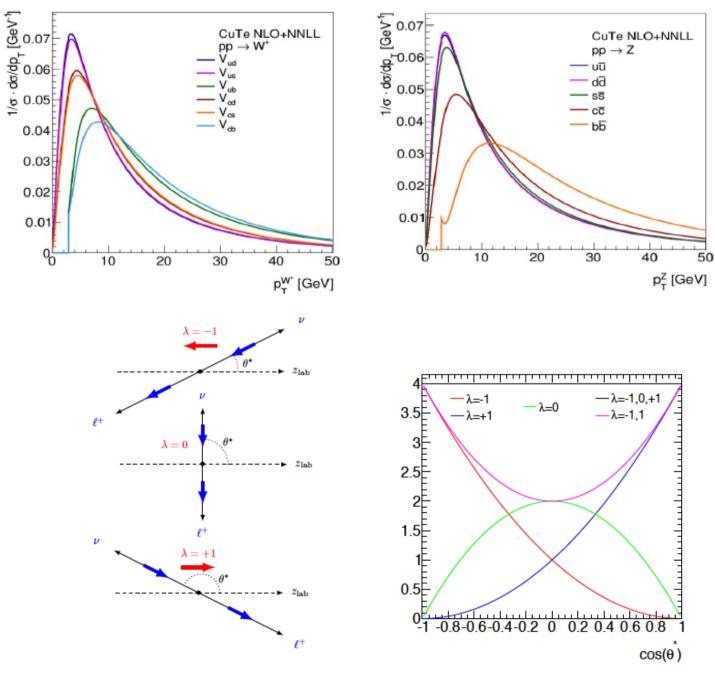
Bin (GeV)	$W^-/W^+$	Z/W
0–7.5	$0.961\pm0.019$	$0.962 \pm 0.025$
7.5–12.5	$0.994\pm0.024$	$0.890 \pm 0.038$
12.5–17.5	$1.017\pm0.028$	$0.982\pm0.052$
17.5–30	$1.028\pm0.041$	$1.081\pm0.041$
30-40	$1.056\pm0.043$	$1.101\pm0.064$
40-50	$1.069\pm0.041$	$1.149\pm0.085$
50-70	$1.065\pm0.050$	$1.216\pm0.085$
70–110	$1.064\pm0.052$	$1.206\pm0.115$
110-150	$1.061\pm0.093$	$1.274\pm0.232$
150–190	$1.106\pm0.204$	$1.820\pm0.479$
190–250	$1.002\pm0.247$	$0.641\pm0.454$
250-600	$0.912\pm0.379$	$3.865 \pm 1.881$



	Uncertainty or size	Analytic resummation	Pythia	Leftover effect on $W/Z$
Singular resummation	5-10%	$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{1}}}}$	$\checkmark$	$\lesssim\%$ (?)
Power corrections	few %	(×)	(√)?	?
Nonperturbative	few %	(√)	(√)	?
Massive quarks	few % (?)	$\times (\rightarrow \checkmark)$	?	few % (?)
QED	$\lesssim\%$ (?)	×	<b>√</b> (?)	$\lesssim\%$ (?)
PDFs	2%	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
$\alpha_s(m_Z)$	up to 5%??	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

- Most ? could be addressed (some just mean that I don't know ...)
- Though it is a bit unsettling it is not unbelievable that in the end plain Pythia currently seems to describe the W/Z ratio best
  - Question of the uncertainty when used as prediction remains

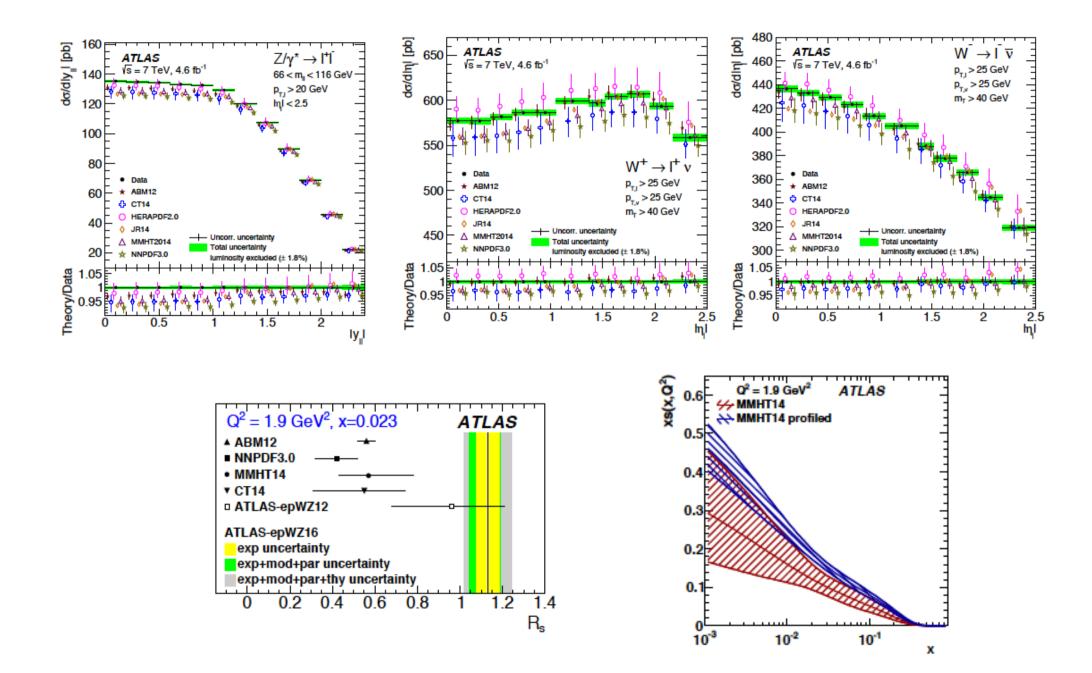
# More on pTW



(a)

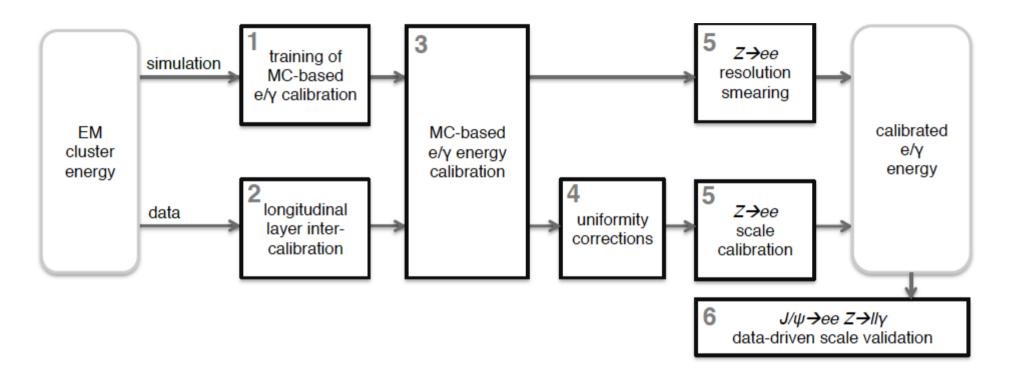
(b)

#### ATLAS W, Z cross section measurement



# **Electron calibration and efficiency**

Calibration for electrons closely follows the Run I calibration paper Eur. Phys. J.C 74 (2014) 3071

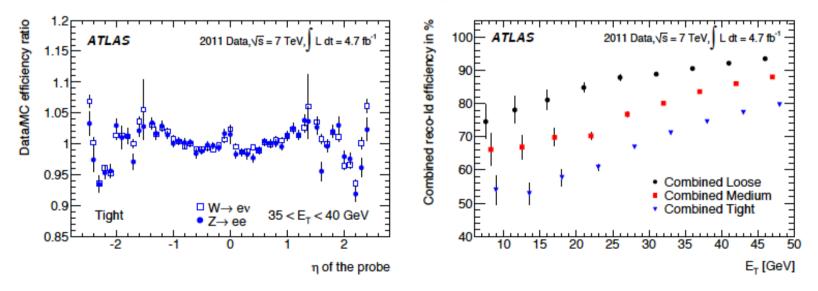


Exclude bin 1.2<letal<1.82 for the W mass measurement as the amount of passive material in front of the calorimeter and its uncertainty are largest in this region. Azimuthal correction from <E/p> vs phi

Electron efficiency corrections as a function of eta and p<sub>T</sub> <u>Eur.Phys.J.C 74 (2014) 2941</u>

#### **Electron efficiency**

- Electron detection complicated by large amount of material in the detector and significant background from jets
- Efficiency controlled in several steps using "tag-and-probe": relies mostly on  $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell$  events selected with looser criteria on one leg
- Simulation not perfect  $\rightarrow$  correct simulation double-differentially in  $(\eta^{\ell}, p_T^{\ell})$  by measured  $\epsilon_{\text{data}}/\epsilon_{\text{MC}}$ , known to typically  $\sim 0.2 1\%$  in relevant range  $p_T^{\ell} > 25$  GeV
- Directly relevant as systematics for cross-section measurement, important to control *p*<sup>ℓ</sup><sub>T</sub>-dependent slopes for *m<sub>W</sub>*
- Muon efficiencies controlled in similar way, just easier



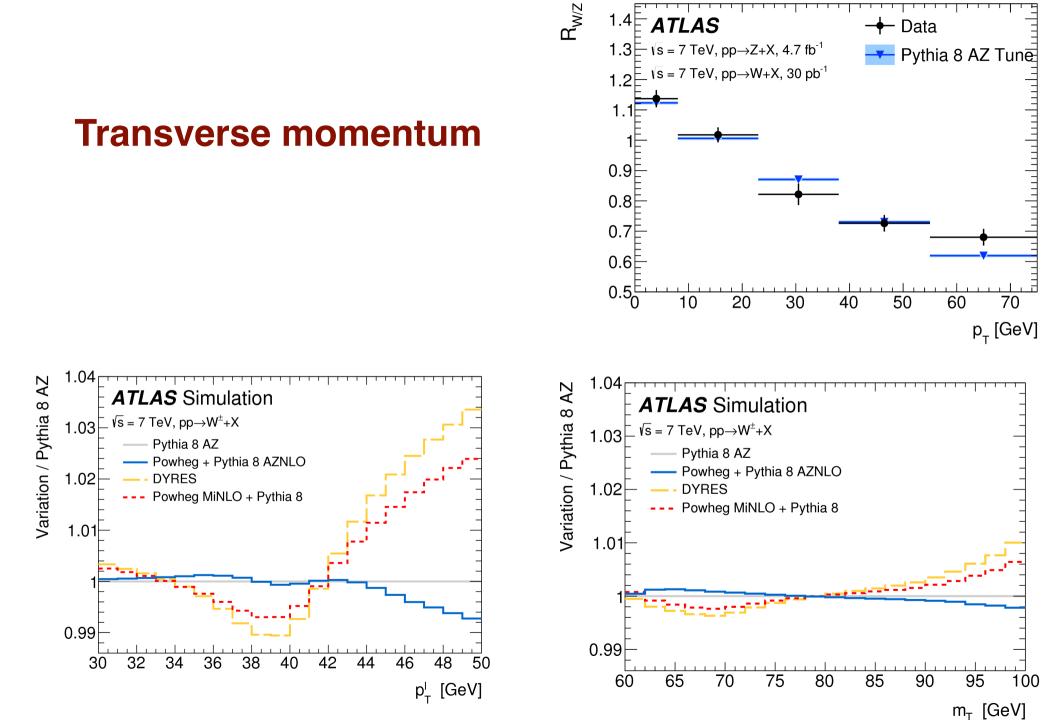


$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}p_1\,\mathrm{d}p_2} = \left[\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma(m)}{\mathrm{d}m}\right] \left[\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma(y)}{\mathrm{d}y}\right] \left[\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma(p_{\mathrm{T}},y)}{\mathrm{d}p_{\mathrm{T}}\,\mathrm{d}y}\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma(y)}{\mathrm{d}y}\right)^{-1}\right] \left[(1+\cos^2\theta) + \sum_{i=0}^7 A_i(p_{\mathrm{T}},y)P_i(\cos\theta,\phi)\right],$$

