

Onia at Belle II

Emi Kou
(LAL-IN2P3)



LABORATOIRE
DE L'ACCÉLÉRATEUR
LINÉAIRE



New possibilities in Physics of Quarkonia
IHP-Paris, 24-25 September 2015

Introduction: Why Belle II?

Discovery in Flavour Physics

Well motivated. But we need to improve the sensitivity?

- ▶ New physics models predict naturally deviation from SM in flavour and CP violating phenomena.
- ▶ But then, what is the indication of the non-appearance of new physics? And **where/how to search it now?**

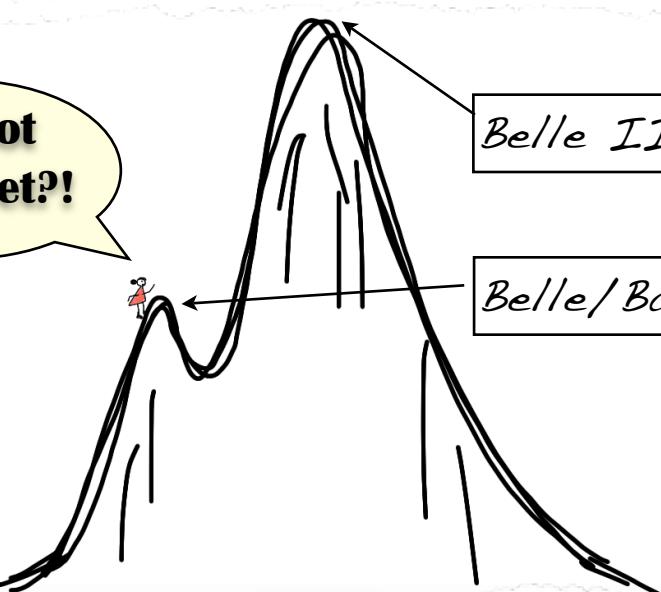
Increase the sensitivity to new physics by **an order of magnitude!**

SuperKEKB/Belle II

It's not there yet!?

Belle II

Belle/Babar



Strategy to discovery via precision

Discovery by the intensity frontier experiments.

Increase the sensitivity = reduce the errors

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= \text{Deviation from SM} \\ &= (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2}\end{aligned}$$

Increasing the sensitivity = find new observables (large c and small n)

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= \text{Allowed NP contribution} \\ &= c / (M_{\text{NP}})^n\end{aligned}$$

new physics coupling c , new physics scale M_{NP}

Strategy to discovery via precision

Discovery by the intensity frontier experiments.

Increase the sensitivity = reduce the errors

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= \text{Deviation from SM} \\ &= (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2}\end{aligned}$$

Increasing the sensitivity = find new observables (large and small n)

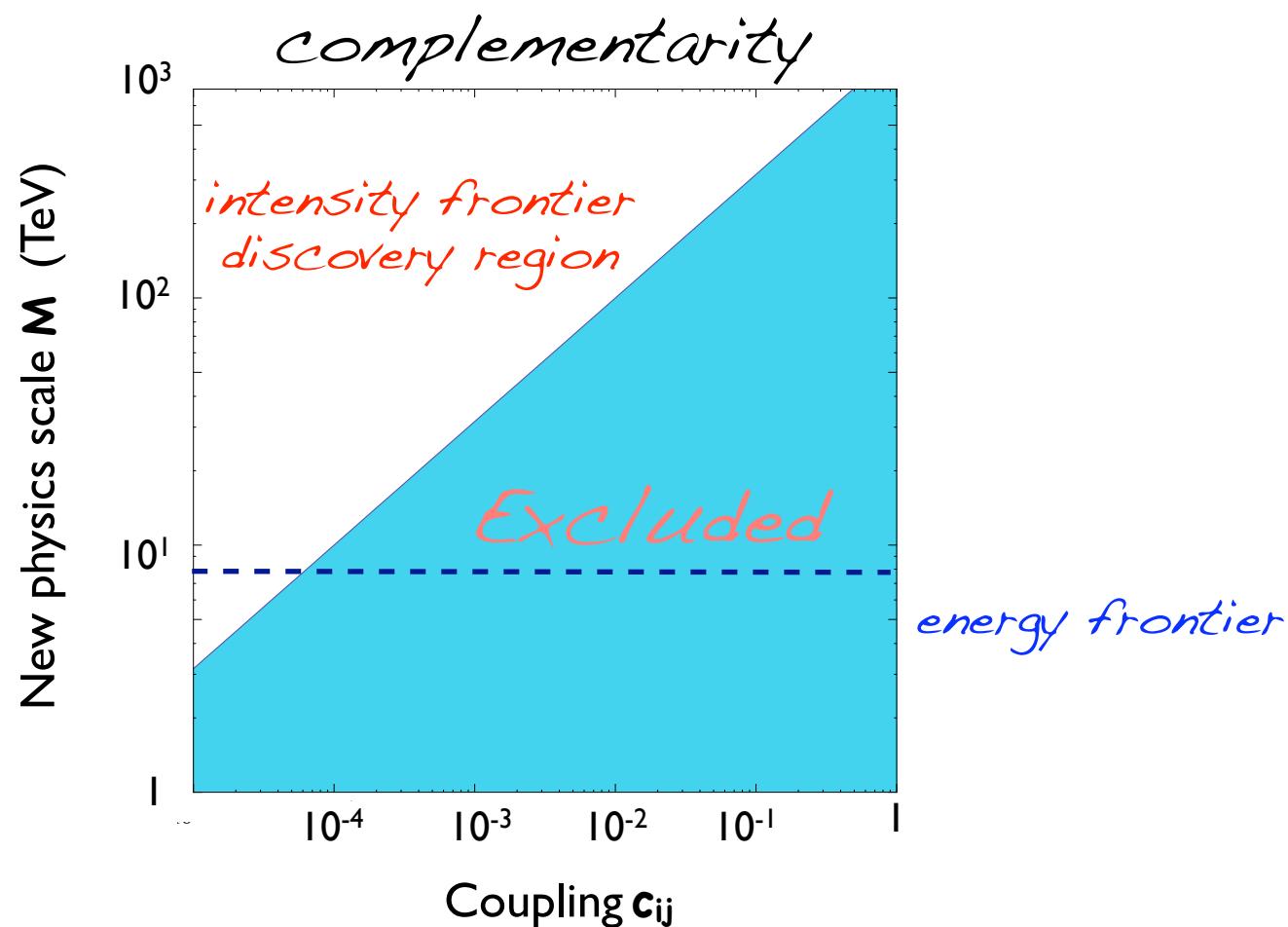
$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= \text{Allowed NP constraint} \\ &= C / (M_{\text{NP}})^n\end{aligned}$$

