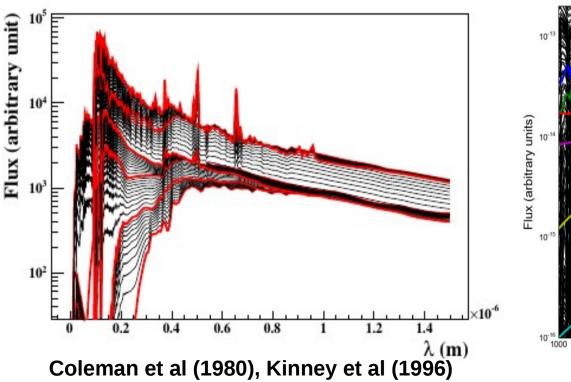
Comparing some SED library performances with Le Phare

Aim of our study :

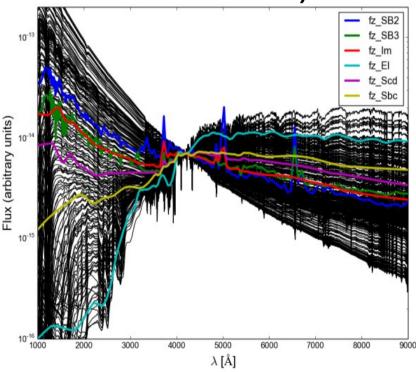
- 1/ Pedagogical !
- 2/ Building SED library using FORS2 spectra

A.Gorecki et al., arXiv:1301.3010

- 3/ Brief description of the Brown et al database (z<0.05) and check the completeness of the DirectSim and Brown templates as compared with FORS2 database (0.275 < z < 1.05)
- 4/ Comparison of SED performances with Le Phare



/DirectSim-master/SEDs/Inst.* (normalization from UGCA_219 between 415 and 425 nm)



Brown et al atlas, arXiv:1312.3029

129 spectral energy distributions from the UV to mid-IR including : spirals, merging galaxies, blue compact dwarfs and luminous infrared galaxies

Absolute magnitude : -14.4 > Mg > -22.3

Colors : 0.1 < u-g < 1.9

Redshift : z < 0.05

18 illustrative spectra that could be used as basic templates

NGC 3521 10-13 IC 4553 NGC 3690 UGCA 219 NGC 3079 NGC 0695 II Zw 096 Flux (arbitrary units) NGC 6240 10-14 CGCG 049-057 NGC 5256 NGC 4125 NGC 4725 NGC 6090 NGC_4138 NGC 4552 10-15 Mrk 33 NGC 5953 NGC 0337 UGCA 219 10⁻¹⁶ 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 λ [Å]

18 illustrative spectra (and Blue Compact Dwarf)

Basic properties of the subsample

Name	Morphology	T-type	g	$M_{NUV} - M_u$	$M_{[8.0]} - M_{[24]}$	Notes
NGC 0337	SBd	7.0	12.36	0.96	0.79	
NGC 0695	S0	-2.0	13.90	1.17	0.72	Interacting galaxy
NGC 3079	SB(s)c	7.0	11.07	1.31	0.27	Seyfert 2
Mrk 33	Im pec	10.0	13.36	0.59	2.09	Wolf-Rayet Galaxy
UGCA 219	Sc	-	14.78	0.01	2.76	Blue Compact Dwarf
NGC 3521	SABbc	4.0	10.38	2.02	0.05	-
NGC 3690	Pec	9.0	12.07	0.72	2.19	Galaxy merger and Wolf-Rayet Galaxy
NGC 4125	E6 pec	-5.0	10.89	3.44	-0.70	Elliptical galaxy without UV upturn
NGC 4138	SA(r)0	-1.0	11.86	1.83	0.04	
NGC 4552	È	-5.0	10.94	3.01	-0.74	Elliptical galaxy with UV upturn
NGC 4725	SABab pec	2.0	11.08	2.52	-0.20	Seyfert 2
NGC 5256	Pec	99.0	13.82	1.35	2.14	Galaxy merger
CGCG 049-057	Irr	-	15.16	3.17	2.32	LIRG
NGC 5953	Sa	1.0	12.65	1.89	0.67	
IC 4553	Pec	-	13.85	2.35	3.27	ULIRG Arp 220
NGC 6090	Pec	-	14.20	0.82	1.76	Galaxy merger and LIRG
NGC 6240	Pec	90.0	13.45	1.69	2.34	
II Zw 096	Pec	-	14.30	0.49	2.91	Galaxy merger and starburst

Building FORS2 SED library

Giraud et al atlas (arXiv:1011.1947) :

Redshift and flux distribution of 654 galaxies obtained with the FORS2 instrument (VLT UT1)

Redshifts : 0.275 < z < 1.05 down to R=23

Rest frame window : 3000 Å < λ < 6000 Å

Averaged spectra divided in 4 classes : blue or red SED; absorption or emission lines and 5 redshift bins from z=0.3 to z=1

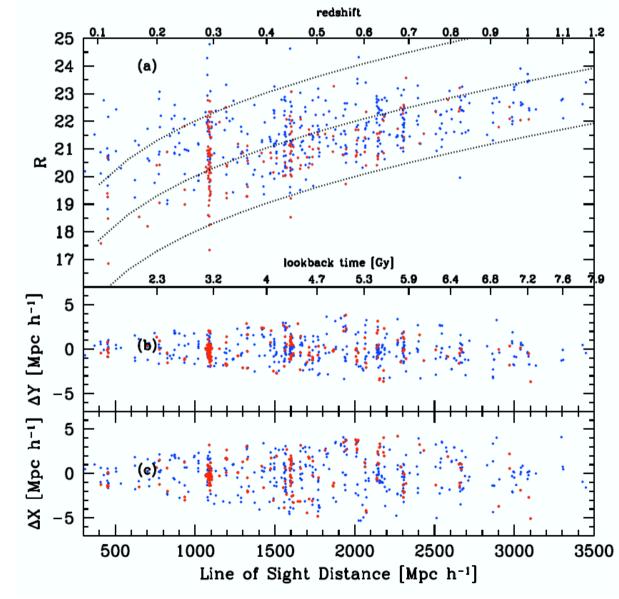
 \rightarrow 67 averaged spectra

Building FORS2 SED library :