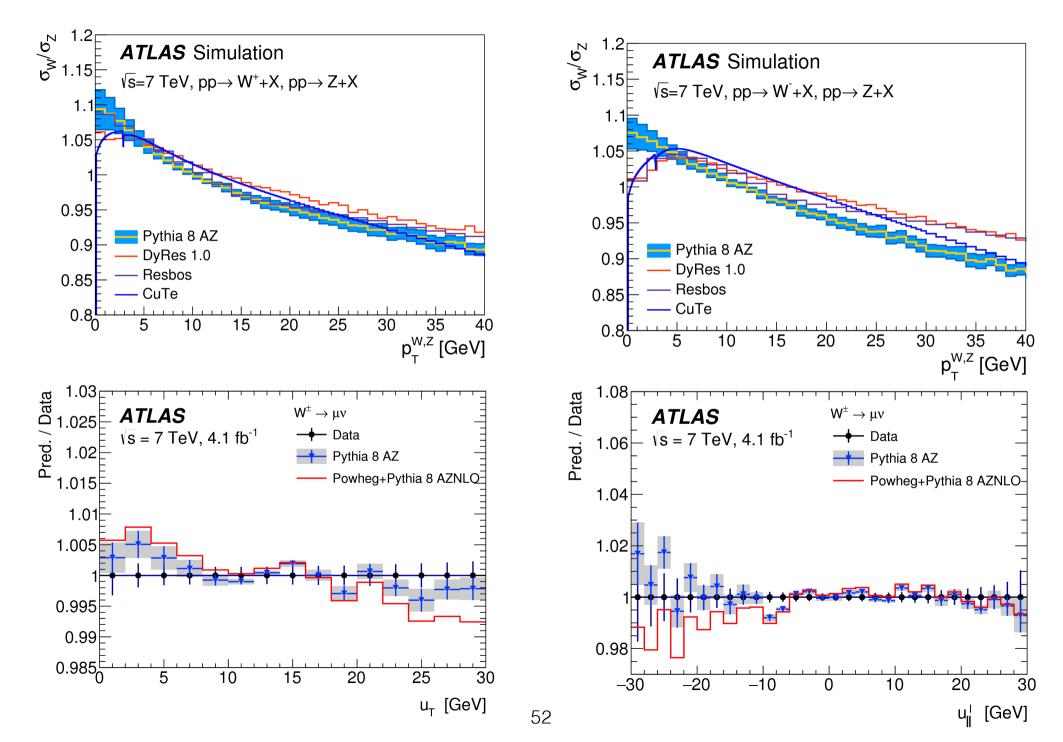
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{T}^{2} dy dm d\cos\theta d\phi} = \frac{3}{16\pi} \frac{d\sigma}{dp_{T}^{2} dy dm} \times \left[ (1 + \cos^{2}\theta) + A_{0} \frac{1}{2} (1 - 3\cos^{2}\theta) + A_{1} \sin^{2}\theta \cos\theta d\phi + A_{1} \sin^{2}\theta \cos\phi + A_{2} \frac{1}{2} \sin^{2}\theta \cos^{2}\phi + A_{3} \sin\theta \cos\phi + A_{4} \cos\theta + A_{5} \sin^{2}\theta \sin^{2}\theta \sin^{2}\phi + A_{6} \sin^{2}\theta \sin\phi + A_{7} \sin\theta \sin\phi \right].$$

$$\begin{split} p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{MC,corr}} &= p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{MC}} \times \left[1 + \alpha(\eta, \phi)\right] \times \left[1 + \beta_{\mathrm{curv}}(\eta) \cdot G(0, 1) \cdot p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{MC}}\right], \\ p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{data,corr}} &= \frac{p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{data}}}{1 + q \cdot \delta(\eta, \phi) \cdot p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{data}}}, \end{split}$$

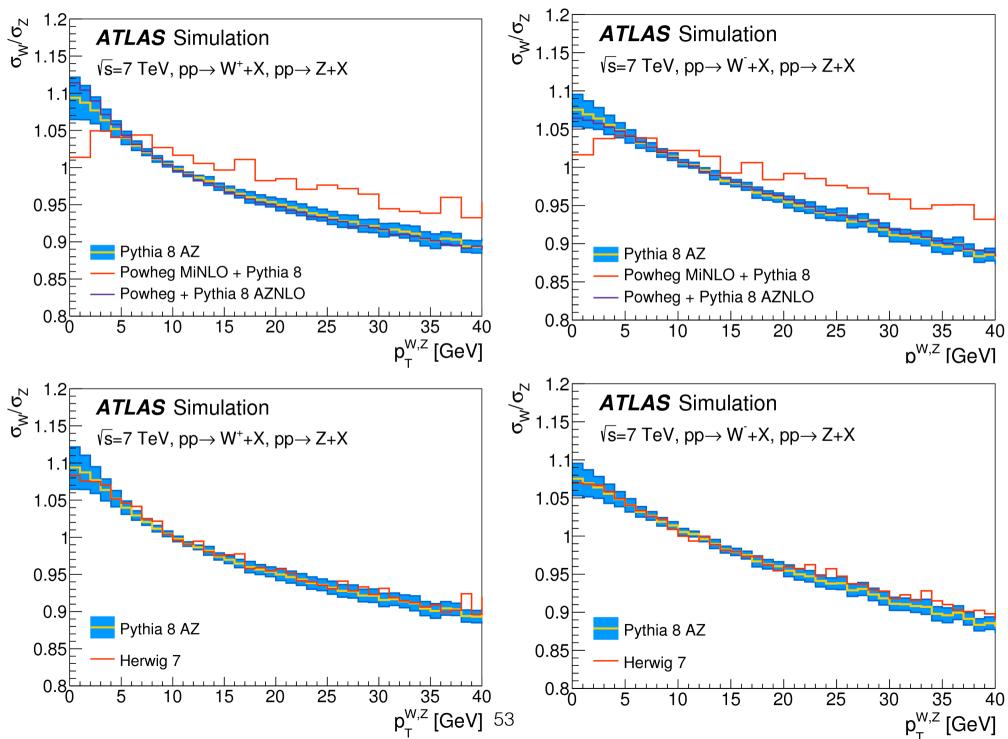
$$\delta \alpha = p_0 + \frac{p_1}{\left< p_{\rm T}^\ell(W) \right>},$$



