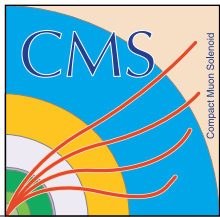


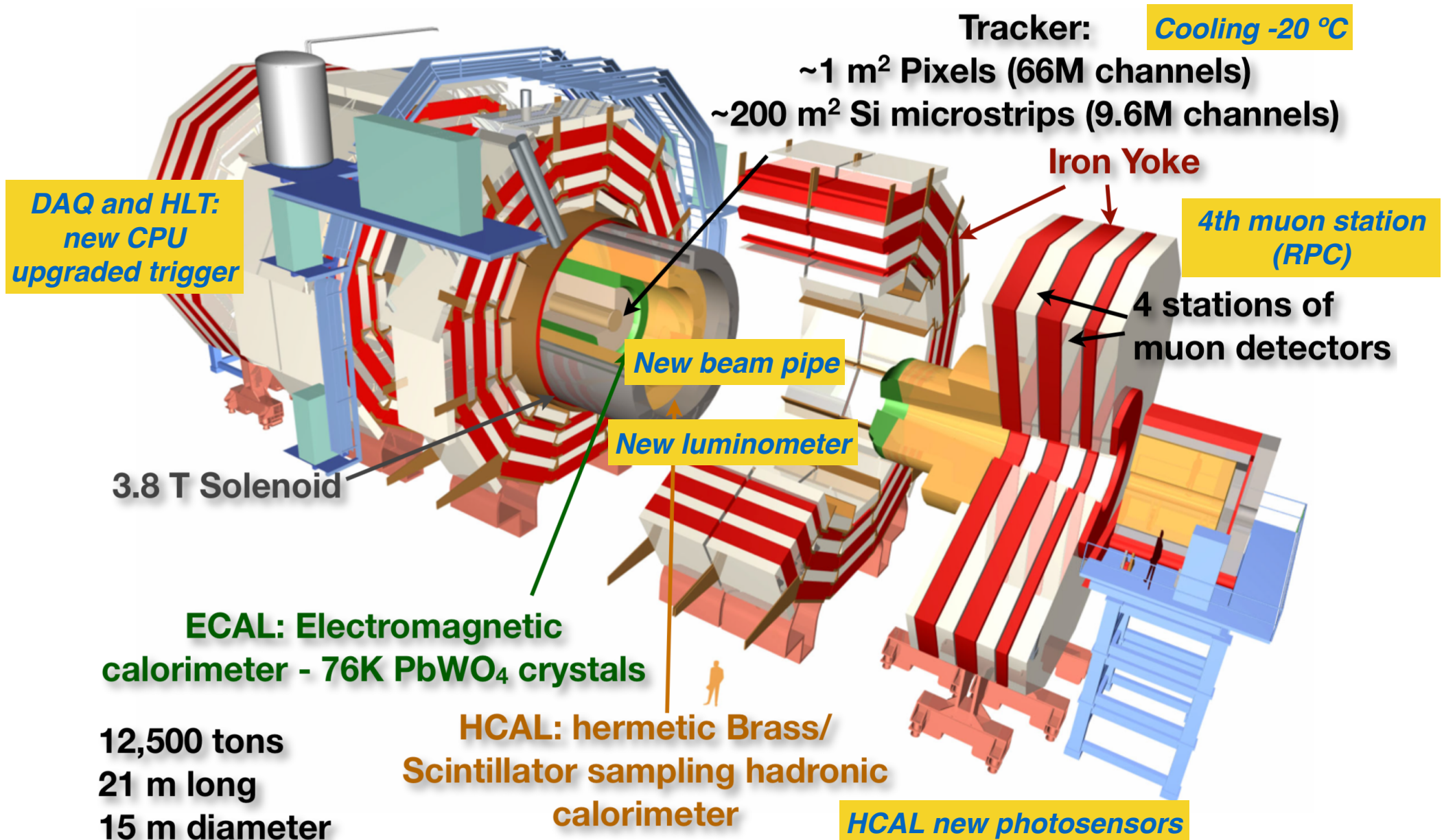
Highlights of CMS 13 TeV results

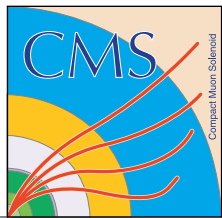
FCPPL workshop - 30/03/2016

Nicolas Chanon for the CMS Collaboration



CMS detector at Run II

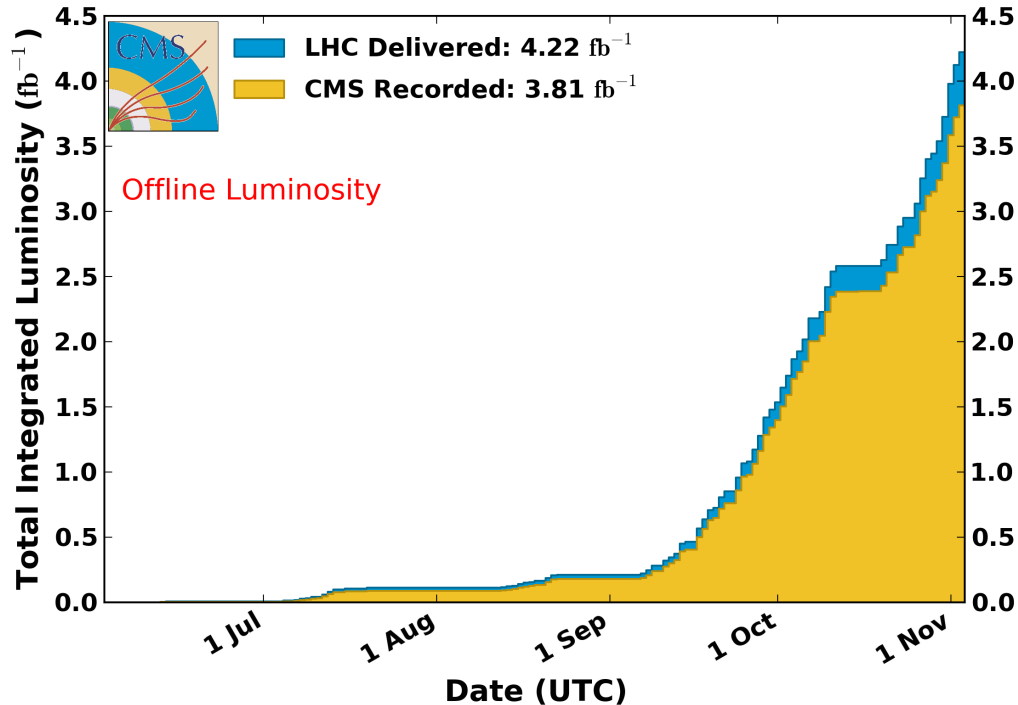




Run II dataset

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2015, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Data included from 2015-06-03 08:41 to 2015-11-03 06:25 UTC



Pb-pb data

- 5.02 TeV/nucleon (collision energy doubled)
- 0.56nb⁻¹ recorded (4x more than in 2011)
- Analyses ongoing

Proton - proton data at 13 TeV

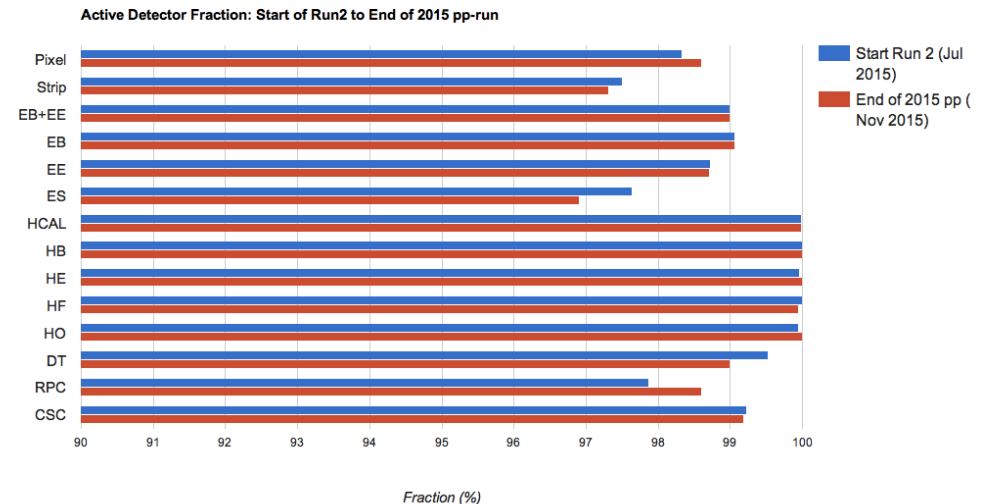
Recorded at 0 T: 1 fb⁻¹

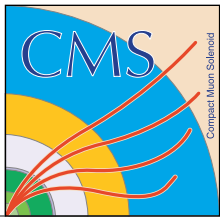
Recorded at 3.8 T : 2.8 fb⁻¹

Data certification, 3.8 T:

- Good for all: 2.2 fb⁻¹
- With $|\eta| < 3$ for jets and mET: 2.6 fb⁻¹
- Good for muons: 2.7 fb⁻¹

Fraction of active channels >97%



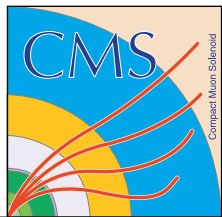


CMS Magnet status

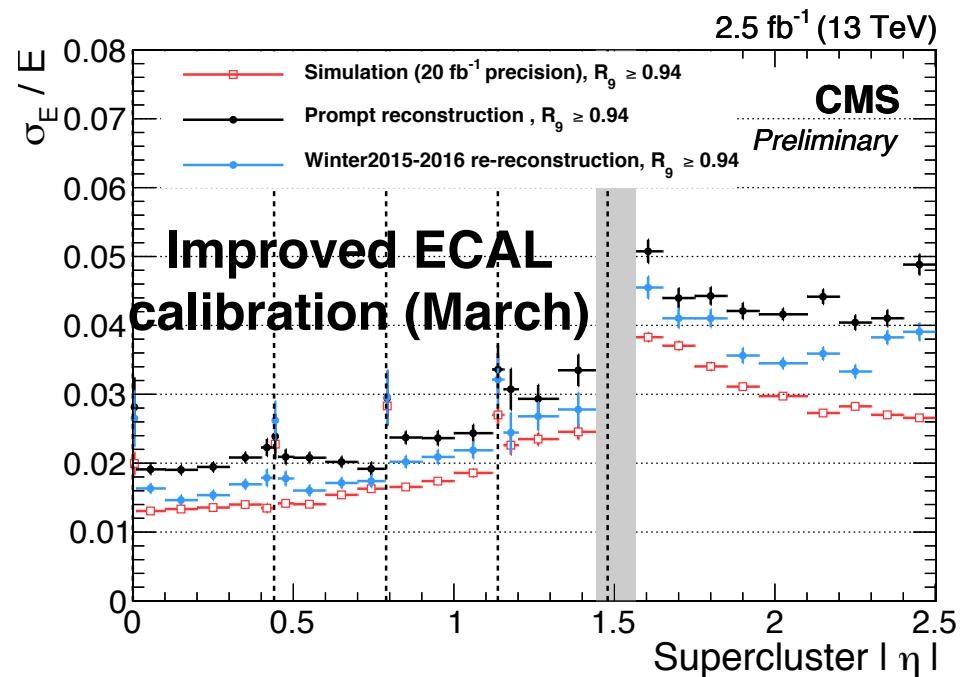
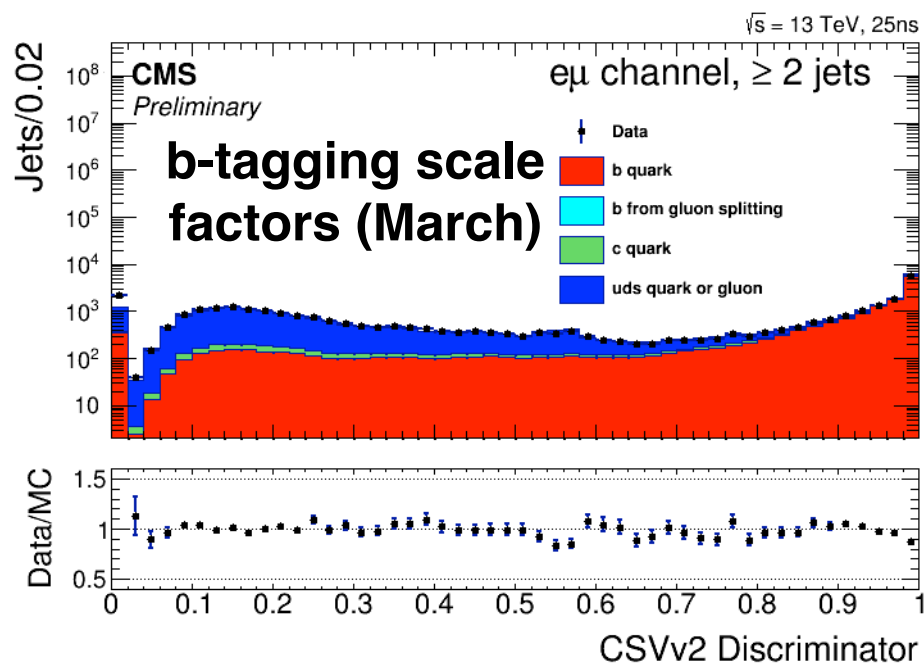
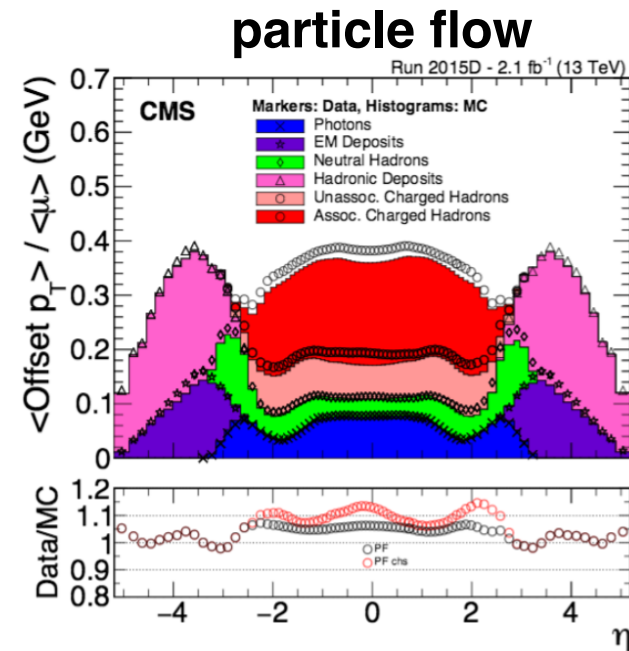
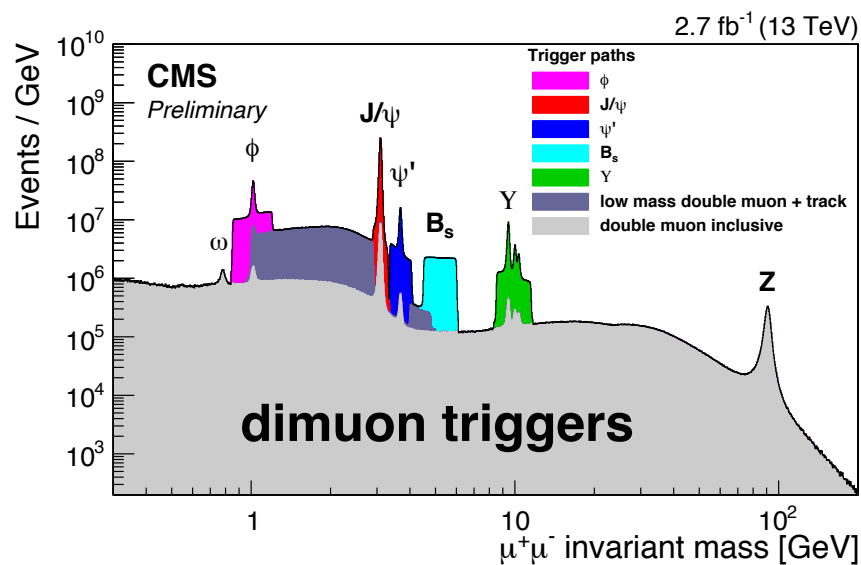
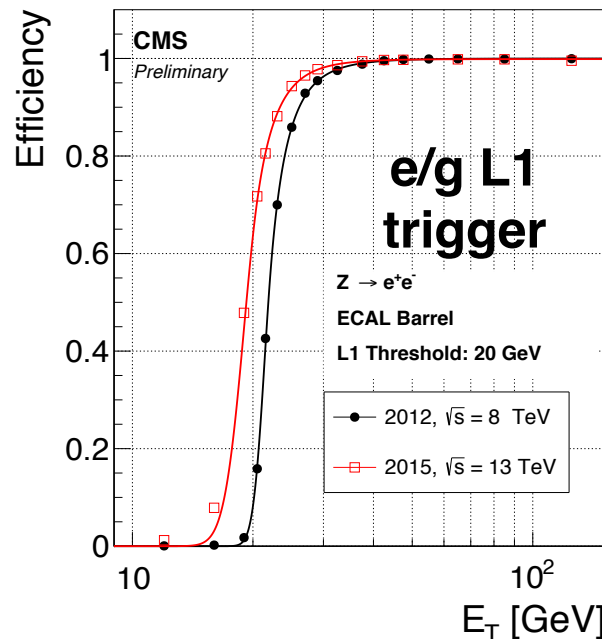
- Before Run II starts it was realised that the performance of the **cryogenic system feeding Liquide He** to the magnet was severely impaired by a **contamination of the Cold box**
- Thanks to efforts from CERN cryogenic and technical departments working with CMS technical coordination, the impact was limited, allowing to **collect ~3/4 of the 2015 delivered luminosity with full magnetic field**

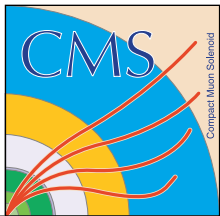
Magnet / cryogenic system revision during YETS 2015-2016:

- **Cold box cleaning** with special solvent was successful
- **370g of compressor oil removed**. All evidence consistent with this being the source of instabilities in 2015.
- Oil filters (surface of compressor hall), old oil removal system and coalescers dismantled
 - All **new components delivered**
 - **Reconnection and testing** procedure is lengthy and must be done rigorously before connecting to new He transfer line leading underground the cold box
 - Estimate **“magnet ready” in week of 25 April**

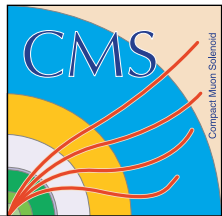


Reconstruction in a nutshell





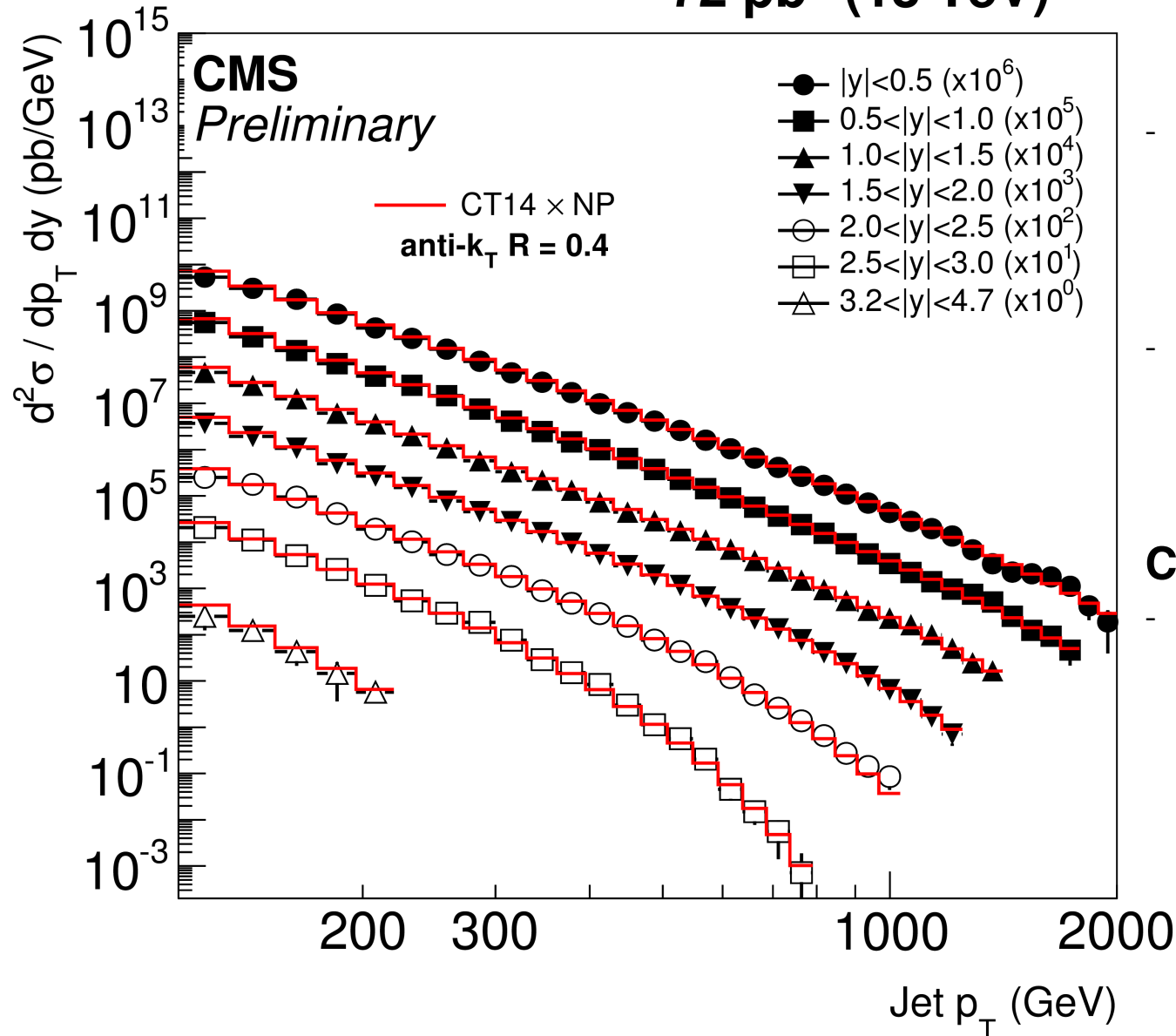
Standard model measurements at 13 TeV



Standard model QCD Jets production

SMP-15-007

72 pb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



- Measurement with prescaled high level triggers as low as p_T > 60 GeV

- Jet energy scale uncertainty 1-2% (central region) to 8% (forward region)

Comparison with theory

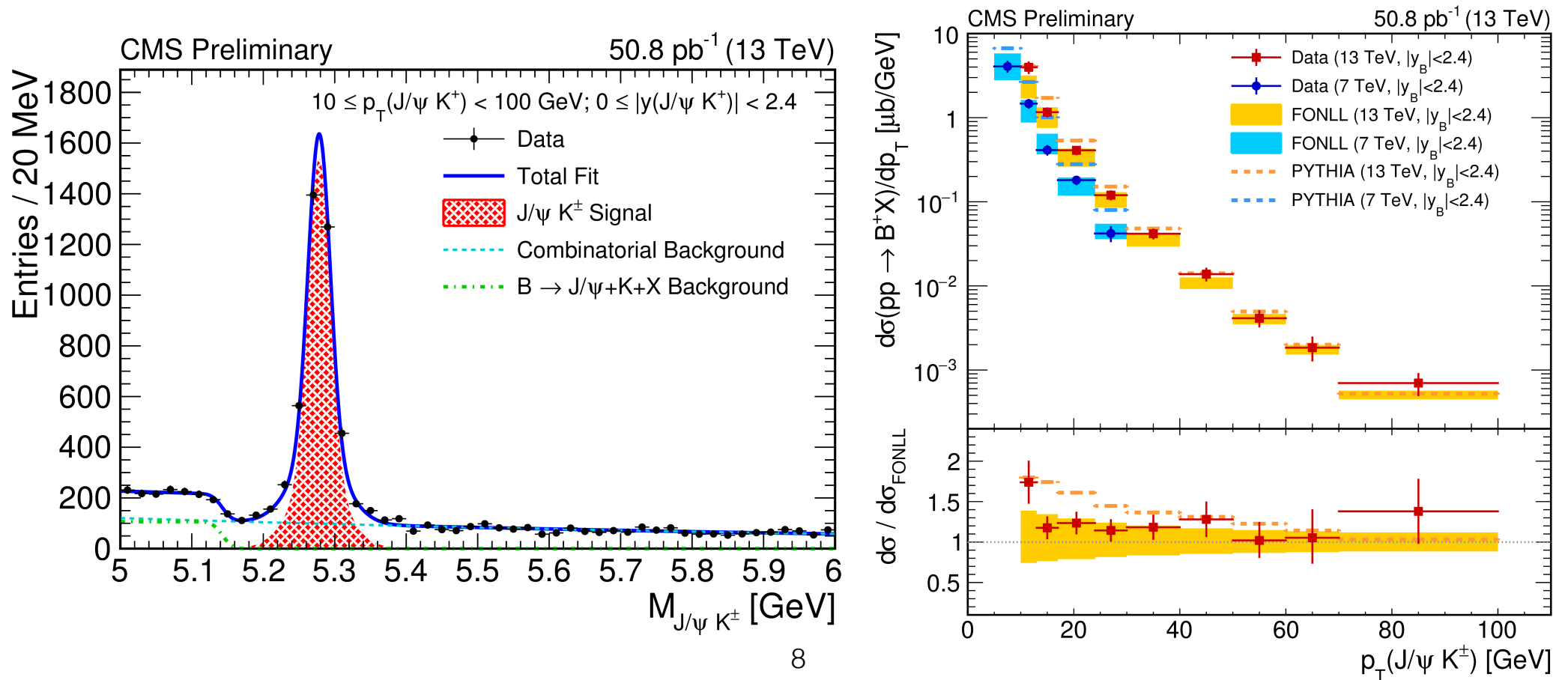
- Good agreement with NLO predictions corrected with non-perturbative correction (some tension at high rapidity)