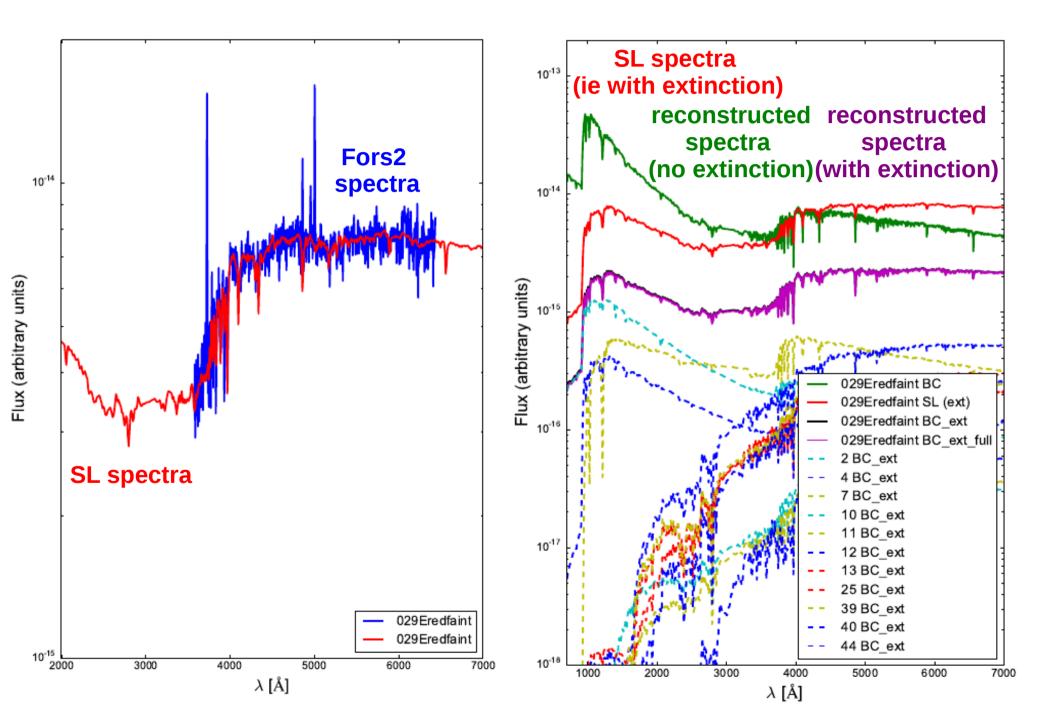
Stellar mixing and synthetic spectra derived from SED using STARLIGHTV04

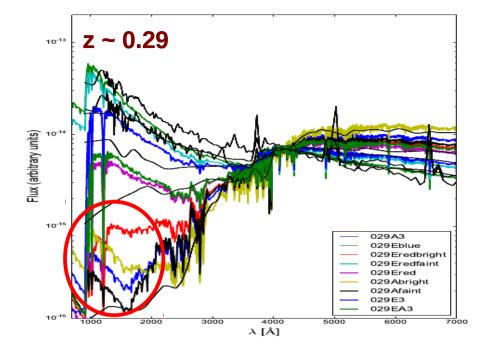
Based on 45 evolutionary stellar population models from Bruzual&Charlot (2003)

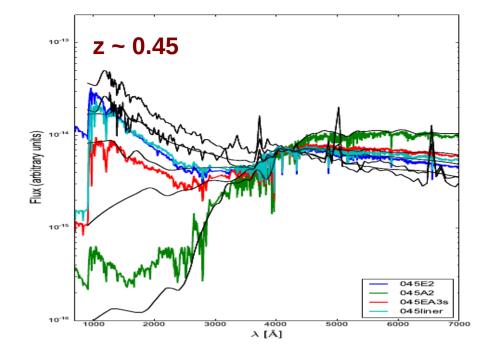
→ model continuum spectra extended to 700 Å < λ < 100000 Å