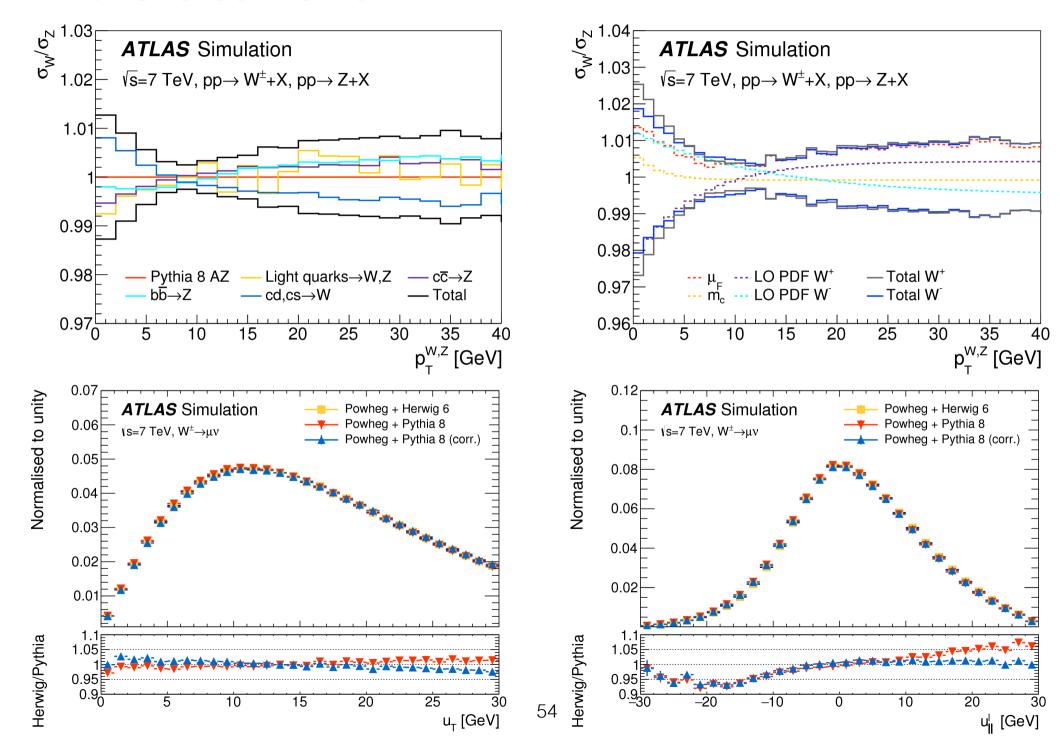
## **Transverse momentum**

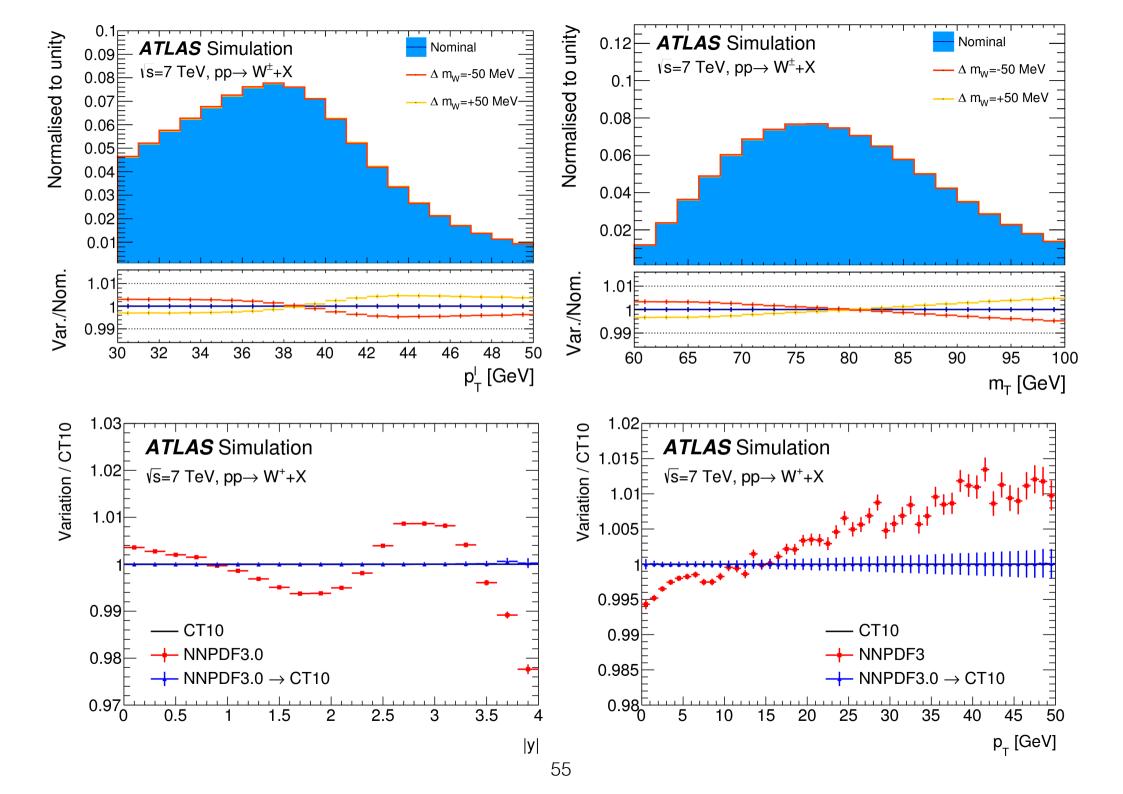


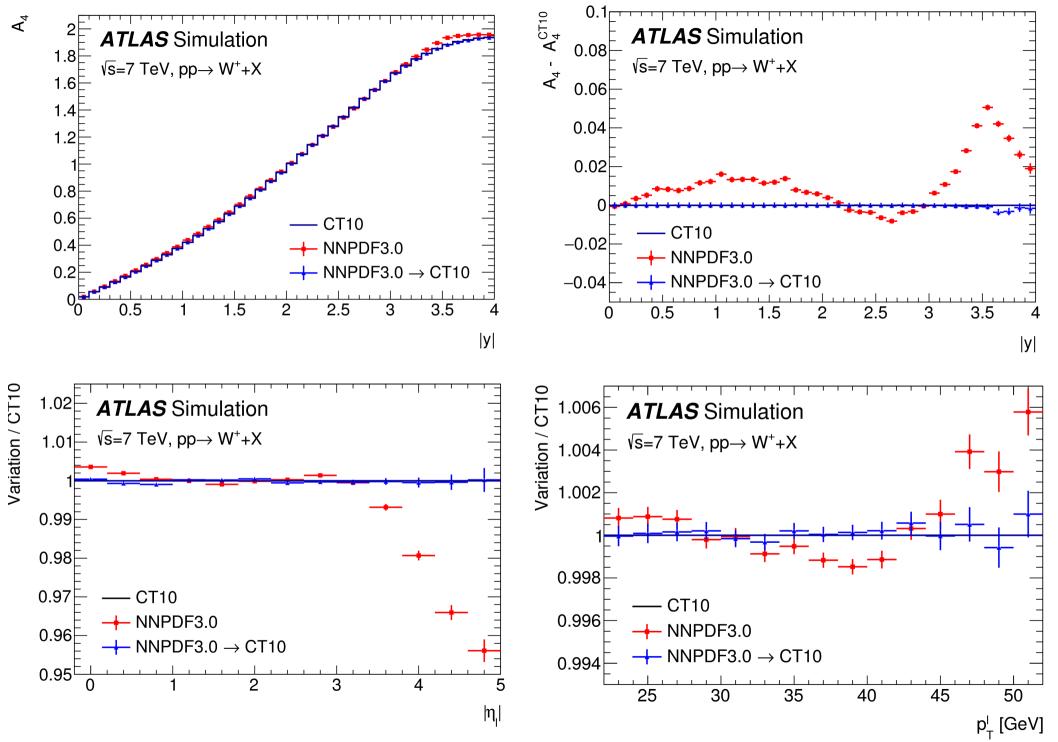
#### **Transverse momentum**

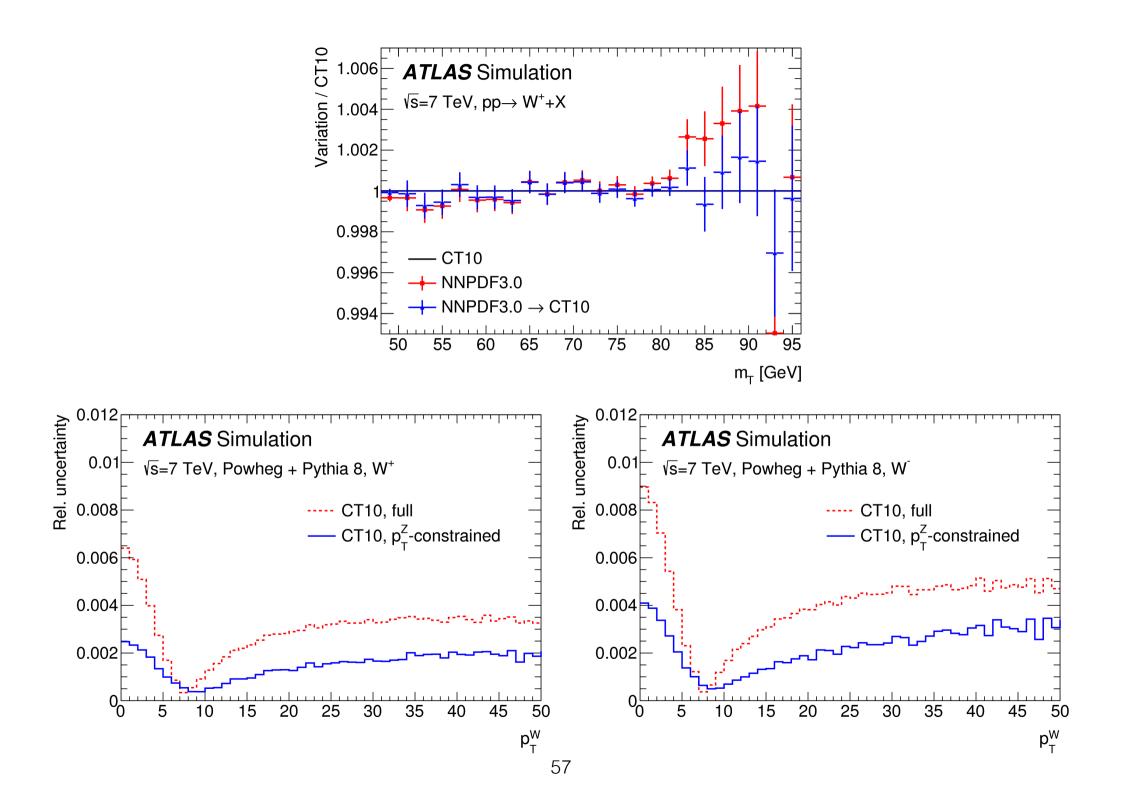


## **Transverse momentum**

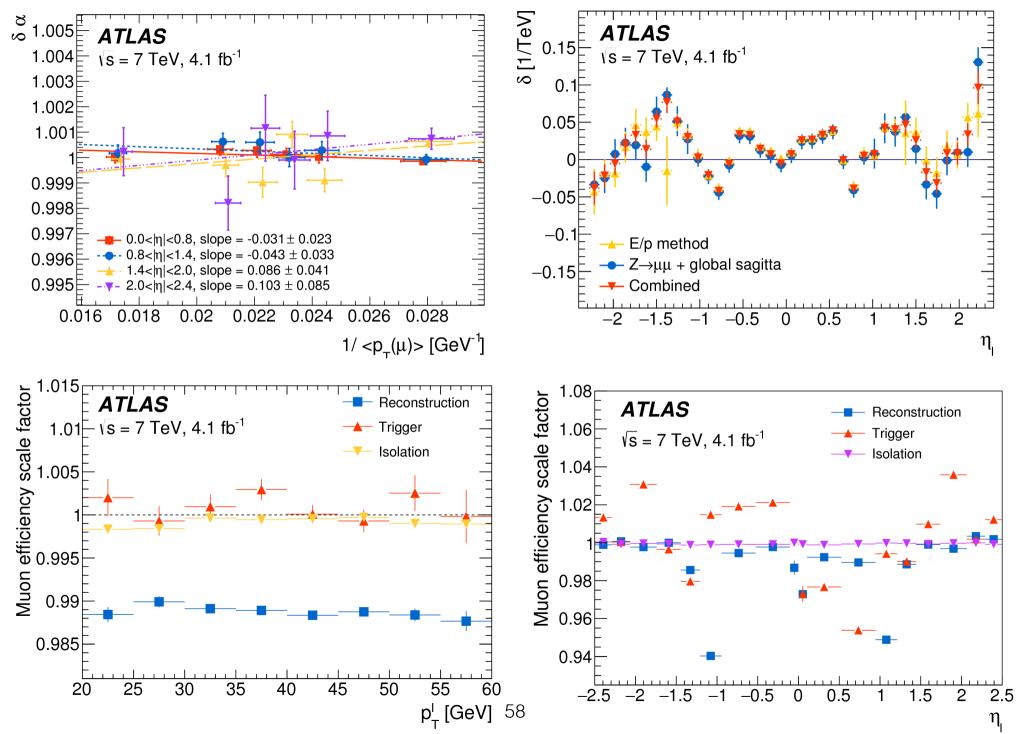




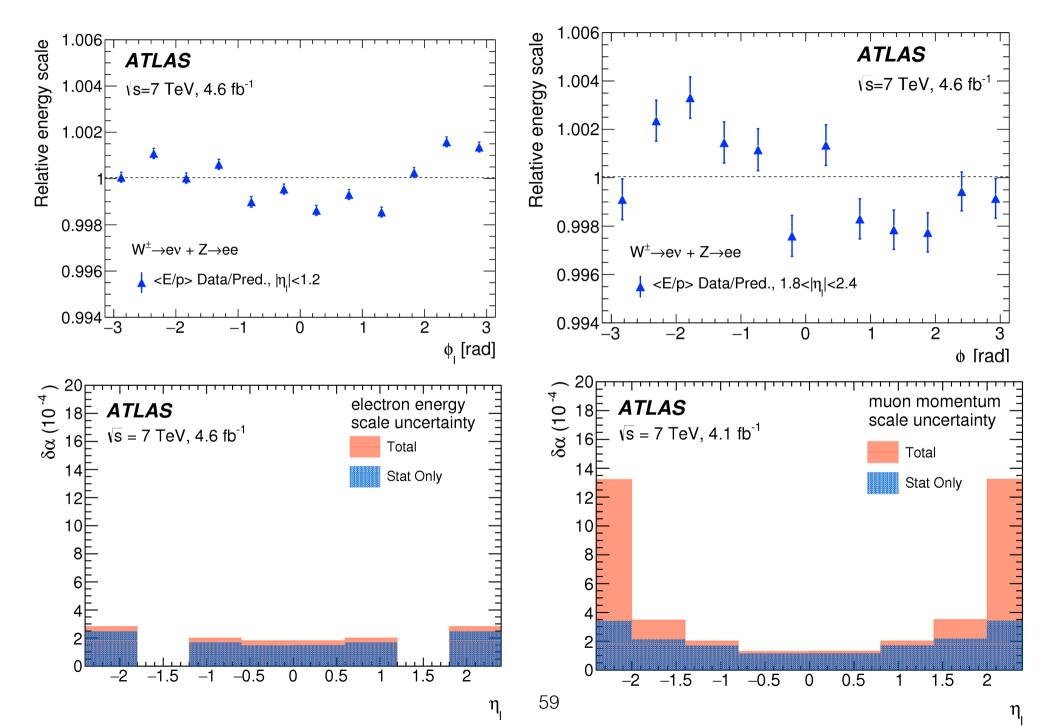




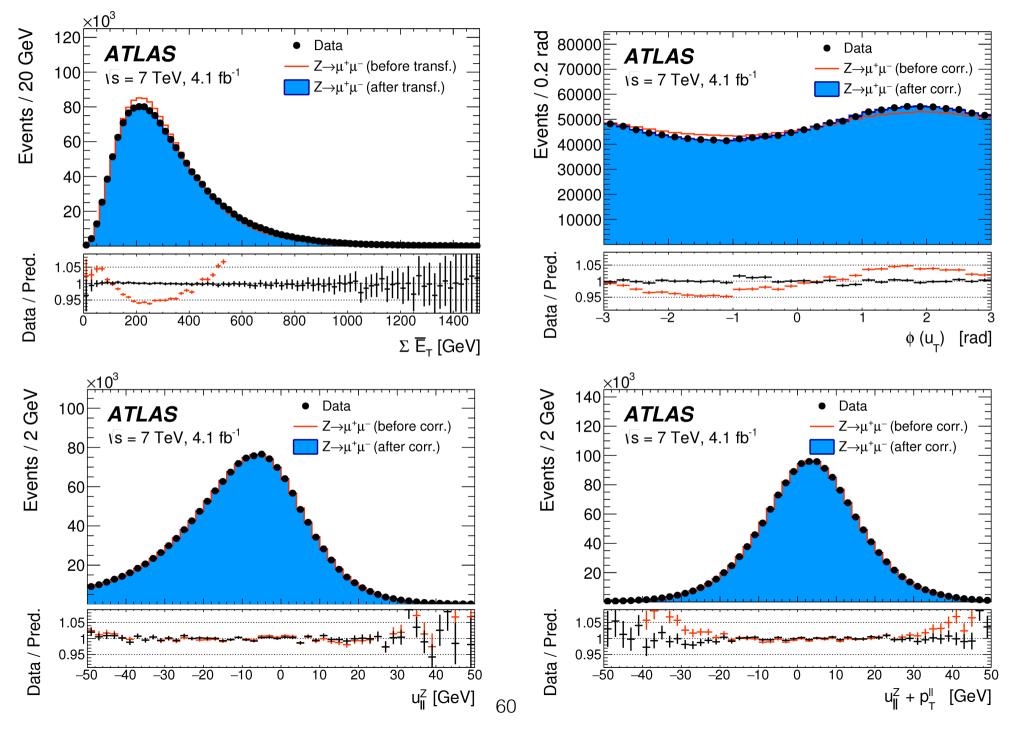
# **Muon Calibration**



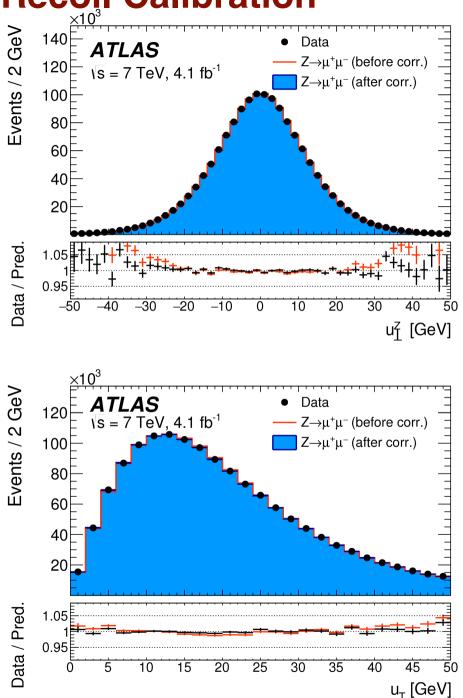
# **Electron Calibration**

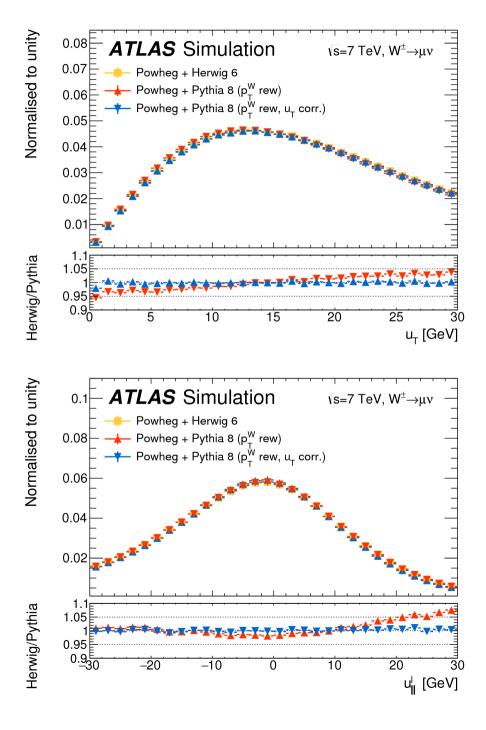


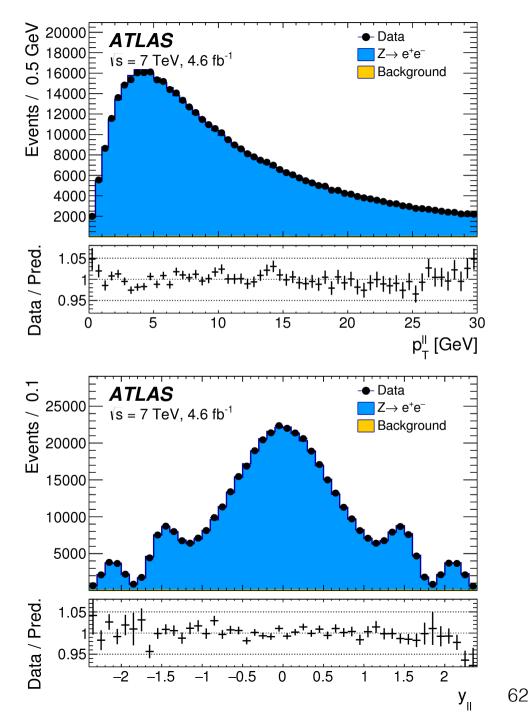
# **Recoil Calibration**

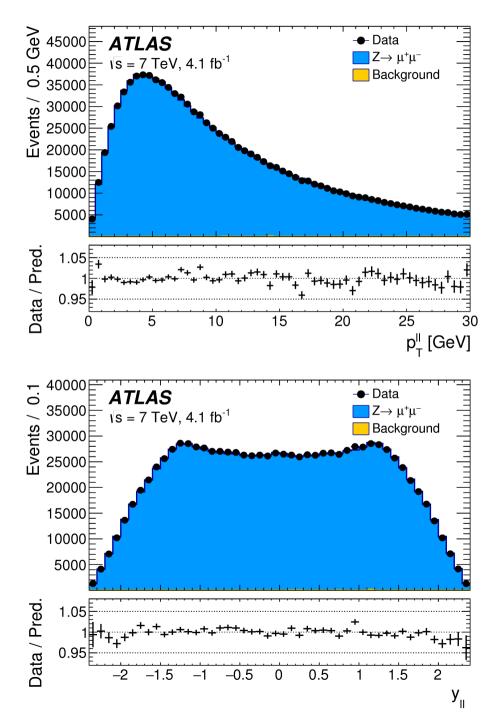


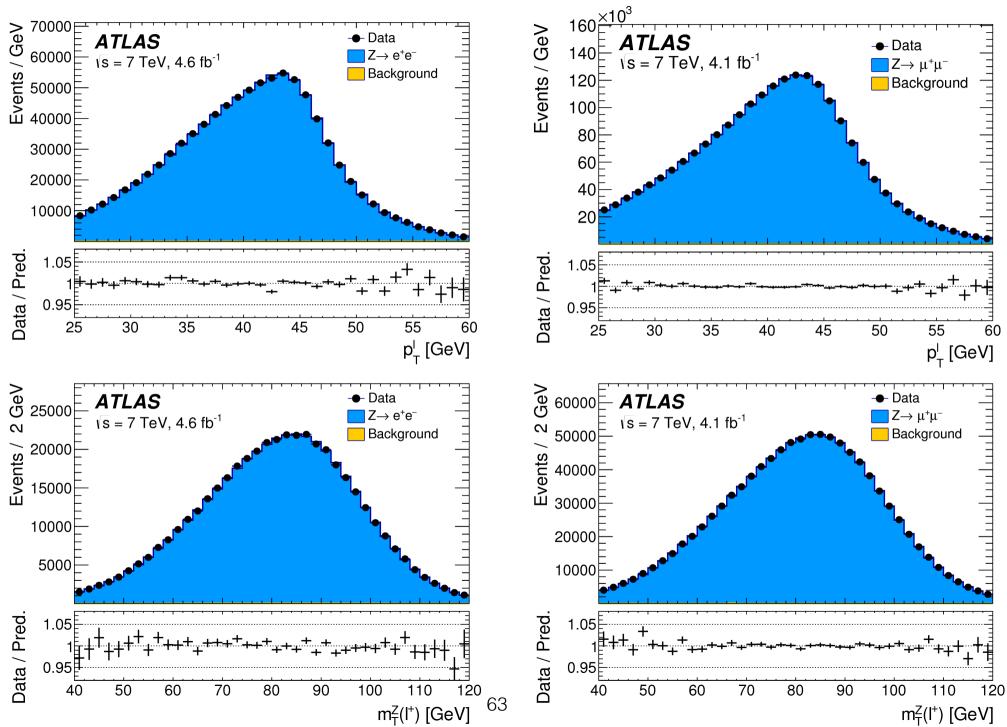
# **Recoil Calibration**

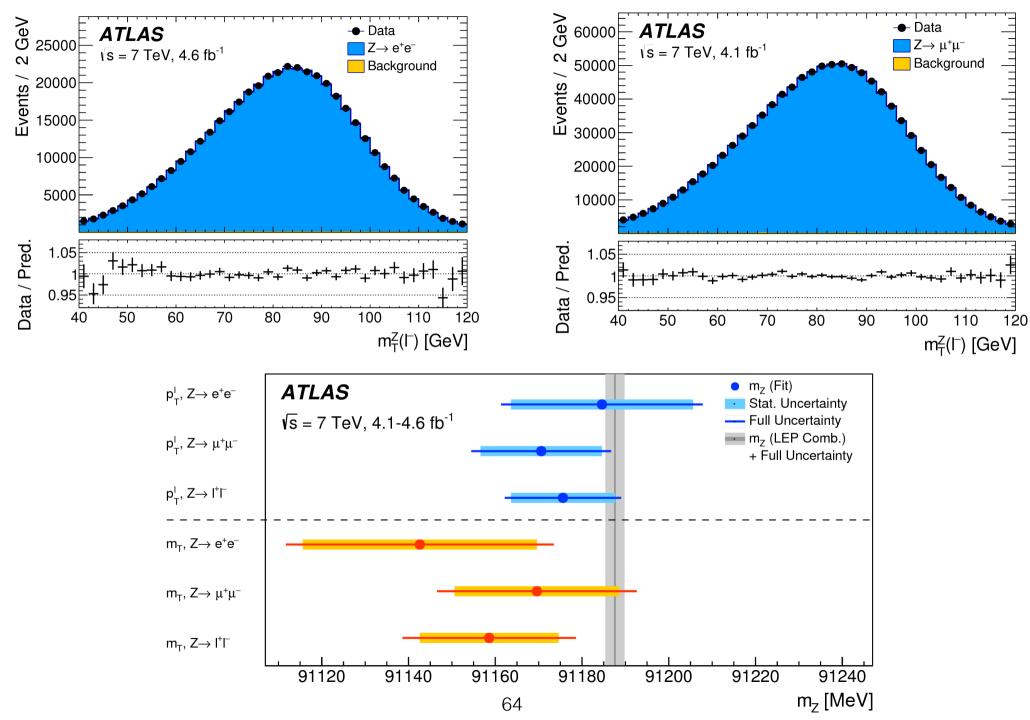










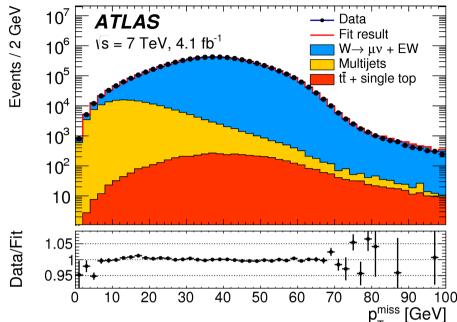


# **Backgrounds in W**

Electroweak and top-quark backgrounds are determined from simulation

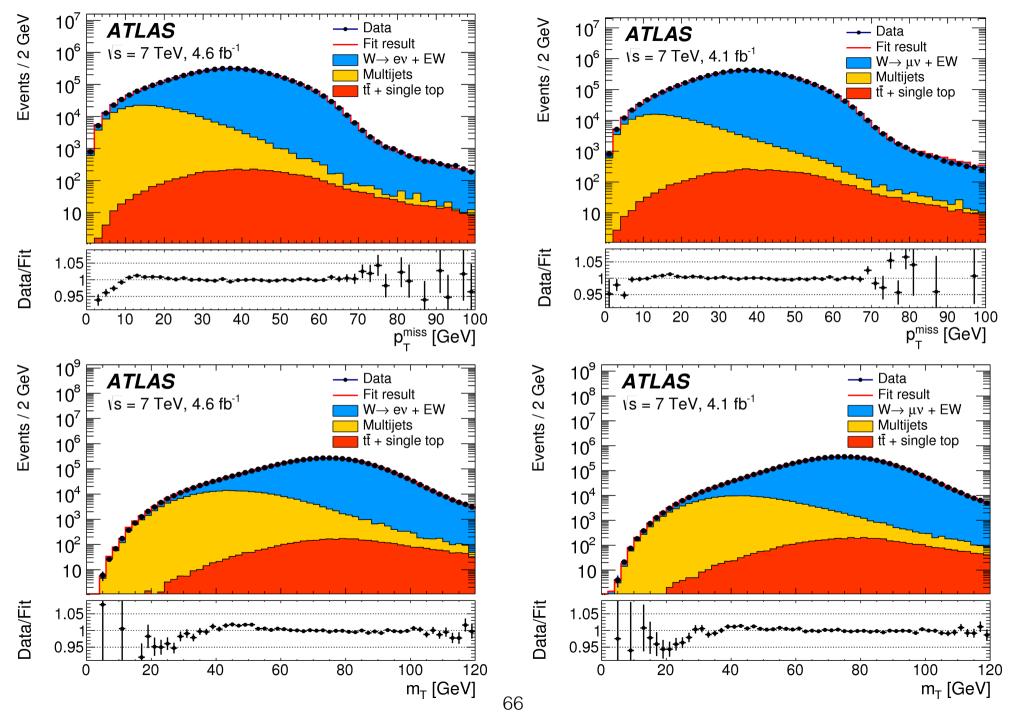
Multijet background is determined using data-driven techniques:

- define background-dominated fit regions with relaxed cuts of the event selection
- template fits in these regions to 3 observables:  $p_T{}^{miss},\,m_T$  and  $p_T{}^{l}/m_T$
- control regions are obtained by inverting the lepton isolation requirements

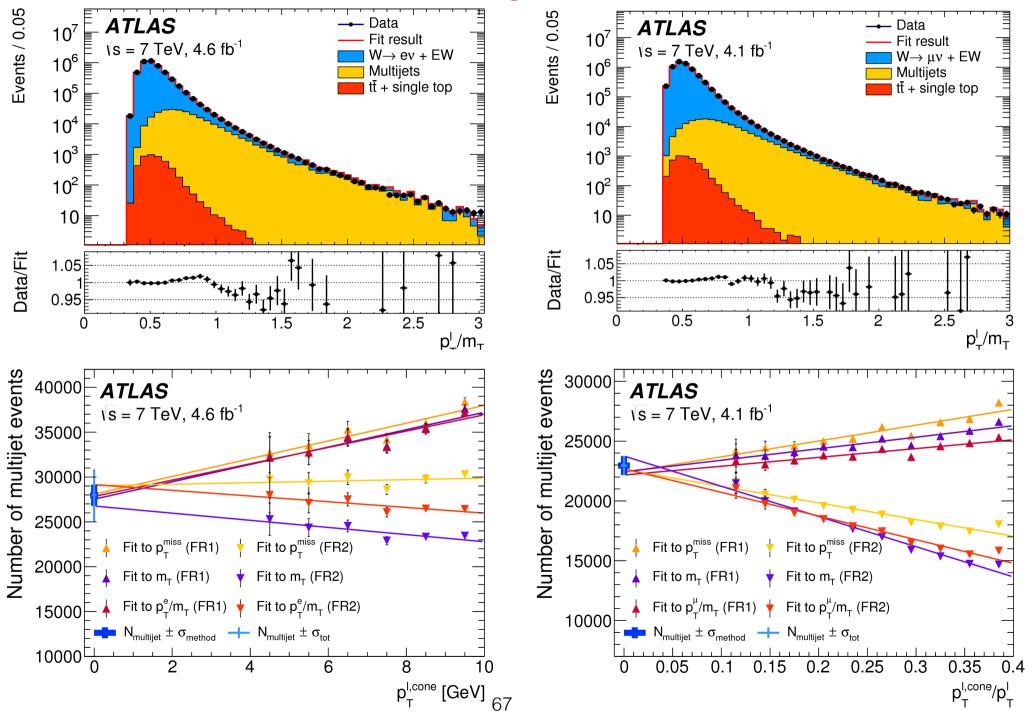


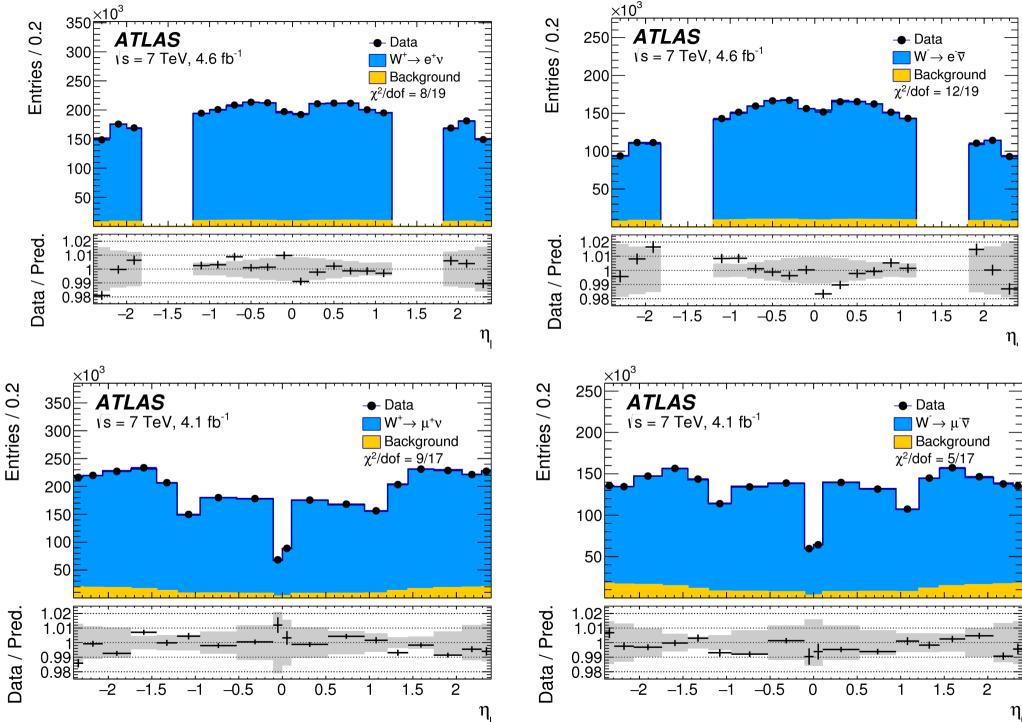