B-hadron production

BPH-16-003

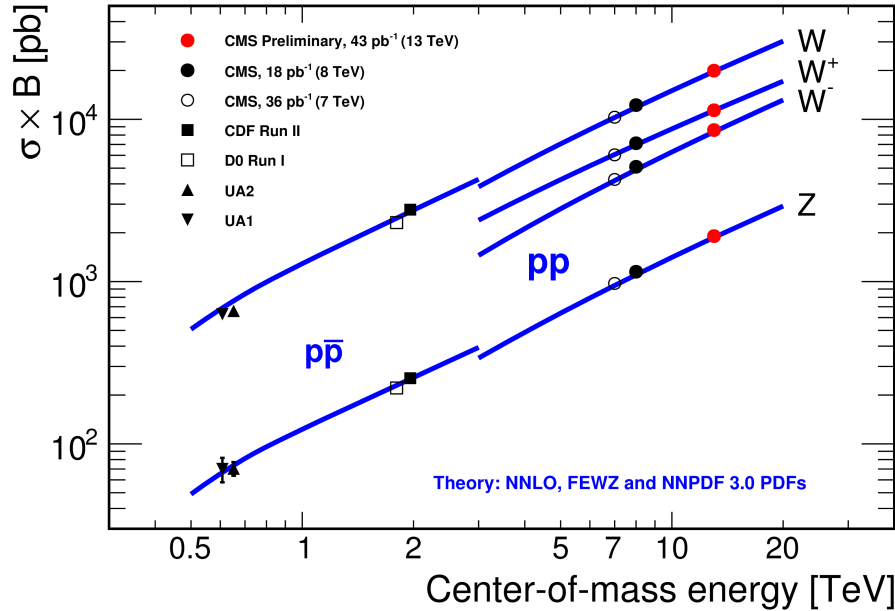
- Cross section of $\mathbf{B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+}$ (with $\mathbf{J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu}$) vs p_T and η compared to FONLL predictions and 7 TeV CMS data
- Good agreement with theory up to 100 GeV





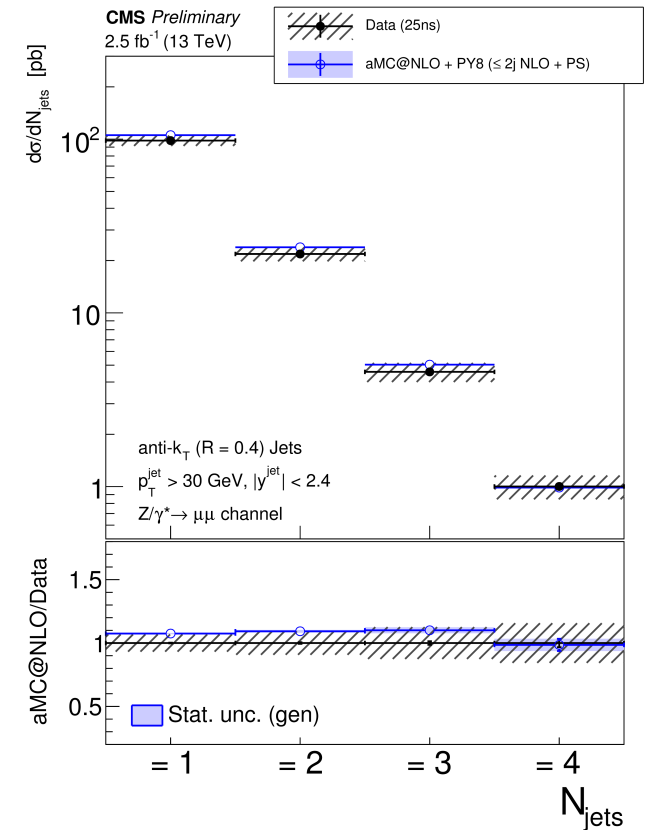
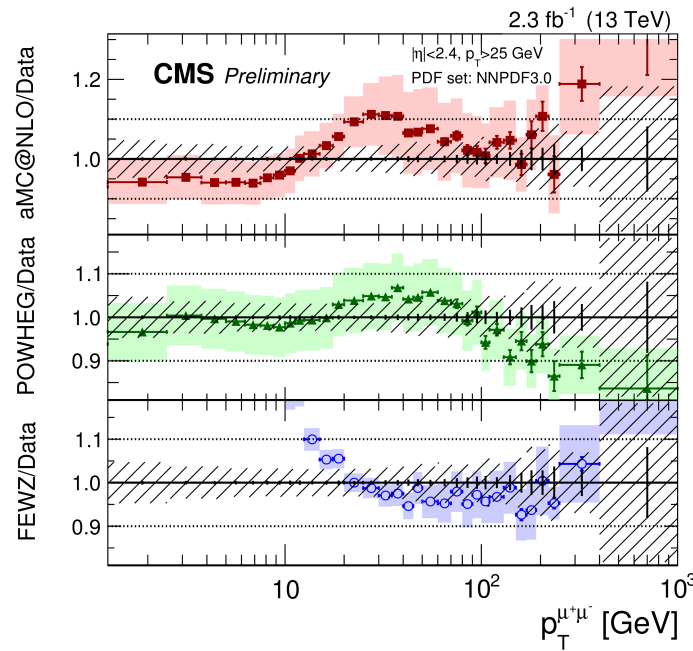
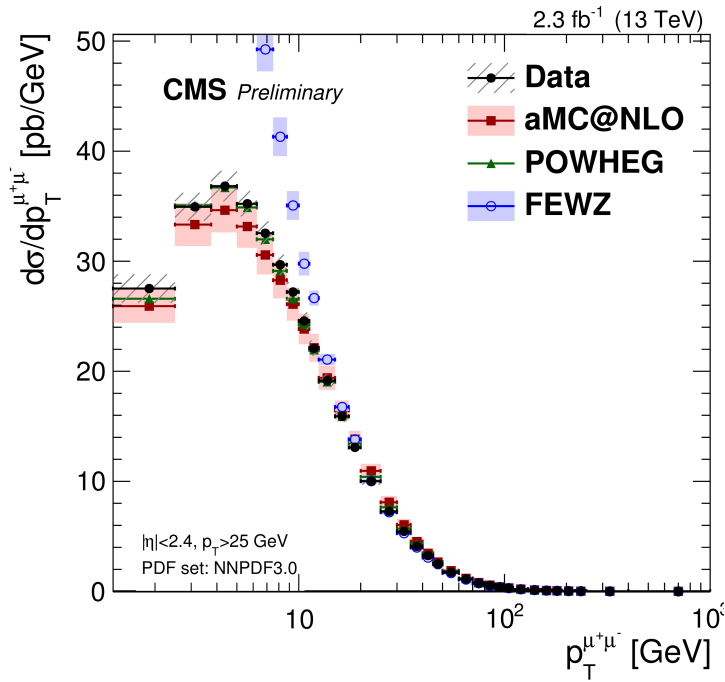
Standard model W and Z bosons

SMP-15-004, SMP-15-010, SMP-15-011



Measure QCD Z and W production

- Inclusively
- Z+jets differential in p_T, rapidity and jets
- Overall good agreement with NLO predictions (aMC@NLO, POWHEG)





Standard model WZ and ZZ production

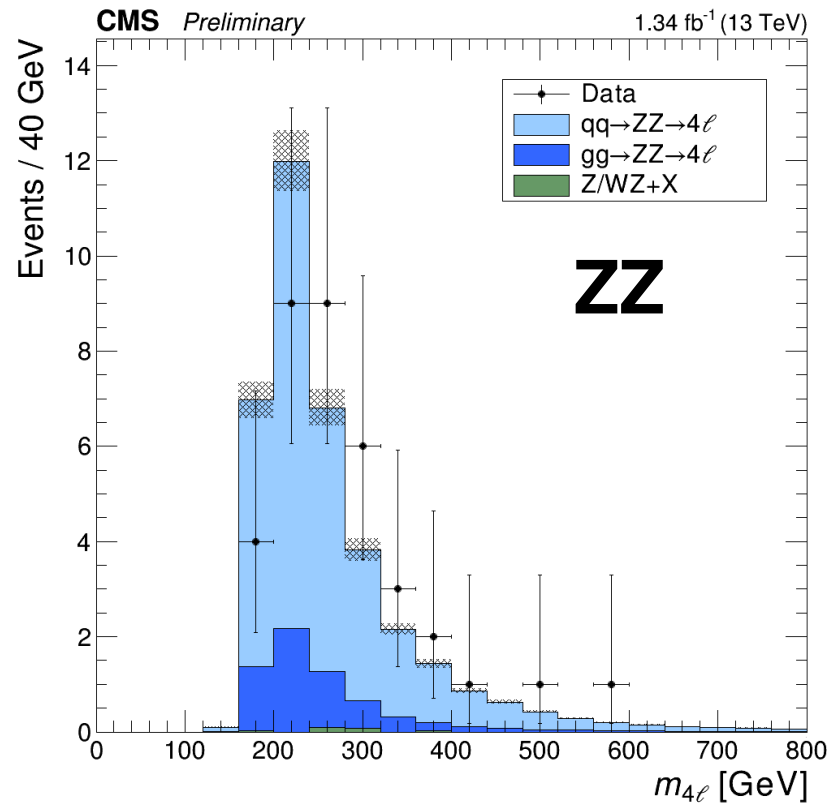
SMP-15-005, SMP-15-006

Re-establish QCD diboson production (background to Higgs boson searches)

$$ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow ZZ) = 16.7^{+2.9}_{-2.6} (\text{stat})^{+0.7}_{-0.5} (\text{syst}) \pm 0.3 (\text{theo}) \pm 0.8 (\text{lum}) \text{ pb}$$

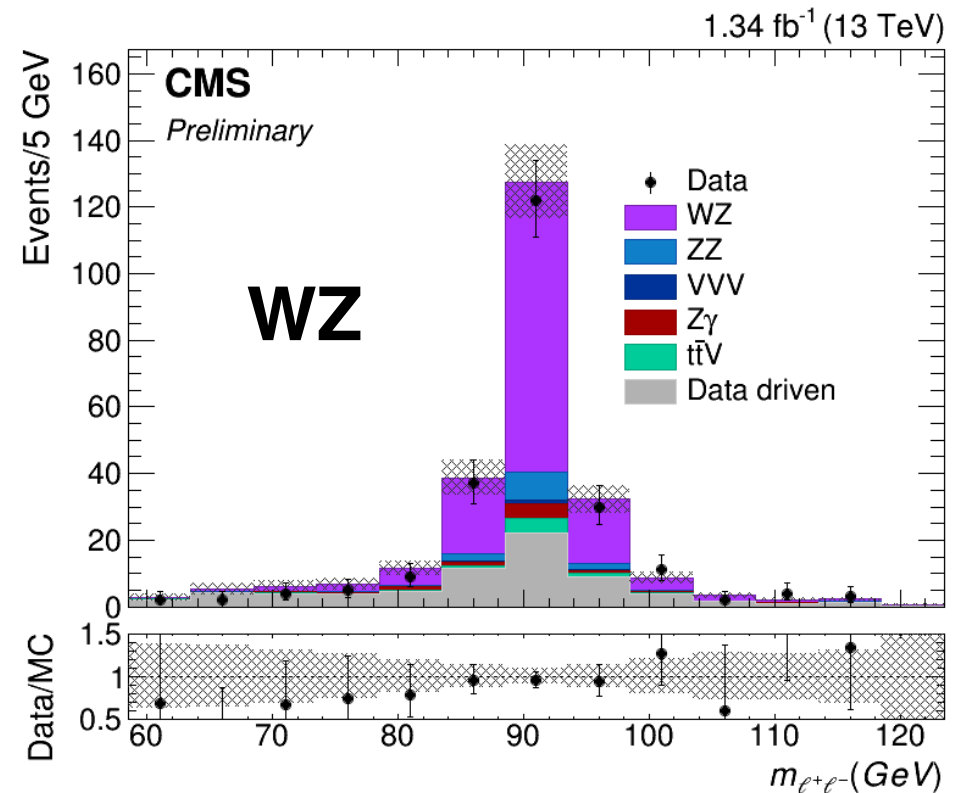
$$\text{Predictions } 16.5^{+0.7}_{-0.5} \text{ pb}$$



$$WZ \rightarrow 3\ell\nu$$

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow WZ) = 36.8 \pm 4.6 (\text{stat})^{+8.1}_{-6.2} (\text{syst}) \pm 0.6 (\text{theo}) \pm 1.7 (\text{lum}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\text{Predictions } 42.7^{+1.6}_{-0.8} \text{ pb}$$

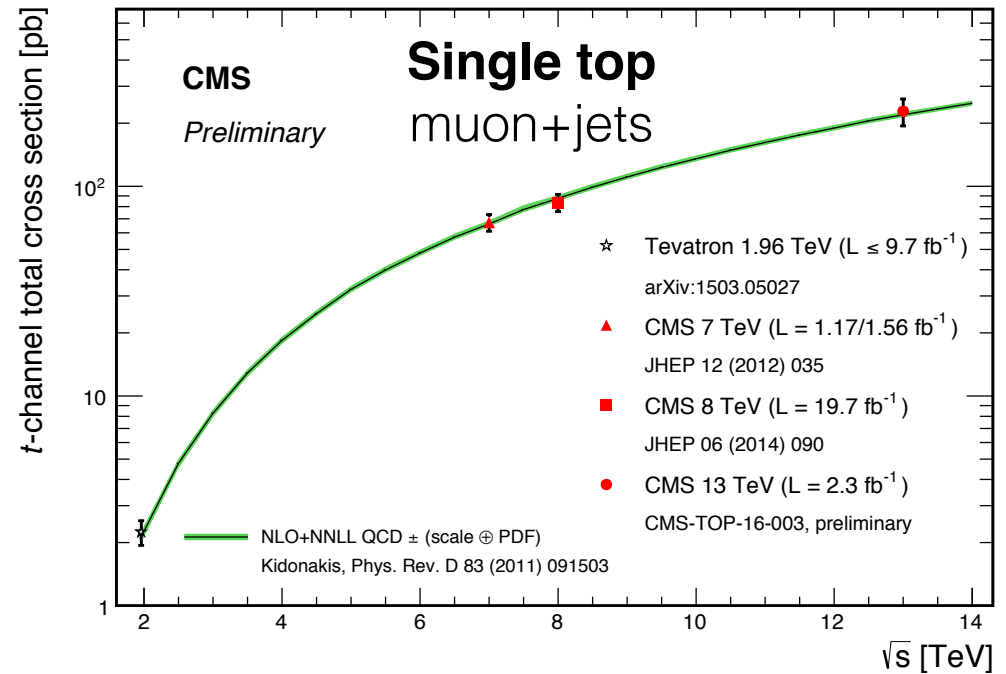
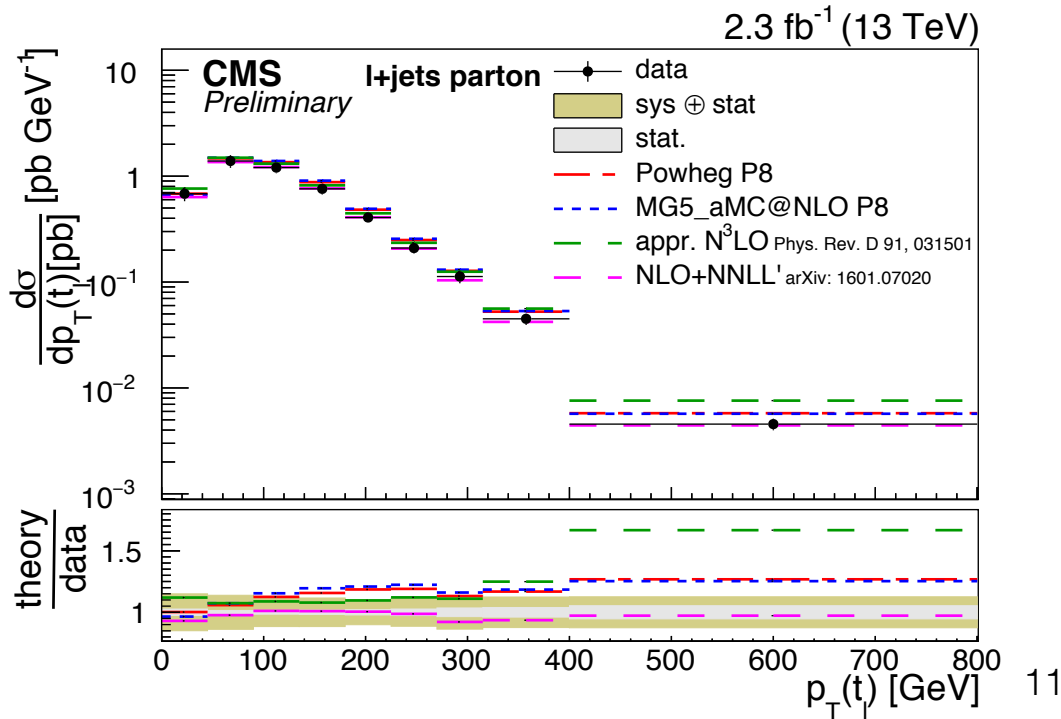
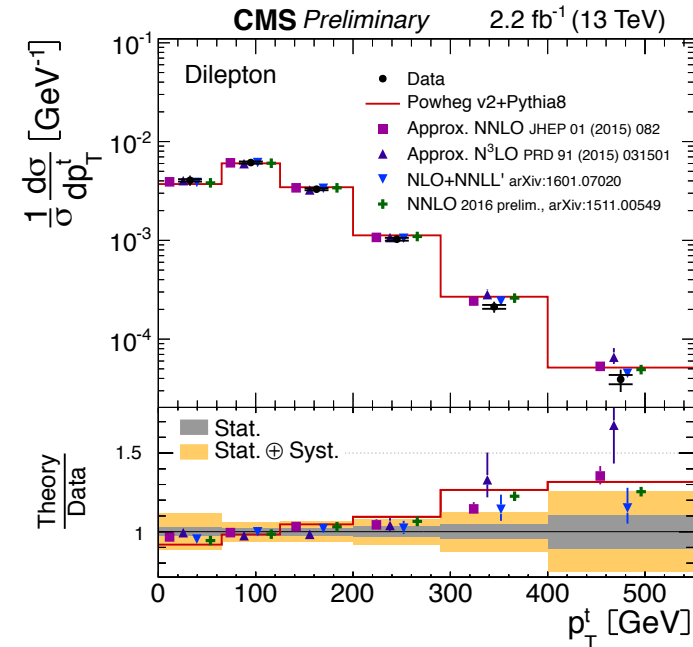


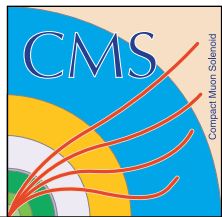


ttbar and single top cross section

TOP-16-008, TOP-16-011, TOP-16-003

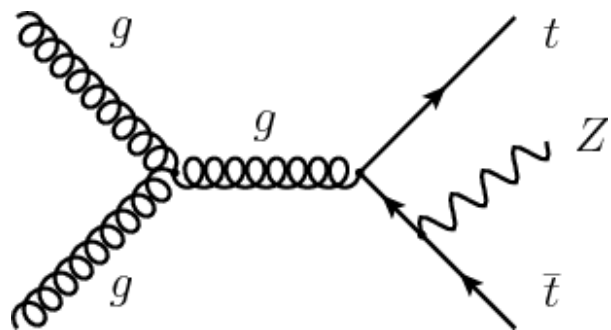
- **TTbar Cross section increase** (13 TeV relative to 8TeV) : **x3.3**
- TTbar **differential cross section** measured in lepton+jets and dilepton channels
- **Single top**: t-channel is dominant at the LHC (s-channel and tW amount to 20% of single top)





ttbar+Z production

TOP-16-009



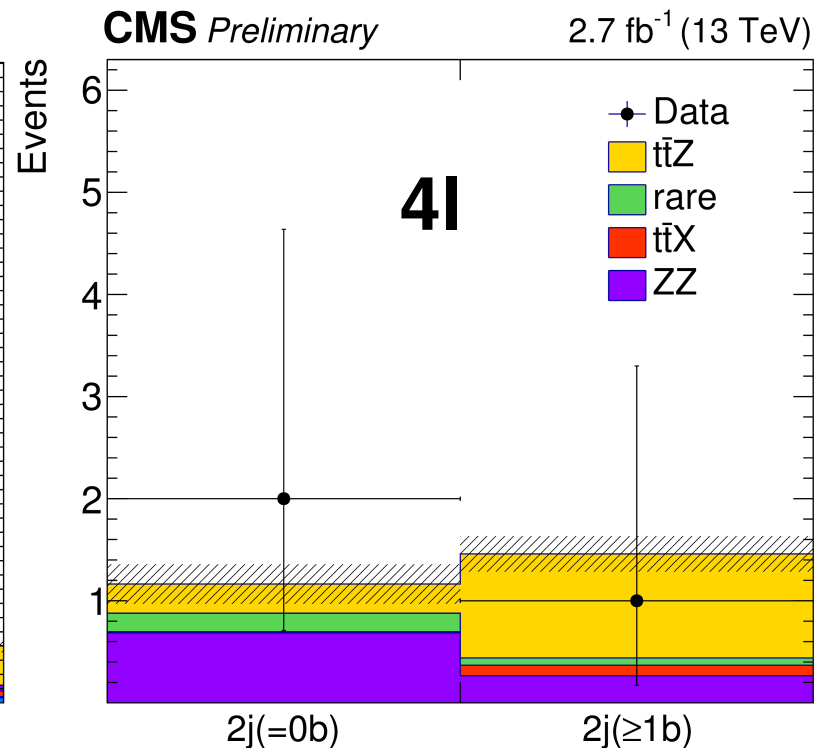
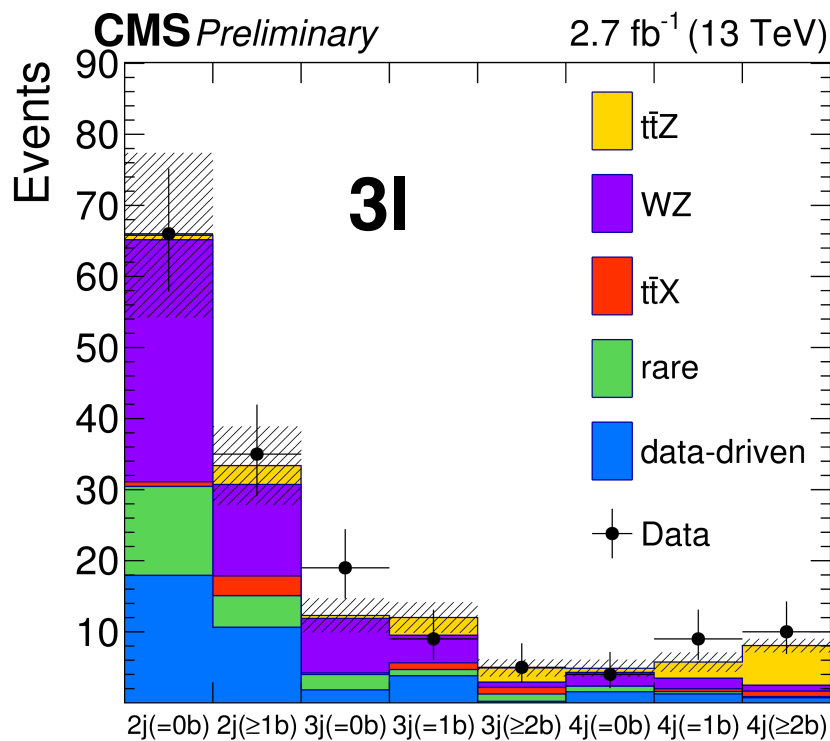
- Background to ttH multi lepton searches
- At 13 TeV, **cross section x4** relative to 8 TeV
- Analysis counting events classified by jets/b-jets multiplicity, in 3l and 4l final state

Observation $\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z) = 1065^{+352}_{-313}(\text{stat.})^{+168}_{-142}(\text{sys.}) \text{ fb}$

NLO predictions $\sigma(t\bar{t}Z) = 839.3^{+80}_{-92}(\text{scale})^{+25}_{-25}(\text{pdf})^{+25}_{-25}(\alpha_s) \text{ fb}$

Channel	Expected significance	Observed significance
3l analysis	2.9	3.5
4l analysis	1.2	0.9
3l and 4l combined	3.1	3.6

Observation at 13 TeV
(was discovered at 8 TeV)