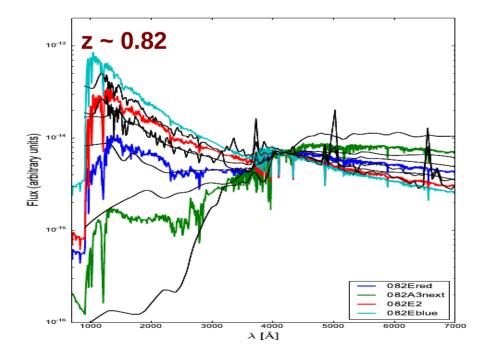


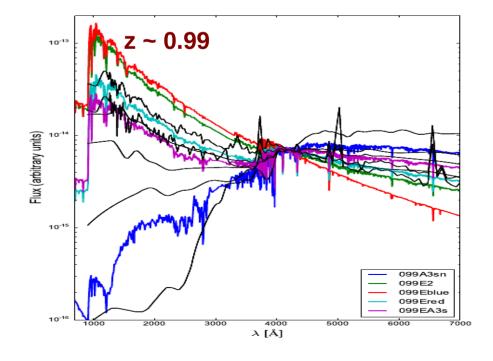
Examples of reconstructed spectra



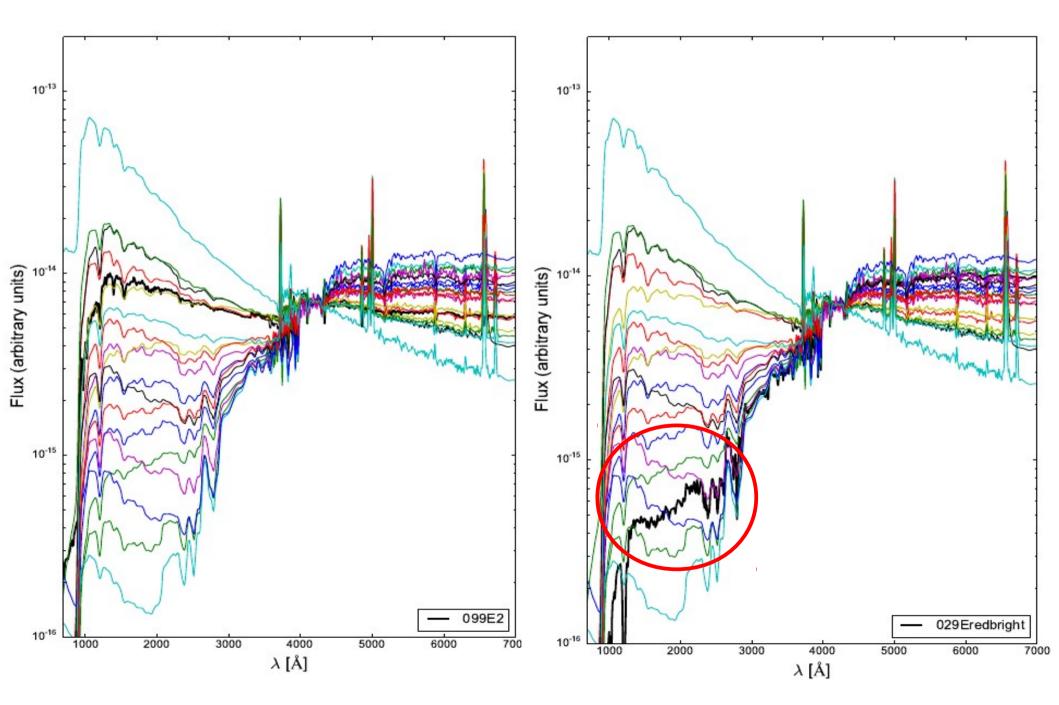




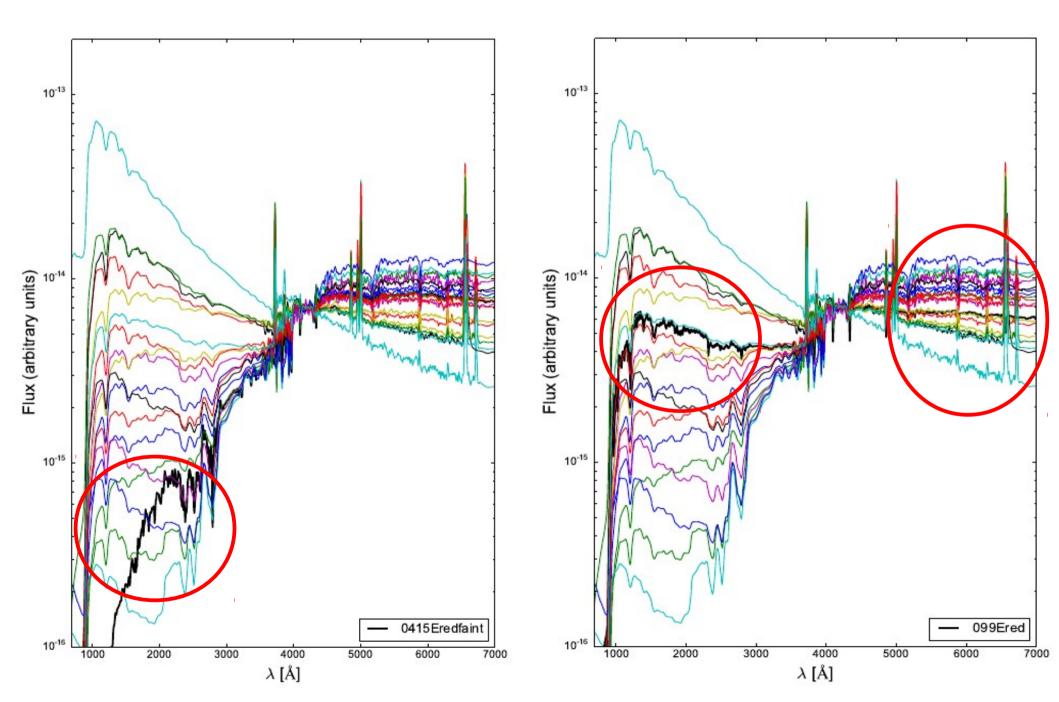




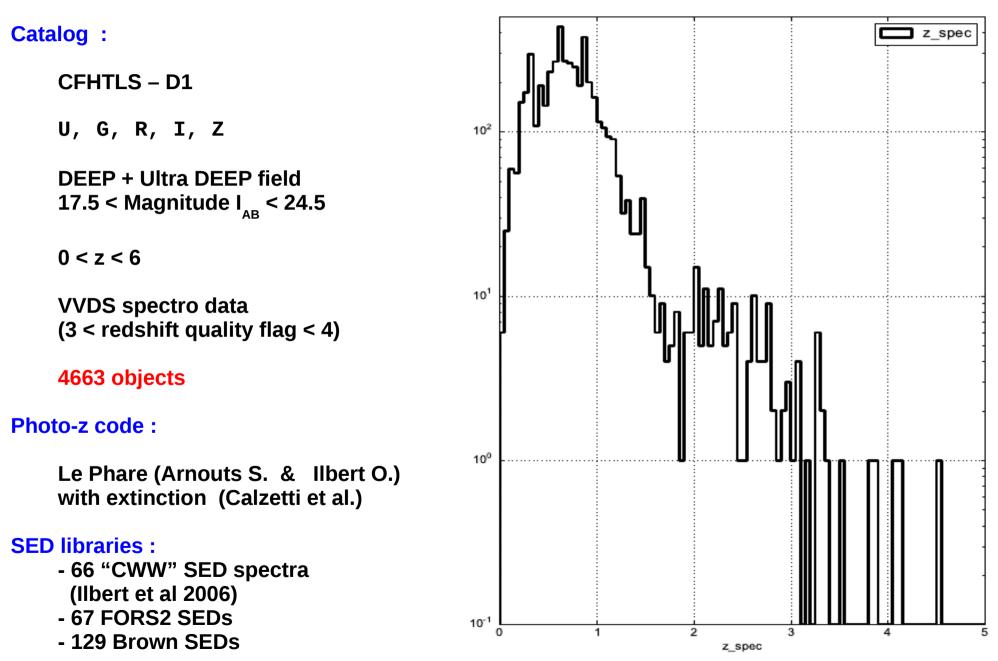
Comparison with Brown spectra



Comparison with Brown spectra

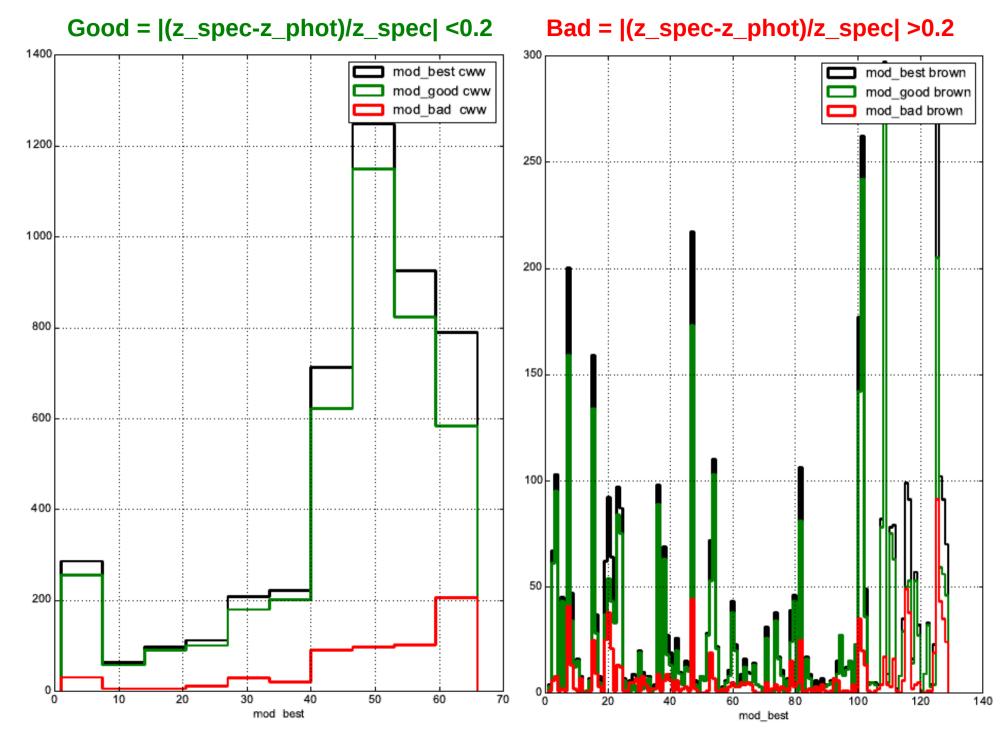


SED library performance comparison PRELIMINARY !

