

# Beyond the Standard Model

A selection of the latest LHC results



Theory LHC France, IPN Orsay, France  
7-9 November 2016

Barbara Clerboux (IIHE-Brussels, ULB)  
on behalf of the ATLAS, CMS and LHCb experiments



# Plan of the talk



## 1. Introduction :

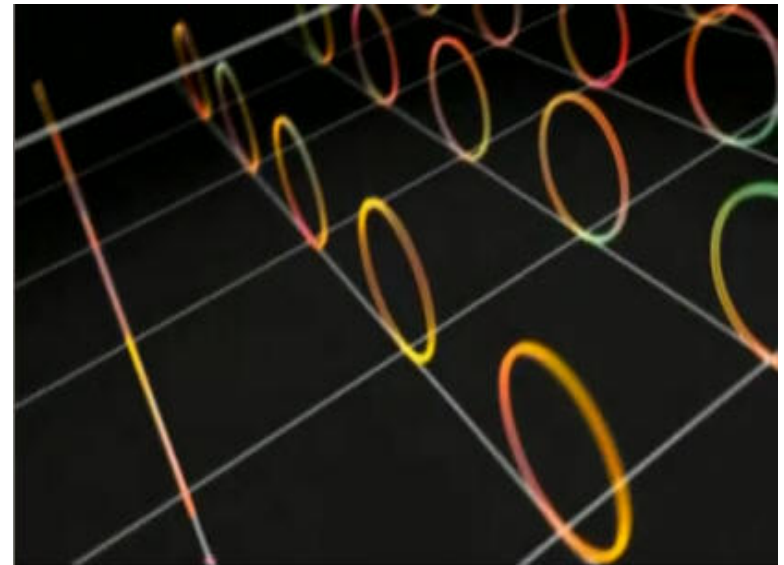
- Exploring the unknown
- The LHC Run2

## 2. Di-photon story

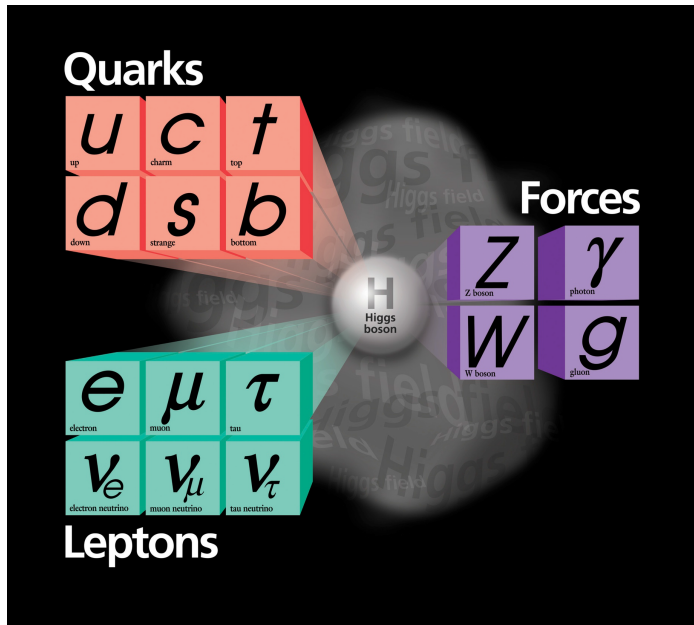
## 3. Searches for resonances :

dileptons, lepton+MET, dijets

4. Searches for diboson resonances
5. Searches for vector like quarks
6. Searches for long lived particles
7. BSM searches at LHCb
8. Conclusions



# Exploring the unknown



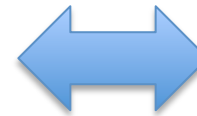
SM : Beautiful theory

Many “WHY” :

- Origin of EWSB ?
- Naturalness ?
- Unification ?
- More forces ? More dimensions ?
- Neutrinos nature and masses ?
- Matter/anti-matter asymmetry ?
- Nature of the dark matter
- Dark energy ?

## At the LHC :

- Energy frontiers : 13 TeV runs  
→ opening new phase space at high mass
- Collisions rates : above the design value  
Excellent LHC performance  
→ exploring small cross sections



**LHC now :**  
**key period**  
**for the search**  
**For new physics**  
**(at the energy frontier)**

# Exploring the unknown

New ideas  
Model DRIVEN

- Grand Unified Theories
- Leptoquarks
- Compactified Extra Dimension
- Quantum Black Holes
- Little Higgs
- Hidden Valley
- Contact Interactions/Compositeness
- Exited Fermions
- Technicolor
- ...

SUSY -> Loïc's talk  
Extended scalar sector -> Suzanne's talk  
DM -> Marie-Helene's talk



New ideas  
Topology DRIVEN

- Resonances (bumps hunting)
- multi-boson resonances
- boosted topologies
- Large missing transverse momentum
- Heavy quarks
- Excesses in high mass tails
- Long lived particles
- Systematics scan / topologies
- .....

If signal is observed  
→ Characterisation

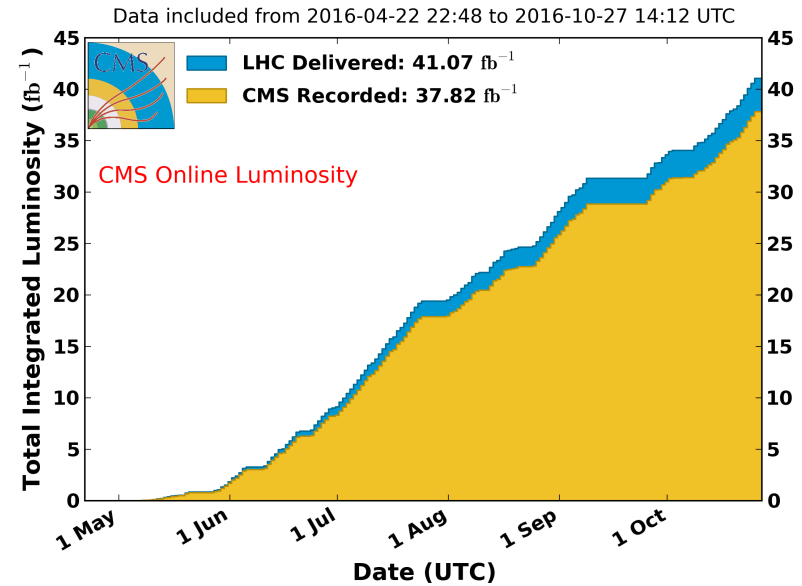


# LHC performance

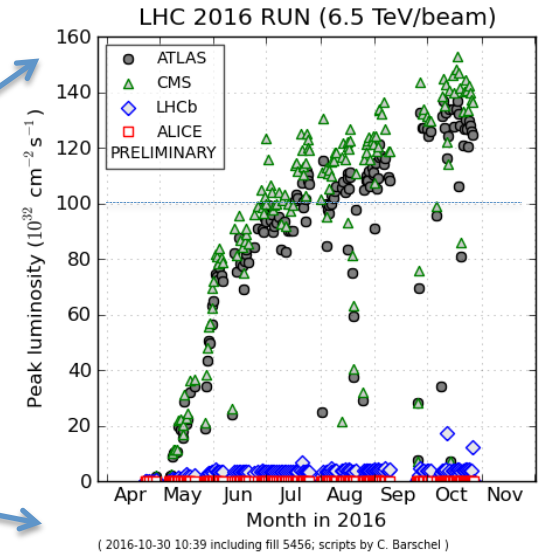
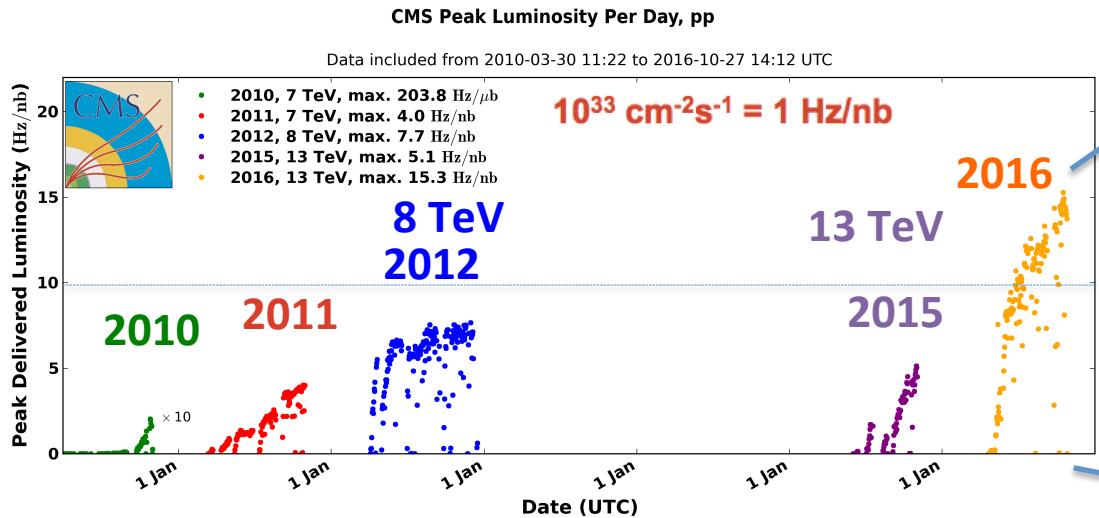
- **Run 2 Dataset**

- 2015: ~3 /fb
- 2016: ~40 /fb delivered to CMS and ATLAS
- August 2016 : 13 /fb analyzed & presented at ICHEP

**CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2016,  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV**



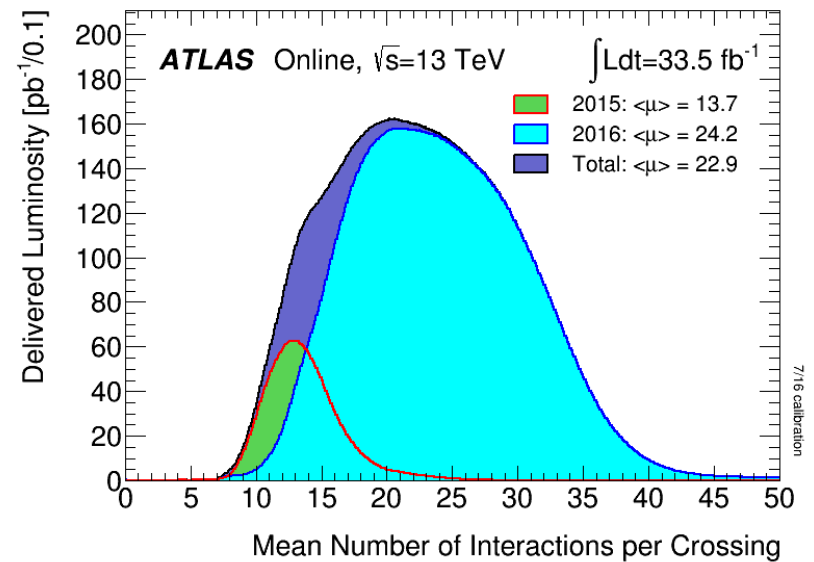
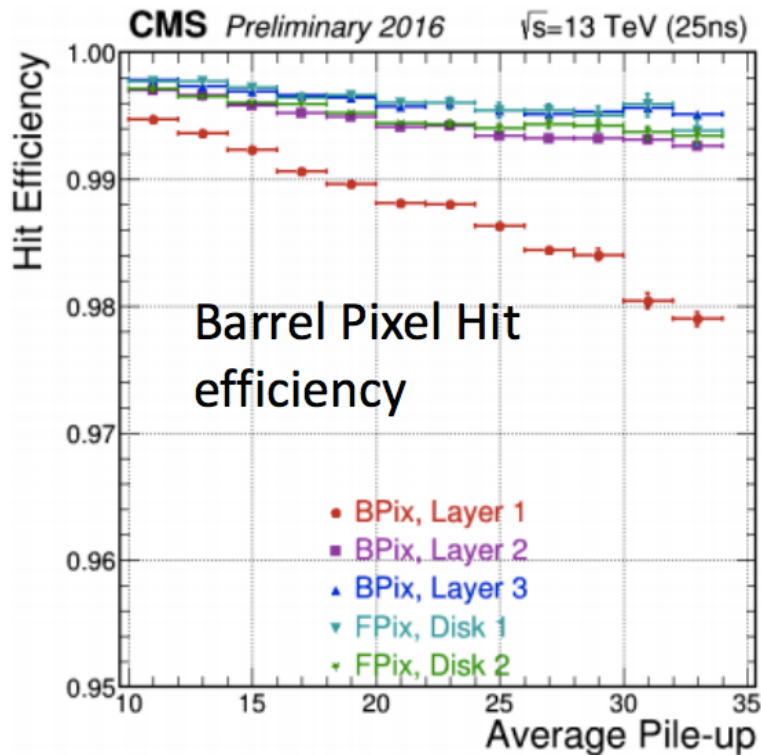
- **Instantaneous Luminosity** (Design Lumi = 10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>)