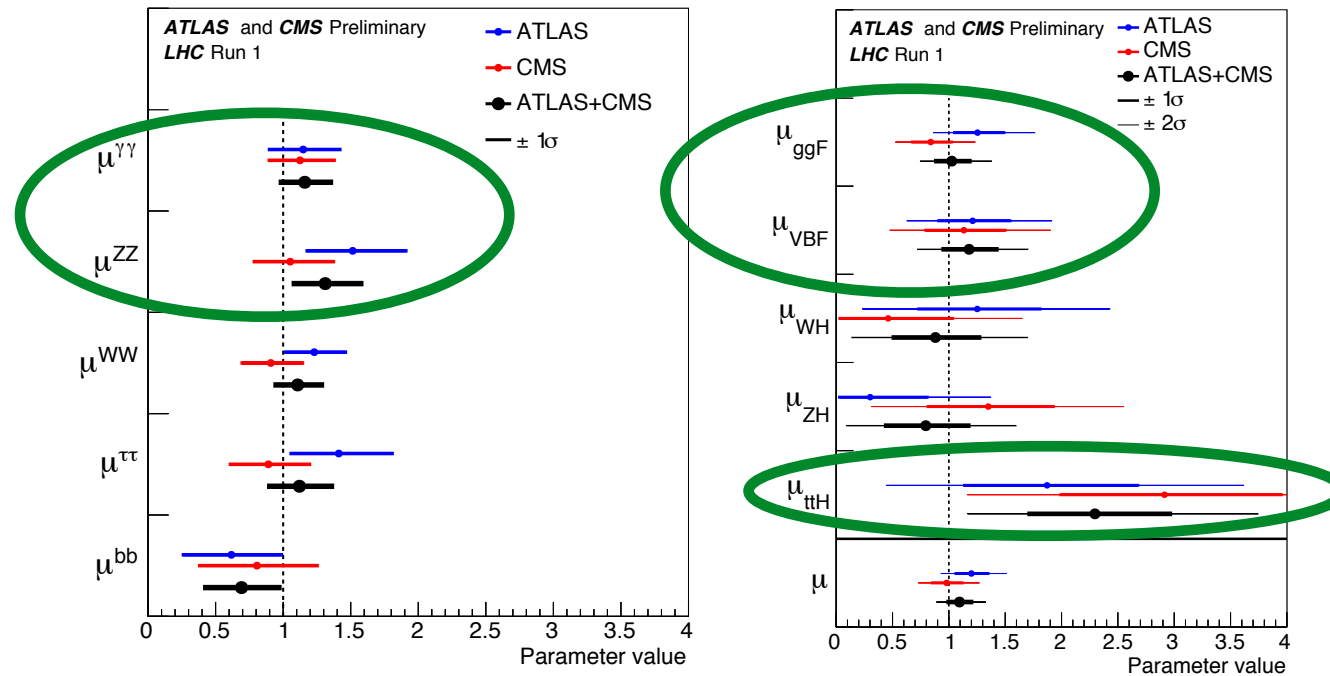


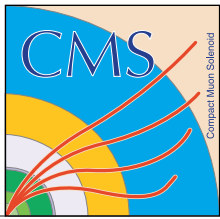


Higgs boson physics at 13 TeV

Summary of Run I Higgs couplings

SM channels
investigated with
2015 data





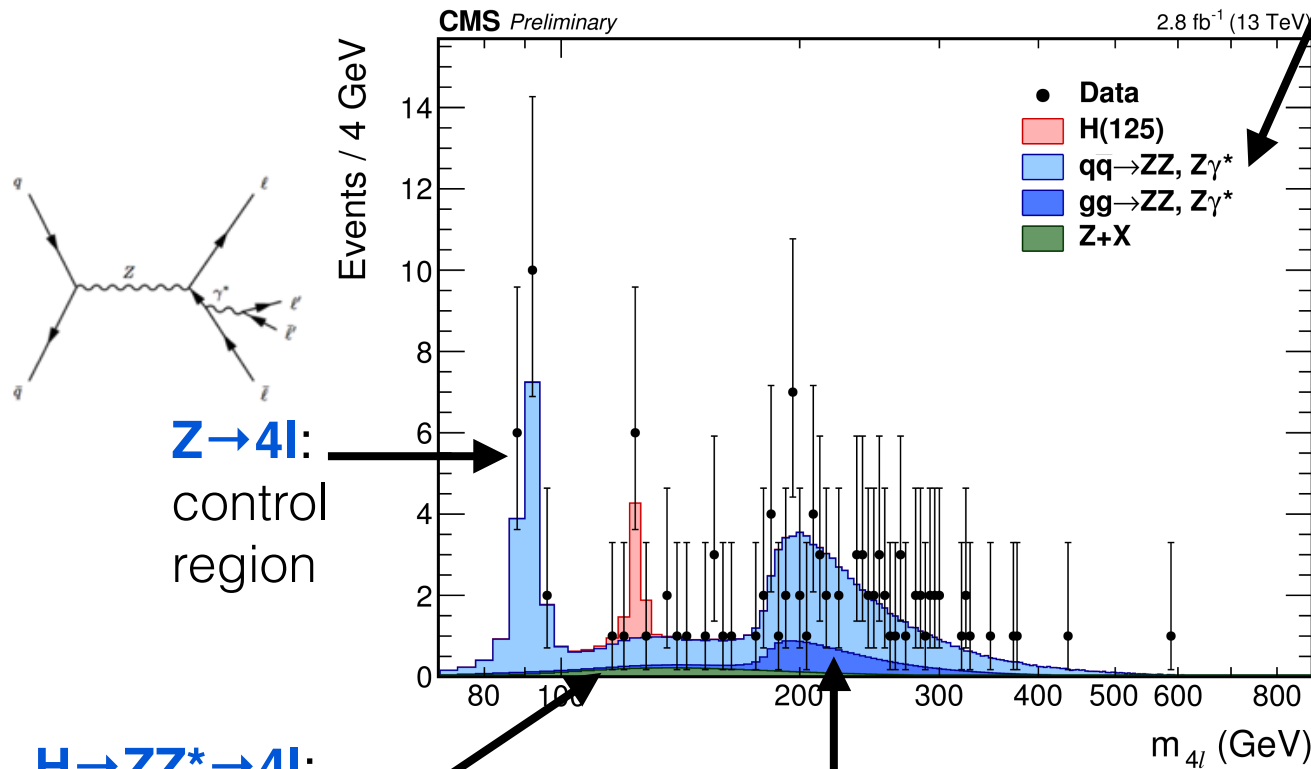
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

HIG-15-004

Signature: $4e, 2e2\mu, 4\mu$

- Need **momentum** as **low** as $p_T > 7$ GeV (electrons) and $p_T > 5$ GeV (muons) to not lose too much efficiency missing the 4th lepton

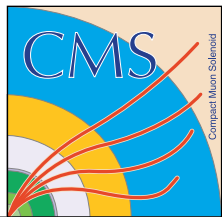
Main backgrounds: ZZ continuum, Z+jets, ttbar



$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$:

- Very good $s/b \sim 2$
- 2D analysis

$ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ region: was used to constrain Higgs boson width (Run I)



$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

HIG-15-004

Analysis:

- Untagged: Kinematic discriminant, Matrix element based, trained against non-resonant background
- VBF: Fischer discriminant using jet information, trained against gluon fusion signal

- $\mu = 0.82^{+0.57}_{-0.43}$ at 125.09 GeV

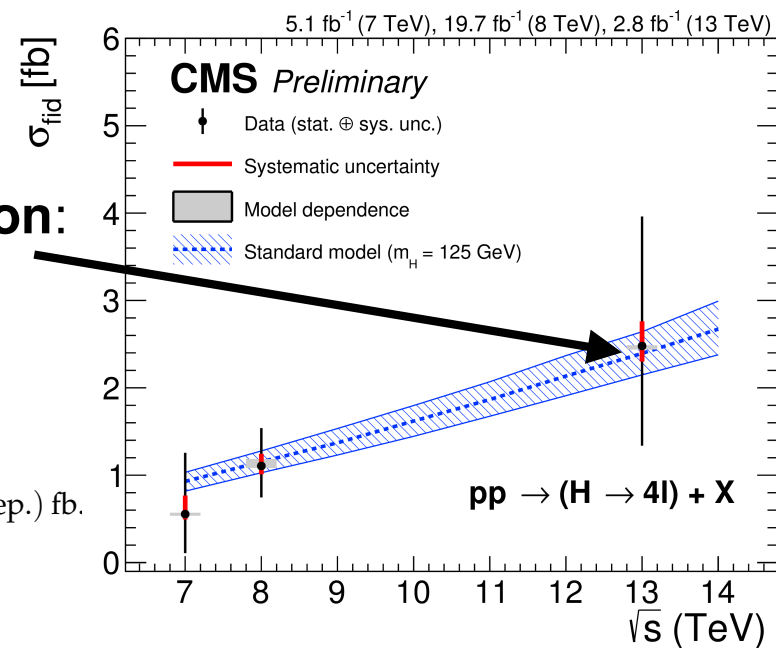
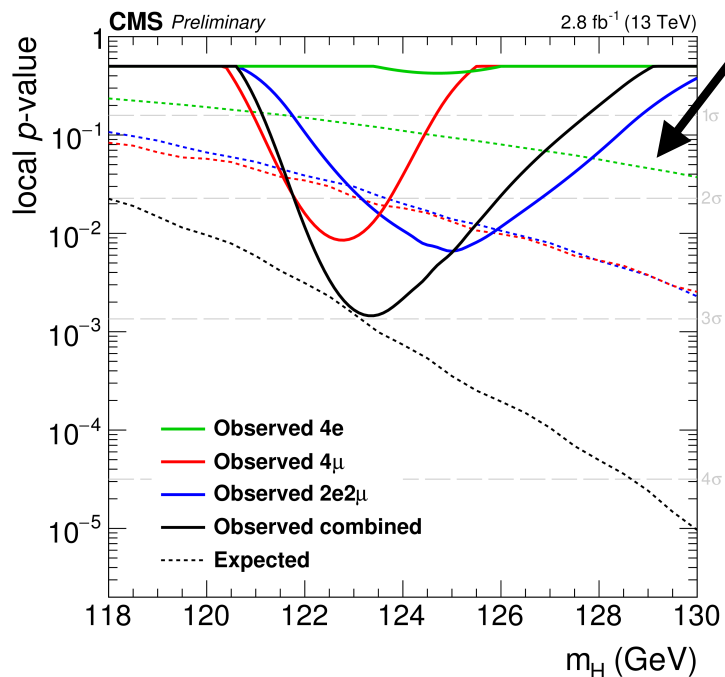
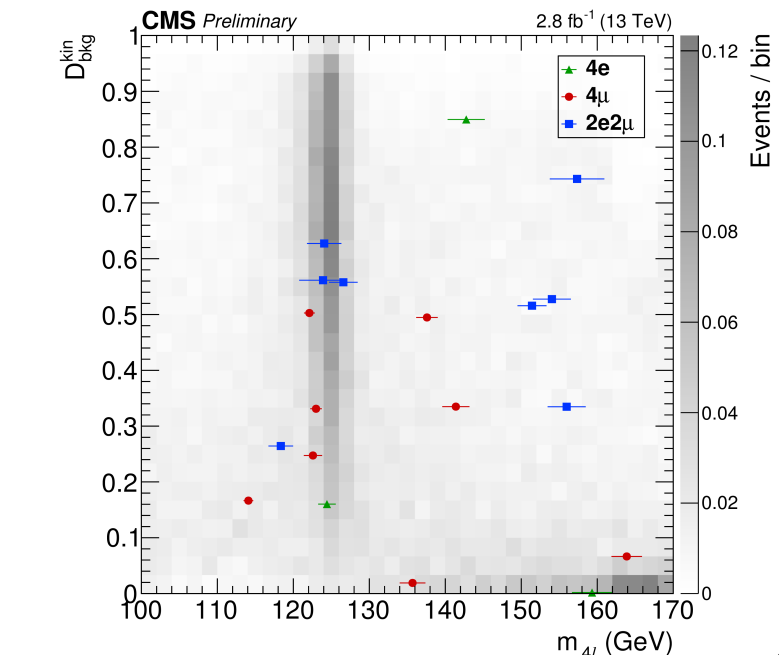
2.5 σ obs (3.4 σ expected)

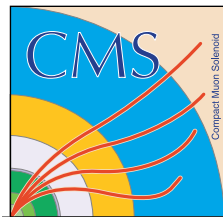
- Best fit mass $123.4^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$ GeV: agreement within 1.6 σ with Run I LHC measurement

Fiducial cross section:

- Correct yield in a fiducial region for detector effects

$$\sigma_{\text{fid.}} = 2.48^{+1.48}_{-1.14}(\text{stat.} \oplus \text{sys.})^{+0.01}_{-0.04}(\text{model dep.}) \text{ fb.}$$

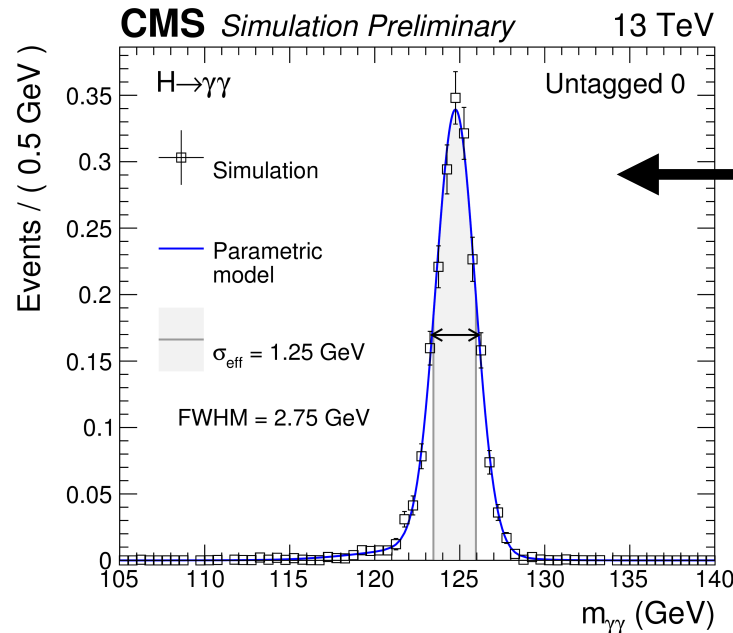




H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ analysis

HIG-15-005

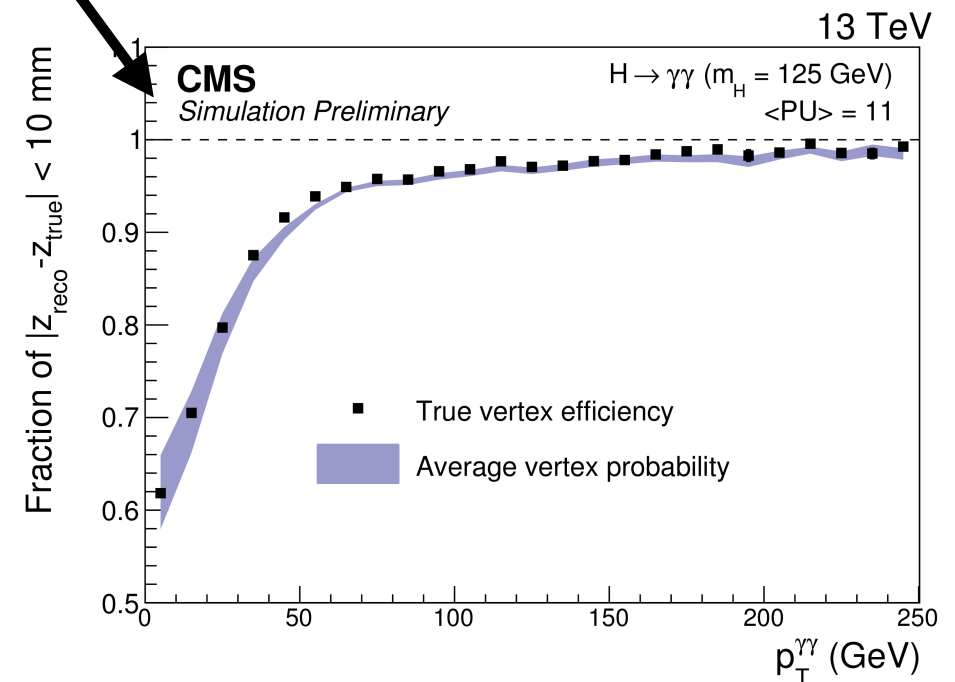
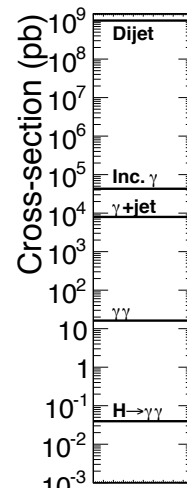
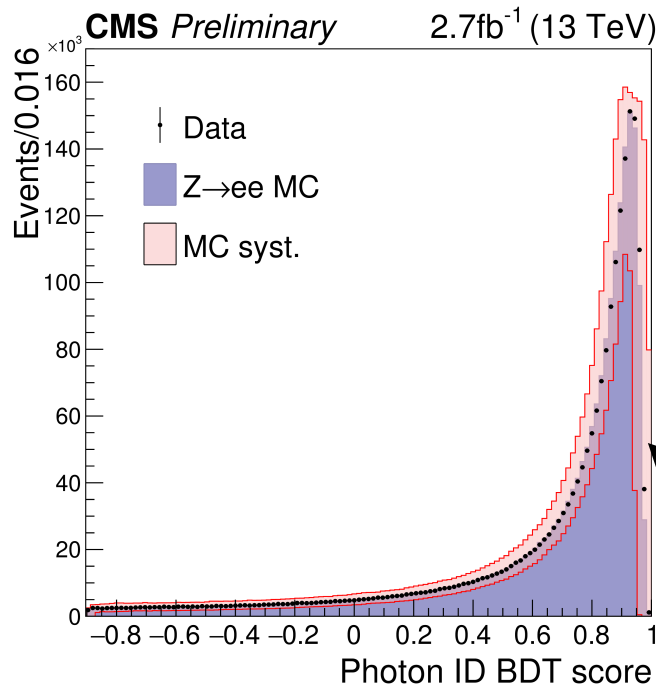
See talk from Camilo Carrillo later this afternoon



- Look for **small signal peak (BR~0.2%) over large background**

- **Photon energy resolution** 1-2 GeV depending on categories: calibration is crucial

- **Vertex finding** among pileup vertices helps improving identification and resolution



- **Photon identification:** reject jets faking photons with shower shape and isolation using BDT

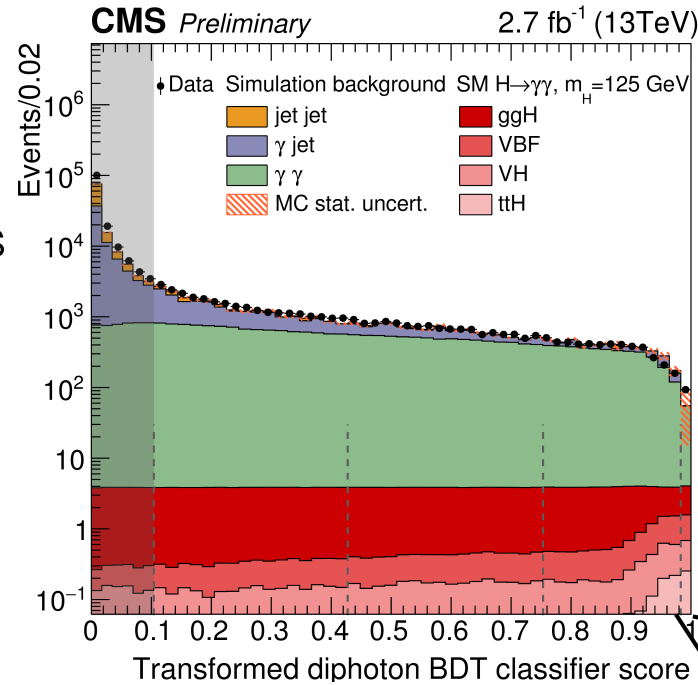
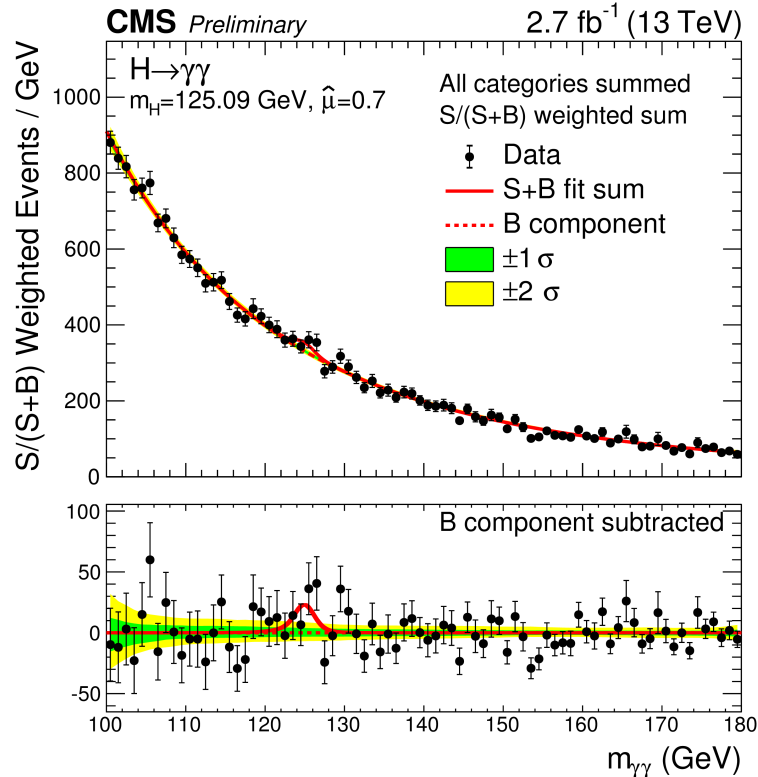


H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ results

HIG-15-005

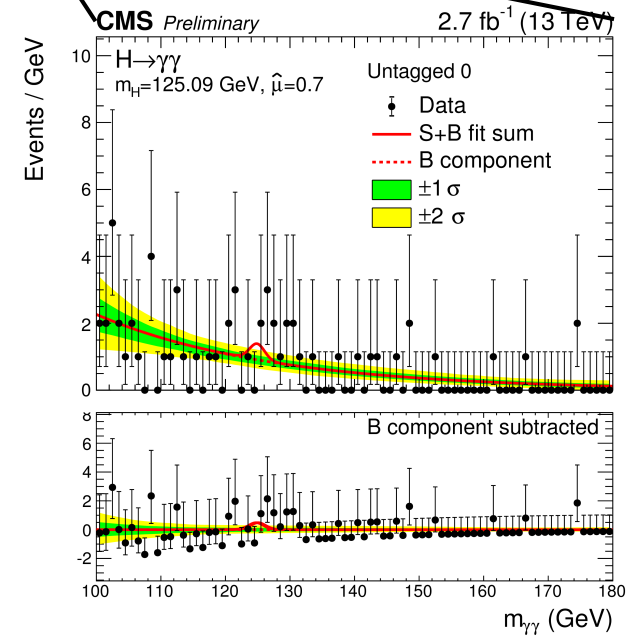
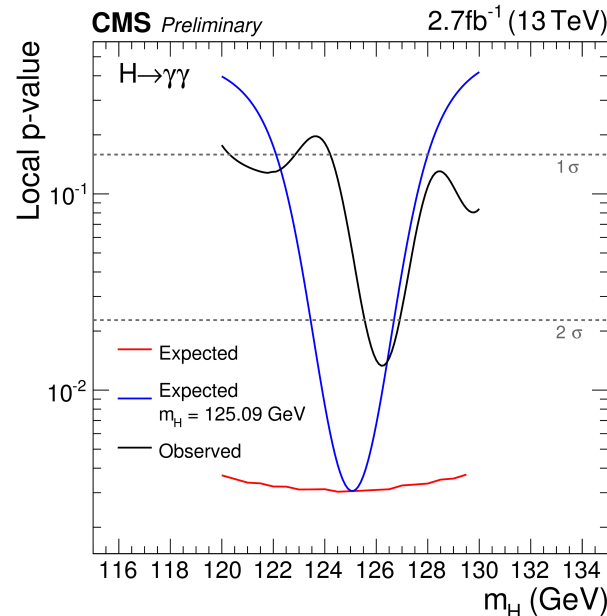
Sensitivity from mass fit

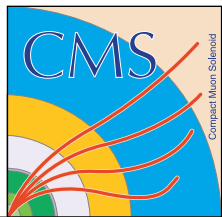
- Untagged, VBF, ttH categories
- $\mu=0.7^{+0.47}_{-0.42}$ at 125.09 GeV
- **1.7 σ obs** (2.7 σ expected)



Categories with Diphoton BDT:

- Mass independant
- Kinematics, vertexing, PhotonId output, energy resolution variables

