# Wide Composite Vector Resonances at the LHC

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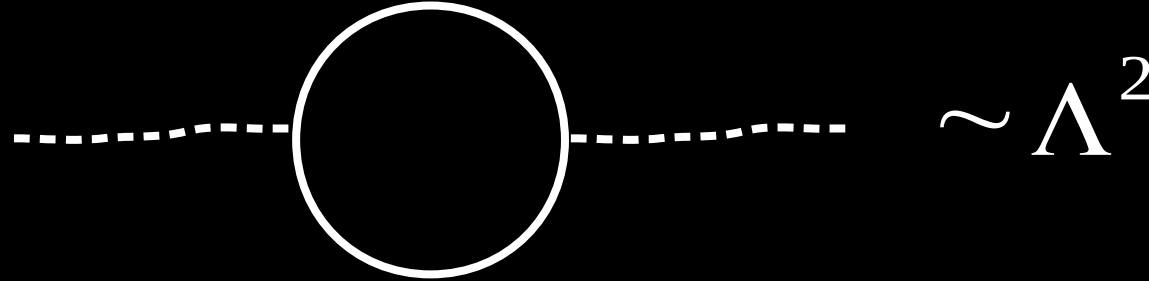Barducci and Delaunay: 1511.01101 [hep-ph]

# Outline

- Naturalness and the Composite Higgs paradigm

- Composite Higgs at the LHC

- Bounding elusive partners: status and prospects

- Conclusions

# Naturalness and Composite Higgs

$$\sim \Lambda^2$$

- Naturalness considerations are still on of the main guidance for the search of BSM Physics at the LHC

- In the SM no symmetries are protecting the 125 GeV scalar from quadrative divergent radiative corrections

- NP contributions are required to stabilise the EW scale

- A moderate level of fine tuning requires NP to lie at the TeV scale

- The Goldstone symmetry guarantees lightness of scalars

# Naturalness and Composite Higgs

## General idea

- The Higgs is a bound state of a new strongly interacting sector at a scale f >> v with a cut-off scale ~10 TeV [Georgi and Kaplan '84]

- The lightness of the Higgs is ensured by its pseudo GB nature

- Strong sector resonances stabilise the Higgs mass at the EW scale

## Concrete realisations

- SO(5)/SO(4) coset ensures 4 Gbs and a custodial symmetry: MCHM [Agashe et al. '05]

- Two sets of composite resonances below the theory cut off:
  - Spin one states, $\rho^o, \rho^{\pm}$
  - Spin one half states, vector like top partners