		$W \rightarrow$	$\mu u$												
Category	$W \to \tau \nu$	$Z \to \mu \mu$	$Z \to \tau \tau$	Top	Dibosons	Multijet	Kinematic distribution		p	$\ell_{\mathrm{T}}$			m	$l_{\rm T}$	
$W^{\pm} 0.0 <  \eta  < 0.8$	1.04	2.83	0.12	0.16	0.08	0.72	Decay channel		$\rightarrow e\nu$		$\rightarrow \mu \nu$		$\rightarrow e\nu$		$ ightarrow \mu  u$
$W^{\pm} \ 0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	1.01	4.44	0.11	0.12	0.07	0.57	W-boson charge	$W^+$	$W^-$	$W^+$	$W^{-}$	$W^+$	$W^-$	$W^+$	$W^-$
$W^{\pm} 1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	0.99	6.78	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.51	$\delta m_W  [{ m MeV}]$								
$W^{\pm} 2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	1.00	8.50	0.10	0.04	0.05	0.50	$W \rightarrow \tau \nu$ (fraction, shape)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
$W^{\pm}$ all $\eta$ bins	1.01	5.41	0.11	0.10	0.06	0.58	$Z \rightarrow ee$ (fraction, shape)	3.3	4.8	_		4.3	6.4	_	_
$W^+$ all $\eta$ bins $W^-$ all $\eta$ bins	$0.99 \\ 1.04$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.80 \\ 6.28 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.10 \\ 0.14 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.09 \\ 0.12 \end{array}$	0.06 0.08	$\begin{array}{c} 0.51 \\ 0.68 \end{array}$	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (fraction, shape) $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (fraction, shape)	0.0	4.0	3.5	4.5		0.4	4.3	5.2