new physics constraints



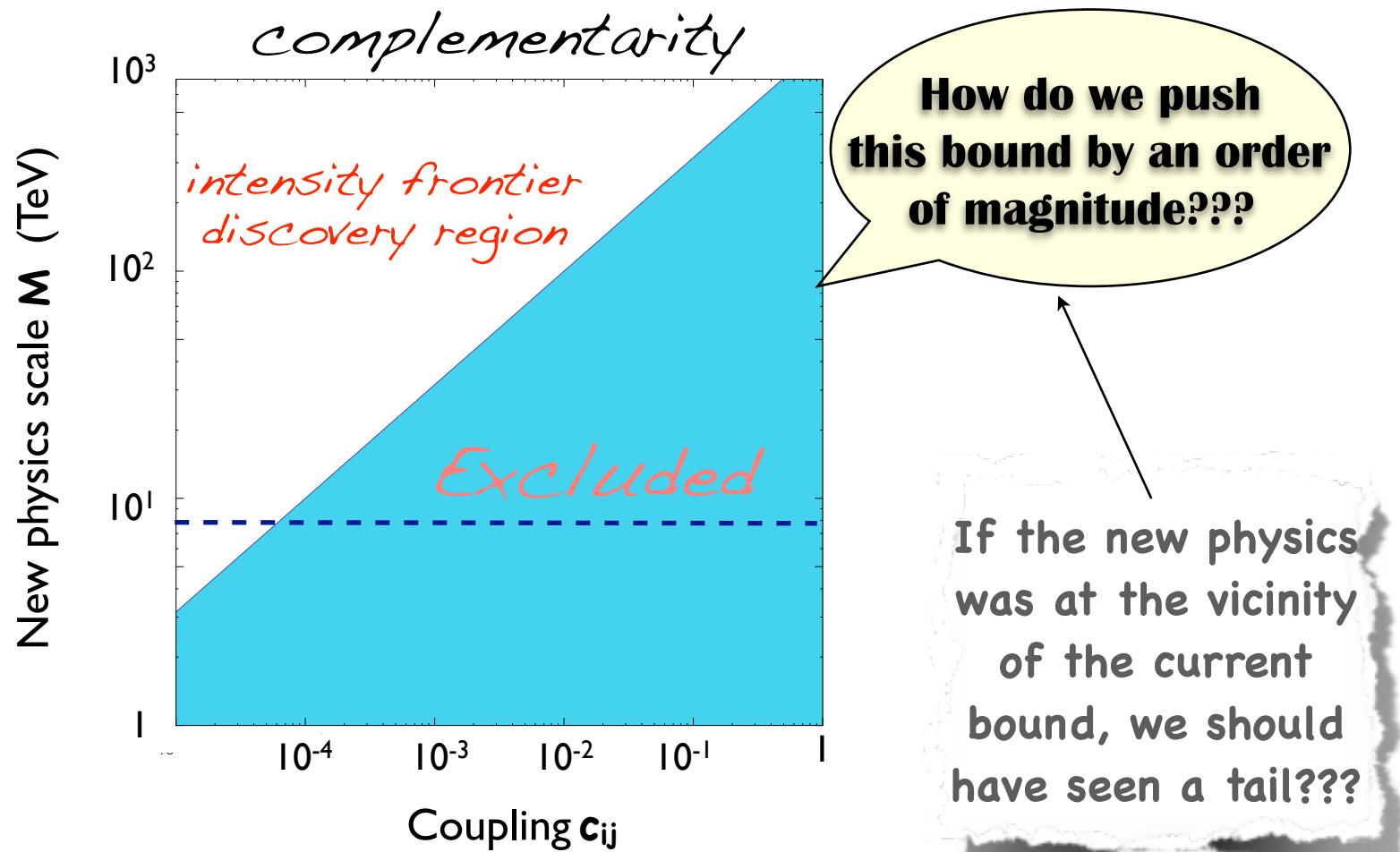
Discovery through precision

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2} \\ &= C / (M_{\text{NP}})^{n=2}\end{aligned}$$