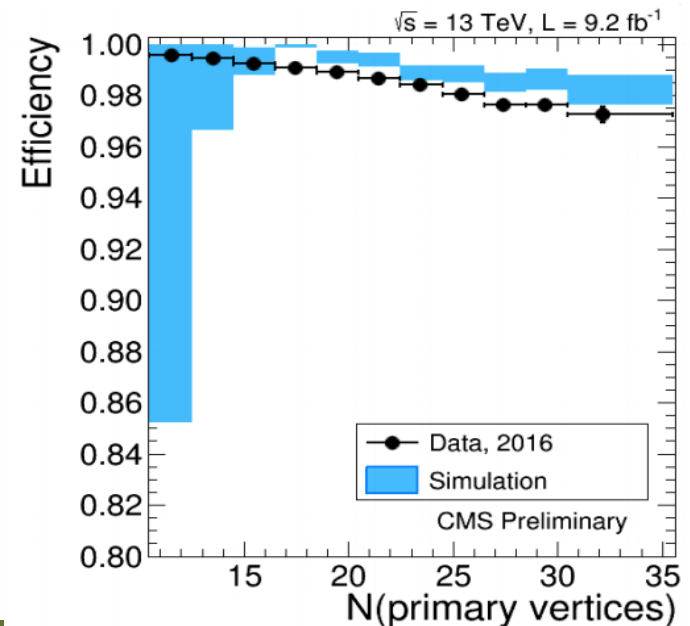
# Pile-up events

- Challenge : high values for the mean number of pile-up events

## Pixel Hit Efficiency



## Muon reconstruction efficiency

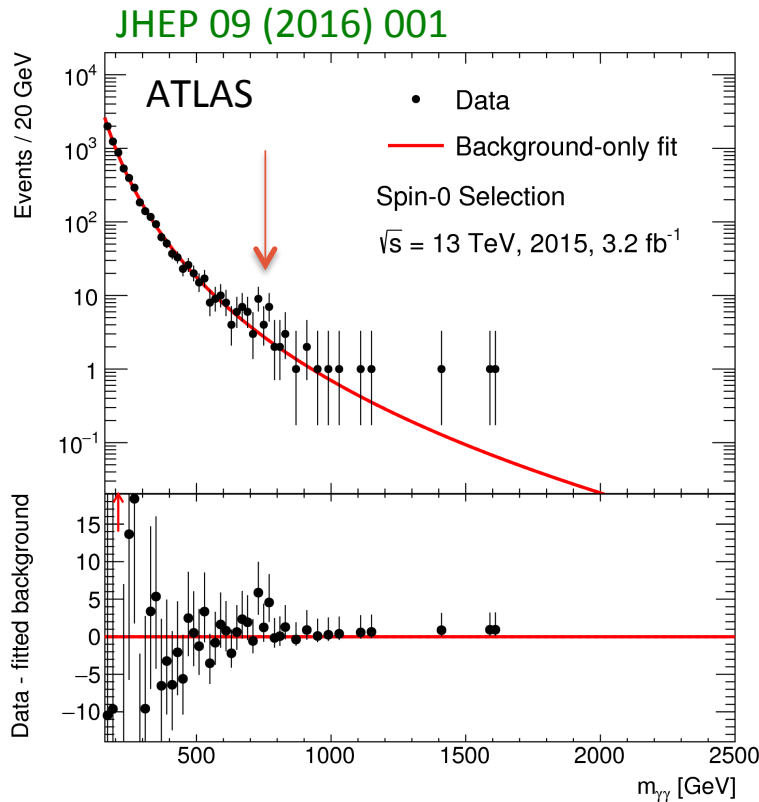


CMS-DP-2016-043

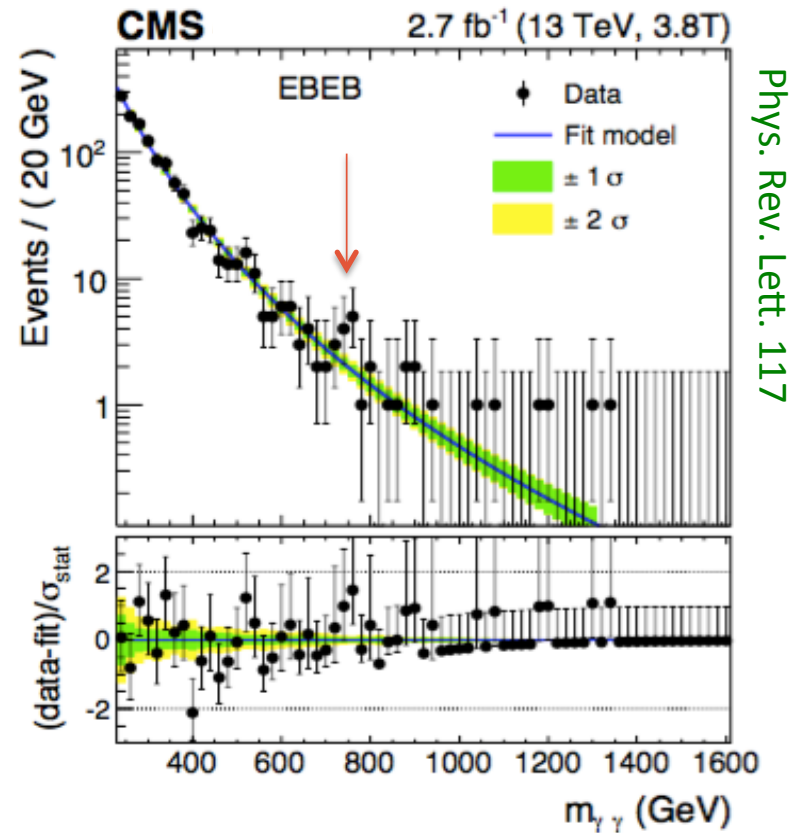
# Di-photon story

- **$\gamma\gamma$  resonances at 750 GeV: 2015 data**

Mass resolution at 750 GeV < 1%



- M= 750 GeV ( $\Gamma/M = 6\%$ )
- $3.9\sigma$  (local);  $2.1\sigma$  (global)
  - $3.4\sigma$  (local);  $\sim 2\sigma$  (global) w/reprocessing

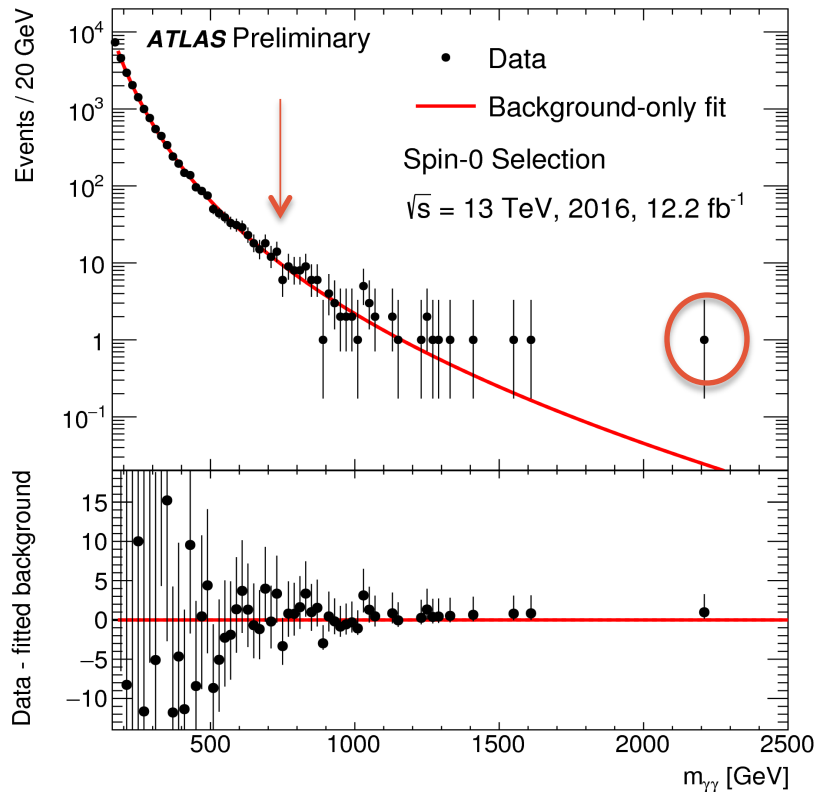


- M= 760 GeV ( $\Gamma/M = 0.014$ )
- $2.9\sigma$  (local);  $1\sigma$  (global)
  - $3.4\sigma$  (local);  $>1.6\sigma$  (global) w/2015+8TeV

Phys. Rev. Lett. 117

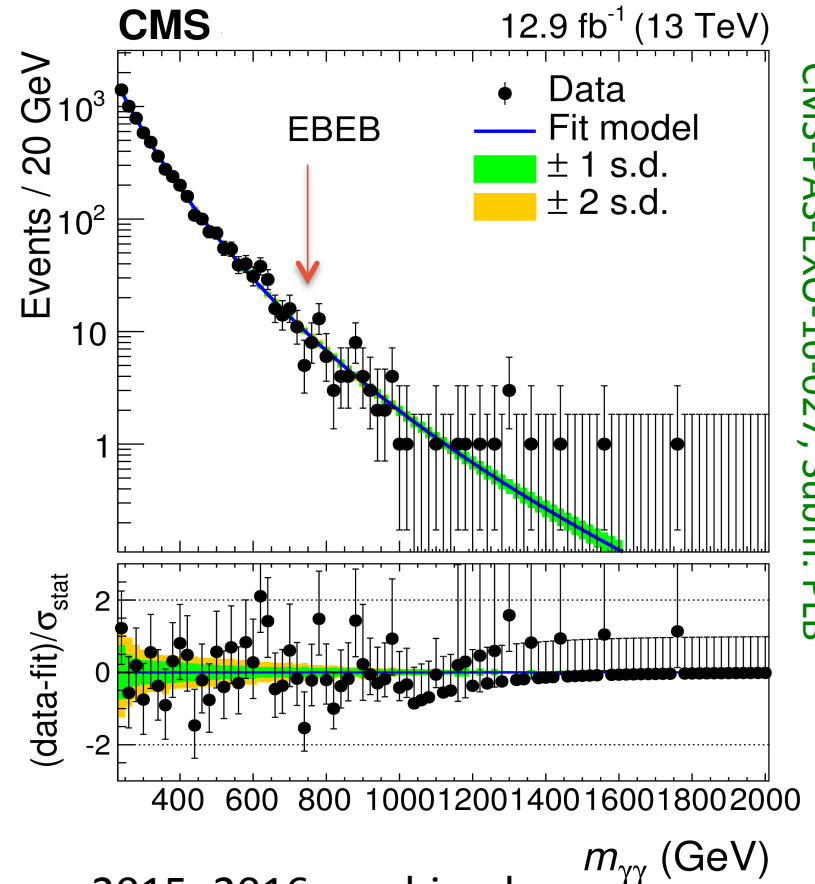
# Di-photon story

- $\gamma\gamma$  resonances at 750 GeV: **2016 data**



ATLAS-CONF-2016-059

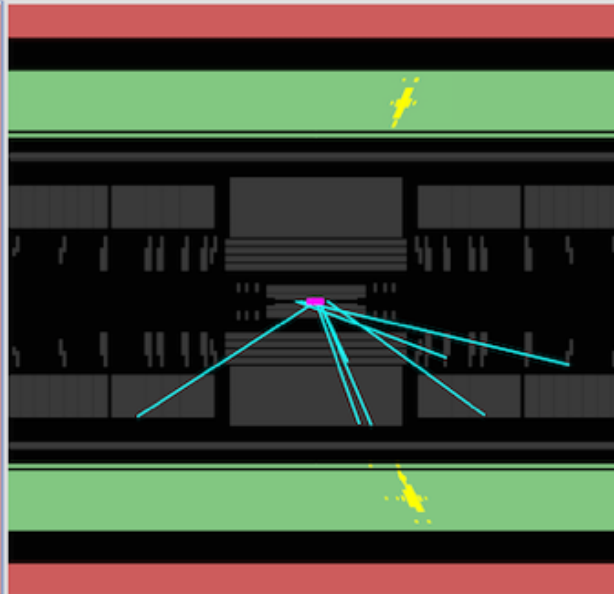
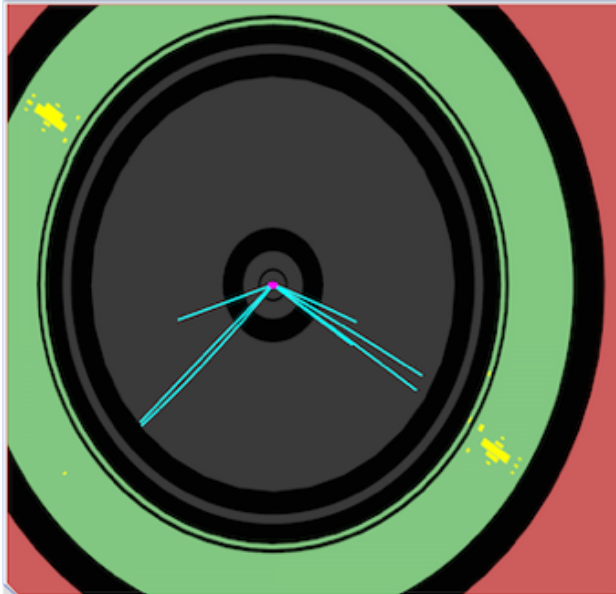
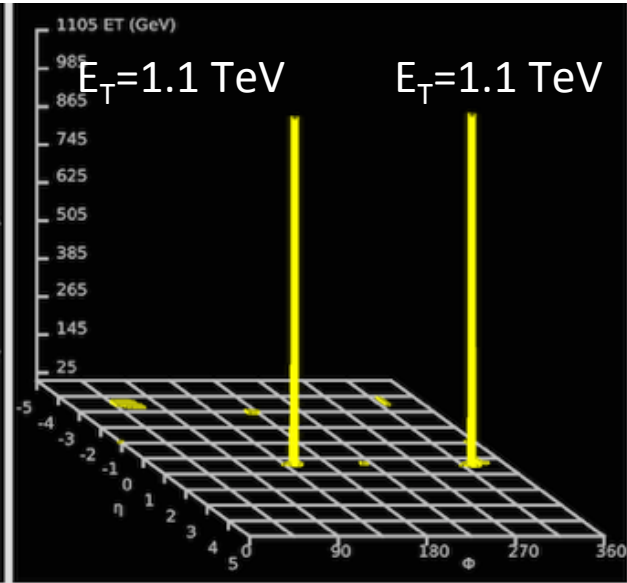
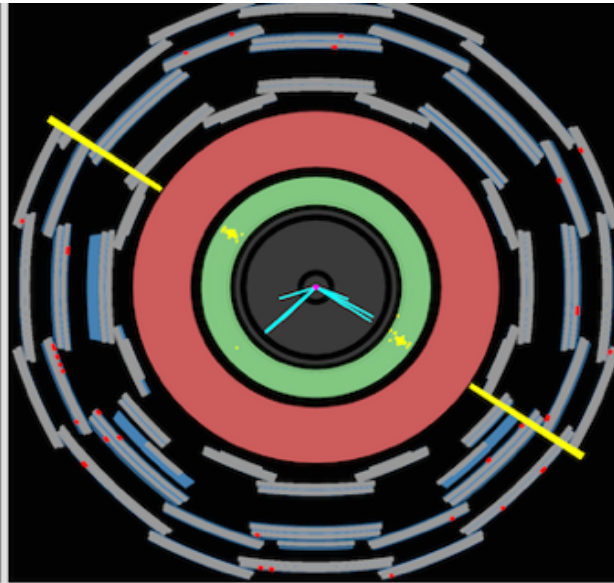
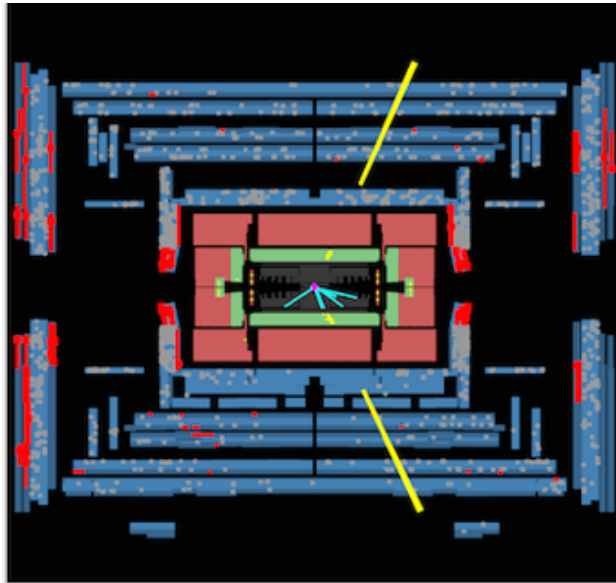
- 2015+2016 combined :
- M= 710 GeV ( $\Gamma/M = 10\%$ )
  - $2.3\sigma$  (local);  $<1\sigma$  (global)



CMS-PAS-EXO-16-027, Subm. PLB

- 2015+2016 combined :
- M= 760 GeV ( $\Gamma/M = 0.014$ )
  - $< 1\sigma$  (local)

