

Single Molecules and Single Gold Nanoparticles: Detection and Spectroscopy

T. Jollans, W. Zhang, B. Pradhan
A. Carattino, L. Hou, N. Verhart
S. Adhikari, M. Caldarola
M. Orrit

Molecular **N**ano-**O**ptics and **S**pins

Leiden University (Netherlands)

Strasbourg, 05 July 2016

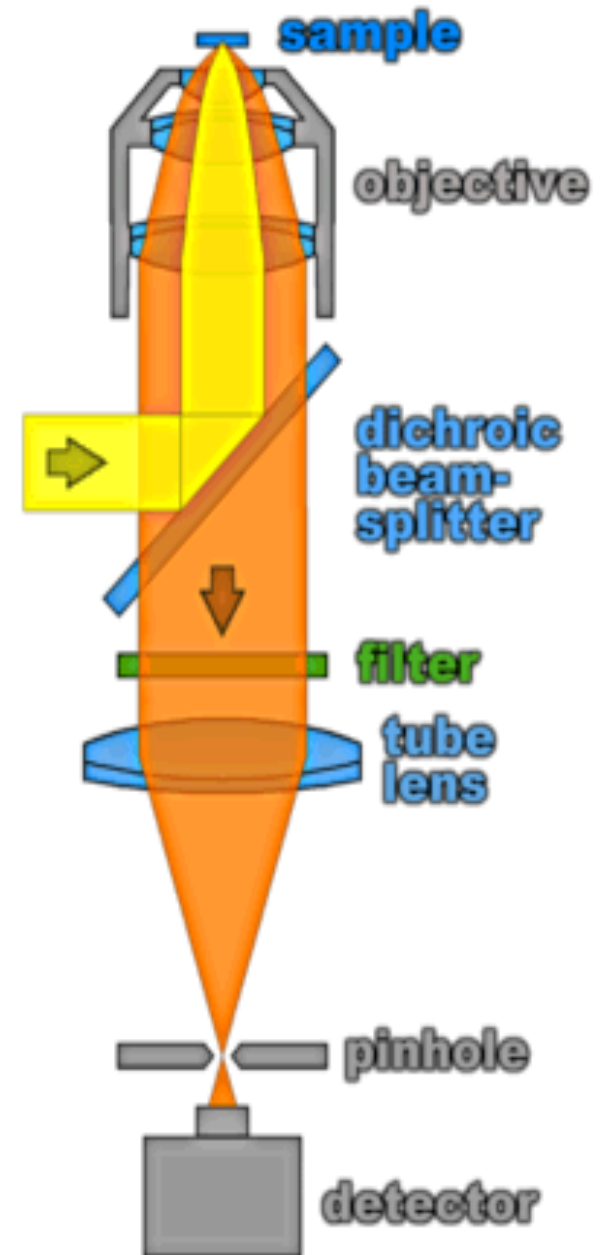
Outline

- **Single molecules and gold nanoparticles**
- **Photothermal detection**
- **Sensing, luminescence, trapping and enhancement with gold nanorods**
- **Plasmonic creation of nanobubbles in liquids**

Optical microscope

$$V_{illum.} \approx 1 \mu m^3$$

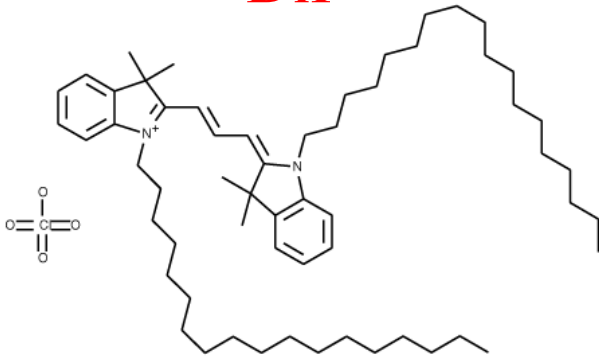
about 10^9 molecules
in focal spot



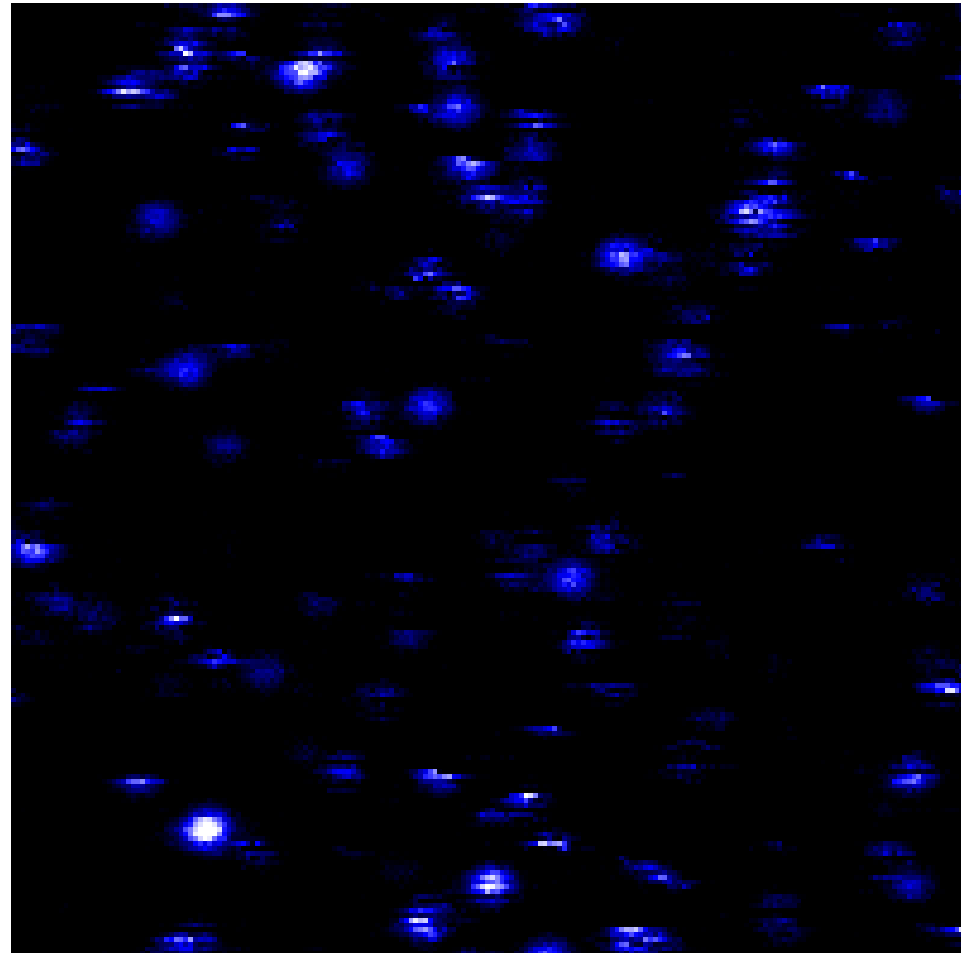
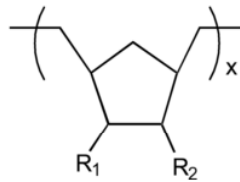
Room Temperature

$$\frac{\sigma_{abs}(Room\ T.)}{\sigma_{abs}(Low\ T.)} \approx 10^{-6}$$

DiI

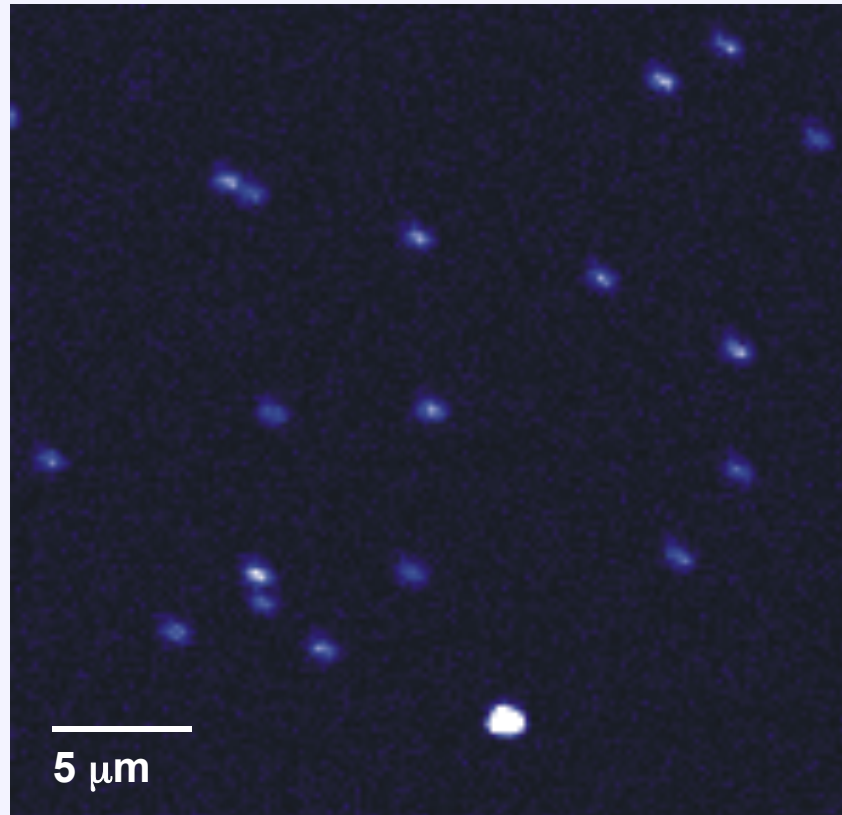


in Zeonex[®]



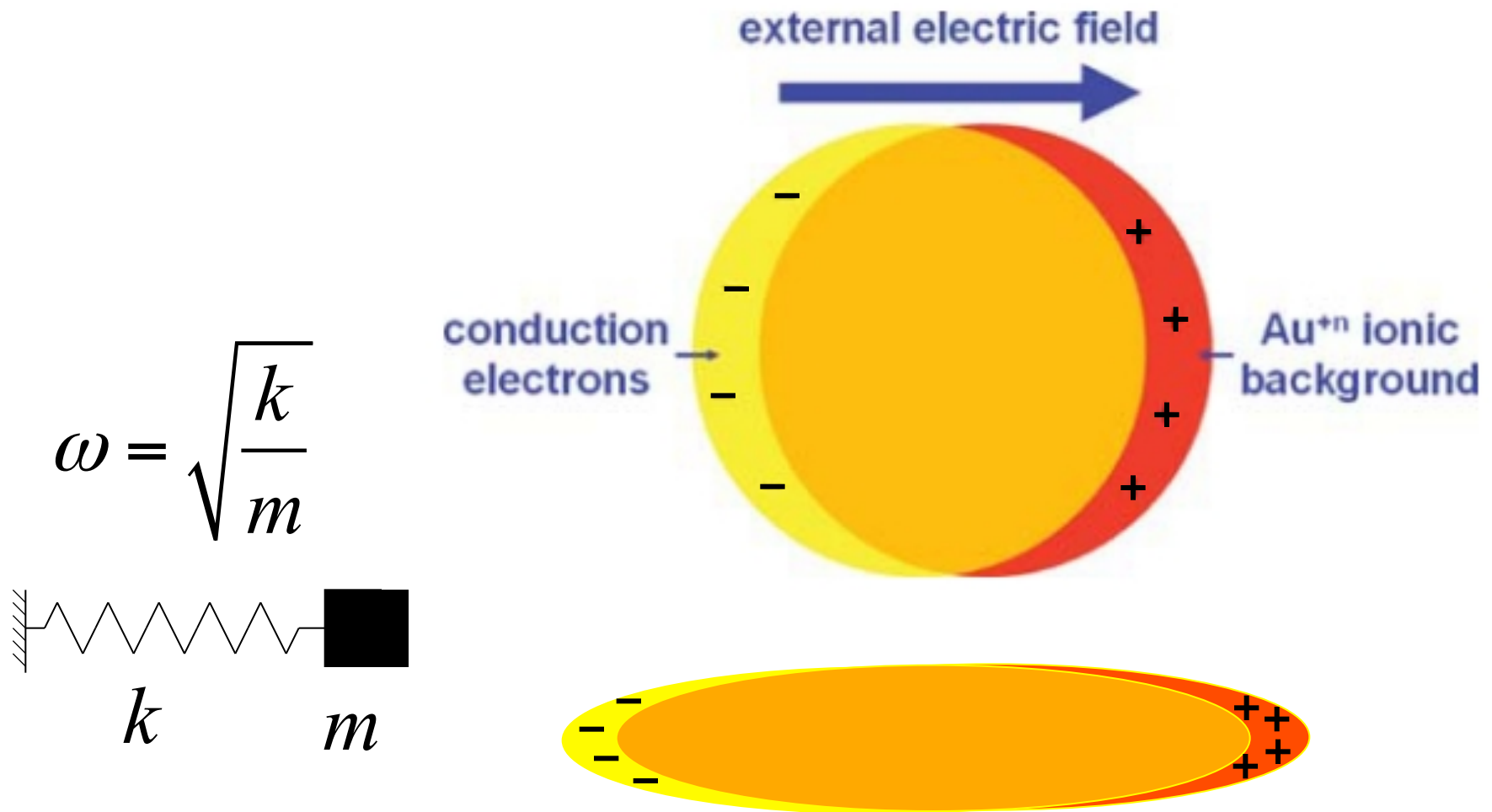
10 μm

Optical Microscopy of single gold nanoparticles



Third Harmonic, 100 nm; M. Lippitz et al., NanoLett 5 (2005) 799

Plasmons in gold nanoparticles



Harmonic oscillator, spring constant depends on shape

Gold Nanorods

collab. P. Zijlstra, J. Chon, M. Gu
Swinburne U. (Melbourne, Australia)

- SEM and TEM images
- Plasmons and scattering
- Acoustic modes

TEM images

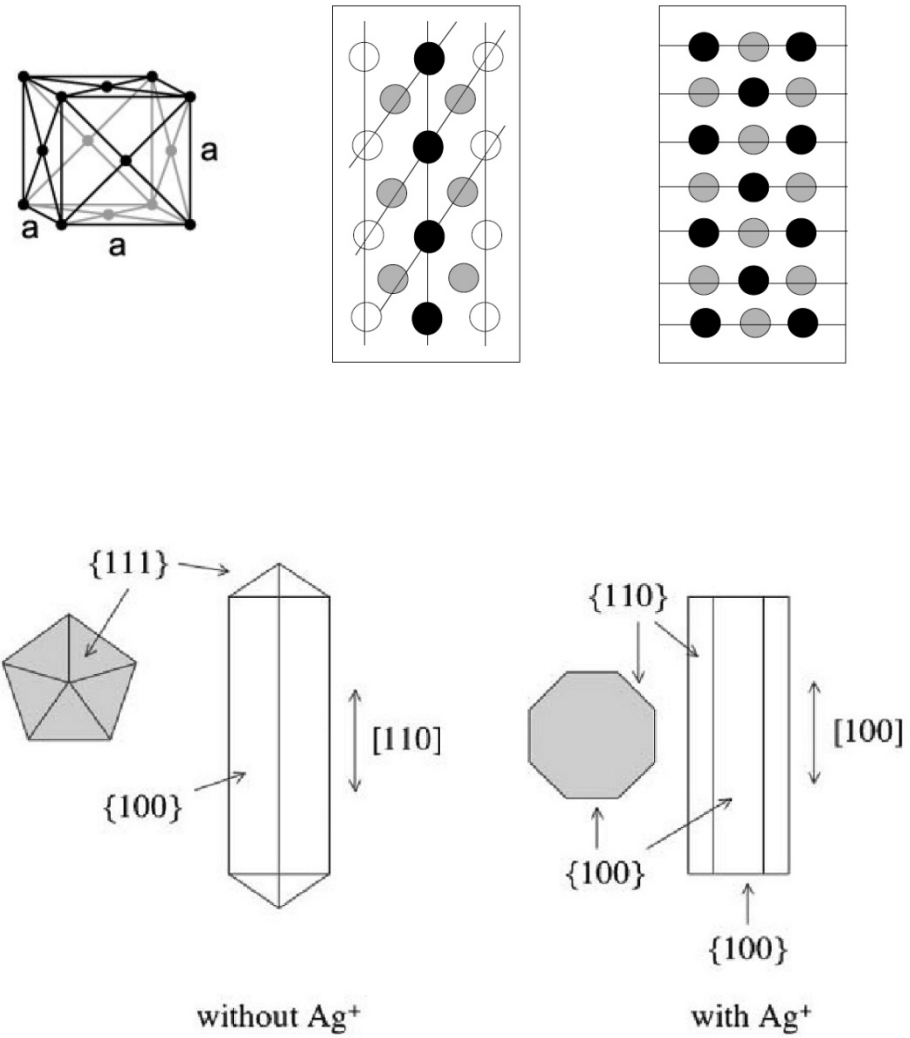
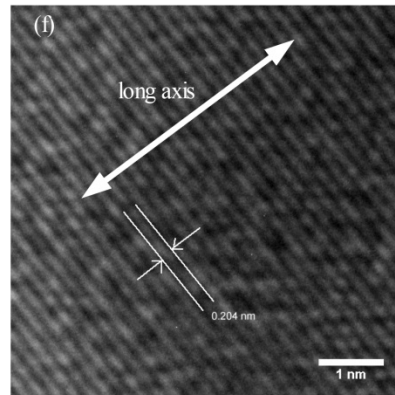
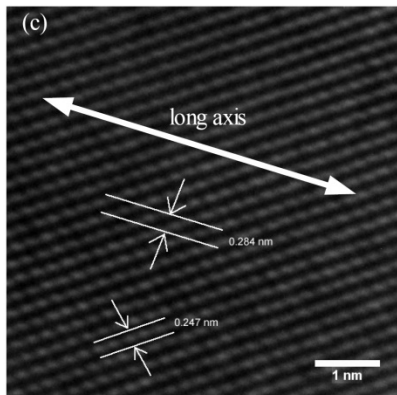
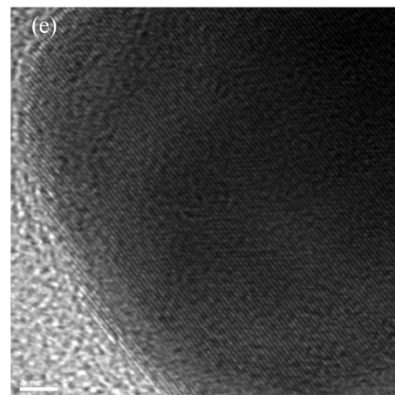
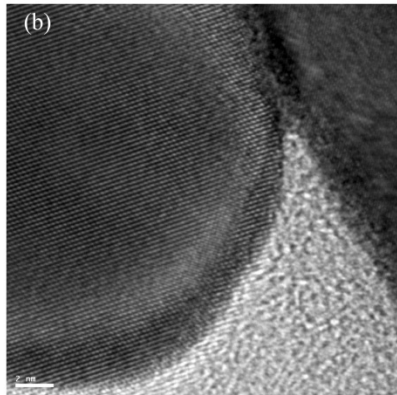
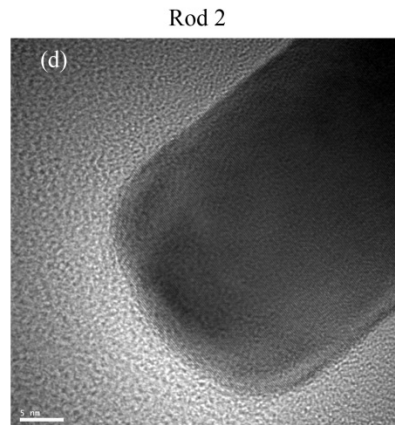
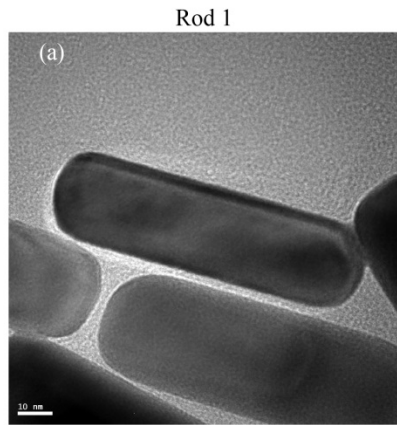
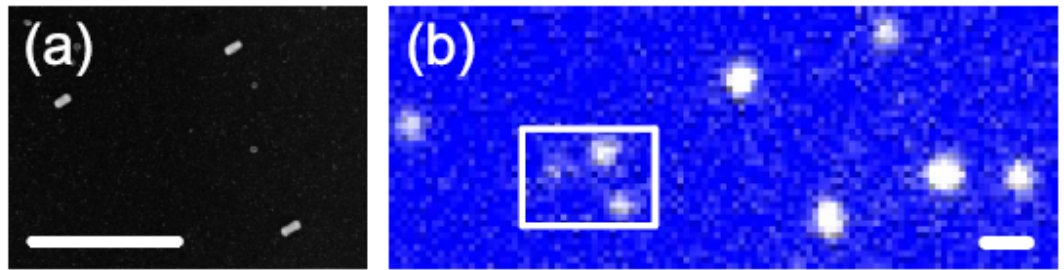
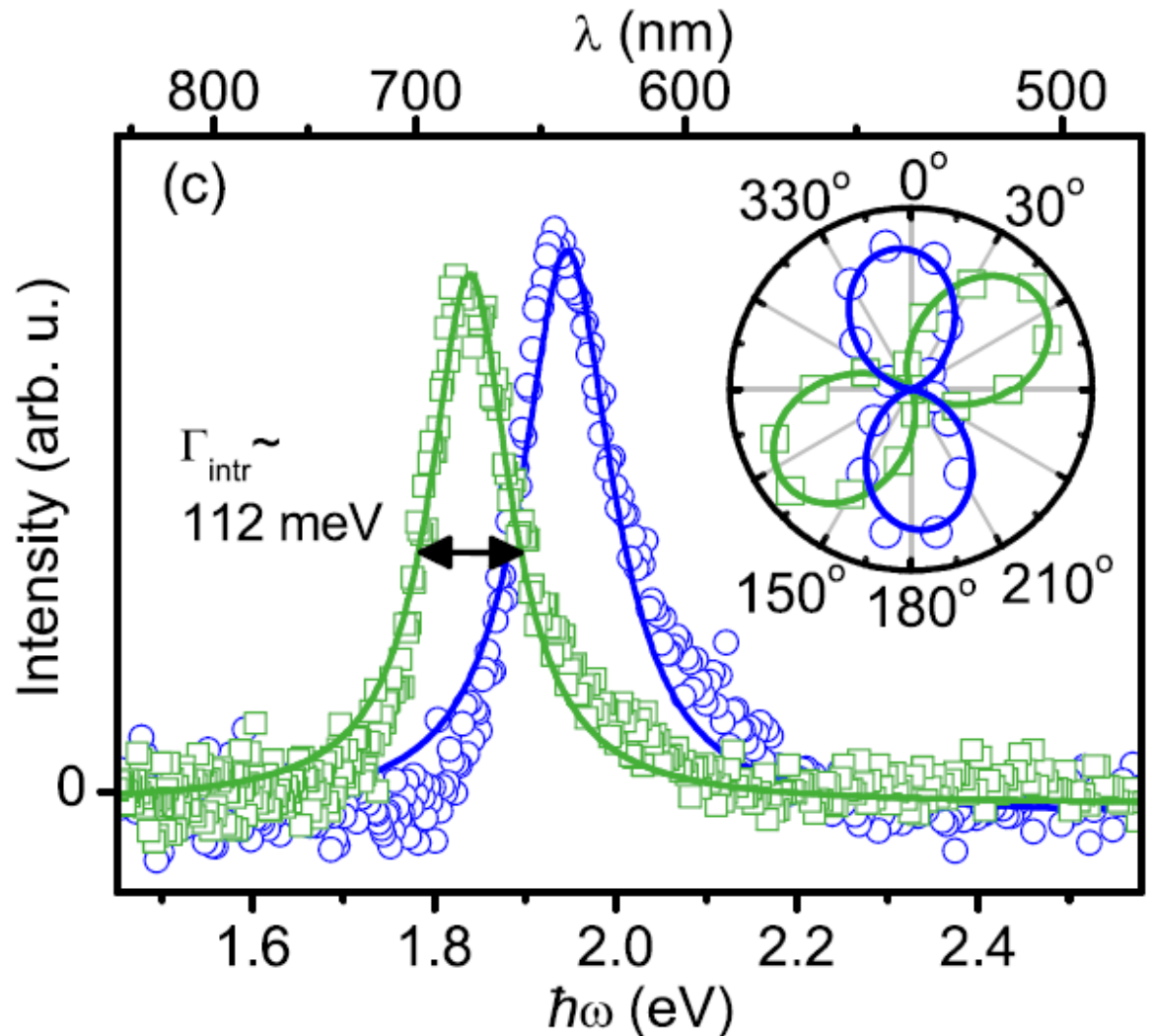


Figure 2: High resolution TEM images of two gold nanorods imaged at low (a) and (d), medium (b) and (e), and high (c) and (f) magnification (both (c) and (f) are imaged at 1.05 million times magnification). The fat arrows in (c) and (f) indicate the long particle axis. The measured lattice plane spacings averaged over 30-50 planes are indicated in (c) and (f).