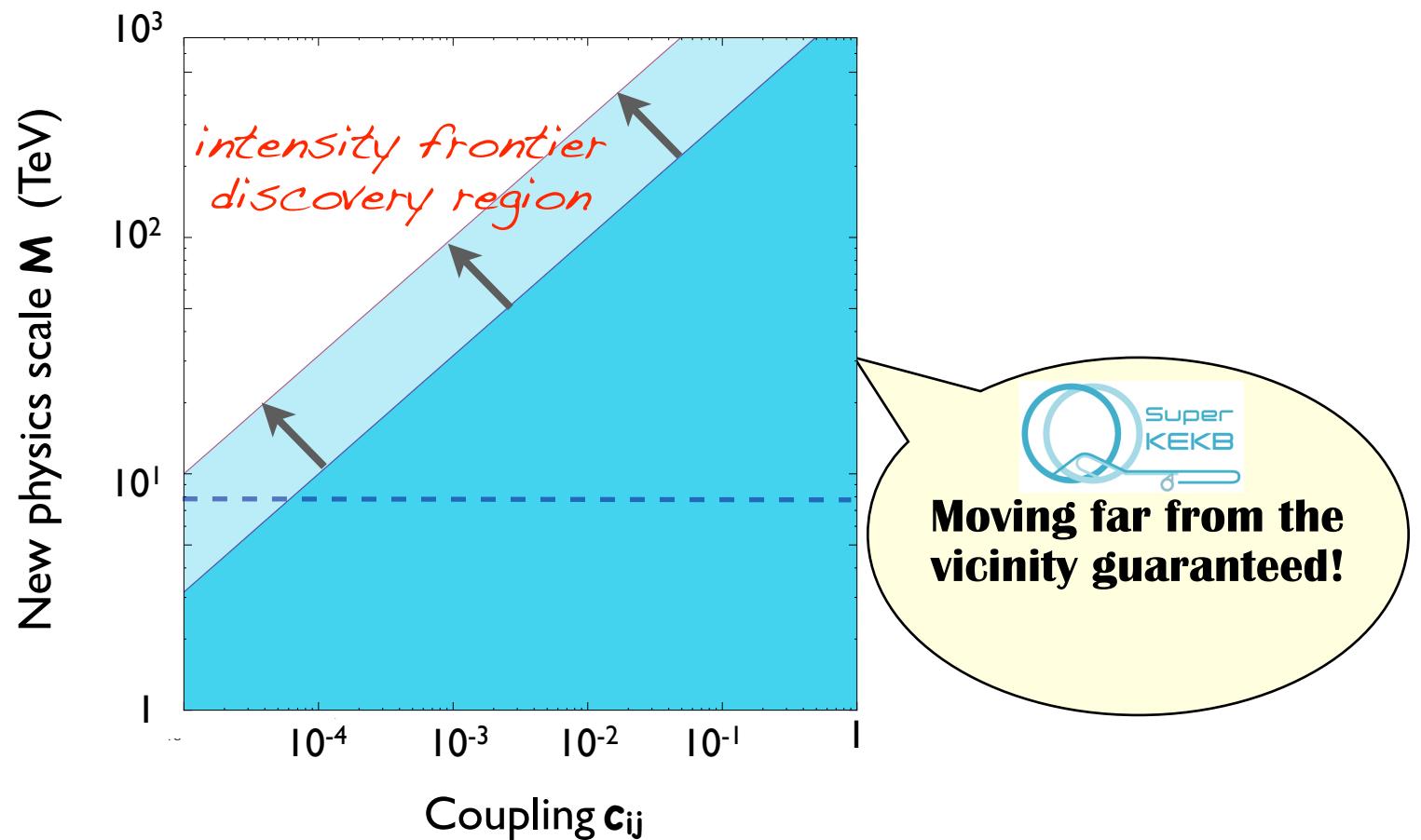
Discovery through precision

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2} \\ &= C / (M_{\text{NP}})^{n=2}\end{aligned}$$



Discovery through precision

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{NP}} &= (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2} \\ &= C / (M_{\text{NP}})^{n=2}\end{aligned}$$

