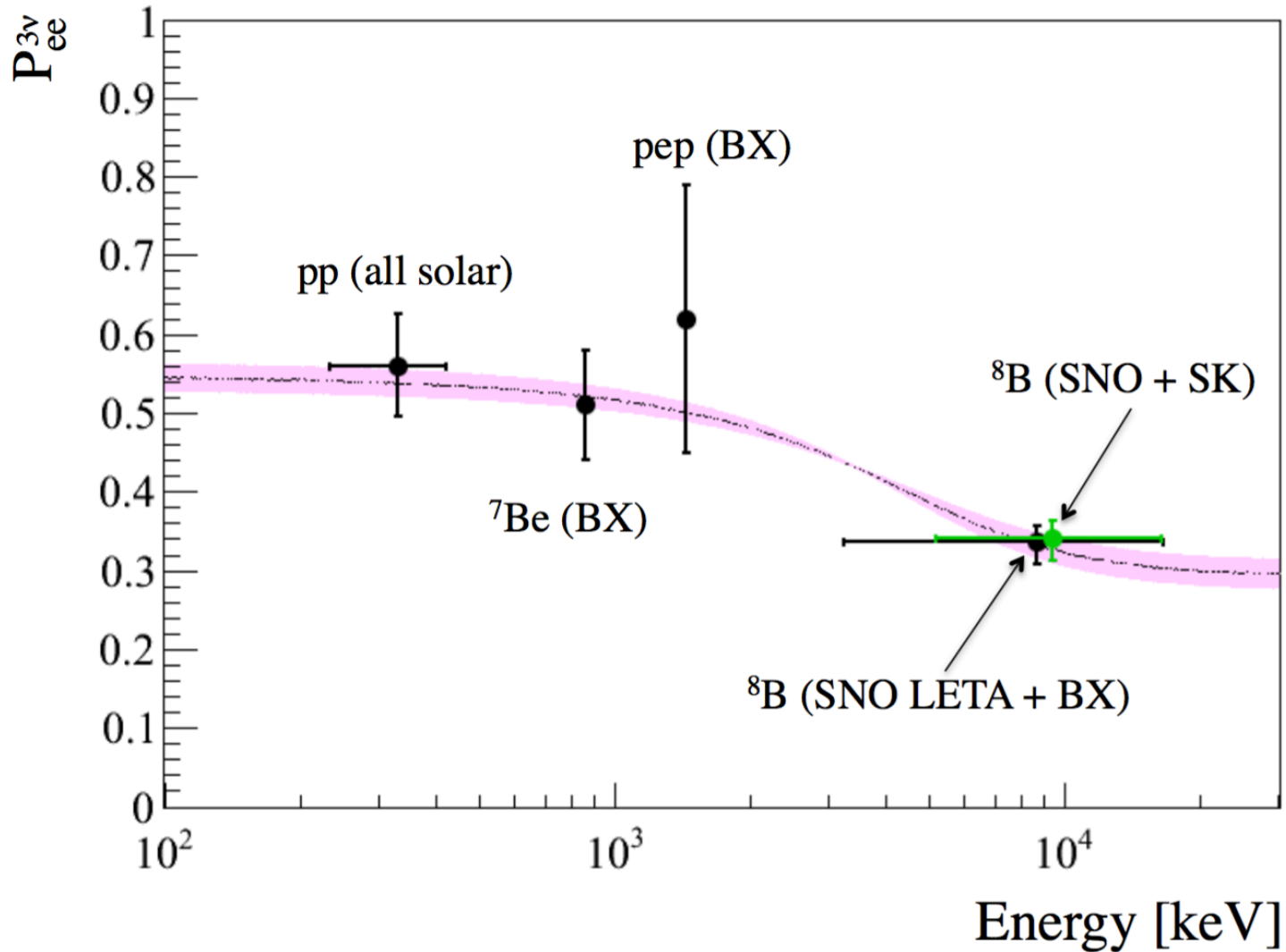


# Solar neutrino detection in a large volume double-phase liquid argon experiment

**Davide Franco**  
**APC**

GdR Neutrino  
4-5 November 2015

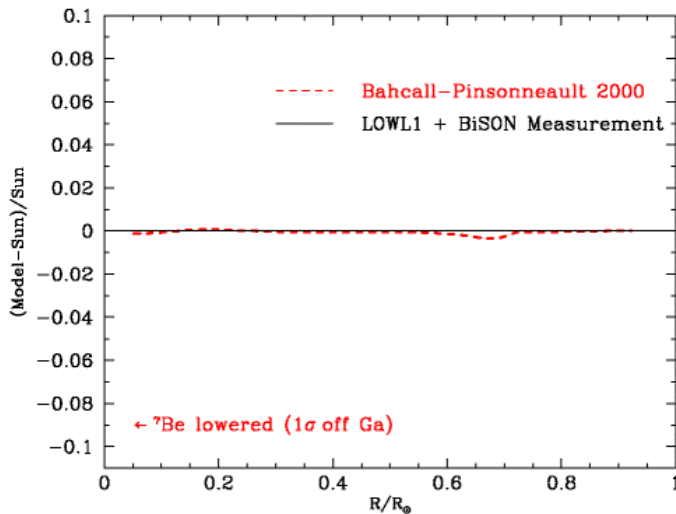
# The experimental status



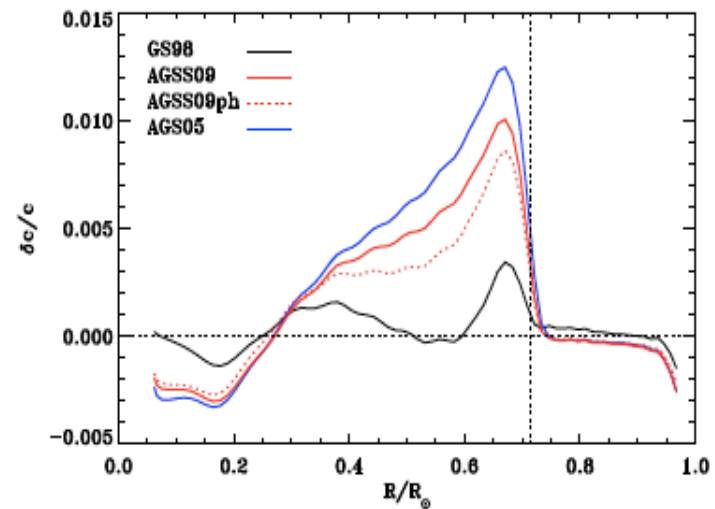
# The metallicity problem

The Standard Solar Model, based on the old metallicity derived by Grevesse and Sauval (Space Sci. Rev. **85**, 161 (1998)), was in **agreement within 0.5 in %** with the solar sound speed measured by helioseismology.

< 2004



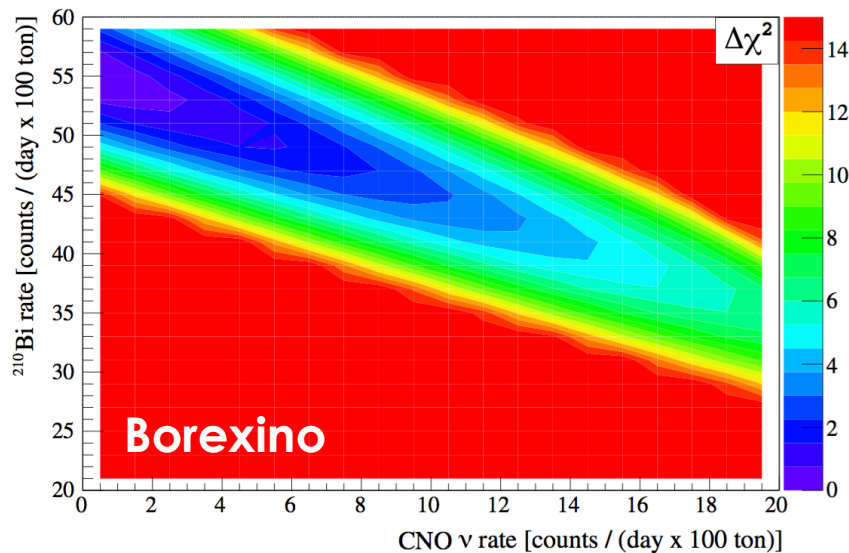
> 2004



Latest work by Asplund, Grevesse and Sauval (Nucl. Phys. A **777**, 1 (2006)) indicates a **lower** metallicity **by a factor ~2**. This result destroys the agreement with helioseismology