	1.04			0.12	0.08	0.08	$Z \to \tau \tau$ (fraction, shape) $Z \to \tau \tau$ (fraction, shape)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
		$W \rightarrow$	$e\nu$				WW, WZ, ZZ (fraction)	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.2 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.4$	$0.2 \\ 0.4$	$0.1 \\ 0.3$	$0.3 \\ 0.4$
Category	$W \to \tau \nu$	$Z \to ee$	$Z \to \tau \tau$	Top	Dibosons	Multijet	Top (fraction) $Top$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.1 \\ 0.1$	$0.4 \\ 0.3$	$0.4 \\ 0.3$	0.3	0.4 0.3
$W^{\pm} \ 0.0 <  \eta  < 0.6$	1.02	3.34	0.13	0.15	0.08	0.59	Multijet (fraction)	3.2	3.6	1.8	2.4	0.5 8.1	8.6	$\frac{0.3}{3.7}$	4.6
$W^{\pm} \ 0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	1.00	3.48	0.12	0.13	0.08	0.76	Multijet (fraction) Multijet (shape)								
$W^{\pm} 1.8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.97	3.23	0.11	0.05	0.05	1.74	Multifet (snape)	3.8	3.1	1.6	1.5	8.6	8.0	2.5	2.4
$W^{\pm}$ all $\eta$ bins	1.00	3.37	0.12	0.12	0.07	1.00	Total	6.0	6.8	4.3	5.3	12.6	13.4	6.2	7.4
$W^+$ all $\eta$ bins	0.98	2.92	0.10	0.11	0.06	0.84									
$W^-$ all $\eta$ bins	1.04	3.98	0.14	0.13	0.08	1.21									