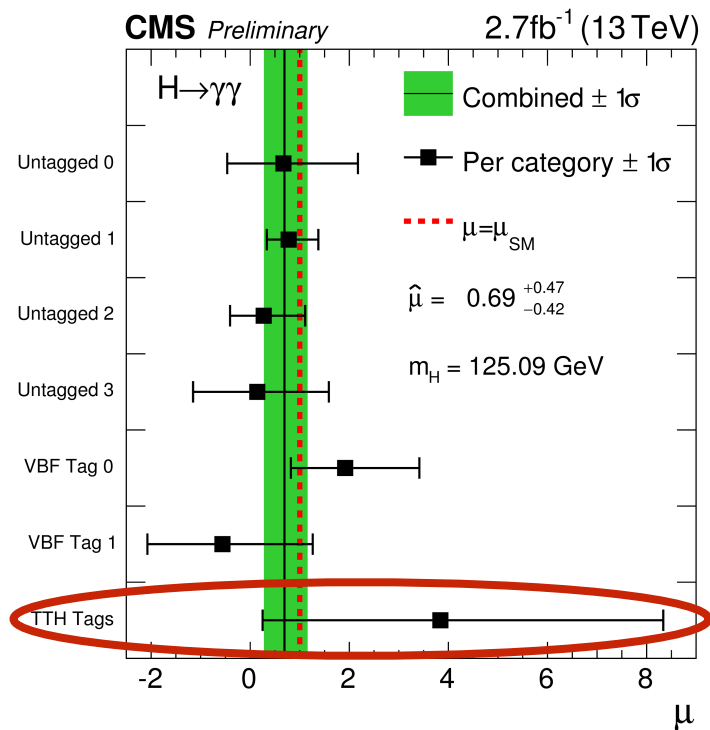
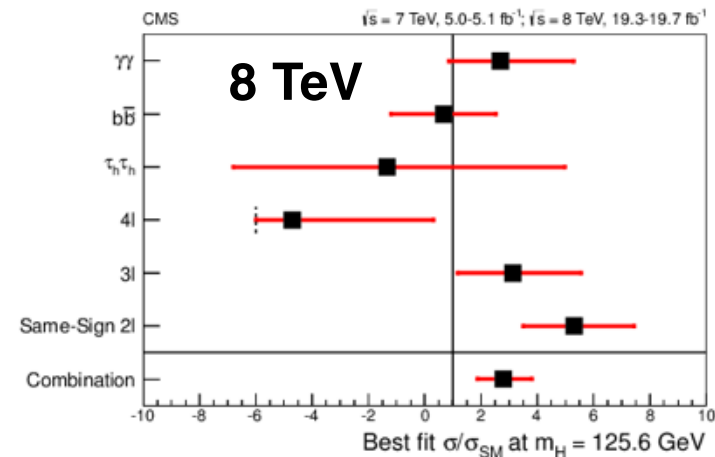




$ttH, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ HIG-15-005

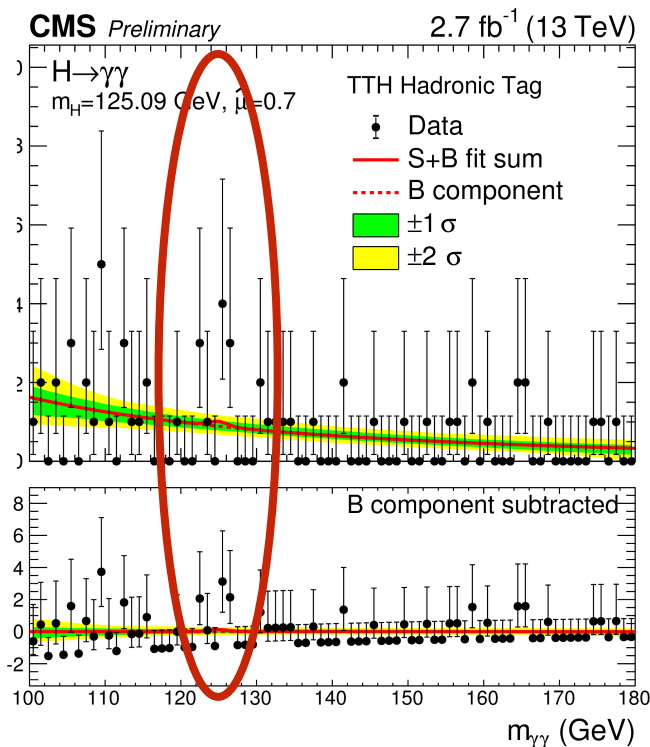
2 ttH categories: hadronic and leptonic

- Tighten photon p_T/m requirement (ttH harder than ggh)
- Control region with inverted photonId

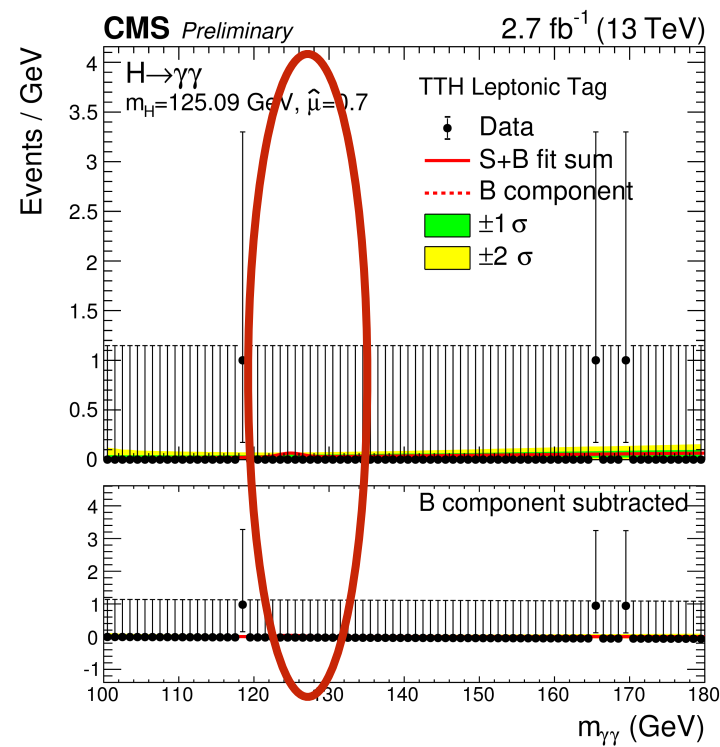


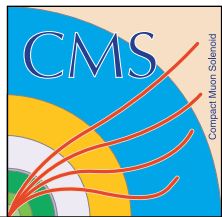
ttH hadronic/leptonic
 combined: $\mu = 3.8^{+4.5}_{-3.6}$

ttH hadronic tag: 0
 lepton, ≥ 5 jets, ≥ 1 b-tag



ttH leptonic tag: ≥ 1
 lepton, ≥ 2 jets, ≥ 1 b-tag





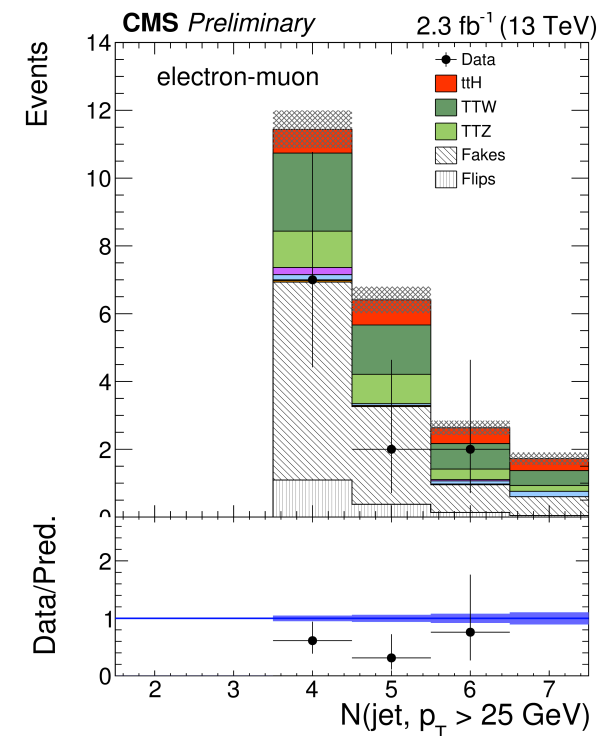
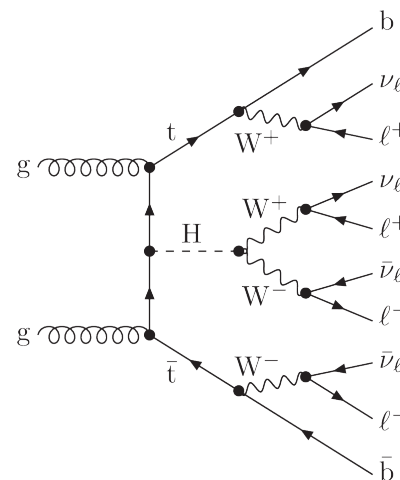
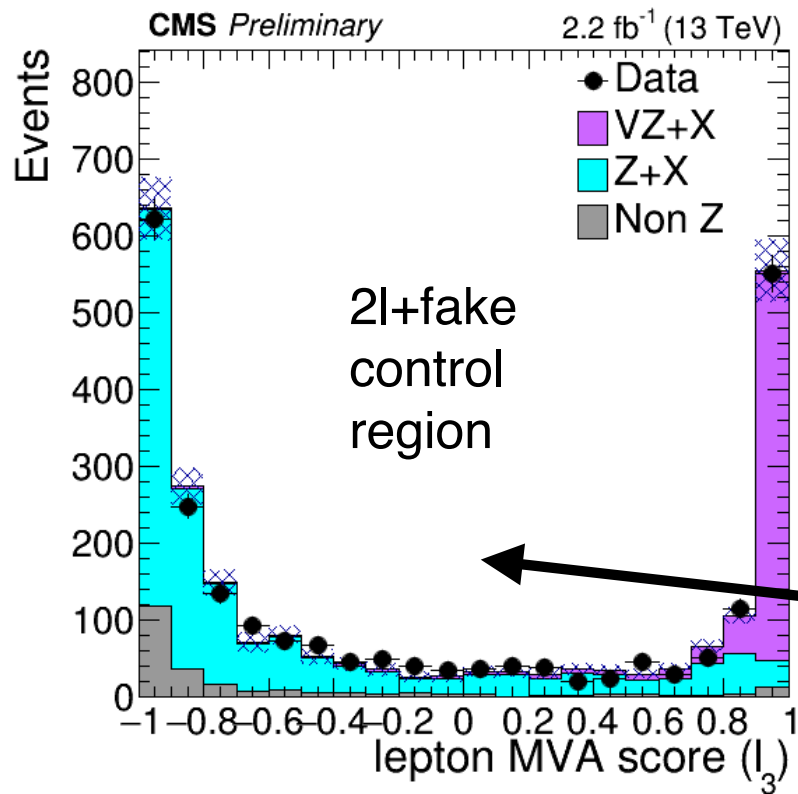
ttH multilepton

HIG-15-008

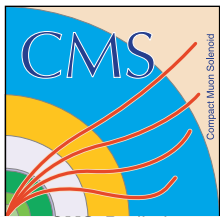
Collaboration IPHC - PKU:
Jing Li (PhD student)

Analysis targeting 2 lepton same-sign (2lss) and ≥ 3 leptons (3l)

- **Same sign:** ≥ 4 jets, ≥ 1 b-tag
- **3 leptons:** ≥ 2 jets, ≥ 1 b-tag
- **Backgrounds:** tt+W/Z, tt+jets (same-sign required to reduce Drell-Yan and ttZ)
- Background normalisation from control region: loosened identification (fakes), Z to H (mis-charge)

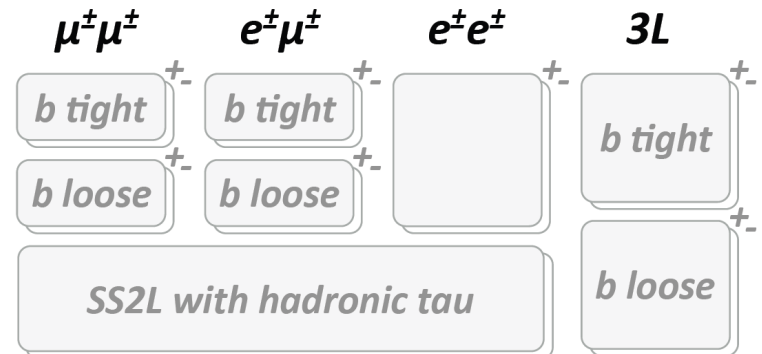
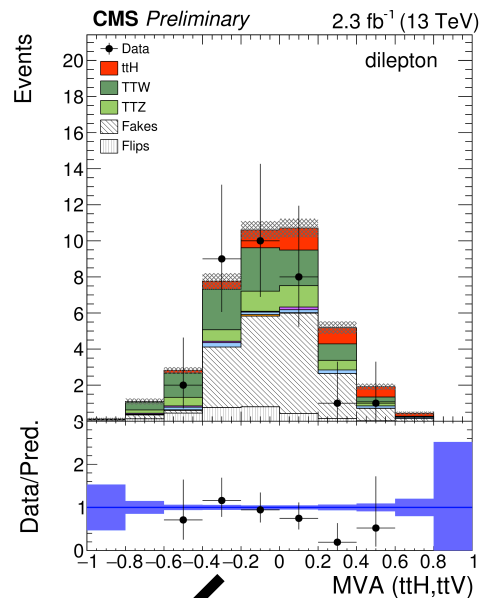
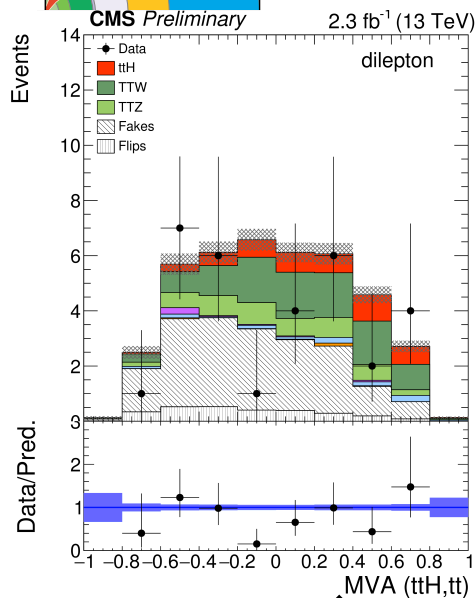


- **Lepton identification** with a BDT using shape, isolation and overlapping jet information



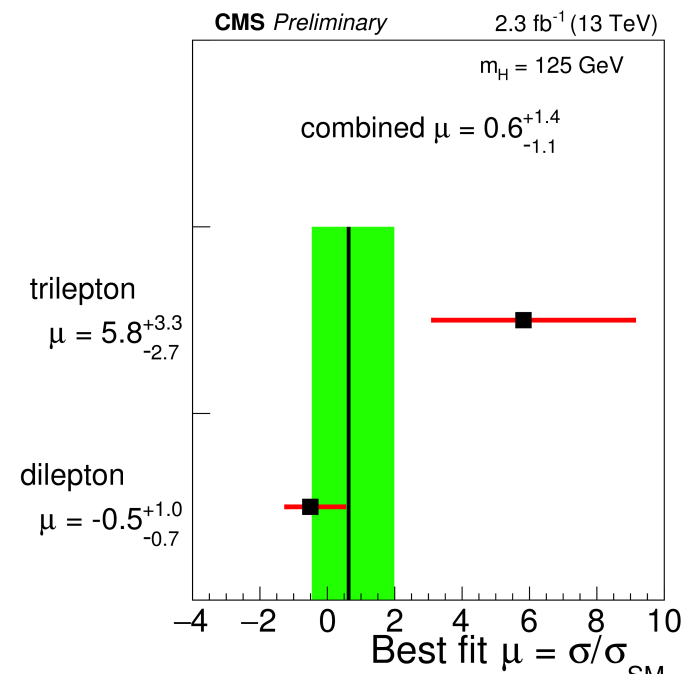
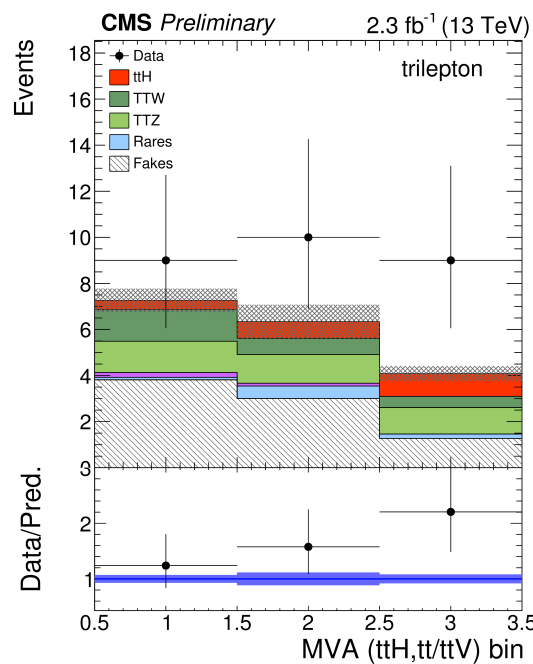
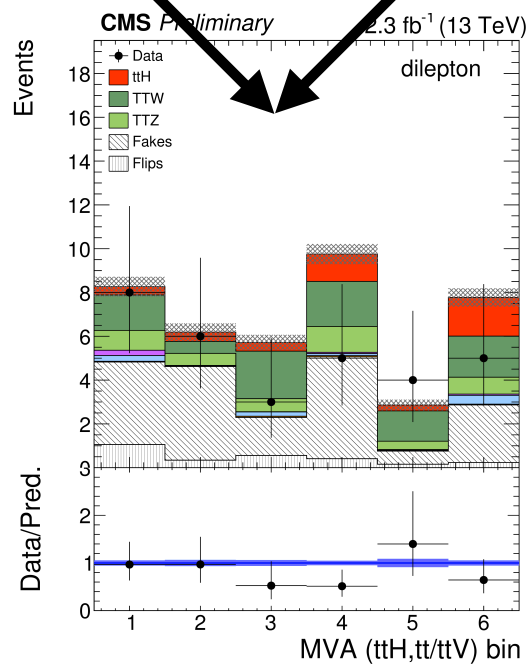
ttH multilepton

HIG-15-008



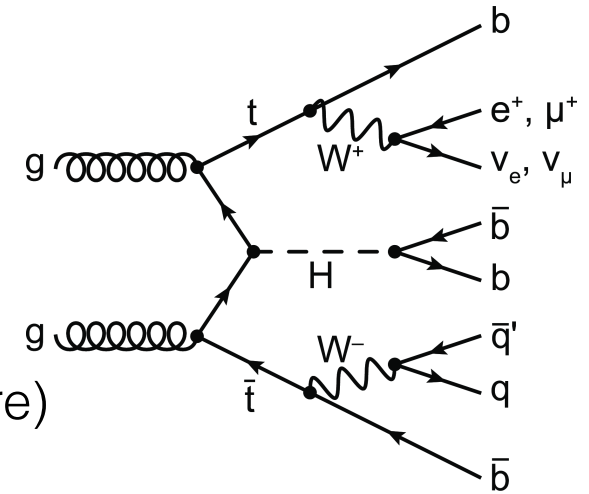
Analysis sensitivity:

- Train **2 BDTs**, against ttbar and ttW/Z
- **2D BDT analysis** : 5 bins (2lss), 3 bins (3l)
- Measure combined $\mu = 0.6^{+1.4}_{-1.1}$





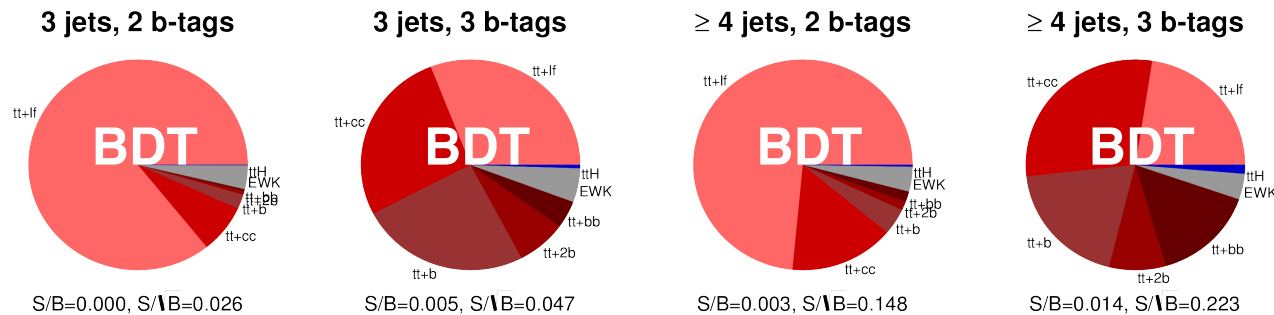
$ttH, H \rightarrow bb$ HIG-16-004



Analysis targeting lepton+jets and dileptons

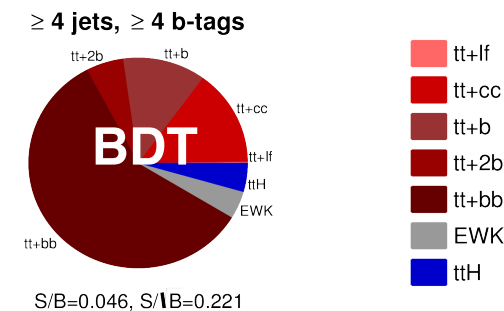
- **1+jets**: =1 lepton, ≥ 4 jets, ≥ 2 b-tag
 - Includes **boosted jets** for the first time (fat jet substructure)
- **2l**: 2 opposite sign lepton, ≥ 3 jets, ≥ 2 b-tag

CMS Simulation - dilepton



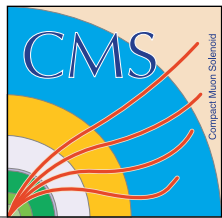
Mass resolution $\sim 10\%$, jet combinatorics: use **multivariate methods** in jet/b-jet categories

- **BDT**
- **Matrix Element Method (MEM)**



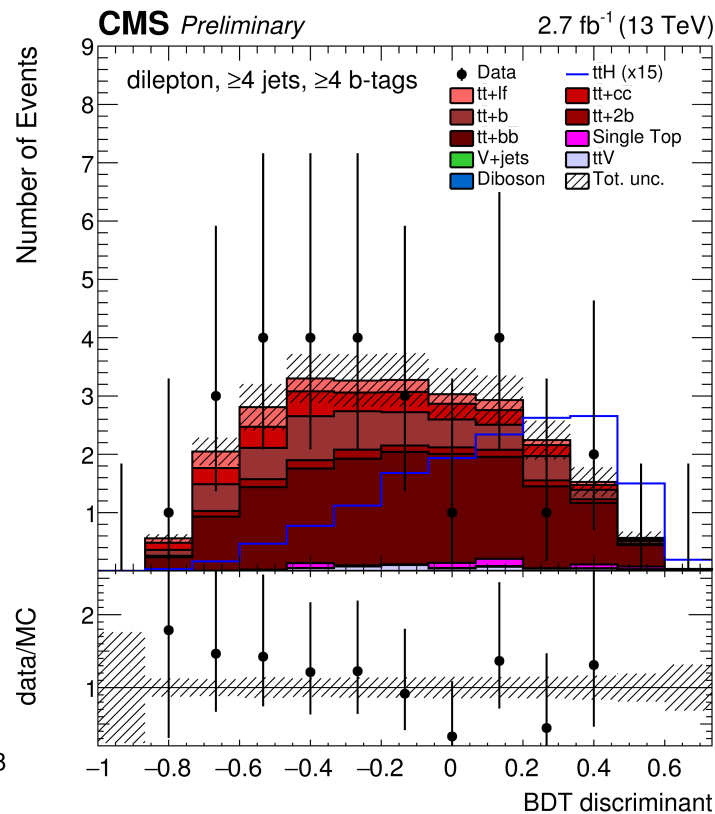
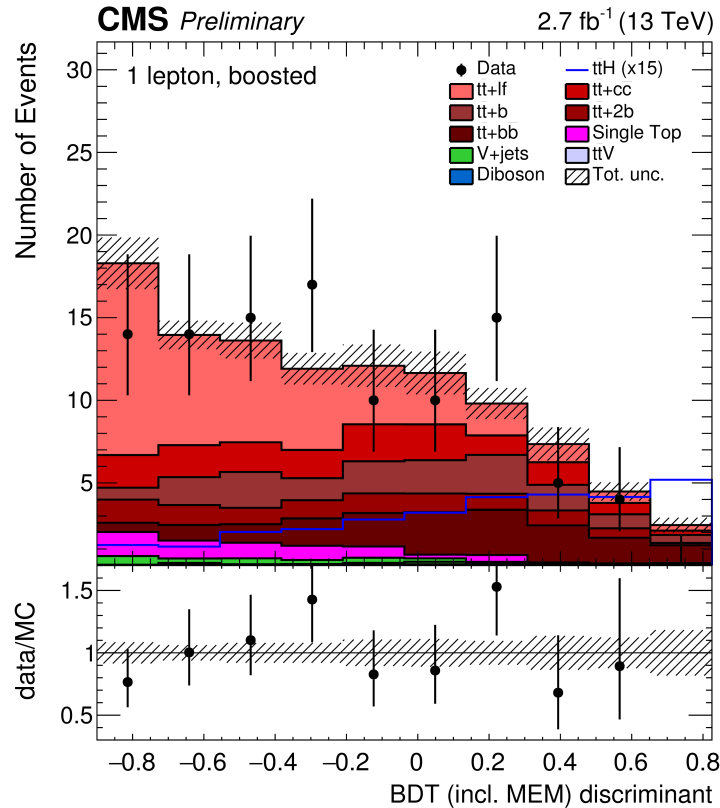
CMS Simulation - lepton+jets