# ...and the CNO component

[cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]	<i>pp</i> (10 <sup>10</sup> )	<i>pep</i> (10 <sup>10</sup> )	<i>hep</i> (10 <sup>3</sup> )	<sup>7</sup> Be (10 <sup>9</sup> )	<sup>8</sup> B (10 <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>13</sup> N (10 <sup>8</sup> )	<sup>15</sup> O (10 <sup>8</sup> )	<sup>17</sup> F (10 <sup>6</sup> )
<b>GS98</b>	5.97	1.41	7.91	5.08	5.88	2.82	2.09	5.65
<b>AGS09</b>	6.03	1.44	8.18	4.64	4.85	2.07	1.47	3.48
<b>Δ</b>	<b>-1%</b>	<b>-2%</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>-9%</b>	<b>-18%</b>	<b>-27%</b>	<b>-30%</b>	<b>-48%</b>

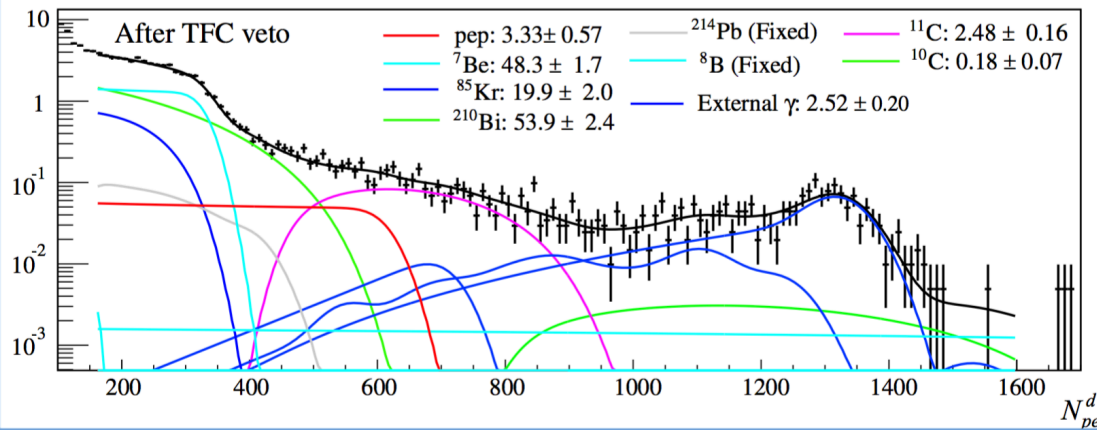


## Never observed

Borexino:  $<7.9 \cdot 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  (95% CL)

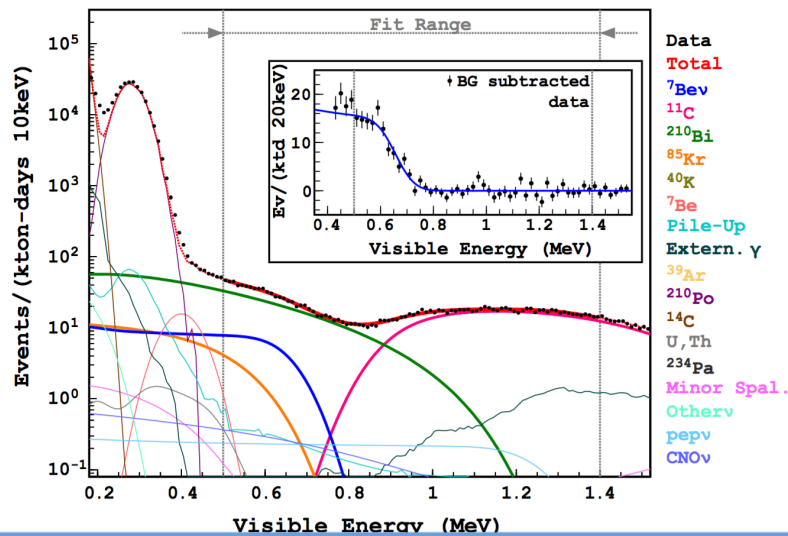
CNO neutrino (via elastic scattering) and <sup>210</sup>Bi have similar shapes: strong correlation in spectral fits

# CNO and $^{210}\text{Bi}$

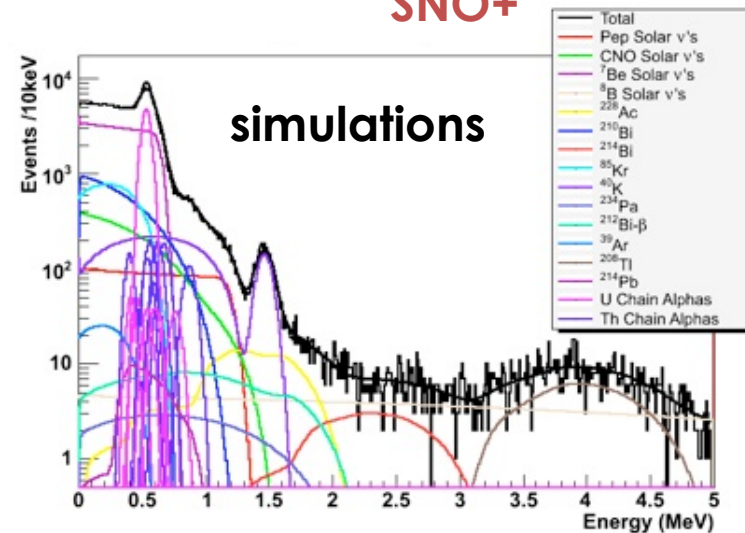


**Borexino** will attempt a new purification campaign to remove  $^{210}\text{Bi}$

## KamLAND



## SNO+



Difficult to reach the sensitivity to “observe” CNO and to disentangle the metallicity models with **scintillators**

# Two-Phase Liquid Argon TPC

## Liquid Argon:

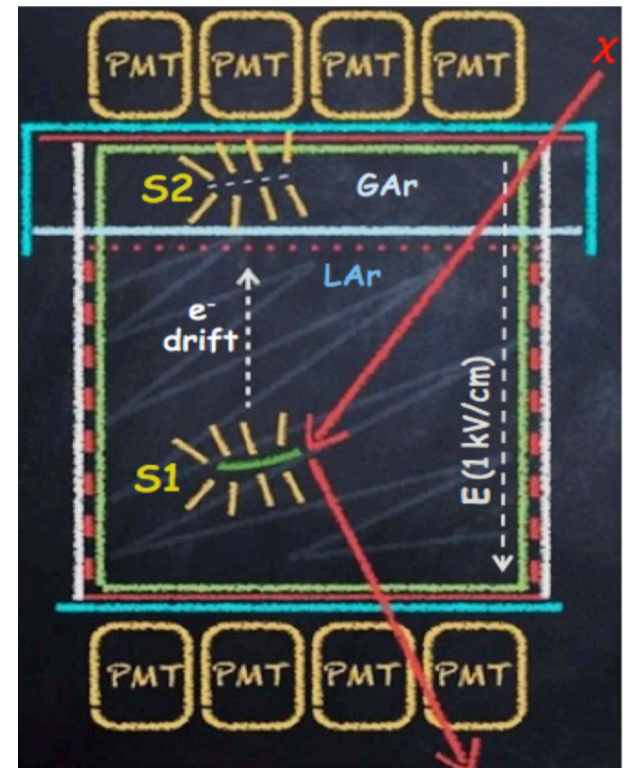
- Excellent **scintillator**: 40,000 photons / MeV
- It does **not bond** with chemical species
- It can be easily **purified** both in liquid and in gas phases
- Higher **intrinsic radio-purity** wrt organic liquid scintillators
- **Scalable** to multi-ton (hundreds of ton) mass targets
- Exceptional **PSD**