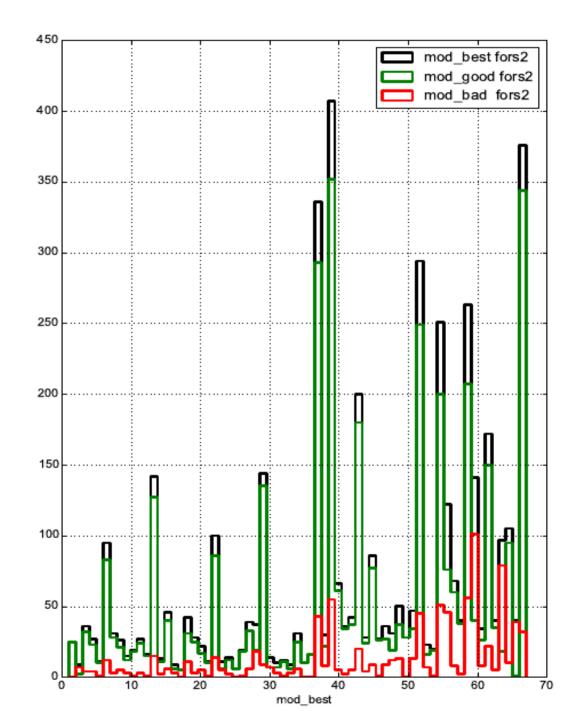


http://www.cfht.hawaii.edu/~arnouts/LEPHARE/lephare.html

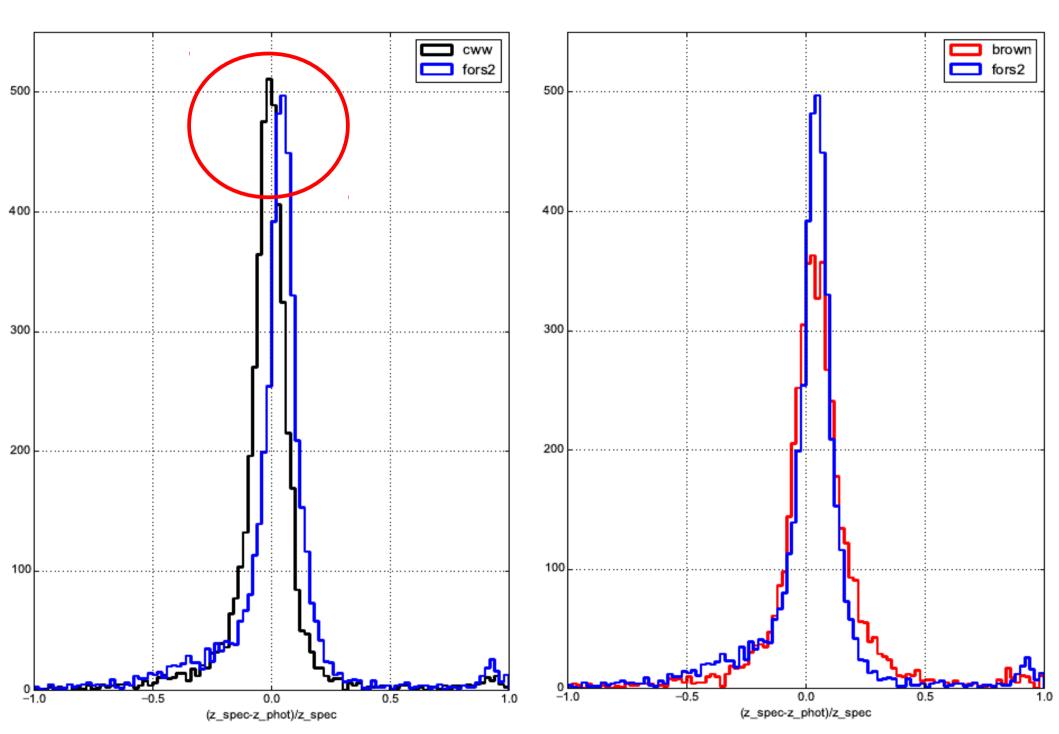
Best models distribution

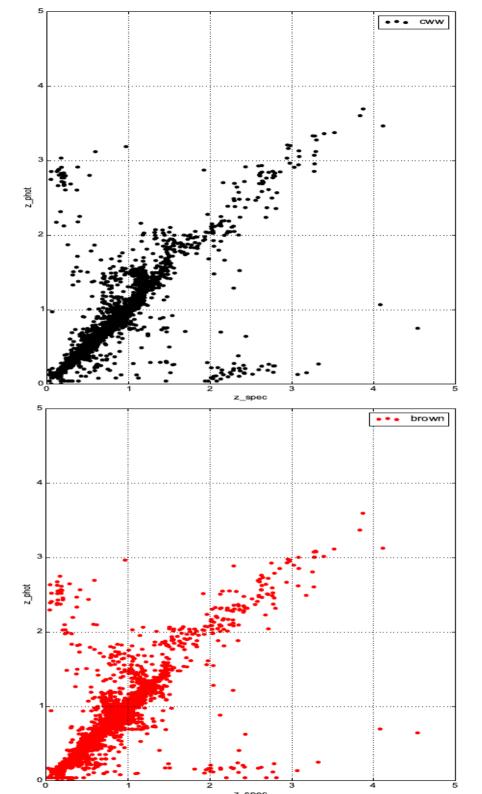


Best models distribution

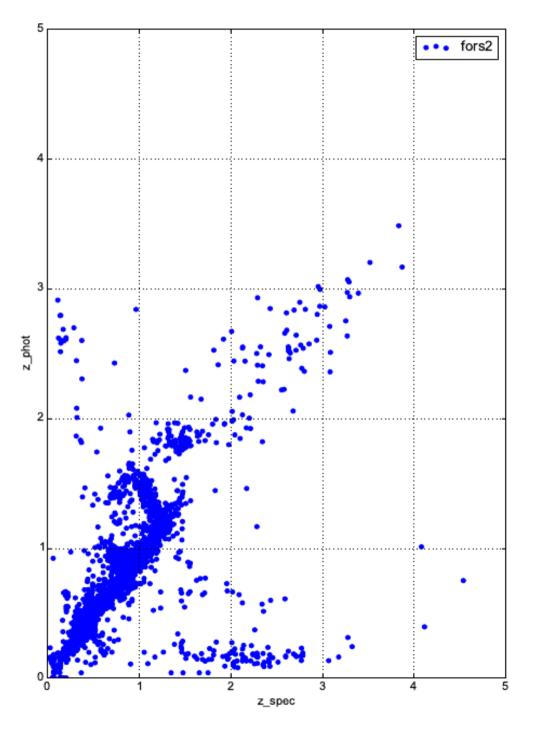


Delta_z distribution

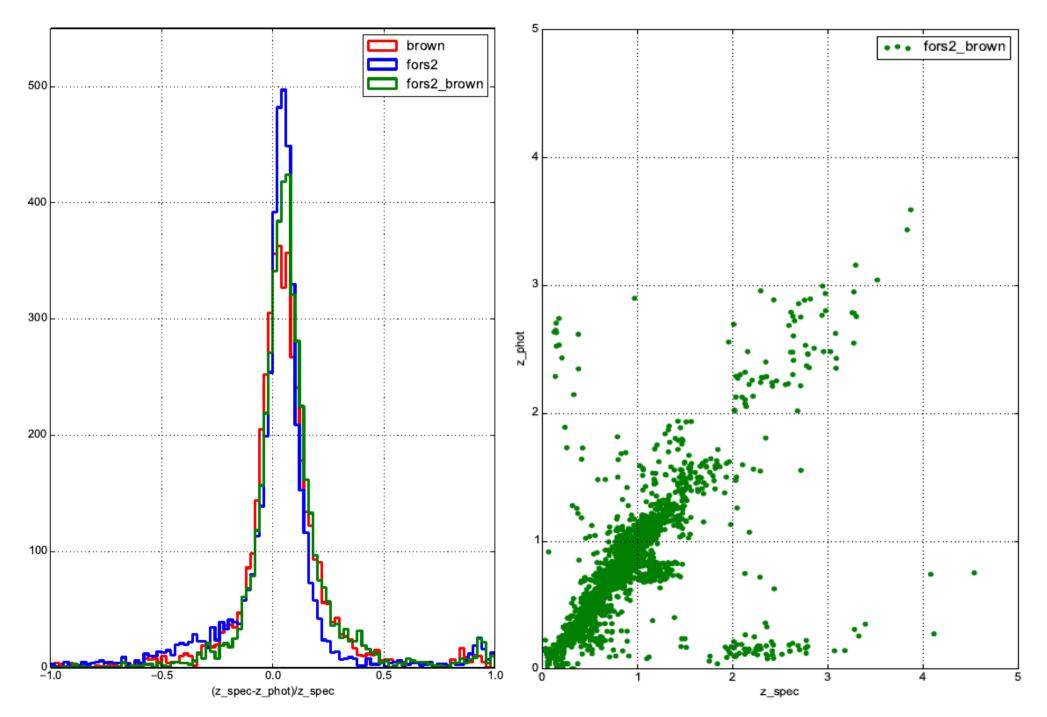




z_phot versus z_spec

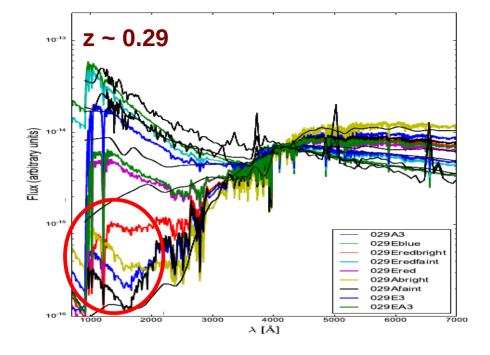


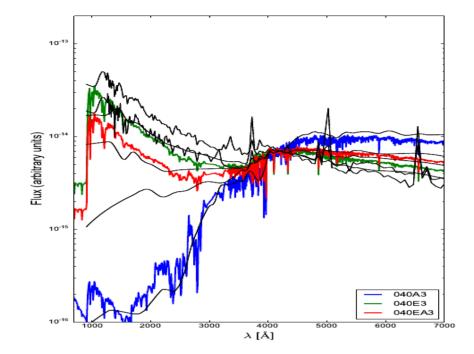
Brown+FORS2