$ttH, H \rightarrow bb$

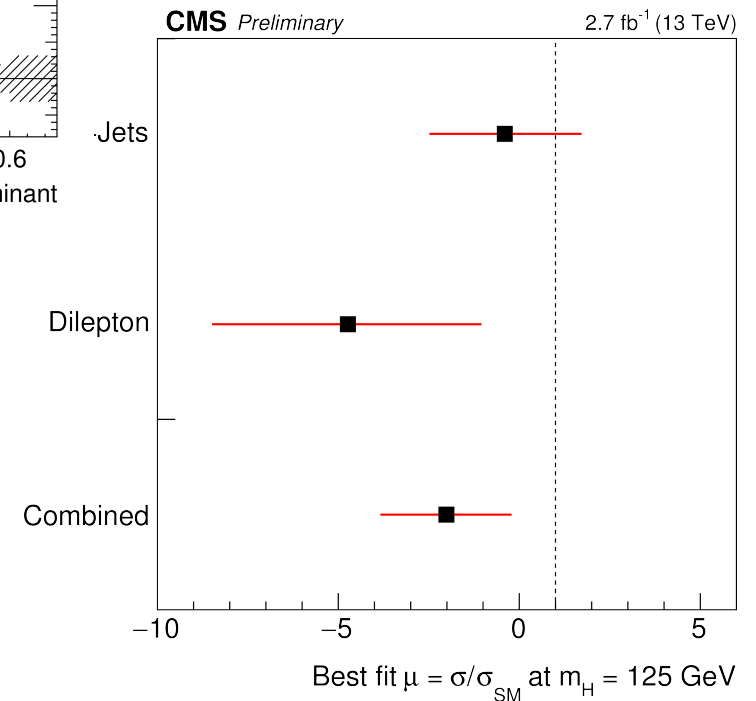
HIG-16-004

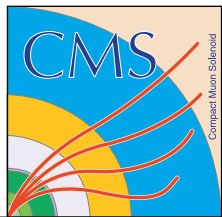


Example of discriminants for two categories

More data is needed for an observation

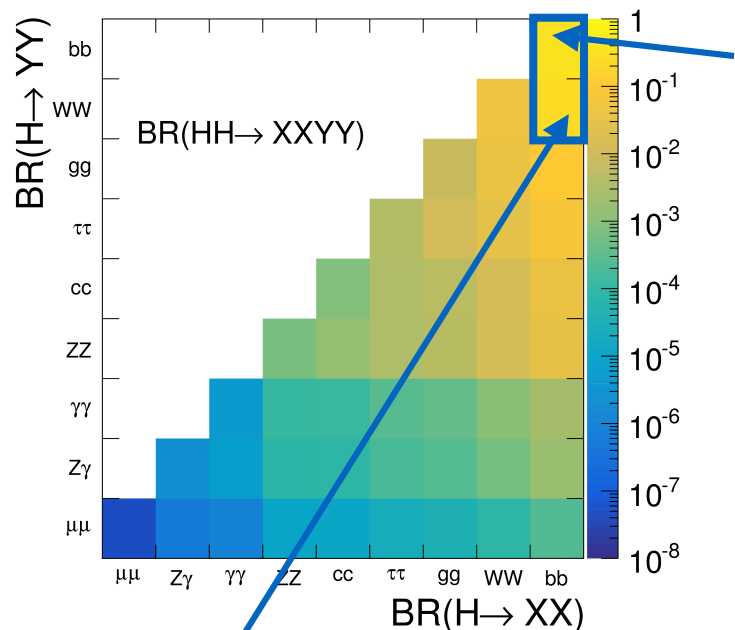
Channel	Best-fit μ	Observed UL	Expected UL
Lepton+jets	$-0.4^{+2.1}_{-2.1}$	4.0	$4.1^{+1.8}_{-1.2}$
Dilepton	$-4.7^{+3.7}_{-3.8}$	5.2	$7.7^{+3.6}_{-2.3}$
Combined	$-2.0^{+1.8}_{-1.8}$	2.6	$3.6^{+1.6}_{-1.1}$





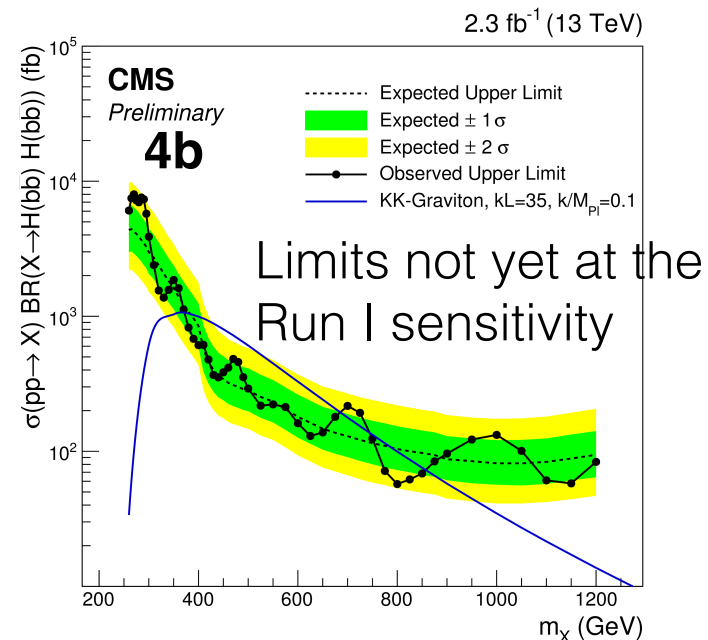
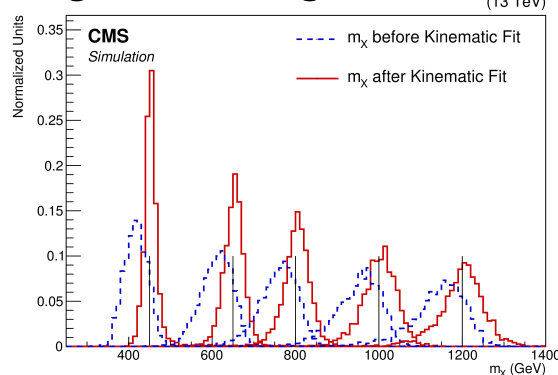
Double Higgs production

HIG-16-002, HIG-16-011



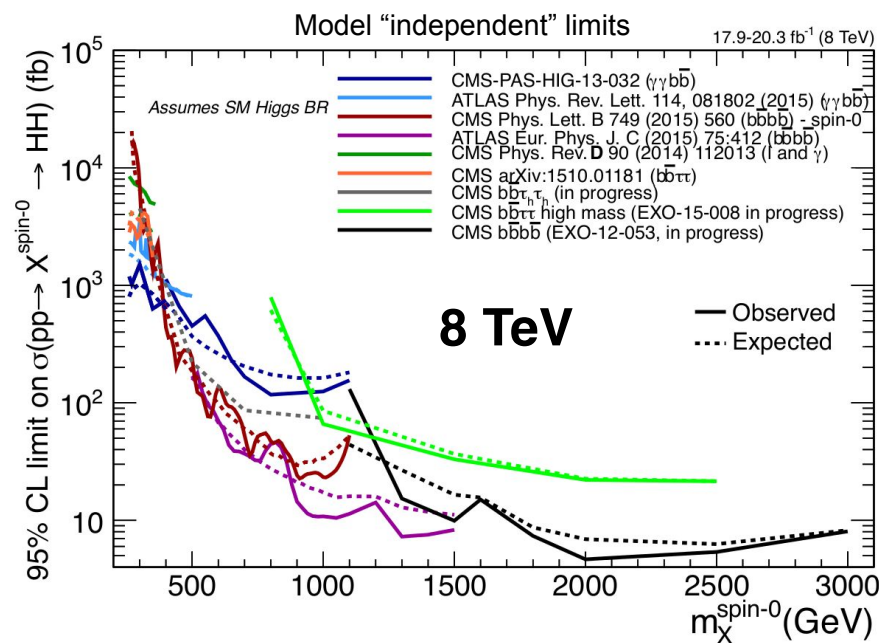
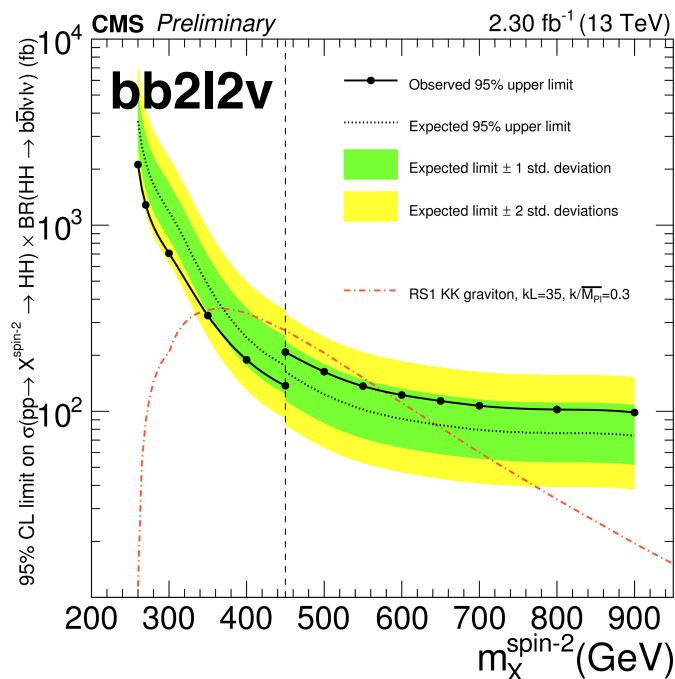
$HH \rightarrow 4b$

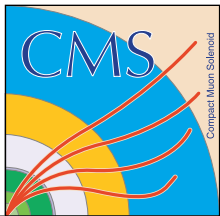
- Performs especially good at high HH mass



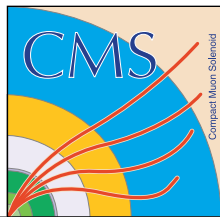
$HH \rightarrow bbWW \rightarrow bb2l2\nu$

- First time this analysis is done at LHC
- Cut and count after selection on a kinematic BDT
- Too early to reach sensitivity to SM triple Higgs coupling: constrain BSM models





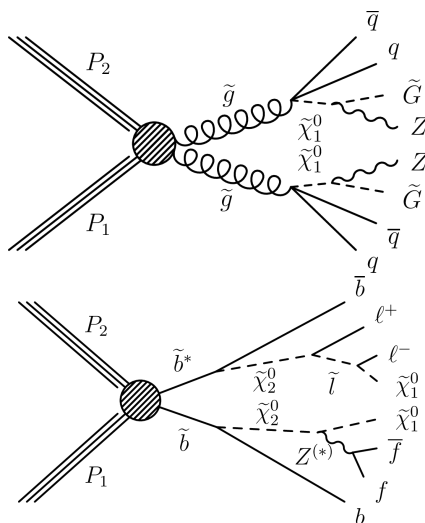
Beyond standard model searches



Supersymmetry: 2 opposite sign leptons

SUS-15-011

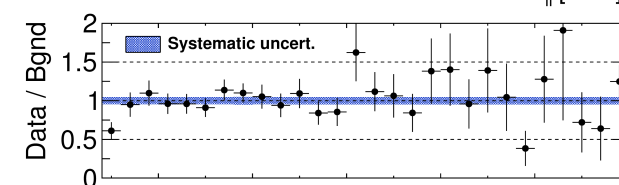
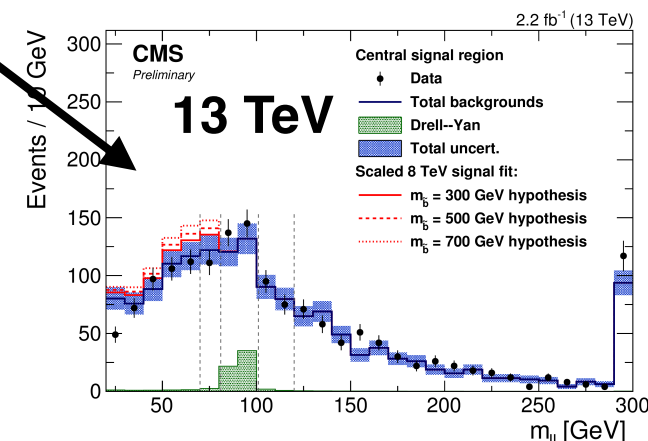
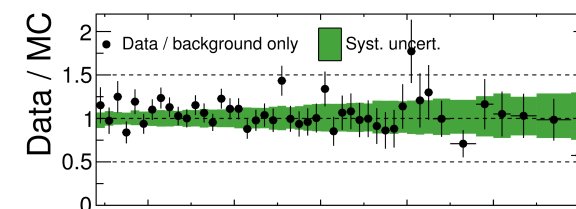
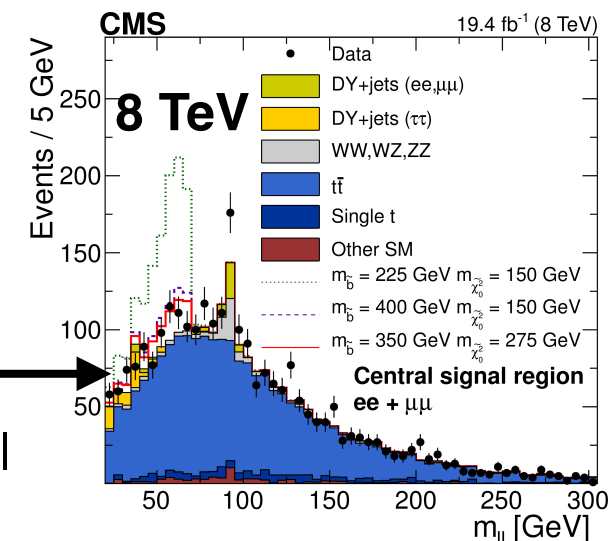
2 opposite sign leptons + jets + mET



- **“edge” analysis:** CMS excess seen at run I was 2.6σ
- **On-Z** : ATLAS saw 3σ excess at Run I

8 TeV “edge”
(scaled)

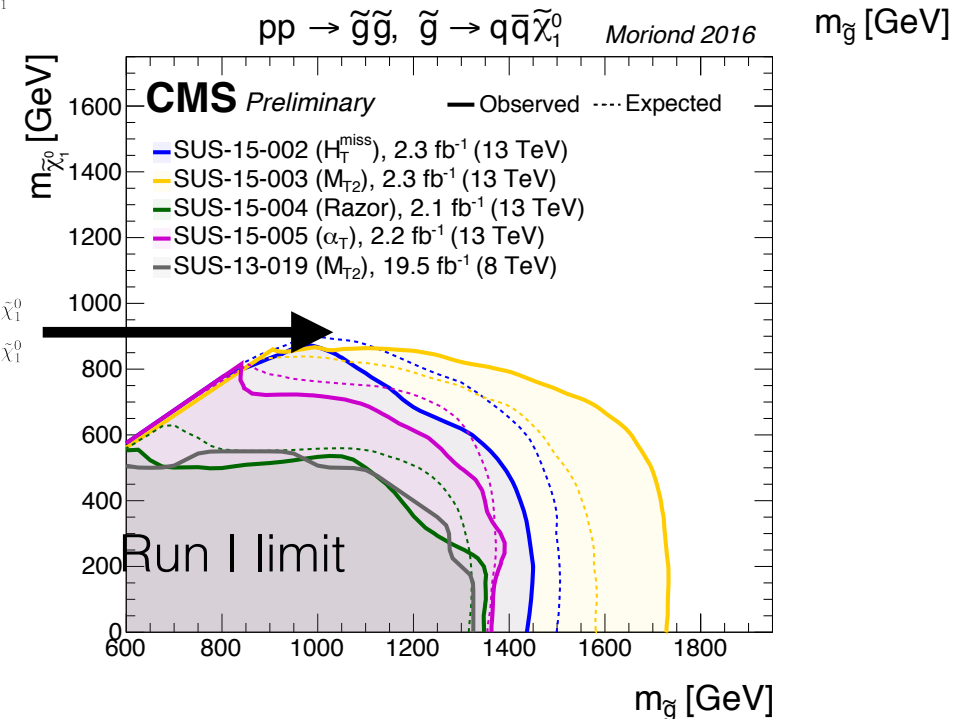
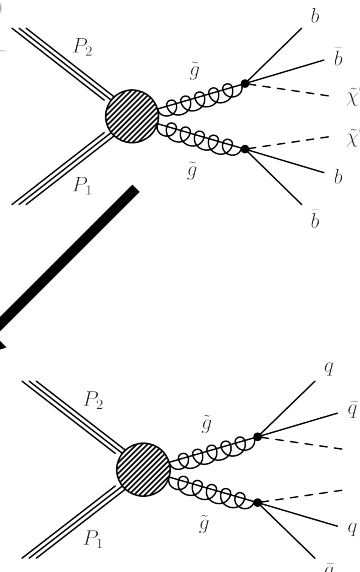
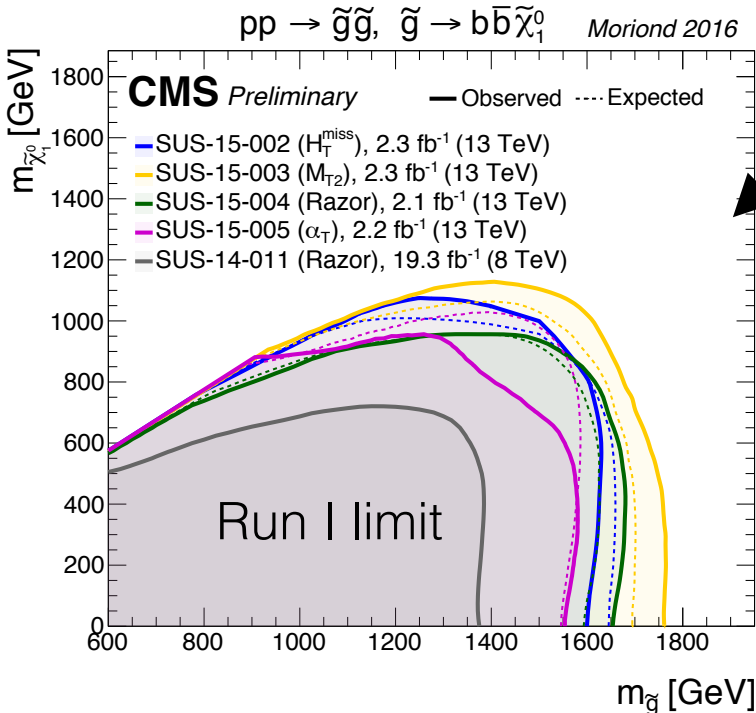
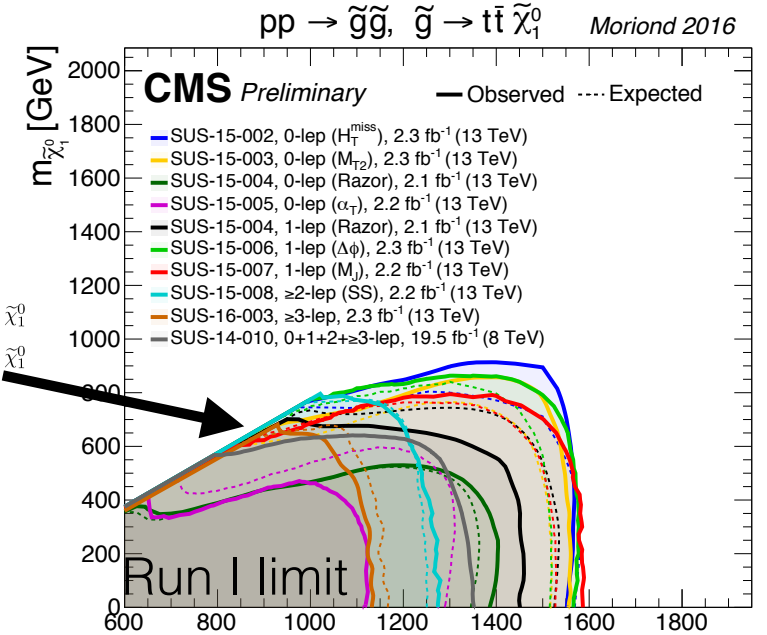
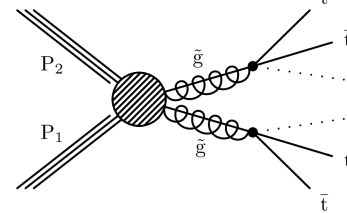
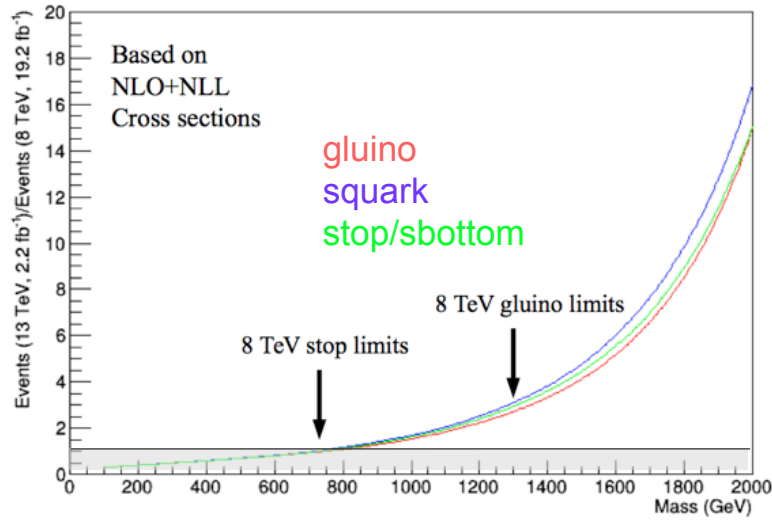
- **Same-flavour background** measured from data in opposite flavour sample (mainly $t\bar{t}b\bar{a}$)
- **Drell-Yan background** estimated from ETmiss template method in γ +jets control sample
- No significant excess observed in 13 TeV data
- More data needed to exclude CMS Run I excess

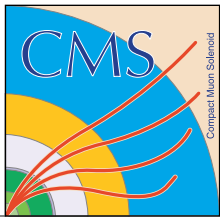




Supersymmetry: gluino/stop searches

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS>





Supersymmetry: gluino/stop searches

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS>

A large number of SUSY analyses already public

Analyses with best sensitivity to strong production are all-hadronic, for instance:

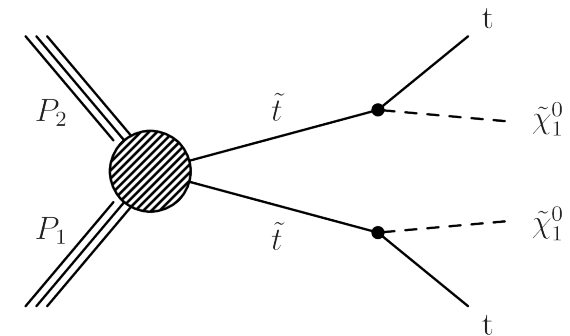
HTmiss analysis (SUS-15-002)

- At least 4 jets, large HT (scale sum pT of jets), large HTmiss (vector sum of jets momenta)
- Many search regions in number of jets, b-jets, HT and HTmiss

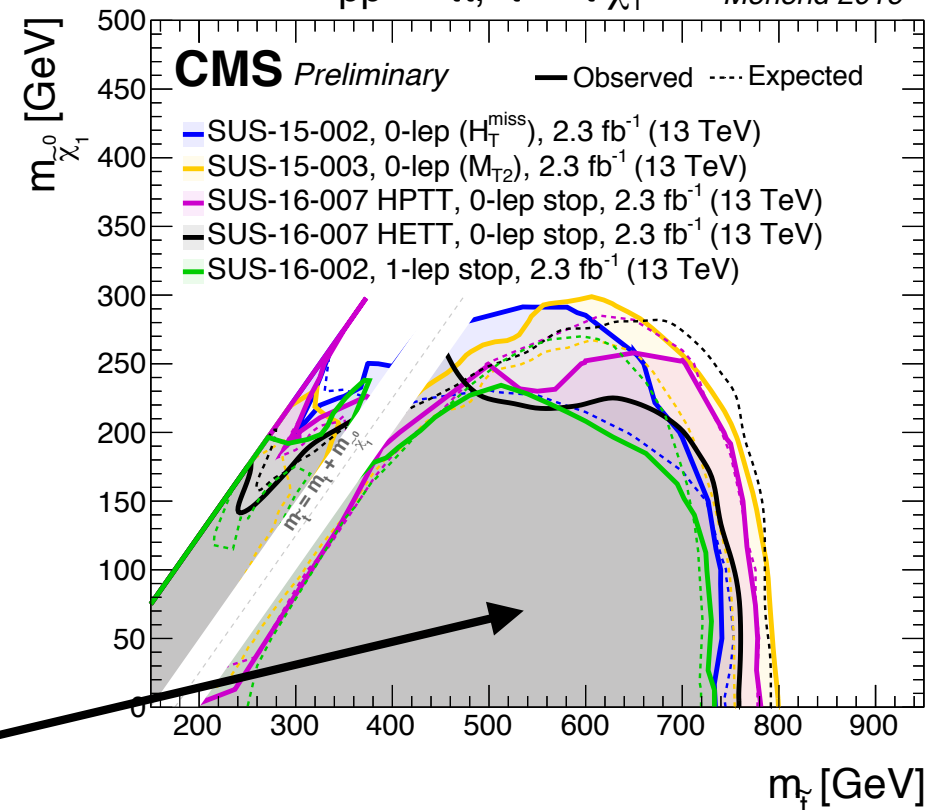
MT2 analysis (SUS-15-003)

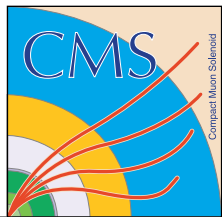
- Similar strategy, using an transverse mass-like variable

- **Exclusion limits on gluino up to < 1.7 TeV**, for simplified models and low LSP mass: significantly **exceeds Run I limits**
- **Stops limits** are similar to 8 TeV (~same number of events expected)