# Heaviest diphoton mass event : 2.2 TeV



**ATLAS**  
EXPERIMENT

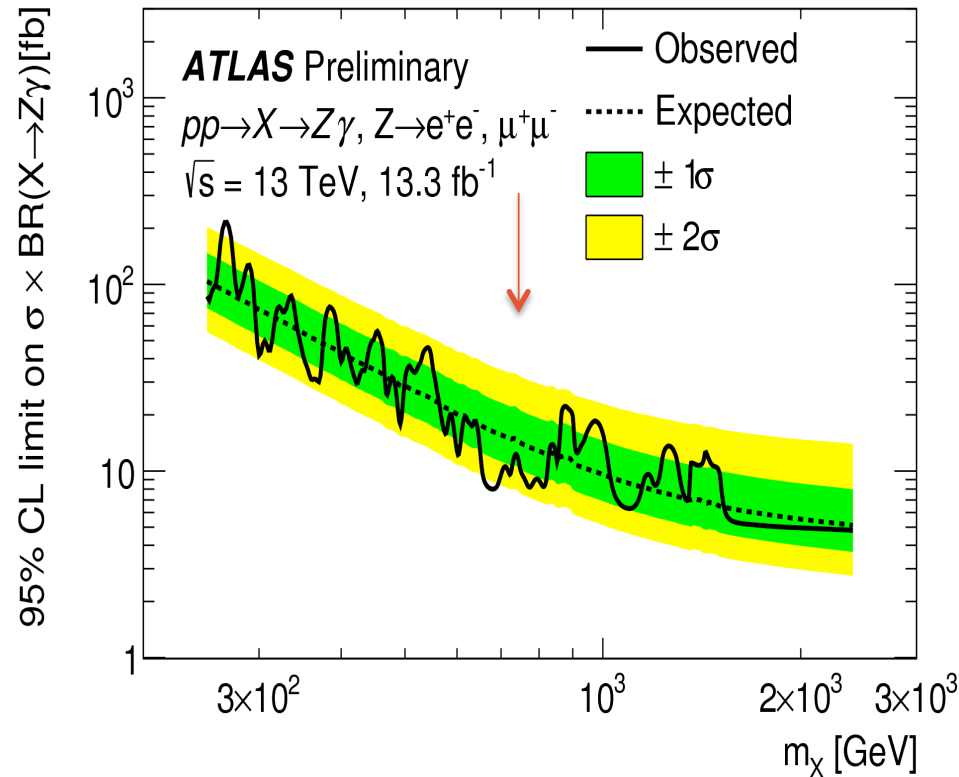
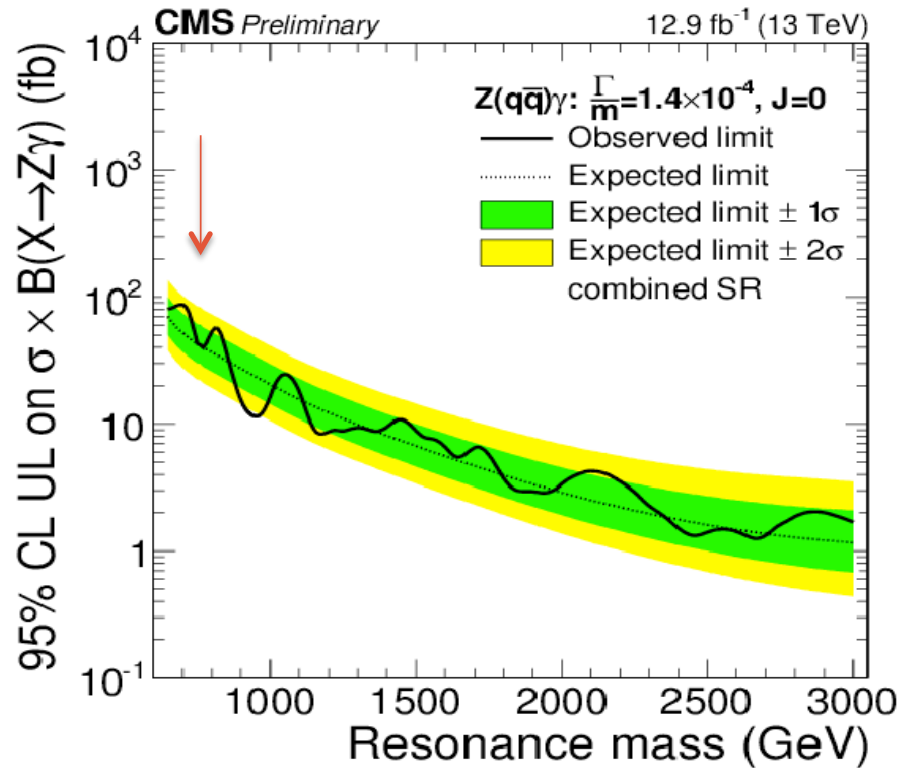
Run Number: 302956, Event Number: 2656107838

Date: 2016-06-29 14:32:52 CEST



# Z $\gamma$ channel

- Search for resonances in the Z $\gamma$  channel : **2016 data**



→ No excess observed

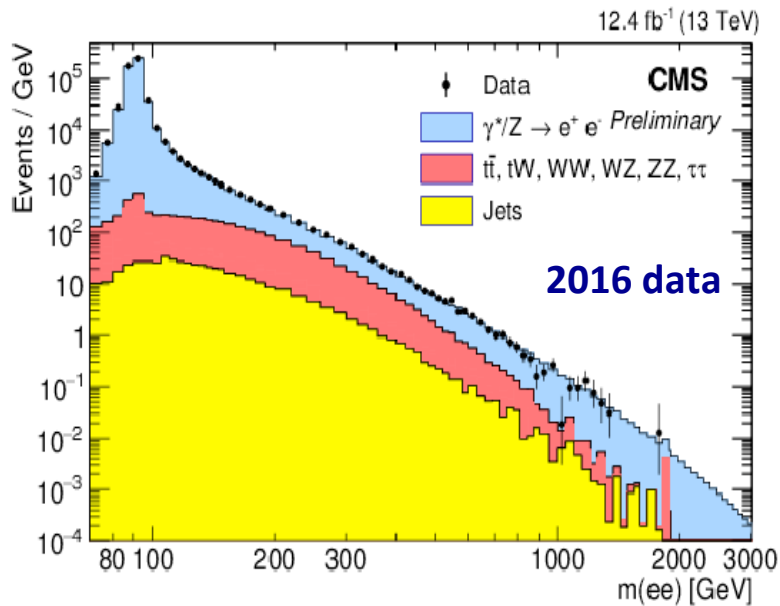
CMS-PAS-EXO-16-035  
 CMS-PAS-EXO-16-034

ATLAS-CONF-2016-044

# Resonances : Dilepton

- Same flavor opposite sign ( $e\bar{e}$ ,  $\mu\bar{\mu}$ ,  $\tau\bar{\tau}$ )

ATLAS-CONF-2016-045  
CMS-PAS-EXO-16-031



$Z'_\psi$  (width = 0.5%) > 3.36 TeV

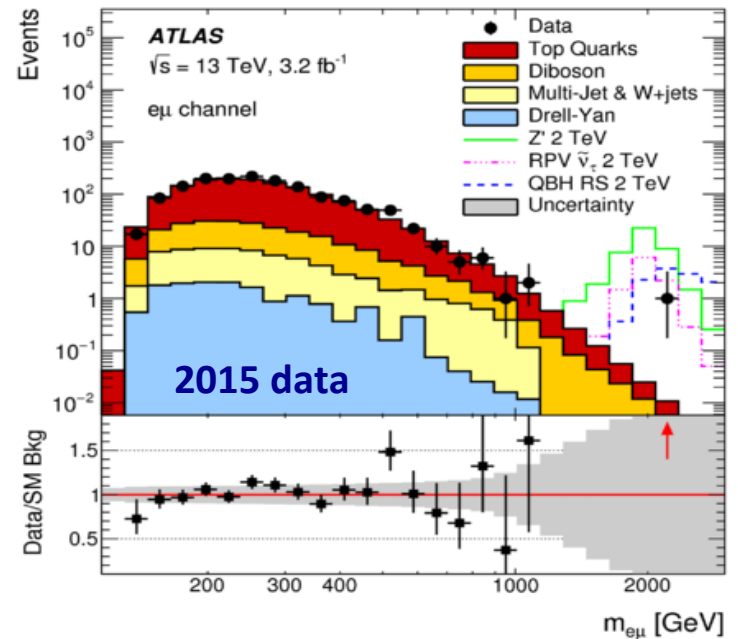
$Z'_{SSM}$  (width = 3%) > 4.05 TeV

(2015 data only :  $Z'_{SSM}$  > 3.2 TeV)

(2012 data at 8 TeV :  $Z'_{SSM}$  > 2.9 TeV)

- Lepton Flavor Violation ( $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$ )

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-001  
ATLAS : EPJC 76(2016)541

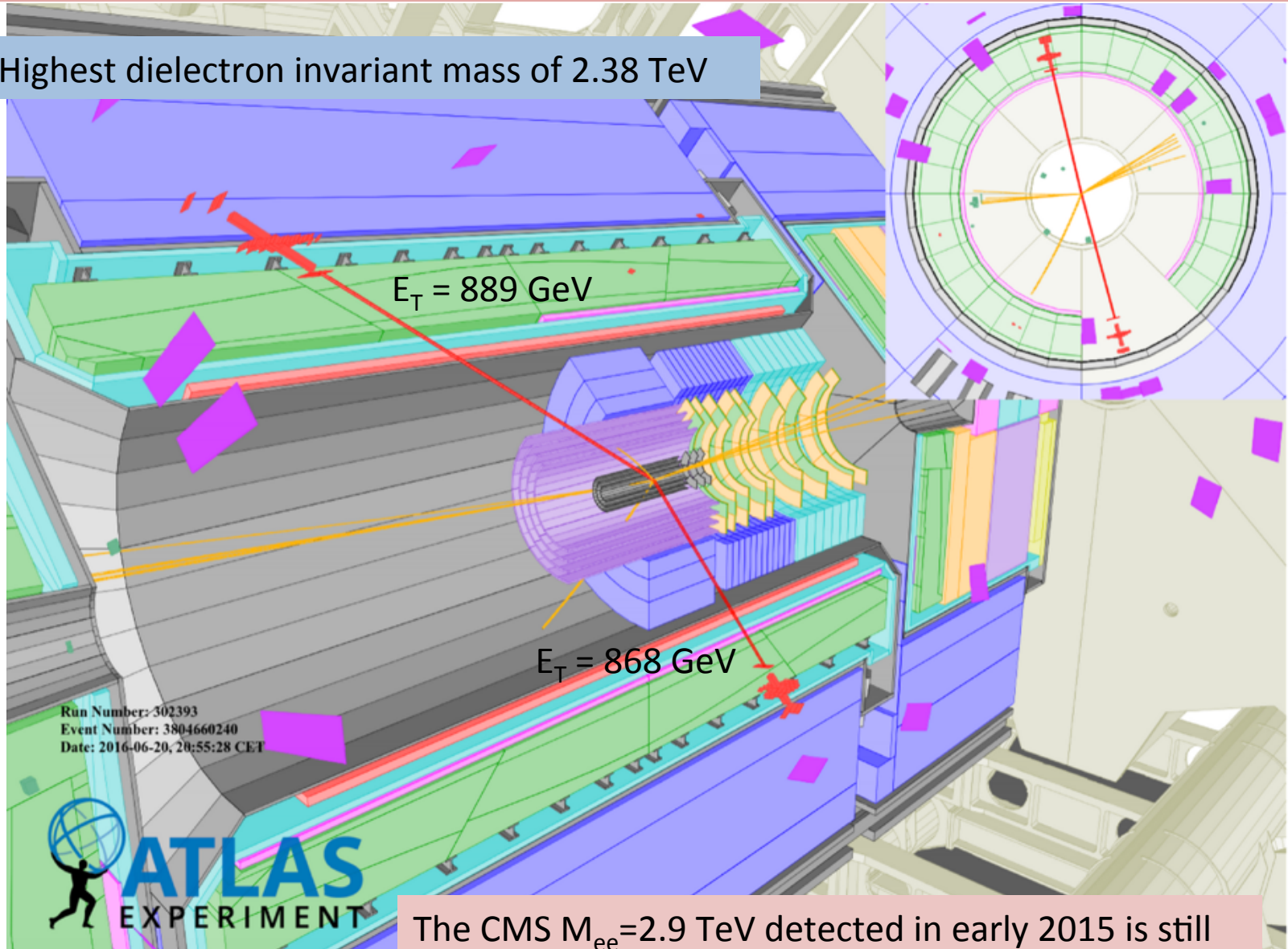


QBH(n=6) > 4.5 TeV

RPV( $\lambda_{311} = \lambda_{132} = \lambda_{231} = 0.2$ ) > 3.3 TeV

# Resonances : Dilepton

ATLAS Highest dielectron invariant mass of 2.38 TeV



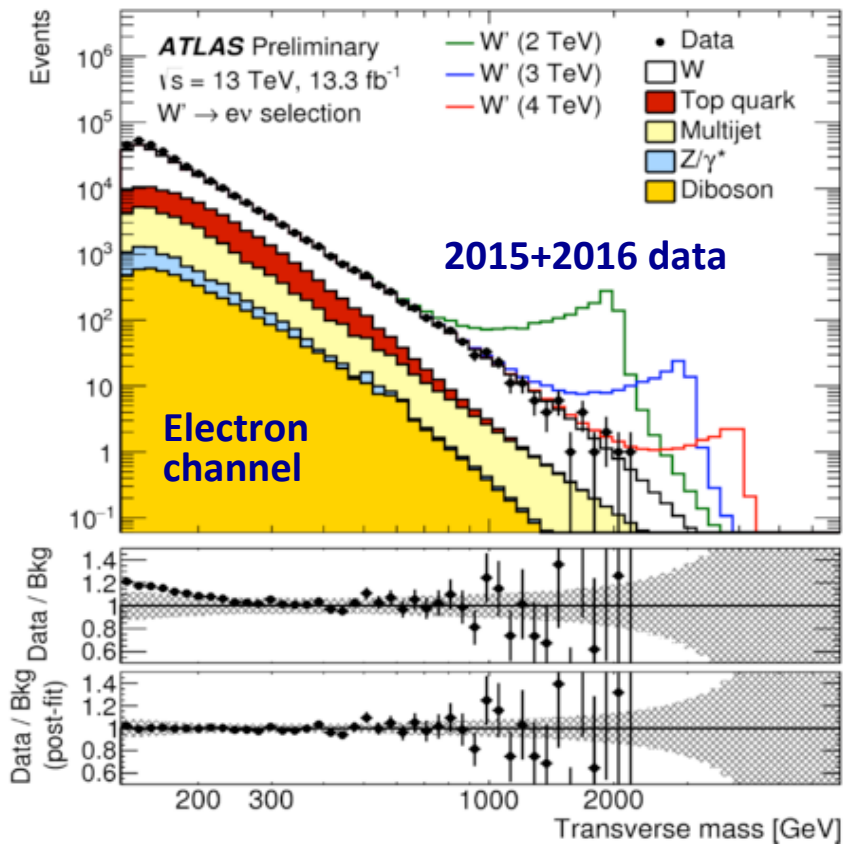
The CMS  $M_{ee}=2.9 \text{ TeV}$  detected in early 2015 is still the highest dilepton mass event observed at 13 TeV

# Resonances : lepton+MET

- $W' \rightarrow e + \text{MET}, \mu + \text{MET}$

ATLAS-CONF-2016-061

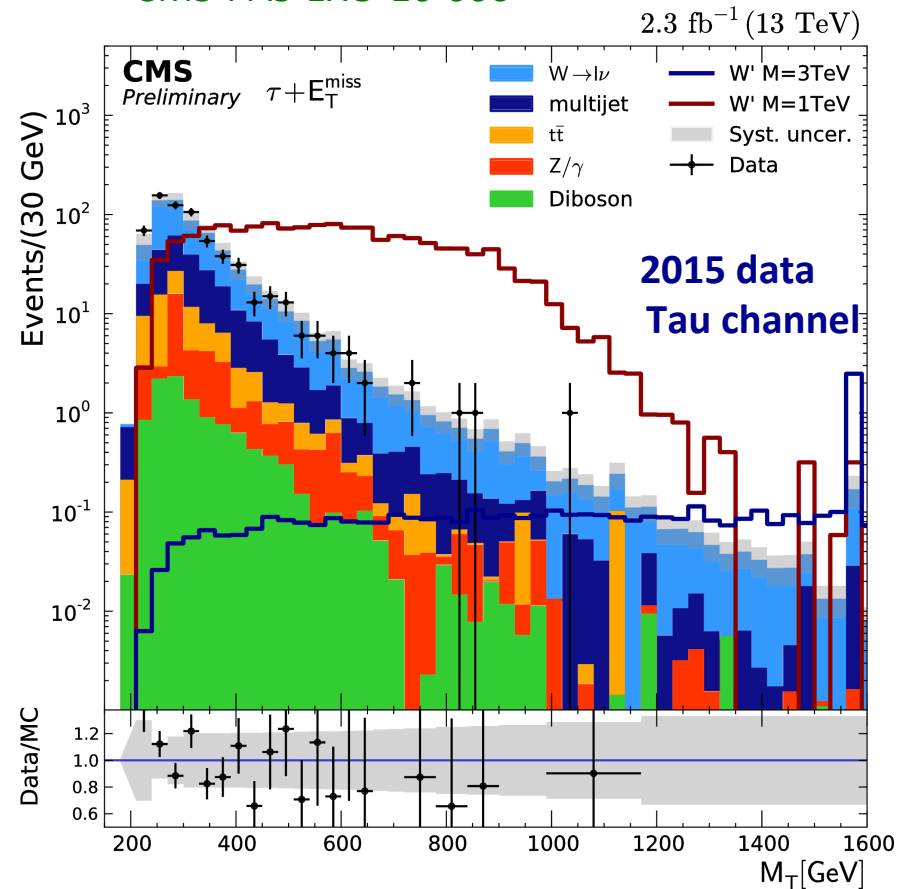
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-006



