

Twin Higgs meets SUSY

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Based on work in progress with:

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Introduction

Many fundamental questions after the first LHC run ...

Is SUSY still alive?

What about Naturalness?



(Little) Hierarchy problem?

Exotic naturalness realization?

What is the status of naturalness?

FT and Top partner lore

Paradigm: symmetry protecting Higgs mass

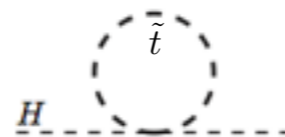
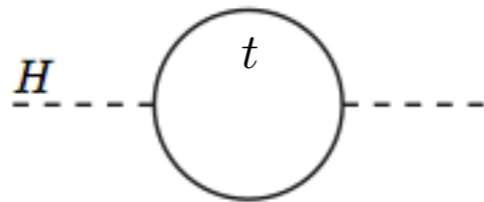
Largest coupling with the Higgs is top $\mathcal{L} \supset y_t H Q_3 t_R$



Symmetry implies existence of light top partner

Prototype: Supersymmetry and the stop
 Stop main responsible for naturalness in SUSY!

Also Gluino,
Higgsino enters
significantly



Stop Mass



$$\delta m_h^2 \simeq \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} M_S^2 \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{M_S^2}$$

SUSY Fine Tuning: $\Delta \simeq \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} \frac{M_S^2}{m_h^2} \log \frac{\Lambda_{GUT}^2}{M_S^2}$

FT and Top partner lore

Paradigm: symmetry protecting Higgs mass

Largest coupling with the Higgs is top $\mathcal{L} \supset y_t H Q_3 t_R$



Symmetry typically implies existence of light top partner

Also Gluino,
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Prototype: Supersymmetry **stop**
Stop main responsible for **mass in SUSY!**



Where is the stop???

$$\delta m_h^2 \simeq \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} M_S^2 \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{M_S^2}$$

Stop Mass

SUSY Fine Tuning: $\Delta \simeq \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} \frac{M_S^2}{m_h^2} \log \frac{\Lambda_{GUT}^2}{M_S^2}$