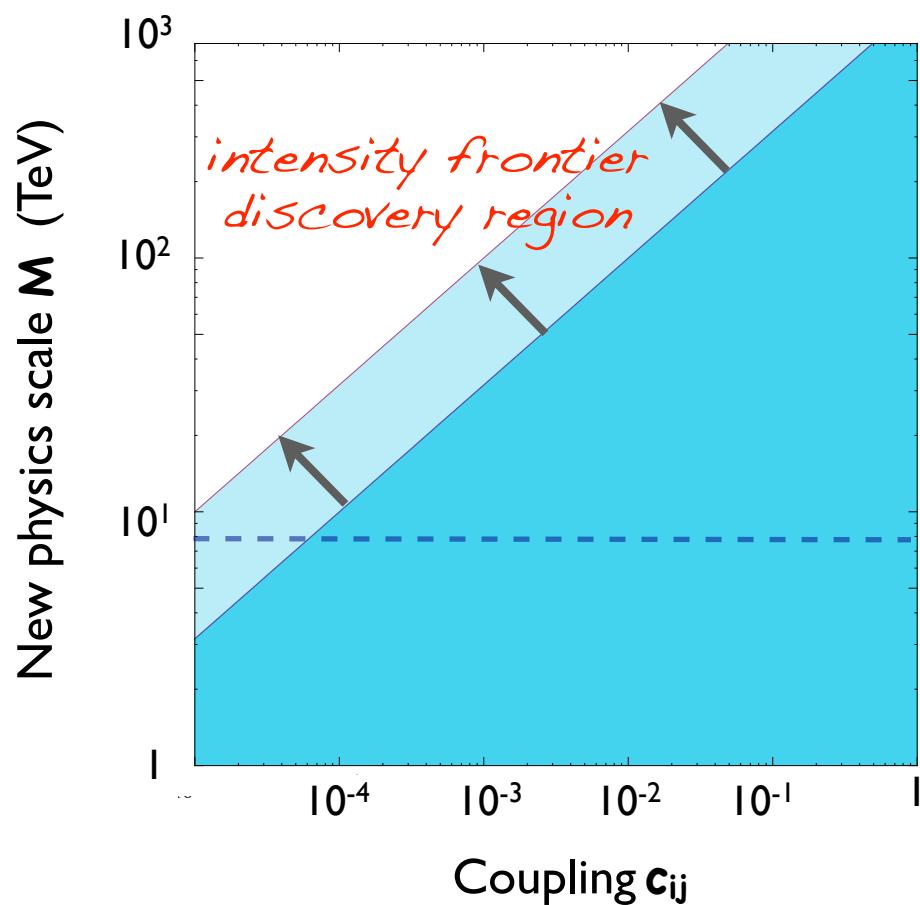


Statistics is not all about Belle II!

$$\Delta_{\text{NP}} = (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2}$$

Reducing the systematic errors

- ▶ New detectors allow to reduce the systematic errors.
- ▶ Theoretical development in QCD higher order corrections, Lattice QCD etc allow to reduce the theoretical uncertainties.
- ▶ Improved measurements of “theoretical control channels” are very important to reduce the theoretical errors.



Statistics is not all about Belle II!

$$\Delta_{\text{NP}} = (\text{exp.} - \text{SM}) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{exp}})^2 + (\sigma_{\text{SM}})^2}$$

The strength of Belle II (by me)!!

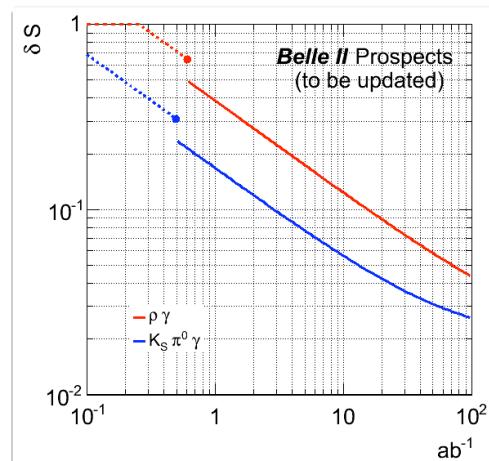
Statistics:

Remove also “reducible systematic errors”

$$\sigma_{\text{Belle II}} = \sqrt{(\sigma_{\text{stat}}^2 + \sigma_{\text{syst}}^2) \frac{\mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle}}}{50 \text{ab}^{-1}}} + \sigma_{\text{ired}}^2$$

Particle ID:

Jump in the δS sensitivity!



Challenges for legendary channels?!

Time dependent CPV in $\pi^0 \pi^0$??

- photon conversion makes vertexing possible → time-dependent analysis

$S_{CP}^{\pi^0 \pi^0}$: important new input for isospin analysis

⇒ Belle2 opens new possibilities

Missing energy channels!

Full reconstruction of B

- modes w/ multiple v's
- Improved low p_T tracking - more slow π in tag side D* candidates

What is B2TiP(*)

See details on the slide at the kickoff meeting:

<http://kds.kek.jp/getFile.py/access?contribId=14&sessionId=0&resId=0&materialId=slides&confId=15226>

KEK where Belle II is hosted is the natural **gathering point** where flavour physics experts meet to discuss and develop topics of flavour physics for Belle II.

What's new in Belle II
compared to Babar/Belle?

- Efficiencies and precision of the new hardware
- New analysis softwares and methods

What's new in theory after Babar/
Belle & LHCb result?

- Progresses in QCD
- New physics models and their constraints
- New observables

NEW IDEAS

Deliverable: “KEK green report” by the early 2017

(*)*B2TiP: Belle II-Theory interface Platform*

9 working groups

Find details on the B2TiP website

<https://belle2.cc.kek.jp/~twiki/bin/view/Public/B2TIP>

| | |
|------|---|
| WG1 | G. De Nardo, A. Zupanic, M. Tanaka , F. Tackmann, A. Kronfeld |
| WG2 | A. Ishikawa, J. Yamaoka, U. Haisch , T. Feldmann |
| WG3 | T. Higuchi, L. Li Gioi, J. Zupan , S. Mishima |
| WG4 | J. Libby, Y. Grossman , M. Blanke |
| WG5 | P. Goldenzweig, M. Beneke , C.-W. Chiang, S. Sharpe |
| WG6 | G. Casarosa, A. Schwartz, A. Kagan , A. Petrov |
| WG7 | Ch. Hanhart, R. Mizuk, R. Mussa, C. Shen, Y. Kiyo , A. Polosa, S. Prelovsek |
| WG8 | K. Hayasaka, T. Feber, E. Passemar , J. Hisano |
| WGNP | R. Itoh, F. Bernlochner, Y. Sato, U. Nierste , L. Silvestrini, J. Kamenik, V. Lubicz |

I: Leptonic/Semi-leptonic II: Radiative/Electroweak III: phi1(beta)/phi2(alpha) IV: phi3 (gamma)

V: Charmless/hadronic B decays VI: Charm VII: Quarkonium(like) VIII: Tau & low multiplicity NP: New Physics

Workshop schedule

To receive information, subscribe to the mailing list b2tip@... send an e-mail to Ph.Urquijo



REPORT PLANNING

Phase 1 (2014)

- Identifying the ‘Golden channels’

Phase II (2015)

- Detailed studies (theory uncertainties, experimental simulations)
- New ideas???