$W'_{\text{SSM}} > 4.74 \text{ TeV}$

- $W' \rightarrow \tau + \text{MET}$

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-006



$W'_{\text{SSM}} > 3.3 \text{ TeV}$

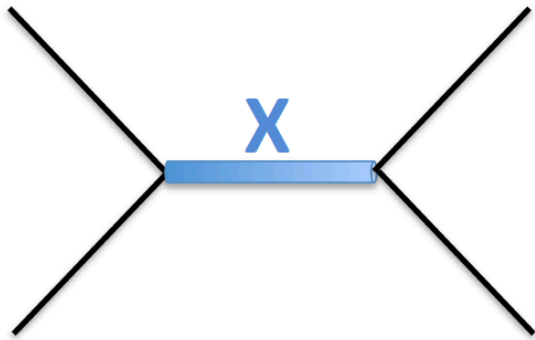
# Resonances : di-jets

- Develop techniques to optimise the searches :

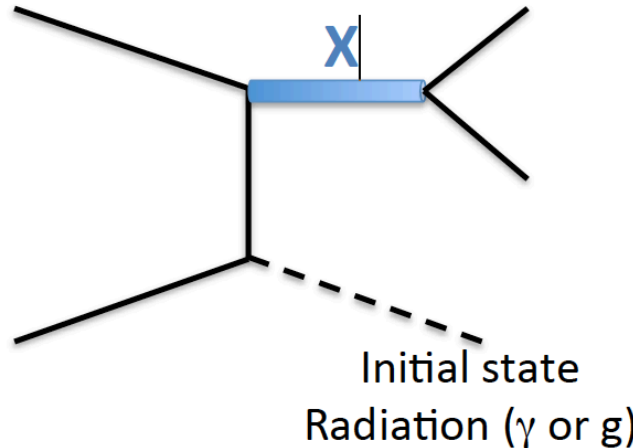
At high dijet mass :  
use standard triggers

At medium/low dijet mass :  
use data scouting at trigger level  
or dijet + ISR ( $g$  or  $\gamma$ )

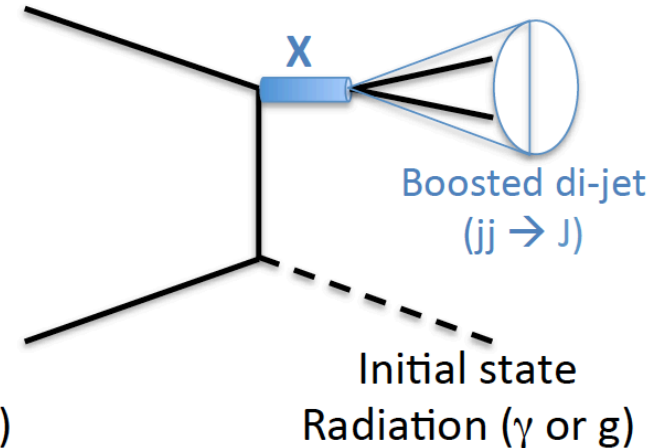
High



Medium



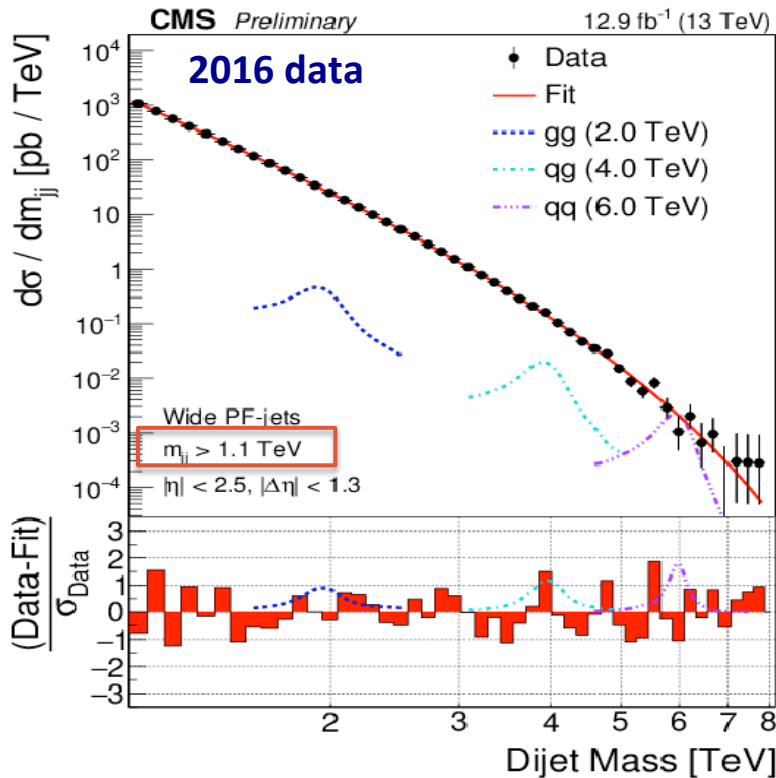
Low





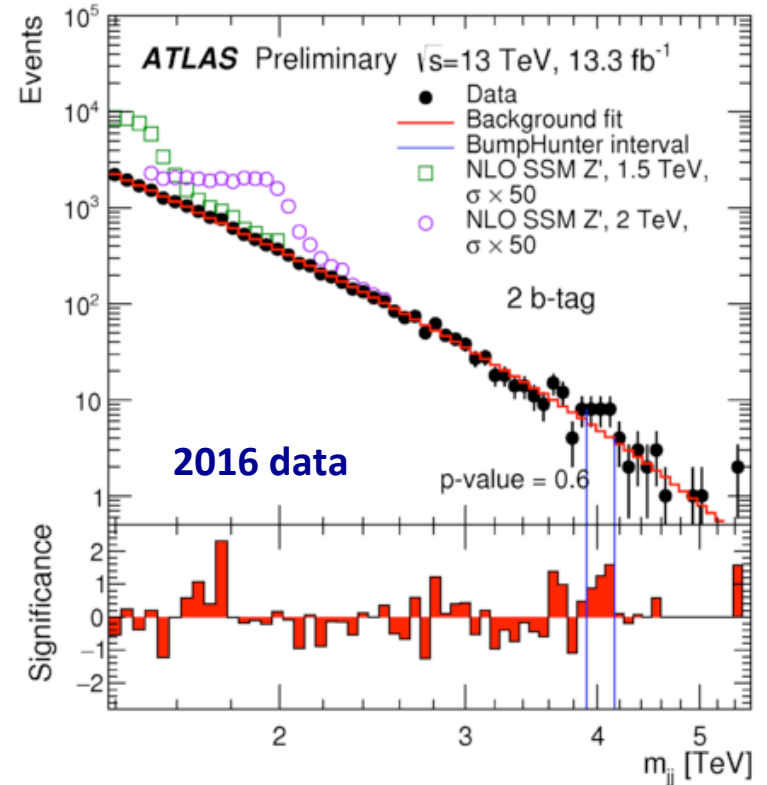
# Di-jets at high mass

- Dijet : qq, qg, gg



CMS-PAS-EXO-16-032  
 ATLAS-CONF-2016-069

- Dijet : bb



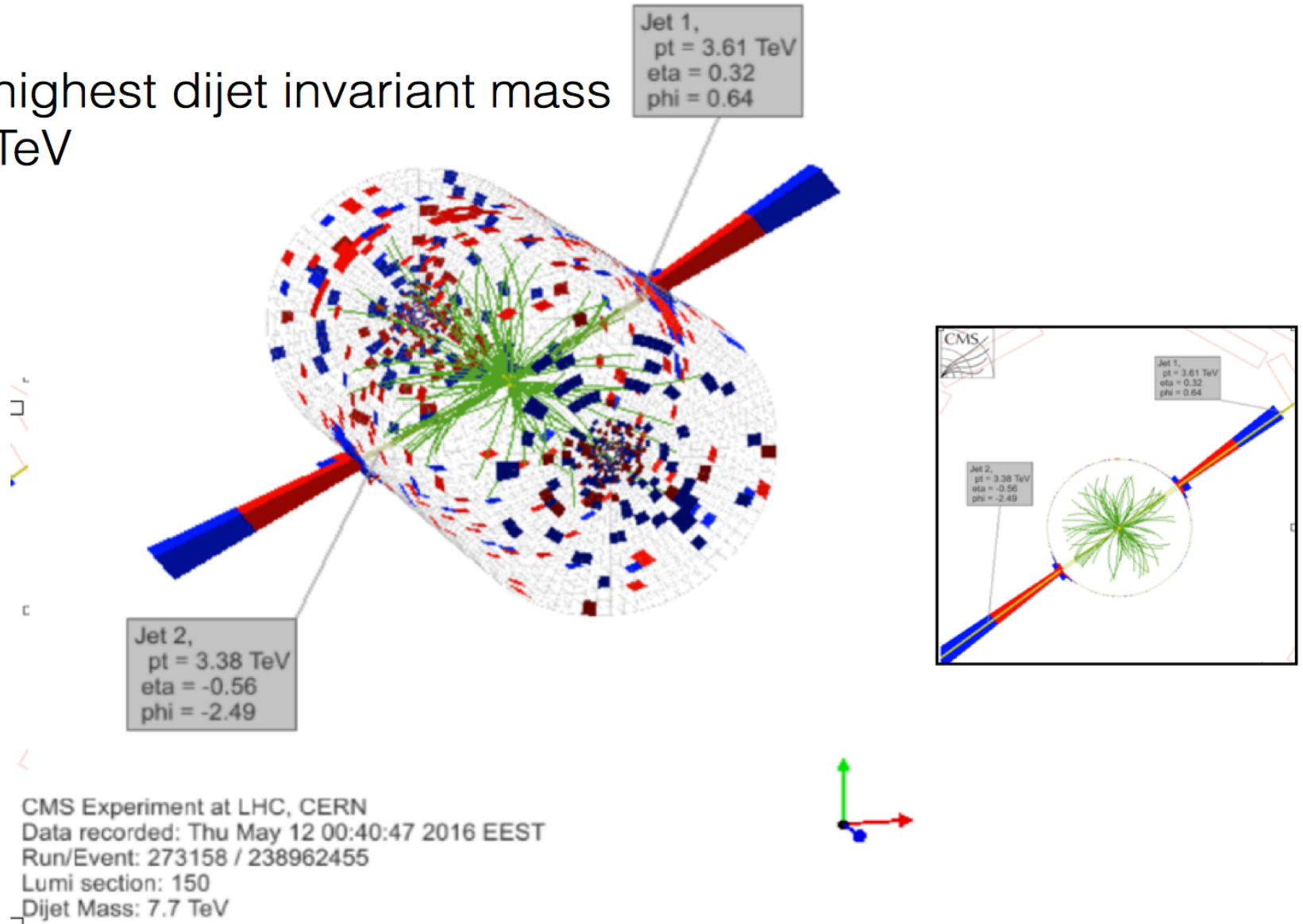
ATLAS-CONF-2016-060

Z' > 1.5 TeV

Model	Limit (TeV)	Model	Limit (TeV)
QBH	8.7	String	7.4
q*	5.6	Axigluon	5.5
W'	2.9	Z'	2.1
Cl ( $\eta_{LL}=+1$ )	12.6	RS G	1.9

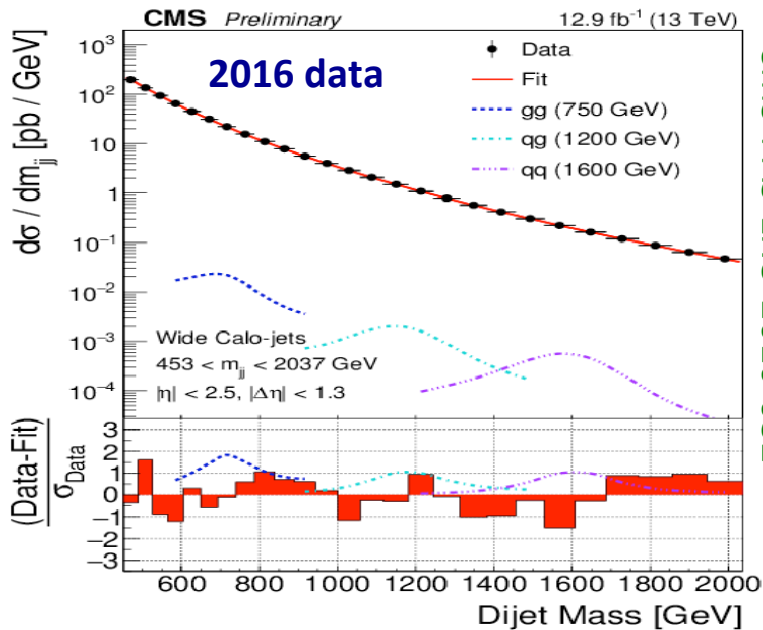
# Di-jets

the highest dijet invariant mass  
7.7 TeV



# Di-jets at “low” mass

- Data scouting

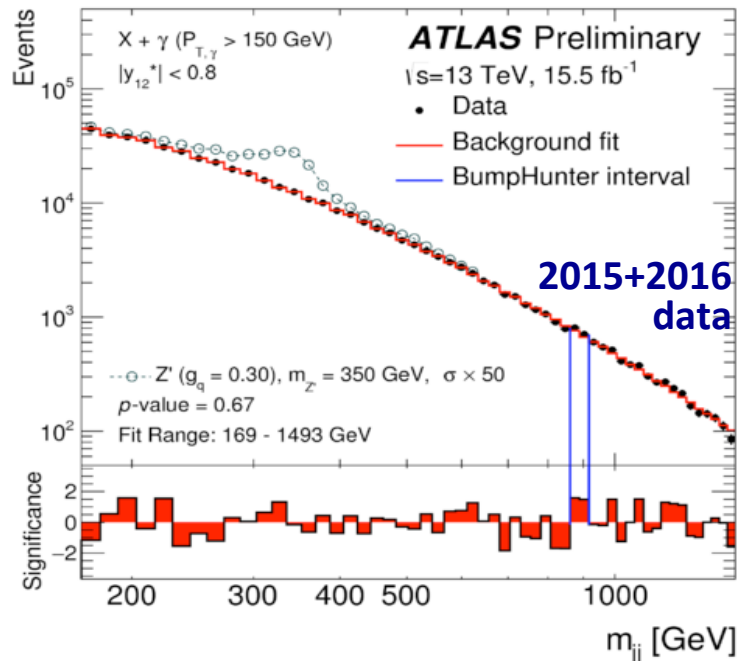


ATLAS-CONF-2016-030  
CMS-PAS-EXO-2016-032

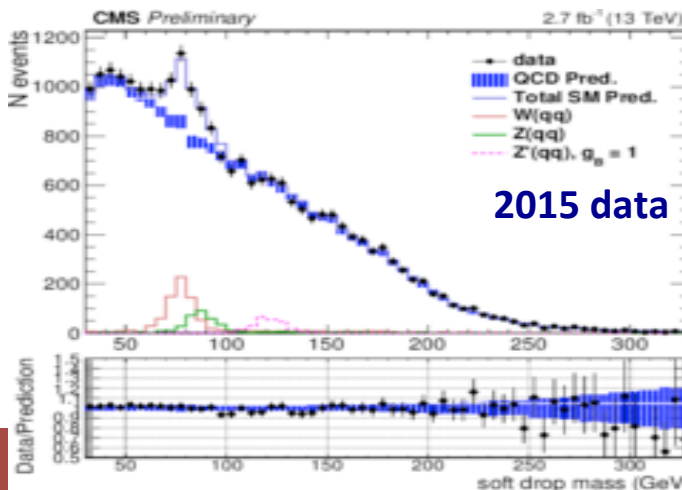
- Dijet + ISR  
boosted jet :  $jj \rightarrow J$