## Two-phase TPC:

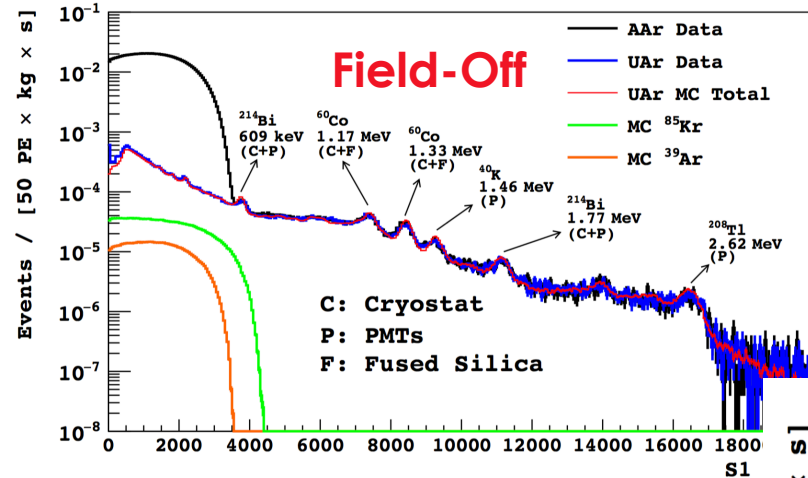
- Excellent **3D position** reconstruction
- Excellent identification and rejection of **multiple interactions**

Already planned for **Direct Dark Matter Search**

Ideal to observe **CNO neutrinos** via elastic scattering



# The $^{39}\text{Ar}$ issue after DS50



Depletion factor ~ 1400

This measurement came after this work. We used the old limit of  $^{39}\text{Ar} < 6.5 \text{ mBq/kg}$  (arXiv:1204.6011) equivalent to a depletion factor of **150**

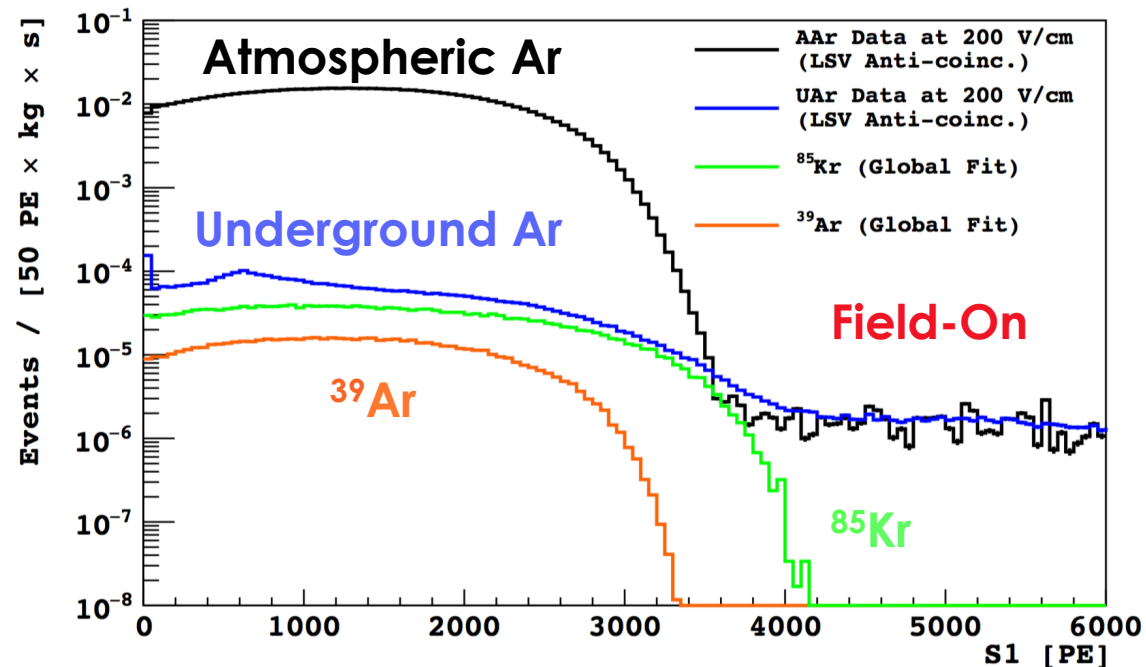
**Atmospheric Ar:**

$$^{39}\text{Ar}/^{40}\text{Ar} = 8 \times 10^{-16}$$

Rate ~ **1 Bq/kg**

**Underground Ar:**

Rate ~ **0.7 mBq/kg**



DS Collaboration: arXiv:1510.00702

# Detector Assumptions

Assumed  $^{39}\text{Ar}$  activity: **6 mBq / kg** ( $^{39}\text{Ar}$  Q-value: 565 keV)

## Energy resolution

DS50: ~**7,000 pe/MeV**@200 V/cm

DS50: ~**8,500 pe/MeV**@0 V/cm

MicroCLEAN: ~**6,000 pe/MeV**@0 V/cm

MicroCLEAN has demonstrated **linear energy response** within **2%** above 40 keV



**RoI: > 600 keV**

(0  $^{39}\text{Ar}$  events expected in 400 tonne year)

Conservative LY assumed in this work:

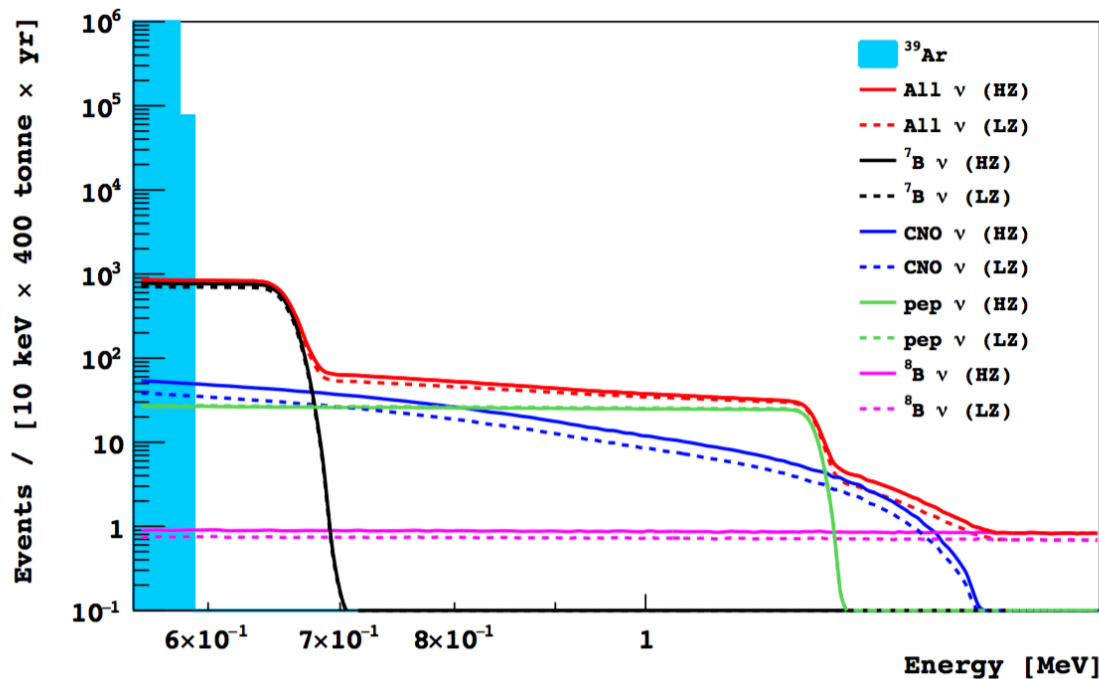
**6,000 pe/MeV** @200 V/cm

Full capability to discriminate multiple interactions if  **$\Delta z > 2 \text{ mm}$**



# Solar Neutrino Rate

Neutrino Source	Low Metallicity (LZ)		High Metallicity (HZ)	
	All	[0.6-1.3] MeV	All	[0.6-1.3] MeV
$pp$	$107.9 \pm 2.0$	0	$107.0 \pm 2.0$	0
$pep$	$2.28 \pm 0.05$	$1.10 \pm 0.02$	$2.23 \pm 0.05$	$1.07 \pm 0.02$
${}^7\text{Be}$	$36.10 \pm 2.60$	$2.85 \pm 0.21$	$39.58 \pm 2.85$	$3.13 \pm 0.23$
CNO	$3.06 \pm 0.30$	$0.64 \pm 0.06$	$4.28 \pm 0.44$	$0.90 \pm 0.09$
${}^8\text{B}$	$0.30 \pm 0.04$	$0.035 \pm 0.005$	$0.36 \pm 0.06$	$0.042 \pm 0.007$
Total	cpd / 100 tonne			
	$4.63 \pm 0.22$		$5.14 \pm 0.25$	