Phase III (2016)

- Finalizing the analysis/text
- Editing

Krakow workshop (~100 participants)



B2TiP Krakow 2015 highlights

<https://d2comp.kek.jp/record/283>

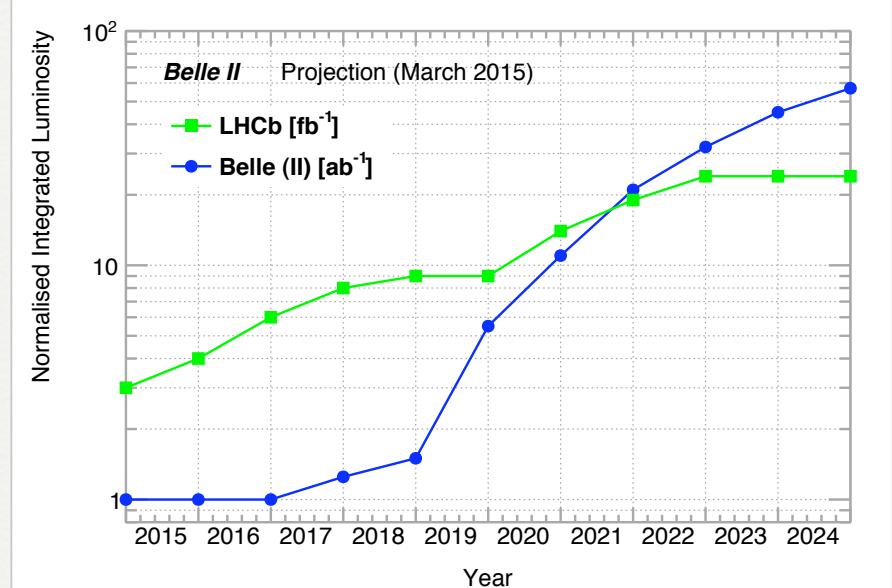
Summary of the 2nd B2TiP workshop (Krakow)*

In this short note, we summarize the report from the working groups on the last day of the 2nd B2TiP Workshop at Krakow (26-29 April, 2015).

The working group conveners are asked to propose five top priority observables, i.e. *Belle II golden modes*, and scrutinize them within the B2TiP working groups, namely by estimating the precision of the theoretical uncertainties and the achievable precision at Belle II with 5, 10, and 50 ab^{-1} of data.

Many new Belle II simulation results presented!

Many LHCb talks:
comparison or competition???

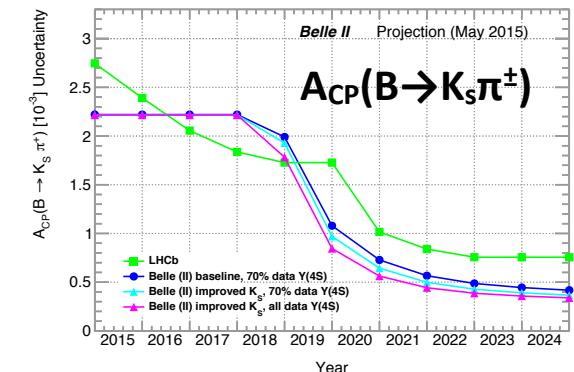
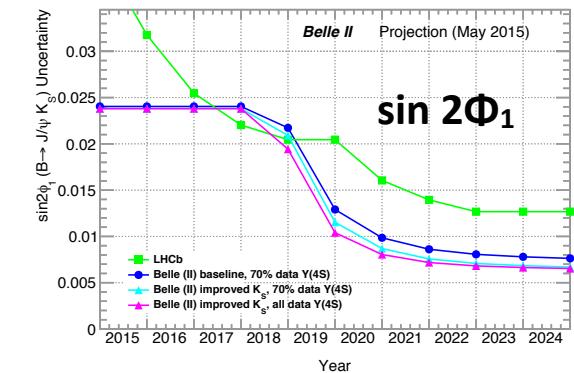
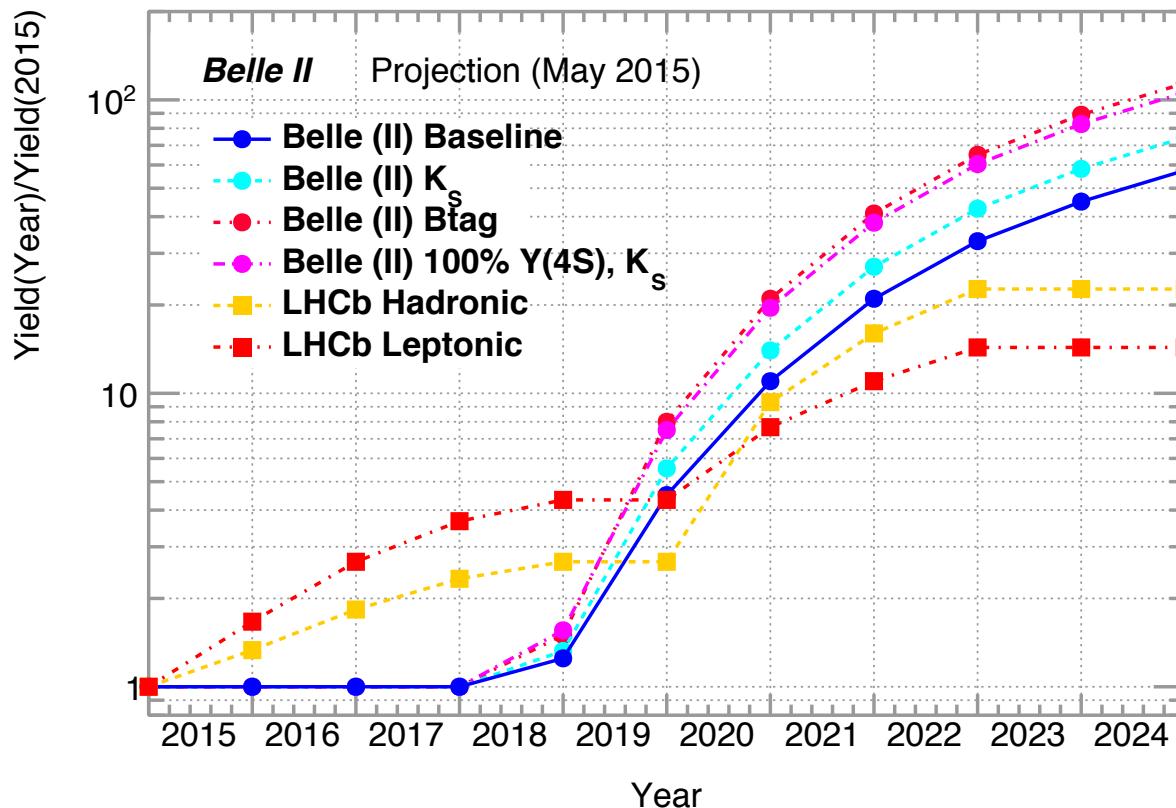