- Non minimal cosets can provide extra scalars and DM candidate

# Naturalness and Composite Higgs
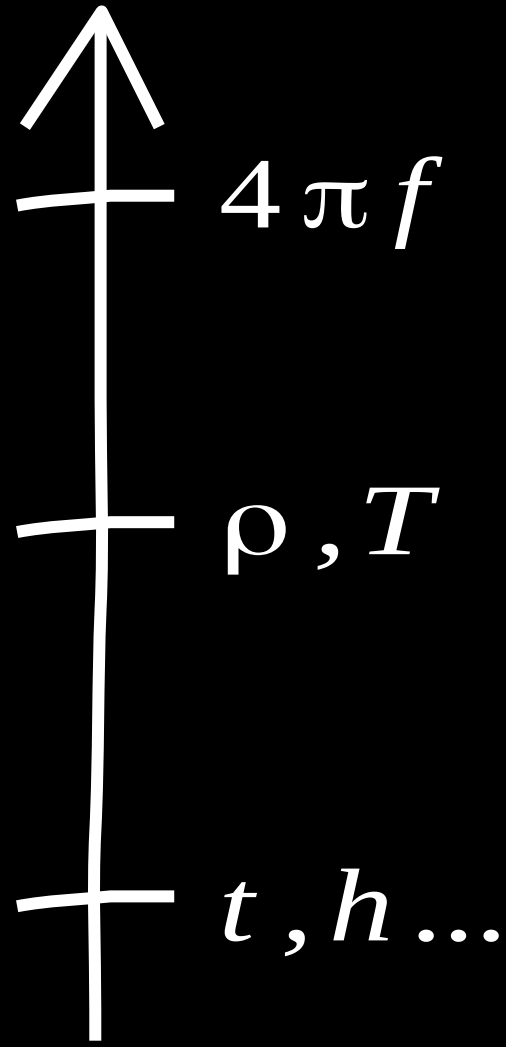
# A minimal Lagrangian for a Composite Higgs

[For a comprehensive review see Panico and Wulzer '15]

$$L \supset \frac{f^2}{4} d_\mu^2 - \frac{1}{4} \rho_{\mu\nu}^2 + \frac{M_\rho^2}{2} (\rho_\mu - \hat{e}_\mu / g_\rho)^2 + \bar{\Psi} (i\hat{D} - M) \Psi + \bar{t}_R \hat{D} t_R$$

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  - $(T,B)_{1/6}$ $(X,T)_{7/6}$

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  [Kaplan '91]

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> Rich phenomenology to be explored at the LHC
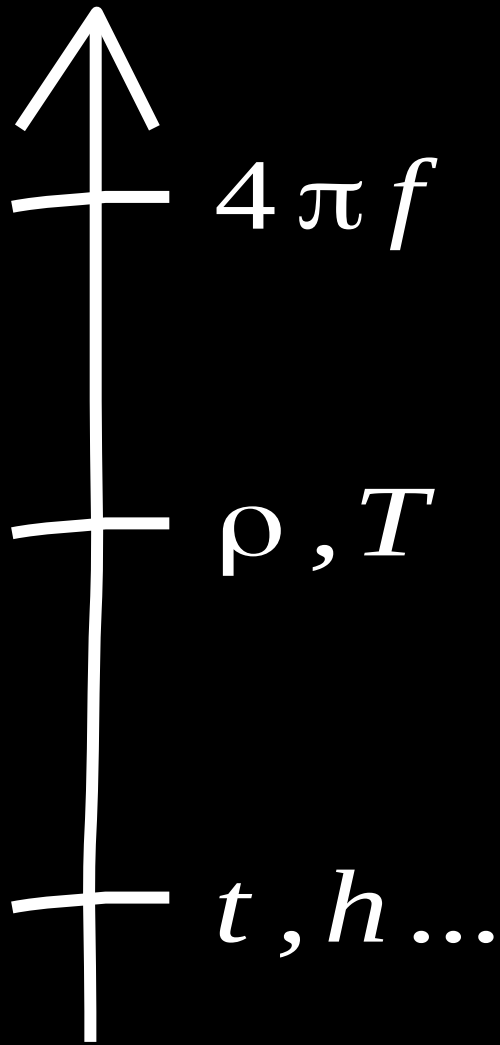
# Composite Higgs at the LHC

[For a comprehensive review see Panico and Wulzer '15]