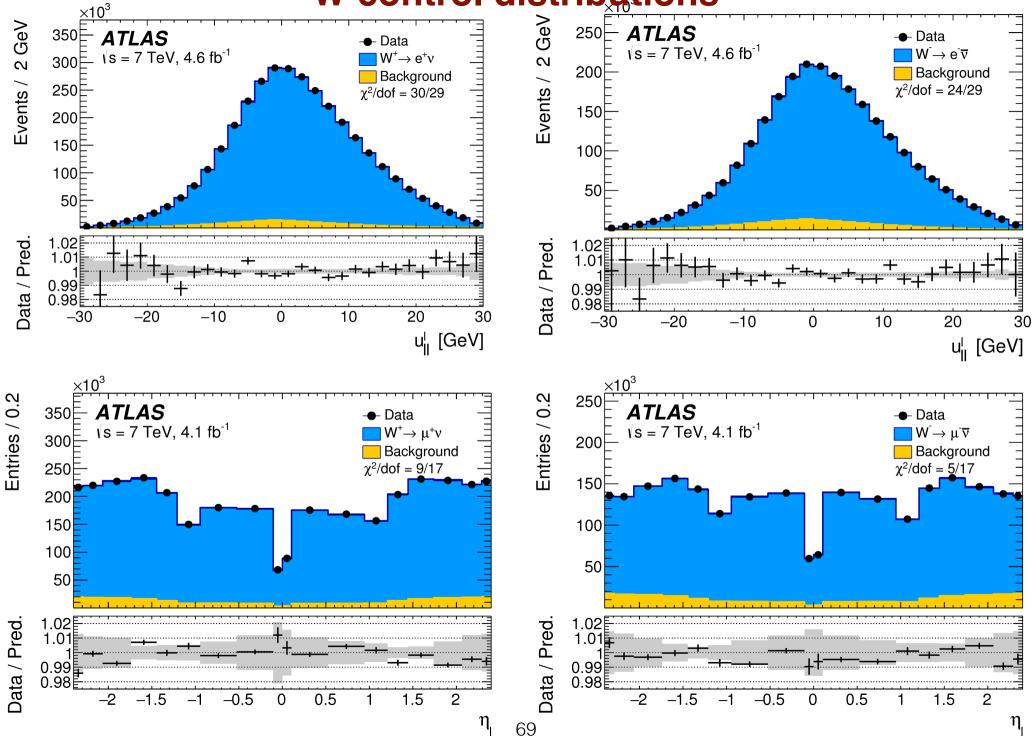
# W background

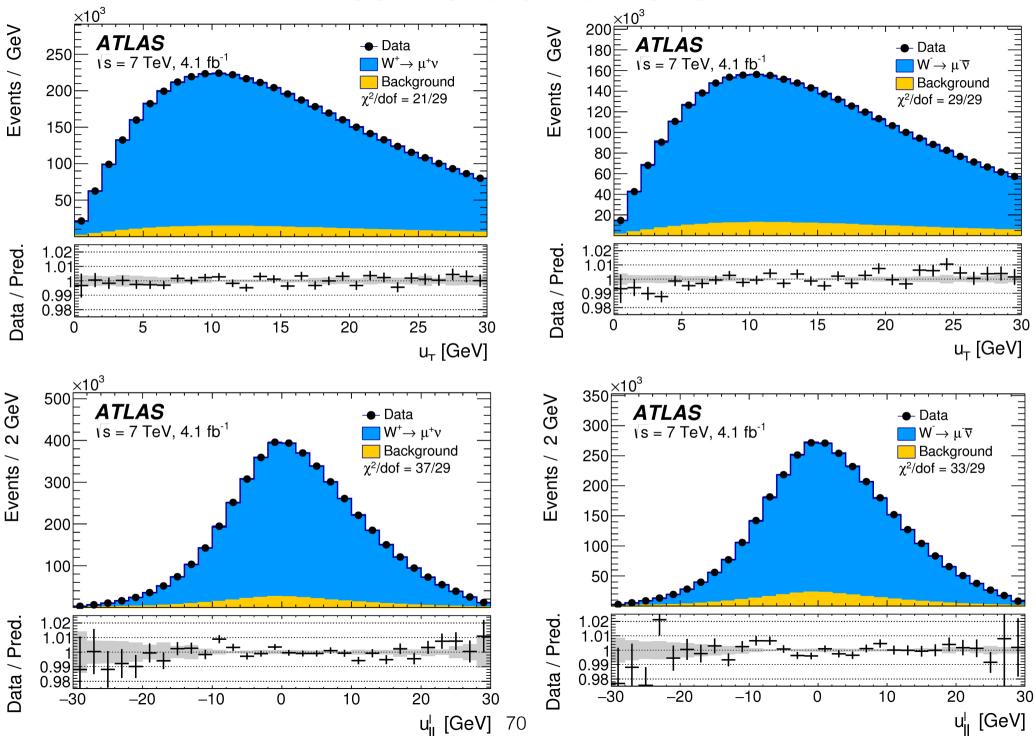


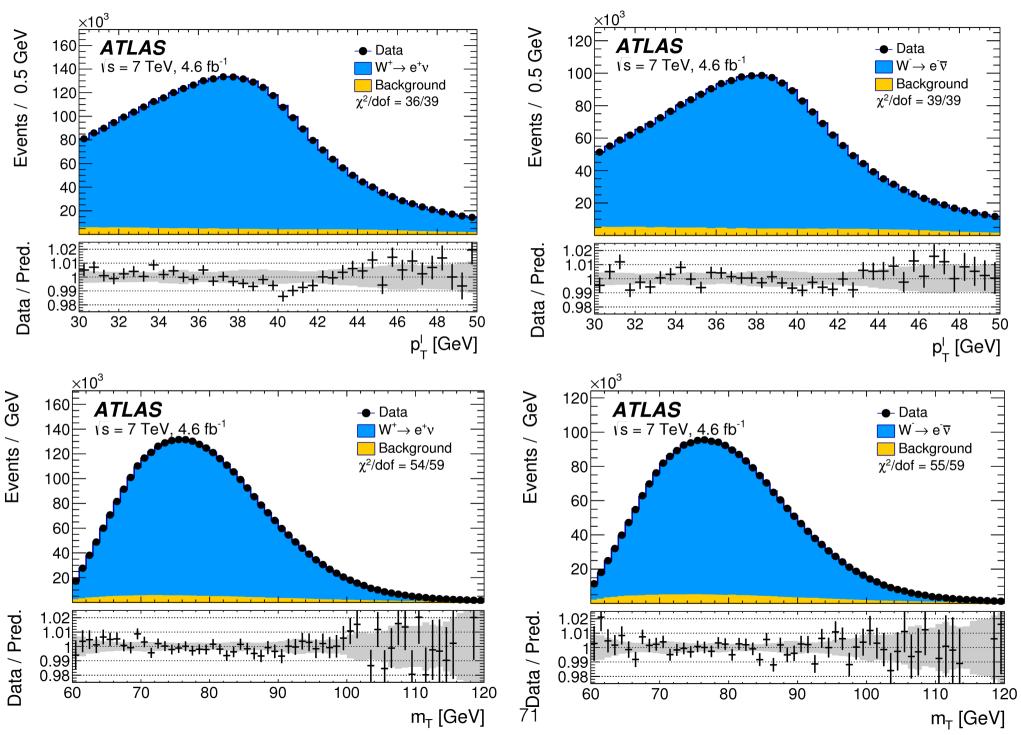
# W background

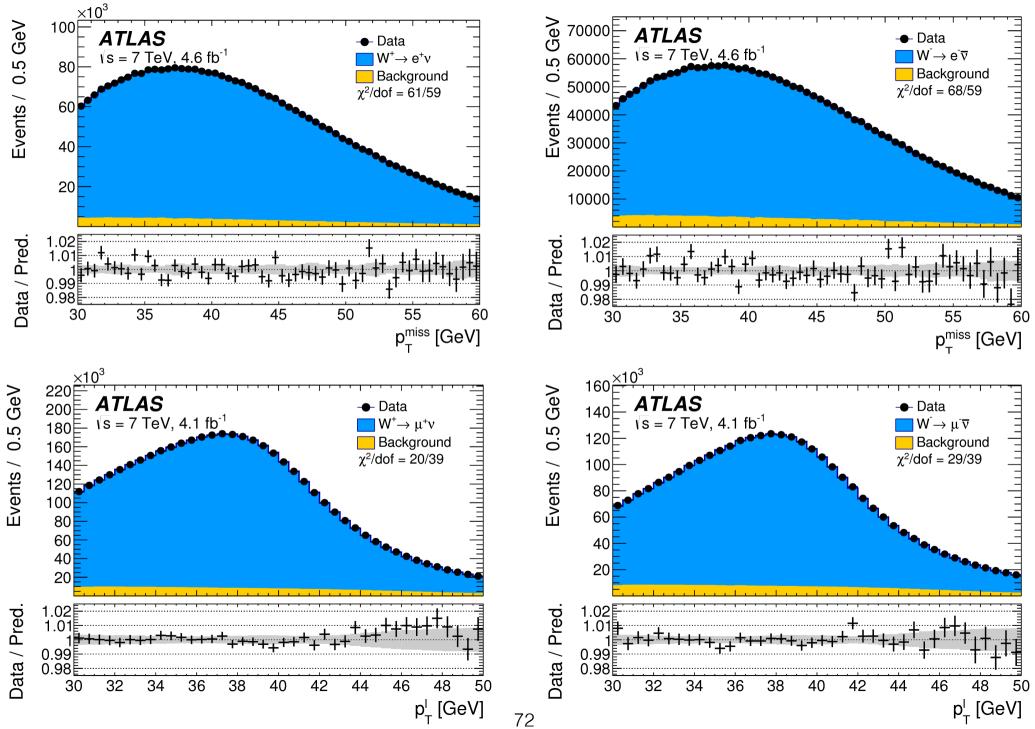


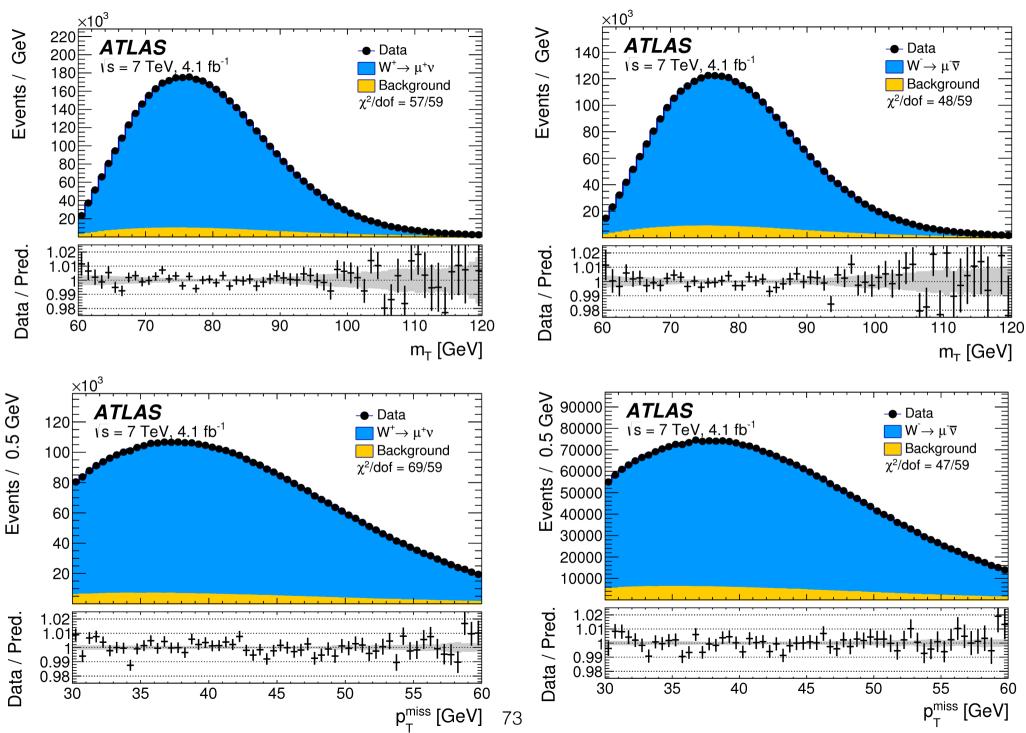


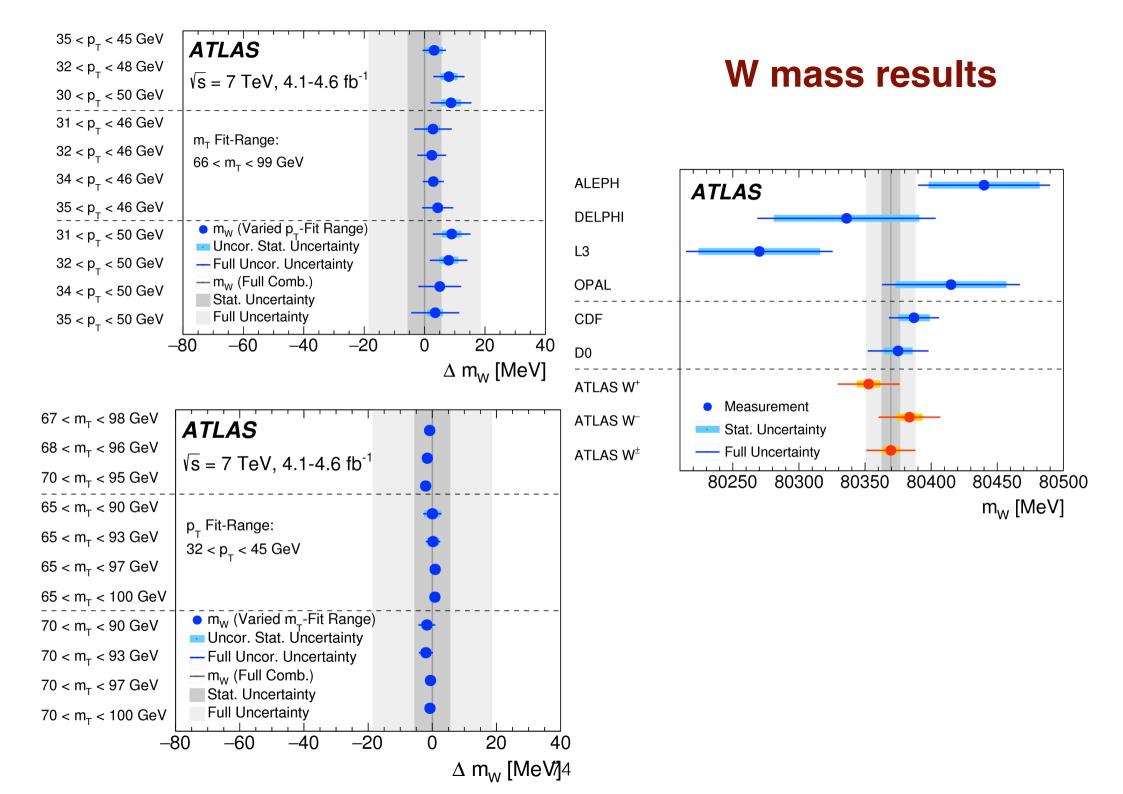












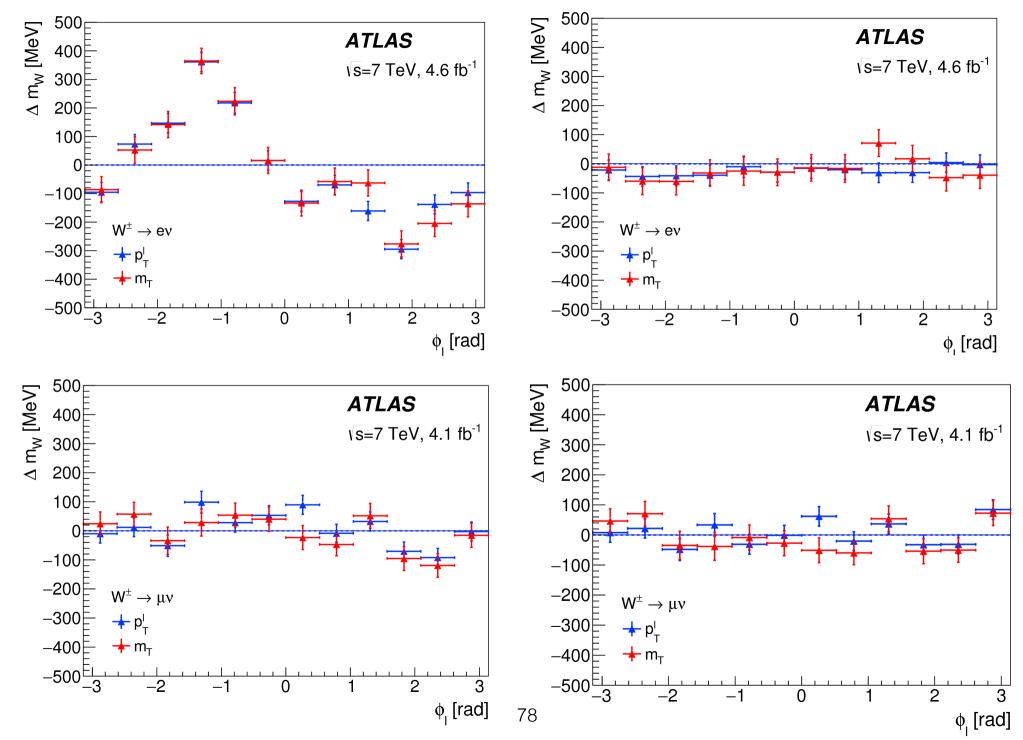
Channel	$  m_W$	Stat.	Muon	Elec.	Recoil	Bckg.	QCD	EW	PDF	Total
$m_{\mathrm{T}} ext{-}\mathrm{Fit}$	[MeV]	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.
$W^+ \to \mu\nu,  \eta  < 0.8$	80371.3	29.2	12.4	0.0	15.2	8.1	9.9	3.4	28.4	47.1
$W^+ \to \mu \nu, 0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	80354.1	32.1	19.3	0.0	13.0	6.8	9.6	3.4	23.3	47.6
$W^+ \to \mu \nu, 1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	80426.3	30.2	35.1	0.0	14.3	7.2	9.3	3.4	27.2	56.9
$W^+ \to \mu\nu, 2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80334.6	40.9	112.4	0.0	14.4	9.0	8.4	3.4	32.8	125.5
$W^-  ightarrow \mu  u,  \eta  < 0.8$	80375.5	30.6	11.6	0.0	13.1	8.5	9.5	3.4	30.6	48.5
$W^- \to \mu \nu, 0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	80417.5	36.4	18.5	0.0	12.2	7.7	9.7	3.4	22.2	49.7
$W^- \to \mu \nu, 1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	80379.4	35.6	33.9	0.0	10.5	8.1	9.7	3.4	23.1	56.9
$W^- \to \mu \nu, 2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80334.2	52.4	123.7	0.0	11.6	10.2	9.9	3.4	34.1	139.9
$W^+ \to e\nu,  \eta  < 0.6$	80352.9	29.4	0.0	19.5	13.1	15.3	9.9	3.4	28.5	50.8
$W^+ \to e\nu, 0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	80381.5	30.4	0.0	21.4	15.1	13.2	9.6	3.4	23.5	49.4
$W^+ \to e\nu, 1, 8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80352.4	32.4	0.0	26.6	16.4	32.8	8.4	3.4	27.3	62.6
$W^-  ightarrow e u,  \eta  < 0.6$	80415.8	31.3	0.0	16.4	11.8	15.5	9.5	3.4	31.3	52.1
$W^-  ightarrow e u, 0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	80297.5	33.0	0.0	18.7	11.2	12.8	9.7	3.4	23.9	49.0
$W^- \rightarrow e\nu, 1.8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80423.8	42.8	0.0	33.2	12.8	35.1	9.9	3.4	28.1	72.3
$p_{\mathrm{T}}$ -Fit										
$W^+ \to \mu\nu,  \eta  < 0.8$	80327.7	22.1	12.2	0.0	2.6	5.1	9.0	6.0	24.7	37.3
$W^+ \to \mu \nu, 0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	80357.3	25.1	19.1	0.0	2.5	4.7	8.9	6.0	20.6	39.5
$W^+ \to \mu \nu, 1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	80446.9	23.9	33.1	0.0	2.5	4.9	8.2	6.0	25.2	49.3
$W^+ \to \mu \nu, 2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80334.1	34.5	110.1	0.0	2.5	6.4	6.7	6.0	31.8	120.2
$W^-  ightarrow \mu  u,  \eta  < 0.8$	80427.8	23.3	11.6	0.0	2.6	5.8	8.1	6.0	26.4	39.0
$W^- \to \mu \nu, 0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	80395.6	27.9	18.3	0.0	2.5	5.6	8.0	6.0	19.8	40.5
$W^- \rightarrow \mu\nu, 1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	80380.6	28.1	35.2	0.0	2.6	5.6	8.0	6.0	20.6	50.9
$W^- \rightarrow \mu\nu, 2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80315.2	45.5	116.1	0.0	2.6	7.6	8.3	6.0	32.7	129.6