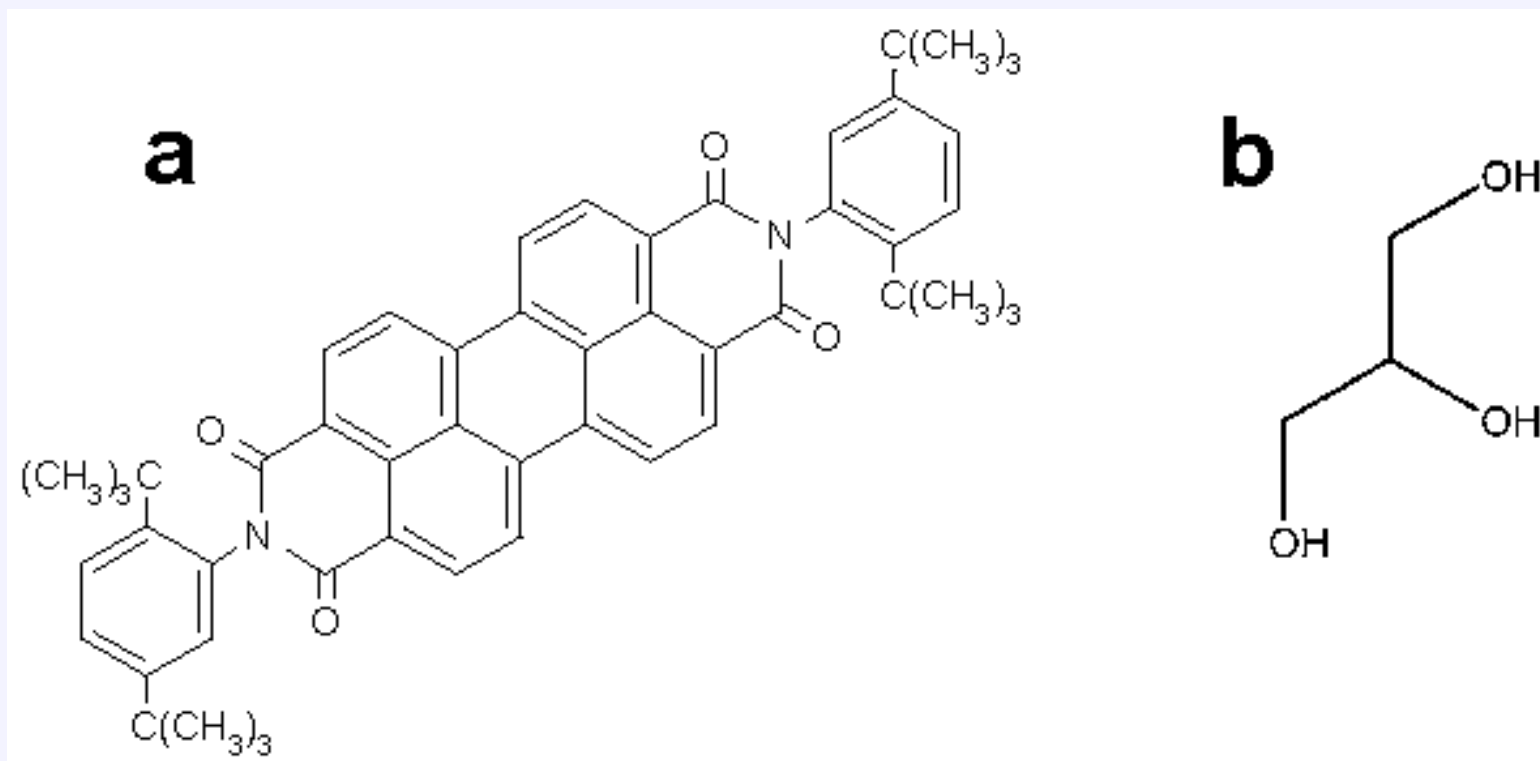
Optical scattering and SEM images



local index probe



Local probing of supercooled liquids



Perylene-di-imide (a) in glycerol (b)

Dr. Florian Kulzer



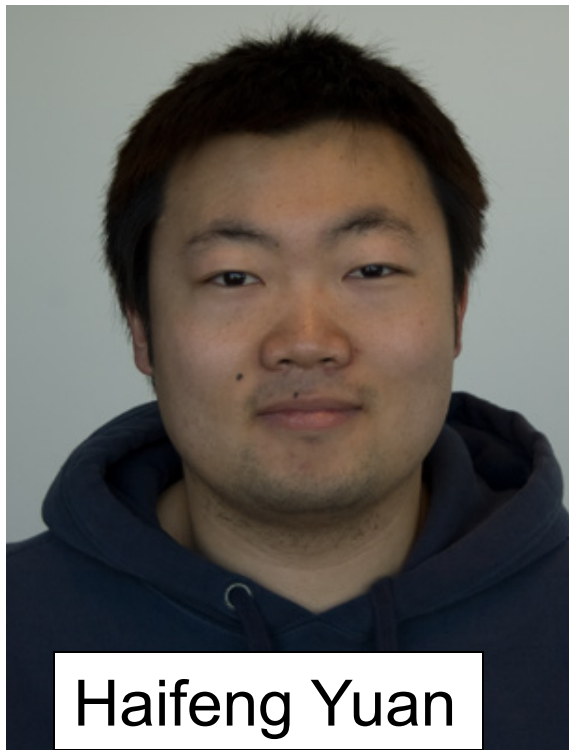
Dr. Rob Zondervan



Dr. Ted Xia



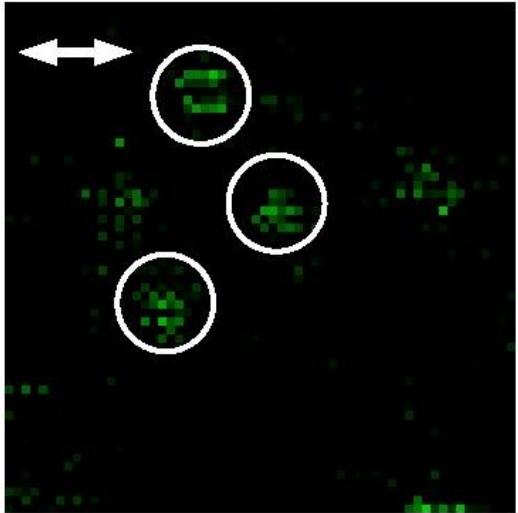
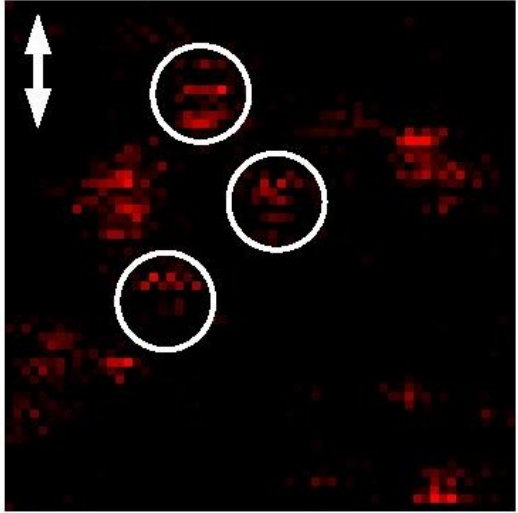
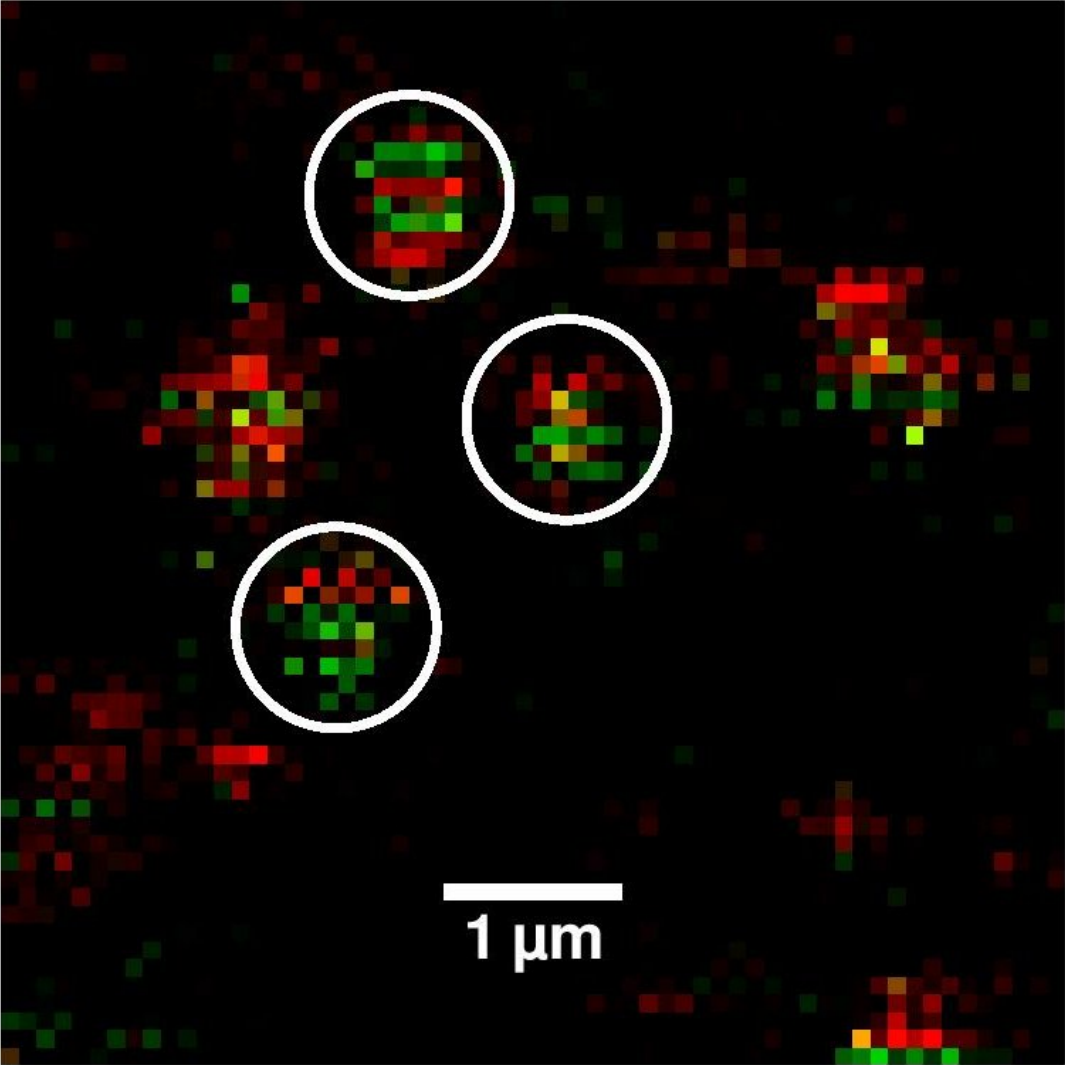
Haifeng Yuan



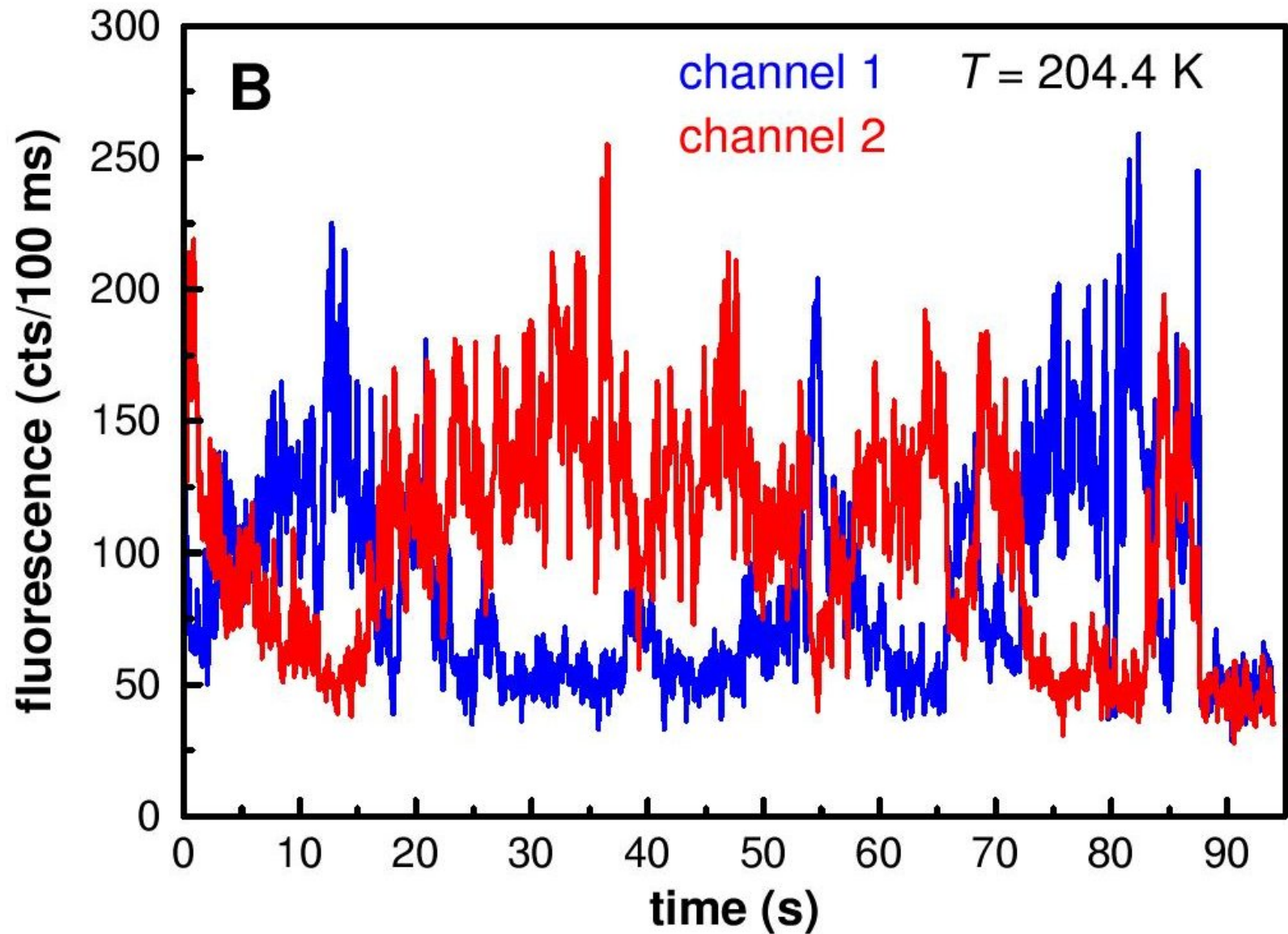
Saumyakanti Khatua



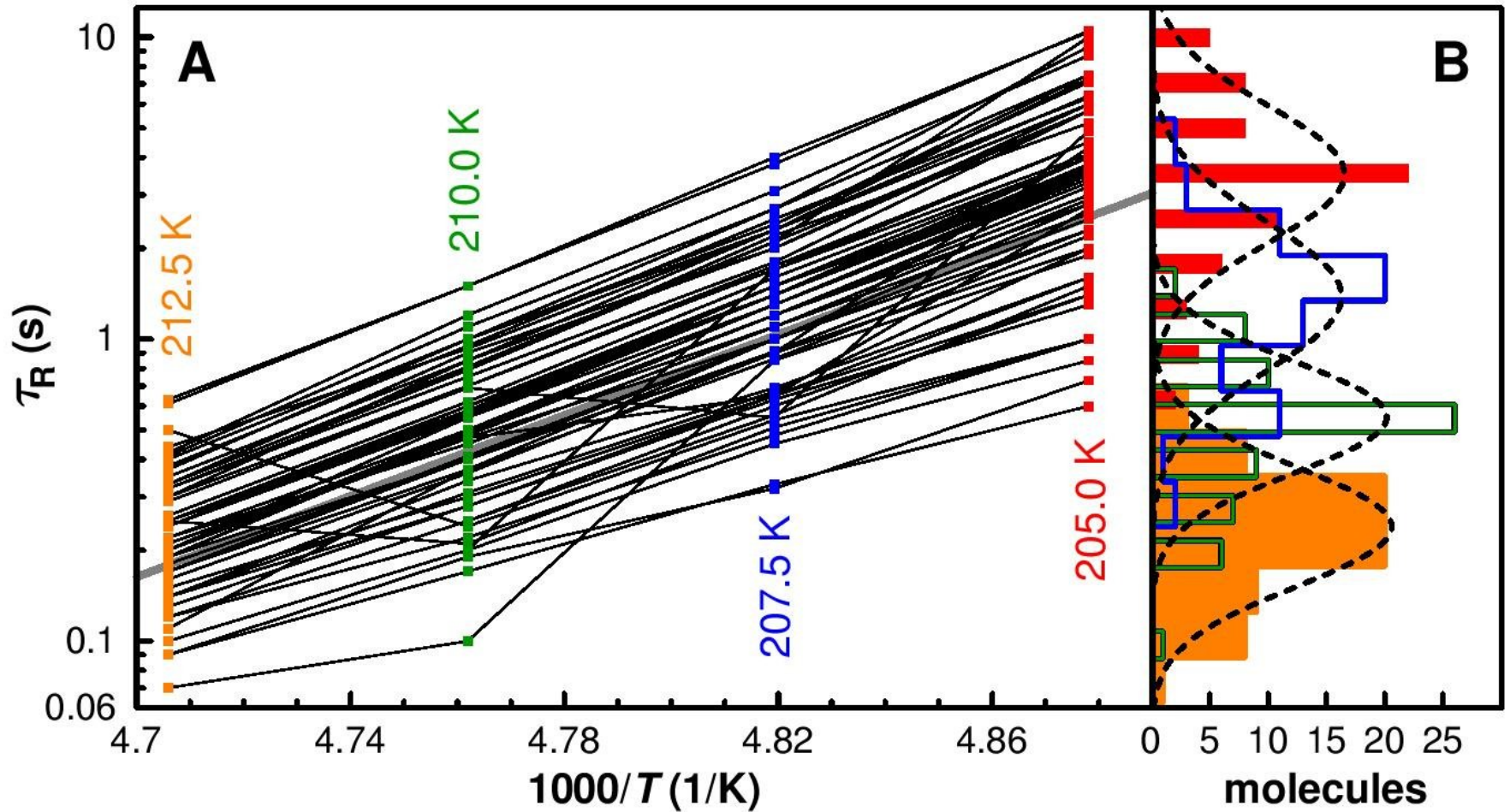
Polarized single-molecule fluorescence



Anticorrelation of polarization channels



T-dep. of tumbling rates for 69 molecules

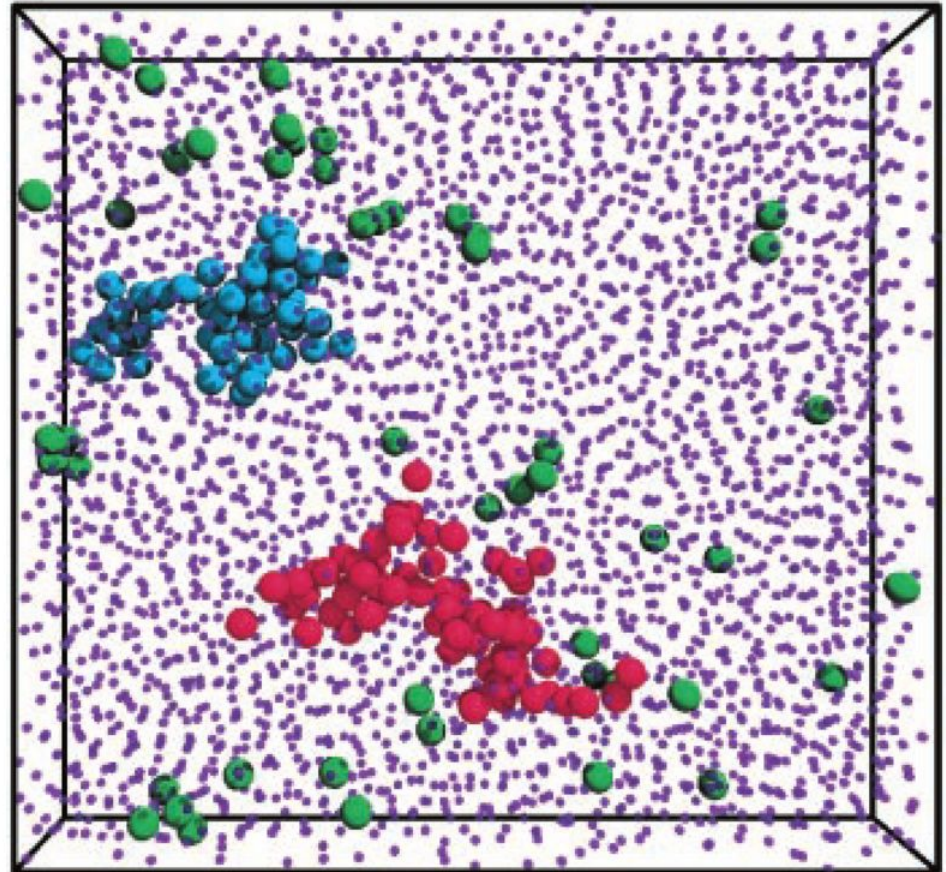


Extremely long memory of diffusion rate evidence for solid walls?

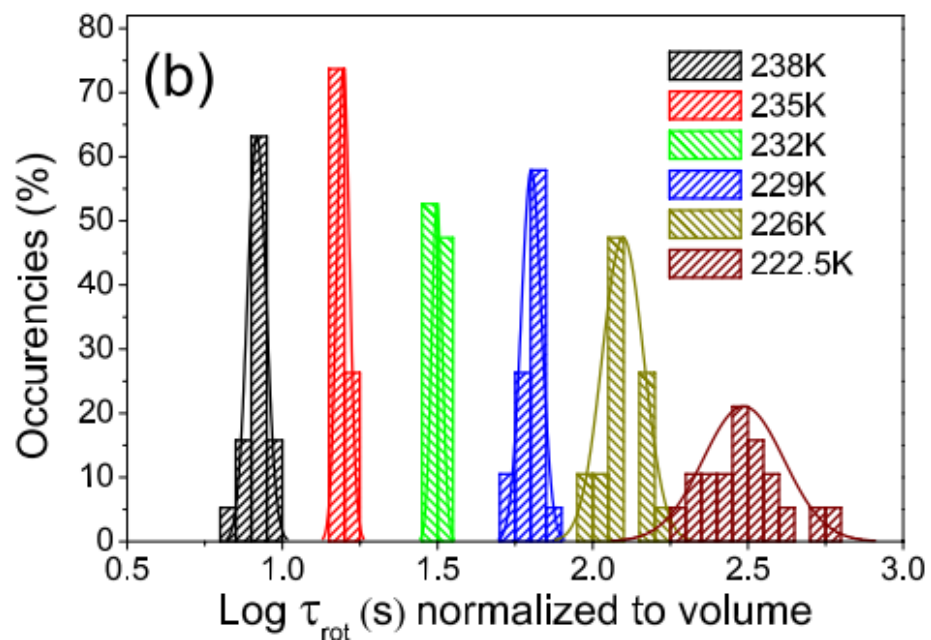
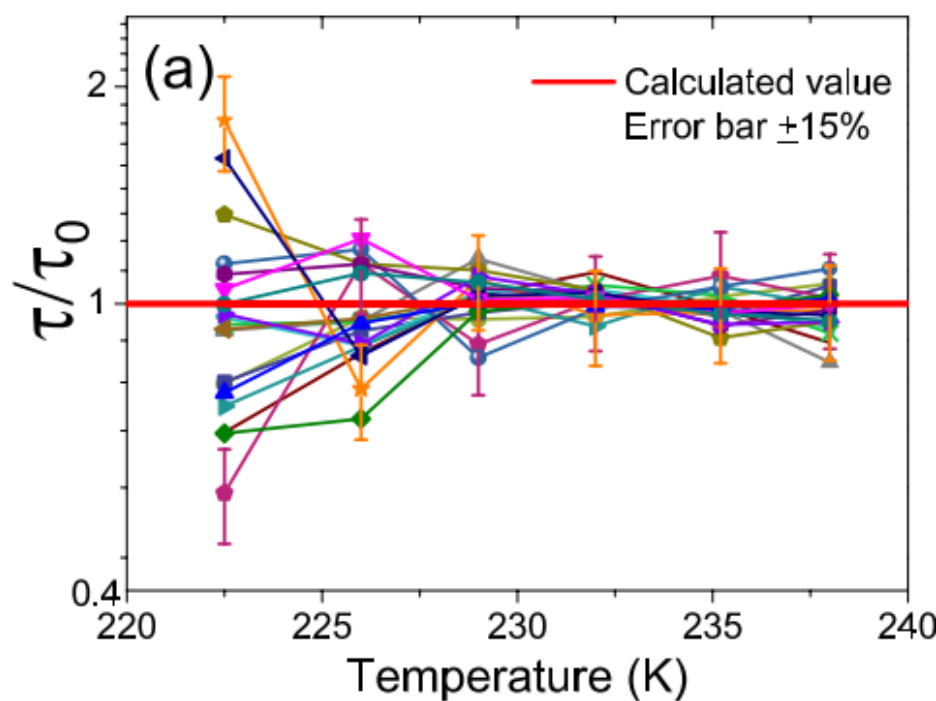
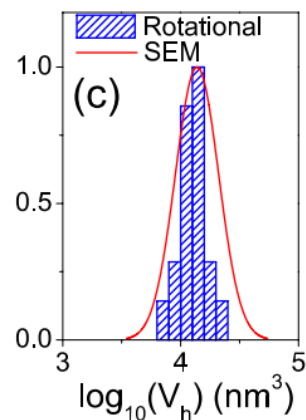
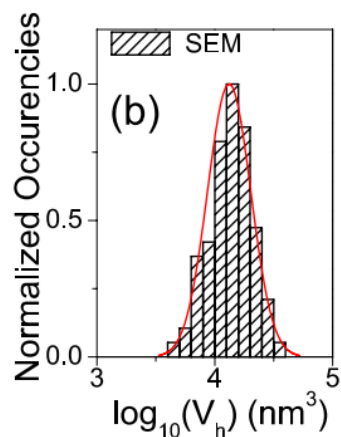
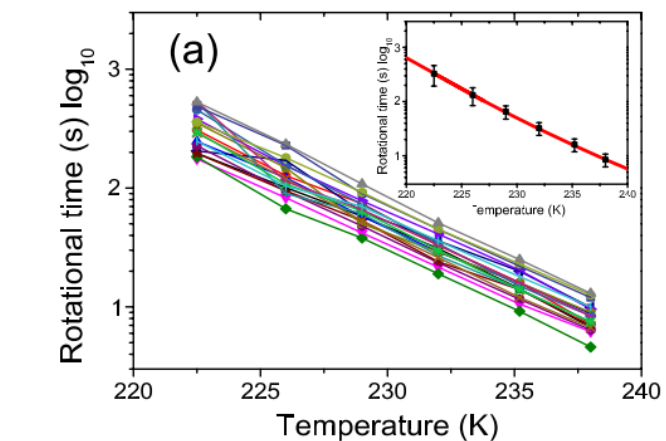
Seen already for colloidal
suspensions in the glass
phase:

E. R. Weeks et al.,
Science **287**(2000) 627

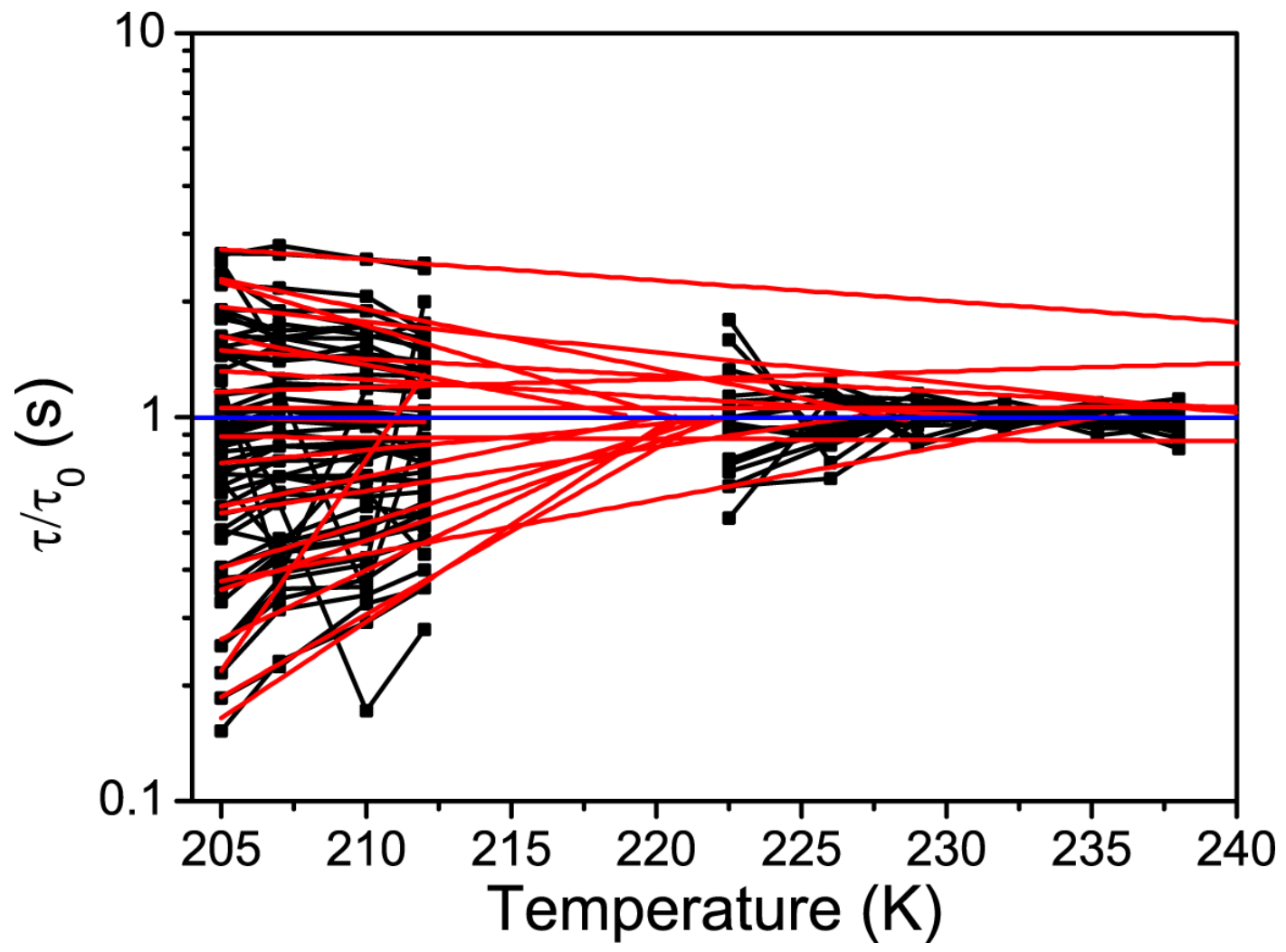
A solid matrix should be
elastic : rheology