- Modifications of the Higgs signal rates, controlled by $\xi \equiv v^2/f^2$

- DY and diboson production of $\rho$ resonances: (semi)leptonic final states
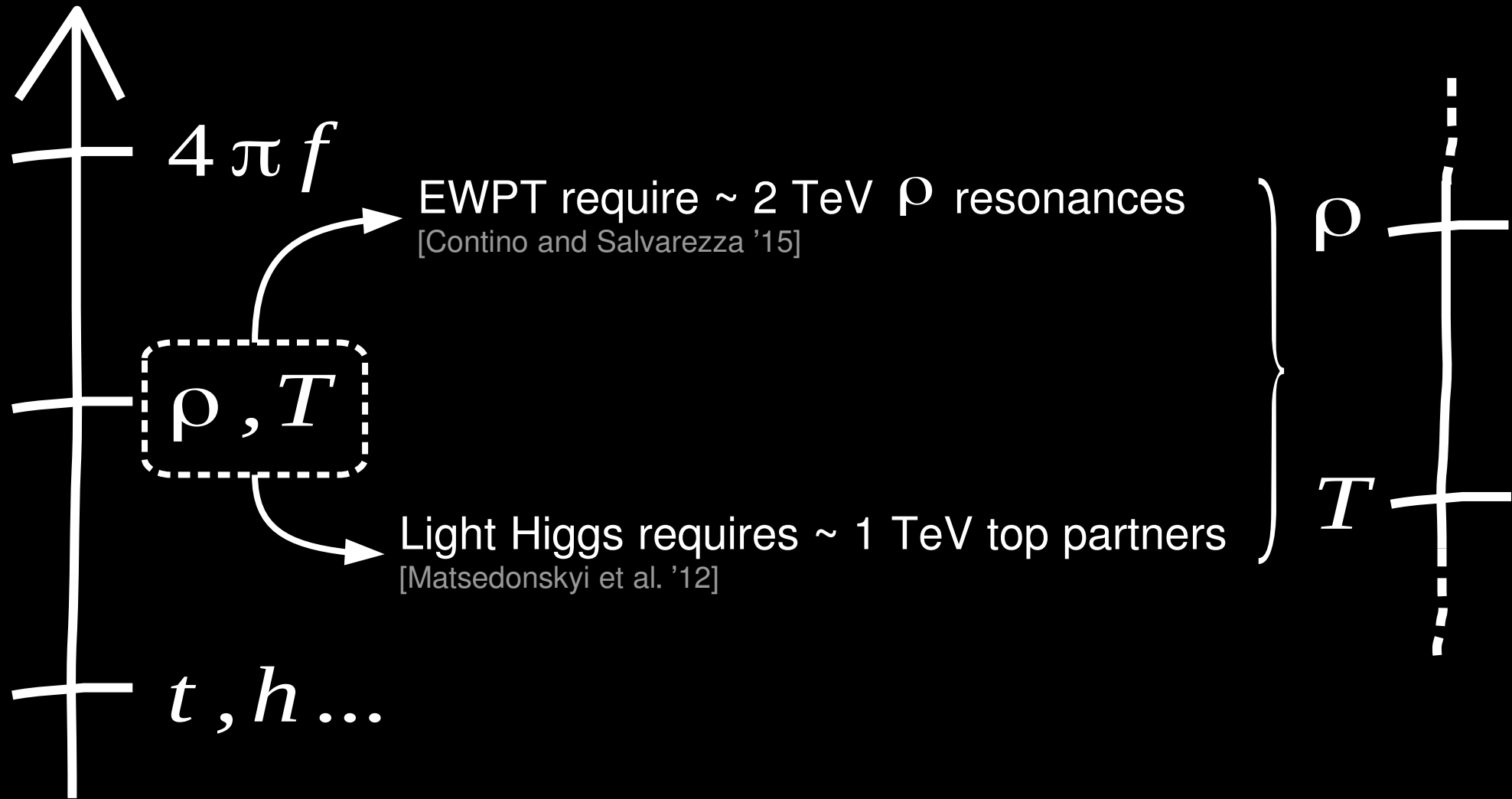
- Pair and single production of VLQs
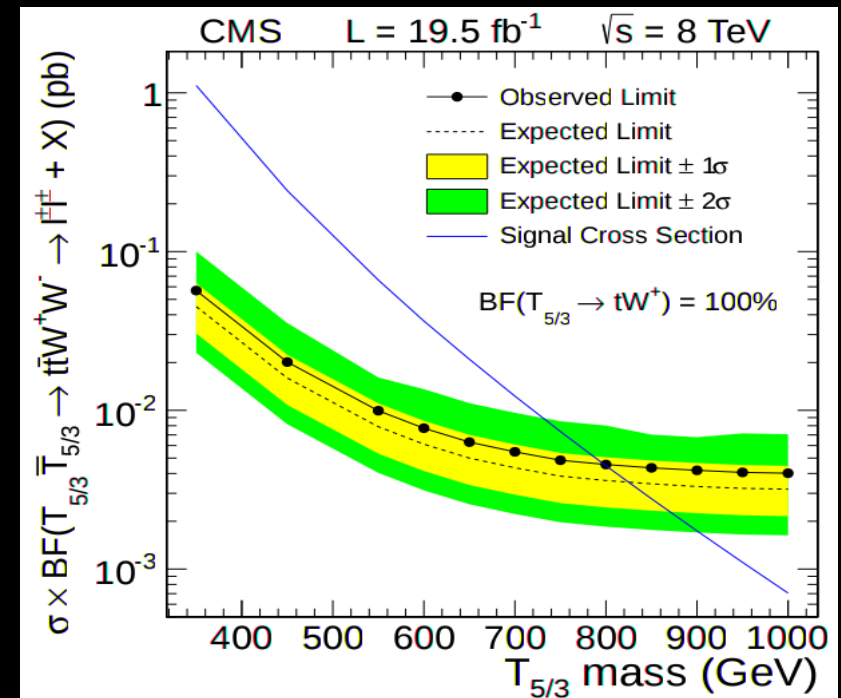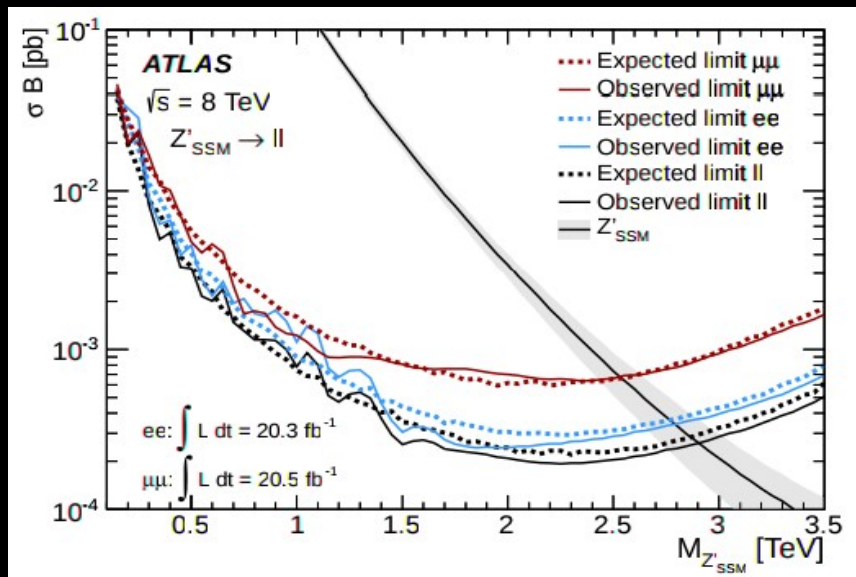