Probe mass as low as 100 GeV

- Dijet + ISR

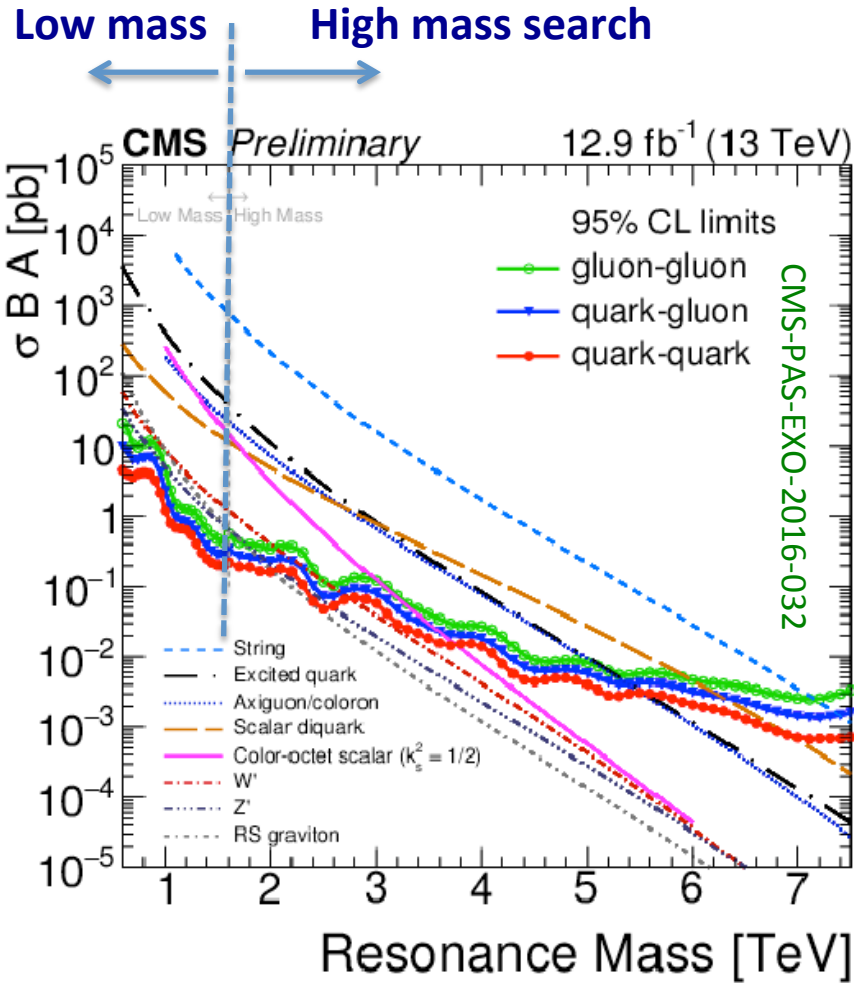


ATLAS-CONF-2016-070  
ATLAS-CONF-2016-029

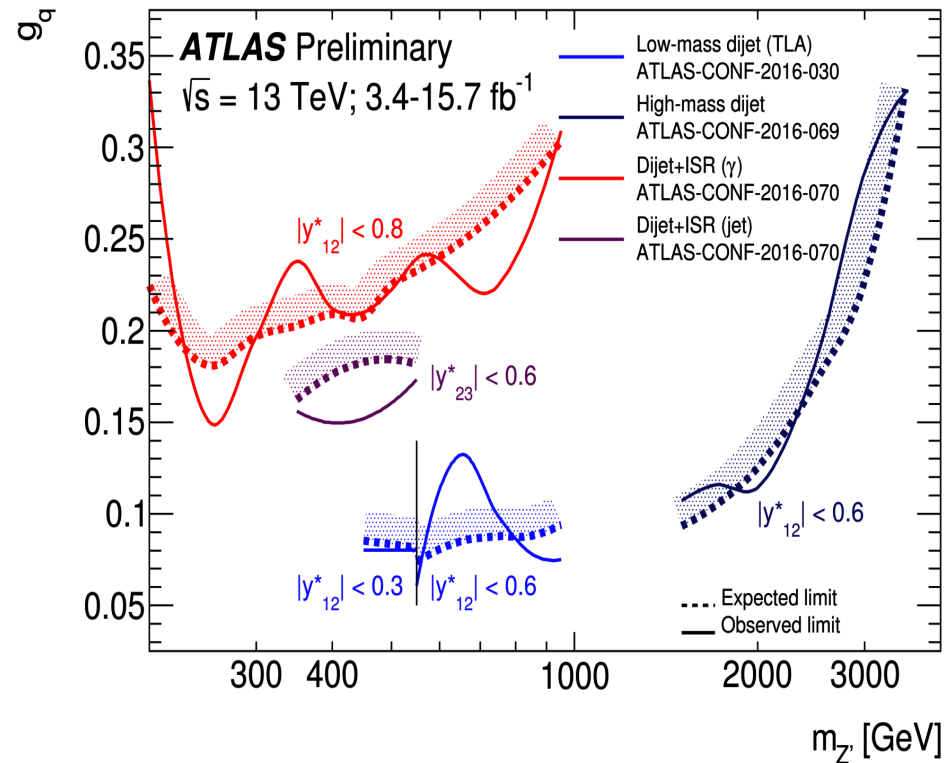


CMS-PAS-EXO-2016-030

# Di-jets summary



- Interpretation for the leptophobic Z' model  
 $g_q$  : quark coupling



# Diboson signatures

## Search for $VV, V\gamma, (VH, HH)$ resonances ( $V=W,Z$ )

In leptonic/hadronic decay channels using large-R jets with jet substructure techniques

Example of models :

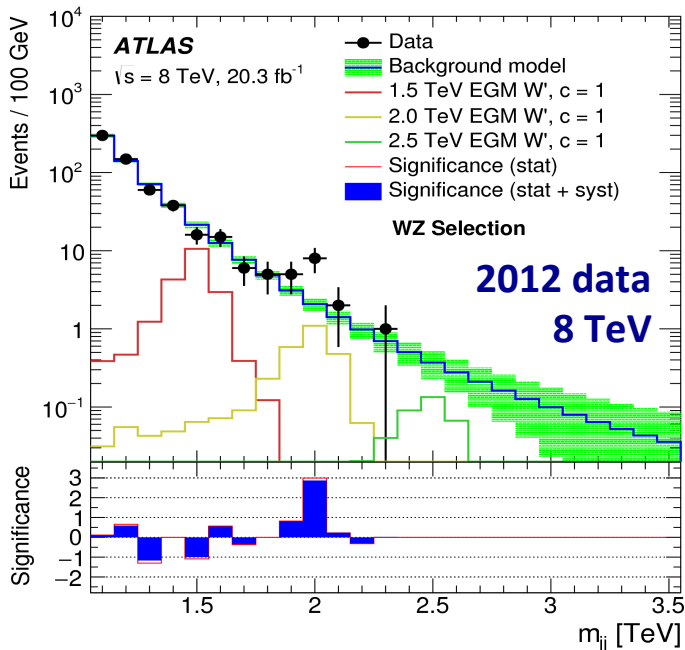
Spin 0 : Heavy scalars in the extended Higgs sector:  $H \rightarrow WW, ZZ$

Spin 1 : Heavy Vector Triplet (HVT):  $W' \rightarrow WZ, Z' \rightarrow WW$

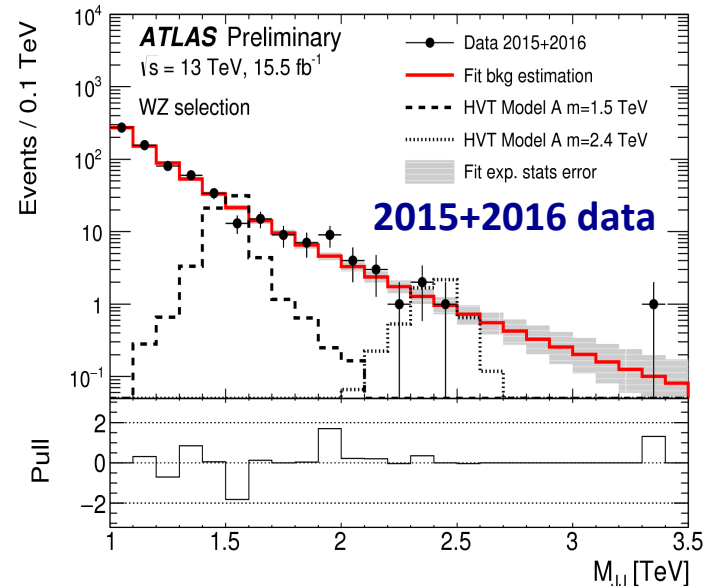
Spin 2 : "Bulk" Randall-Sundrum (RS) Graviton:  $G^* \rightarrow WW, ZZ$

- Search for  $VV$  in the all hadronic channel :

### 8 TeV excess :

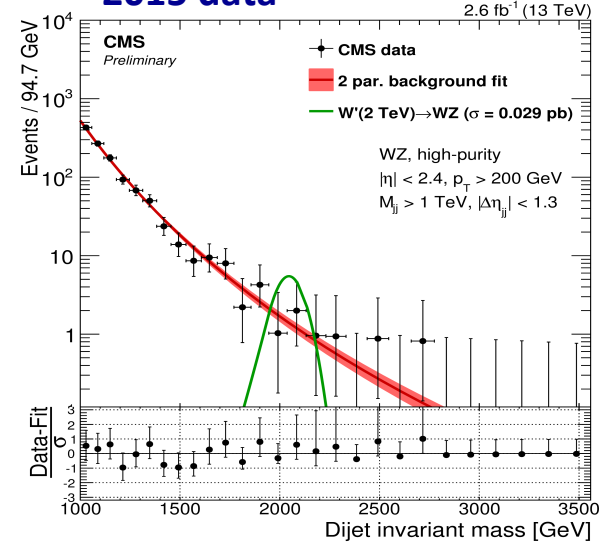


JHEP12(2015)055



ATL-CONF-2016-055

### 2015 data



CMS-PAS-EXO-2015-002

$M(jj) = 2 \text{ TeV} : 3.4\sigma \text{ (local)}, 2.5\sigma \text{ (global)}$



# Diboson signatures

- Search for  $VV$  in the semi-leptonic channels :  
Boosted V-tagging used

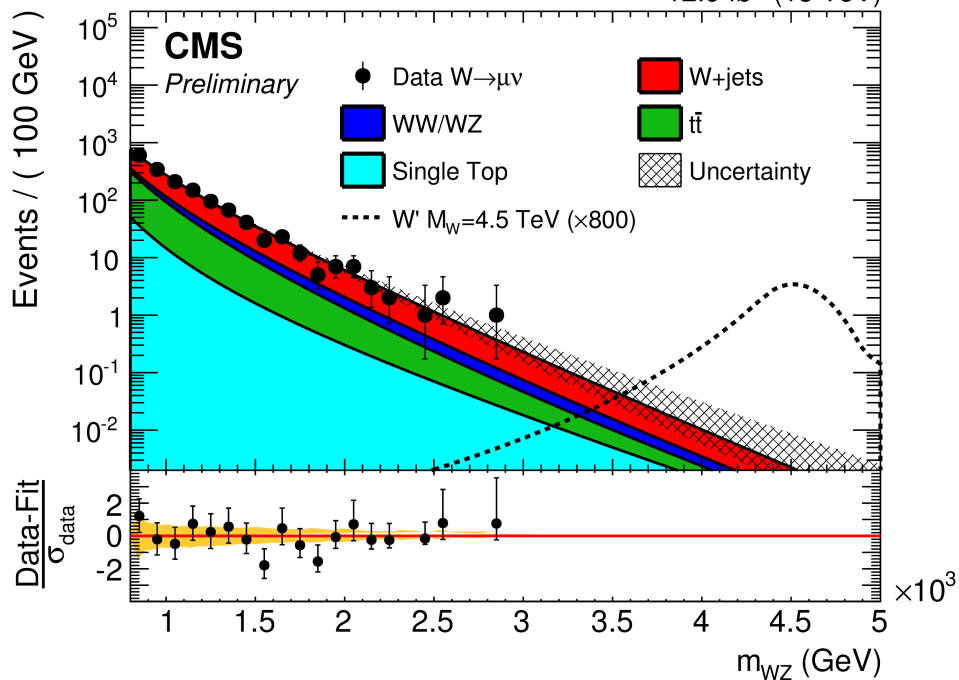
$$ZV : Z \rightarrow ll + V \rightarrow qq$$

$$WV : W \rightarrow lv + V \rightarrow qq$$

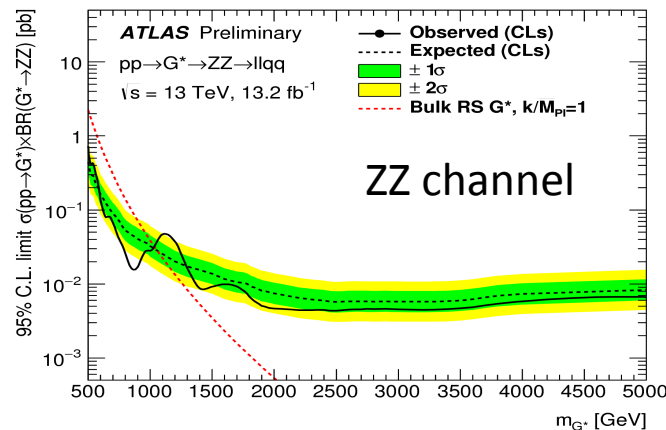
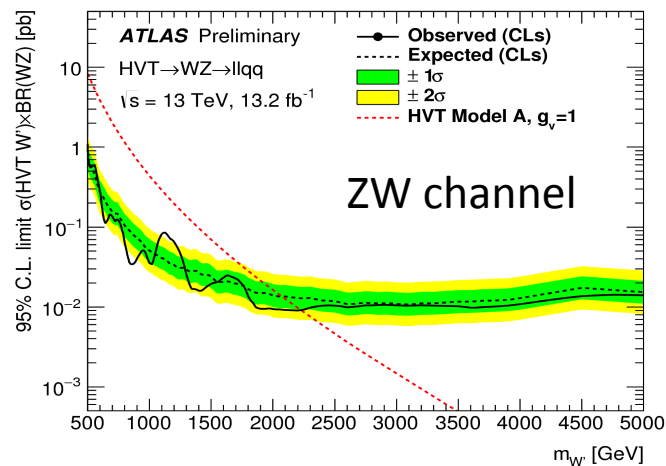
CMS-PAS-B2G-16-020

2016 data

12.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)