Correction for volume

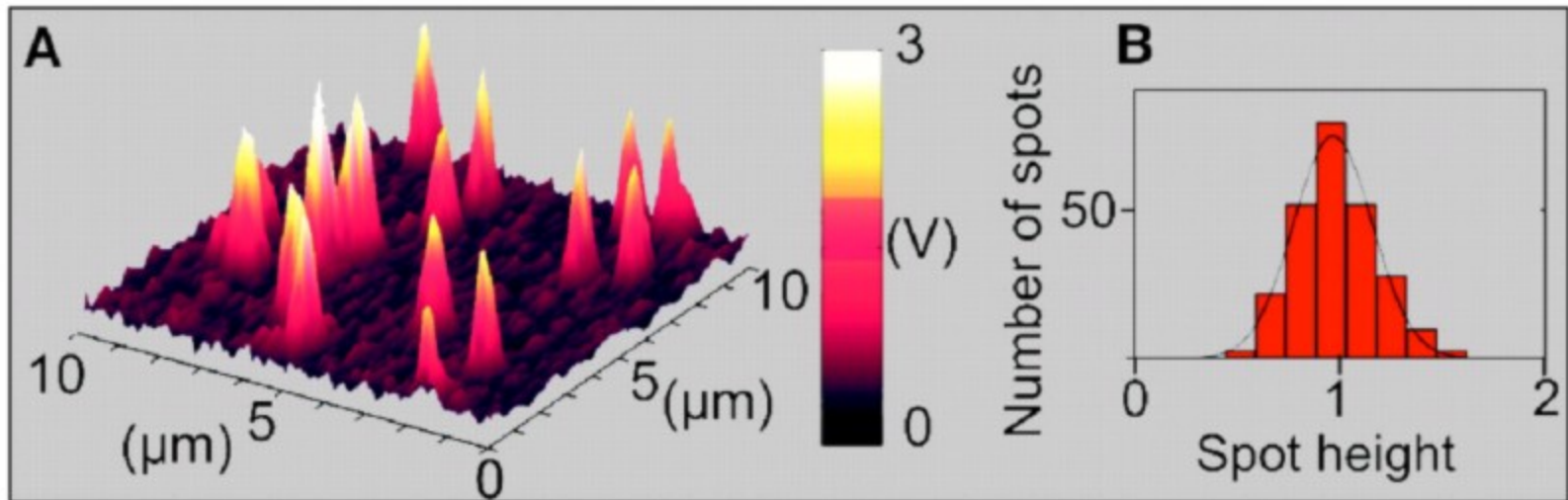


Molecules and rods on the same plot



Imaging Absorption by Photothermal Contrast

Interferometric detection of the temperature rise due to absorption



Au colloids, diameter 5 nm

from D. Boyer et al., Science **297** (2002) 1160

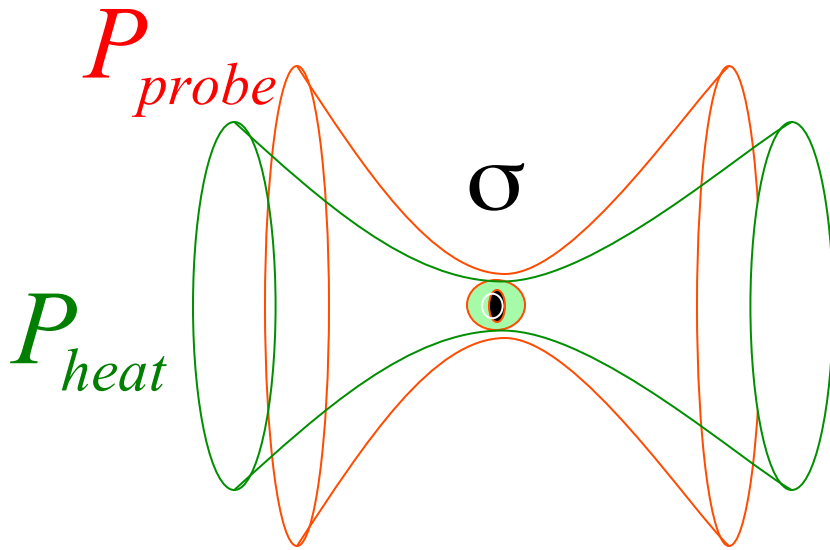


Dr. Alexander Gaiduk



Mustafa Yorulmaz

Signal/Noise in photothermal detection



- signal $\frac{P_{probe}}{h\nu} \cdot \frac{1}{VC_p} \frac{\partial n}{\partial T} P_{heat} \cdot \tau$

- noise $\sqrt{\frac{P_{probe} \cdot \Delta t}{h\nu}}$

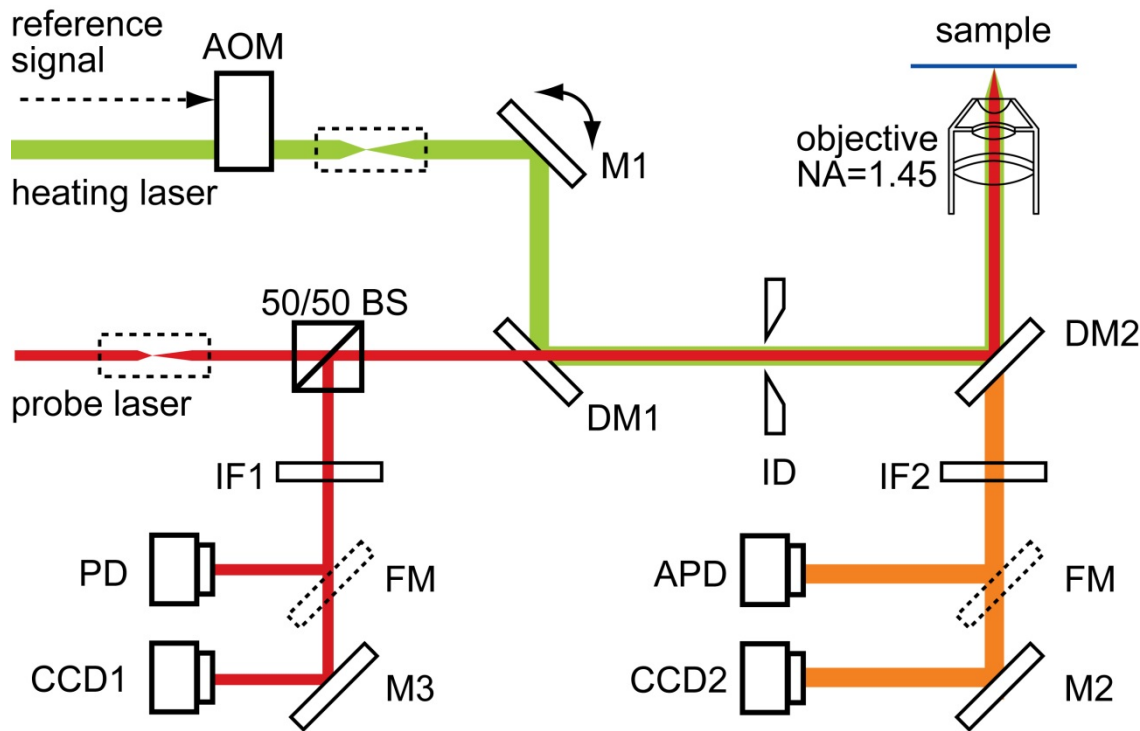
$$(SNR)_{phototh.} = \Delta n_{sat} \sqrt{\frac{P_{probe} \cdot \Delta t}{h\nu}}$$

$$\Delta n_{sat} = \frac{1}{VC_p} \frac{\partial n}{\partial T} P_{sat} \cdot \tau$$

is limited by saturation,

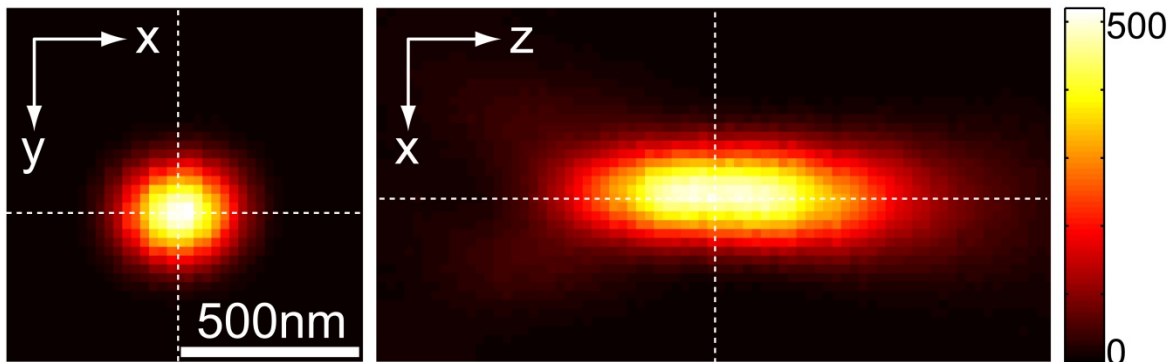
but SNR is not (in principle).

Optical setup



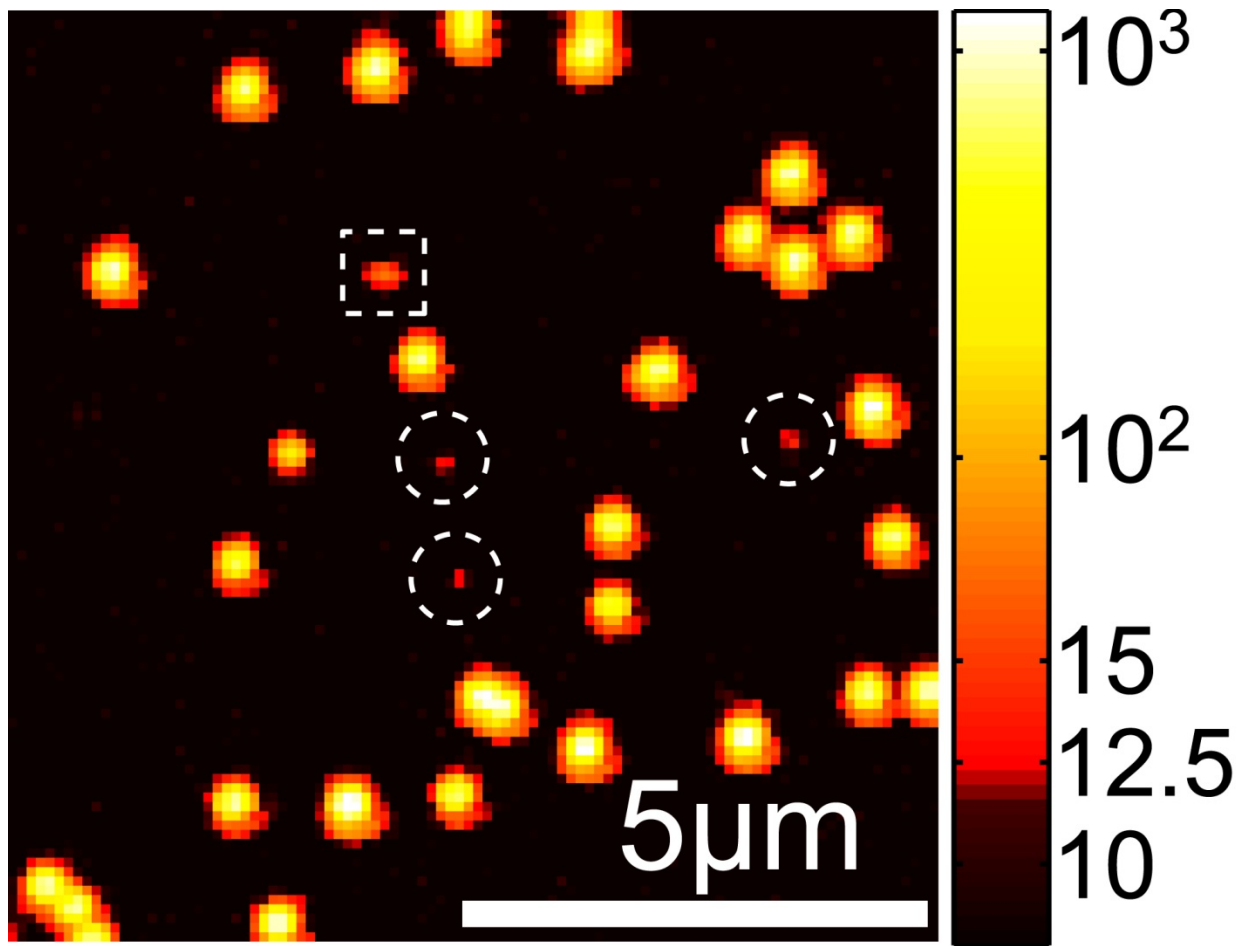
Similar to:
Berciaud et al.,
PRB **73** (2006)
045424

Fluorescence and
photothermal



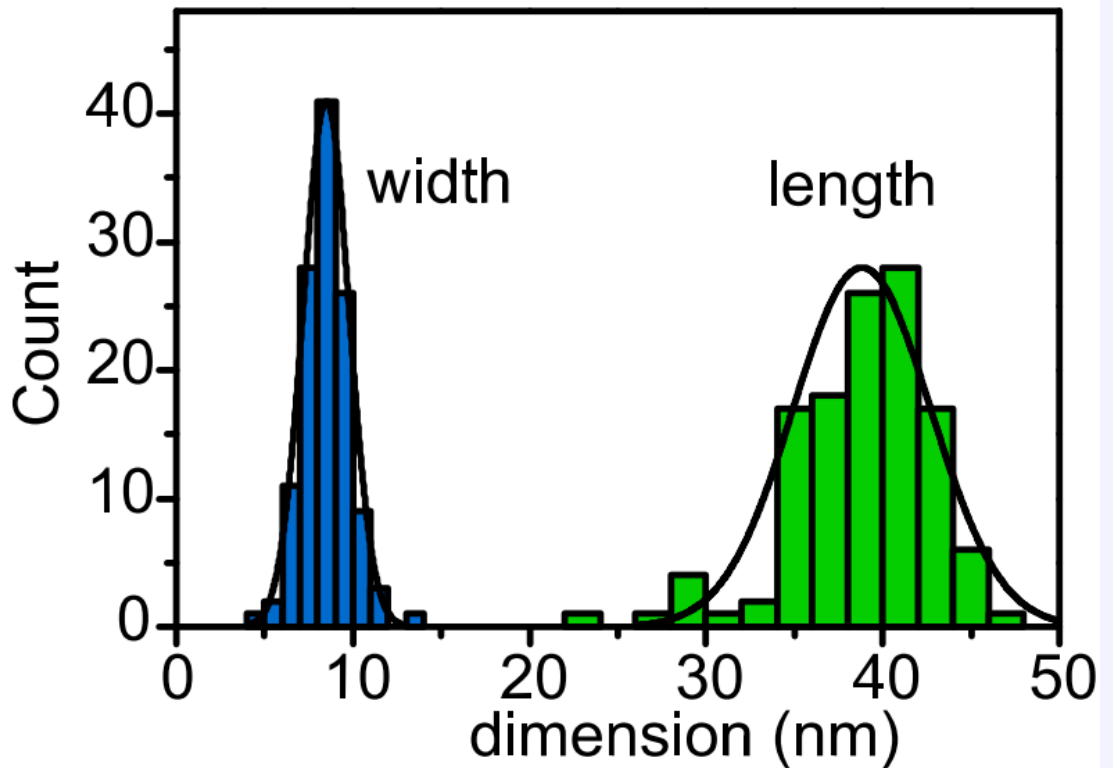
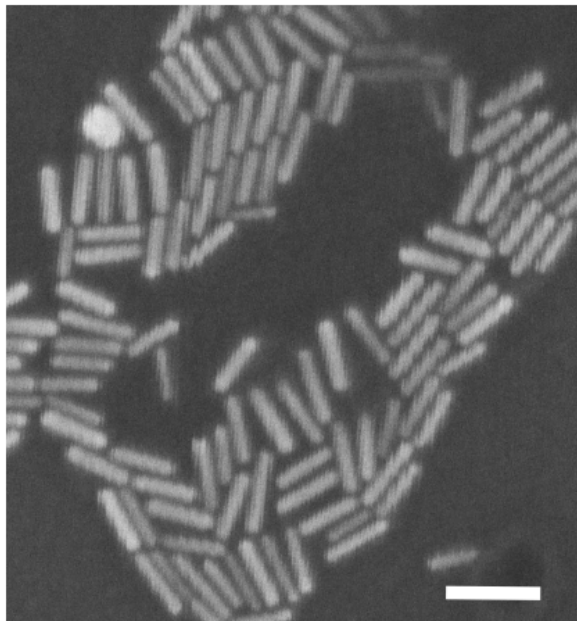
Point spread
function:
about 200 nm
FWHM

Simultaneous imaging of 5 nm and 20 nm Au NP's



Gaiduk et al., *Chemical Science* 1 (2010) 343.

Plasmonic sensing with a single gold nanorod



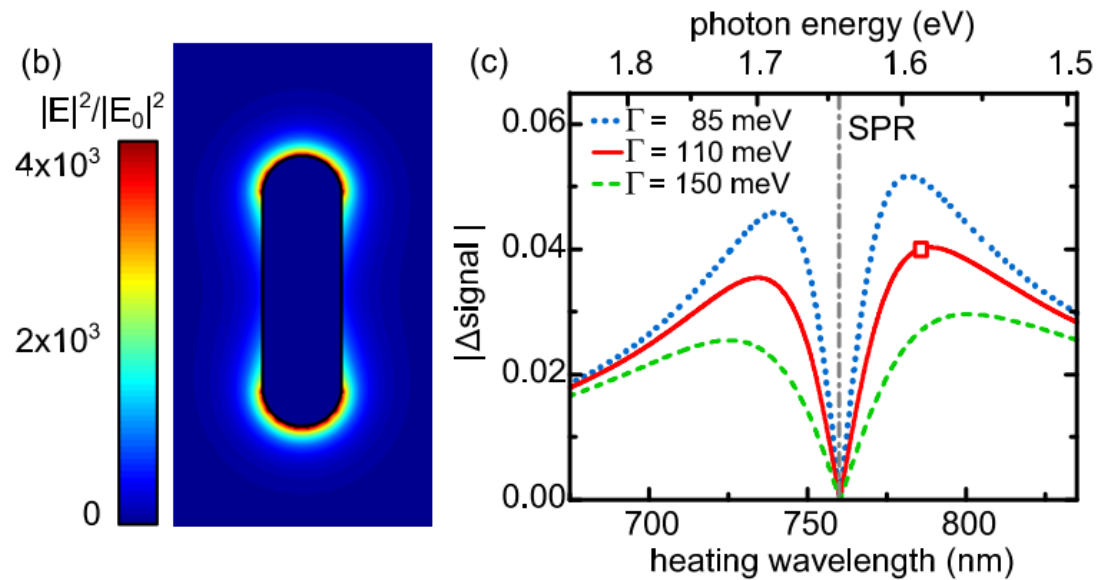
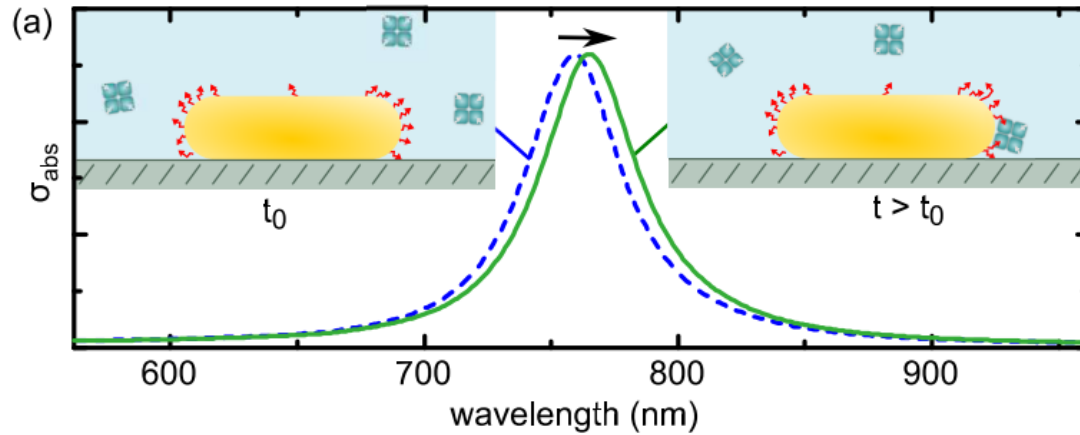


Dr Peter Zijlstra

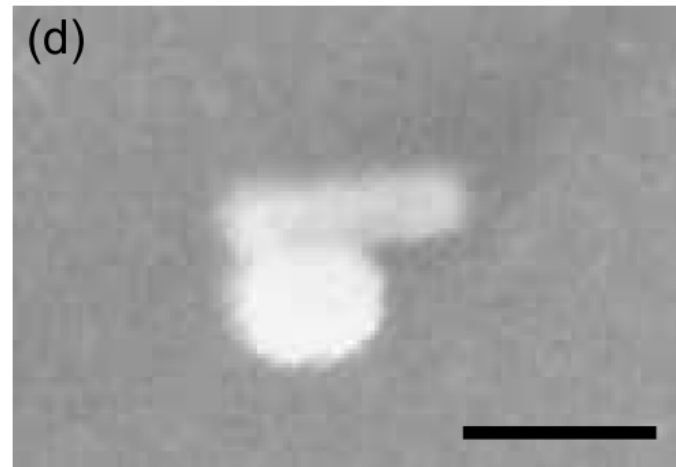
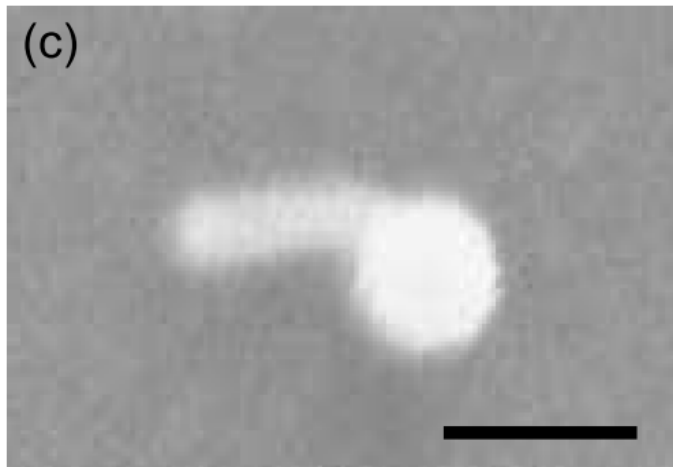
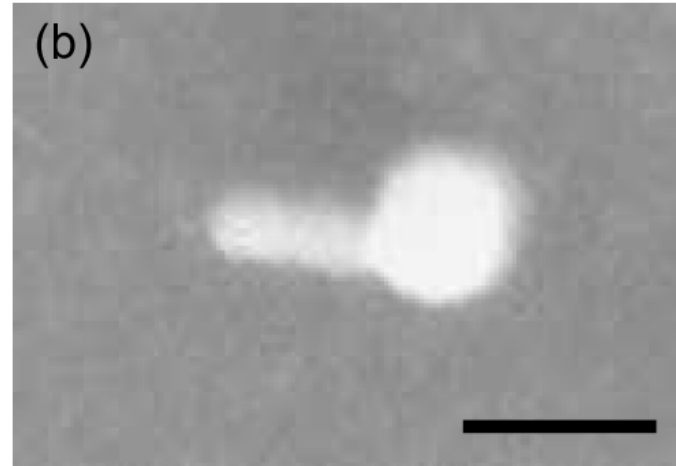
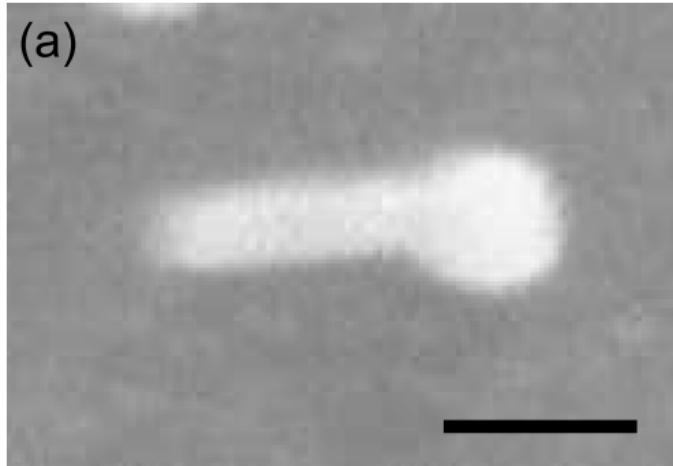