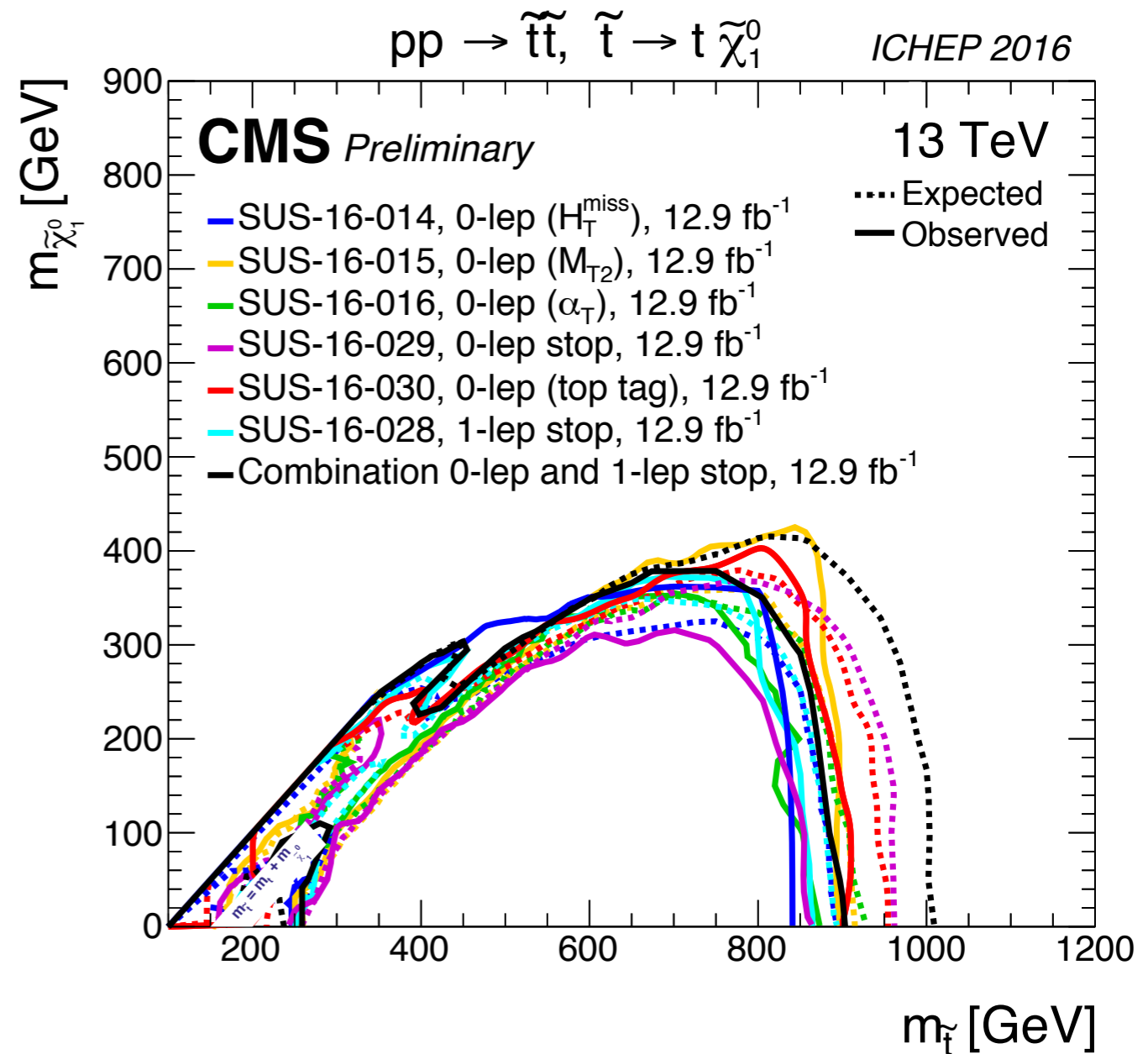
Stop vs LHC searches

Stop excluded up to ~ 1 TeV

FT: $\Delta \sim 100$

**Gluino limits
lead to similar
conclusions**

**If HL-LHC do not find
anything tuning will
be ~ 500**



Stop vs LHC searches

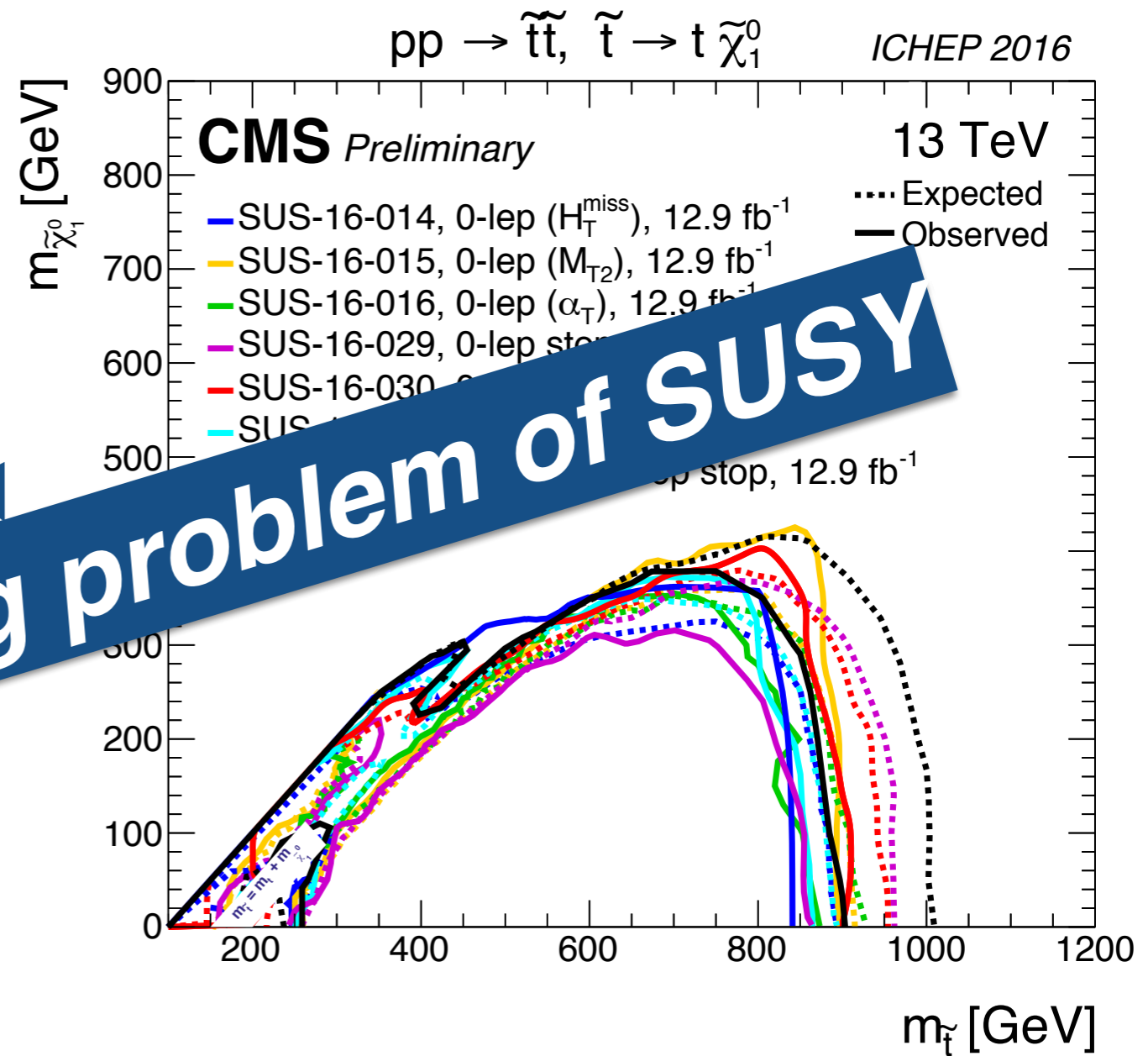
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Little Fine Tuning problem of SUSY

**If HL-LHC do not find
anything tuning will
be ~ 500**



Naturalness status

Little hierarchy problem

Negative LHC results brings in a minimal amount of fine tuning

Same argument applies to standard SUSY and composite Higgs models

Top Partner searches



What next options?

- A. Accept Little Fine Tuning and aim at 100 TeV collider*
- B. Give up some further assumption (e.g. RPV SUSY)*
- C. Investigate alternative natural models and their signatures*

Maybe just a bridge over the little fine-tuning

Neutral naturalness in a nutshell

Usual strategy

- New symmetry G to protect Higgs mass
- New symmetry commutes with SM gauge groups

$$\text{SUSY} \quad [G, \text{SM}_{\text{gauge}}] = 0, \quad G \sim Q_\alpha$$

Top partner (stop) is charged under QCD

Neutral strategy

- New symmetry G to protect Higgs mass
- New symmetry NOT commute with SM gauge groups

$$[G, \text{SM}_{\text{gauge}}] \sim \text{SM}'_{\text{gauge}}, \quad G \sim \mathbb{Z}_2$$

Top partner is neutral under QCD

Can escape detection at LHC !

Outline of rest of the talk

- ★ Fresh look on Twin Higgs and fine tuning
- ★ Twin Higgs marries SUSY
- ★ Phenomenology at LHC

Twin Higgs setup

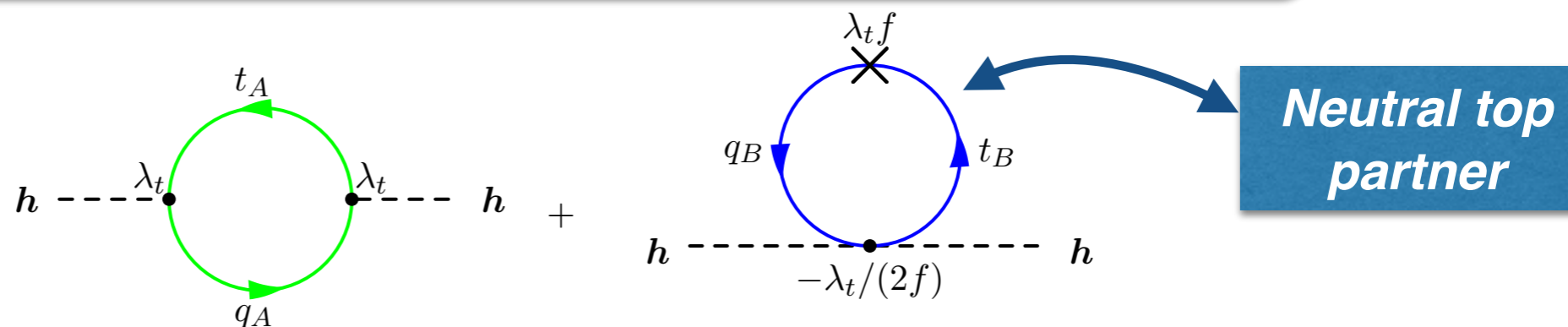
Double SM gauge fields, Higgs and tops

$$G_{\text{SM}} \longrightarrow G_{\text{SM}}^A \times G_{\text{SM}}^B \quad \leftarrow \text{Mirror sector}$$

$$H, Q_3, U_3 \longrightarrow \underbrace{H_A, Q_{3A}, U_{3A}}_{\text{visible sector}} + \underbrace{H_B, Q_{3B}, U_{3B}}_{\text{"dark" sector: neutral under SM!}}$$

\mathbb{Z}_2 symmetry exchange sector A and B

Accidental SU(4) symmetry in quadratic potential will protect Higgs mass



Twin Higgs potential

Most general potential compatible with symmetries

$$V = \lambda (|H_A|^2 + |H_B|^2 - f^2)^2 + \kappa (|H_A|^4 + |H_B|^4) + \tilde{\mu}^2 |H_A|^2 + \rho |H_A|^4$$