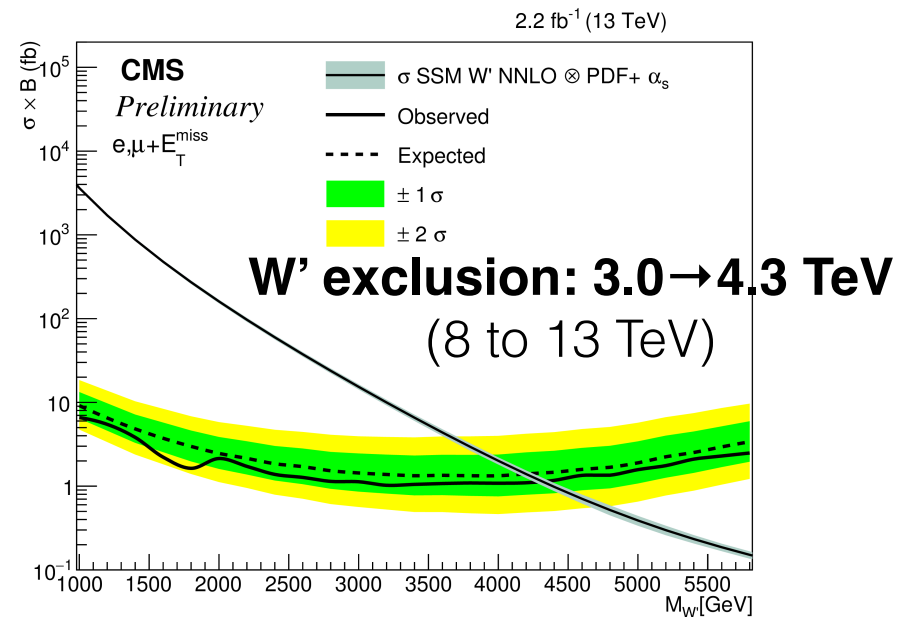
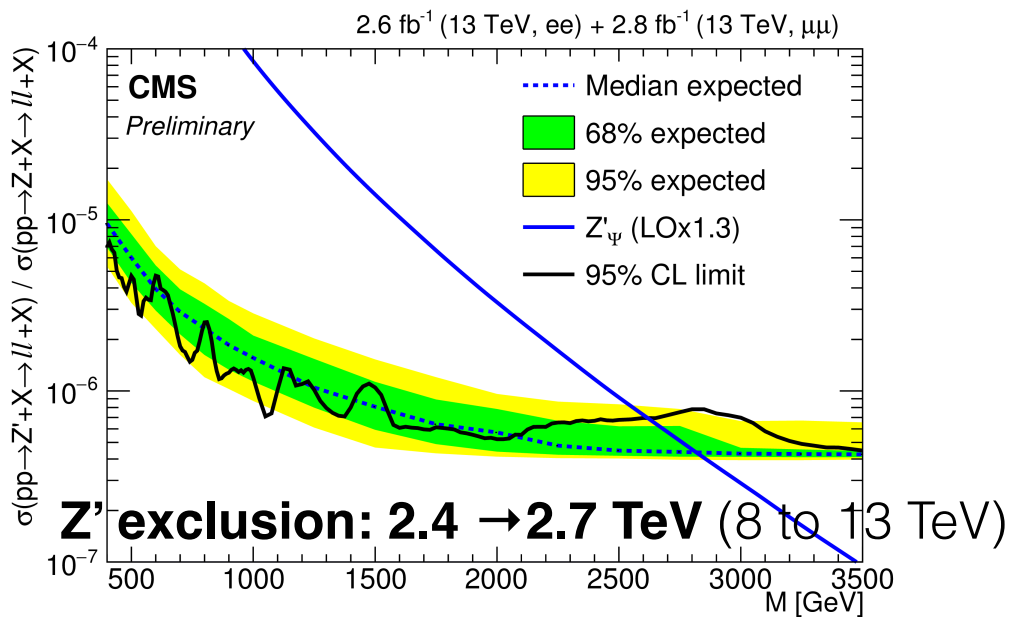
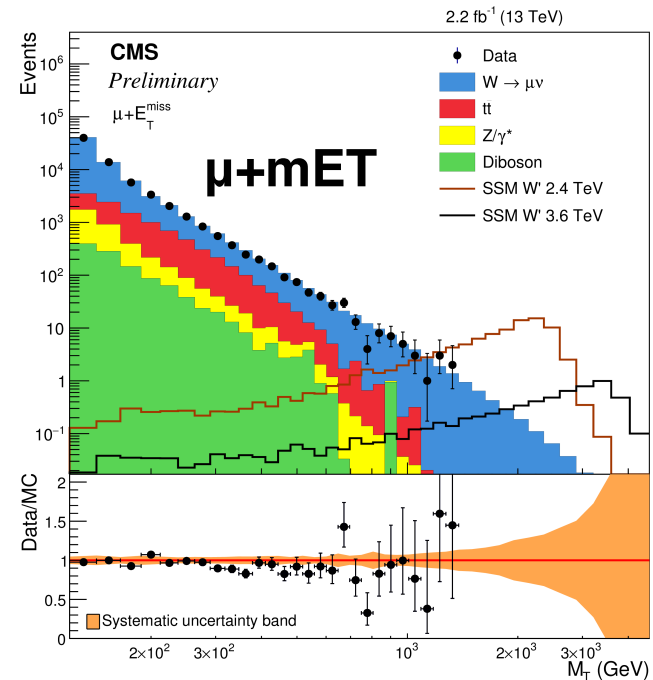
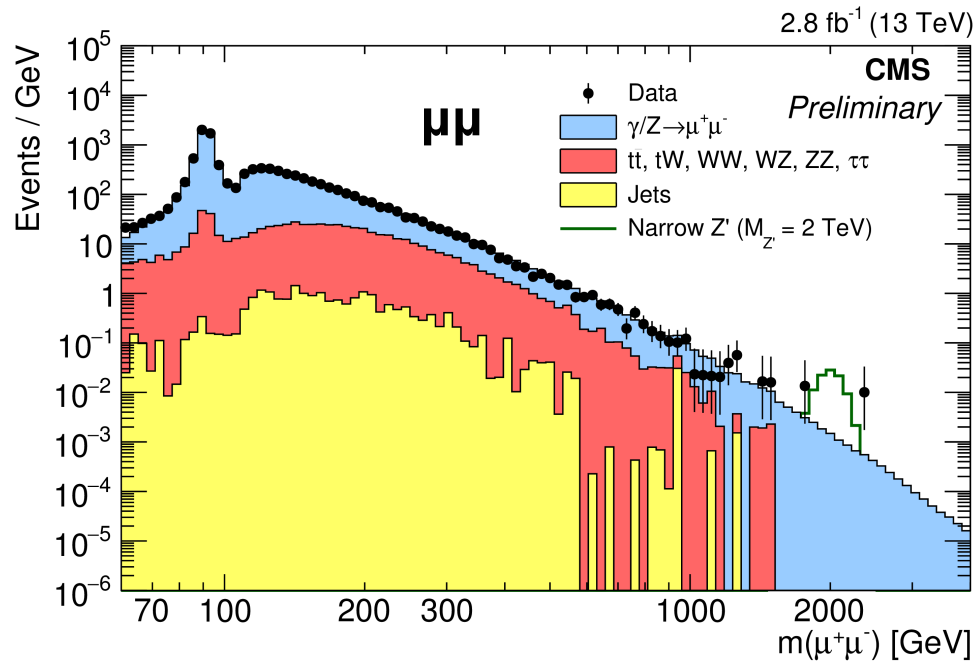
$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ Moriond 2016

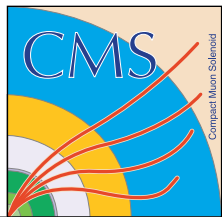




Search for W' or Z' resonances

EXO-15-005, EXO-15-006



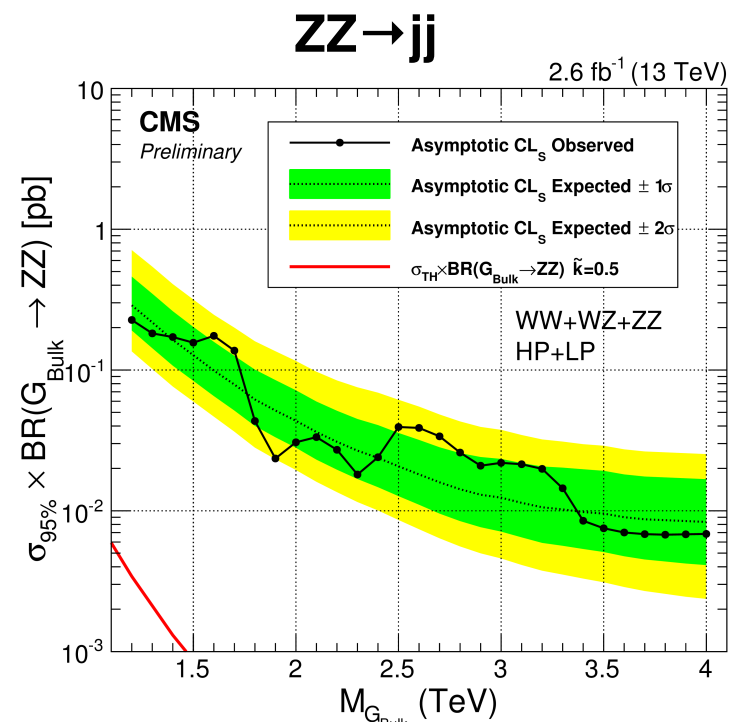
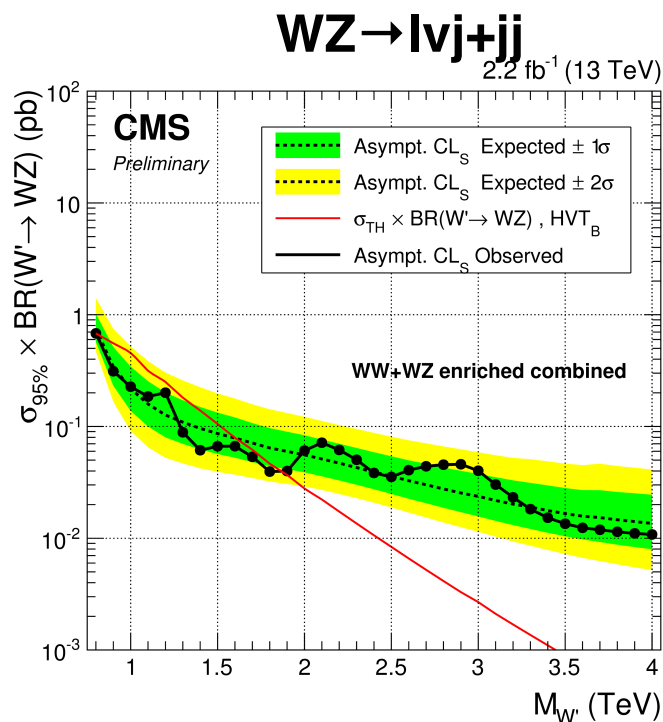
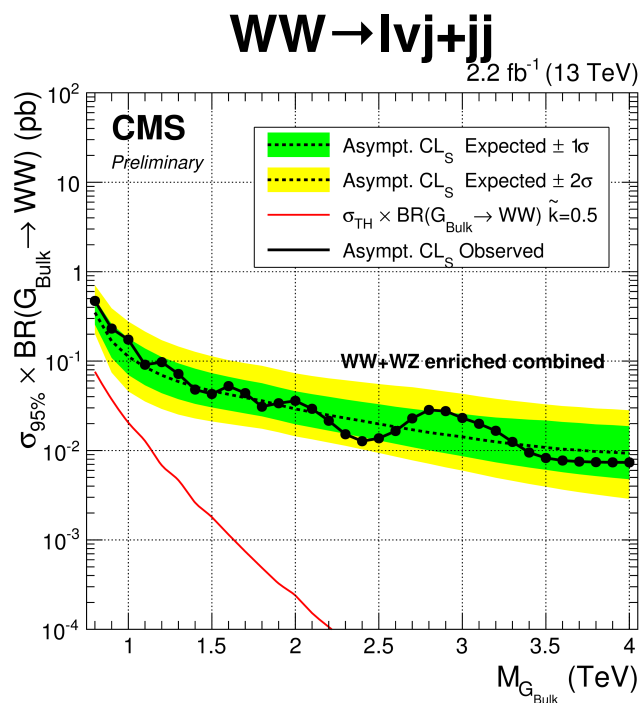
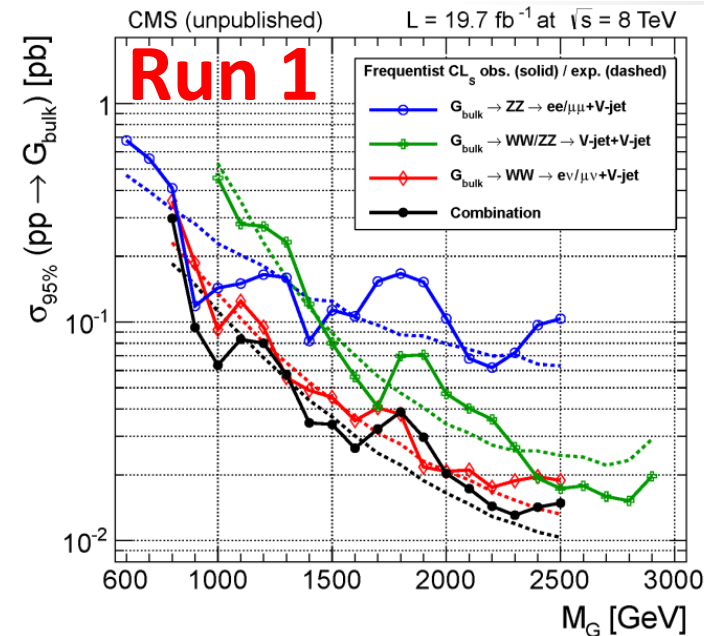


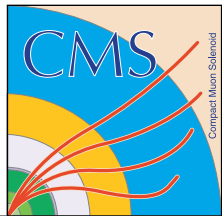
Diboson high mass searches

EXO-15-002

Run I: 2σ excess near 1.8-2.0 TeV

- Repeat searches using most sensitive categories:
hadronic and semi-leptonic
- **Boosted W/Z-jets** reconstructed with anti-kt 0.8 algorithm, further identified with jet substructure
- Categorization in dijet mass for optimal sensitivity to WW, WZ, ZZ signals
- 13 TeV: no excess found around 2 TeV, more data needed to exclude run I excess



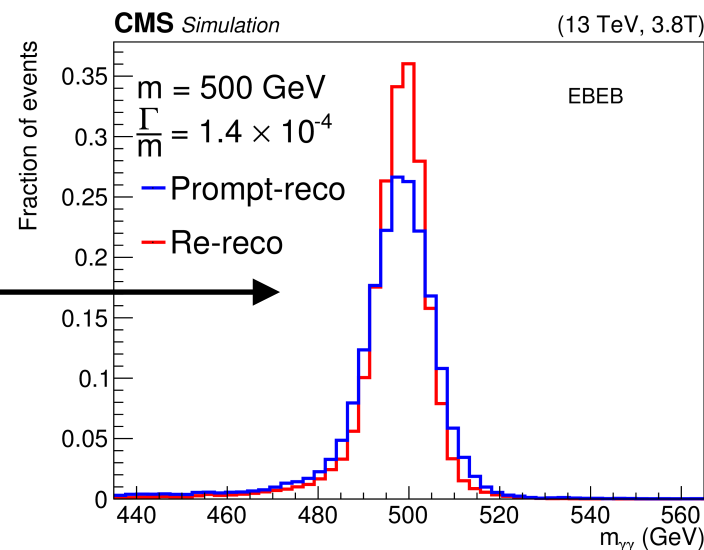


High mass searches with diphotons

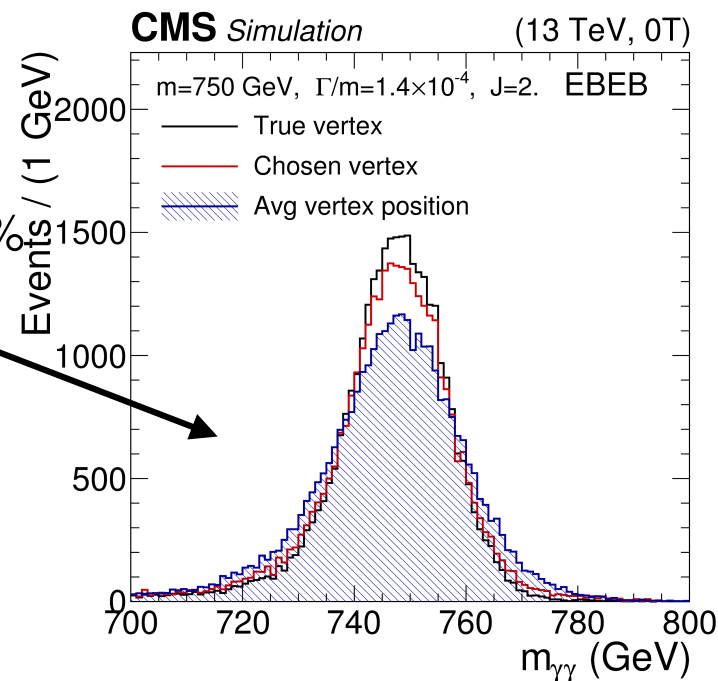
EXO-16-018

Analysis updated since December Jamboree

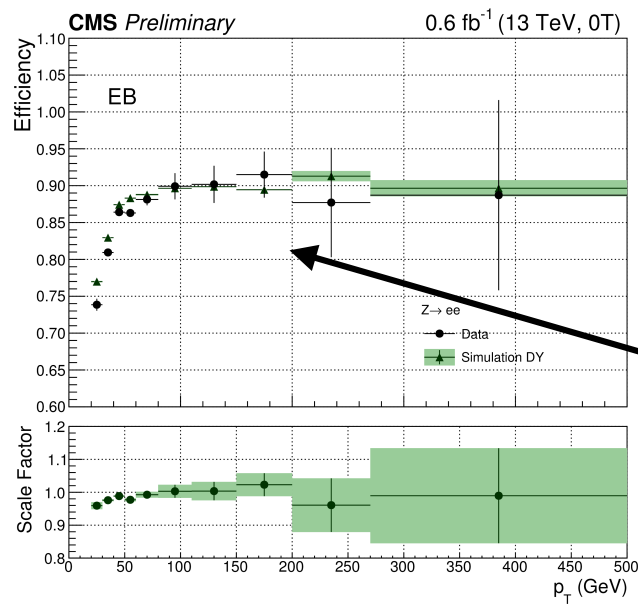
- **New ECAL calibration:**
 - **resolution improved by ~30%** (10% better analysis sensitivity)
- Includes **data with no magnetic field: 0.6 fb⁻¹**
=> 0T improves also sensitivity by 10%
 - **Updated calibration:** 1% difference in energy scale correction relative to 3.8T



- **0T Vertexing:** simple track counting, 60% efficient (90% efficient at 3.8T)



- **0T photon identification:** efficiency similar at high photon p_T





High mass searches with diphotons

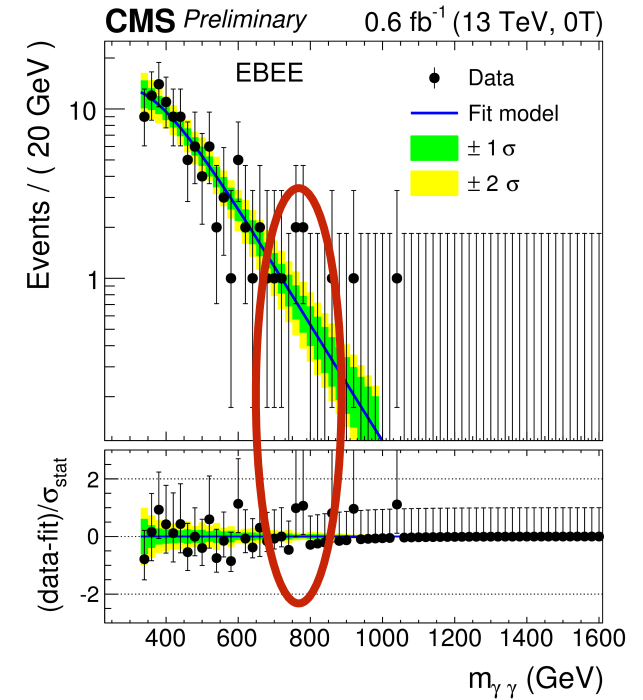
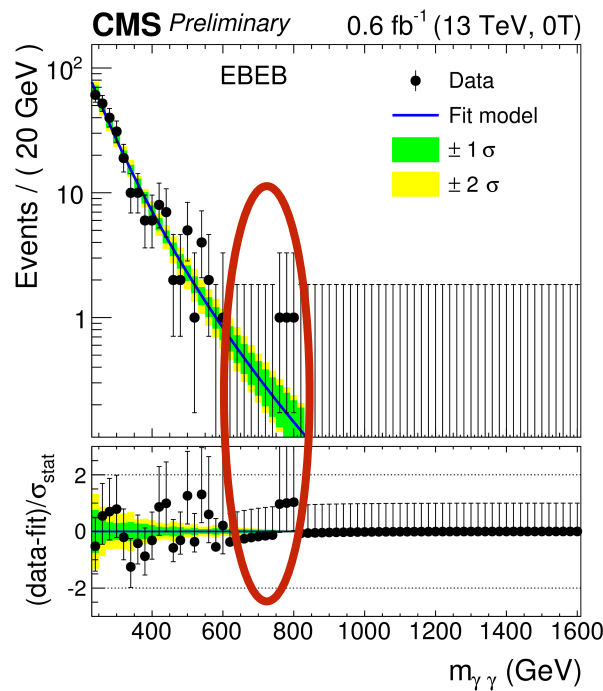
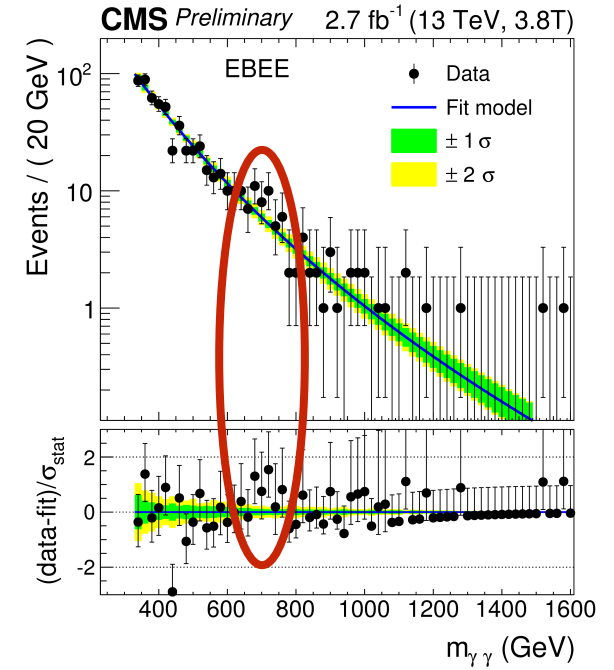
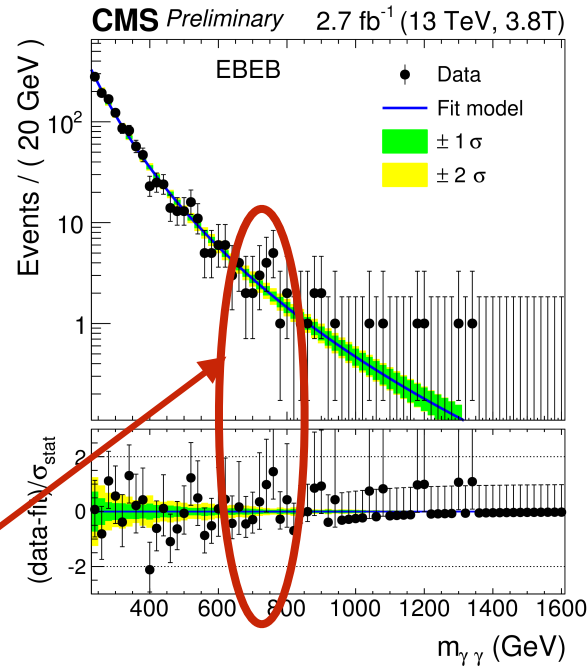
Mass fit with

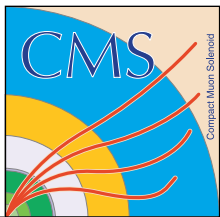
$$f(m_{\gamma\gamma}) = m_{\gamma\gamma}^{a+b \cdot \log(m_{\gamma\gamma})}$$

- parameters as nuisance parameters
- Possible mismodeling accounted in the systematic uncertainties