Dr. Pedro Paulo

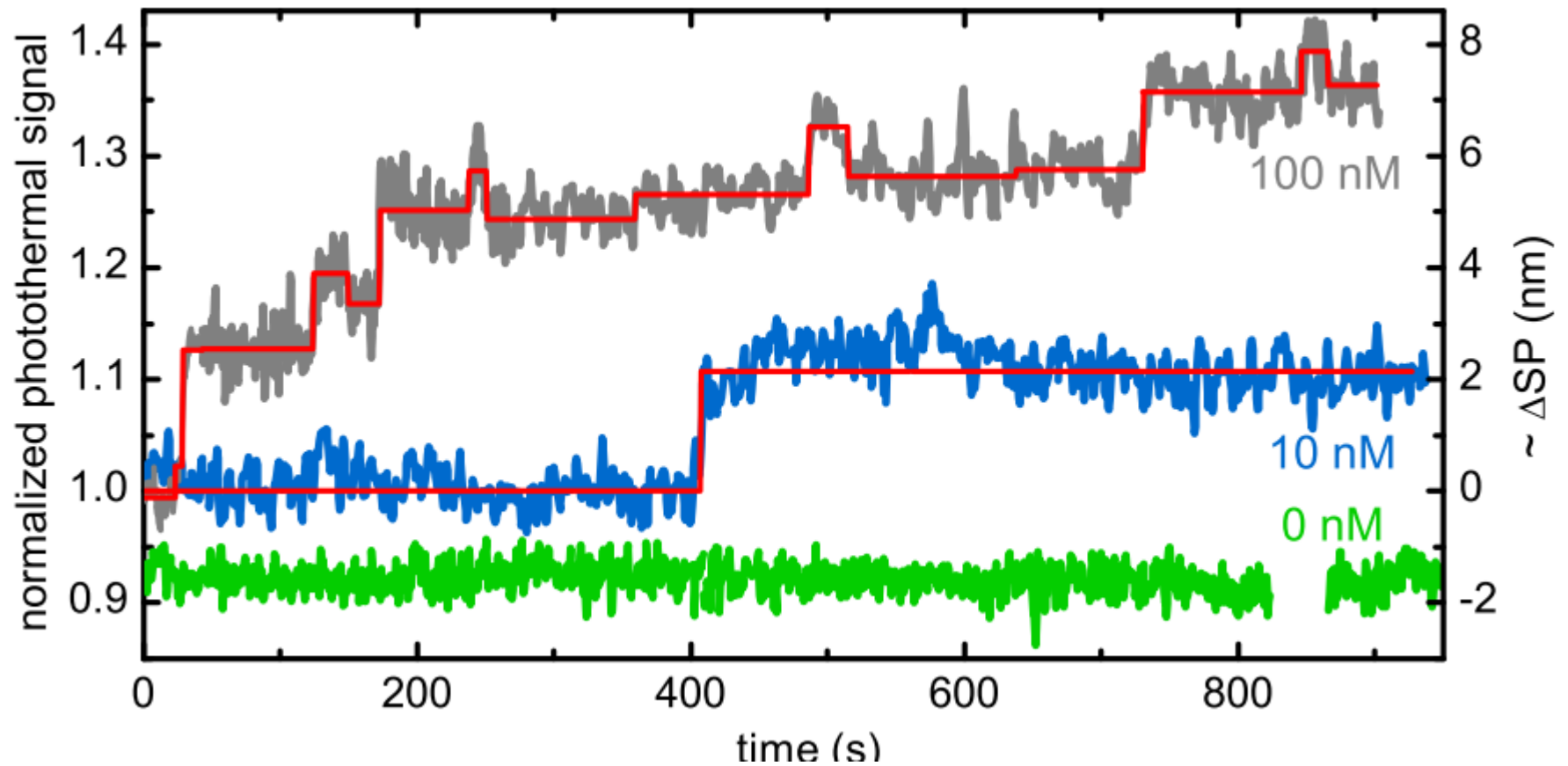
Principle of the sensing



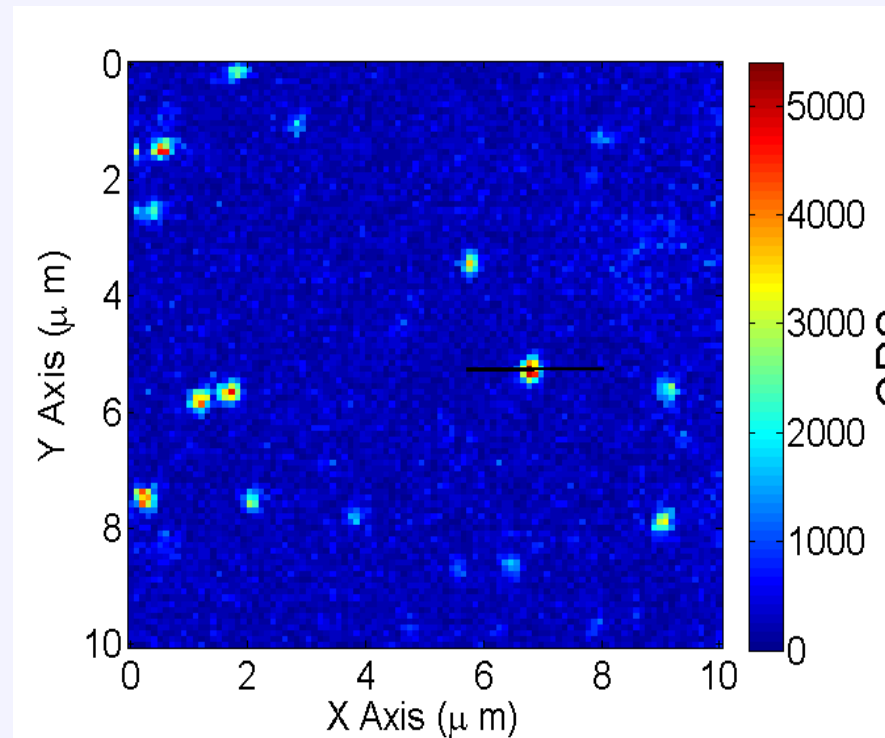
Preferential conjugation at the tips



Binding of Streptavidin-phycoerythrin



Stokes and Anti-Stokes Photoluminescence of Gold Nanoparticles

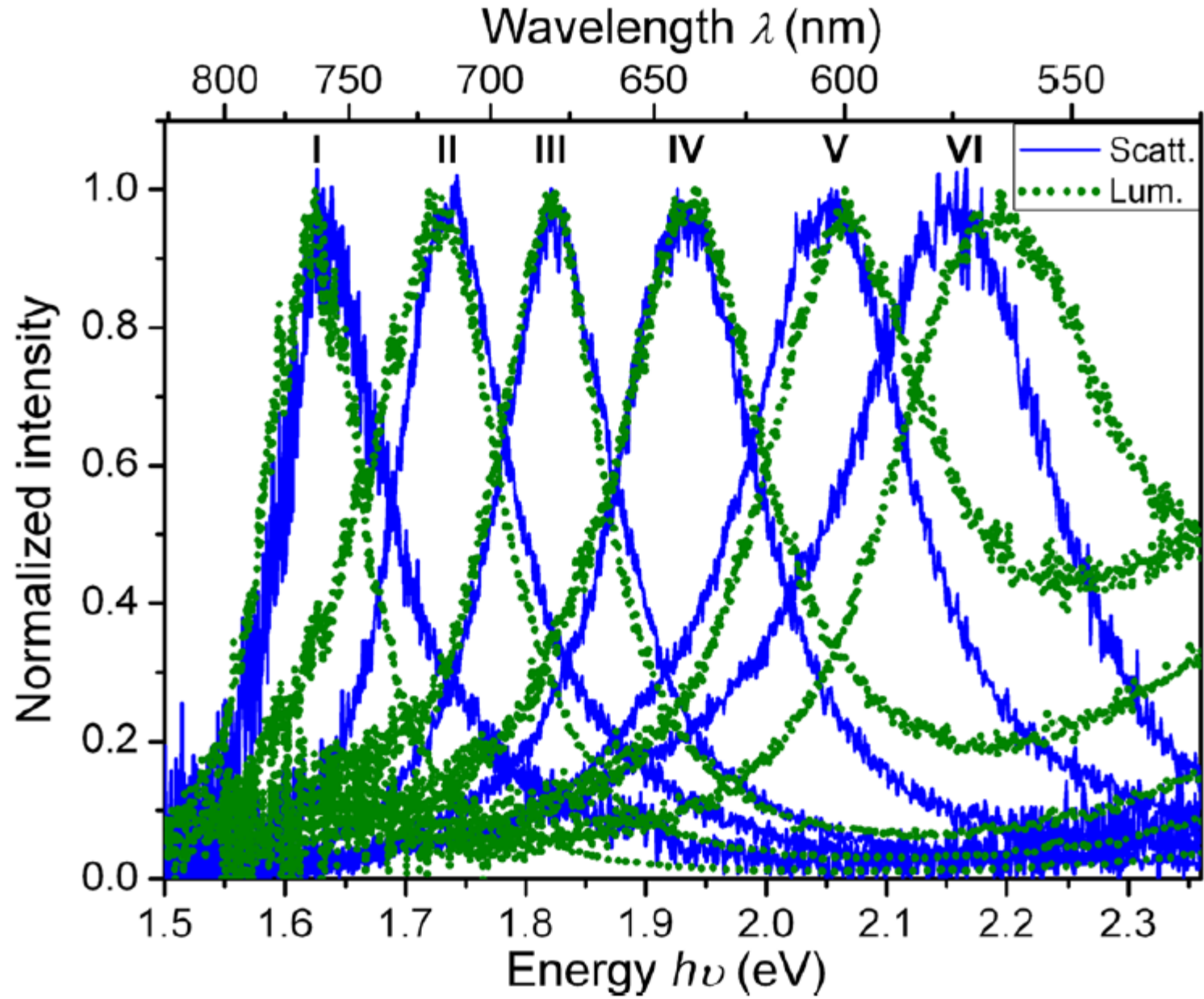


Carattino et al., in preparation

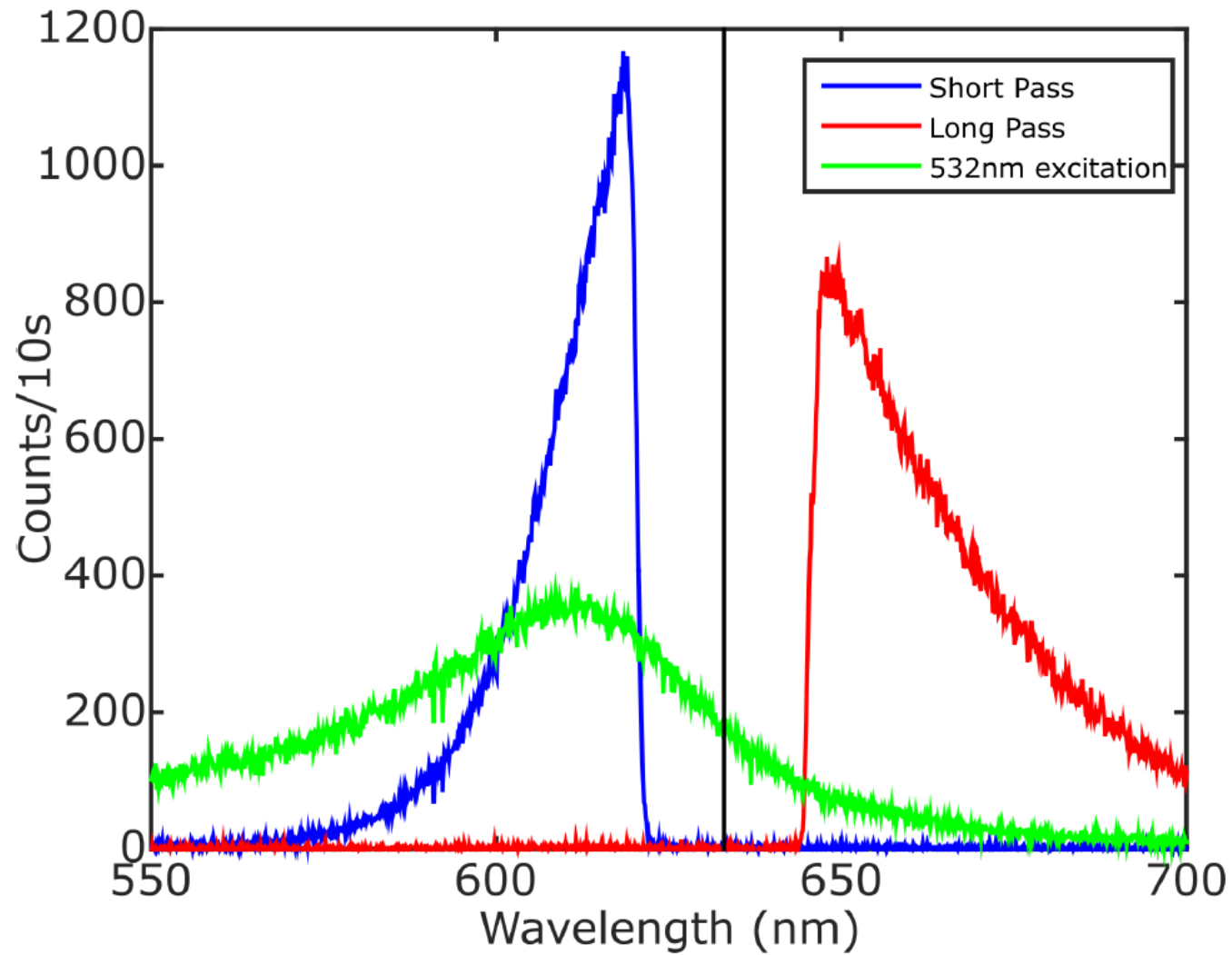


Aquiles Carattino

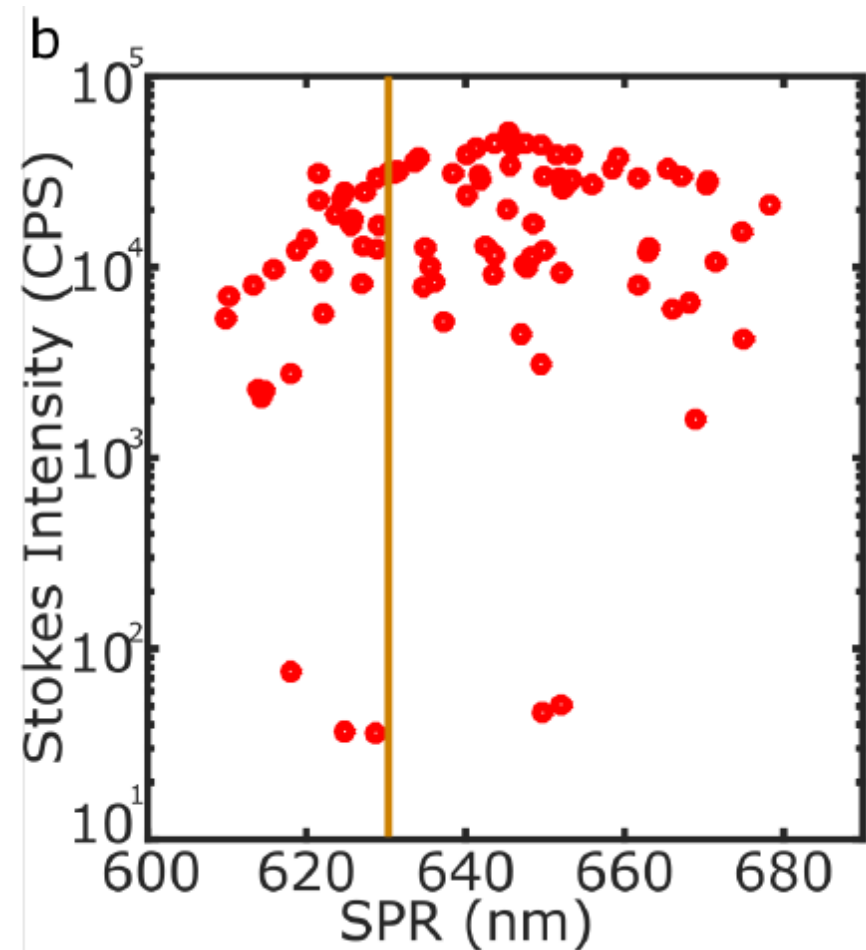
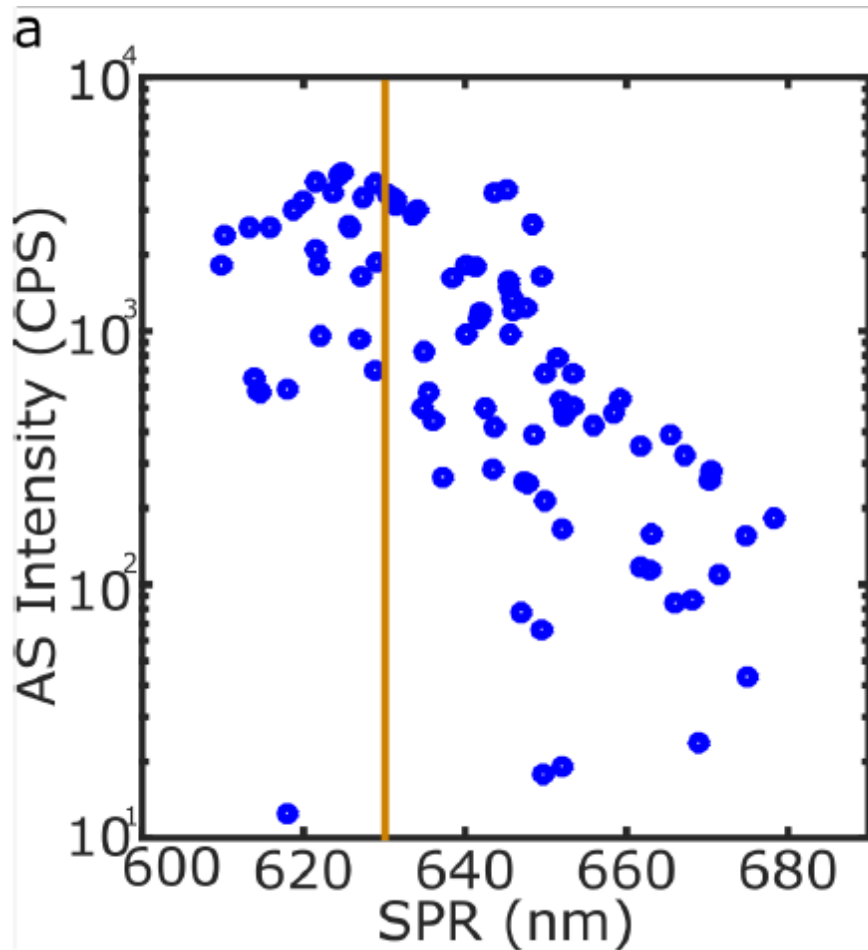
Photoluminescence and scattering spectra



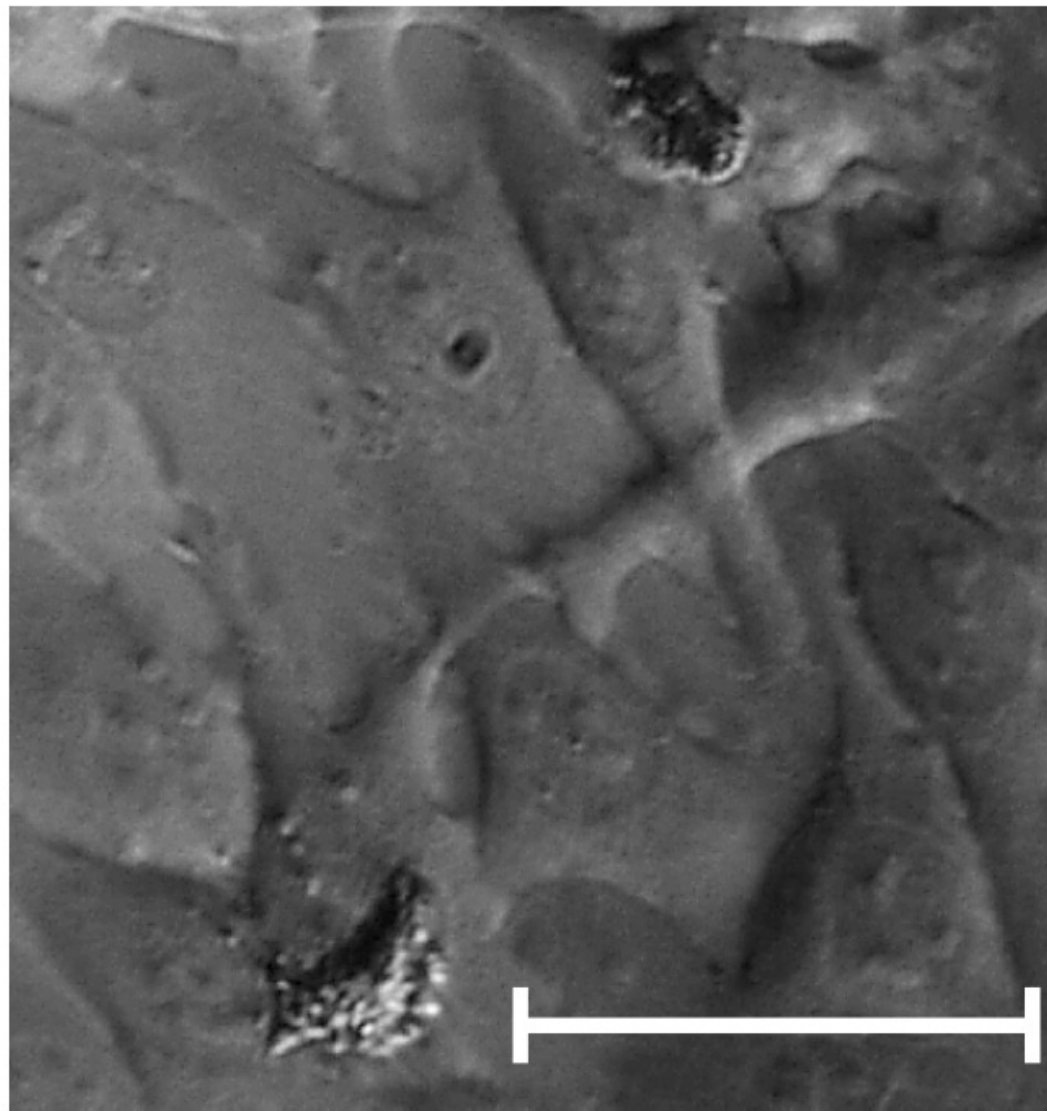
Photoluminescence spectra of a gold nanorod ($60 \times 25 \text{ nm}^2$)



Intensities of AntiStokes and Stokes PL of single gold nanorods ($60 \times 25 \text{ nm}^2$)

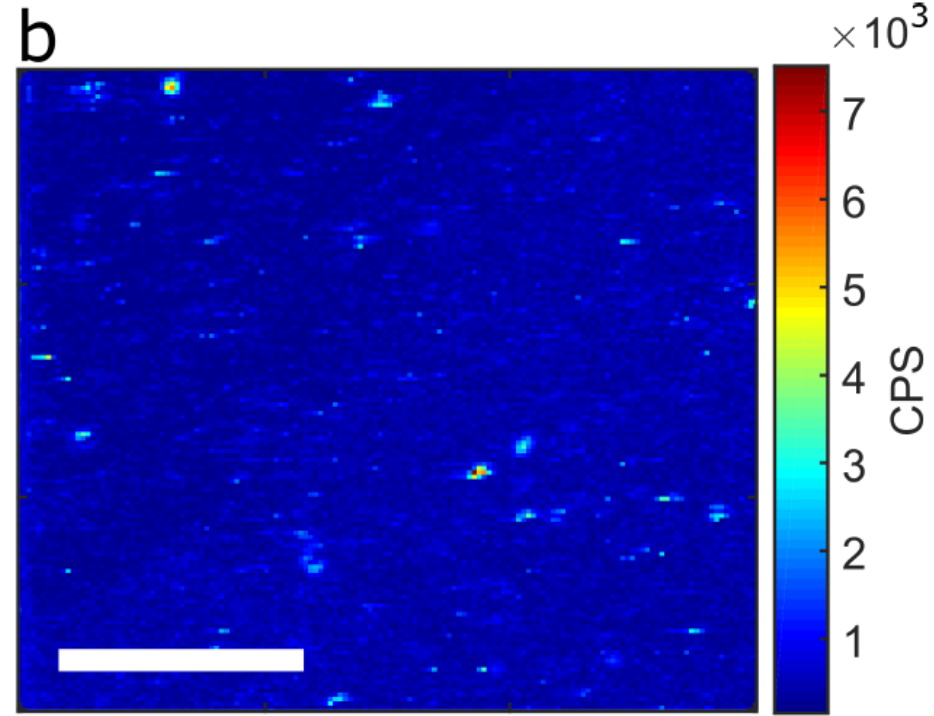
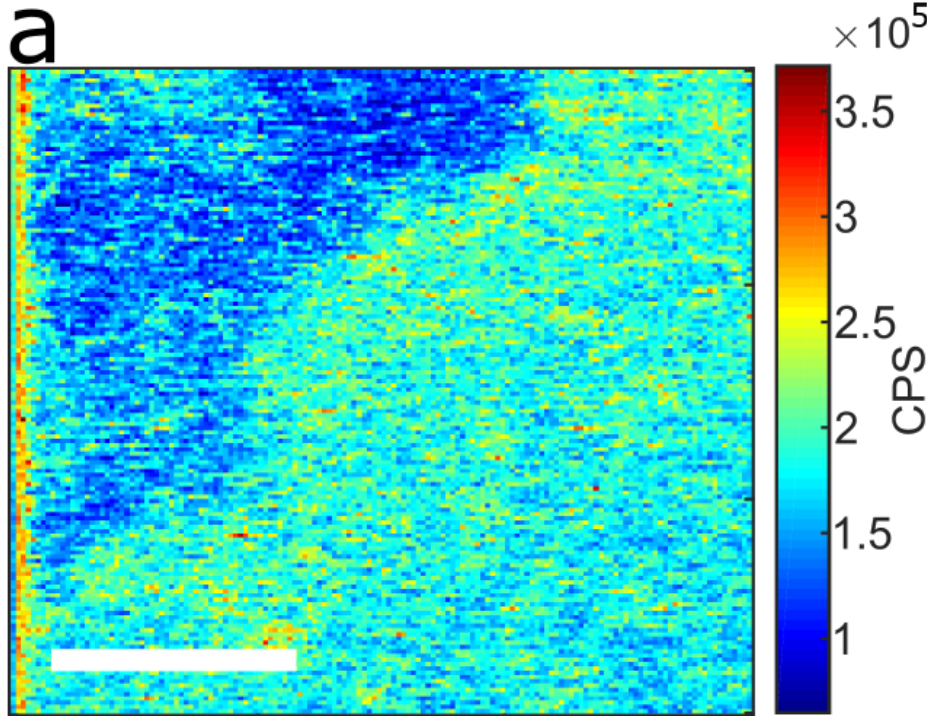


Cells on glass slide with gold nanorods



20 μm

Background reduction in anti-Stokes image

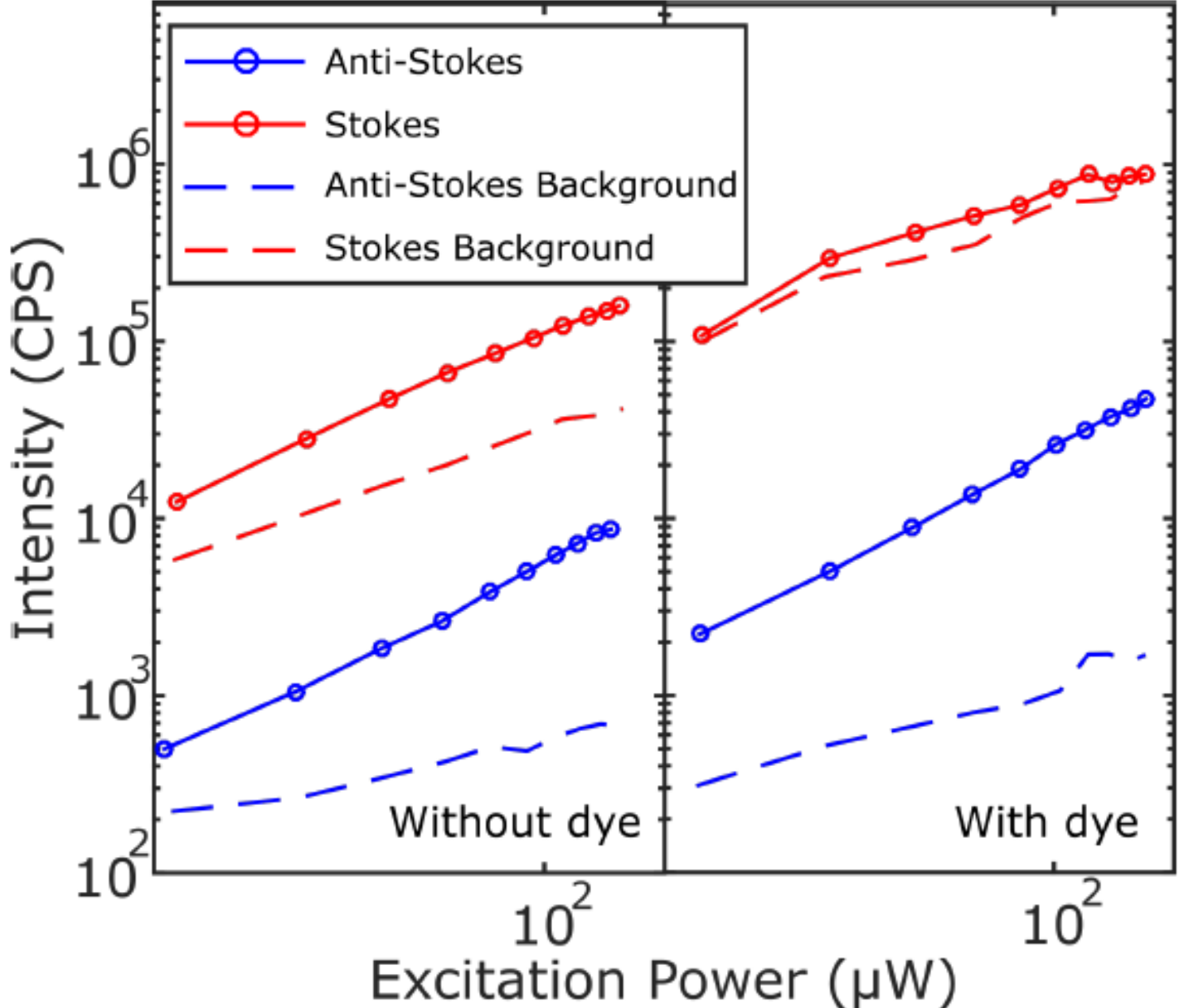


Stokes

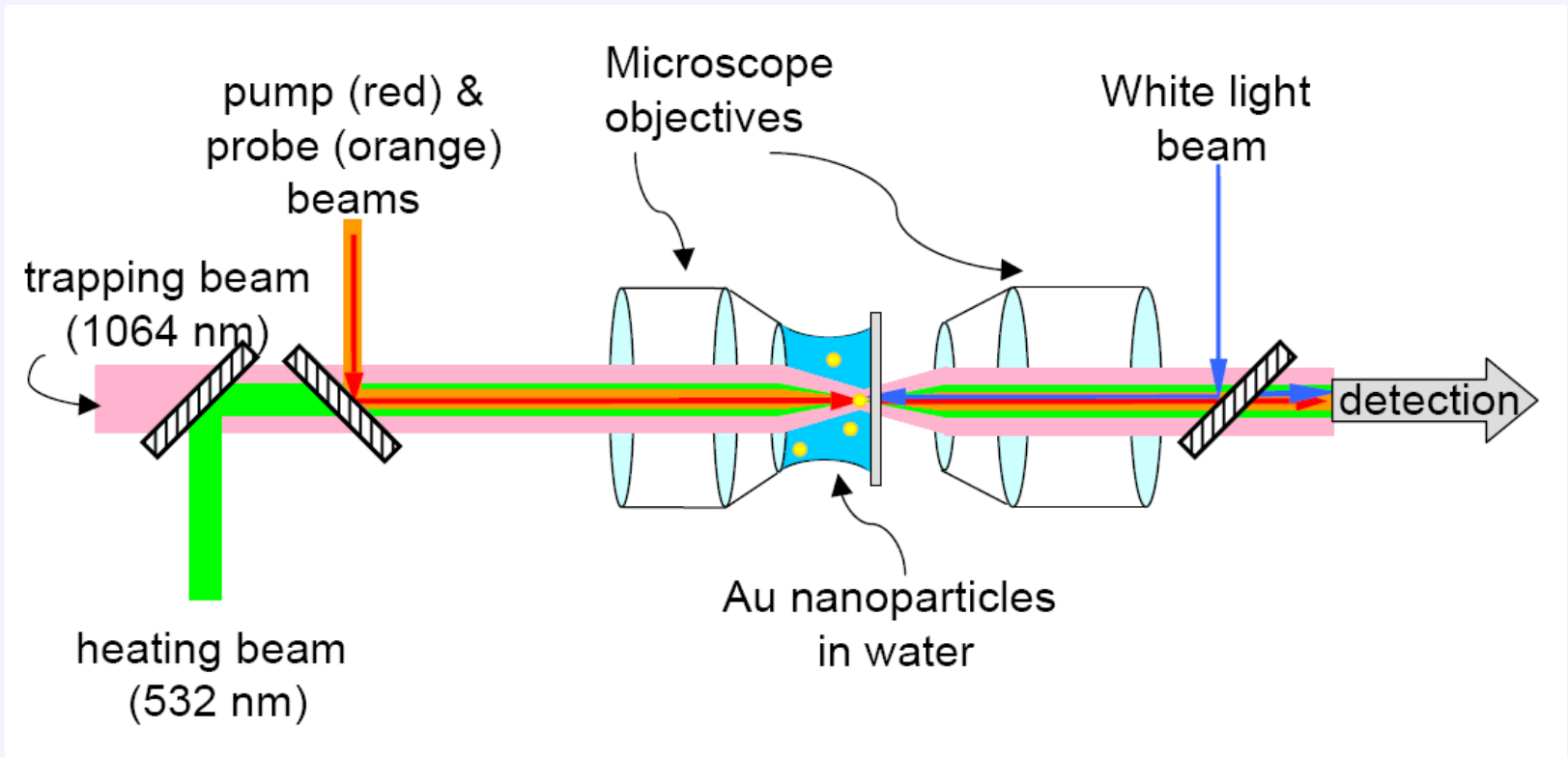
anti-Stokes

(stained cells)