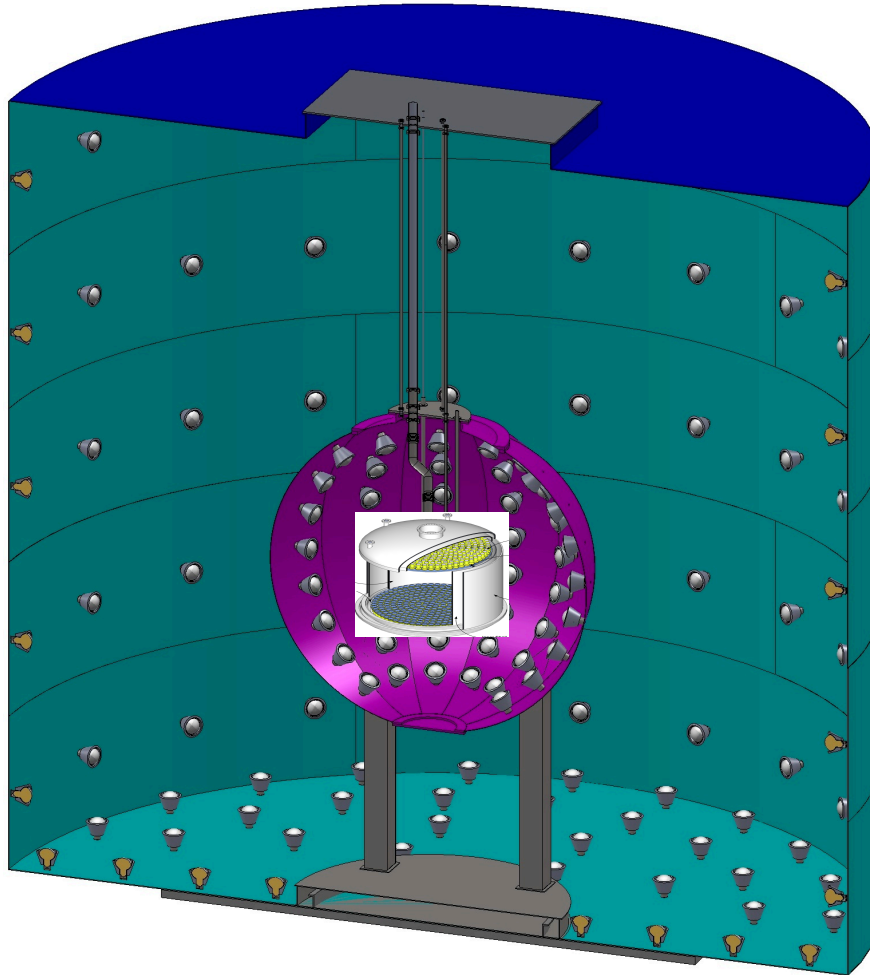
In 400 tonne year in the Rol:

**${}^7\text{Be}$ : ~4,400 events**

**$pep$ : ~1,600 events**

**CNO: ~1,100 events**

# The Detector



(not a scaled plot)

## TPC

3 m height  
3.3 m radius  
150 tonne mass  
3 cm thick teflon envelop  
2 cm gas pocket  
2 mm thick SiPM on top/bottom

## Cryostat

3.2 m height  
3.5 m radius  
3 mm thick stainless steel

## Liquid scintillator veto

6 m radius  
3 mm thick stainless steel

## Water veto

17 m height  
8 m radius

# Background Sources

Source	Origin	From	Comment
<b><math>^{42}\text{Ar}</math>-<math>^{42}\text{K}</math></b>	Anthropogenic	LAr	Not present in UAr – Observed by GERDA in AAr
<b><math>^{85}\text{Kr}</math></b>	Anthropogenic??	LAr	Observed (very recently) by DS50 in UAr
<b>Induced by cosmic rays</b>	Cosmogenic	LAr	
<b>Radon</b>	Natural	Liquid/gaseous argon circulation loop	
<b>External Bg</b>	Natural	Detector components (mostly steel and teflon)	

Isotope	Half life	Decay Mode	Q-value [keV]	Activity [cpd/100 t]
---------	-----------	------------	------------------	-------------------------

## Cosmic muons at LNGS:

- 3800 mwe depth
- 283 GeV mean energy
- Energy and angular distributions from MACRO
- Flux:  $1.14 \mu / \text{hr} / \text{m}^2$
- $\mu^+/\mu^- = 1.38$

<sup>9</sup> C	126.5 ms	$\beta^+$	16494.8	$4.84\text{e-}03 \pm 2.42\text{e-}03$
<sup>10</sup> C	19.290 s	$\beta^+$	2929.62	$8.47\text{e-}03 \pm 3.20\text{e-}03$
<sup>11</sup> C	1221.8 s	$\beta^+$	1982.4	$5.44\text{e-}02 \pm 8.11\text{e-}03$
<sup>14</sup> C	5700 y	$\beta^-$	156.475	$8.42\text{e-}06 \pm 1.11\text{e-}06$
<sup>15</sup> C	2.449 s	$\beta^-$	9771.7	$1.21\text{e-}02 \pm 3.82\text{e-}03$
<sup>16</sup> C	0.747 s	$\beta^-$	7891.58	$1.21\text{e-}03 \pm 1.21\text{e-}03$
<sup>12</sup> N	11.000 ms	$\beta^+$	17338.1	$1.21\text{e-}03 \pm 1.21\text{e-}03$
<sup>13</sup> N	9.965 min	$\beta^+$	2220.49	$3.63\text{e-}03 \pm 2.09\text{e-}03$
<sup>16</sup> N	7.13 s	$\beta^-$	10419.1	$3.87\text{e-}02 \pm 6.84\text{e-}03$
<sup>17</sup> N	4.173 s	$\beta^-$	8680	$1.21\text{e-}02 \pm 3.82\text{e-}03$
<sup>18</sup> N	624 ms	$\beta^-$	11916.9	$1.21\text{e-}03 \pm 1.21\text{e-}03$
<sup>14</sup> O	70.606 s	$\beta^+$	5143.04	$1.21\text{e-}03 \pm 1.21\text{e-}03$
<sup>15</sup> O	122.24 s	$\beta^+$	2754	$2.06\text{e-}02 \pm 4.99\text{e-}03$
<sup>19</sup> O	26.88 s	$\beta^-$	4819.6	$1.09\text{e-}02 \pm 3.63\text{e-}03$
<sup>20</sup> O	13.51 s	$\beta^-$	2757.45	$6.05\text{e-}03 \pm 2.70\text{e-}03$

Isotope	Half Life	Decay Mode	Q-value [keV]	Activity [cpd/100 t]
---------	-----------	------------	------------------	-------------------------

			4812.36	$4.84\text{e-}03 \pm 2.42\text{e-}03$
			1491.5	$2.33\text{e-}01 \pm 1.68\text{e-}02$
			227.2	$1.26\text{e-}03 \pm 1.15\text{e-}04$
			5845	$1.69\text{e-}02 \pm 4.53\text{e-}03$

<sup>30</sup> S	1.178 s	EC
<sup>31</sup> S	2.5534 s	EC
<sup>35</sup> S	87.37 d	$\beta^-$
<sup>37</sup> S	5.05 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>38</sup> S	170.3 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>39</sup> S	11.5 s	$\beta^-$
<sup>34</sup> Cl	1.5266 s	EC
<sup>38</sup> Cl	37.230 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>39</sup> Cl	55.6 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>40</sup> Cl	1.35 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>35</sup> Ar	1.7756 s	EC
<sup>37</sup> Ar	35.011 d	EC
<sup>39</sup> Ar	269 y	$\beta^-$
<sup>41</sup> Ar	109.61 min	$\beta^-$
<sup>38</sup> K	7.636 min	EC