- Limits on $\rho$ resonances ~ 2 TeV, essentially from dilepton

- Limits on VLQs ~ 800 GeV, essentially from pair production
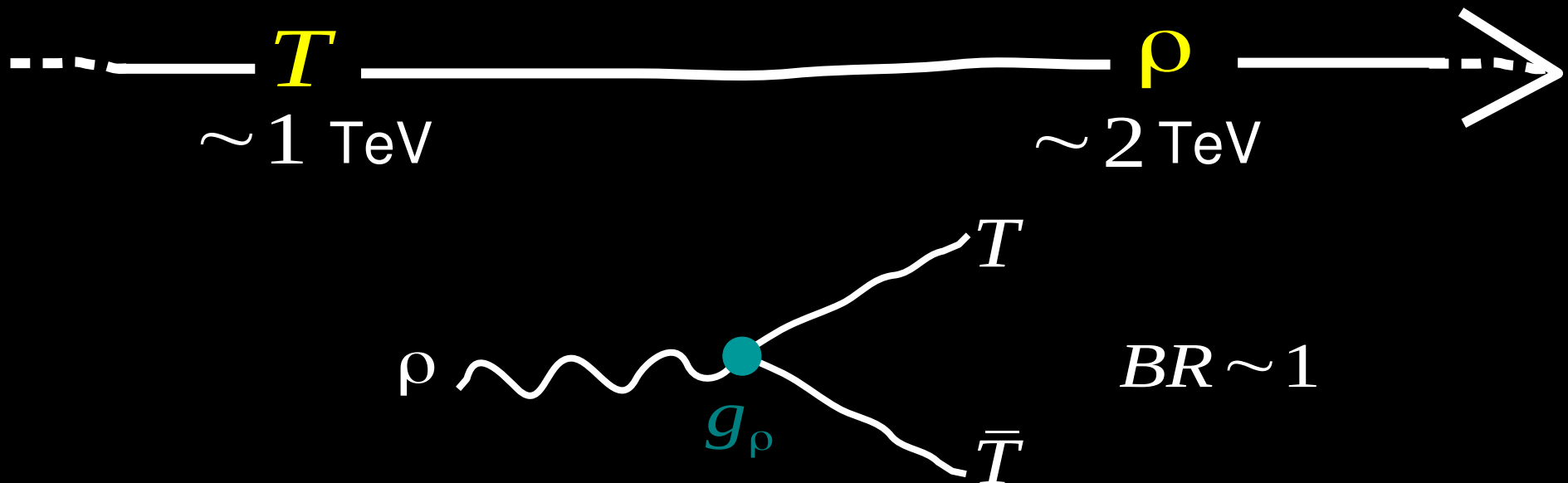
# Naturalness and Composite Higgs



$$4\,\pi\,f$$

$$\rho\,,T$$

$$t\,,h\,...$$

# Naturalness and Composite Higgs



$4\,\pi\,f$

EWPT require ~ 2 TeV $\rho$ resonances
[Contino and Salvarezza '15]

$\rho\,,T$

$\rho$

Light Higgs requires ~ 1 TeV top partners
[Matsedonskyi et al. '12]

$T$

$t\,,h\,...$

# Wide $\rho$ at the LHC

- Naturalness, a light Higgs and the LEP/LHC data point to a particular spectrum configuration



- If kinematically allowed $\rho$ will mainly decay into VLQs, since $g_\rho \gg g_{ew}$

- This relax LHC limits on $\rho$ masses. Stronger limit set by the S-parameter

  [DB et al. '12, Greco and Liu '15]