Photolumuminescence Signal and Background



Optically trapping nanoparticles

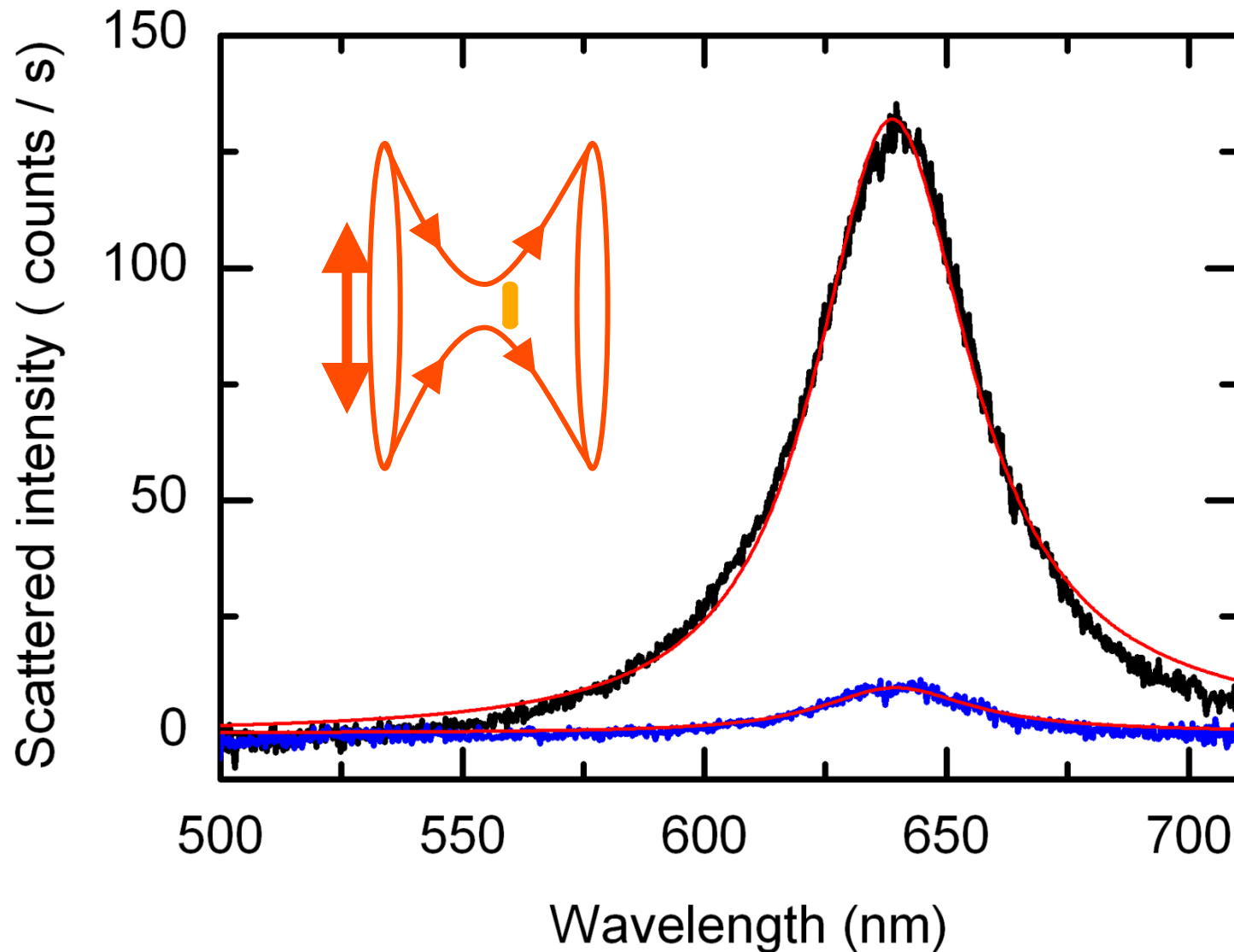


- **Advantages:** no perturbation by the substrate; manipulations possible

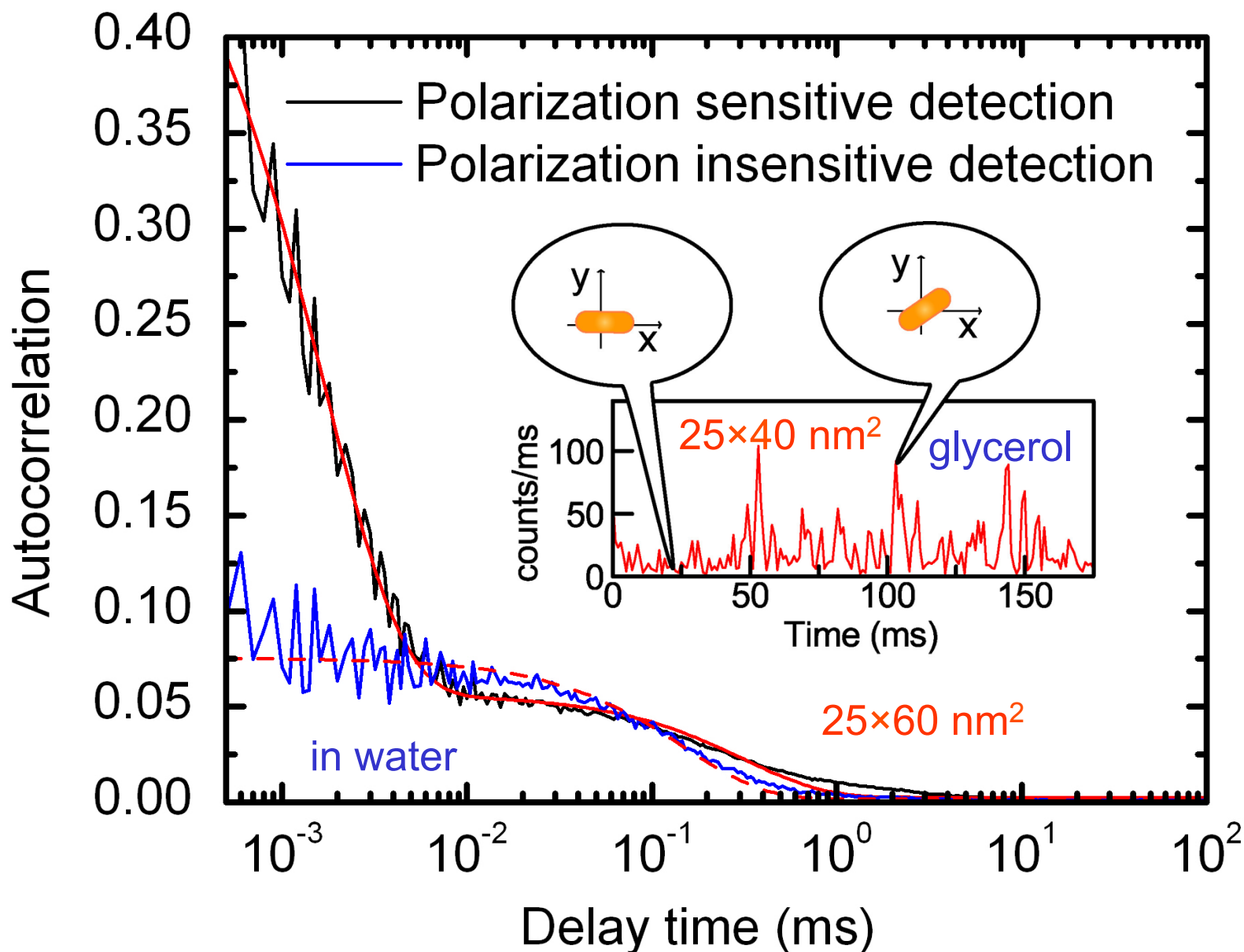


Paul Ruijgrok

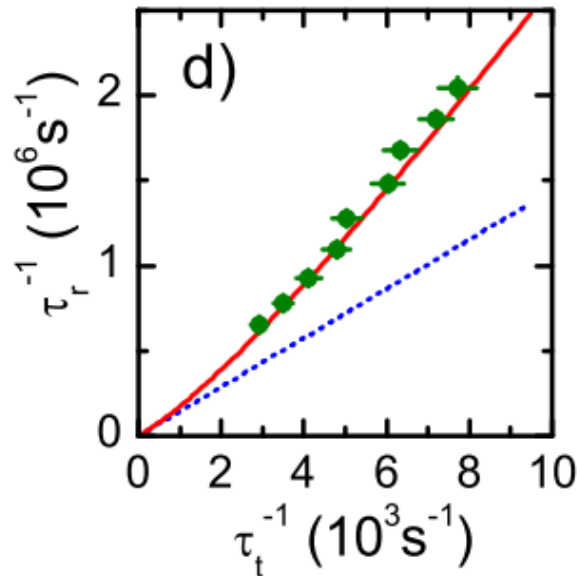
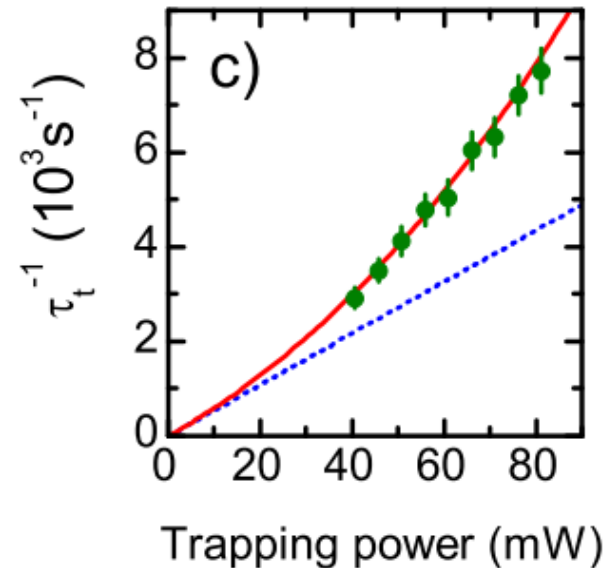
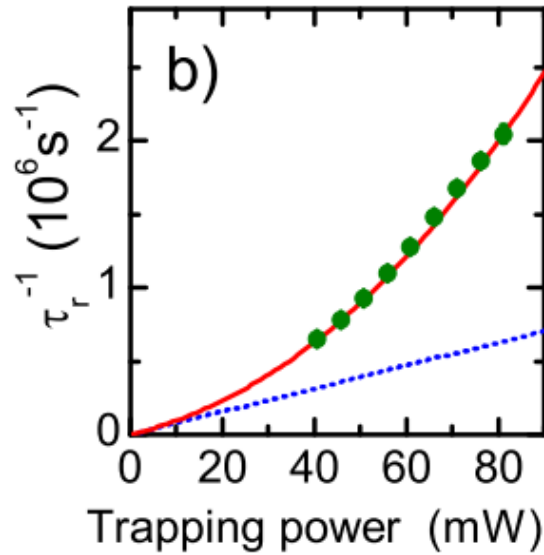
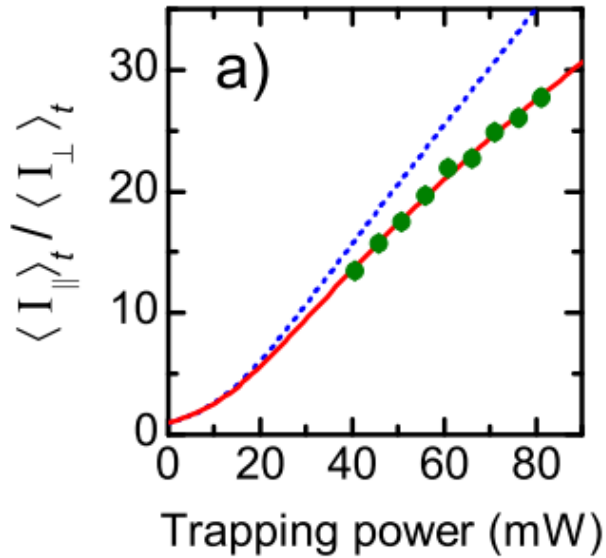
Orientation of gold nanorod along trap polarization



Fluctuations of orientation by autocorrelation



Local temperature and viscosity



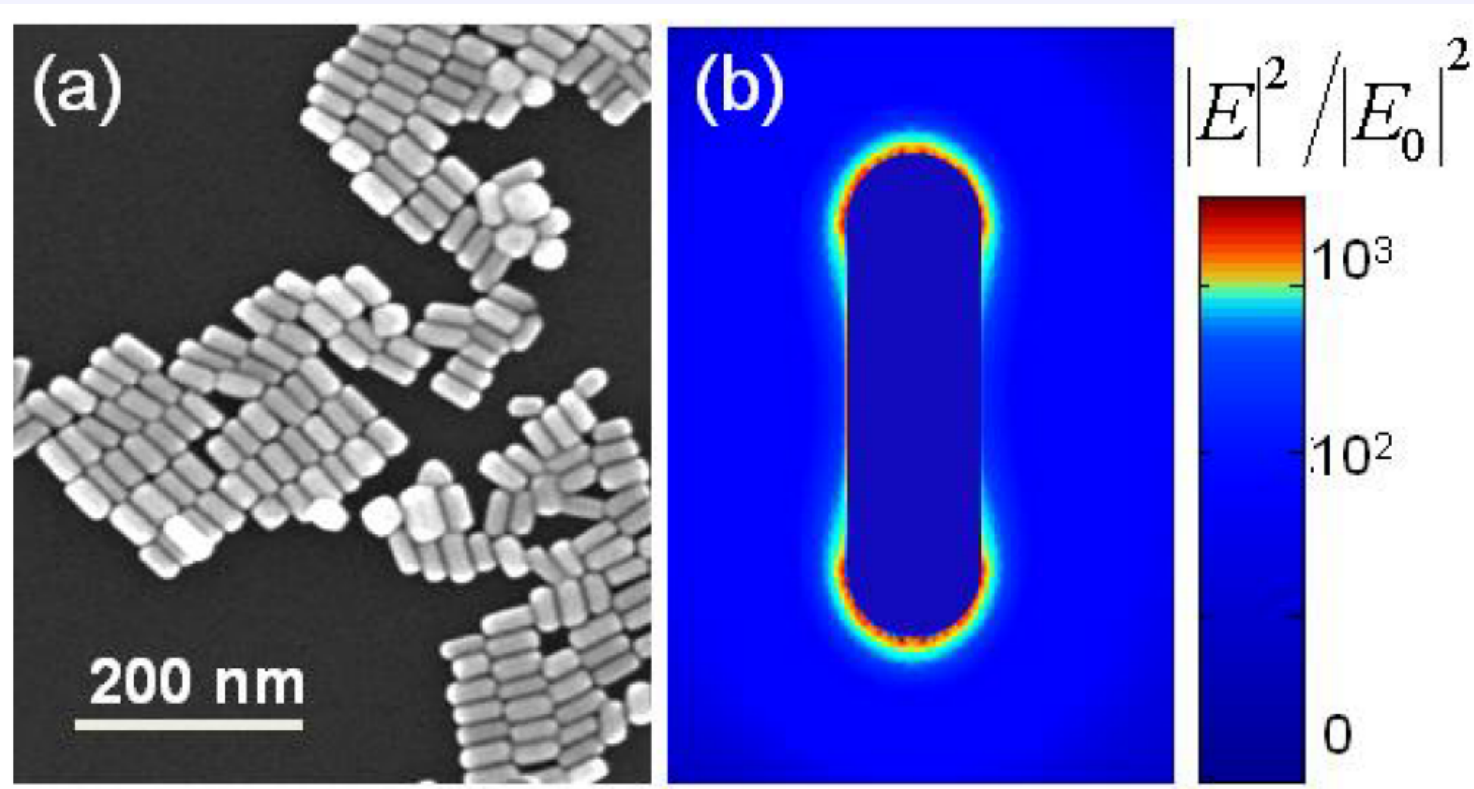
Single 60x25 nm² nanorod in the optical trap

Polarization of scattered light, rotational time, translational time as functions of trapping power

Maximum temperature change about 80 K

Ruijgrok et al., PRL **107** (2011) 037401

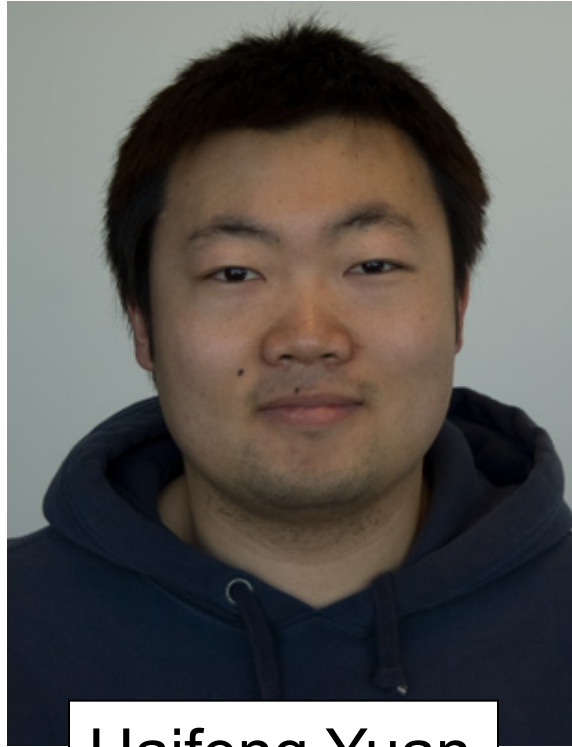
Fluorescence enhancement by a single gold nanorod



HF Yuan et al., *Angew. Chem.* **52** (2013) 1217

S. Khatua et al. *ACS Nano* **8** (2014) 4440

S. Khatua et al. *PCCP* DOI 10.1039/c4cp03057e

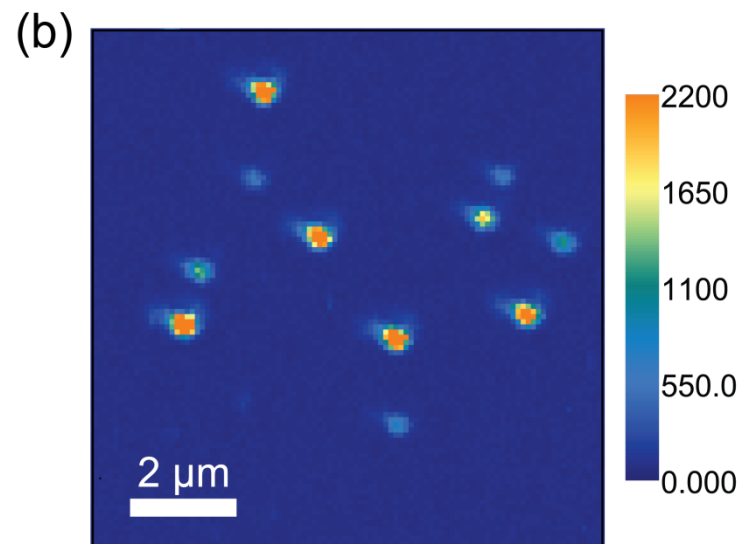
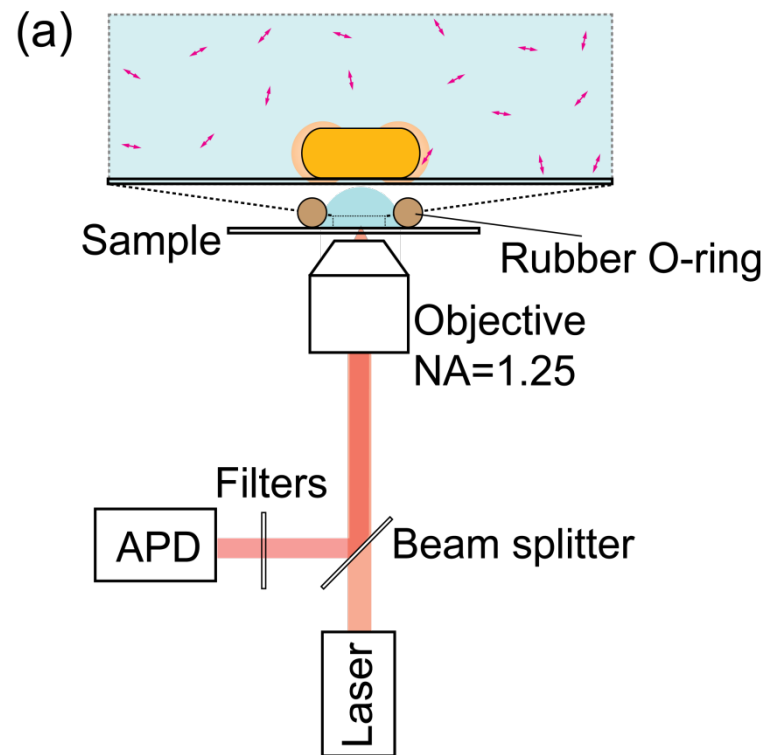
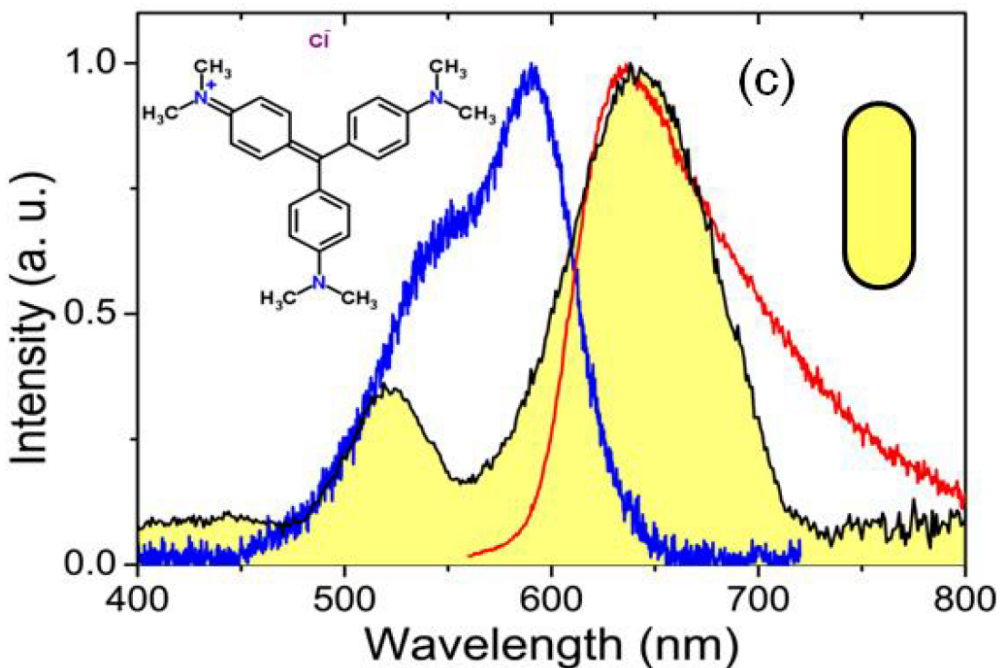


Haifeng Yuan

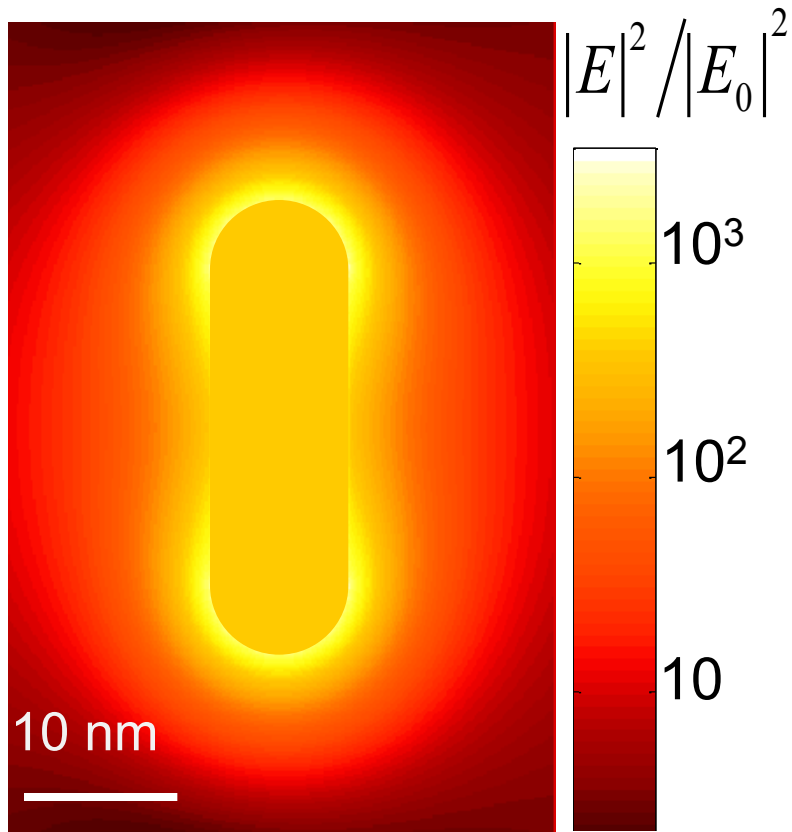


Dr Saumyakanti Khatua

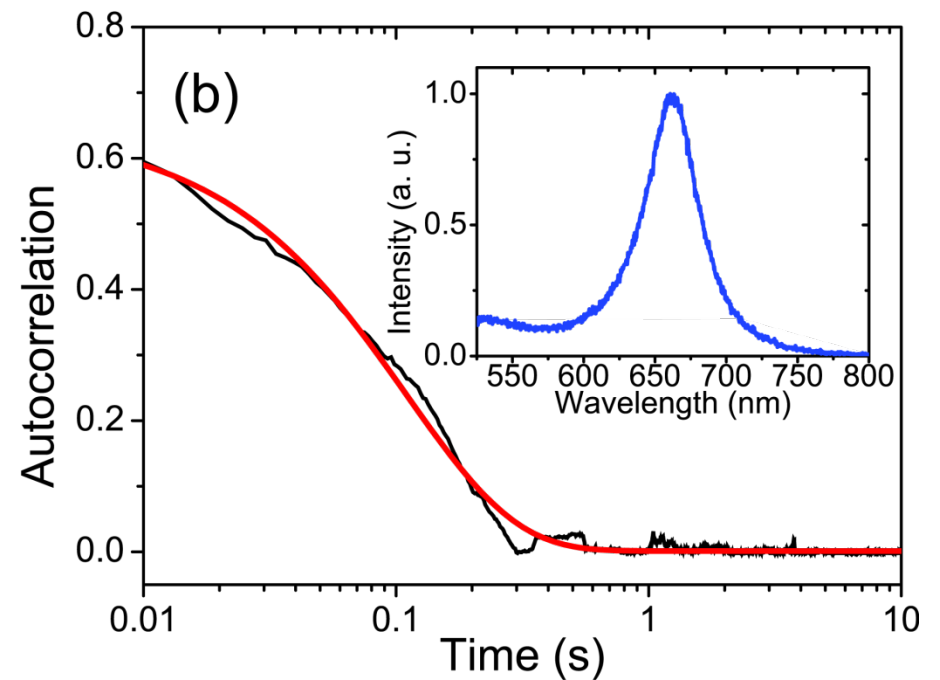
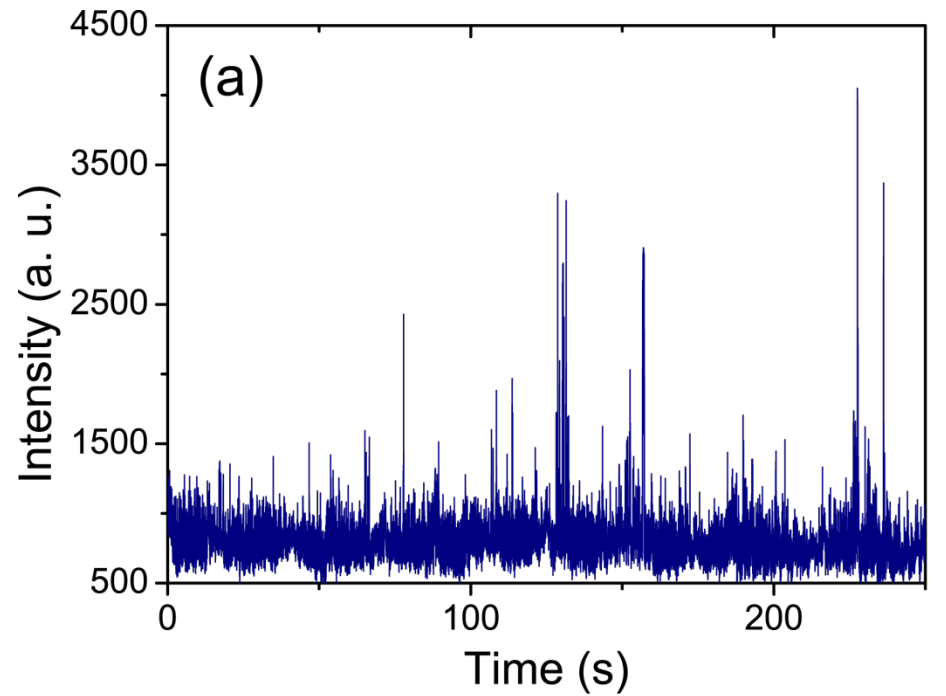
Spectra and Setup