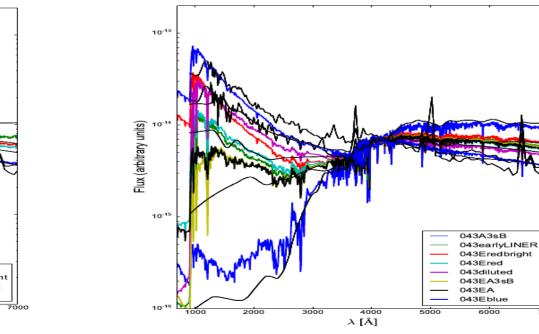
Conclusions

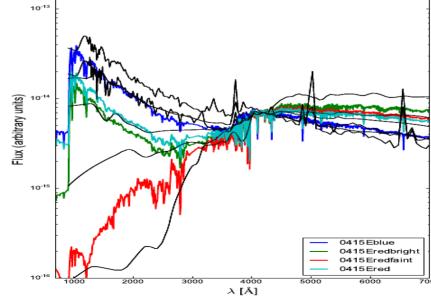
- Key issues have been solved regarding the building of the FORS2 library with Starlight
- > We should now be able to derive template fitting spectra from measured spectra
- First comparisons of Fors2 library with standard libraries used for template fitting have been performed.
 First results are encouraging but still need checks and improvements
- > C++ version of Le Phare code should be available soon