$W^+ \to e\nu,  \eta  < 0.6$	80336.5	22.2	0.0	20.1	2.5	6.4	9.0	5.3	24.5	40.7
$W^+ \to e\nu, 0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	80345.8	22.8	0.0	21.4	2.6	6.7	8.9	5.3	20.5	39.4
$W^+ \to e\nu, 1, 8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80344.7	24.0	0.0	30.8	2.6	11.9	6.7	5.3	24.1	48.2
$W^-  ightarrow e u,  \eta  < 0.6$	80351.0	23.1	0.0	19.8	2.6	7.2	8.1	5.3	26.6	42.2
$W^- \to e \nu, 0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	80309.8	24.9	0.0	19.7	2.7	7.3	8.0	5.3	20.9	39.9
$W^- \rightarrow e\nu, 1.8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	80413.4	30.1	$0.0^{-7}$	′5 30.7	2.7	11.5	8.3	5.3	22.7	51.0

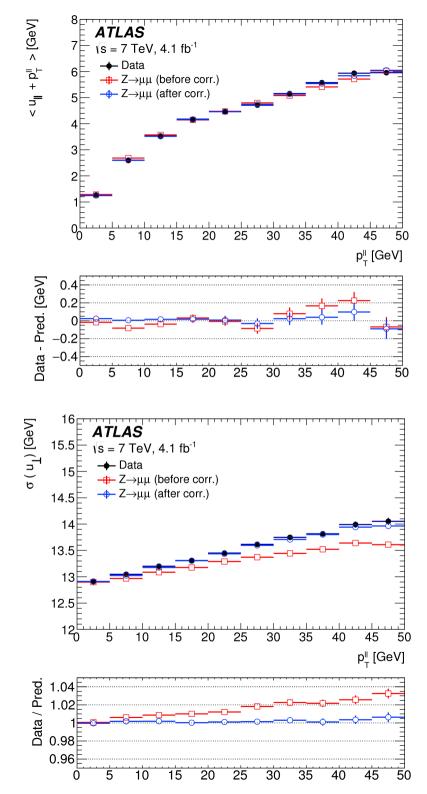
Combined	Value	Stat.	Muon	Elec.	Recoil	Bckg.	QCD	EW	PDF	Total	$\chi^2/dof$
categories	[MeV]	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	Unc.	of Comb.
$m_{\mathrm{T}}, W^+, e$ - $\mu$	80370.0	12.3	8.3	6.7	14.5	9.7	9.4	3.4	16.9	30.9	2/6
$m_{ m T},W^-,e extsf{-}\mu$	80381.1	13.9	8.8	6.6	11.8	10.2	9.7	3.4	16.2	30.5	7/6
$m_{\mathrm{T}}, W^{\pm}, e$ - $\mu$	80375.7	9.6	7.8	5.5	13.0	8.3	9.6	3.4	10.2	25.1	11/13
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell},W^+,e extsf{-}\mu$	80352.0	9.6	6.5	8.4	2.5	5.2	8.3	5.7	14.5	23.5	5/6
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell},W^{-},e extsf{-}\mu$	80383.4	10.8	7.0	8.1	2.5	6.1	8.1	5.7	13.5	23.6	10/6
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell},W^{\pm},e ext{-}\mu$	80369.4	7.2	6.3	6.7	2.5	4.6	8.3	5.7	9.0	18.7	19/13
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^{\pm}, e$	80347.2	9.9	0.0	14.8	2.6	5.7	8.2	5.3	8.9	23.1	4/5
$m_{\mathrm{T}}, W^{\pm}, e$	80364.6	13.5	0.0	14.4	13.2	12.8	9.5	3.4	10.2	30.8	8/5
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^+, e$	80345.4	11.7	0.0	16.0	3.8	7.4	8.3	5.0	13.7	27.4	1/5
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^{-}, e$	80359.4	12.9	0.0	15.1	3.9	8.5	8.4	4.9	13.4	27.6	8/5
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^{\pm}, e$	80349.8	9.0	0.0	14.7	3.3	6.1	8.3	5.1	9.0	22.9	12/11
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}, W^{\pm}, \mu$	80382.3	10.1	10.7	0.0	2.5	3.9	8.4	6.0	10.7	21.4	7/7
$m_{ m T},W^{\pm},\mu$	80381.5	13.0	11.6	0.0	13.0	6.0	9.6	3.4	11.2	27.2	3/7
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell},W^{+},\mu$	80364.1	11.4	12.4	0.0	4.0	4.7	8.8	5.4	17.6	27.2	5/7
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell},W^{-},\mu$	80398.6	12.0	13.0	0.0	4.1	5.7	8.4	5.3	16.8	27.4	3/7
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{ar{\ell}},W^{\pm},\mu$	80382.0	8.6	10.7	0.0	3.7	4.3	8.6	5.4	10.9	21.0	10/15
$m_{\rm T} - p_{\rm T}^{\ell}, W^+, e - \mu$	80352.7	8.9	6.6	8.2	3.1	5.5	8.4	5.4	14.6	23.4	7/13
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$ - $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{ar{\ell}},W^{-},e$ - $\mu$	80383.6	9.7	7.2	7.8	3.3	6.6	8.3	5.3	13.6	23.4	15/13
$m_{\rm T} - p_{\rm T}^{\ell}, W^{\pm}, e - \mu$	80369.5	6.8	6.6	6.4	2.9	4.5	8.3	5.5	9.2	18.5	29/27