SU(4) and Z2 invariant

f spontaneously breaks

$$SU(4) \rightarrow SU(3)$$

7 Nambu Goldstone bosons

6 NGB eaten in BEH mechanism

Radial Mode \longleftrightarrow $m_H \sim \lambda f$

**One NGB massless scalar!
It's the SM Higgs!**

SU(4) breaking and Z2 invariant

- top loop corrections have this form

Higgs is PGNB

$$\kappa \ll \lambda$$

$$m_h \ll m_H$$

- PGNB mass log sensitive to the cutoff

$$v_A = v_B$$

Maximal mixing, excluded by Higgs coupling

Z2 breaking

$$\tilde{\mu} \equiv \sigma f$$

Soft breaking

$$\rho$$

Hard breaking

allows for hierarchy

$$v \equiv v_A \ll v_B \sim f$$

Controls Higgs mixing angle

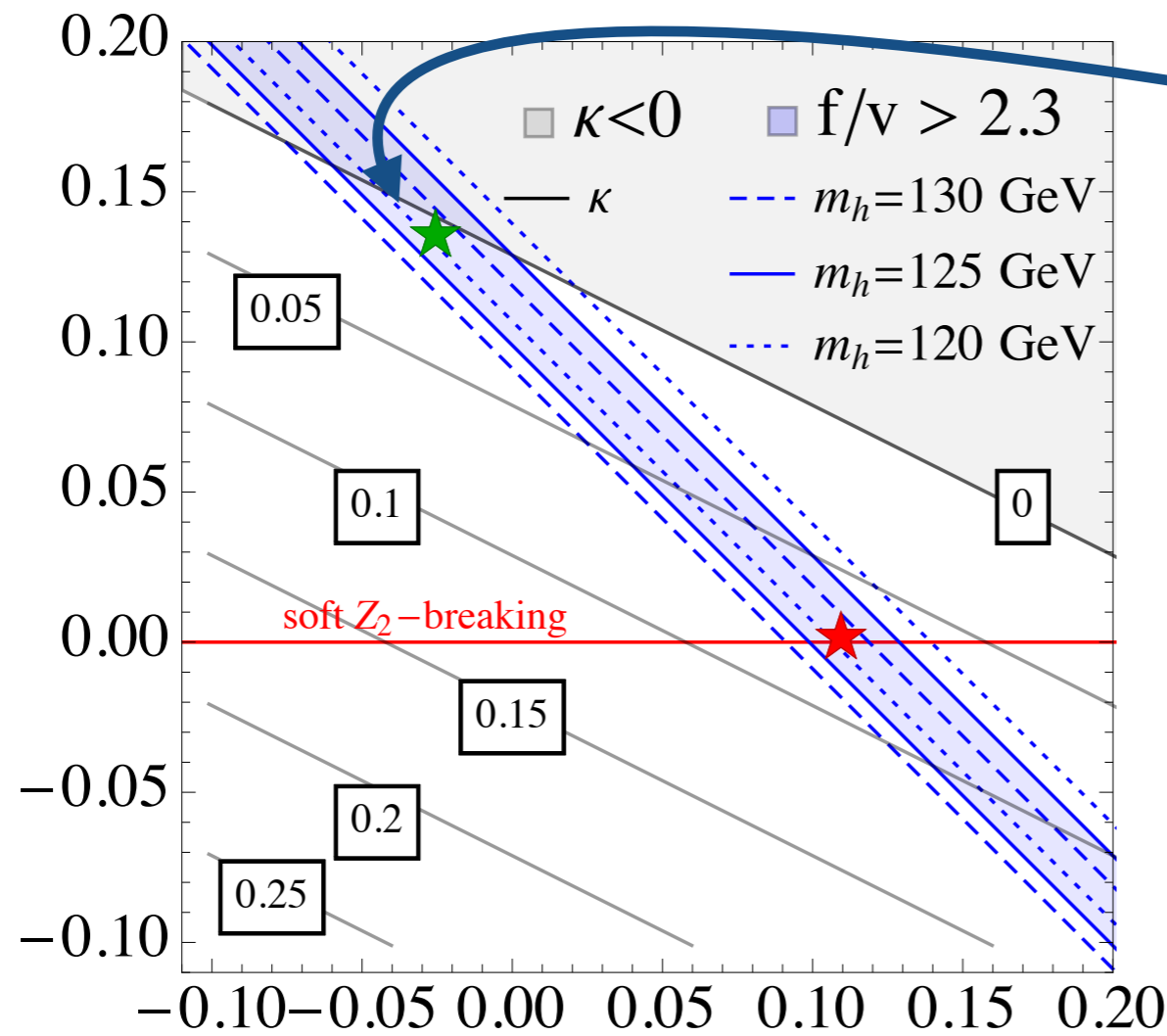
$$s_\theta \sim \frac{v}{f}$$

$\longrightarrow \frac{f}{v} > 2.3$

The Twin on a Plane

EWSB condition

$$\frac{v^2}{f^2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\kappa - \sigma/2}{\kappa + \rho/2} \right) \quad m_h^2 \approx 4f^2 \left(\kappa - \frac{\sigma}{2} \right) \approx 8v^2 \left(\kappa + \frac{\rho}{2} \right)$$



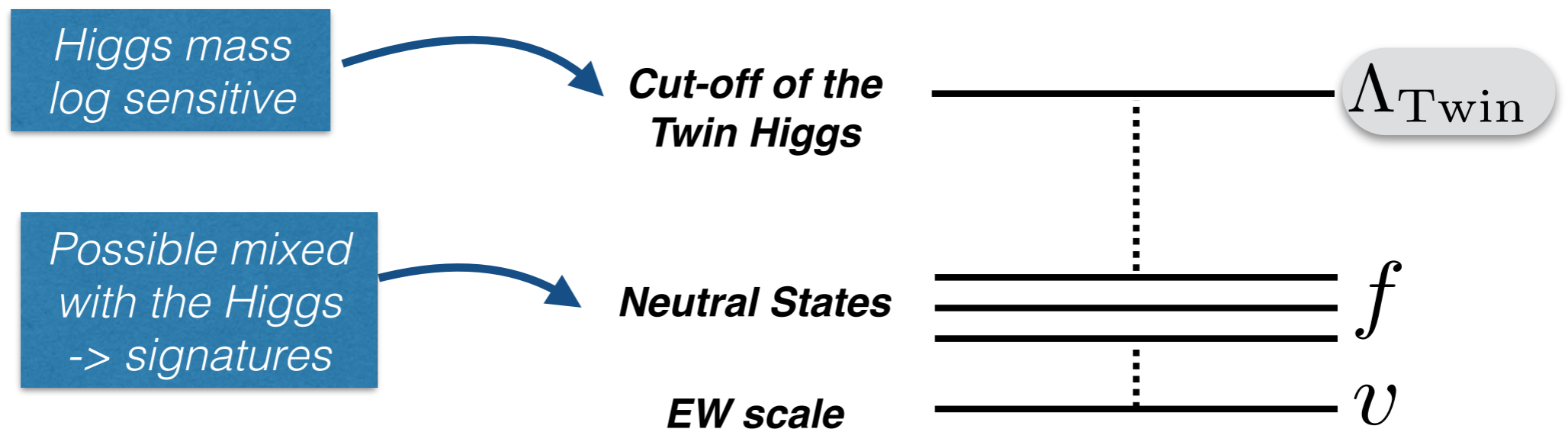
Viability strip

4 parameters $\{f, \kappa, \sigma, \rho\}$
 - 2 observables $\{v, m_h\}$
 and constraint $f/v > 2.3$

★ soft-breaking: $\rho \ll \sigma$
 tuning $\sigma \approx 2\kappa$ to get $f/v > 2.3$