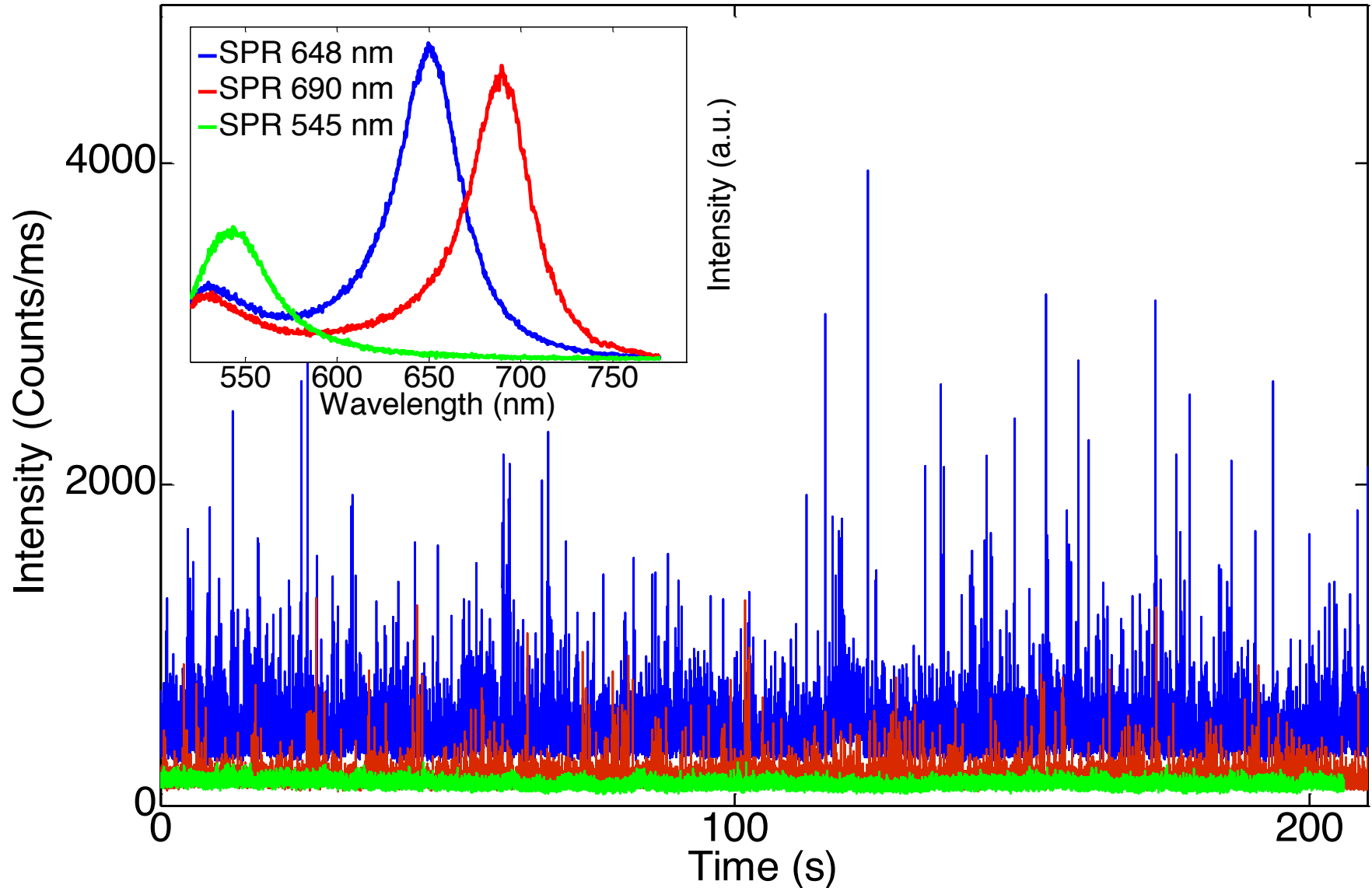
Fluorescence bursts



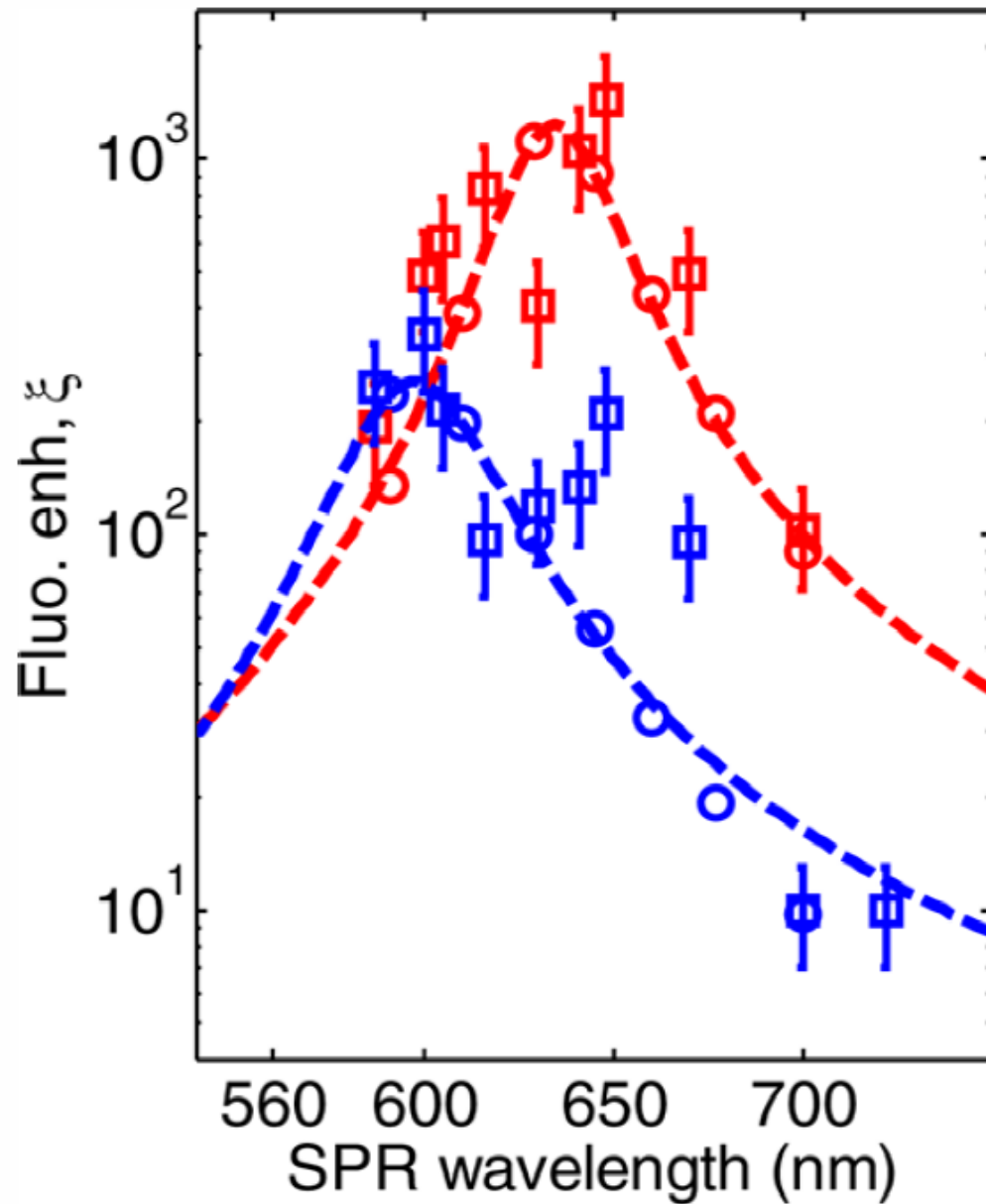
enhancement ~ 1000 -fold



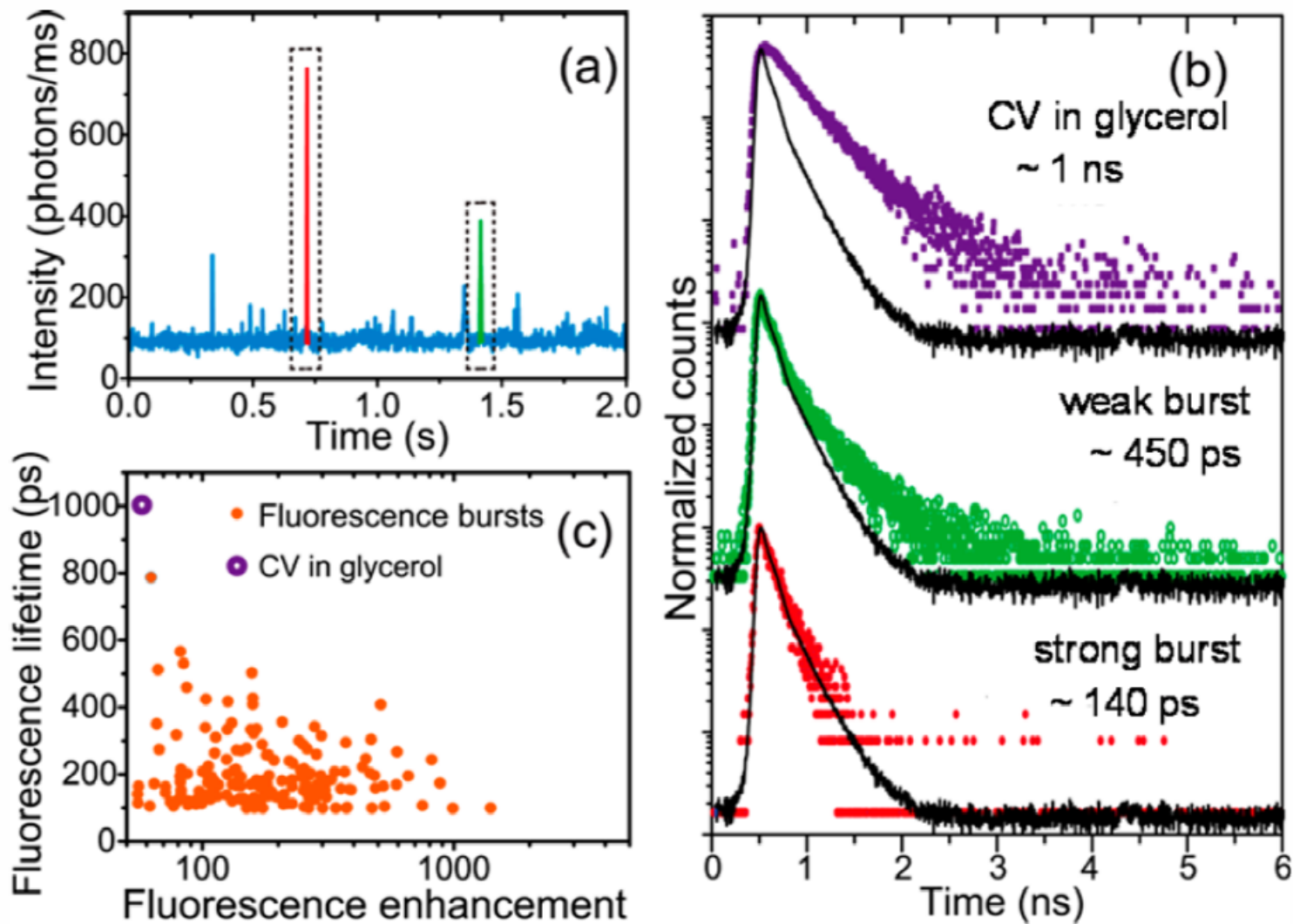
Influence of plasmon resonance



Spectral dependence of enhancement



Fluorescence lifetime

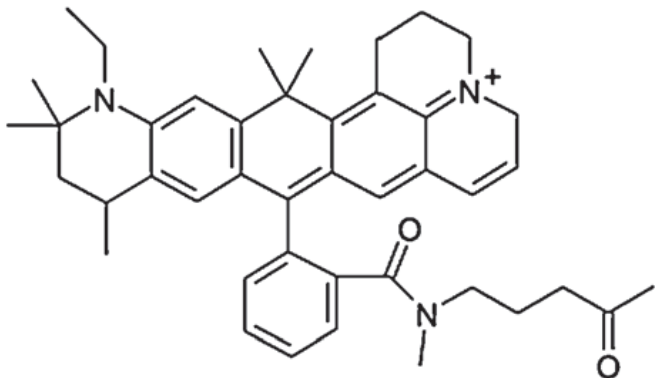




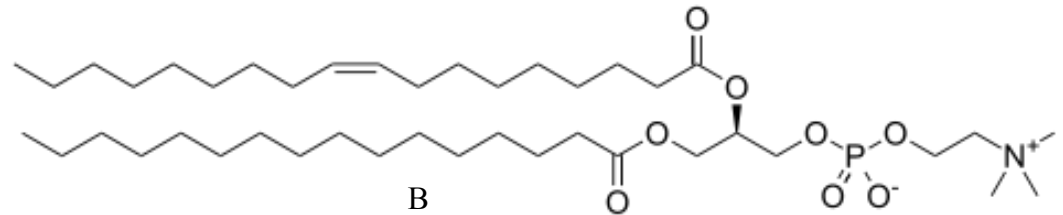
Biswajit Pradhan

Enhancement of Atto 647N

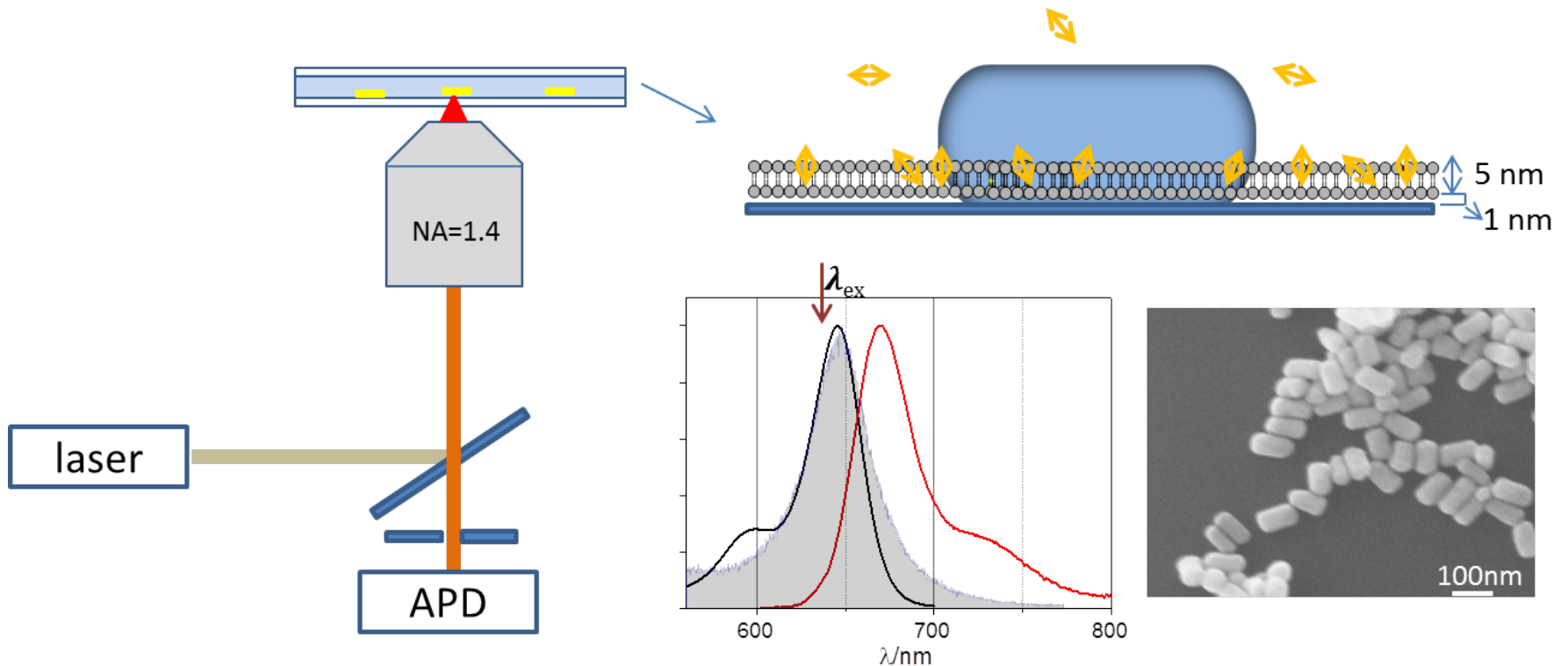
A



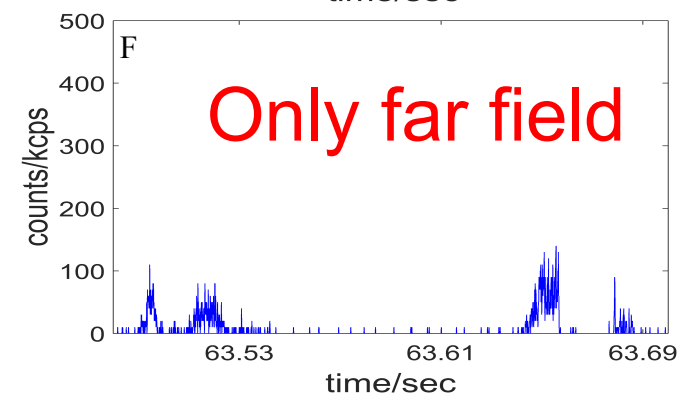
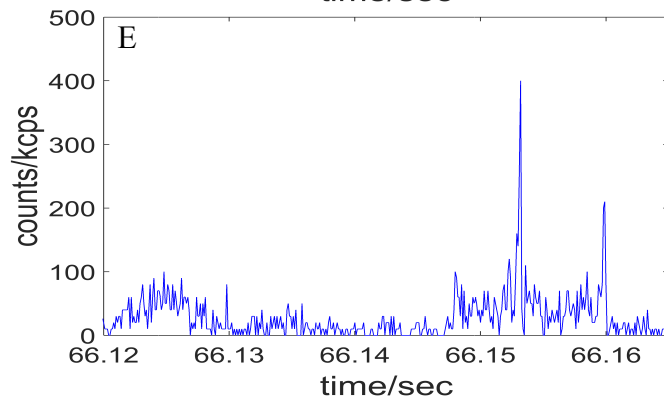
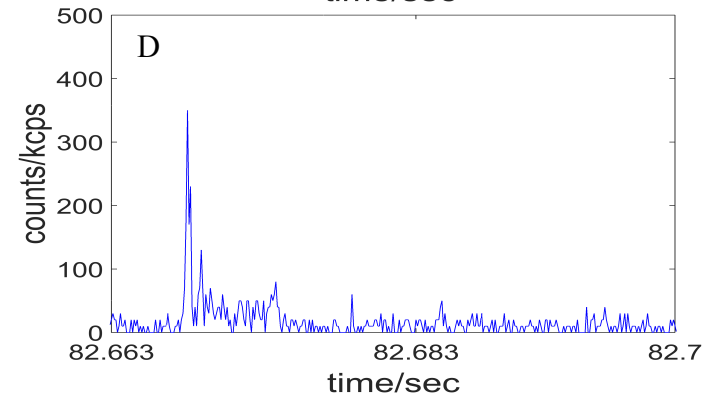
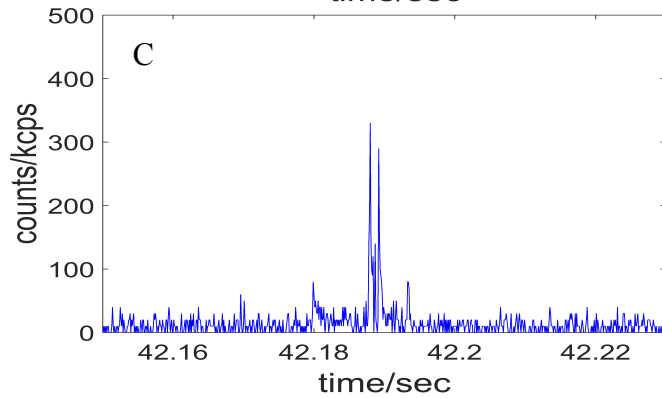
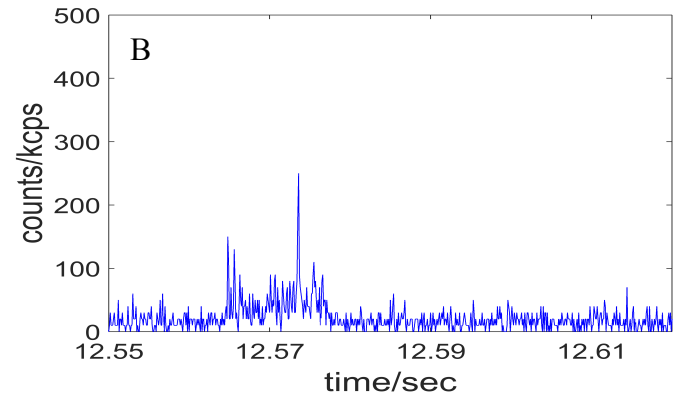
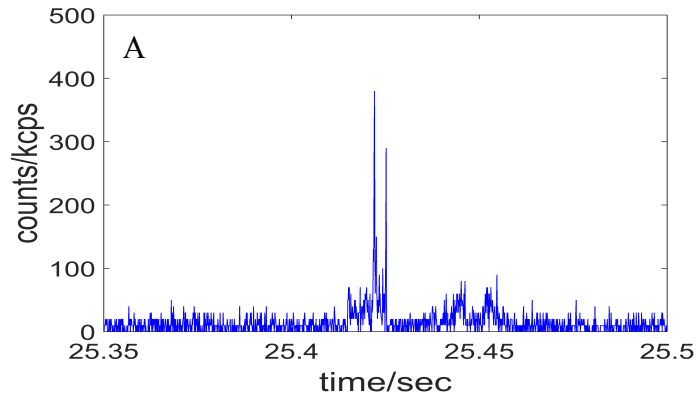
ATTO 647N



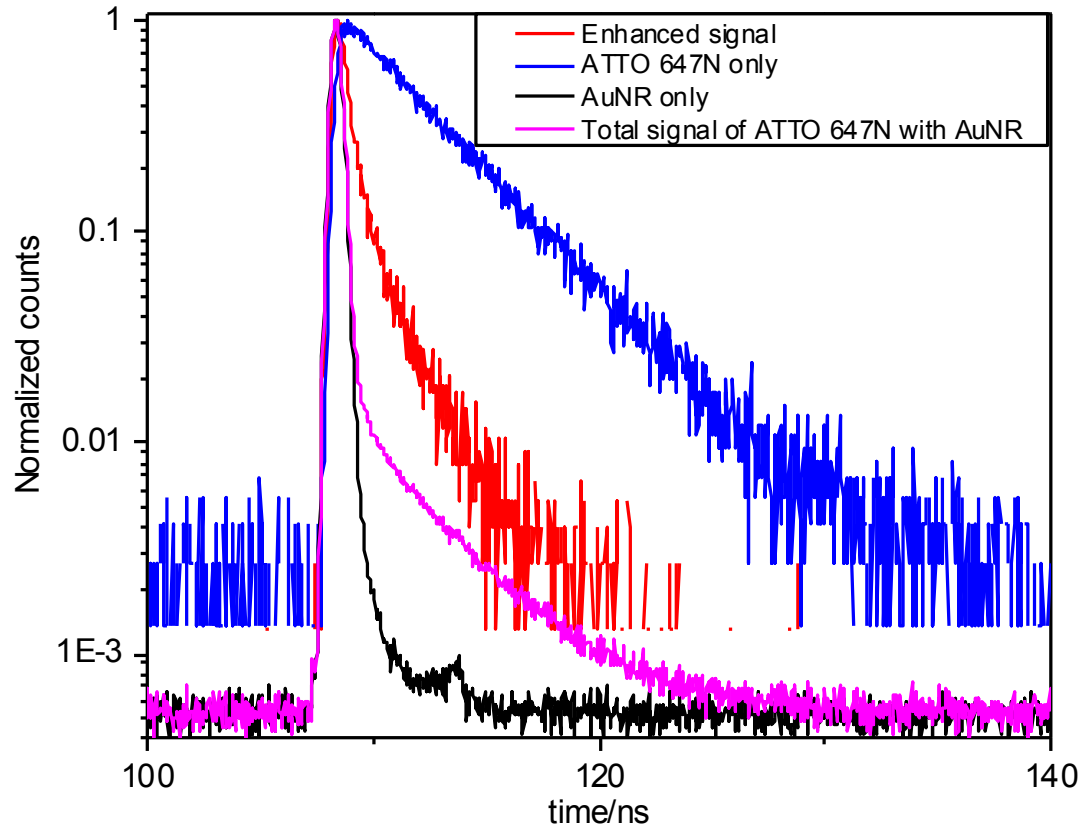
B



Near-field bursts in time traces



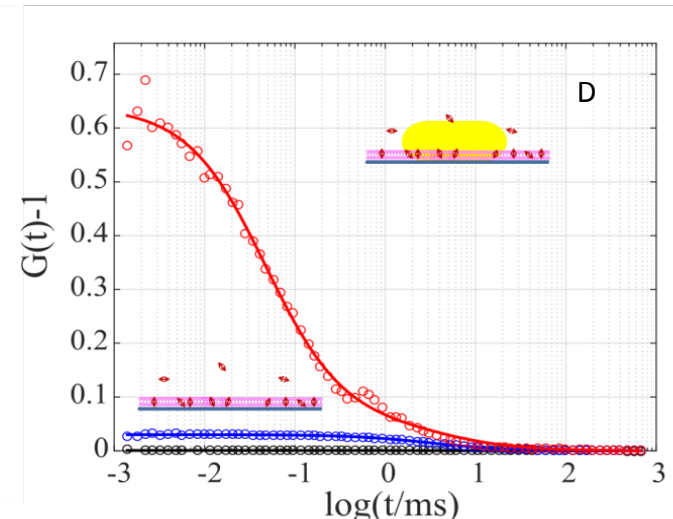
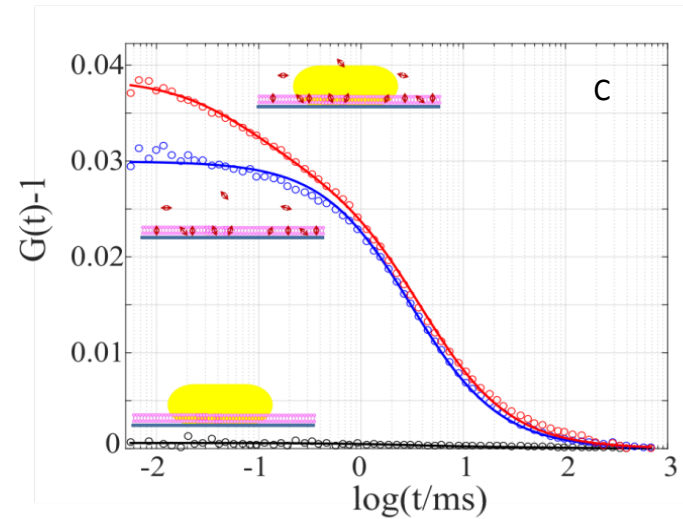
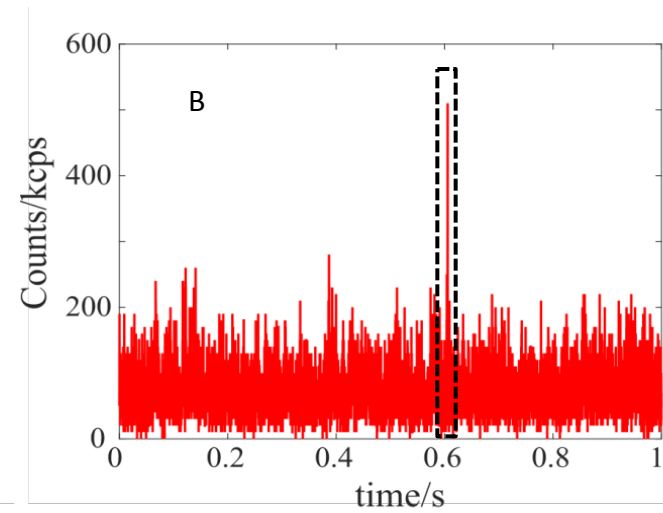
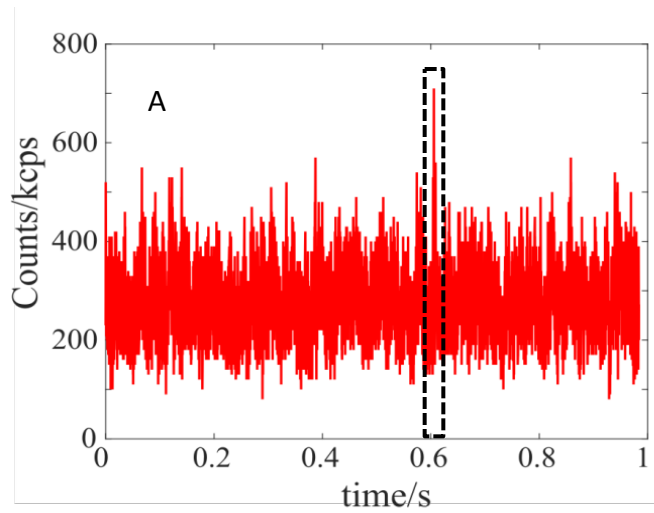
Fluorescence decays



Lifetime shortening due to antenna effect and fluorescence quenching by the metal