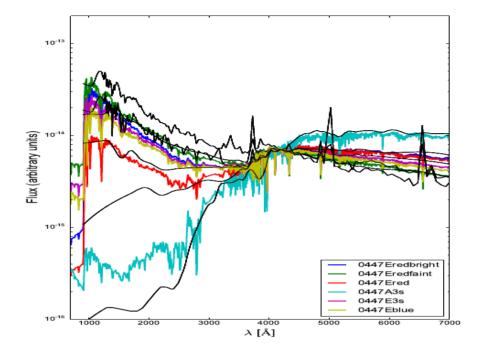


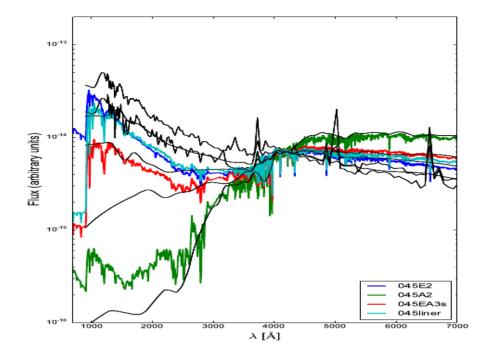


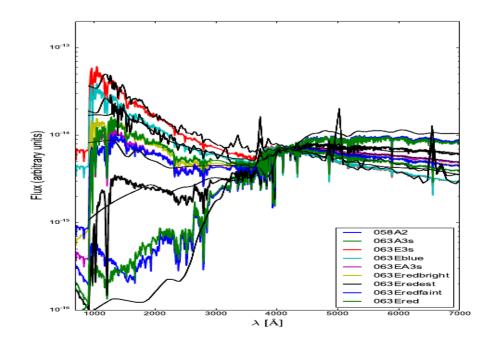
7000

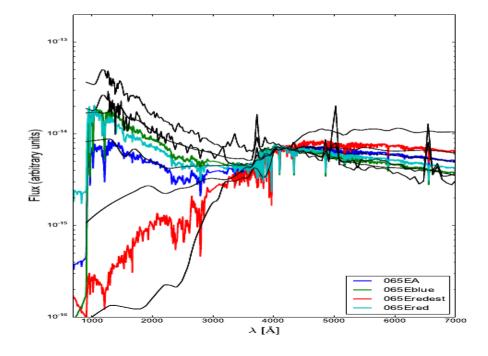


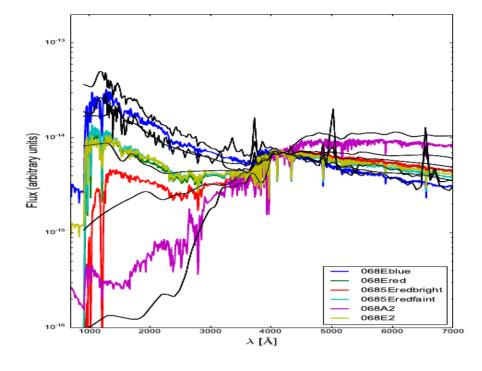


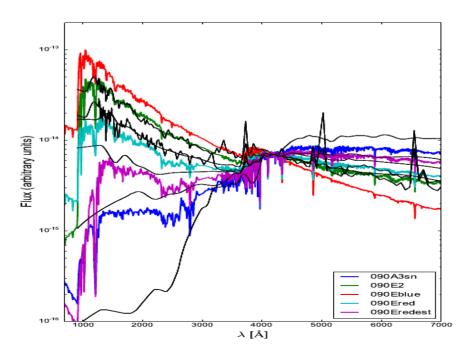


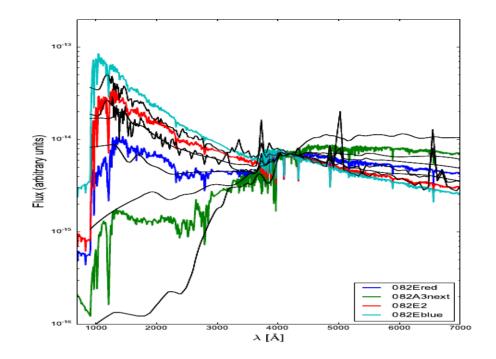


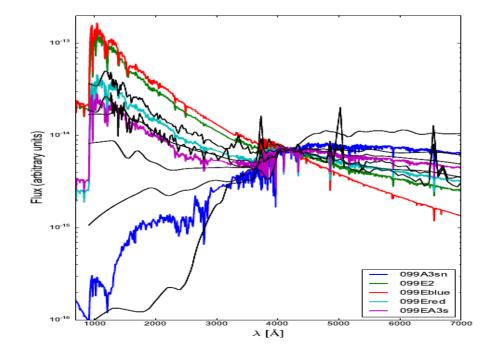










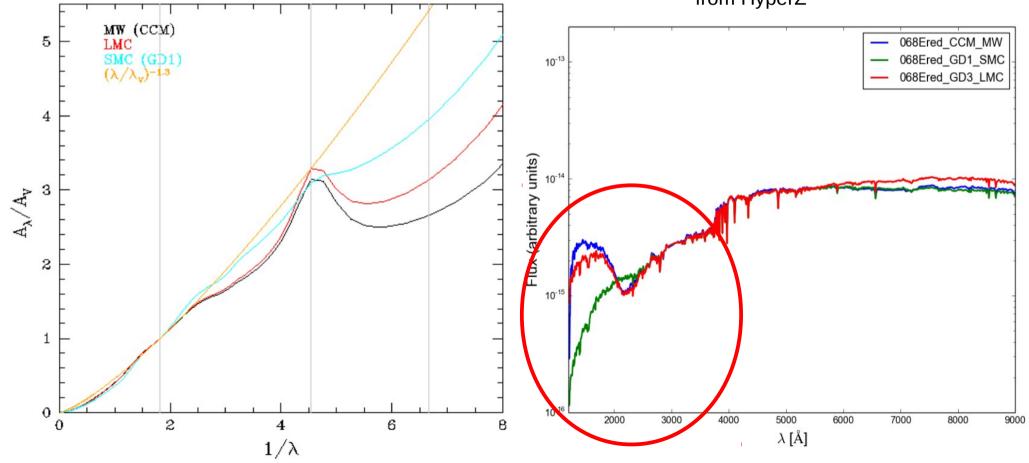


The question of the extinction models in the UV

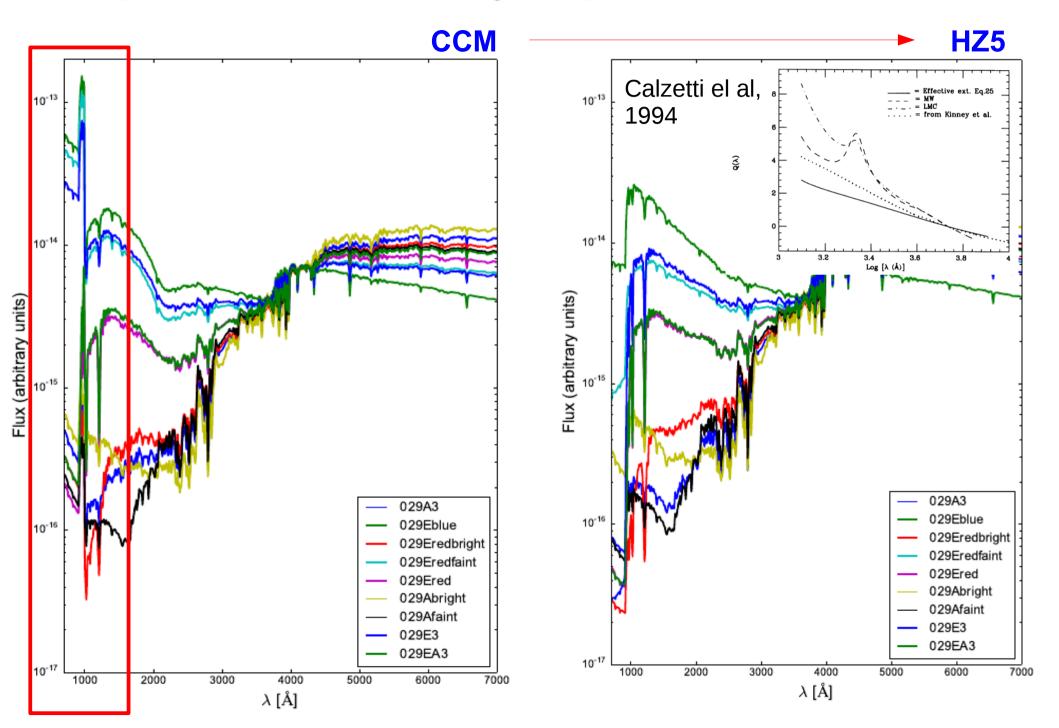
The UV ban extrapolation strongly depends on the extinction modeling ... and there are lots of models :