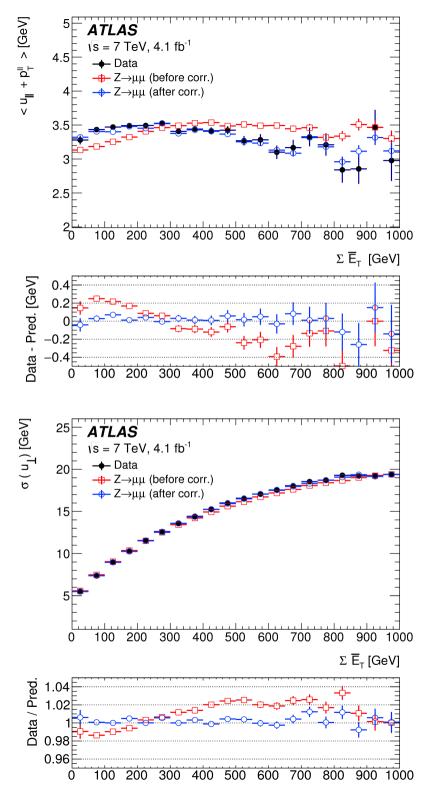
Decay channel	V	$V \to e\nu$	V	$V \to \mu \nu$	С	ombined
Kinematic distribution	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{ m T}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{ m T}$	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^\ell$	$m_{ m T}$
$\Delta m_W  [{ m MeV}]$						
$\langle \mu \rangle$ in $[2.5, 6.5]$	$8 \pm 14$	$14\pm18$	$-21\pm12$	$0 \pm 16$	$-9 \pm 9$	$6 \pm 12$
$\langle \mu \rangle$ in $[6.5, 9.5]$	$-6 \pm 16$	$6 \pm 23$	$12 \pm 15$	$-8 \pm 22$	$4 \pm 11$	$-1 \pm 16$
$\langle \mu \rangle$ in [9.5, 16]	$-1 \pm 16$	$3\pm27$	$25 \pm 16$	$35 \pm 26$	$12 \pm 11$	$20 \pm 19$
$u_{\rm T}$ in $[0, 15]GeV$	$0 \pm 11$	$-8 \pm 13$	$5 \pm 10$	$8 \pm 12$	$3\pm~7$	$-1\pm9$
$u_{\rm T}$ in $[15, 30]GeV$	$10 \pm 15$	$0\pm24$	$-4 \pm 14$	$-18 \pm 22$	$2 \pm 10$	$-10 \pm 16$
$u_{  }^{\ell} < 0  GeV$	$8 \pm 15$	$20 \pm 17$	$3 \pm 13$	$-1 \pm 16$	$5 \pm 10$	$9\pm12$
$\begin{array}{l} u_{\parallel}^{\ell} < 0  GeV \\ u_{\parallel}^{\ell} > 0  GeV \end{array}$	$-9 \pm 10$	$1 \pm 14$	$-12 \pm 10$	$10 \pm 13$	$-11\pm~7$	$6 \pm 10$
No $p_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ -cut	$14 \pm 9$	$-1 \pm 13$	$10\pm 8$	$-6 \pm 12$	$12\pm 6$	$-4 \pm 9$

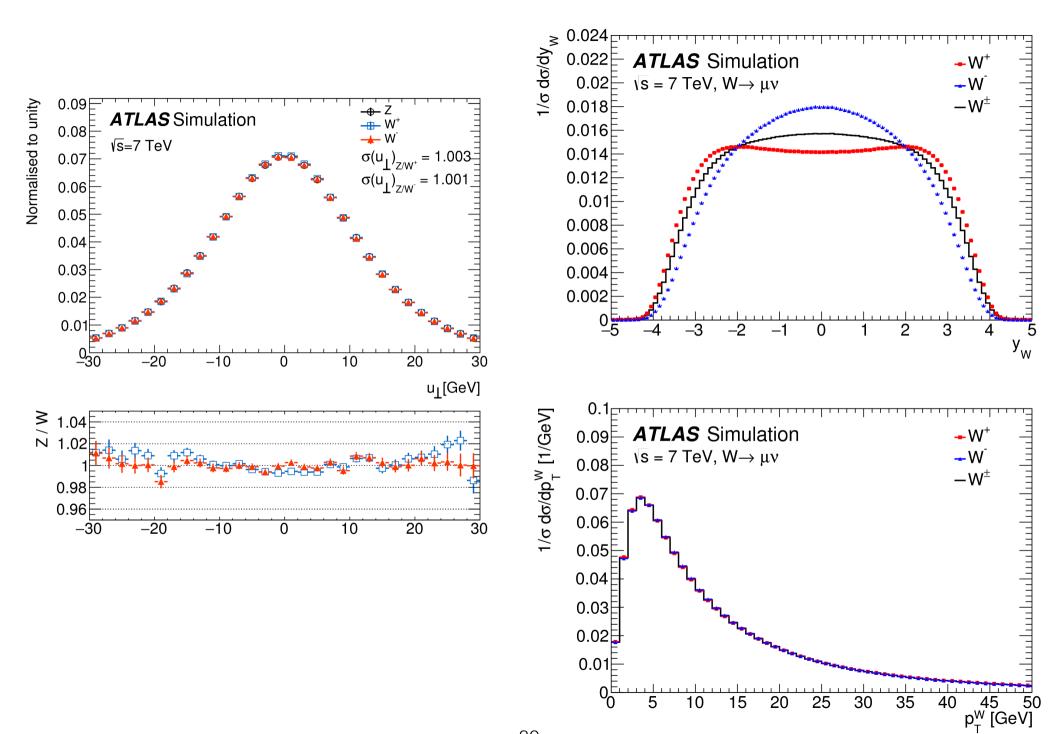
Channel	$\left \begin{array}{c} m_{W^+} - m_{W^-} \\ [\text{MeV}] \end{array}\right $									
$W \to e\nu$		17.5			0.9					
$\frac{W \to \mu \nu}{\text{Combined}}$	I	16.3   12.8			$\frac{1.1}{1.0}$		0.4			
Combined	-29.2	12.8	ა.ა	4.1	1.0	4.0	0.4	0.0	23.9	28.0

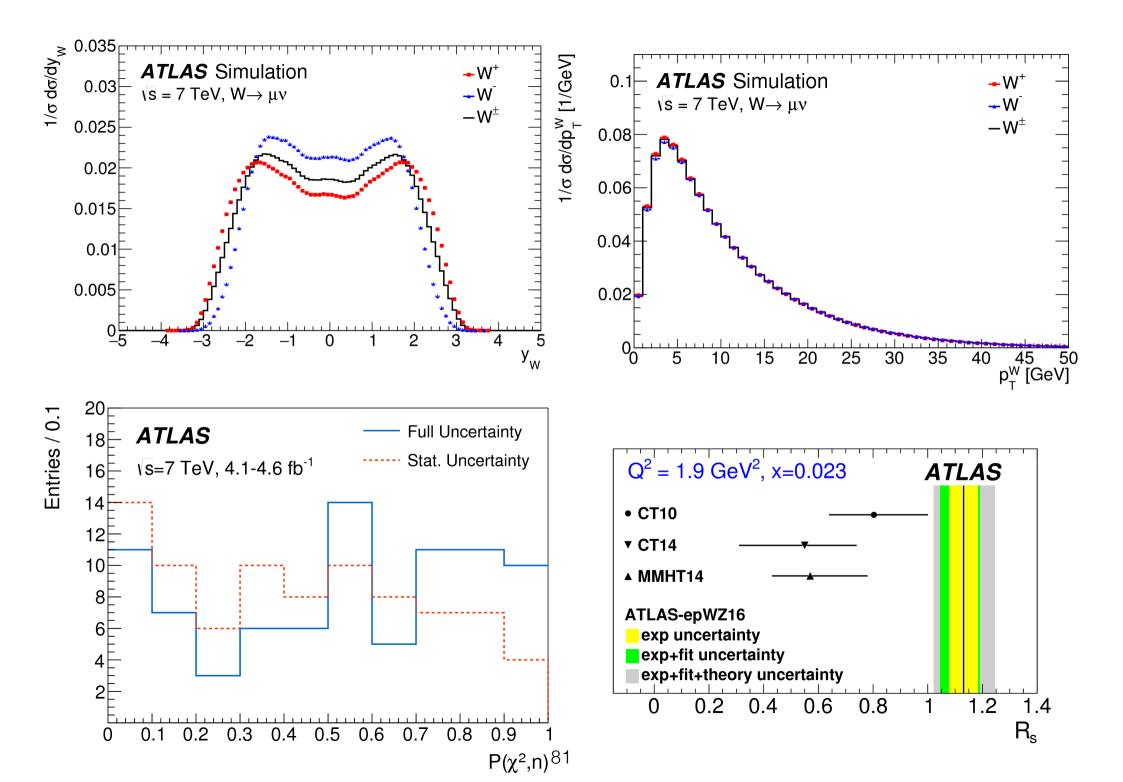
## W mass results











Observable	Channel	$\eta$ range	Weight
$m_{\mathrm{T}}$	$W^+ \to \mu \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.8$	0.018
		$0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	0.022
		$1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	0.003
		$2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.006
	$W^-  ightarrow \mu \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.8$	0.020
		$0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	0.018
		$1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	0.022
		$2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.001
	$W^+ \to e \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.6$	0.013
		$0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	0.001
		$1, 8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.010
	$W^- \to e \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.6$	0.008
		$0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	0.000
		$1.8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.002
$p_{ ext{T}}^\ell$	$W^+ \to \mu \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.8$	0.101
		$0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	0.076
		$1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	0.050
		$2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.011
	$W^- \to \mu \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.8$	0.097
		$0.8 <  \eta  < 1.4$	0.071
		$1.4 <  \eta  < 2.0$	0.047
		$2.0 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.010
	$W^+ \to e\nu$	$ \eta  < 0.6$	0.056
		$0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	0.071
		$1, 8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.081
	$W^- \to e \nu$	$ \eta  < 0.6$	0.062
		$0.6 <  \eta  < 1.2$	0.056
		$1.8 <  \eta  < 2.4$	0.0682

Combination	Weight
Electrons Muons	$0.427 \\ 0.573$
$m_{\rm T}$	0.144
$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}$	0.856
$W^+$	0.519
$W^{-}$	0.481