Isotope	Half Life	Decay Mode	Q-value [keV]	Activity [cpd/100 t]
---------	-----------	------------	------------------	-------------------------

<sup>17</sup> F	64.49 s	$\beta^+$	2760.8	$3.63\text{e-}03 \pm 2.09\text{e-}03$
<sup>18</sup> F	109.77 min	$\beta^+$	1655.5	$4.11\text{e-}02 \pm 7.05\text{e-}03$
<sup>20</sup> F	11.163 s	$\beta^-$	7024.53	$3.99\text{e-}02 \pm 6.95\text{e-}03$

## Simulations:

- Isotopes production with **FLUKA: known to be accurate within a factor 2**
- Generated 3 m above the tank, through 0.7 m of rock
- Muon showers and short lived isotopes (<1 ms) vetoed
- Production of **84 isotopes**
- Each of them **tracked with Geant4**

	813.87	$1.48\text{e+}00 \pm 4.16\text{e-}02$
	565	$4.02\text{e-}02 \pm 4.84\text{e-}04$
	2491.61	$2.23\text{e+}01 \pm 1.64\text{e-}01$
	5913.86	$7.26\text{e-}03 \pm 2.96\text{e-}03$

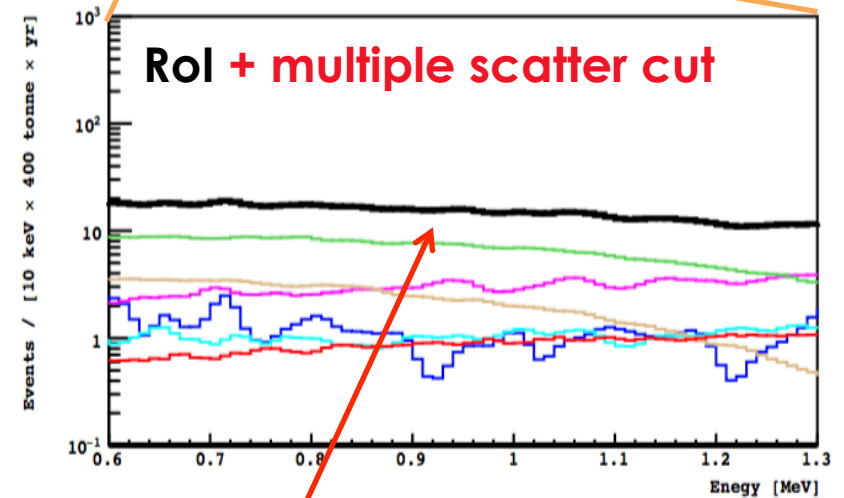
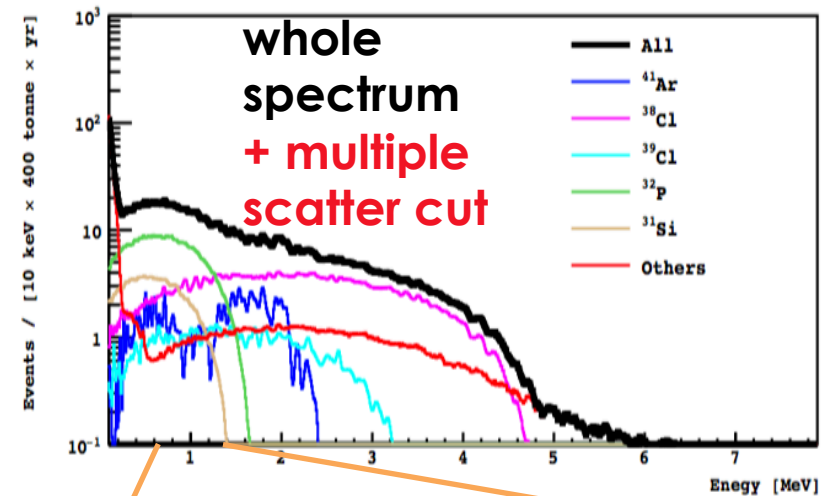
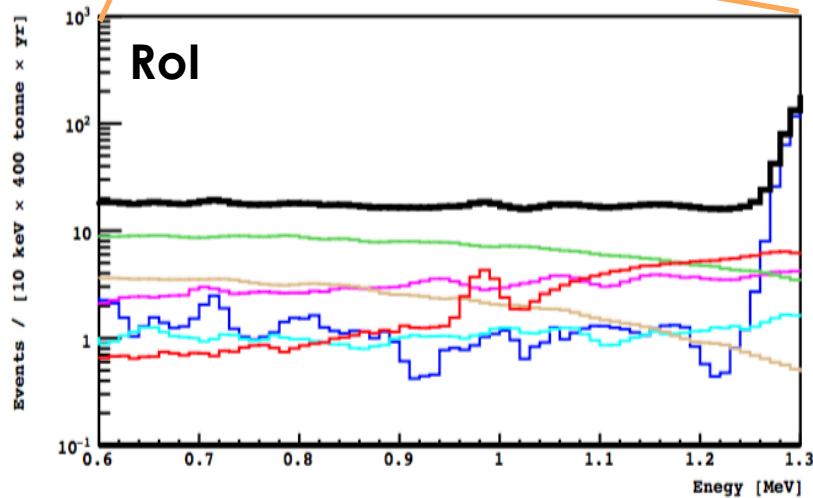
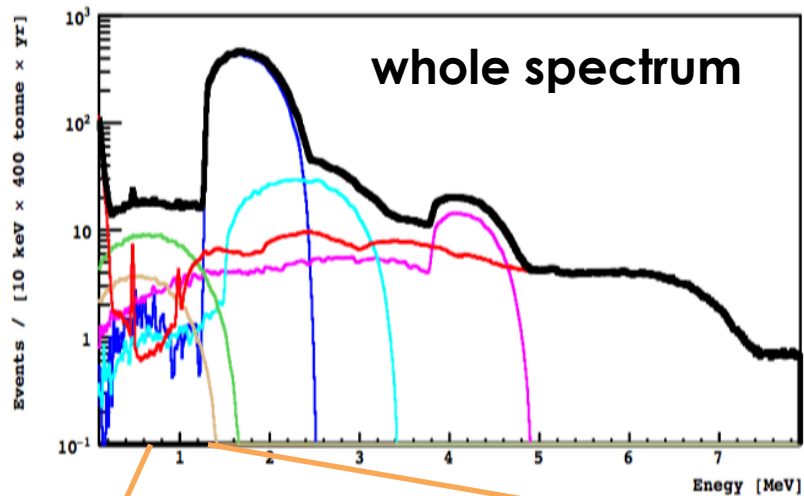
<sup>30</sup> Al	3.62 s	$\beta^-$	6325.68	$2.78\text{e-}02 \pm 5.80\text{e-}03$
<sup>31</sup> Al	644 ms	$\beta^-$	5205.97	$2.42\text{e-}03 \pm 1.71\text{e-}03$
<sup>32</sup> Al	33.0 ms	$\beta^-$	13020	$1.21\text{e-}03 \pm 1.21\text{e-}03$

# Cosmogenics: a summary

Isotope	Half Life	Decay Mode	Q-value [MeV]	Rate	
				Entire Range	[0.6-1.3] MeV
$^{41}\text{Ar}$	109.61 min	$\beta^-$	2.492	0.213	0.054
$^{38}\text{Cl}$	37.230 min	$\beta^-$	4.917	0.815	0.147
$^{39}\text{Cl}$	55.6 min	$\beta^-$	3.442	0.173	0.051
$^{32}\text{P}$	14.268 d	$\beta^-$	1.711	0.636	0.332
$^{34}\text{P}$	12.43 s	$\beta^-$	5.383	0.145	0.021
$^{31}\text{Si}$	157.36 min	$\beta^-$	1.492	0.229	0.106
Others				1.897	0.022
Total	cpd / 100 tonne			4.108	0.733