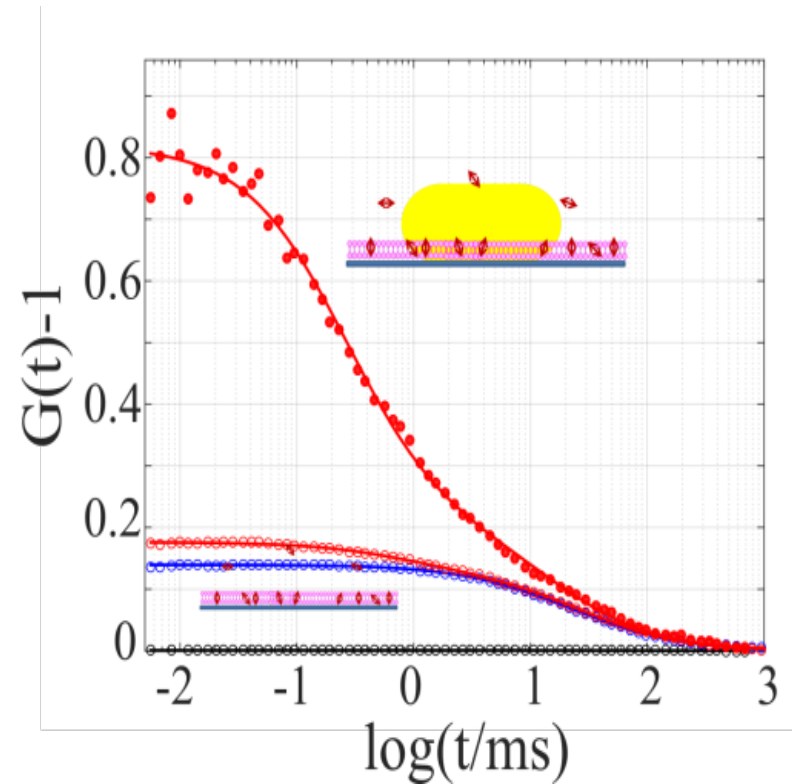
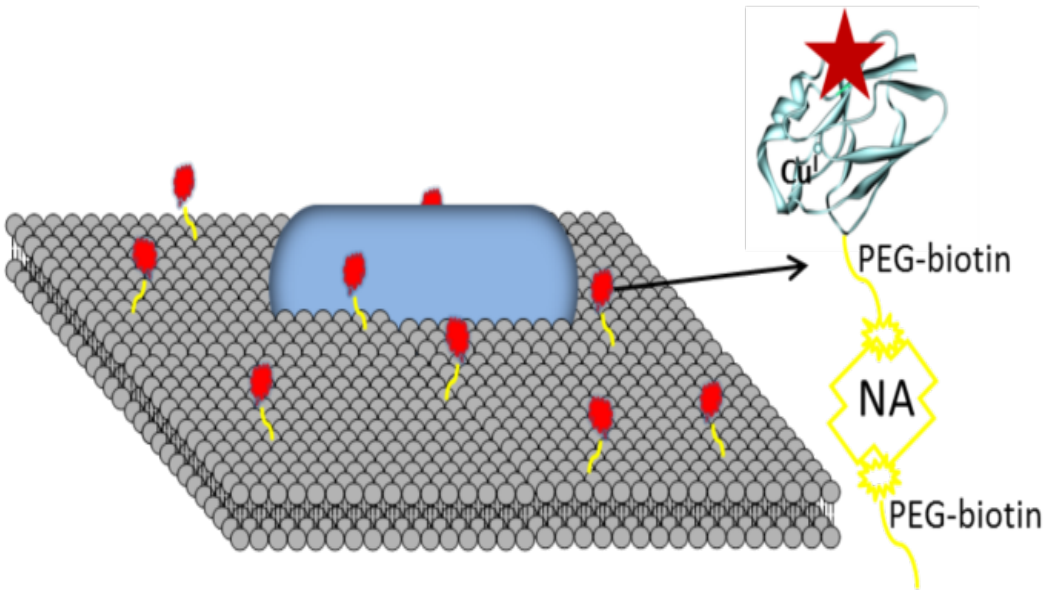


Enhanced FCS with Lifetime filtering



Ratio of diffusion times in near-field and far-field: about 60

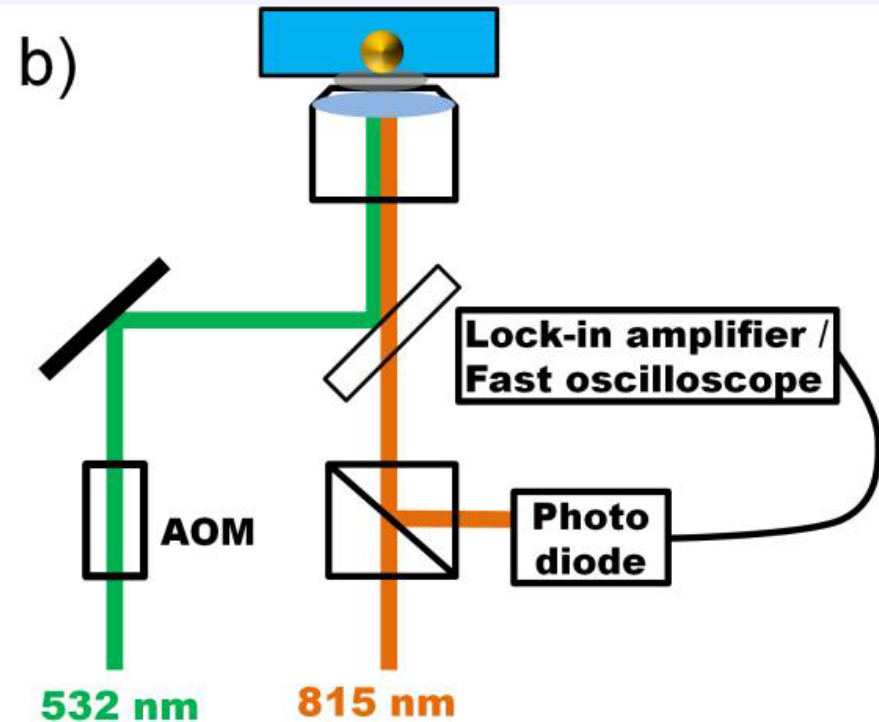
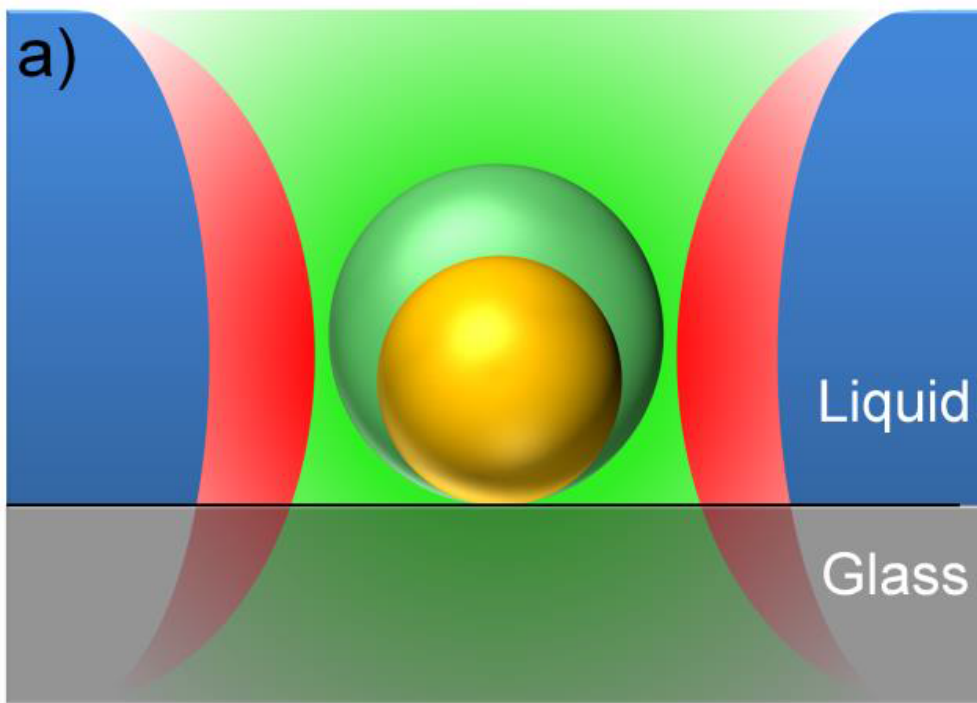
Enhanced FCS of a labelled protein



Diffusion time in bilayer longer than for the dye alone



Plasmonic Nanobubbles



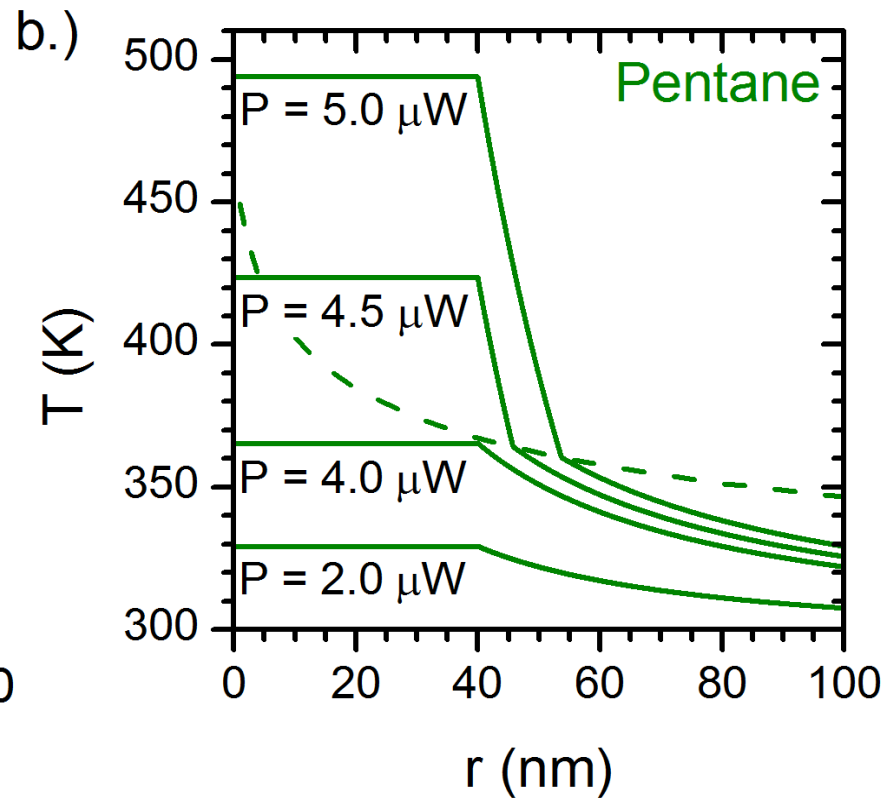
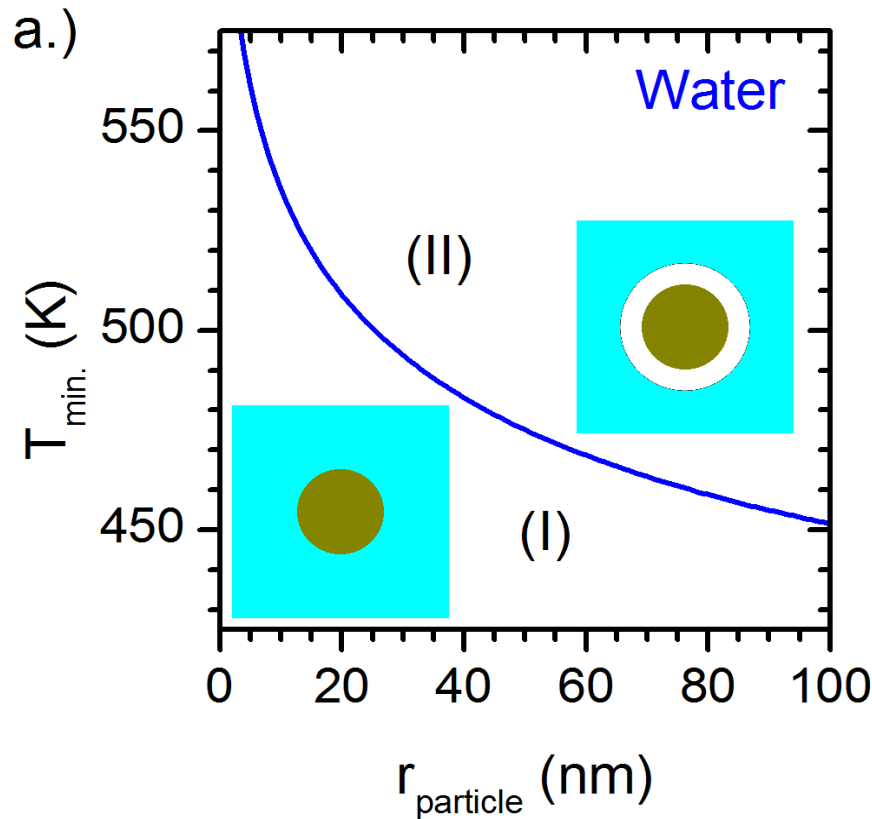


Lei Hou



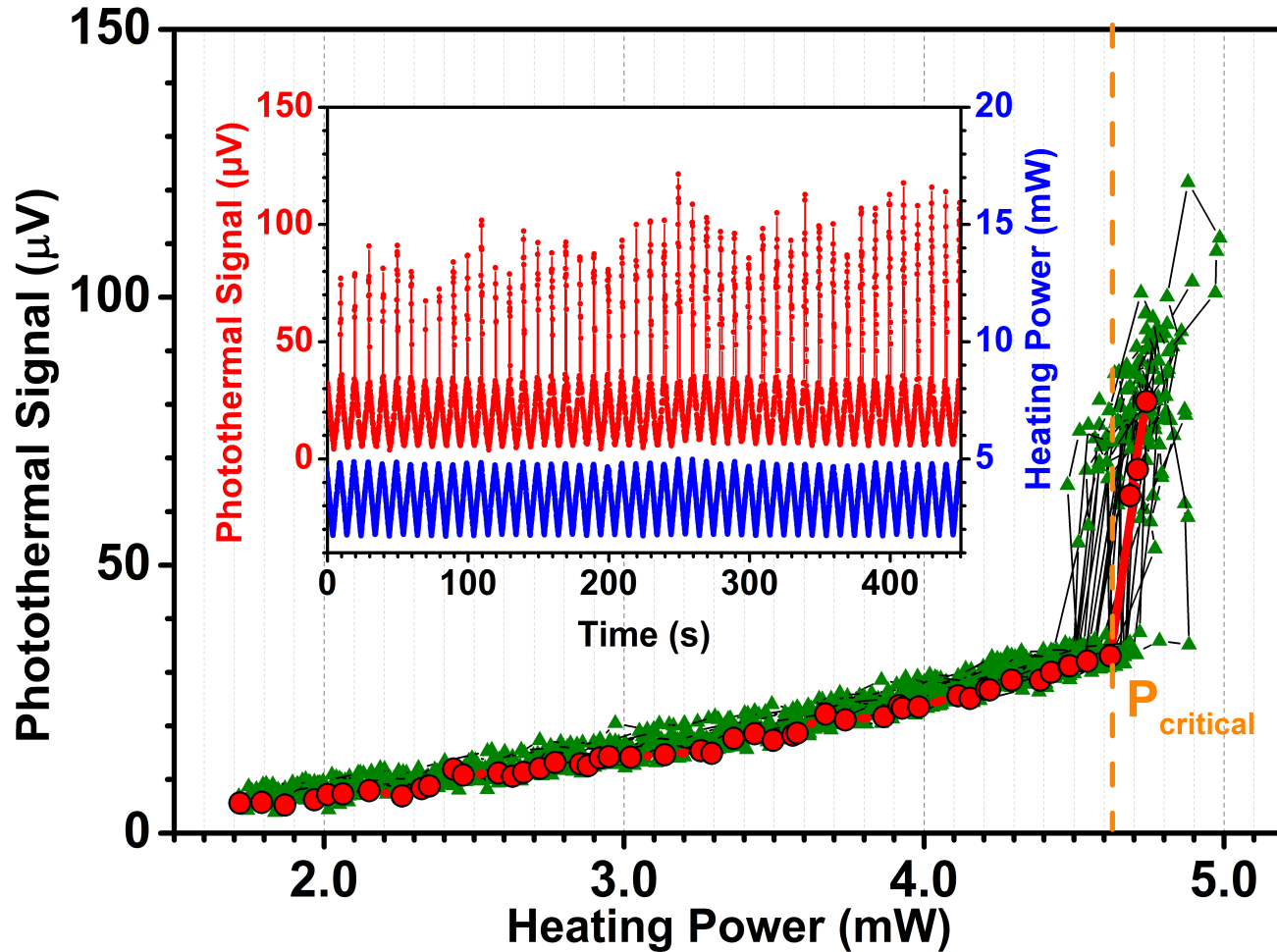
Thomas Jollans

Boiling occurs at higher temperature



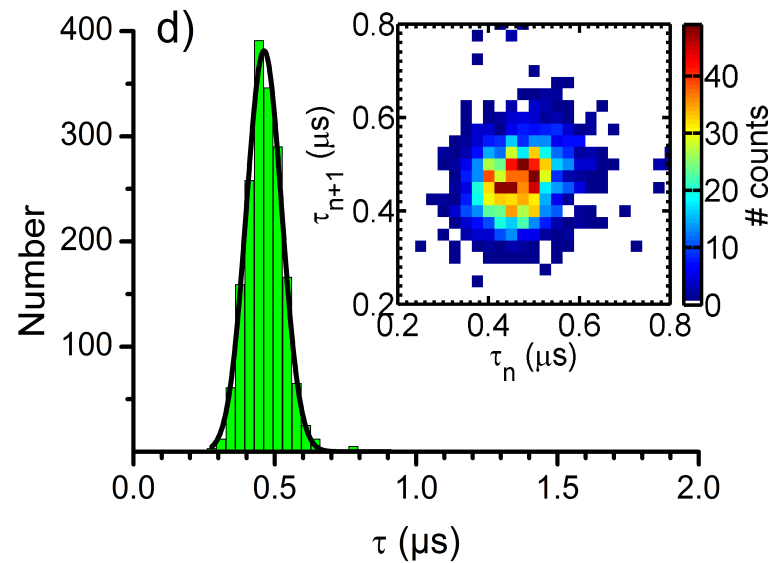
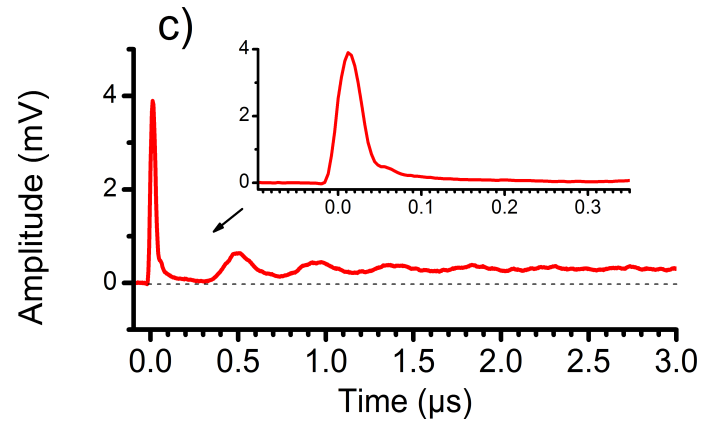
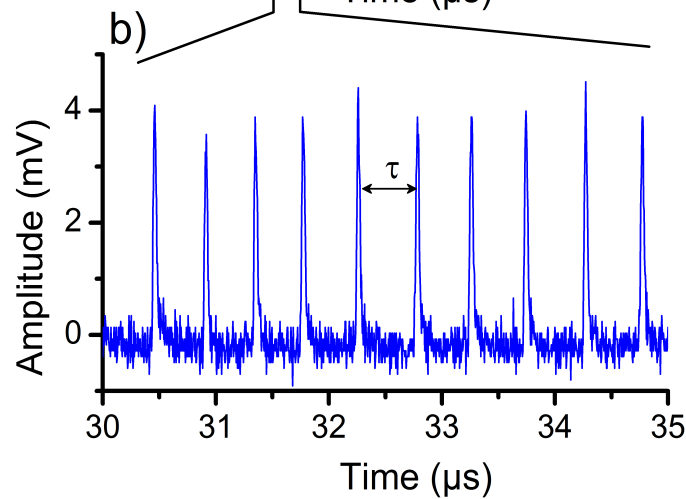
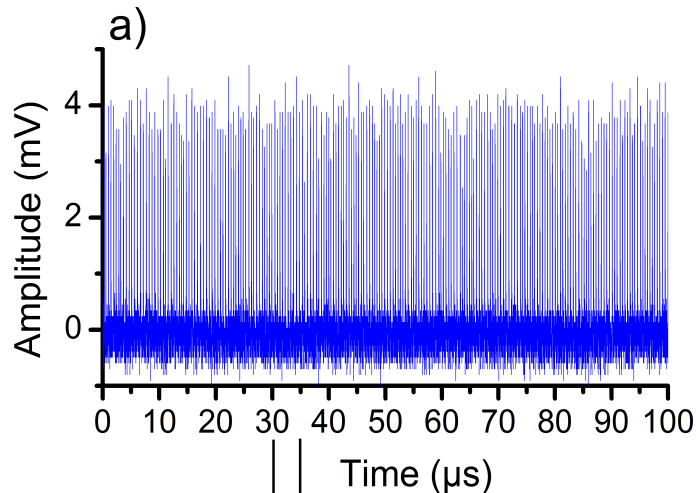
Nanobubble must overcome Laplace pressure, $p = \frac{2A}{R}$.

Threshold in water



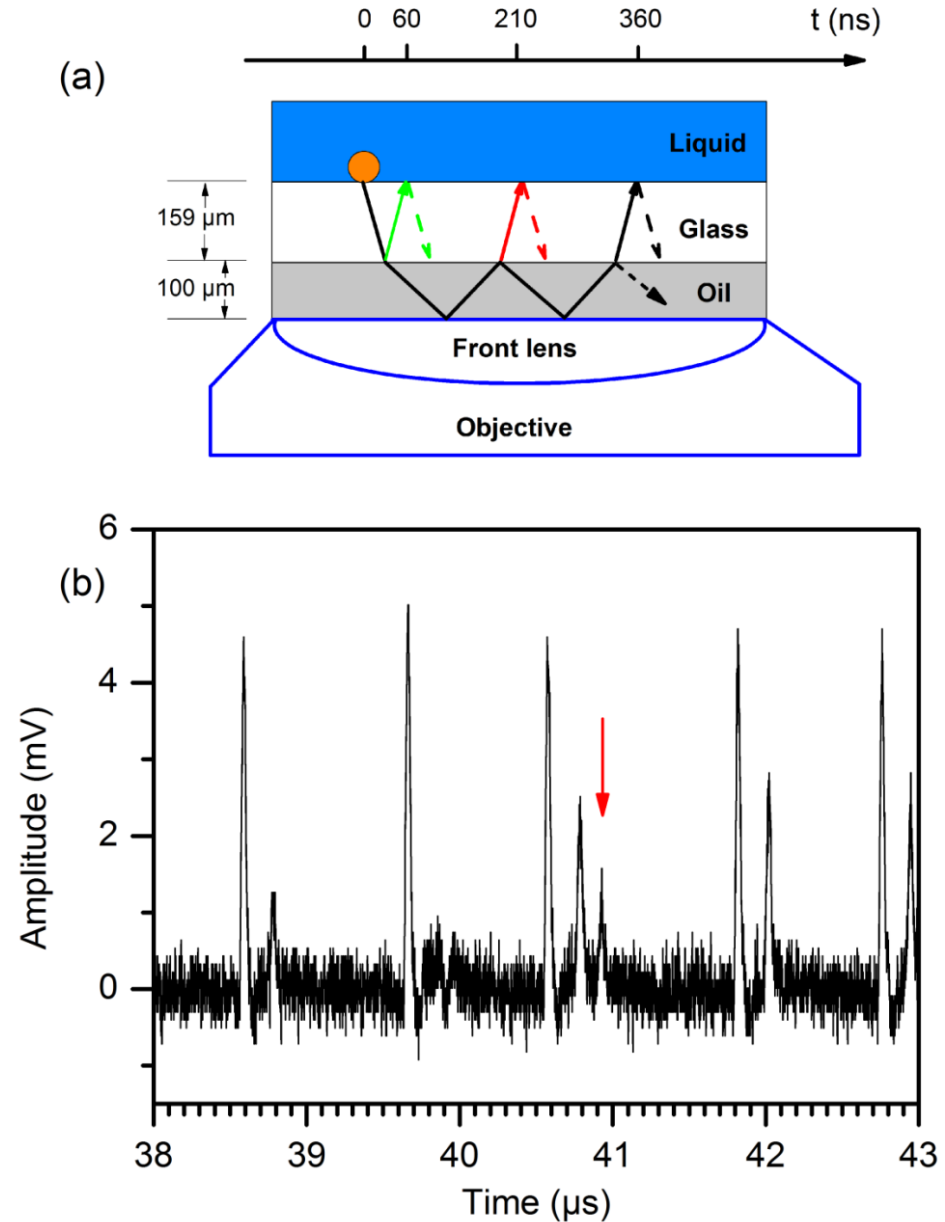
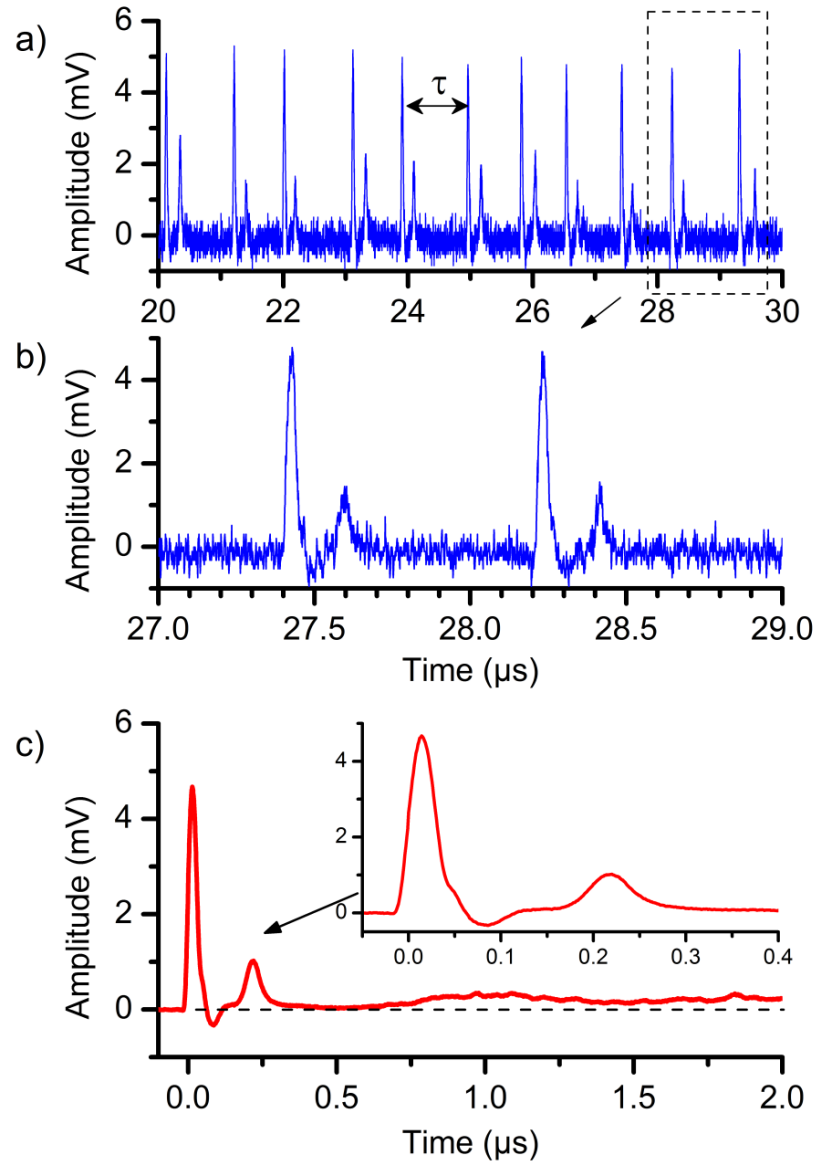
Photothermal detection of scattered probe.

Dynamics of nanobubble in pentane



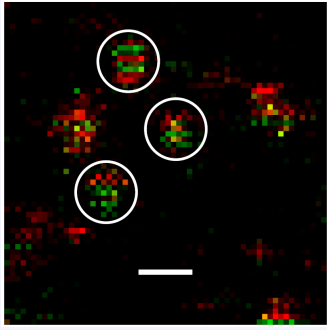
Fast explosive events (25 ns).