Competition!

<https://d2comp.kek.jp/record/234>
BELLE2-NOTE-PH-2015-004

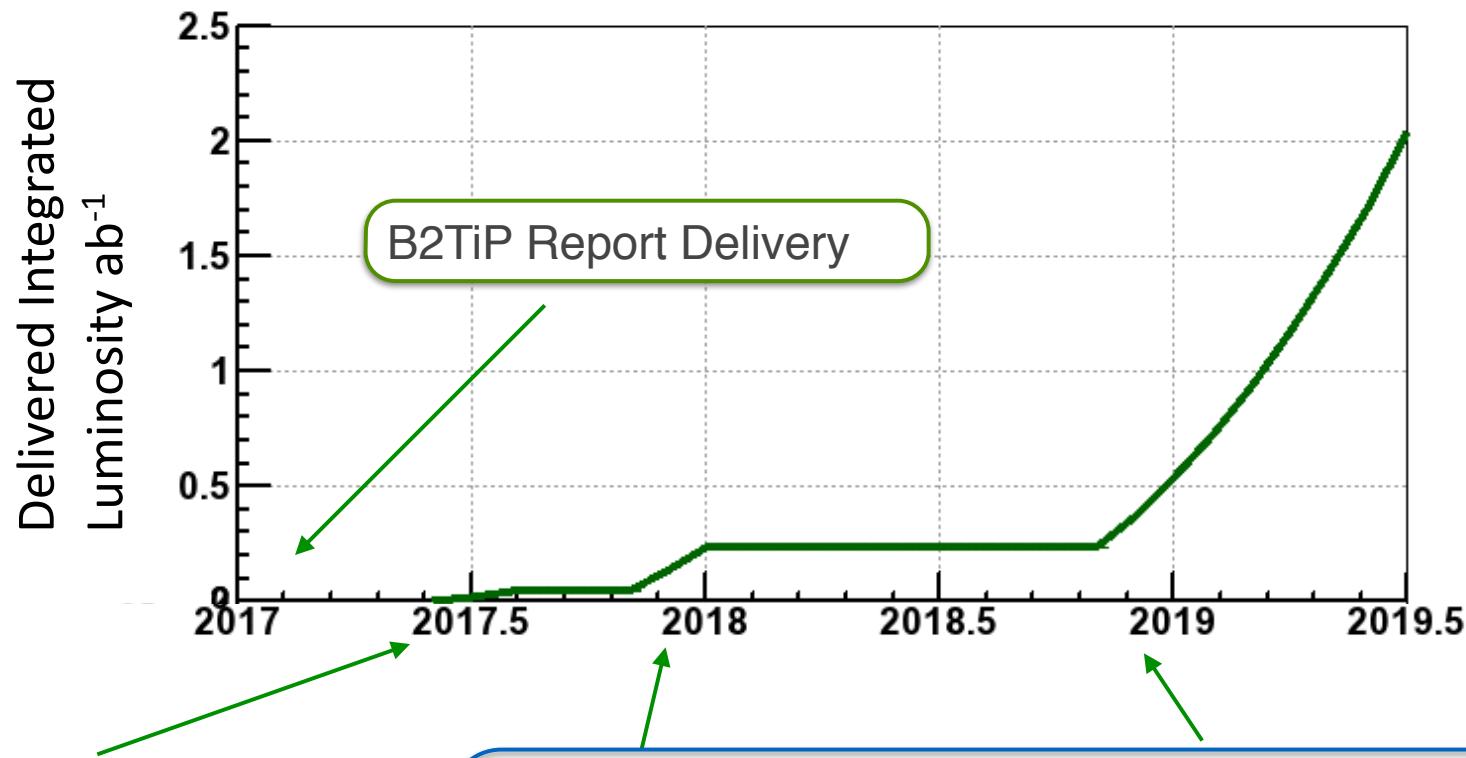
| LHC era | | HL-LHC era | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Run 1 (2010-12) | Run 2 (2015-18) | Run 3 (2020-22) | Run 4 (2025-28) | Run 5+ (2030+) |
| 3 fb ⁻¹ | 8 fb ⁻¹ | 23 fb ⁻¹ | 46 fb ⁻¹ | 100 fb ⁻¹ |