Excess driven by category with **two photons in the barrel**, at 3.8 T

EXO-16-018



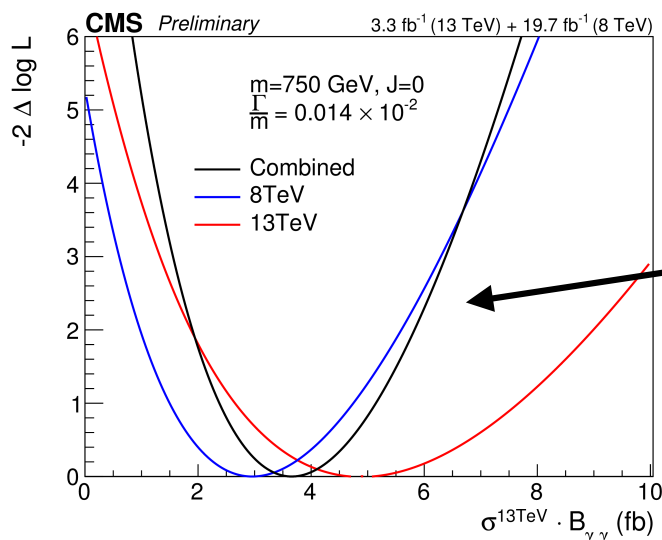
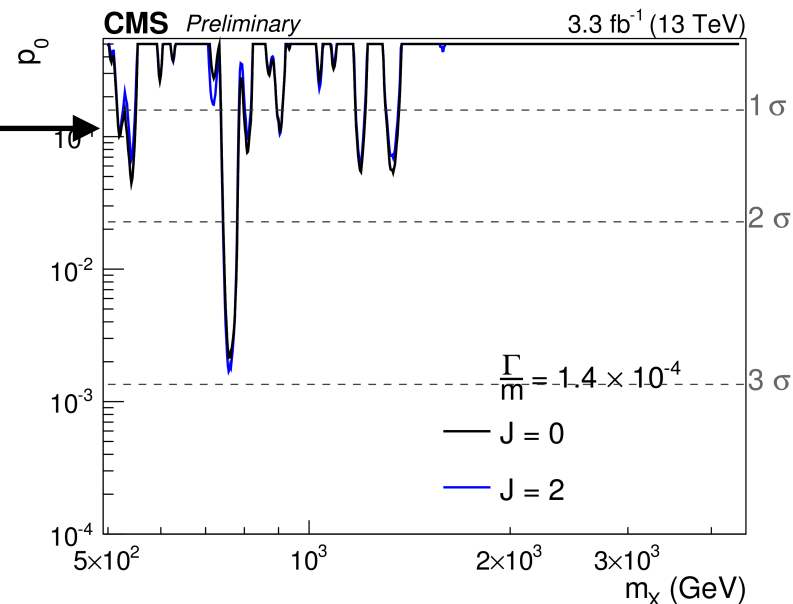
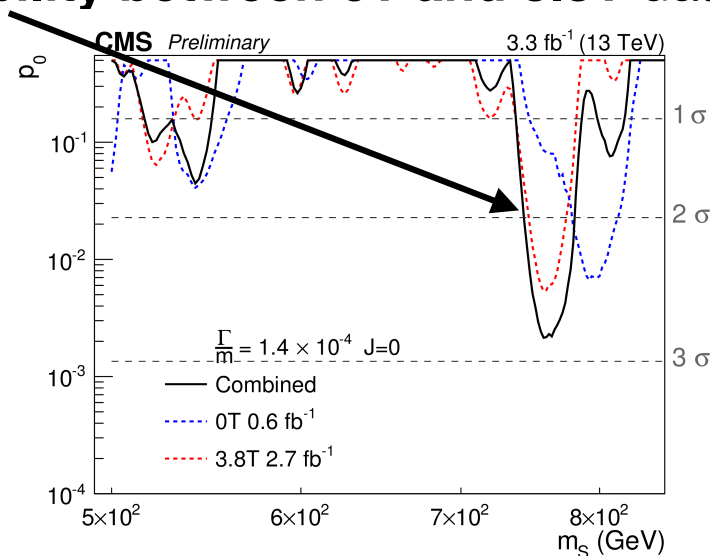


High mass searches with diphotons

EXO-16-018

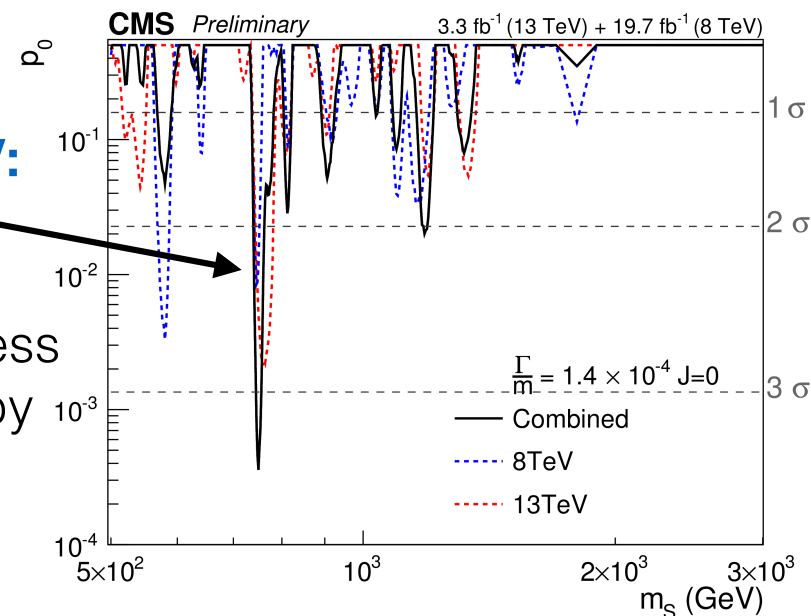
Largest excess: $m_X=760$ GeV and $\Gamma/m=1.4 \times 10^{-4}$

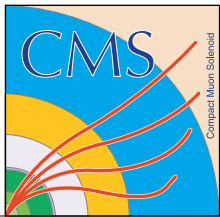
- Interpretation: **spin 0** and spin 2 resonance
- **Compatibility between 0T and 3.8T datasets**



Combination with 8 TeV:

- **Local p-value: 3.4σ**
- **Global p-value: 1.6σ**
- Compatibility with excess seen at 8 TeV, scaled by J=0 cross-section ratio (x4.2)





Conclusions

Standard model measurements

- Standard model program at 13 TeV well started : first (differential) cross sections, vector bosons and top quark production

Higgs boson physics

- First measurements available (diphoton, ZZ), more data needed for a rediscovery at 13 TeV
- ttH analyses in main channels are ready, more data is also needed here

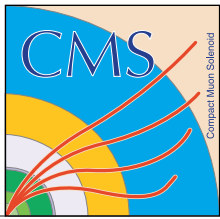
Beyond standard model searches

- A large number of SUSY analyses pushing limits in strong production are available
- Some Run I excesses did not show up (yet?) at 13 TeV
- Further analysis of diphoton shows a modest excess at 760 GeV

Many more CMS analyses are public and were not presented in this talk !

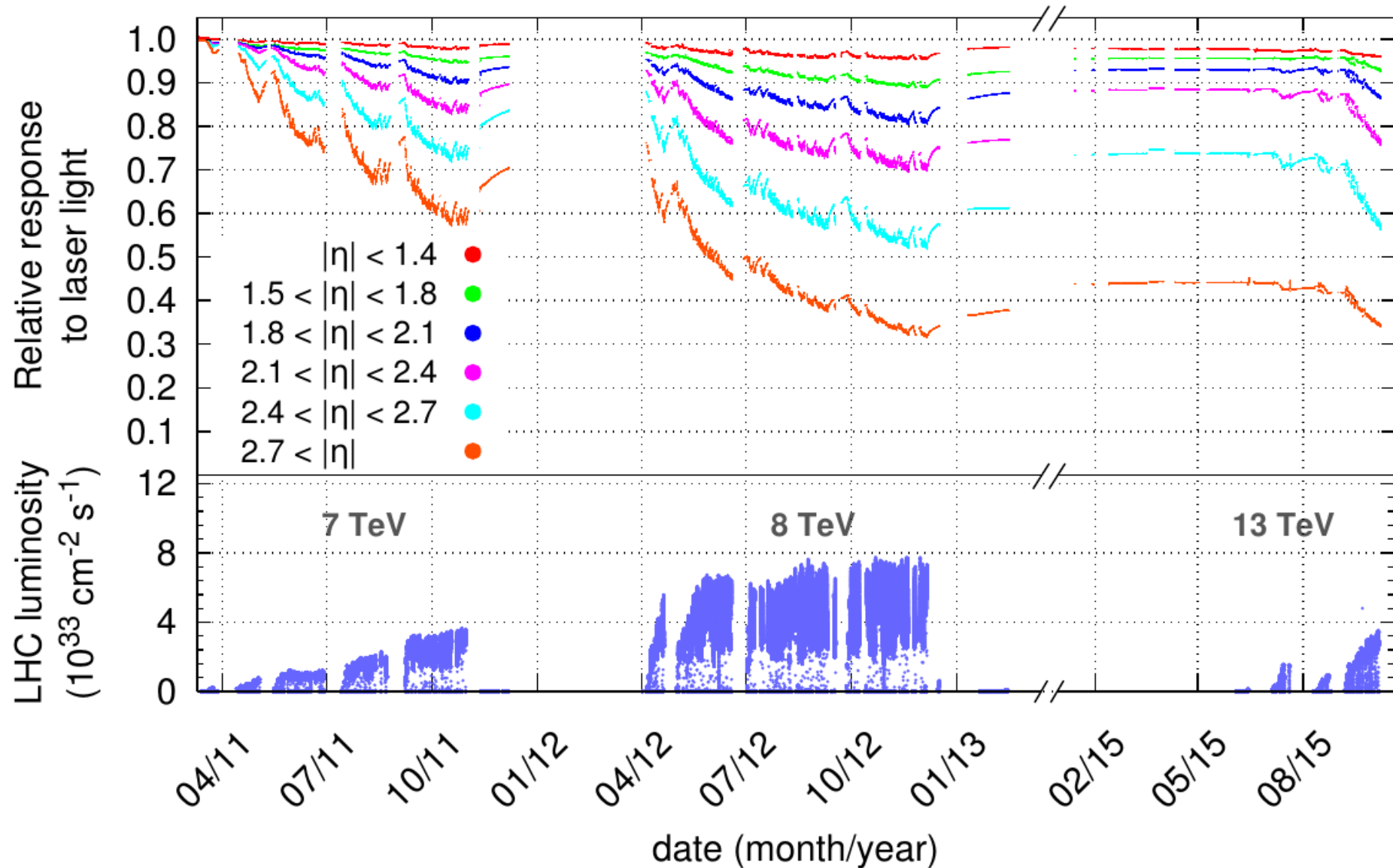
2016 data taking period will start soon: hopefully it will tell us more about the Higgs coupling to fermions, a possible new resonance and maybe some other surprises !

Back-up slides



ECAL laser monitoring

CMS Preliminary



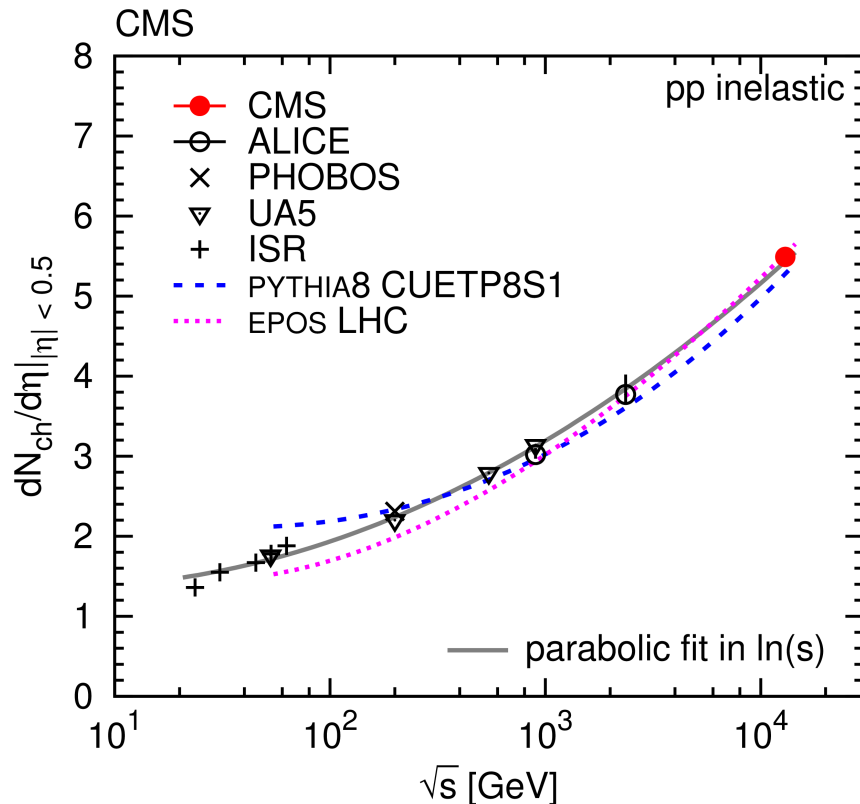


Charged particles and the “ridge”

FSQ-15-001, FSQ-15-002

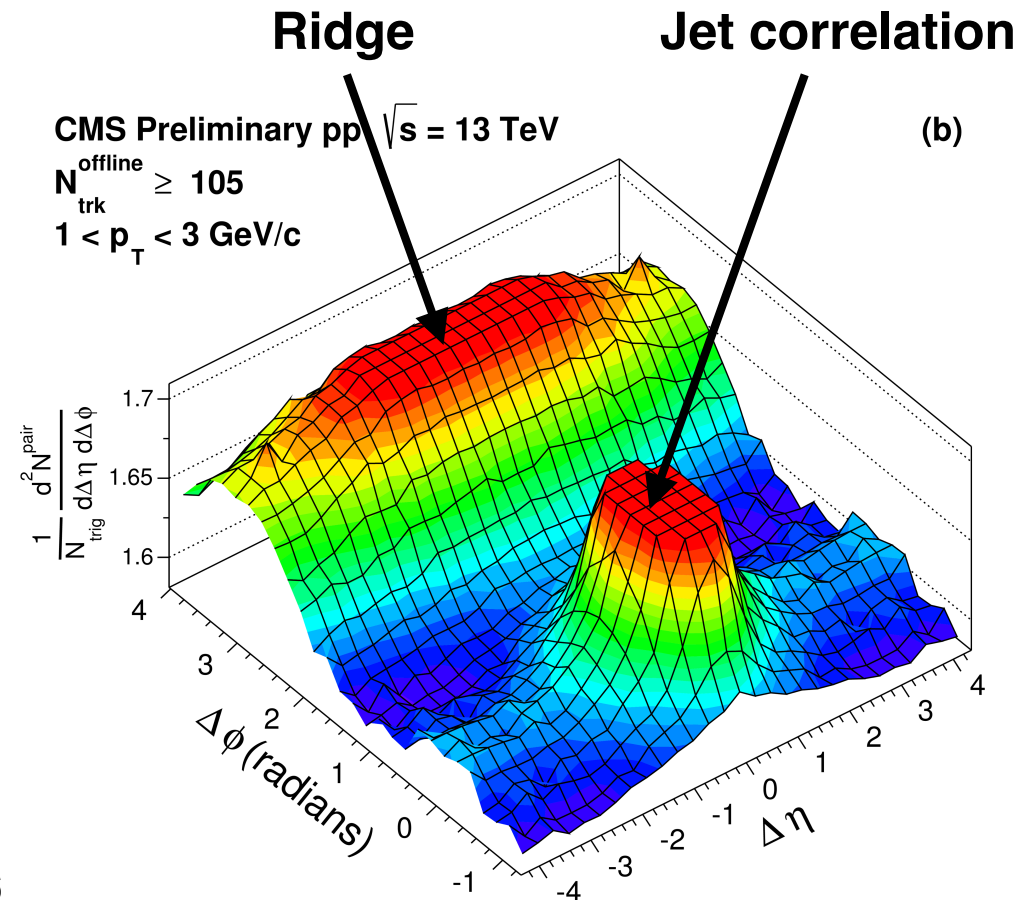
Measurement of pseudo-rapidity of charged hadrons ($dN/d\eta$)

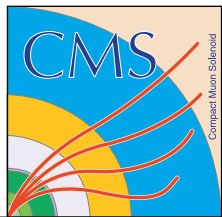
- Data consistent with expected center of mass energy dependence



Two-particle correlation

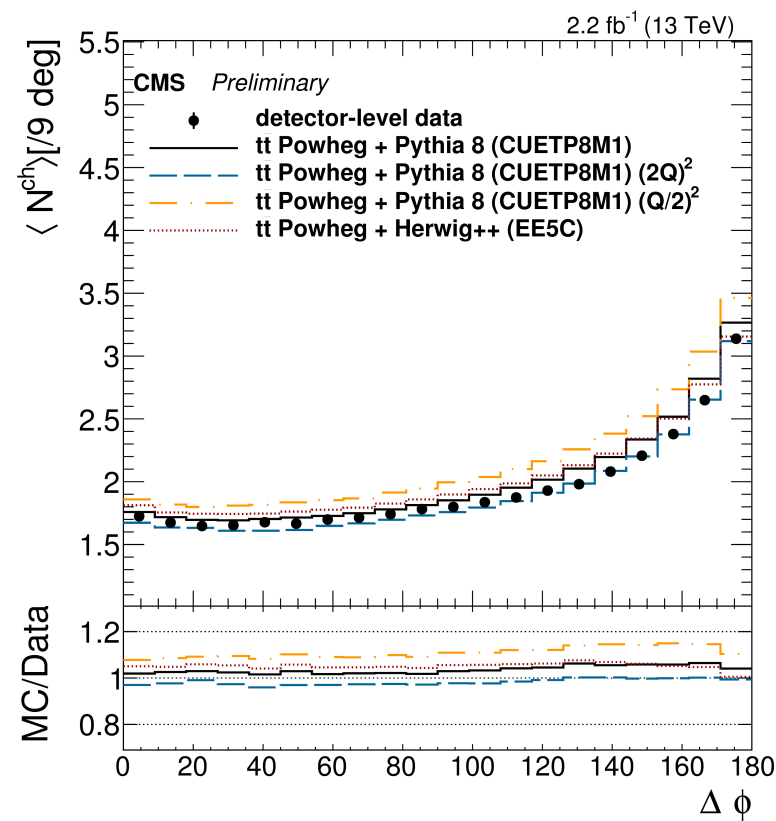
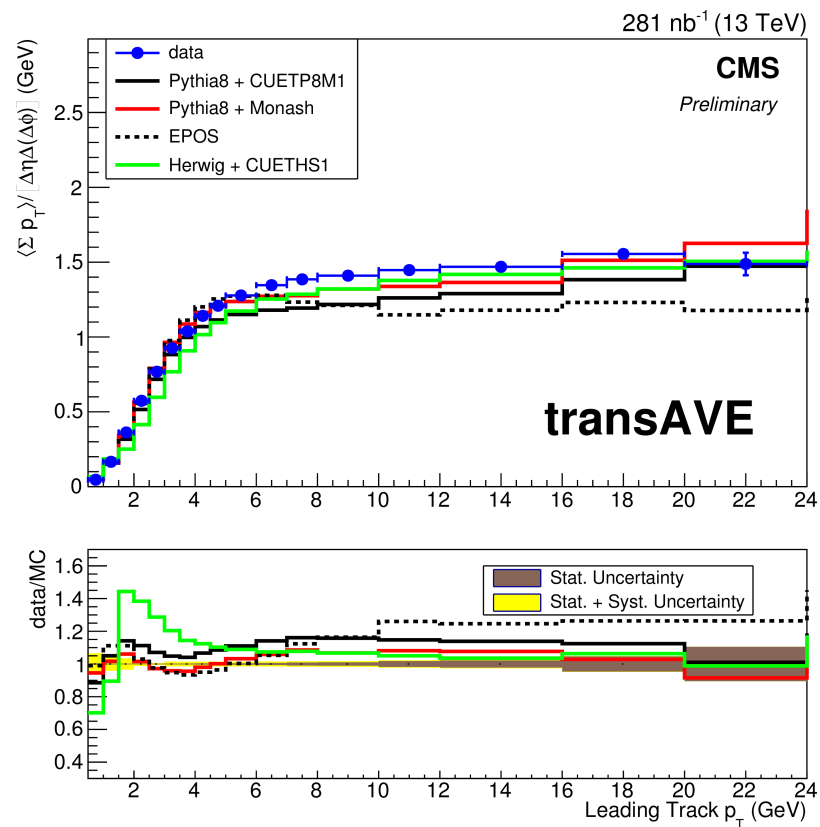
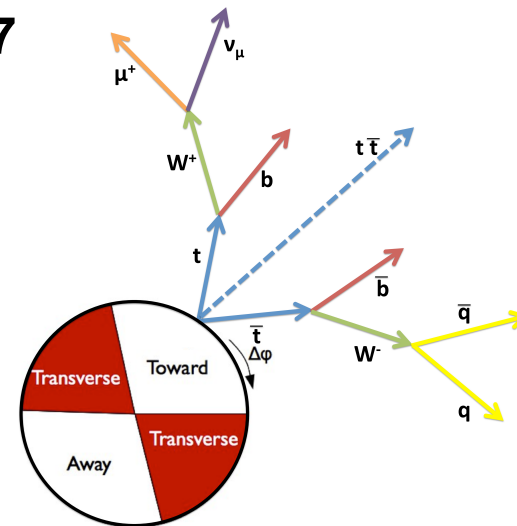
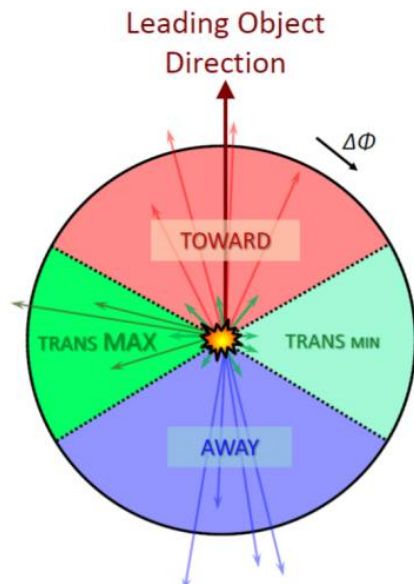
- In events with high track multiplicity $N_{trk} > 105$
- Confirms presence of a ridge-like structure, similar to Pb-Pb

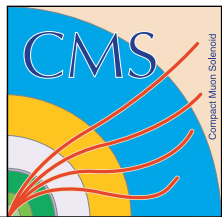




Underlying event

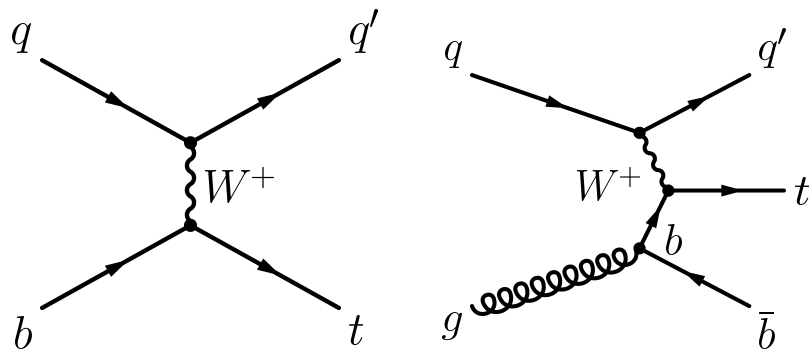
FSQ-15-007, TOP-15-017



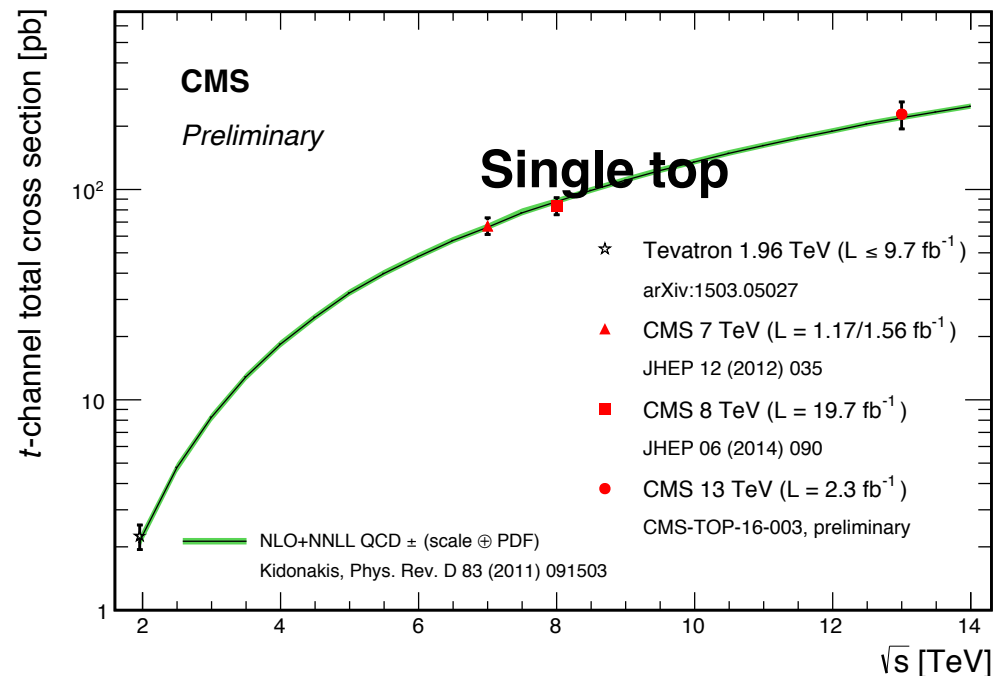
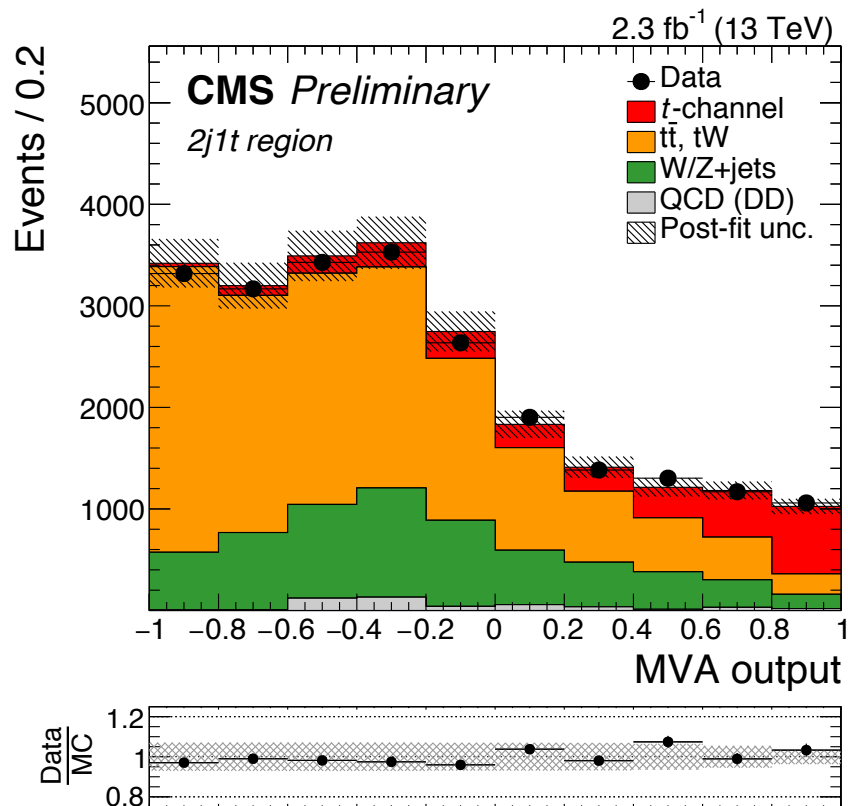


t-channel single top

TOP-16-003



- t-channel is dominant at the LHC (s-channel and tW amount to 20% of single top)
- Analysis with muon+jets final state
- Statistical treatment : fit of neural network output in each jet/b-jet category
- Most important variable: $|\eta|$ of light jet (forward in t-channel)