★ hard-breaking: $\rho \gg \sigma$
 tuning $\kappa \ll \rho$ to get m_h

Twin Higgs: summary



The Twin Higgs is a bridge over the little hierarchy problem

Candidate UV completions

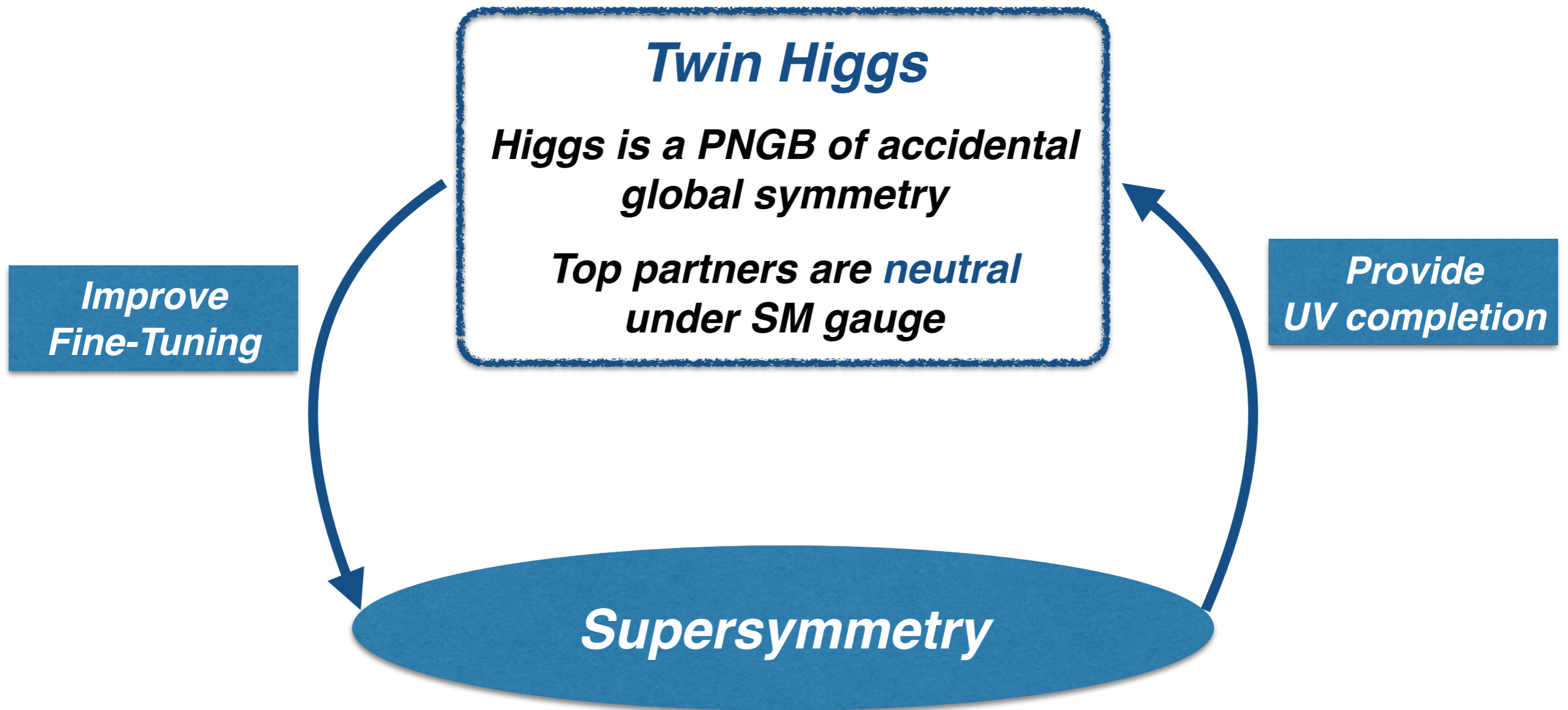
SUSY

- *Weakly coupled*

Composite

- *Strongly coupled*

Twin SUSY



To Do's:

Only few existing models

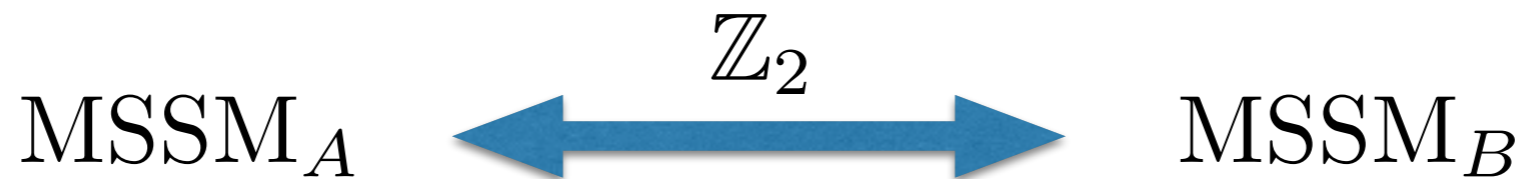
Chang Hall Weiner 2006

Falkowski, Pokorski, Schmaltz 2006

Craig Howe 2013

Explore general structure and identify phenomenology

Twin SUSY



- Two copy of Two Higgs doublet model $\mathcal{H}_u = \begin{pmatrix} h_u^A \\ h_u^B \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathcal{H}_d = \begin{pmatrix} h_d^A \\ h_d^B \end{pmatrix}$ SU(4) inv. combinations
- Match SUSY potential to Twin Higgs using

$$h_u^A = H_A \sin \beta_A \quad h_u^B = H_B \sin \beta_B$$

$$h_d^A = H_A \cos \beta_A \quad h_d^B = H_B \cos \beta_B$$

$$V = \lambda \left(|H_A|^2 + |H_B|^2 - f^2 \right)^2 + \kappa \left(|H_A|^4 + |H_B|^4 \right) + \tilde{\mu}^2 |H_A|^2 + \rho |H_A|^4$$

SU(4) and Z2 invariant

- Generated by SU(4) preserving soft masses
- *f*-tuning is calculable

SU(4) breaking and Z2 invariant

- top-stop loop contribution
- D-term tree level contribution

Z2 breaking

- hard Z2 breaking can be radiatively stable in SUSY

Parameters set by SUSY

Twin SUSY Tuning

Now we can estimate the tuning using SUSY UV completion and compare to standard SUSY

Z2 breaking v/f

×

UV sensitivity f/M_S

$$\underbrace{\Delta_{v^2/f^2} \approx \frac{f^2}{2v^2}}_{\text{Soft}} \times \underbrace{\Delta_{v^2/f^2} \approx \frac{f^2}{2v^2} F(m_{S_A}, f)}_{\text{Hard}} \times \Delta_{f^2/M_S^2} \approx \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} \frac{M_S^2}{2\lambda_{SU(4)}v^2} \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{M_S^2}$$