- It allows a different pair production mode for VLQs

# Wide $\rho$ at the LHC

- Typically, $\rho$ mainly decay in the $(X,T)_{7/6}$ doublet
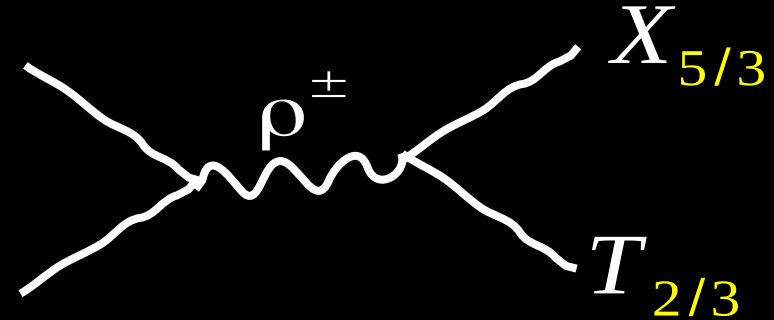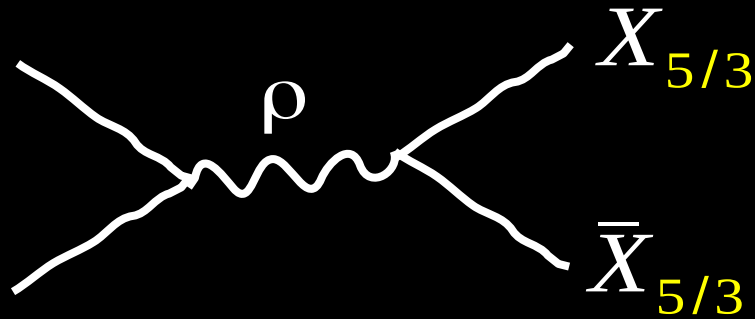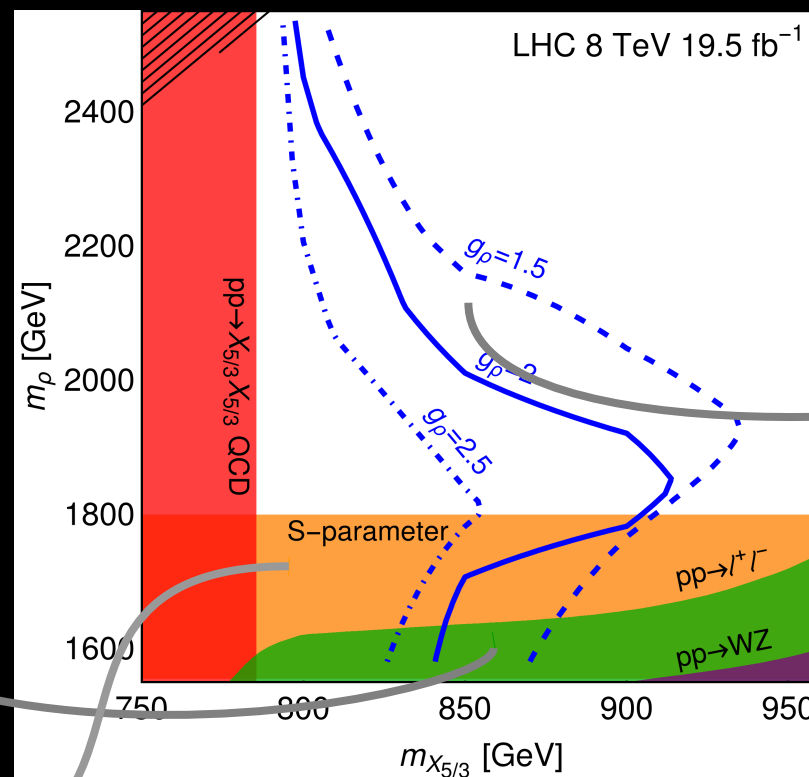


- $X_{5/3}$ decays through charged current and give rise to a SS2L final stat

- The SS2L search use to bound $X_{5/3}$ can be exploited to constrain $\rho$
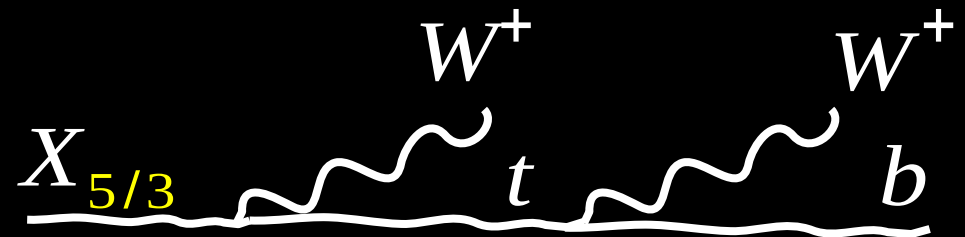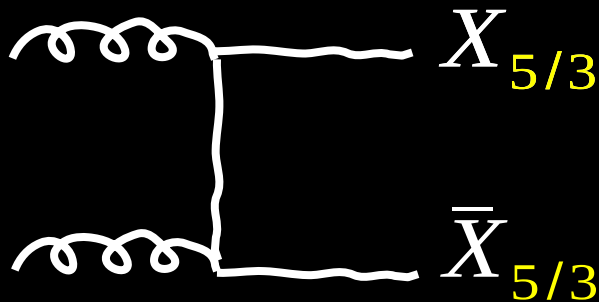
# Wide $\rho$ at the LHC