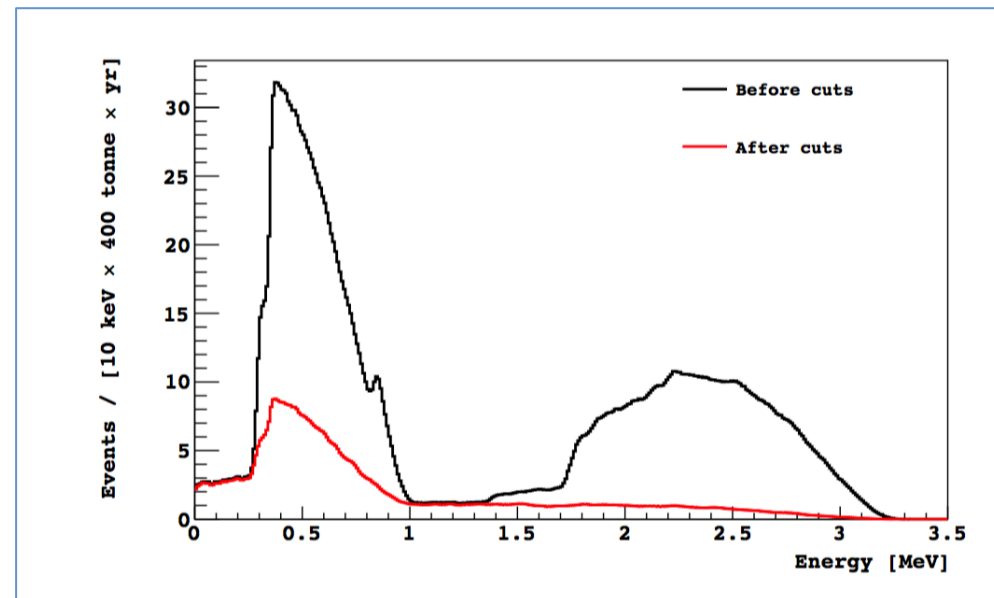
S/B ~ 7

# Cosmogenics

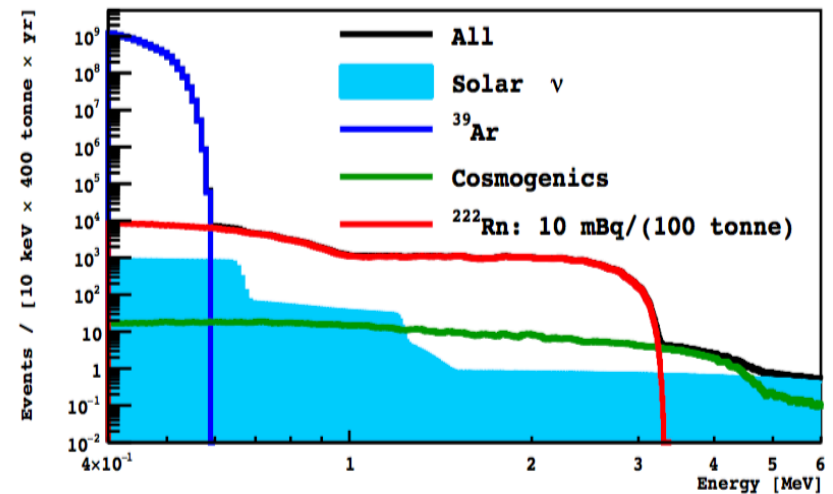
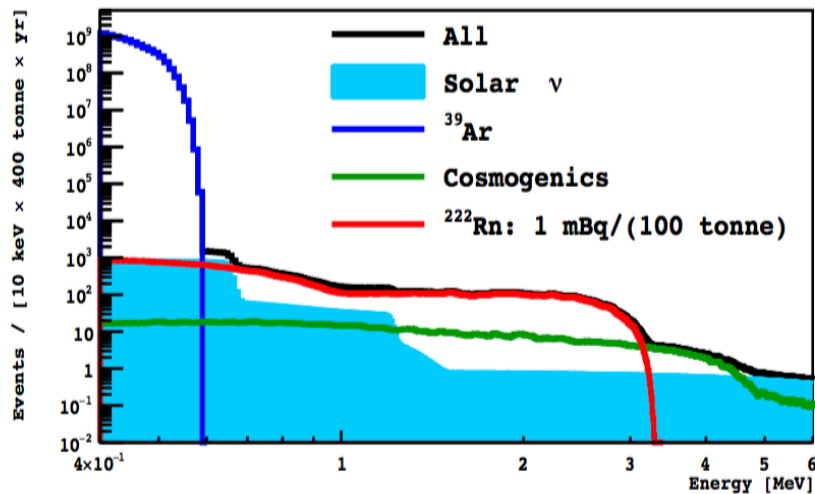
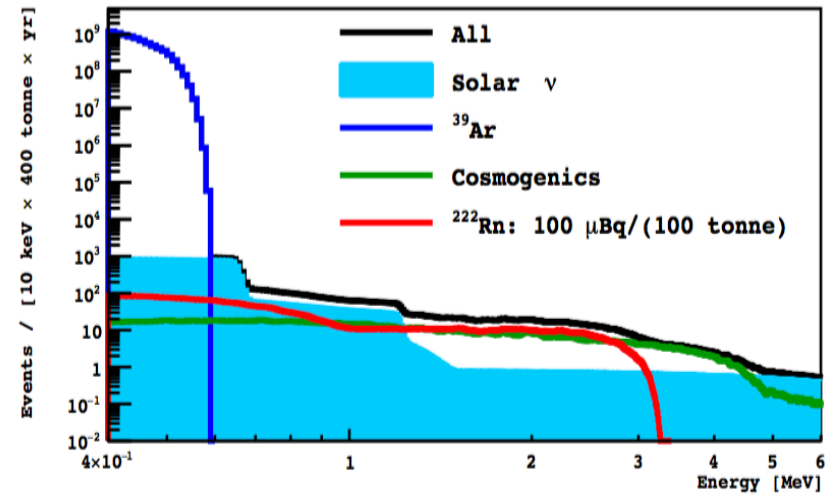
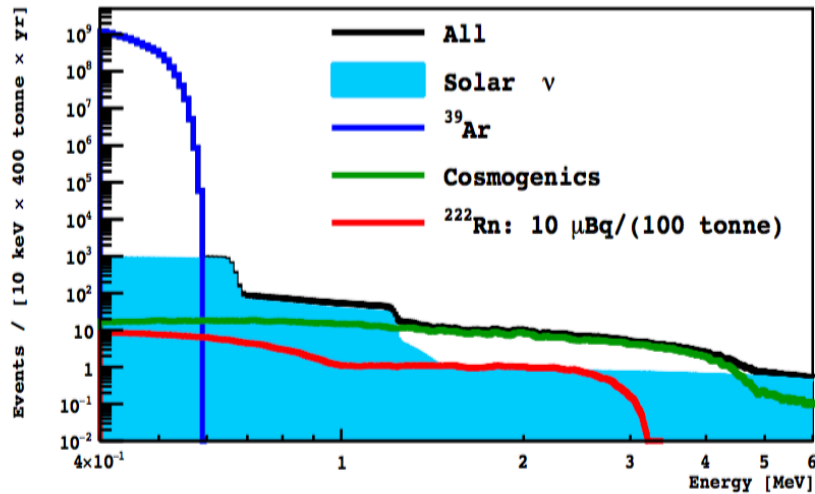


**Almost linear**

- $^{222}\text{Rn}$  diffuses by **purification loop** of the cryogenic and gas handling system
- Cold-charcoal traps: fractions of the  $\mu\text{Bq}$  in  $1 \text{ m}^3$  in GAR
- Potentially, with **cryogenic adsorption** technique: **< 1 mBq/100 tonne**
- Alpha's efficiently rejected with **PSD**
- **6.9%** of  $^{214}\text{Pb}$  and **5.9%** of  $^{214}\text{Bi}$  **survive** to the cuts
- $^{214}\text{Bi-Po}$  coincidence is here assumed with **60%** efficiency



# Radon





# External Background

Source	Origin	Attenuation length [cm]	Survived Fraction	
			without FV	with FV
$^{40}\text{K}$	Photosensors	3.9	$0.3 \times 10^{-2}$	$1 \times 10^{-6}$
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	Photosensors	4.2	$1.1 \times 10^{-2}$	$9 \times 10^{-6}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$	Photosensors	3.6	$0.7 \times 10^{-2}$	$2 \times 10^{-6}$
$^{60}\text{Co}$	Cryostat	5.1	$0.1 \times 10^{-2}$	$3 \times 10^{-6}$