★ **Soft: Gain is** $\sim \frac{\lambda_{SU(4)}}{\lambda_{SM}}$

Vanilla SUSY

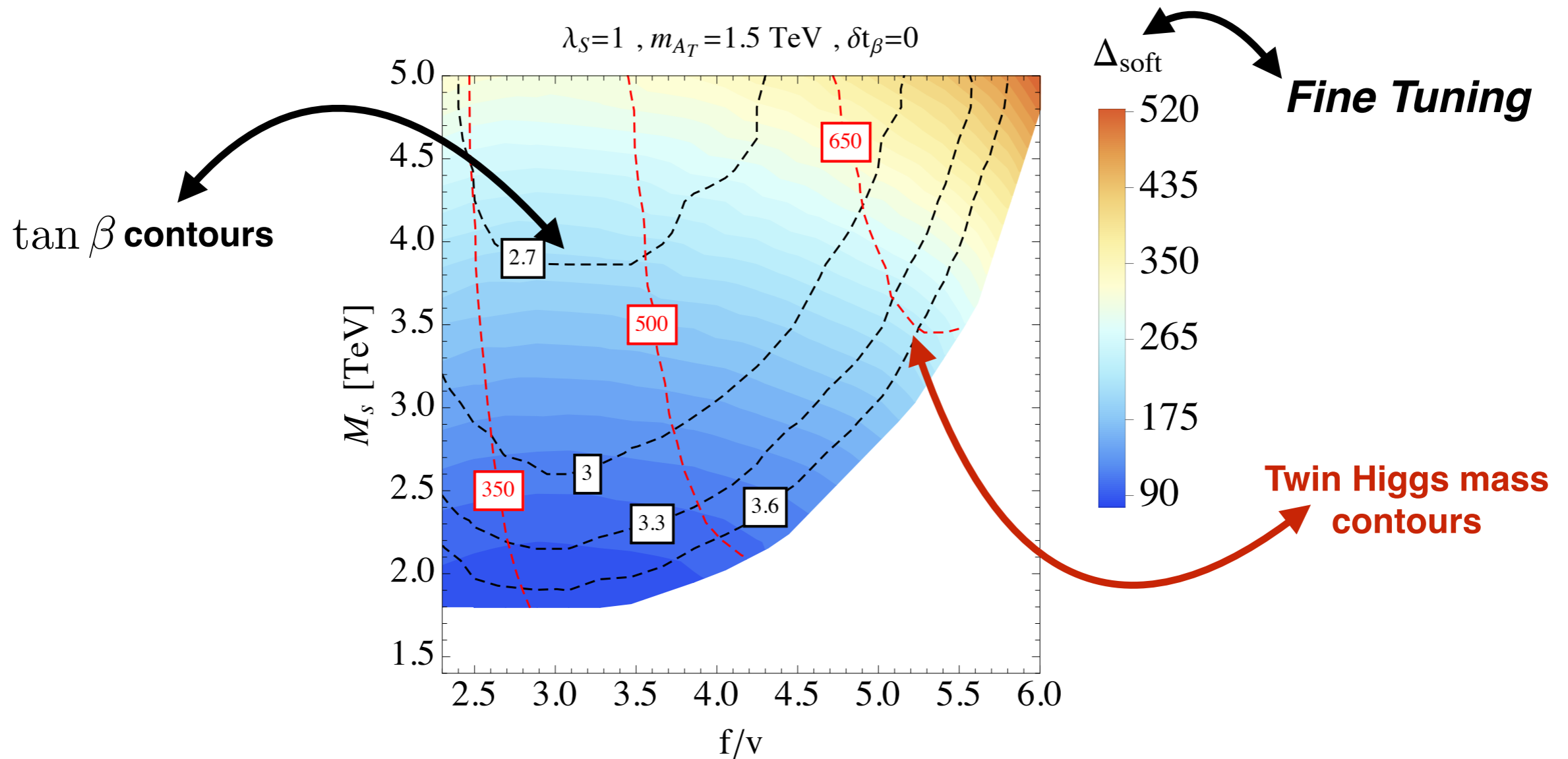
$$\Delta \approx \frac{3y_t^2}{8\pi^2} \frac{M_S^2}{2\lambda_{SM}v^2} \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{M_S^2}$$

★ **Hard: we can gain more with low m_{S_A} :** $F(m_{S_A}, f) \lesssim 1$

Formula and factorization is approximation

Q: Does the gain robust in proper quantitative estimate?

Soft breaking in Twin SUSY



We can get to 1% tuning with colored states decoupled from LHC

Reproduce findings of *Craig Howe 2013*

Hard breaking in Twin SUSY

Generate extra quartic couplings with non decoupling F-terms

$$W = \lambda_A S_A H_u^A H_d^A \quad m_{S_A}^{soft} \gg m_{S_A}^{susy}$$

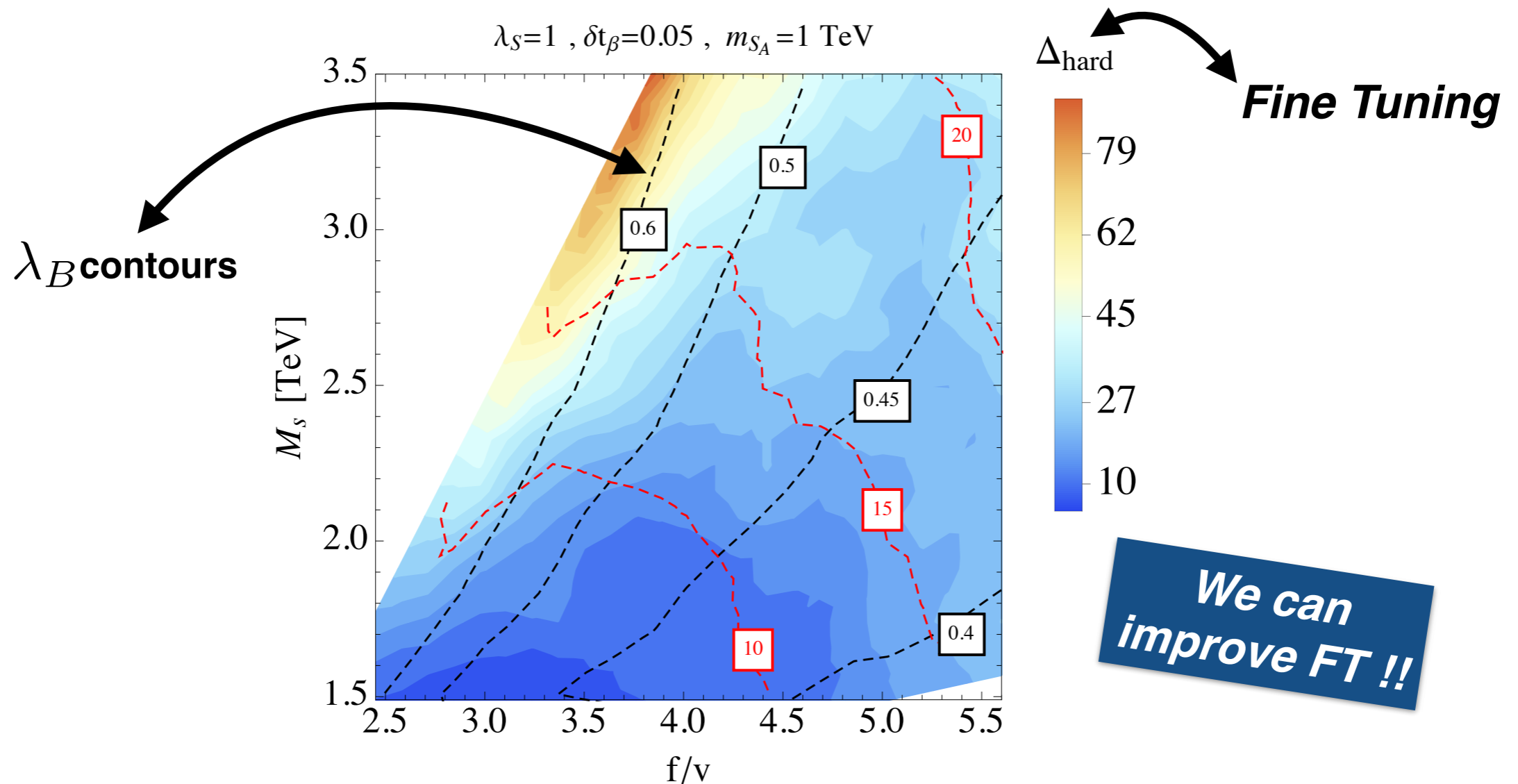


Z2 breaking quartic

$$W = \lambda_B \Phi^{AB} H_u^A H_u^B \quad m_{\Phi}^{soft} \gg m_{\Phi}^{susy}$$