b-, c- quark σ scale linear with \sqrt{s}
 Run-2 50% less efficient for hadronic triggered modes
 Run-3 will have a new trigger:
 recovering efficiency loss in hadron trigger, no change for muon triggers.



Onia at Belle II

The first data samples: “first-physics”



Phase 1

First collisions.
BEAST commissioning
detector
*Belle II not rolled in
“Beam analysis”*

Phase 2

Belle II rolled in
SVD & PXD not installed
*“Commissioning & unique
data sets”*

Phase 3

Full detector.
All systems go.

We need to maximise “first-physics” scientific/
publication output in phase 2 & early phase 3.

Phase 3 Physics: First $O(1 \text{ ab}^{-1})$

Full detector operation. Considering options for balancing unique, non- $\Upsilon(4S)$ samples, and $\Upsilon(4S)$ samples. Proposals required.

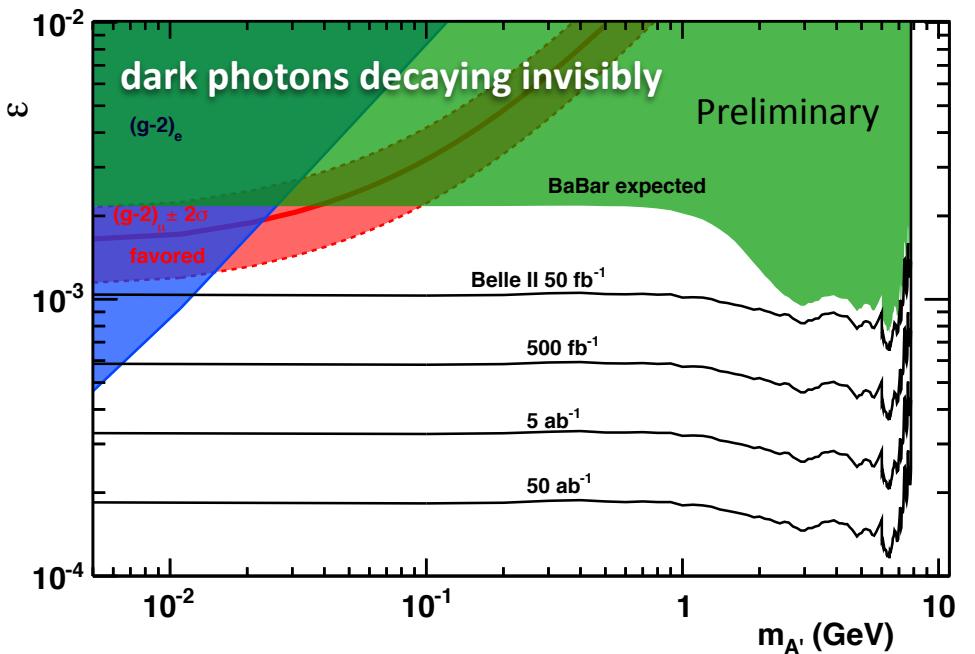
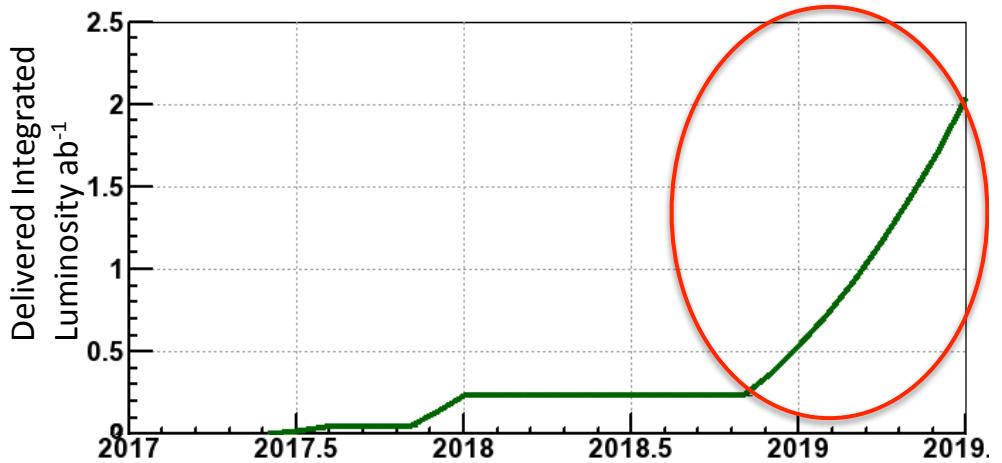
1. $\Upsilon(4S)$ is our core. Clear motivations to run mostly at $\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow$ see Φ_3 projection.