FV = 30 cm cut from the TPC walls

Only  $^{60}\text{Co}$  is an issue

Assuming the lowest  $^{60}\text{Co}$  activity in literature in stainless steel (6.6 mBq/kg)  $\Rightarrow$  1.7 cpd / tonne expected in the FV after the cuts

Definitive solution to  $^{60}\text{Co}$  is a **titanium cryostat**

**External background is here considered negligible**

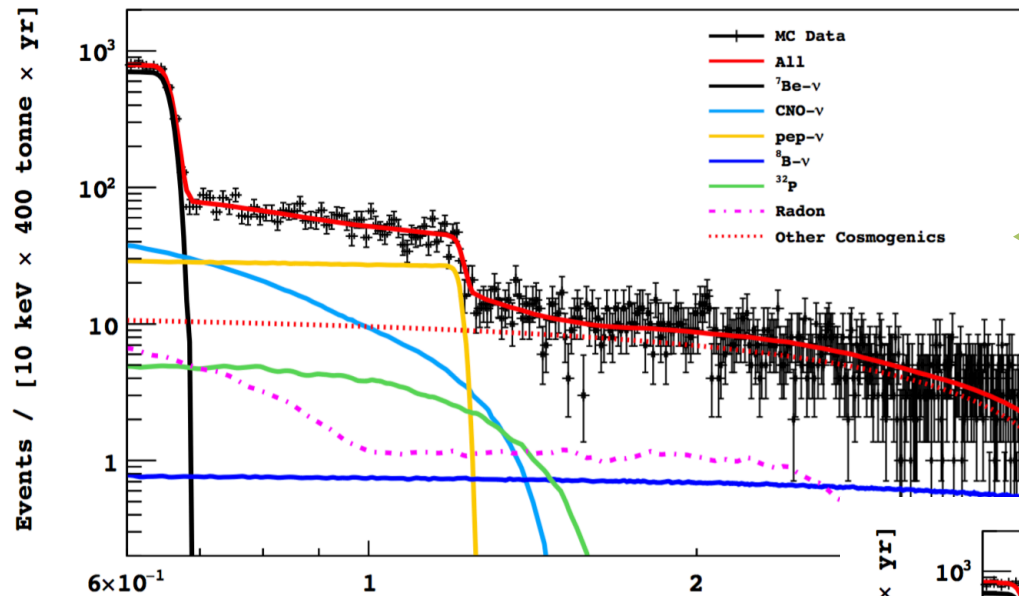
## Toy MC Strategy

- **10,000** samples of simulated data for each radon activity
- Poisson statistics corresponding to a **400 tonne yr exposure**
- Each signal and bg component **independently** generated
- Repeated for each **metallicity** model
- detector resolution for a light yield of **6,000 pe/MeV**

## Fit Strategy

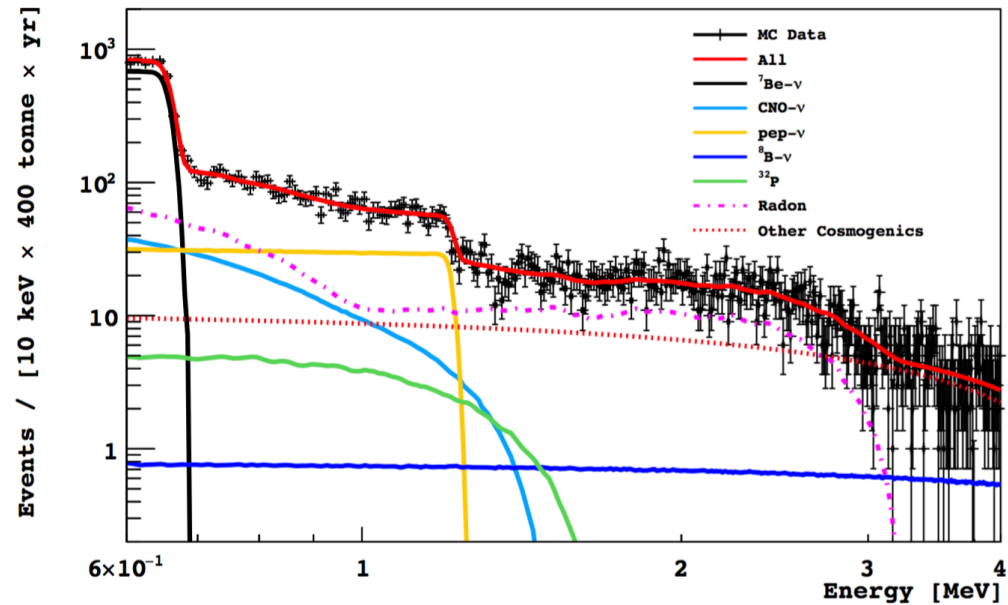
- binned likelihood with **ROOFIT**
- Radon activity varied from **10 to 200  $\mu\text{Bq}$  / 100 tonne**
- **Radon** amplitude **weighted** by the uncertainty on the BiPo coincidences (60% efficiency)
- Cosmogenics modeled with **1st degree polynomial** (2 free parameters) +  **$^{32}\text{P}$**