Extra negative contribution to k



10% fine tuning with stops at 2 TeV

Twin SUSY @ LHC

Neutral naturalness



Extended Higgs sector

Twin SUSY



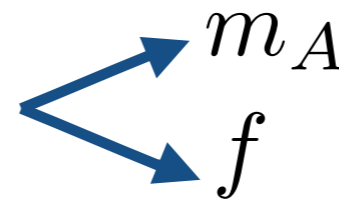
4 Higgs doublet model

*2 CP-odd
higgses*

*4 CP-even
higgses*

*2 Charged
higgses*

*Expected scalar spectrum
controlled by two parameters*



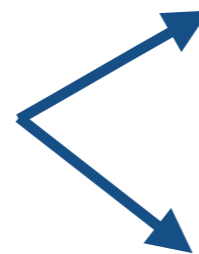
m_A

MSSM-like scalars

f

Twin-Higgs

*Q: Can we probe these
extra scalars @ LHC?*



Usual MSSM scalar searches

*Possibly augmented with
MET signature*

Twin Higgs mixes with SM Higgs

Resonance in di-bosons

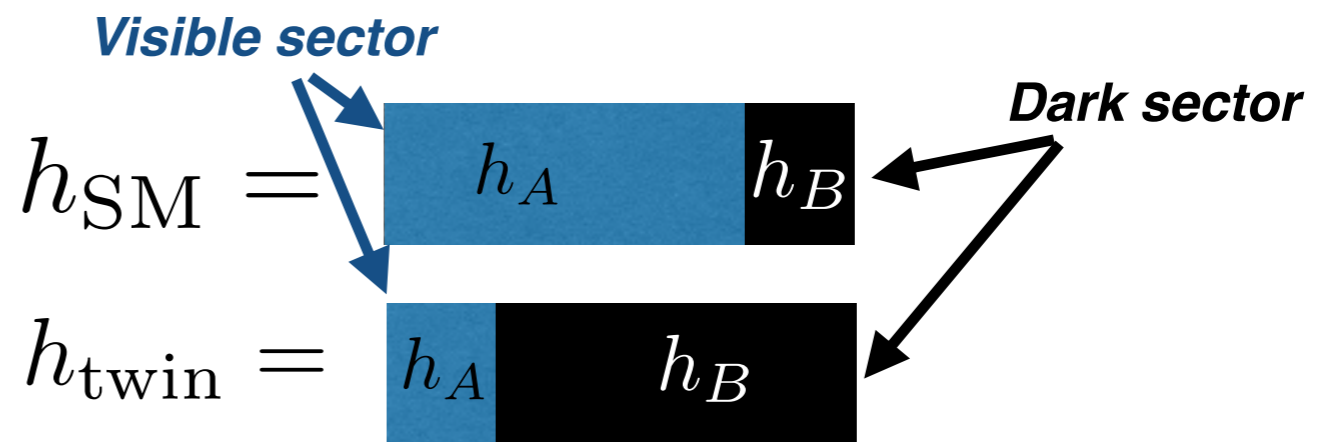
Buttazzo Sala Tesi '15

Searching the Twin Higgs

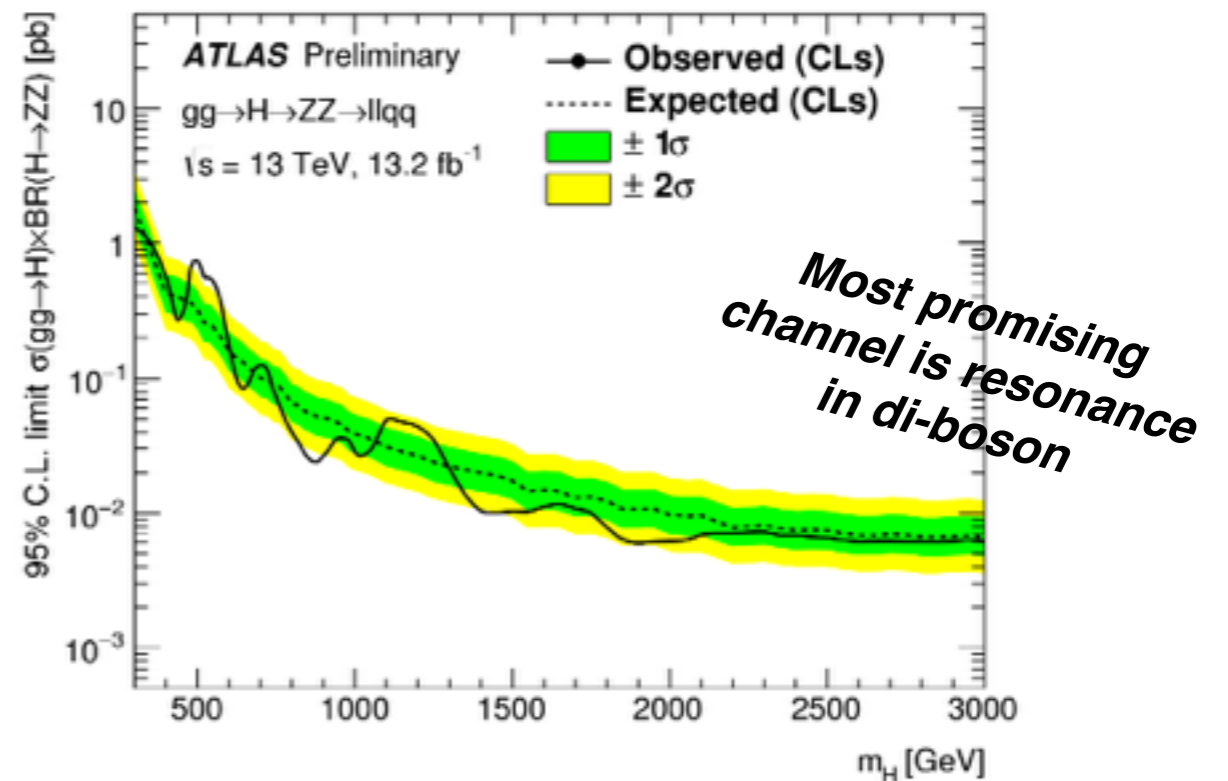
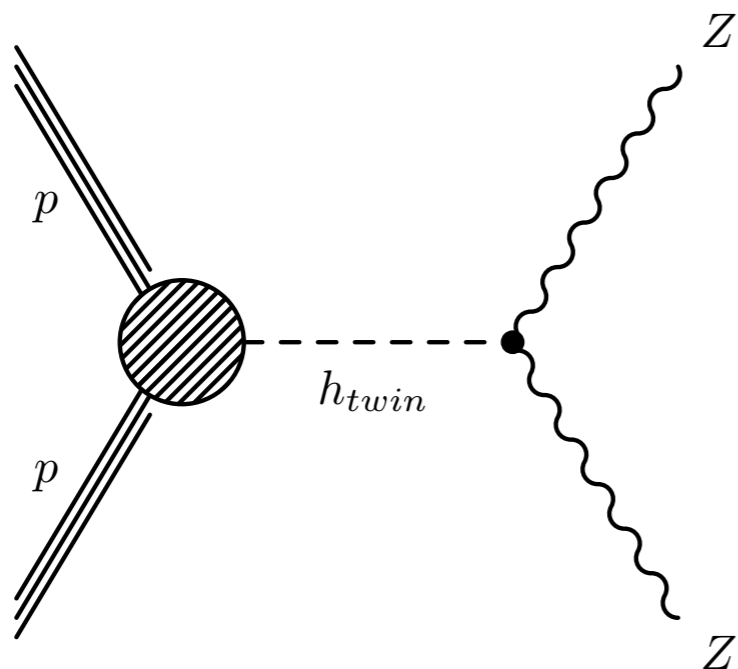
Two important scalars in the spectrum