STARLIGHTV04 :

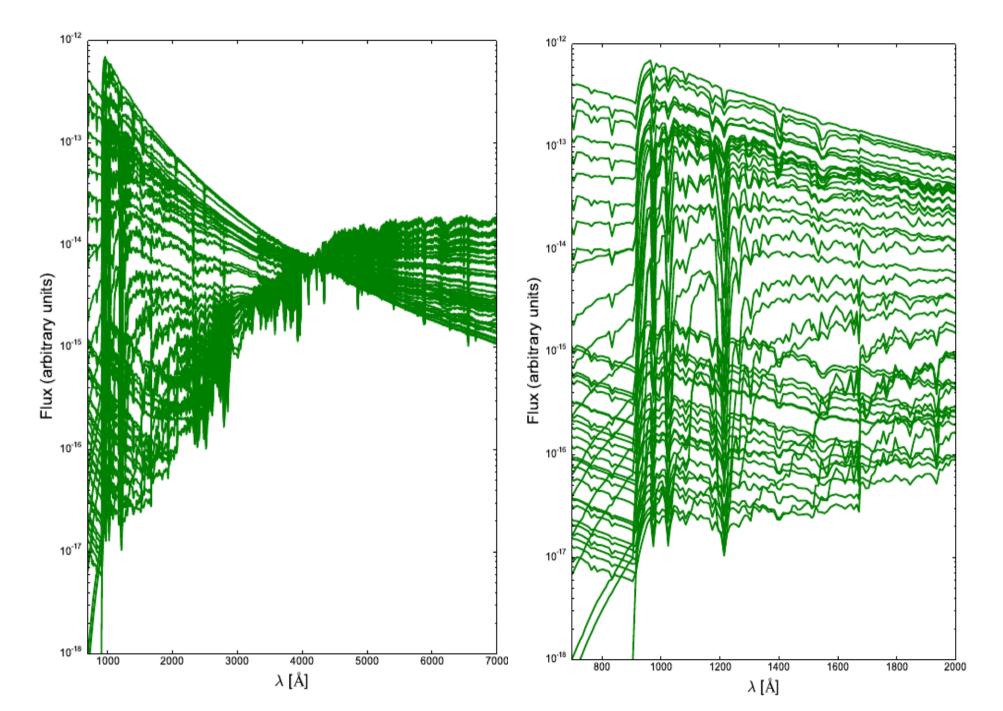
- CCM Cardelli, Clayton & Mathis (1989)
- GD1 Gordon et al. (2003) SMC Bar
- GD2 Gordon et al. (2003) LMC2 Super-Shell
- GD3 Gordon et al. (2003) LMC Average
- HZ1 HYPERZ = Allen (1976), from HyperZ
- HZ2 HYPERZ = Seaton (1979), from HyperZ
- HZ3 HYPERZ = Fitzpatrick (1986) LMC, from HyperZ
- HZ4 HYPERZ = for Prevot et al. (1984) and Bouchet et al. (1985) SMC, from HyperZ
- HZ5 HYPERZ = Calzetti (astro-ph/9911459), from HyperZ