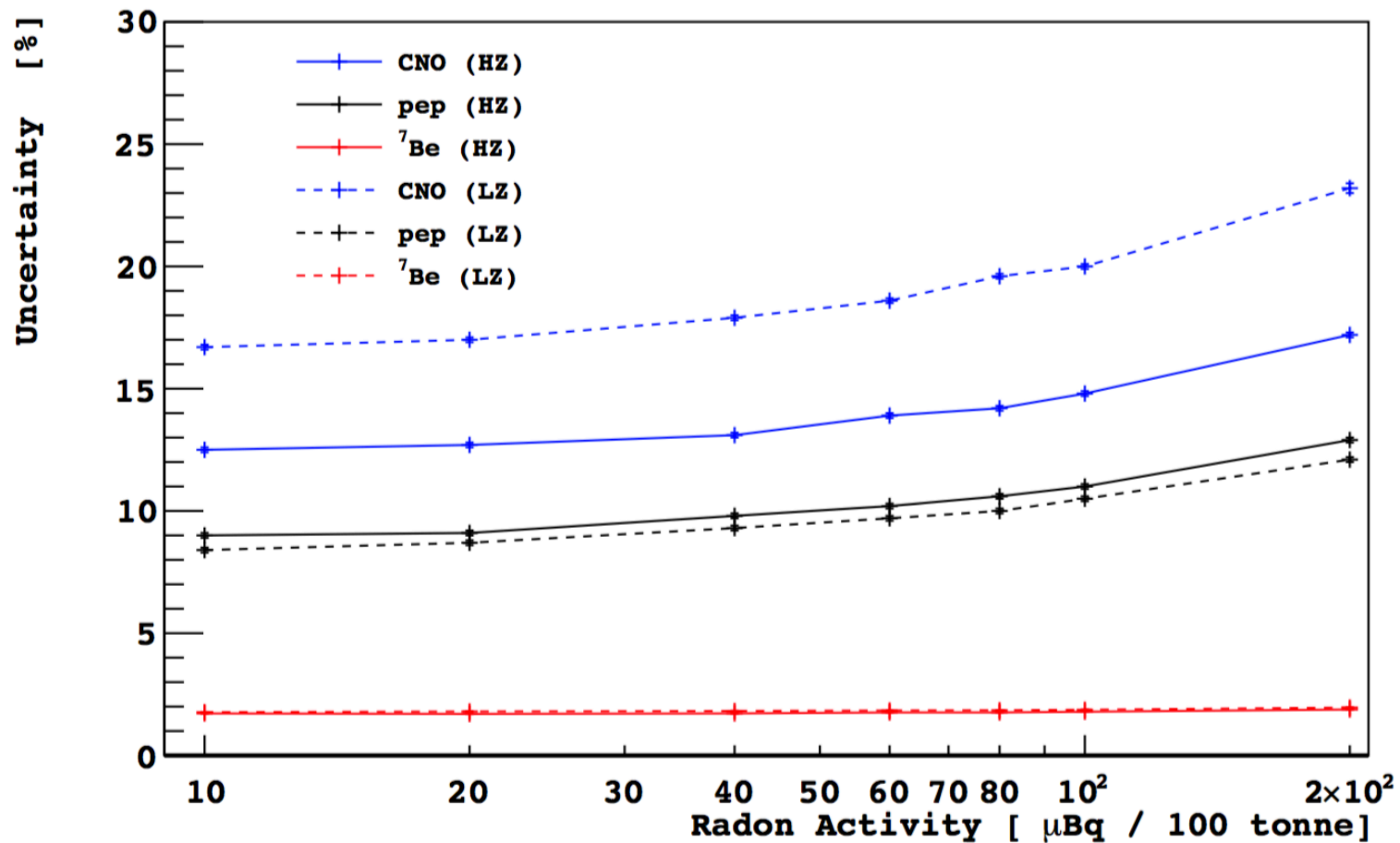
# Fit to the toy MC samples



Radon  
 $10 \mu\text{Bq}/100 \text{ tonne}$

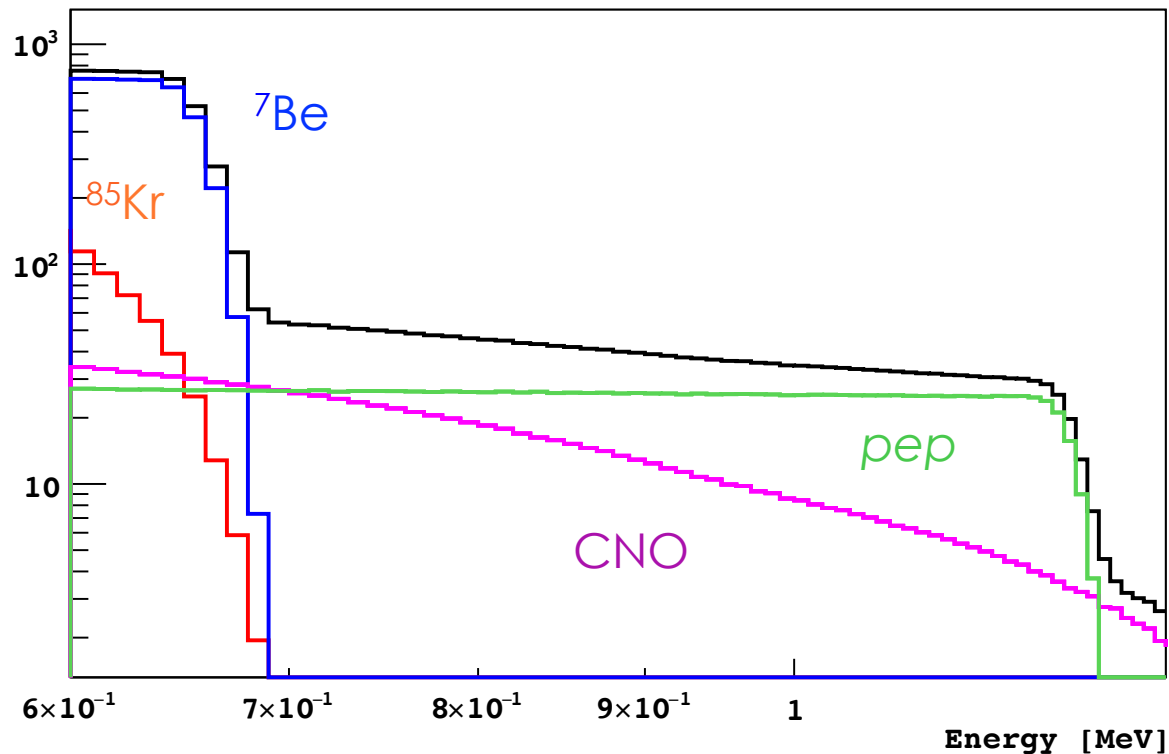
Radon  
 $100 \mu\text{Bq}/100 \text{ tonne}$





CNO amplitude dominated by systematics  $>200 \mu\text{Bq} / 100 \text{ tonne}$

$^{85}\text{Kr}$  affects only the  $^7\text{Be}$  measurement (Q-value: 687 keV)



Fixing radon activity to  $10 \mu\text{Bq}/100 \text{ tonne}$ , we tested  $^{85}\text{Kr}$  contamination at **1, 10 and  $100 \mu\text{Bq}/100 \text{ tonne}$** :  $^7\text{Be}$  uncertainty changes to **2%, 3.5%, and 5%**, respectively

**High accuracy** on the energy scale and on the position reconstruction (systematics at percent level) -> **Only  $^7\text{Be}$  affected**

## Main systematics from the cosmogenic fitting model

To test the model, **each cosmogenic** component activity was **randomly varied within a factor 2**. The toy MC and fitting procedure was then repeated for two cases: radon contaminations at 10 and 100  $\mu\text{Bq}/100$  tonne.

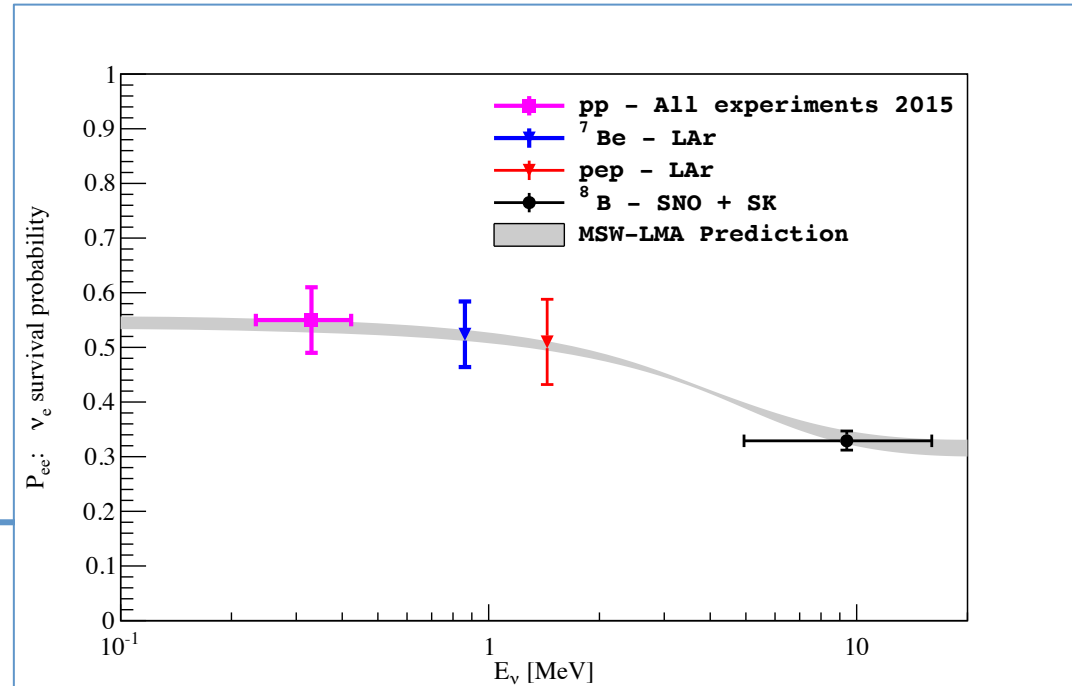
**No differences with respect to the already quoted results**

**Percent level overall systematic: achievable**

# Impact of the results

Assuming accuracies at:

- ${}^7\text{Be}$ : 2%
- *pep*: 10%
- CNO: 15%



## Potential Goals:

- Observation of CNO ( $>5\sigma$ )
- Determination of the **C and N** content **in the Sun** at 16.5% level (currently at 25%)
- S17 ( ${}^7\text{Be}(p,\gamma){}^8\text{B}$ ) precision from 12% to 8% (one of the input parameters of the SSM)
- Good potential in discriminating between **metallicity** models

Two-phase LAr TPC with 100 tonne fiducial mass already on the DarkSide roadmap (**ARGO**) for direct dark matter search

Exceptional **radio-purity** and **resolutions**

**Strong potential** in solar neutrino physics

Background can be kept under control. **Need some effort** especially for radon and external background.

More details in  
**arXiv:1510.04196**

## Solar neutrino detection in a large volume double-phase liquid argon experiment

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