2015+2016 data

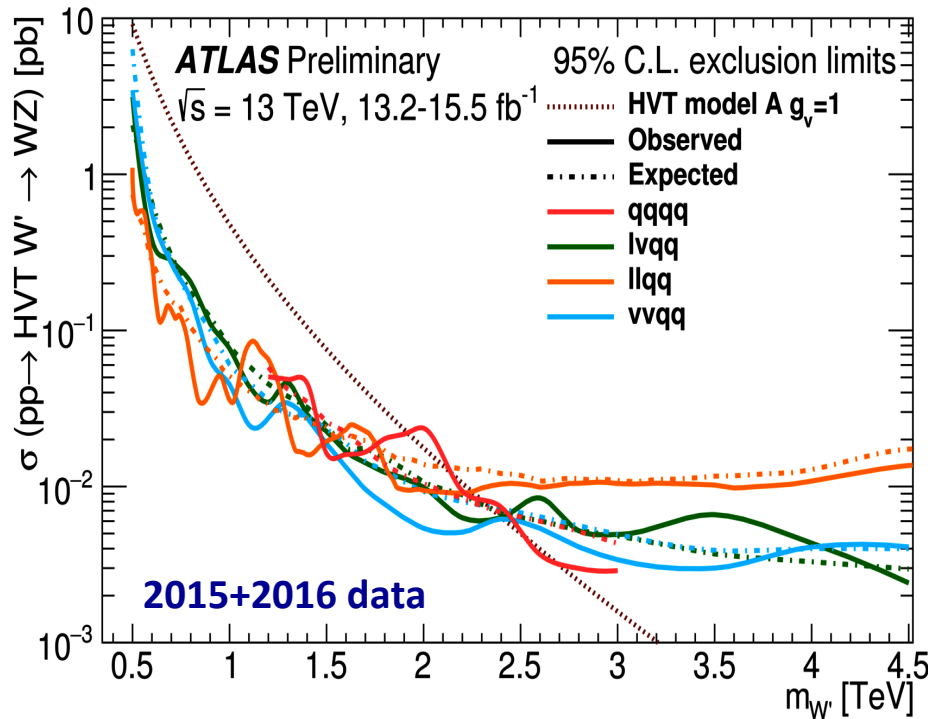


Interpretation: Bulk graviton  $\rightarrow$  WW  
HVT  $W' \rightarrow$  WZ

ATL-CO NF-2016-082

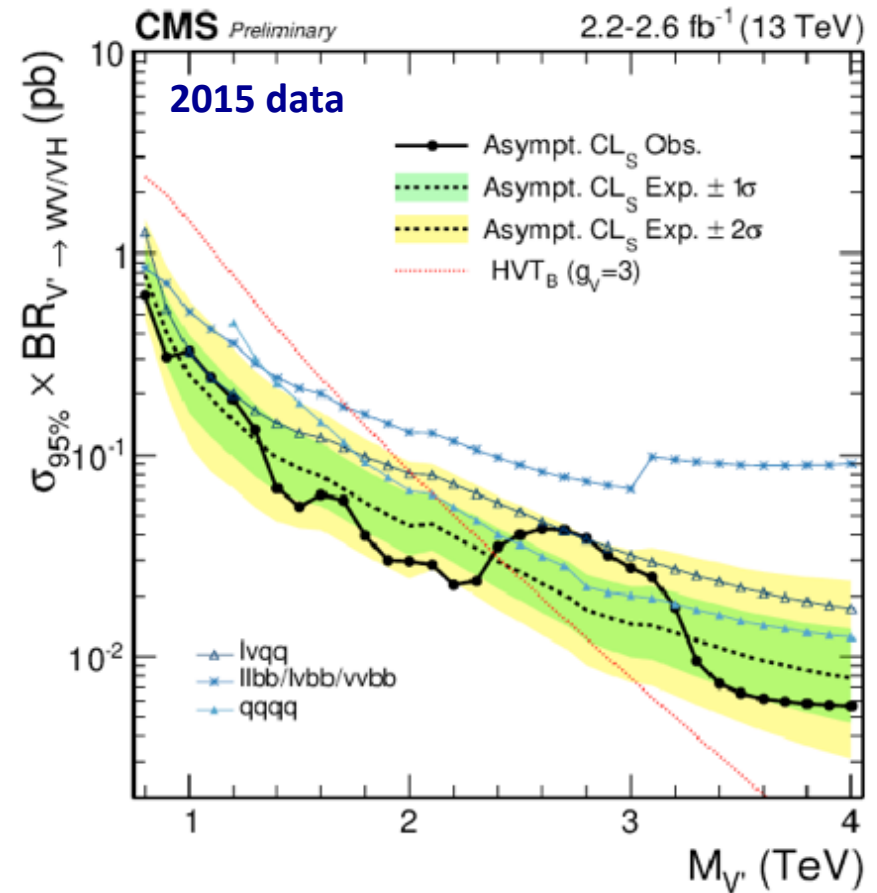
# Diboson signatures

Overlaying limits from all WZ searches,  
no persistent excesses



Model	Limit (TeV)
RS Graviton	2.0
HVT $W'$	2.4

joint interpretation of VV/Vh channels

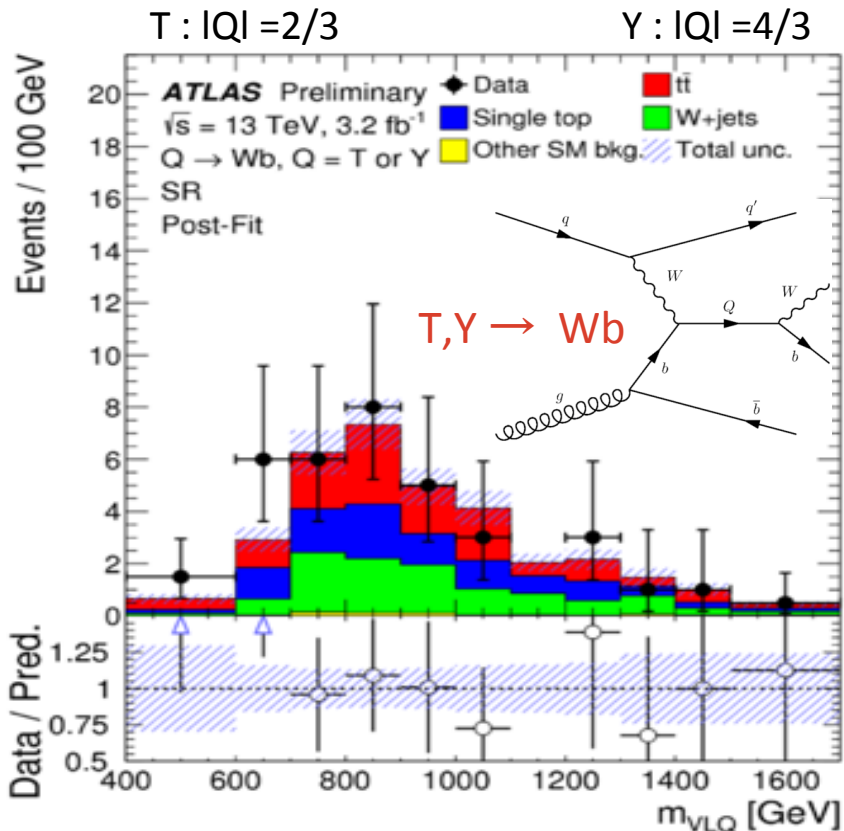


# Vector Like Quark (VLQ)

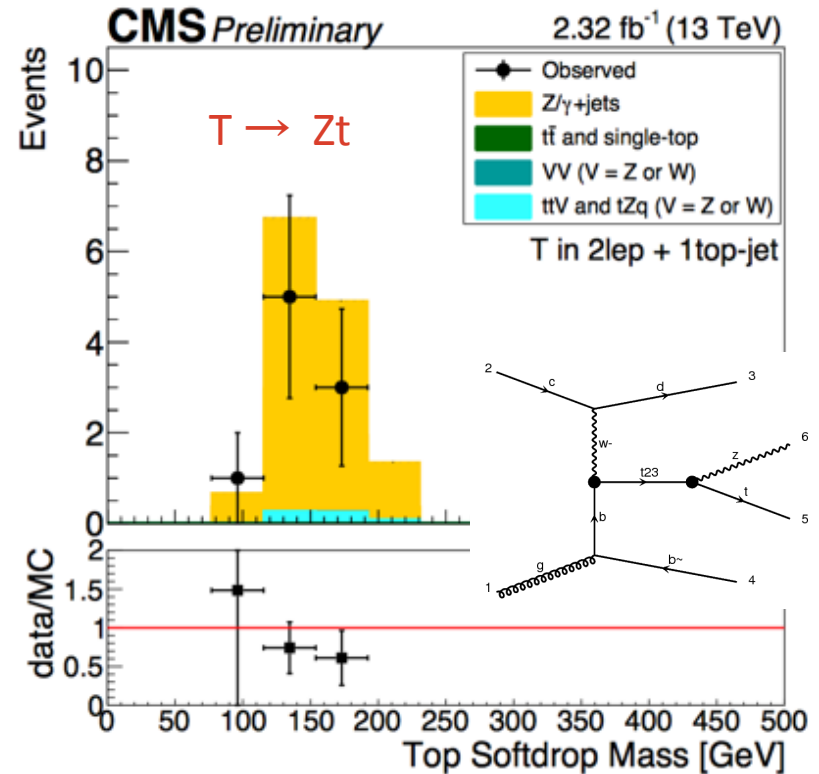
VLQ in composite H theories:  $T \rightarrow Ht, Zt, Wb$ , and  $B \rightarrow Hb, Zb, Wt$

VLQ : spin 1/2, colored, charged particles with both LH & RH coupling to charged currents

- **Single production through EWK coupling - dominant in high mass (model dependent) :**



ATLAS-CONF-2016-072



CMS-PAS-B2G-16-001

$$\sqrt{(c_L^{Wb})^2 + (c_R^{Wb})^2} = 1/\sqrt{2} \rightarrow m(T/Y) > 1.44 \text{ TeV}$$

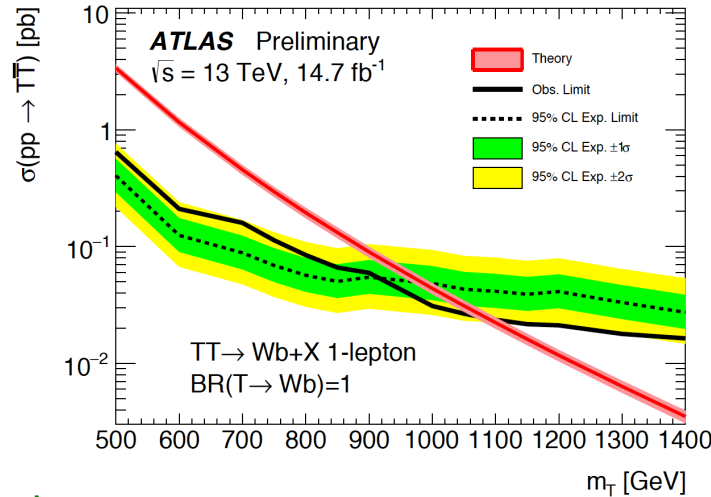
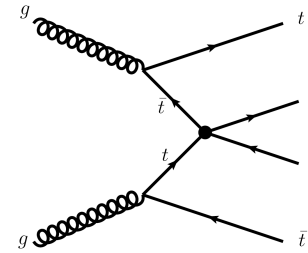
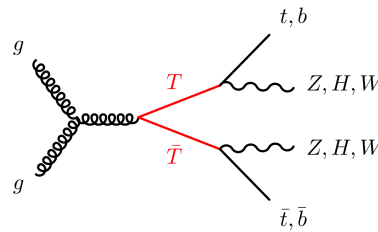
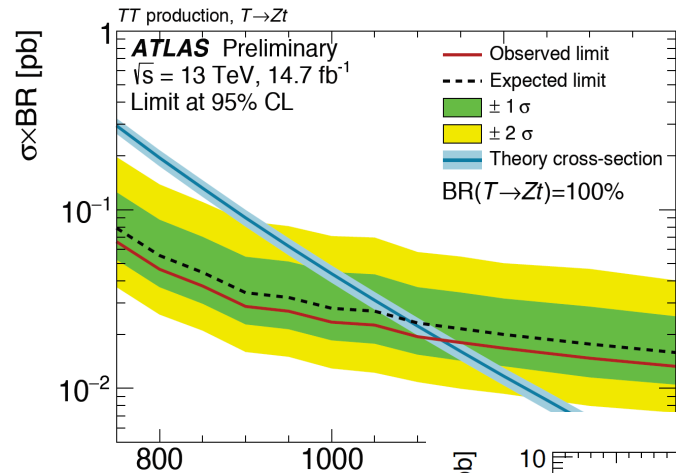
$$\text{BR}(Zt)=0.25, C(Wb)=1 \rightarrow m(T) > 1.37 \text{ TeV}$$

# Vector Like Quark (VLQ)

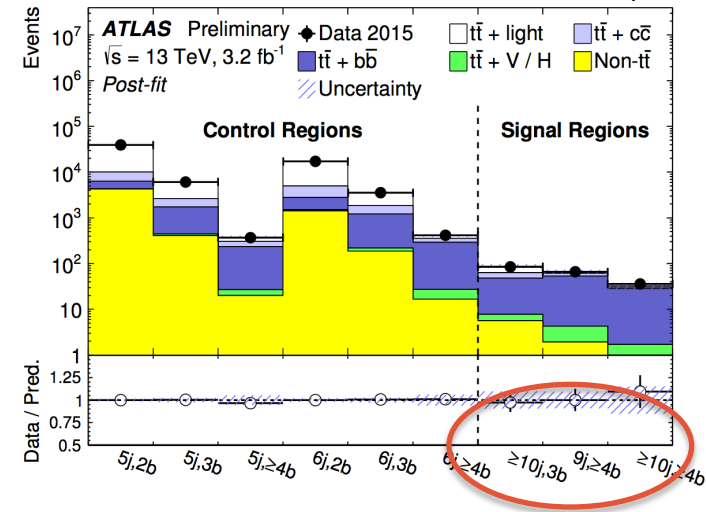
VLQ in composite H theories:  $T \rightarrow Ht, Zt, Wb$ ,  $B \rightarrow Hb, Zb, Wt$

VLQ : spin 1/2, colored, charged particles with both LH & RH coupling to charged currents

- Pair production through QCD - dominant in low mass :



>9 jets and > 3b-jets, high  $H_T$



# Search for long lived particles

## Search for unconventional signatures :

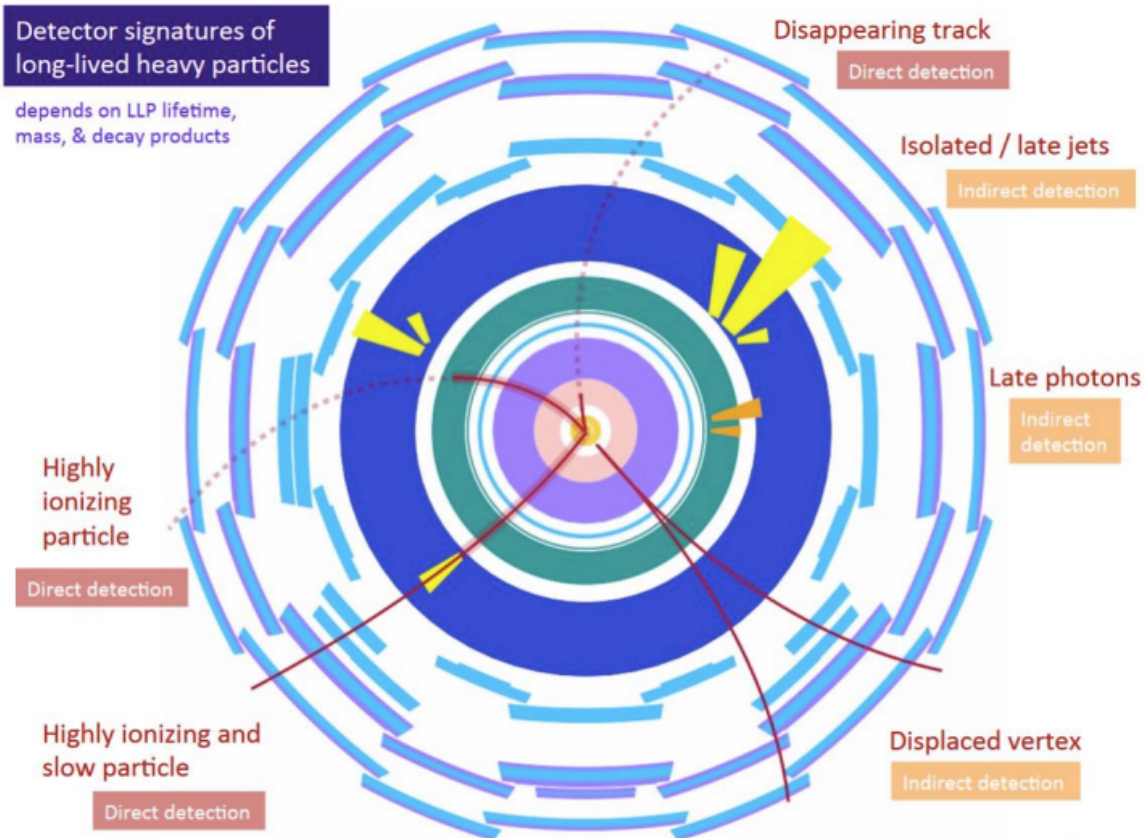


Figure credit: Laura Jeanty

- “Long-lived” = decays within or outside of the detector volume
- LLPs : in a variety of models:
  - Split/RPV/Stealth SUSY
  - Exotic Higgs
  - Hidden Valley, etc.
- LLP signatures tend to be unusual and require dedicated searches & reconstruction algorithms

Results include :

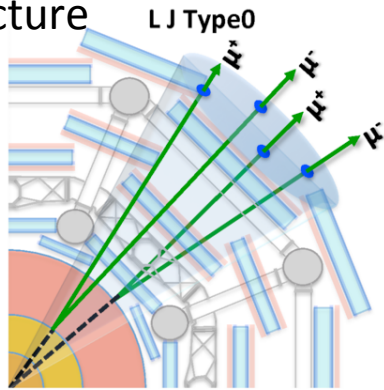
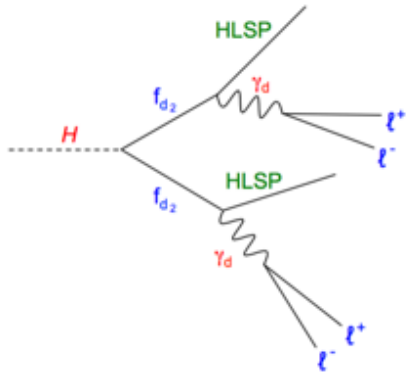
- Displaced photons
- Disappearing tracks
- Displaced leptons ( $e\mu$ )
- Heavy stable charged particles