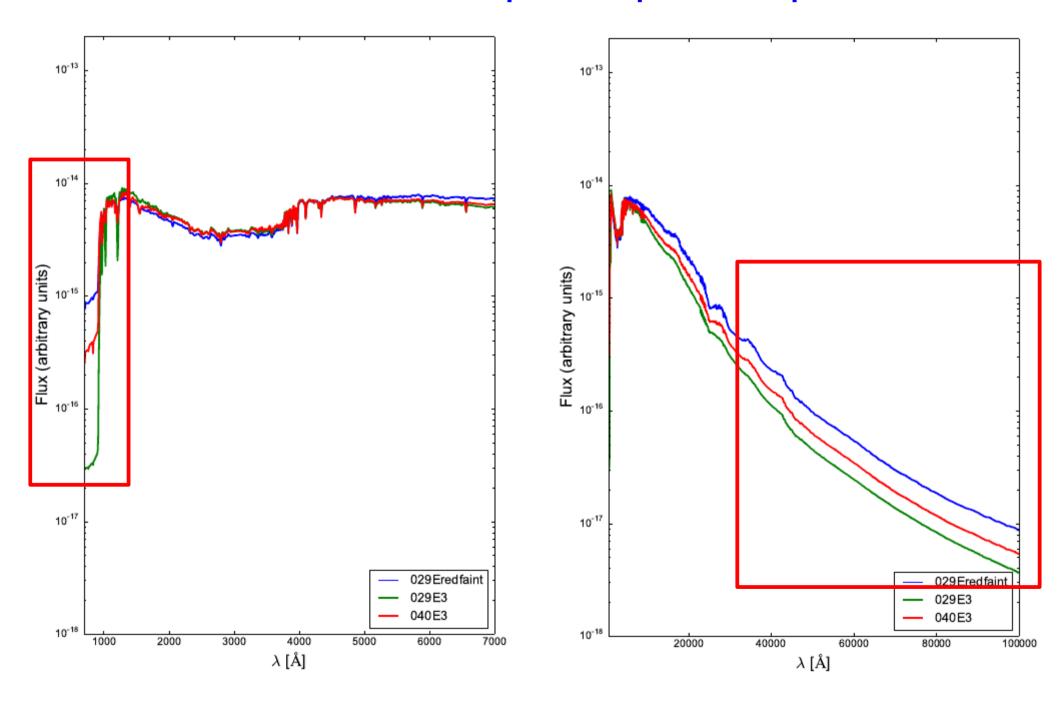
Extrapolation with extinction might be problematic down to ~ 1000 A



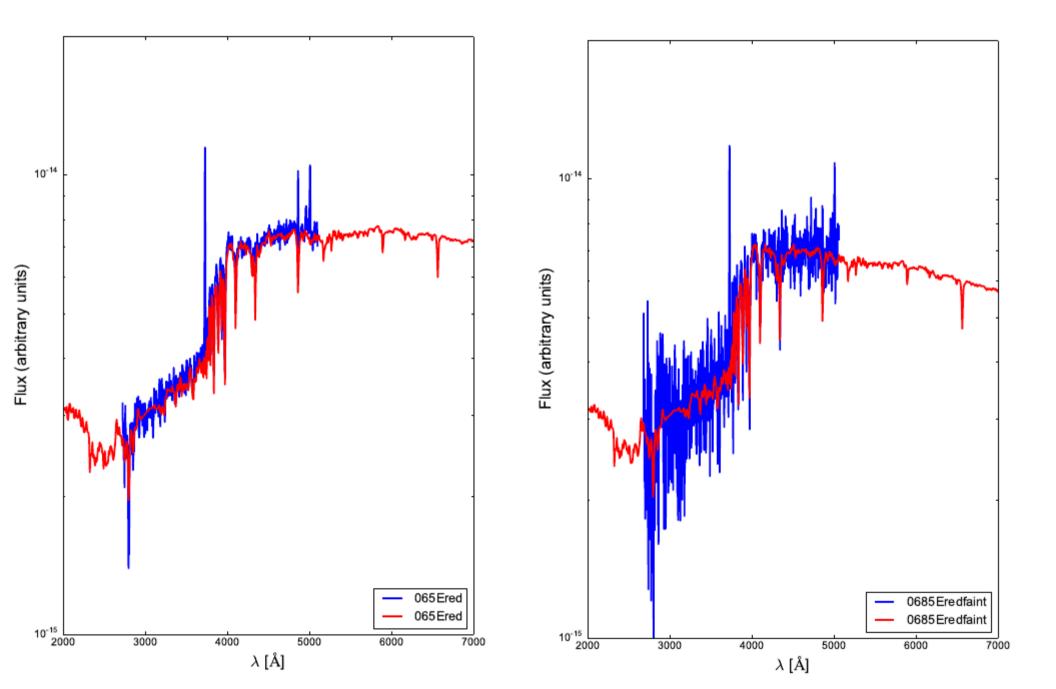
45 stellar population models from Bruzual&Charlot (2003)



Search for similar spectra : spectral shape



Search for similar spectra : Fors2 spectra



Brown illustrative spectra as compared with DirecSim sample