2. *Quantitative* arguments for running non $\Upsilon(4S)$ [for a few weeks] will be seriously considered.

Quarkonia(like) / $\Upsilon(3S)$, $\Upsilon(6S)$, Scans

We won't decide the program in the report, only to provide physics cases.

3. **Dark sectors** and low multiplicity trigger limited at Belle may have good opportunities irrespective of E_{CM} .



First Physics is all about quarkonium!

Golden modes for First Physics at $\Upsilon(6S)$ run and scanning above

- $\Upsilon(6S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S/2S/3S)\pi^+\pi^-$ to test the influence of the nearby threshold.
- Searching for missing bottomonium such as $h_b(1P, 2P)$, $\eta_b(2S)$ and the $2D - 1F$ multiplet
- Searching for molecular states - partners of Z_b
- Scanning near and above $\Upsilon(6S)$, to clarify the structure of $\Upsilon(6S)$ state (R_b measurement), to search for vector bottomonium-like states and to study the $\Lambda_b\Lambda_b$ threshold region

Golden modes for First Physics at $\Upsilon(3S)$ run, and scanning above

- Search for $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \eta\Upsilon(1S)$ (test of the hadron transition puzzle)
- First observation of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_b$ and $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b$
- High statistics study of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi\pi\Upsilon(1, 2S)$ (charged/neutral)
- Systematic study of $E1 - M1$ discrepancy in $\eta_b(1, 2S)$ mass measurement via photon conversion and $\pi\pi\Upsilon(2S)$ tagging
- Dark matter, light-Higgs search
- Scan of $\Upsilon(1^3D_1)$ and $\Upsilon(2^3D_1)$

WG7: Quarkonium(-like) Golden modes

- (1) ISR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi\pi J/\psi(\psi')$, $K\bar{K} J/\psi(\psi')$, $\pi\pi h_c(1P, 2P)$, ω/ϕ , $\chi_c J/\psi$, $\pi\pi X(3823)$, $\gamma X(3872)$, $DD^{(*)}\pi$, ... to search/study Z_c , Z_c' , Z_{cs} , ... all possible Y states, new resonances and understand the line shapes
- (2) Two-photon processes: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \phi J/\psi$ to confirm/deny $X(4350)$ and search for $Y(4140)$, study of $\eta_c(2S)$, $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \omega J/\psi$, DD^* , $\eta_c\pi 0$, ... to study $X(3915)$, search for $X(3872)$ -like states, ...
- (3) B decays to
 - a. charmonium (η_c , J/ψ , h_c , $\chi_c J/\psi$, $\eta_c(2S)$, $\psi(2S)$), light hadrons and kaon (search for the only missing)
 - b. narrow charmonium state $\eta_c 2(1D)$, for new charmonium-like states and for new channels of known states);
 - c. open charm-anti-charm final states (DD , DD^* , $DD^*\pi$, $Ds\bar{D}s$,..) and kaon (search for elastic channels of known states,
 - d. search for new charmonium(-like) states).

| state | looking for | experimental channel |
|---|---|--|
| $X(3872)$ | mass and width lineshape isospin violation charged partners | $B \rightarrow XK \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-K$ $B \rightarrow XK, X \rightarrow (D^0\bar{D}^0\pi, D^0\bar{D}^0\gamma)$ $B \rightarrow XK \rightarrow J/\psi\omega K$ $B \rightarrow X^\pm K \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^\pm\pi^0K$ |
| $Z_c^{(\prime)}$ $Z_b^{(\prime)}$ | mass and binding energy production mechanism discriminating channel mass and binding energy | $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}}(J/\psi, h_c)\pi^+\pi^-$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}}(J/\psi, h_c)\pi^+\pi^-$ $Z^{(\prime)} \rightarrow \eta_c\rho$ $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)\pi^+\pi^-$ |
| $Z(4430)$ $Z(4200)/Z(4430)$ | open charm decay modes | $B \rightarrow Z(4430)K \rightarrow \bar{D}D^*(2600)K$ $B \rightarrow Z(4430)K \rightarrow \bar{D}^*D(2550)K$ $B \rightarrow Z(4430)K \rightarrow \bar{D}D^*K$ |
| Y states $Y(4260)$ $Y(4220)$ $X(3915)$ | tetraquark confirmation open charm decay mode confirmation tetraquark model prediction | $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}} J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}} DD^*\pi$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma_{\text{ISR}} h_c\pi^+\pi^-$ $Y(4220) \rightarrow \gamma X'_0 = \gamma X(3915)?$ |
| | $0^+, 2^+$ isosinglet tetraquarks $0^+, 2^+$ isovector tetraquarks tetraquark radiative transitions | $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c\eta, \gamma\gamma \rightarrow J/\psi\omega$ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c\pi, \gamma\gamma \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ $Y(4630) \rightarrow \gamma X_2, Y(4008) \rightarrow \gamma X_0$ |
| $\Upsilon(5S)$ $\Upsilon(6S)$ X_b | tetraquark prediction bottom-strange decay modes production | $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \gamma X_b \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(nS)\pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)$ $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \gamma X_b \rightarrow \gamma B^0\bar{B}^{*0}$ $\Upsilon(6S) \rightarrow B_s^{(*)}B_s^{(*)}$ $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow X_b\gamma \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ |

Table 4: Summary of decay modes of interest to discuss molecules/tetraquarks.