- We recast the CMS SS2L analyses targeting QCD pair produced $X_{5/3}$



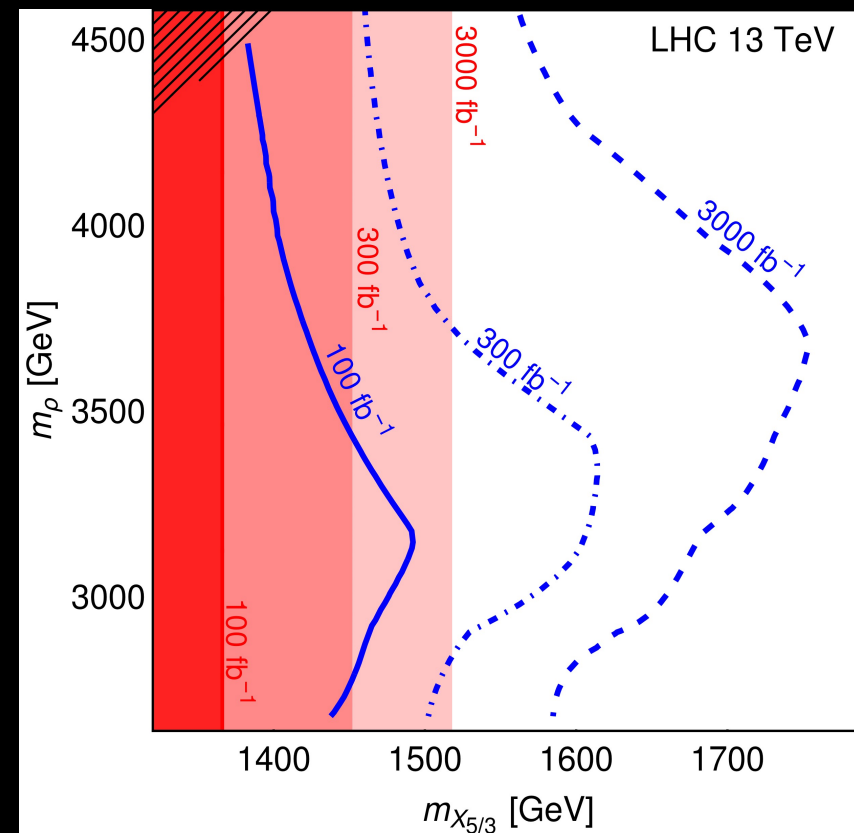Direct searches not effective if $m_\rho > 2m_{X_{5/3}}$

LHC8 already set bounds on this naturalness favoured regime

S-parameter sets the stronger bound

[CMS SS2L search available at the MadAnalysis5 Public Analysis database wepage]

# Wide $\rho$ at the LHC

- Testing the 13 TeV LHC sensitivity on this scenario



- Sensitivity with 100/fb comparable with 3000/fb and just QCD production

- Up to 3500 GeV $\rho$ with 1700 GeV $X_{5/3}$ can be excluded

- CMS already released SS2L analysis with ~3/fb at 13 TeV. Not included here

- Significant increase of the fine tuning associated with top partners in CHMs

- If SS2L signals are detected, possible to investigate the underlying model structure. High luminosity is required.

# Conclusions

- Composite Higgs models are a compelling alternative to SUSY theories

- Naturalness, a light Higgs and present collider data point to a scenario where $\rho$ can decay into a pair of light top partners

- These wide $\rho$ excape the limits from direct searches, due to their reduced rates into SM final states

- Providing an alternative mode for pair producing top partners they can be bounded using VLQs designed analyses already with 8 TeV data

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## Thank you!