1. Higgs is PNGB of accidental continuous SU(4) symmetry
2. The Twin Higgs is the massive scalar associated to the SU(4) breaking

**The two scalars
will mix !!!**



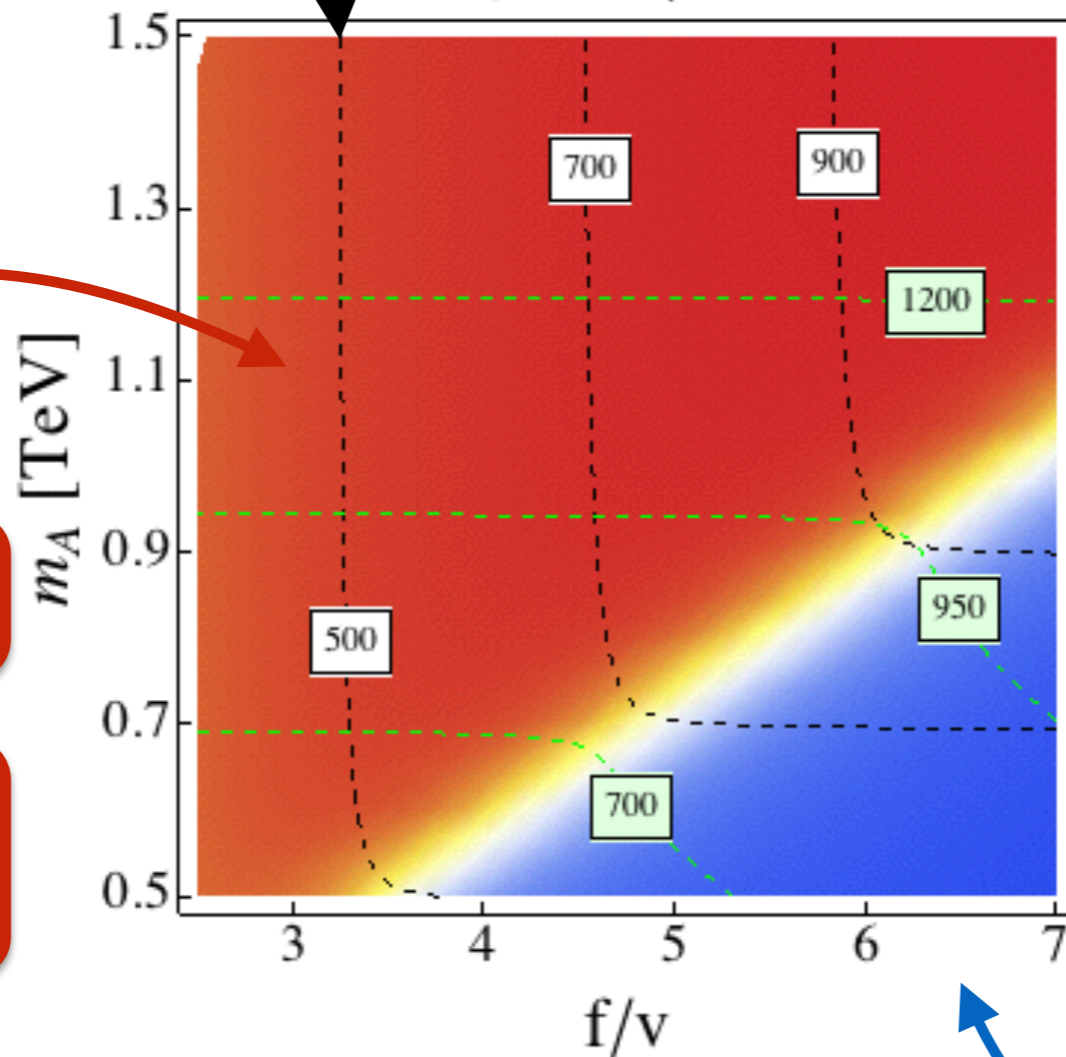
Twin Higgs production at LHC



CP-even spectrum

Next to lightest state mass contours

$\lambda_S=0.9 \quad \tan\beta=1.5$



Measure how much the state is Dark

$$m_A \gg \lambda f$$

Lightest state is Twin Higgs

Light scalar that mixes with the Higgs

$$m_A \ll \lambda f$$

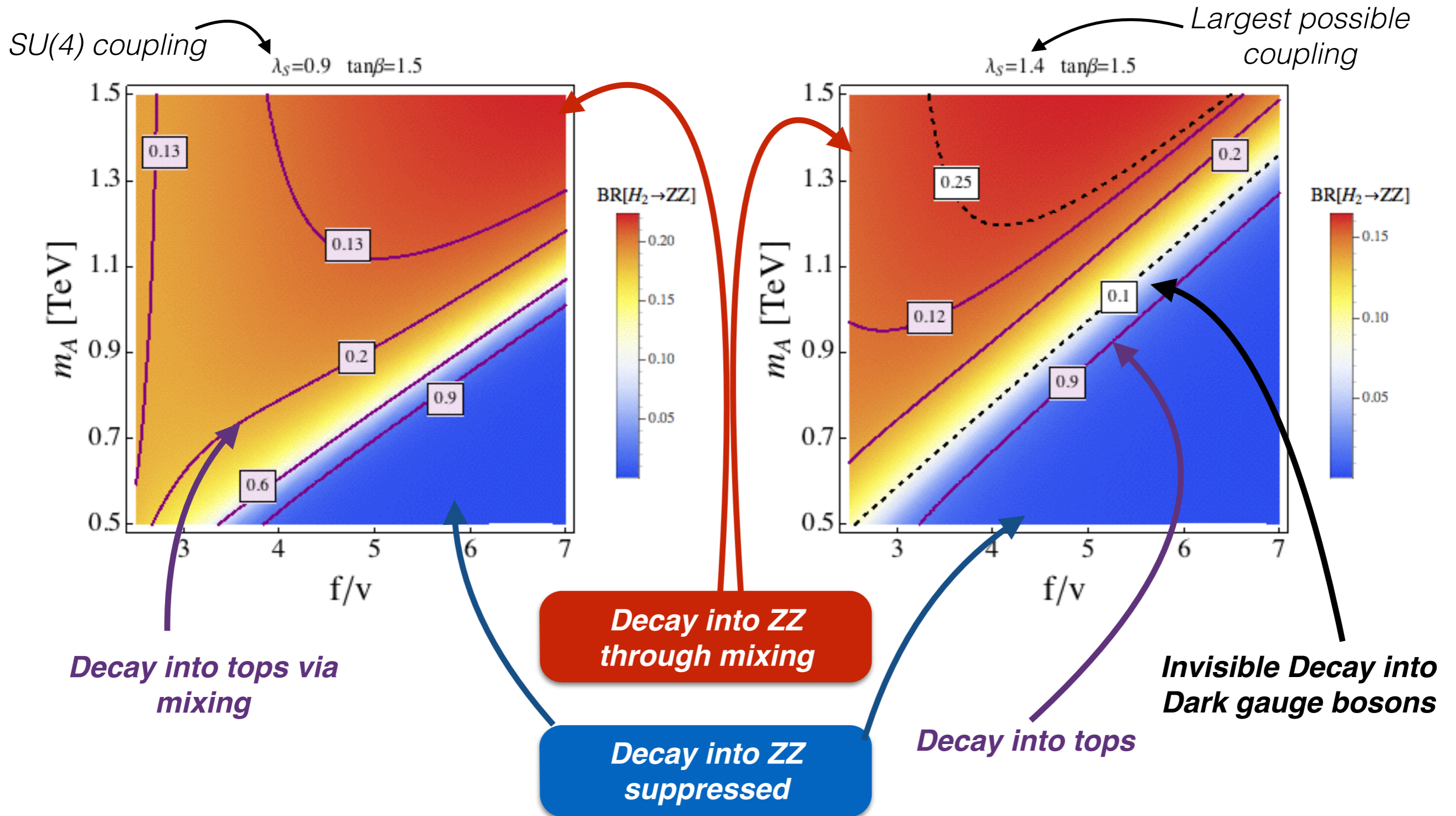
Lightest state is MSSM-like

All MSSM-like scalars at similar mass

Low lying spectrum interpolates between (non-SUSY) Twin Higgs and MSSM

Branching Ratio

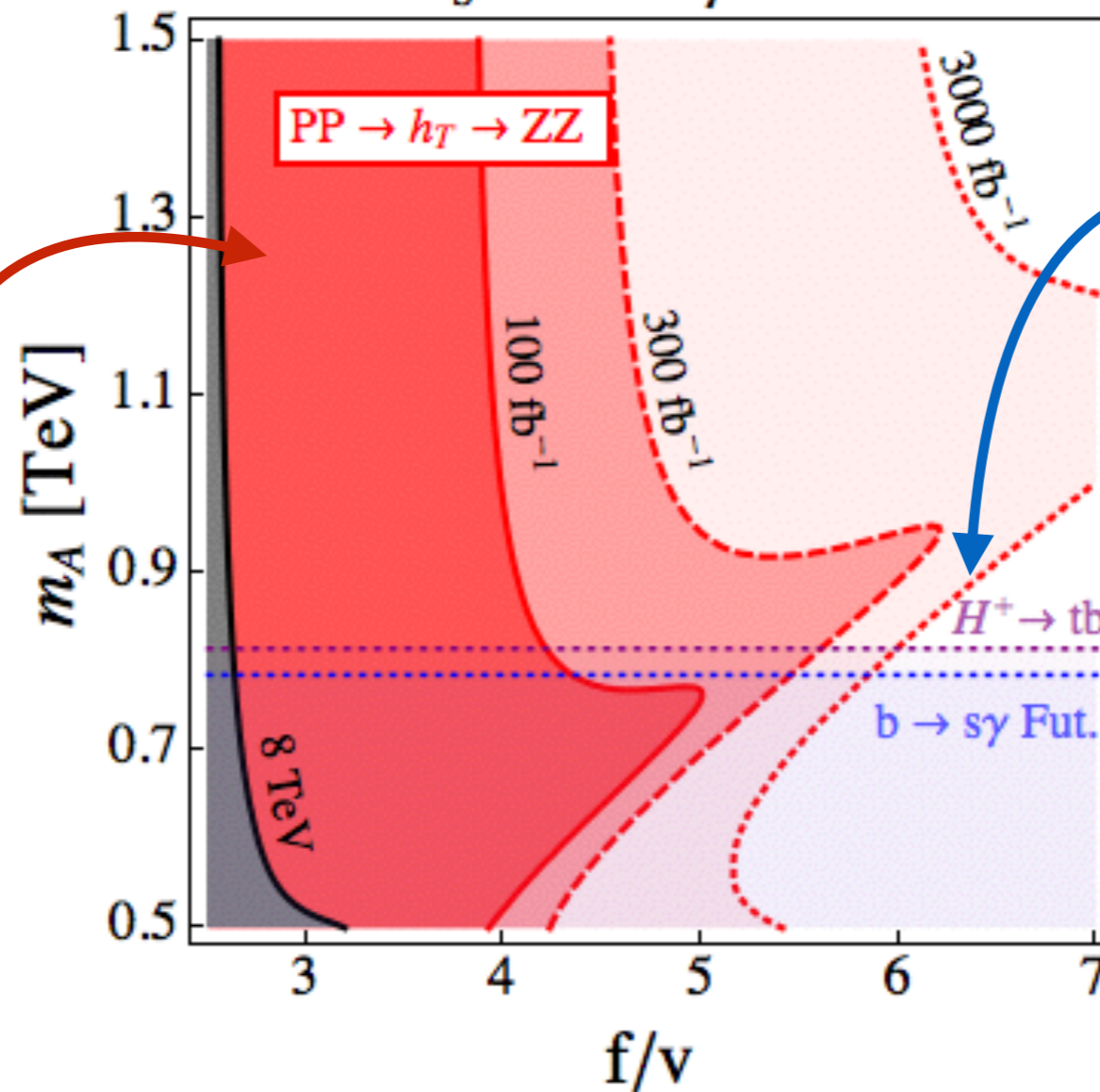
Decay modes of next to lightest state determines phenomenology



Twin SUSY @ LHC

Prospects for Twin SUSY

$$\lambda_S=0.9 \quad \tan\beta=1.5$$



Twin Higgs decay
mainly in di-
bosons and $t\bar{t}$

Exclusion and
prospects for
 ZZ searches

Direct searches
stronger than
Higgs couplings

Di-boson searches
vs
Neutral Naturalness

MSSM Higgses
searches probe
other region

$H^+ \rightarrow tb$
up to 800 but with
high luminosity

$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
will also probe
MSSM-like region

CP-odd Higgs
searches less
promising ...

Almost all parameter space with small tuning will be covered combining LHC direct searches and indirect limits

Conclusions

★ **BSM under pressure given negative results of LHC**

★ **Neutral naturalness possibility**

- *could have evaded current searches and improve FT*

★ **Twin Higgs bridge over Little fine tuning**

- *Soft and Hard breaking of Z_2 symmetry*

★ **Twin Higgs meets SUSY**

- *Soft and Hard breaking of Z_2 symmetry realizable*
- *Hard show moderate gain in fine tuning*

★ **Rich phenomenology accessible at LHC in different channels**

- *Interpolates between (non SUSY)-Twin and MSSM*
- *Different final states and searches will cover the parameter space*



Thanks for the attention