# Long lived particles

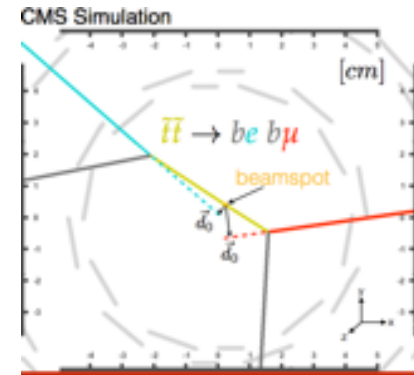
- Displaced "lepton-jet"

Collimated jet-like structure containing  $e/\mu/\pi$

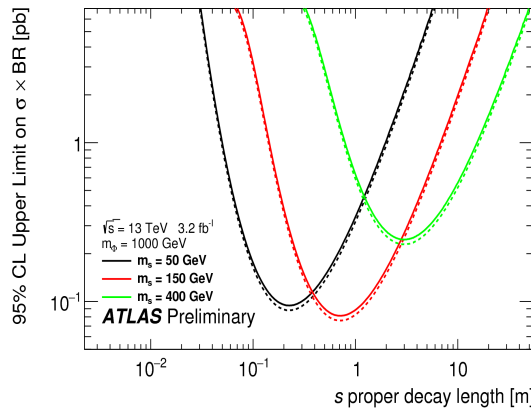
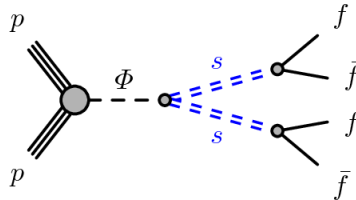


- Displaced e- $\mu$  pair

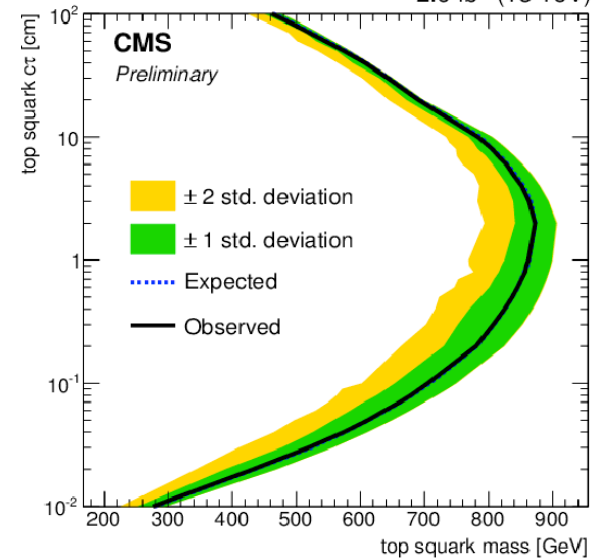
Large transverse Impact parameter



- Displaced jet



RPV stop  $\rightarrow$   $bl^\pm$



ATLAS-CONF-2016-042

ATLAS-CONF-2016-103

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-022

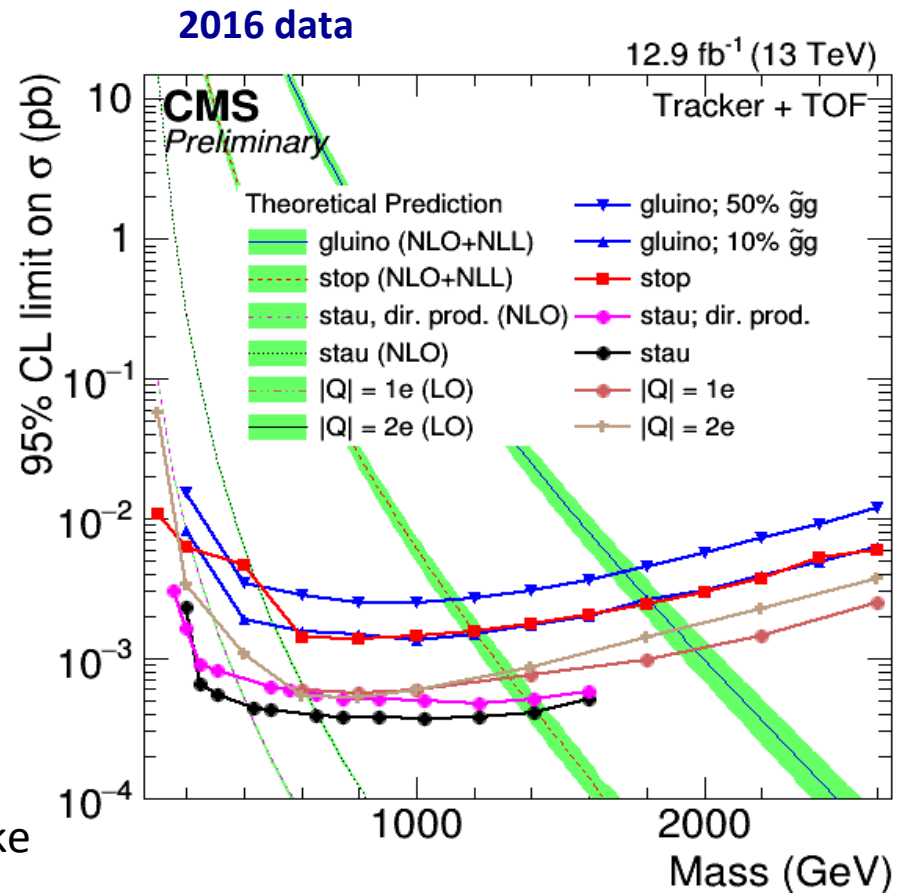
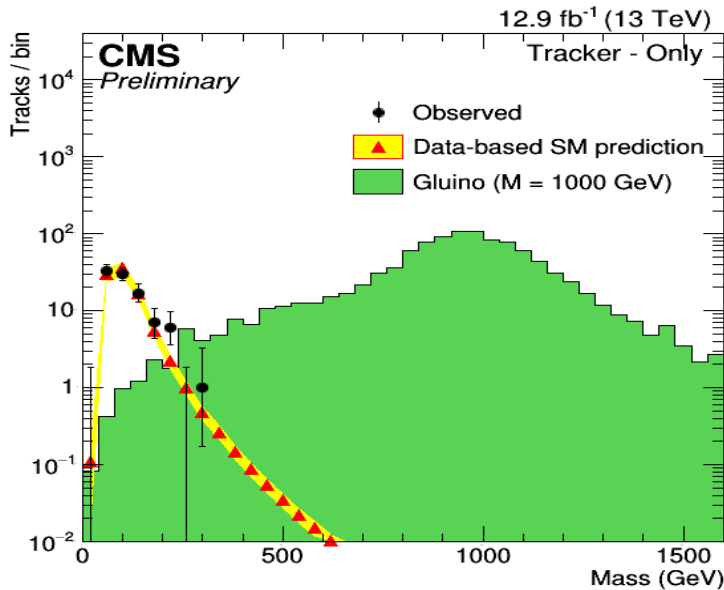
# Heavy stable charged particles

Distinctive signatures of large  $dE/dx$  and long time-of flight

CMS-PAS-EXO-16-036

Two analyses : track reconstructed (i) tracker-only; (ii) tracker + muon chambers

Trigger : muon ( $p_t > 50$  GeV) or  $MET > 170$  GeV

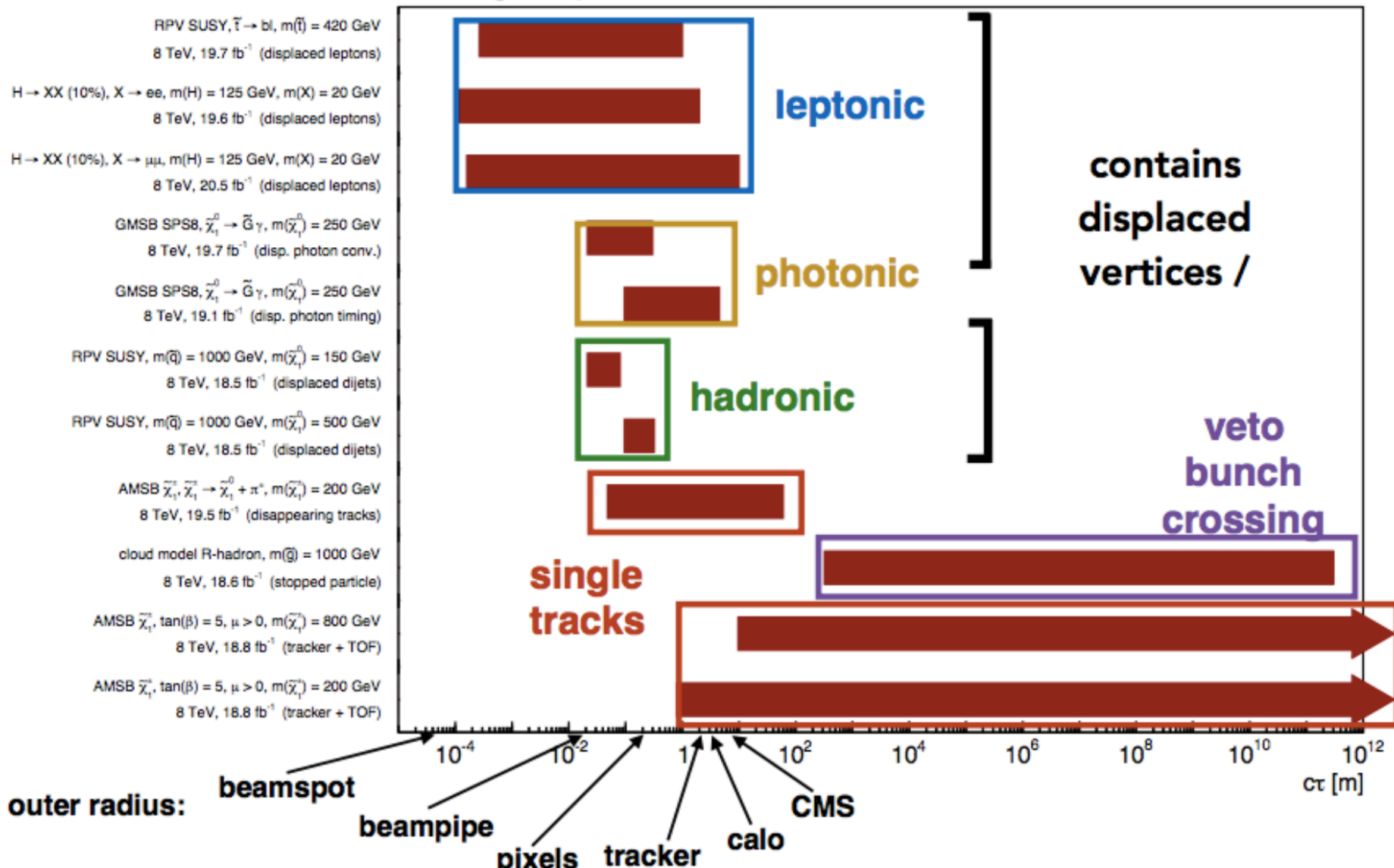


Constraints on HSCP benchmark models :

- gluino and stop1 pair production from split SUSY (R-hadrons)
- stau1 from mGMSB model
- Drell-Yan production of long-lived lepton-like fermions  $|Q|=1$  and  $|Q|=2$

# Long lived particles

CMS long-lived particle searches, lifetime exclusions at 95% CL



# BSM searches at LHCb

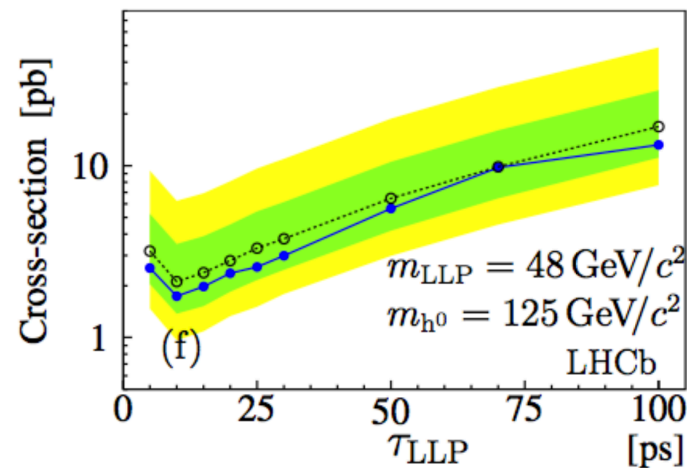
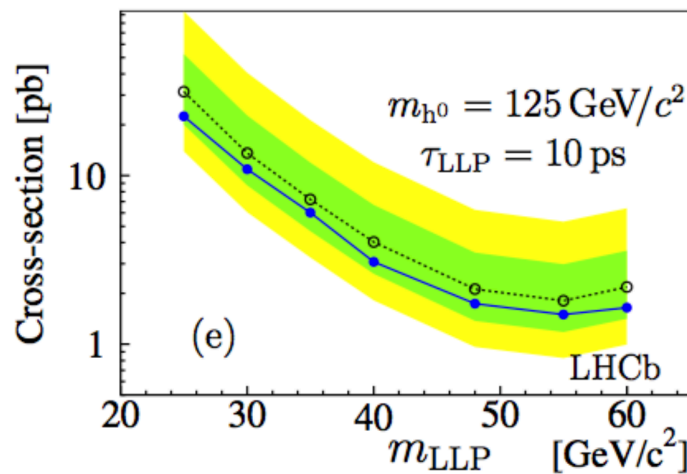
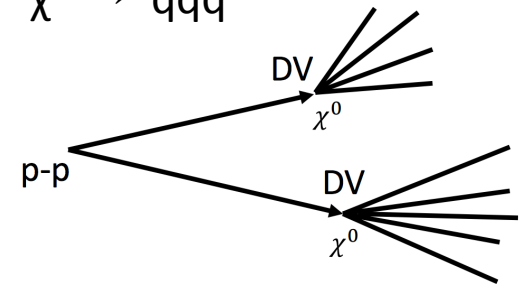
- LHCb active in BSM searches :**
- Complementary region with respect to ATLAS and CMS
  - Very good displaced vertex reconstruction
  - Good particle identification
  - Powerful heavy jet tagging

- **Search for higgs-like bosons decaying into long-lived particles (LLP)**

Channel considered :  $h^0 \rightarrow \chi^0 \chi^0$  with  $\chi^0$  being the LLP  $\chi^0 \rightarrow qqq$

Benchmark model : MSSM mSUGRA with baryon number violation

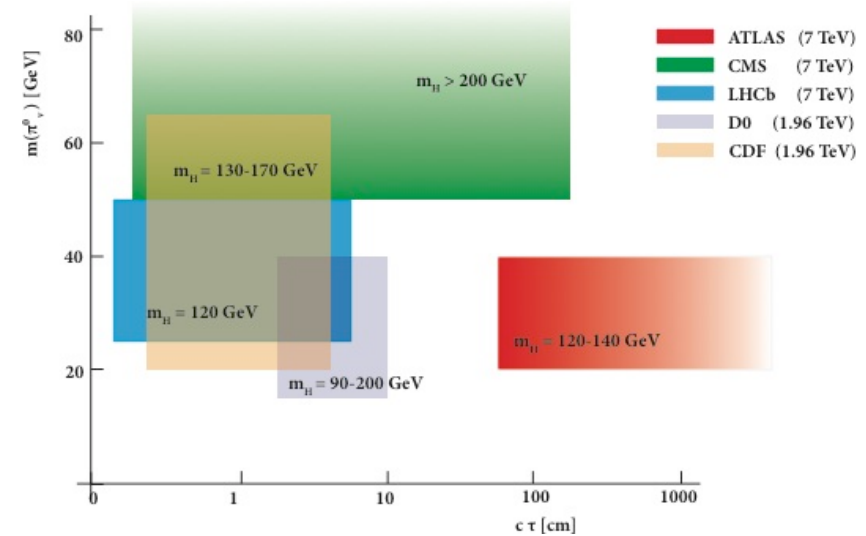
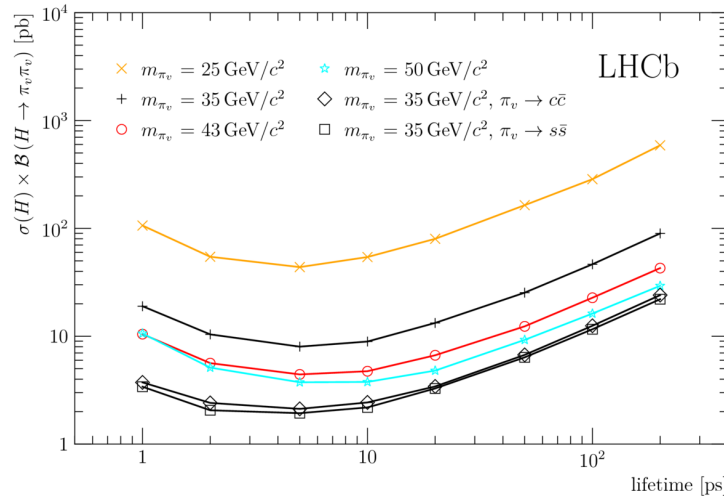
- H mass particle from 80 GeV to 140 GeV
- $\tau(LLP) = 5-100$  ps (up to 30 cm flight distance)
- $M(LLP) = 20 - 60$  GeV