Acoustic echoes trigger new nanobubbles

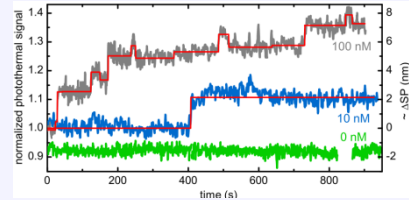


Conclusions

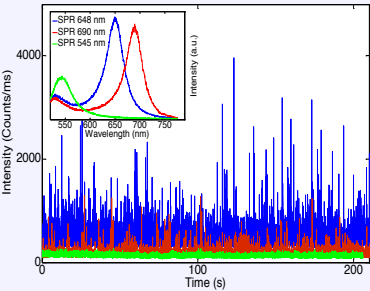
- **Dynamical heterogeneity**



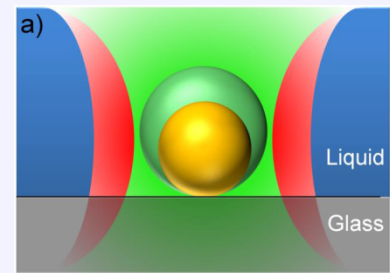
- **Plasmonic sensing with a single gold nanorod**



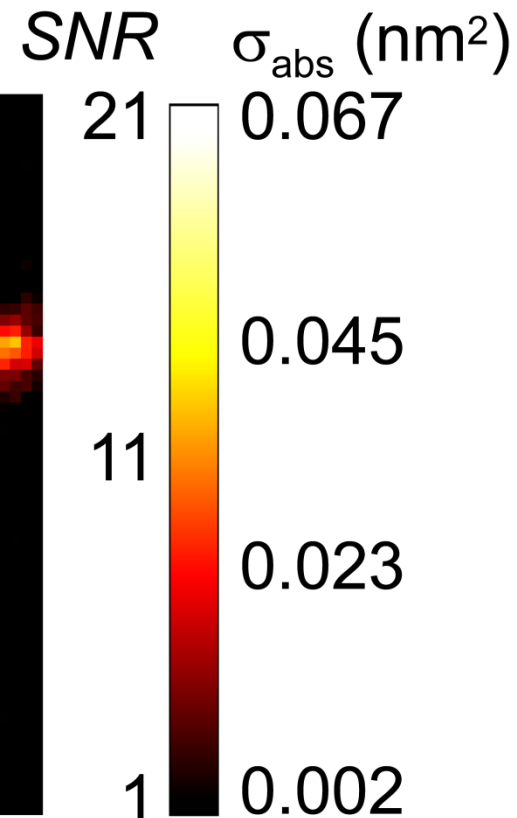
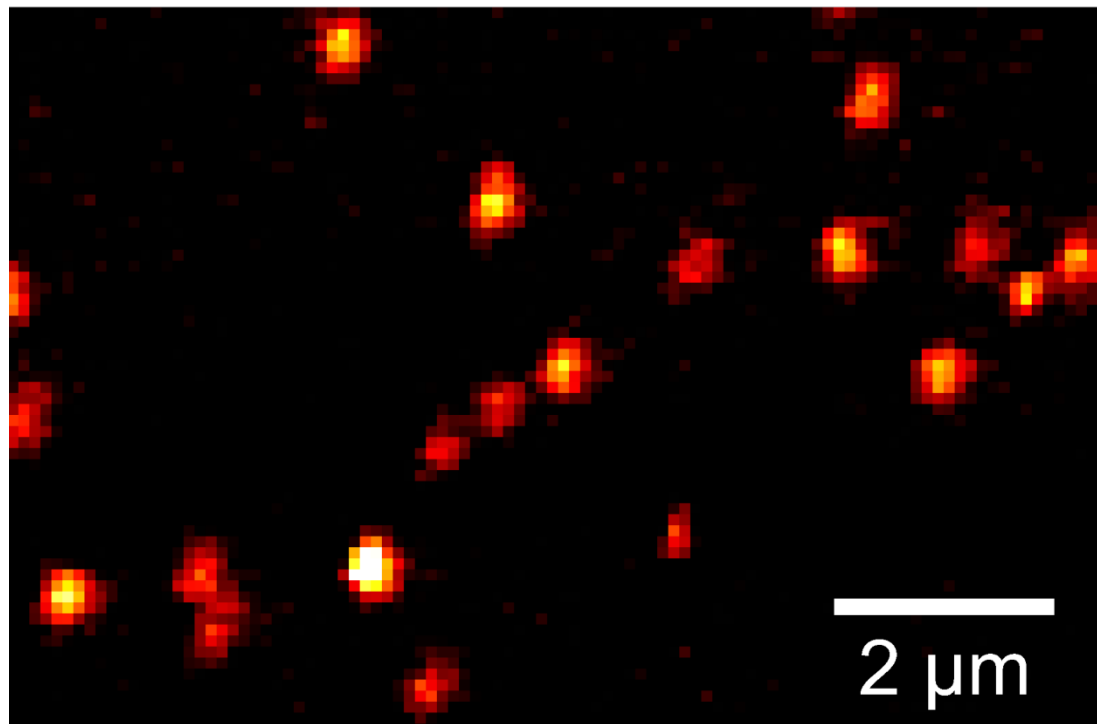
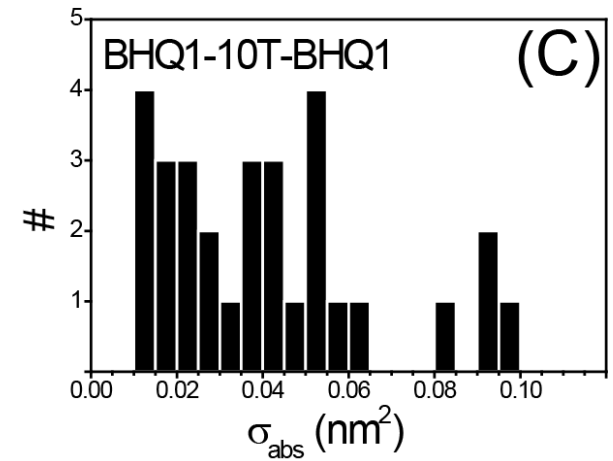
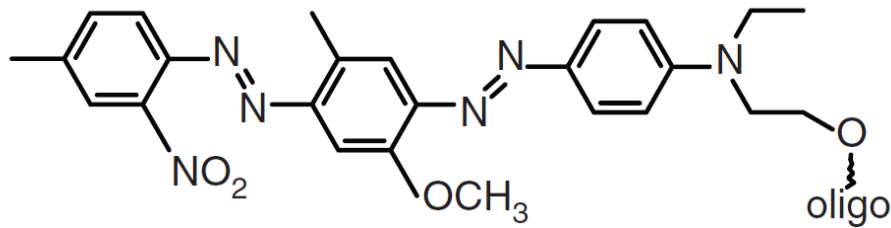
- **1000× fluorescence enhancement with spectral matching**



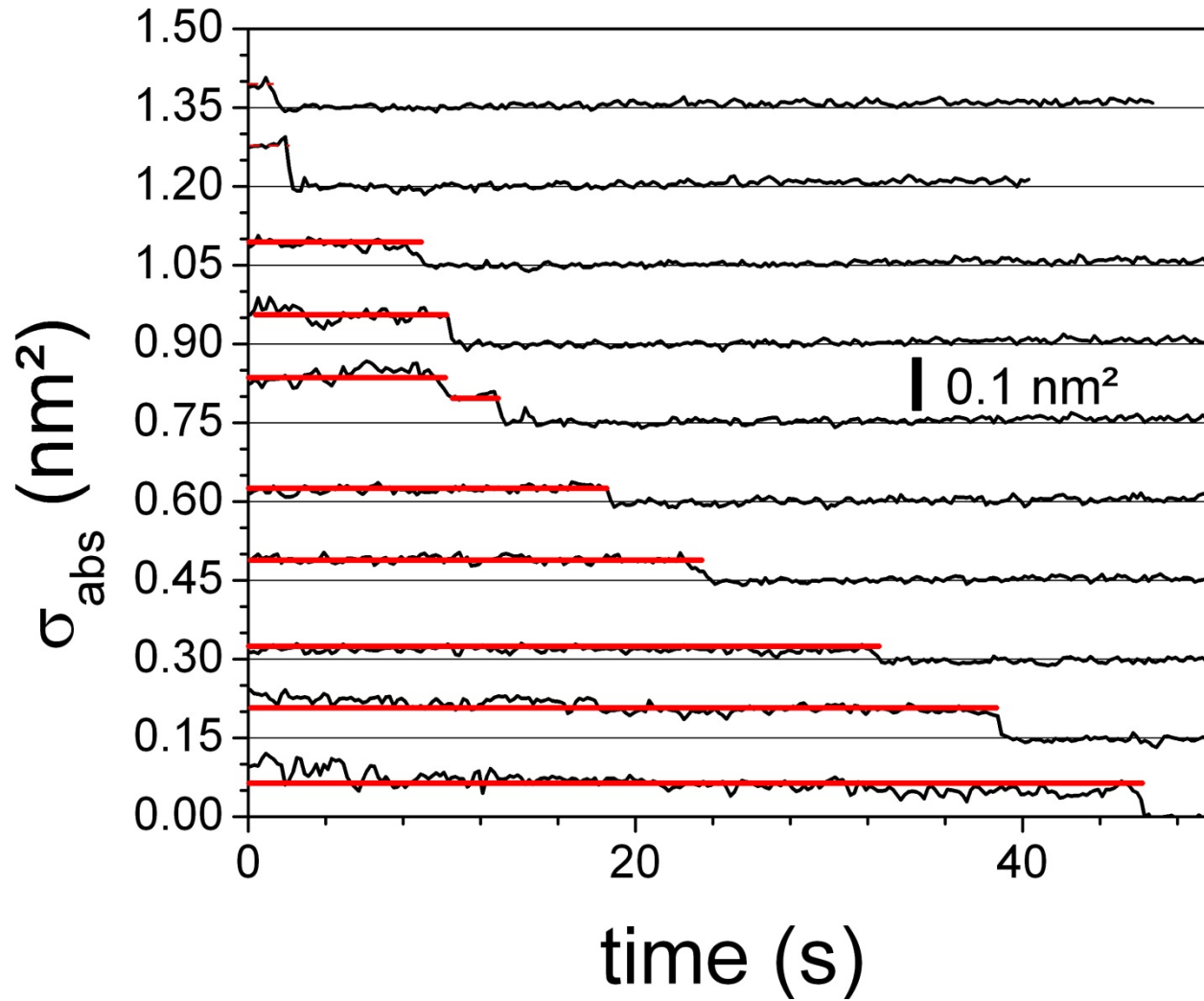
- **Explosive nanobubbles upon plasmonic heating**



Single-molecule absorption



Single-step photobleaching

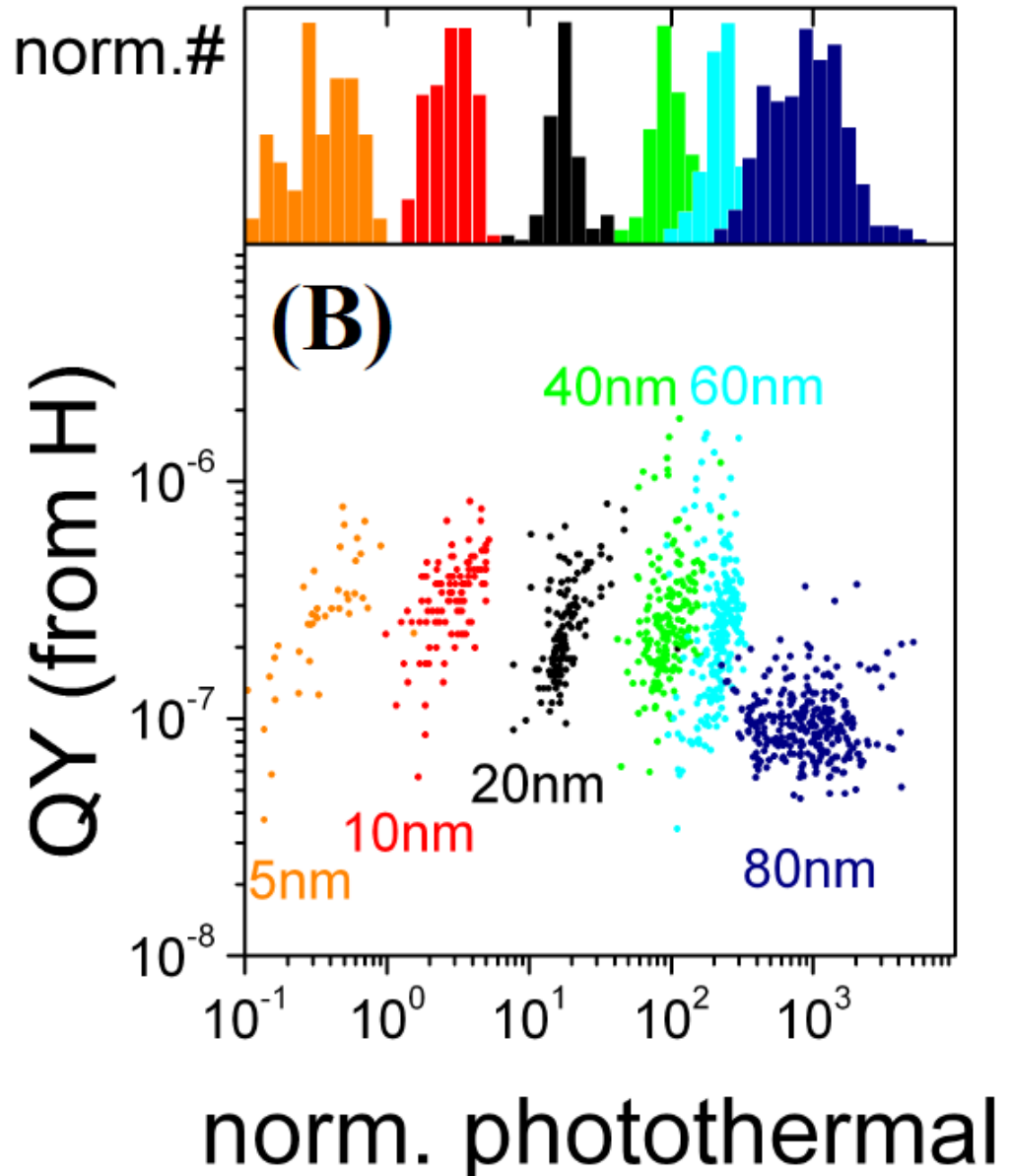


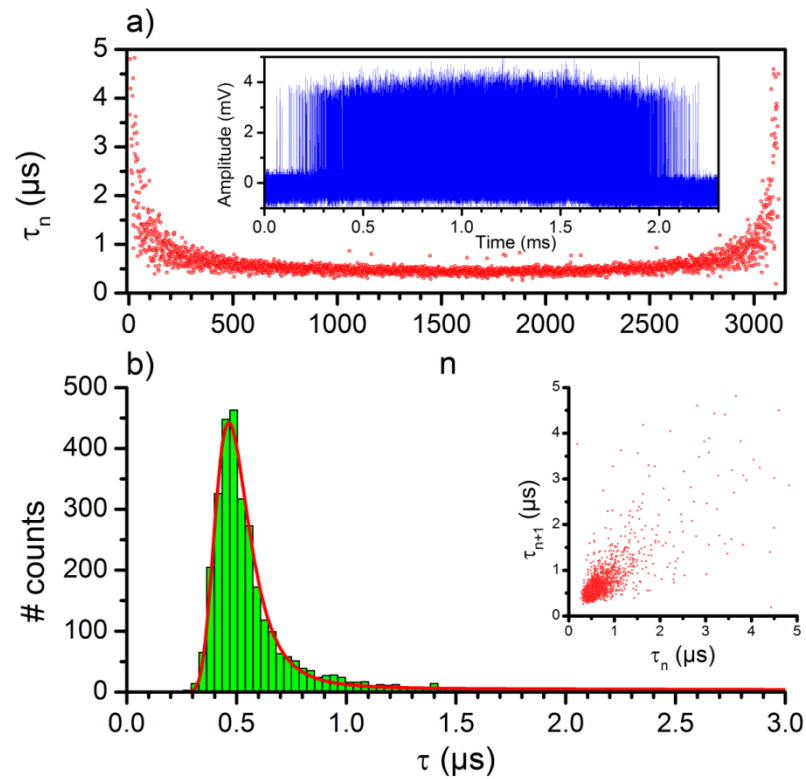
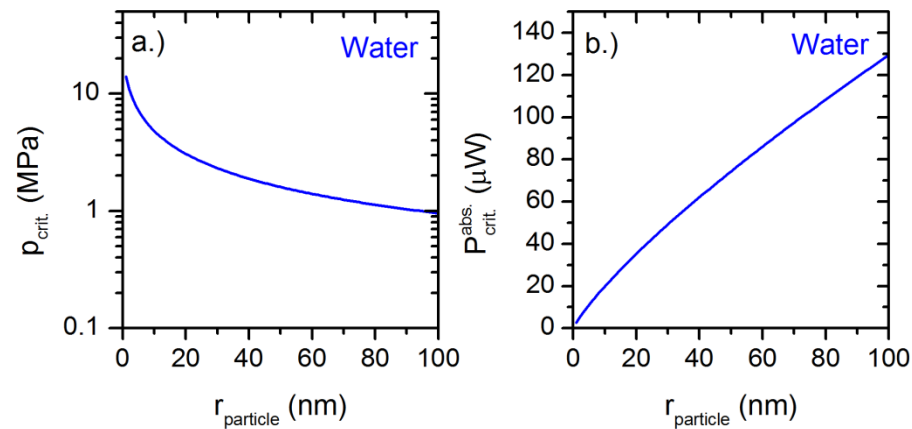
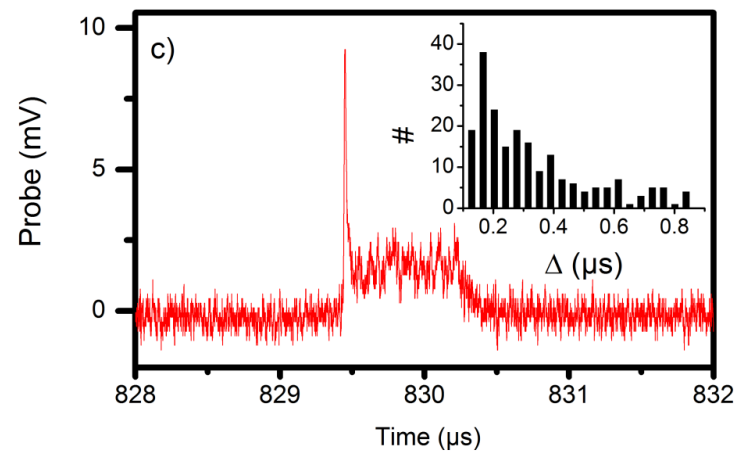
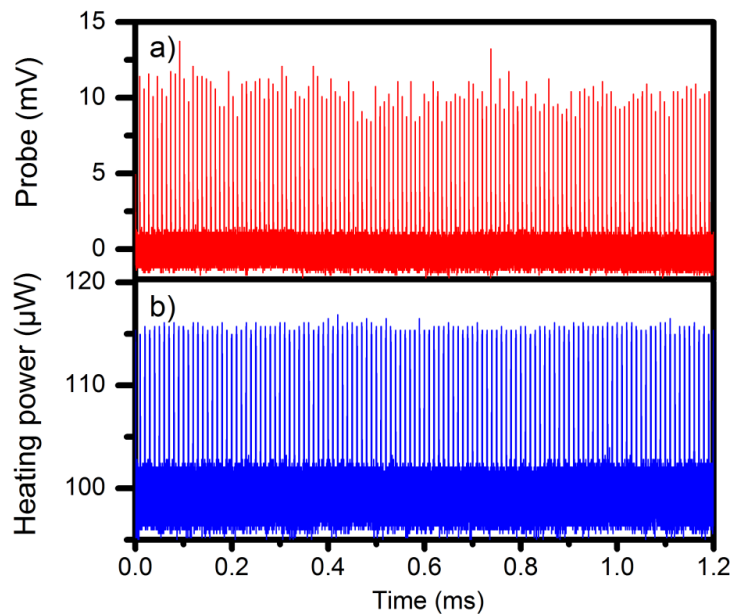
Gaiduk et al., Science 330 (2010) 353

Intrinsic luminescence quantum yield

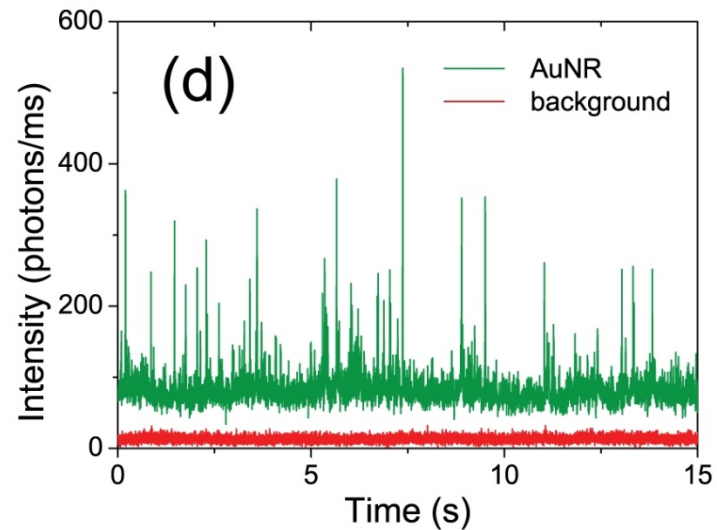
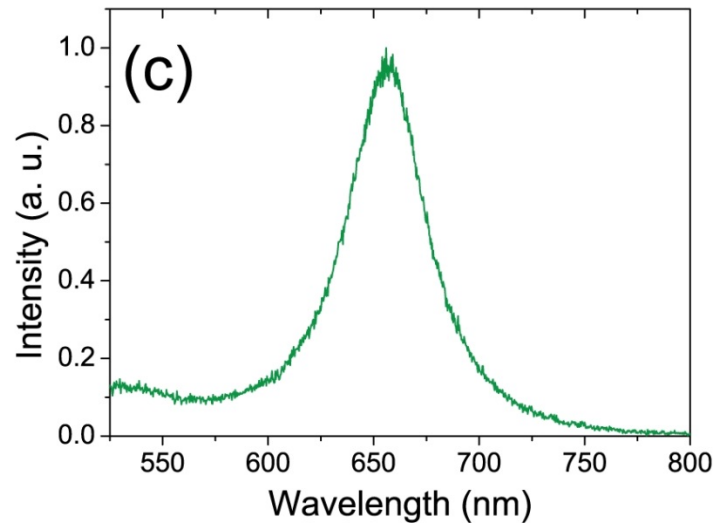
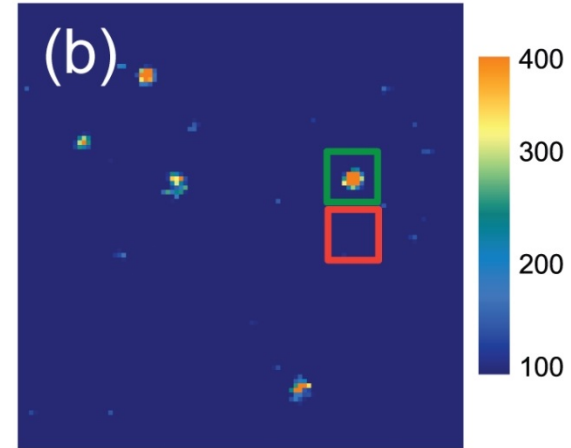
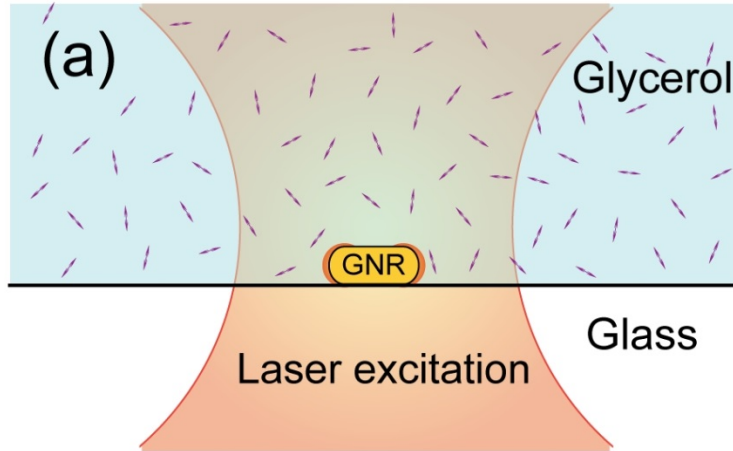
Gaiduk et al.,
ChemPhysChem 2011

Dulkeith et al.
PRB 2004
(ensembles)

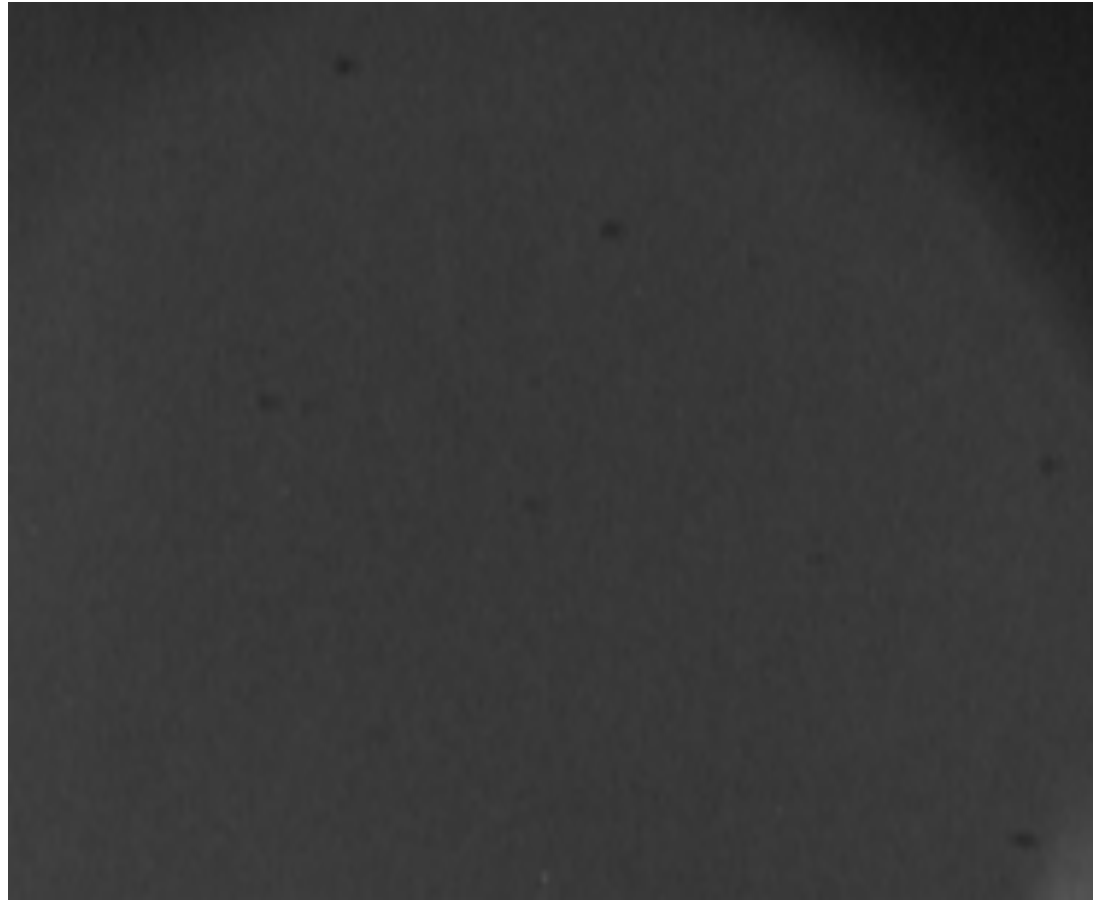




Fluorescence bursts



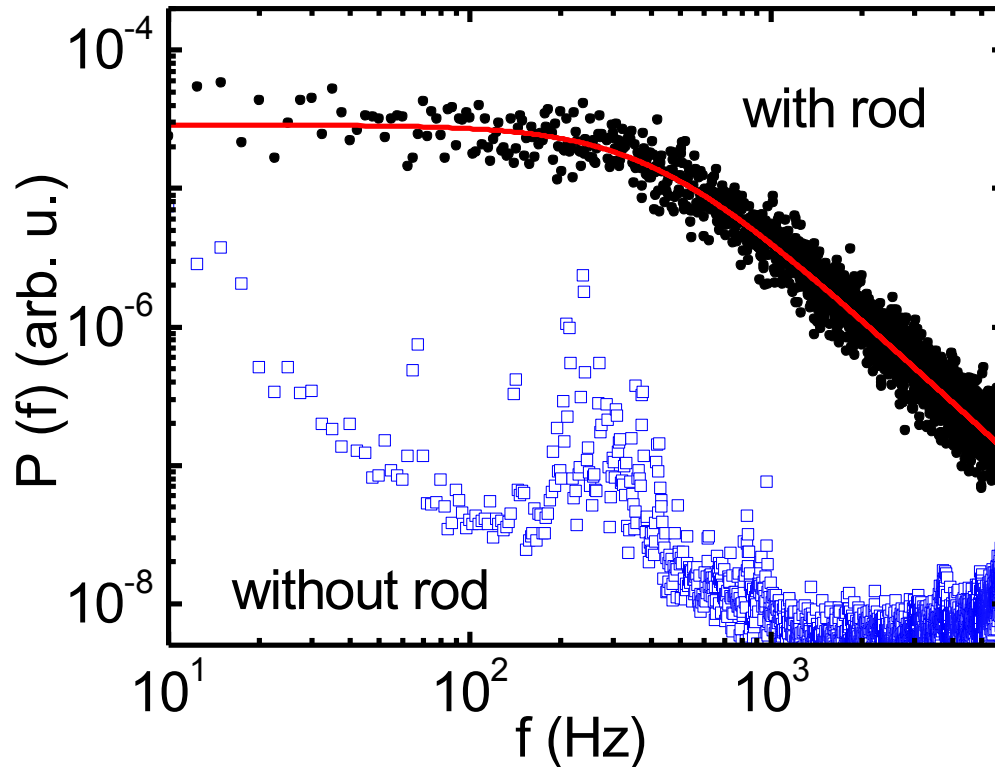
Trapping individual gold nanorods



~ real time

$60 \mu m$

Power spectrum of lateral fluctuations



Single 40x20 nm nanorod in the optical trap ($P \sim 120$ mW)
Cut-off frequency ~ 400 Hz
Trap stiffness ~ 0.01 pn/nm/W

Persistent nanobubble