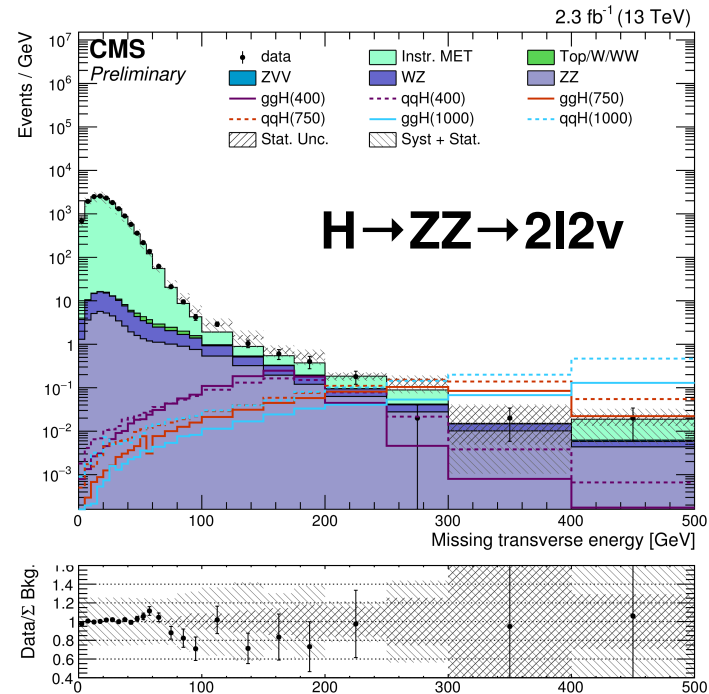
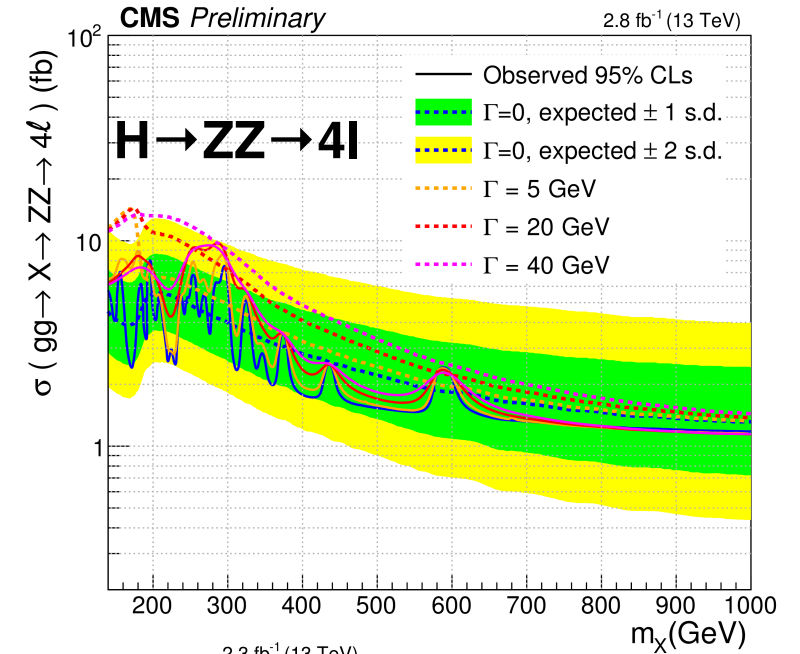
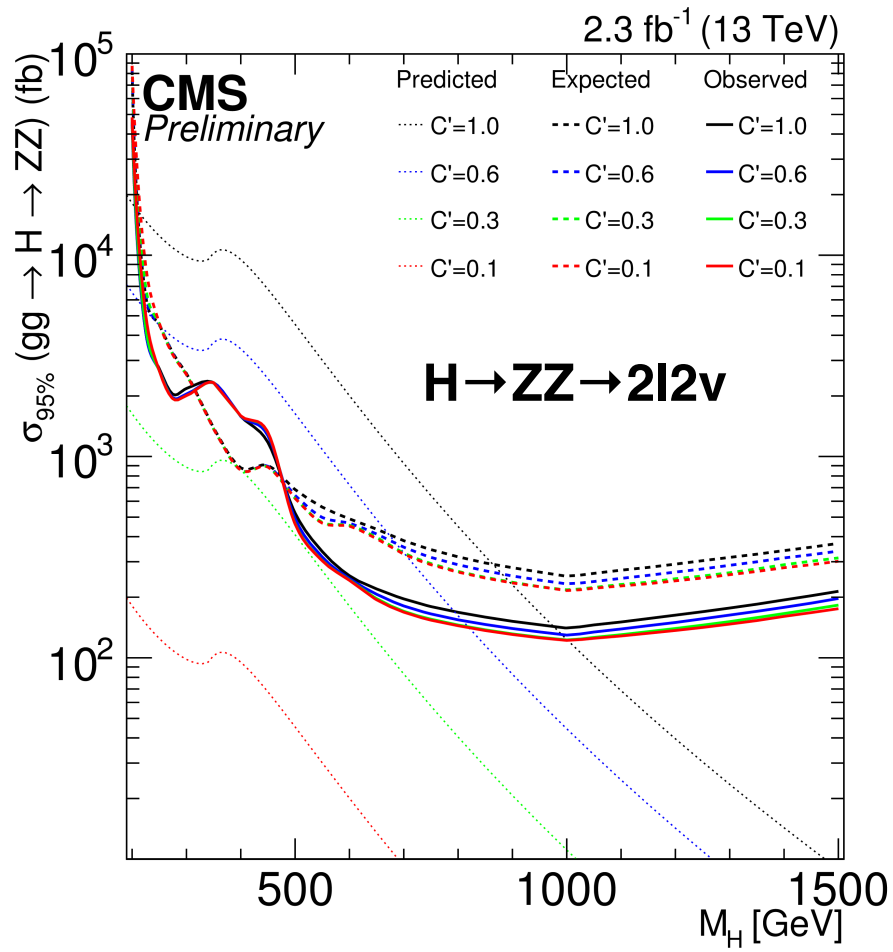


High mass Higgs boson searches

HIG-15-004, HIG-16-001

Various searches performed at high Higgs mass

- **$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$** with various width, and in 2HDM
 - No event beyond 600 GeV
- **$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu$** in 2HDM models
 - No excess found up to 1500 GeV

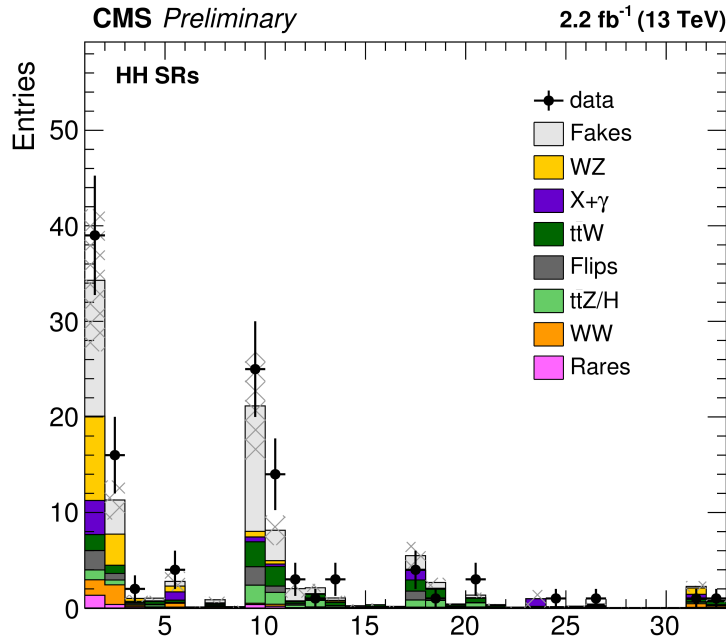




Supersymmetry: 2 same sign leptons

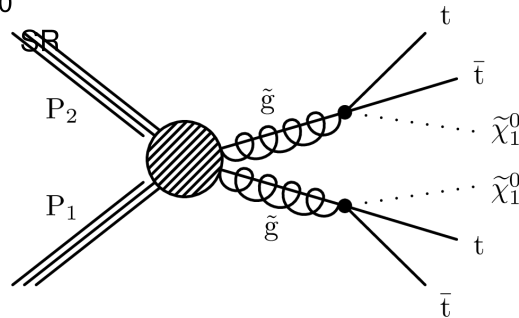
SUS-15-008

2 same sign leptons + mET

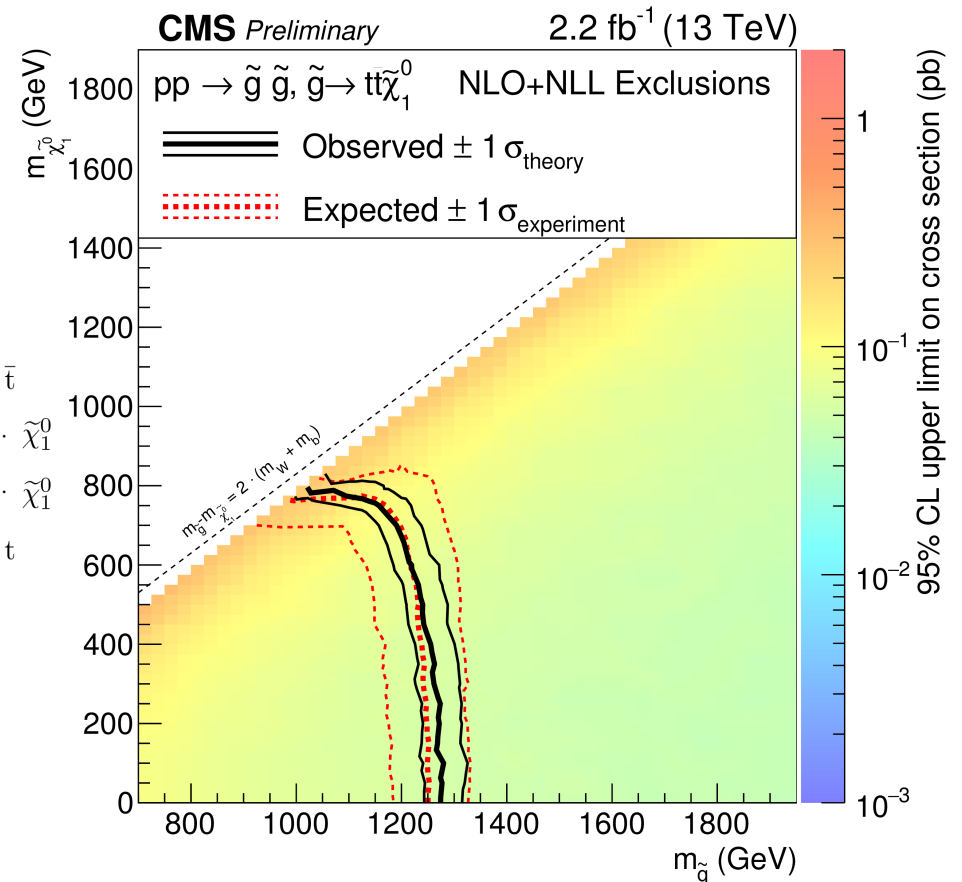


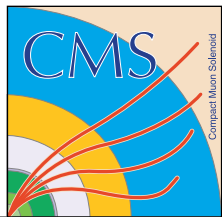
- **Searching for excesses** in high and low pT signal regions, low/high mET, low/high HT

Limits within simplified model:
(high lepton pT)



Model independent:
 $XS > 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

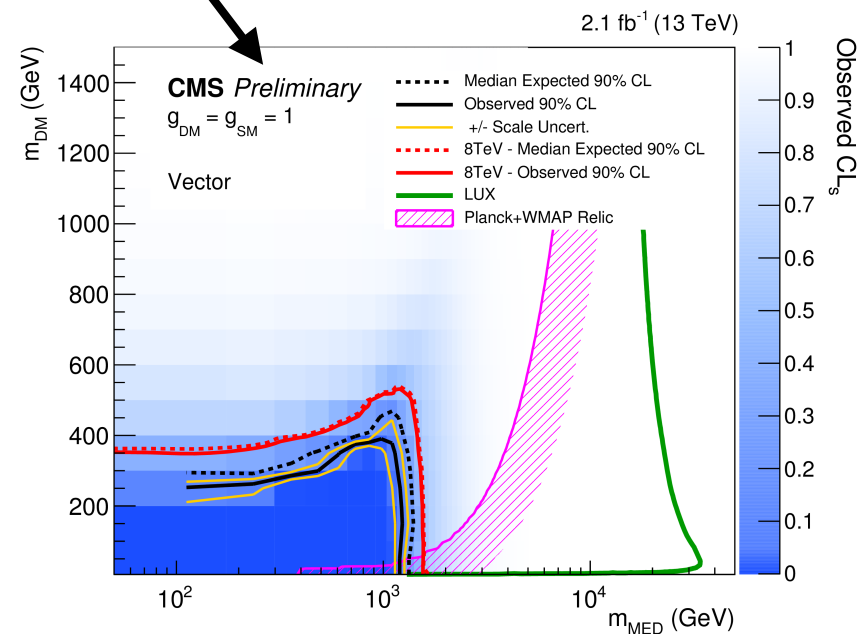
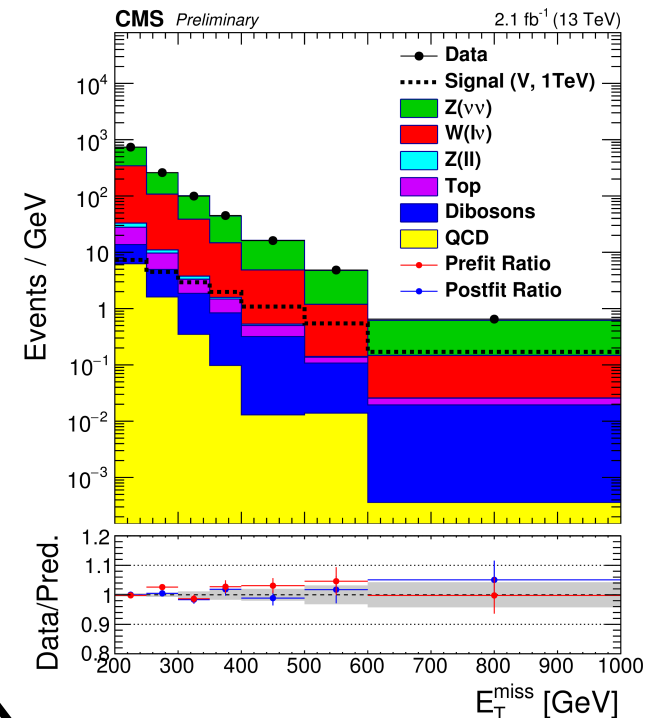
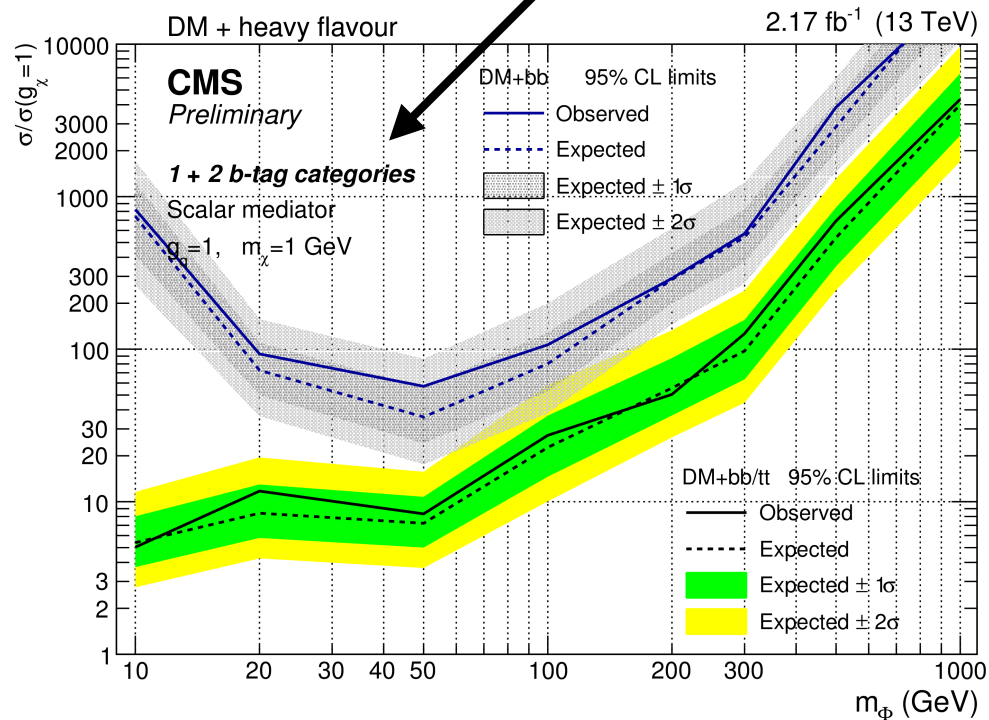
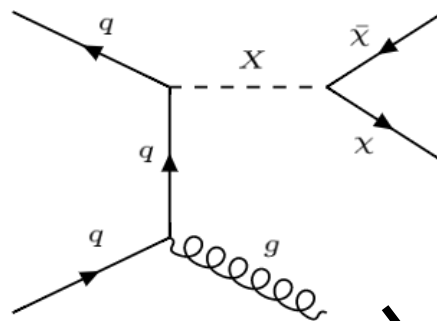
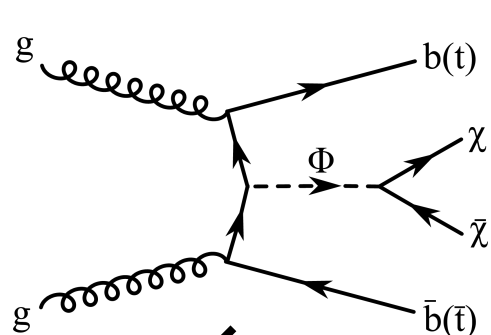


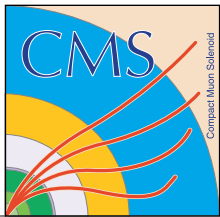


Generic dark matter searches

EXO-15-003, B2G-15-007

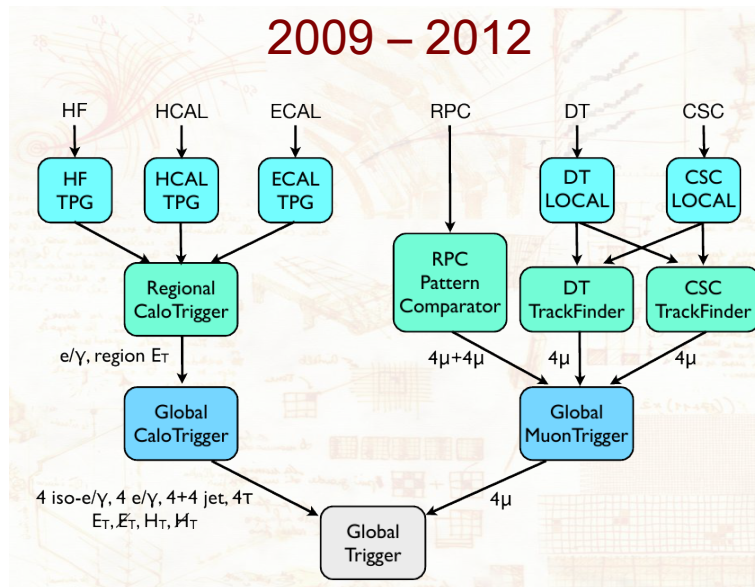
Final states: jet+mET, b+mET



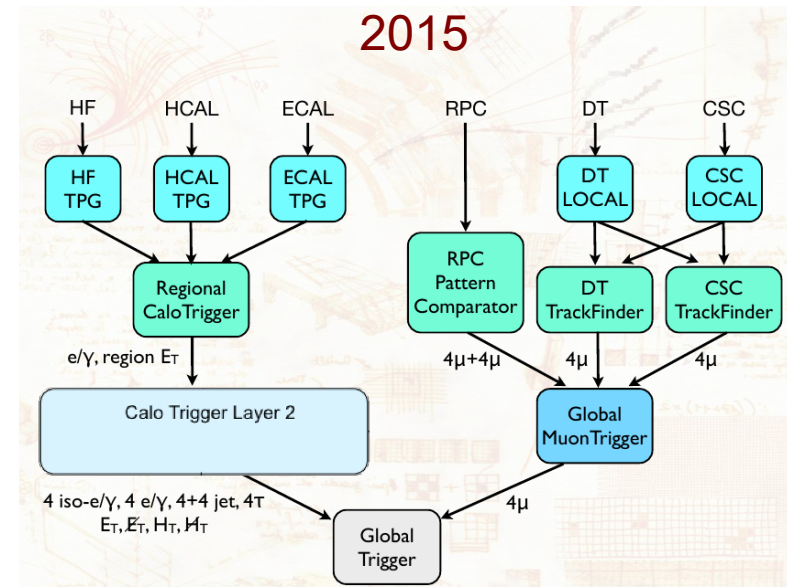


Trigger upgrade

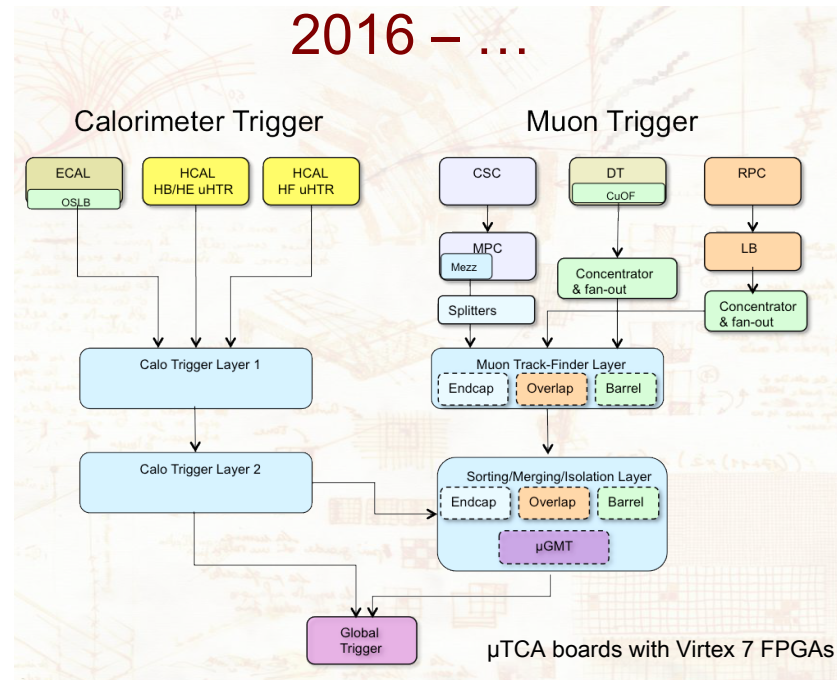
2009 – 2012

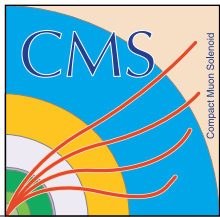


2015



2016 – ...





CMS news from YETS 2015-2016

Level 1 Trigger “stage 2” upgrade:

- Faster readout with coarse granularity : new hardware for improved performance
- **uTCA global muon trigger:**
 - select 8 leading muon candidates
 - Muon fake rate reduction x2-3 with similar efficiency
- **L1 Calo trigger:**
 - Layer 1: build trigger towers from ECAL and HCAL inputs, applied position and energy dependent calibrations
 - Layer 2 : implements pattern recognition (jets,e,gamma,tau) and computes global quantities (mET, HT...)

Tracker: No major intervention, new calibration started.

ECAL: refurbishment of low voltage power supplies. Units installed and operated.

HCAL: several maintenance tasks. Commissioning of uTCA trigger.

Muon system: testing ongoing of the new crates

All detectors participating in mid-week global runs