# BSM searches at LHCb

- Search for long lived particles decaying to jet pairs

EPJC 75 (2015) 152



- Search for exotic massive particles decaying semileptonically

LHCb-PAPER-2016-047

- Search for the SM Higgs boson decaying in bb or cc in association with W or Z

LHCb-CONF-2016-006

- Search for hidden-sector bosons in  $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$  decays

PRL 115 (2015) 161802

- Search for heavy charged long-lived particles using RICH

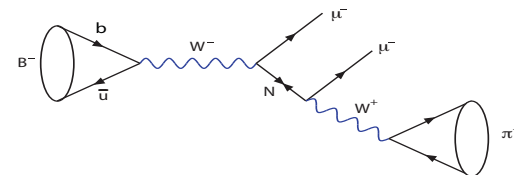
EPJC 75 (2015) 595

- Search for Majorana neutrinos in  $B^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$

PRL 112 (2014) 131802

- Search violation of lepton flavour and baryon number in tau lepton decays at LHCb

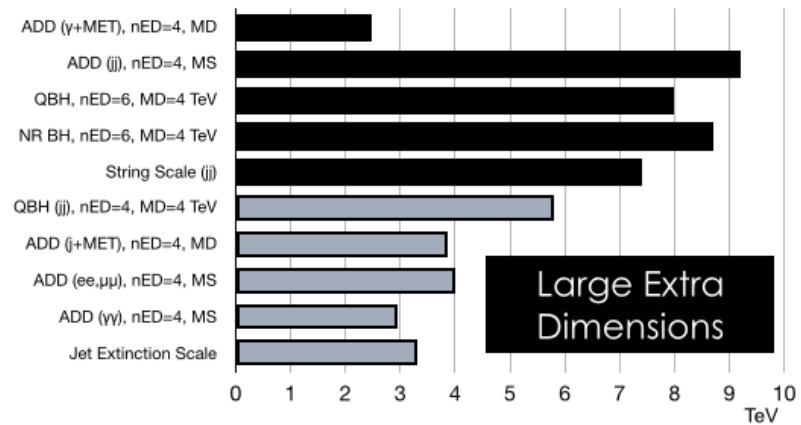
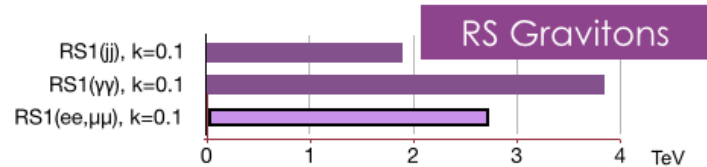
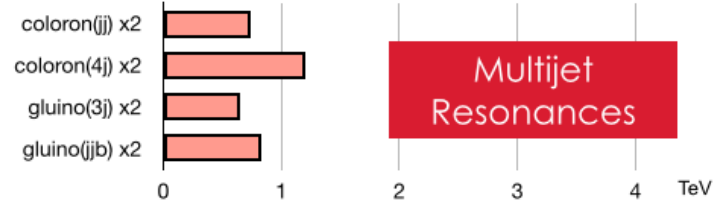
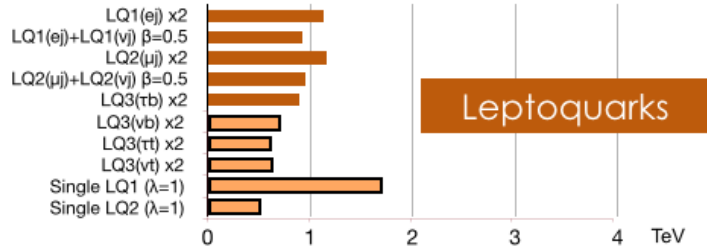
PLB 724 (2013) 36



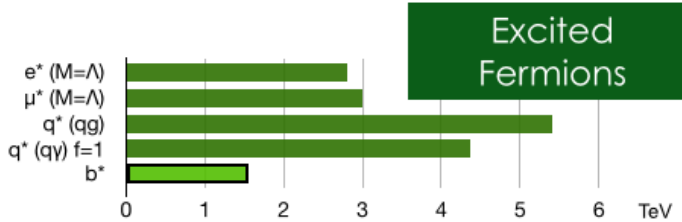
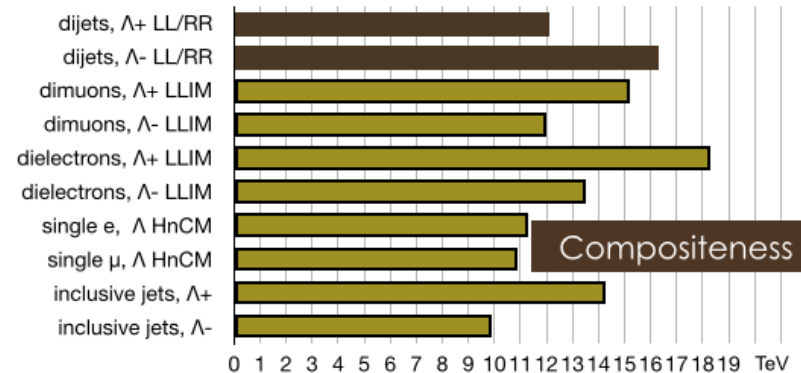
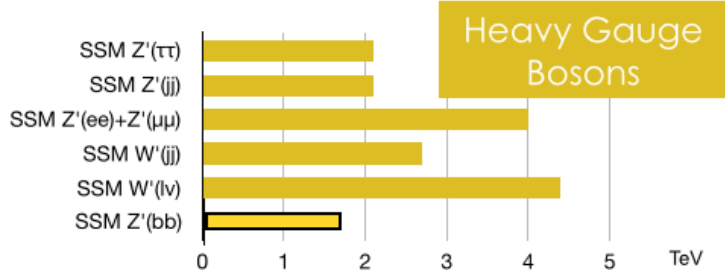
# Exotic searches : CMS summary

About 50% of the run 1 searches are updated at 13 TeV

13 TeV 8 TeV



## CMS Preliminary

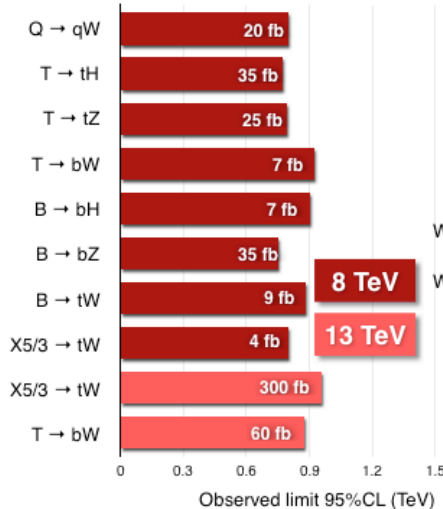




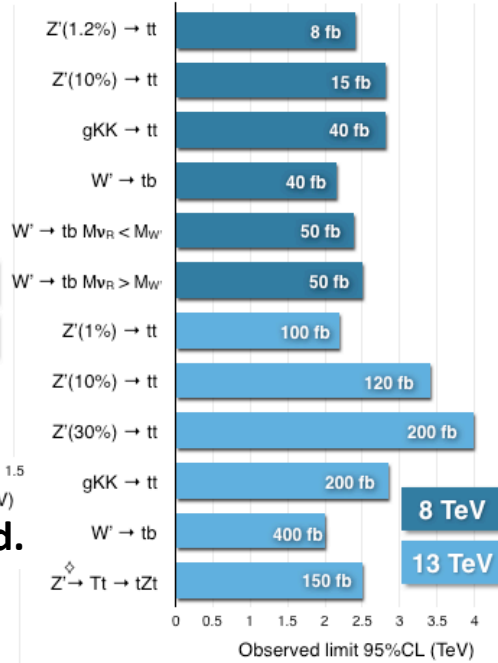
# Exotic searches : CMS summary

About 50% of the run 1 searches are updated at 13 TeV

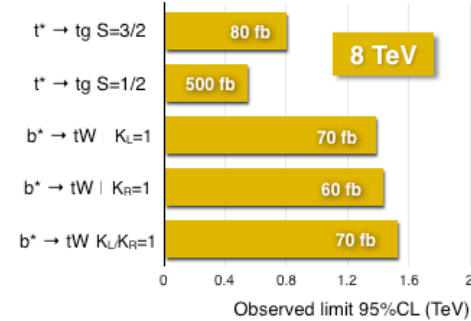
## Vector Like Quarks pair prod.



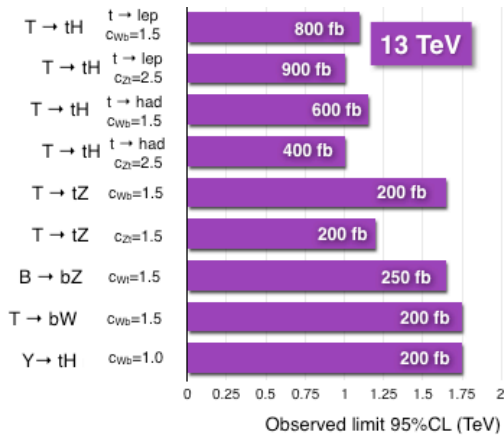
## Resonances to heavy quarks



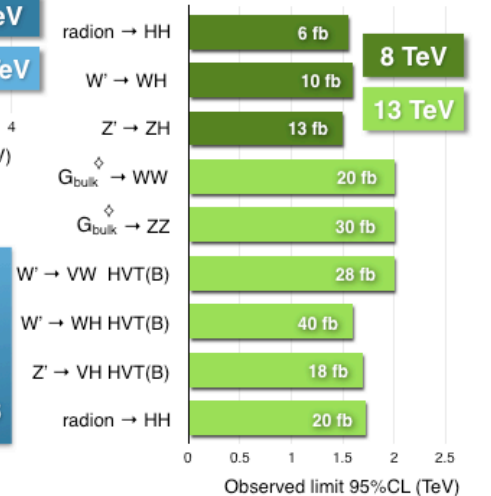
## Excited quarks



## Vector Like Quarks single prod.



## Resonances to dibosons



B2G  
new physics  
searches with  
heavy SM particles

◇model-independent

# Exotic searches : ATLAS summary

About 50% of the run 1 searches are updated at 13 TeV

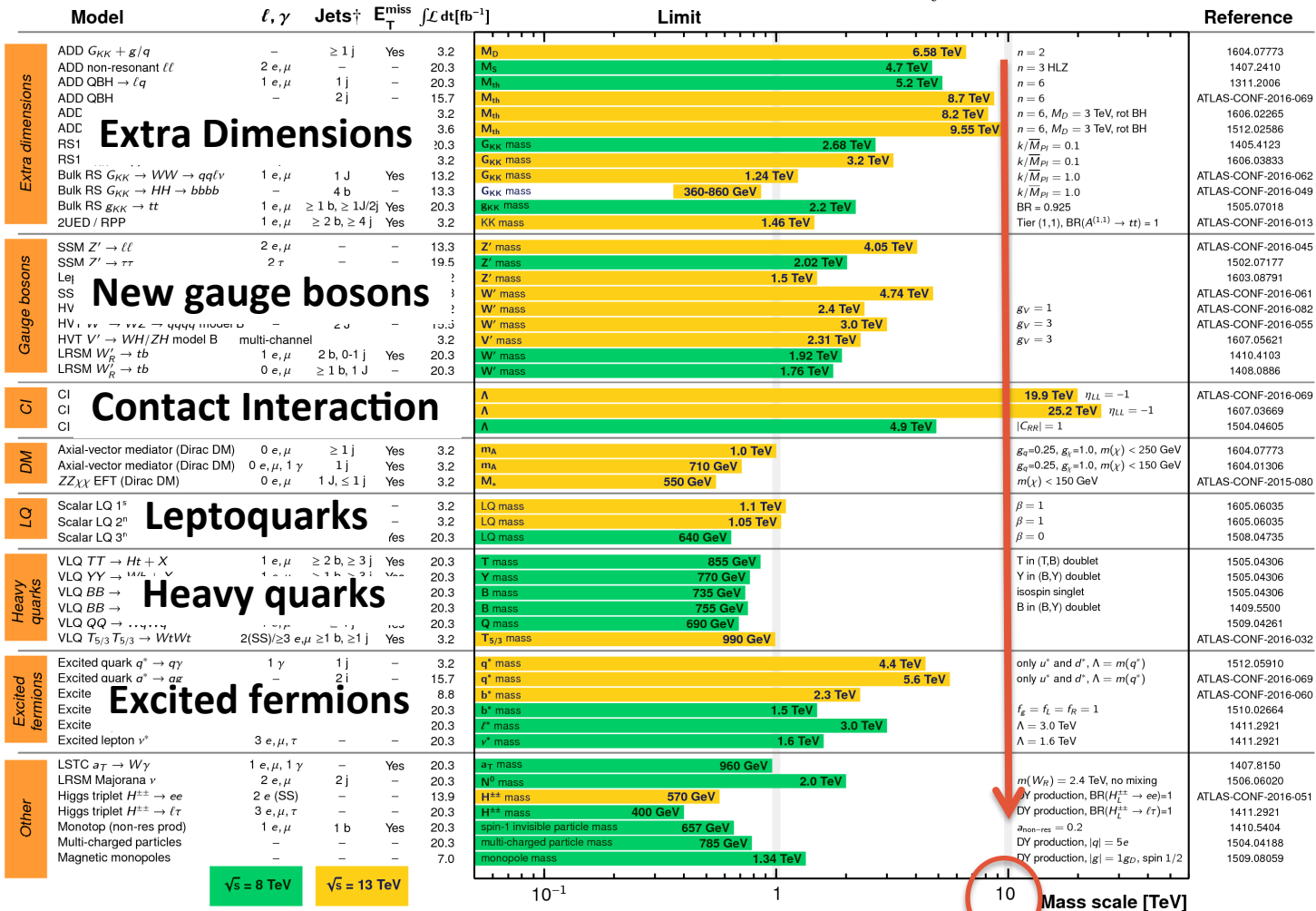
## ATLAS Exotics Searches\* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: August 2016

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.2 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$$



13 TeV  
8 TeV

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$     $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

10<sup>-1</sup>   1   10   Mass scale [TeV]

\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. Lower bounds are specified only when explicitly not excluded.

†Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

# Conclusions

- SM not complete - Need for BSM  
**New physics to discover at the TeV scale ?**
- LHC experiments conducting BSM searches in broad and complementary signatures
- Unfortunately the observed small excesses :
  - Diboson in Run1
  - Diphoton in 2015**are not** confirmed using 2016 data
- No new significant excesses observed
- However set new frontier scale – Major extension of reach compared to run 1  
Further constraints BSM model parameter space  
The results probe well into the TeV, even multi-TeV, mass scale range
- More data to come – Many more searches will come with the full 2016 data now available - Stay tuned!