Vector Boson Scattering at the LHC

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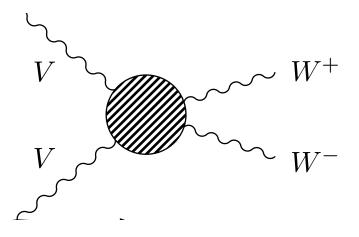
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Outline

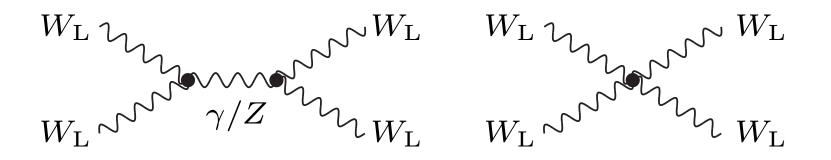
- What is Vector Boson Scattering?
- Why do we care about it?
- Vector Boson Scattering at the LHC
 - Searches for VBS performed on run I data
 - VBS in the ZZjj channel

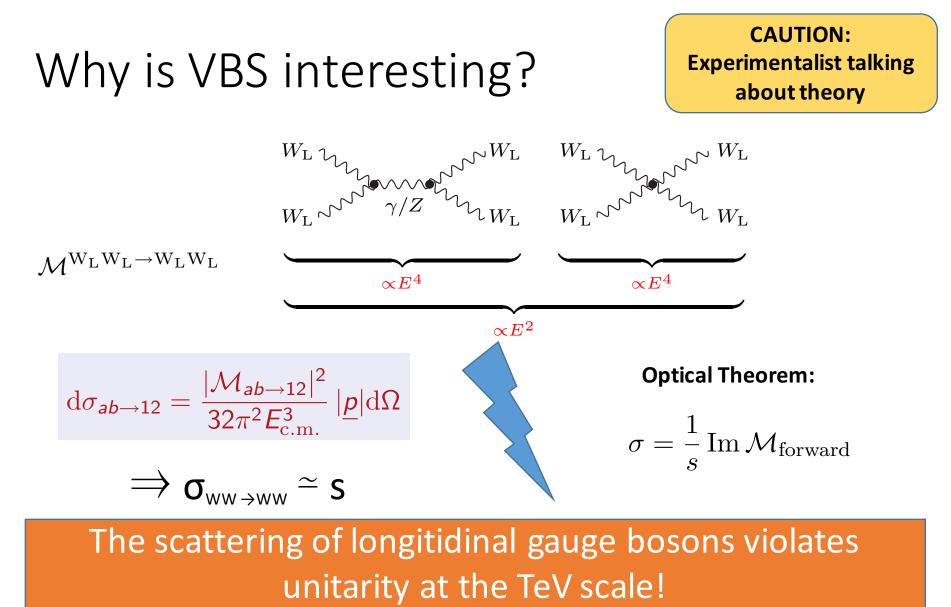
Vector Boson Scattering

 Vector Boson Scattering (VBS) is an interaction of the kind
VV'→VV', where V designates the electroweak bosons of the SM, i.e. V = W, Z, & γ

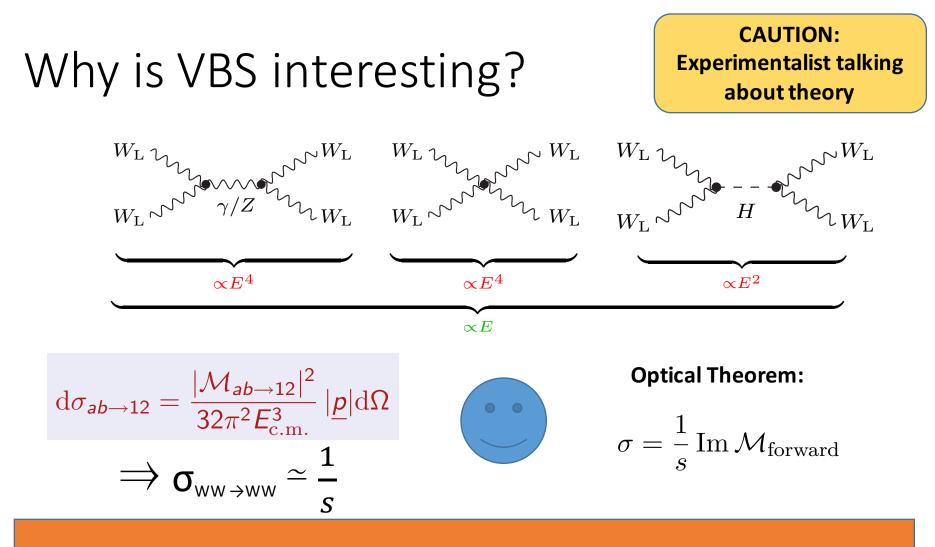


Example: WW →WW scattering





(Unitarity violation = loss of conservation of probability)



The Higgs of the Standard Model unitarizes the VBS cross section

Physics Case for VBS Studies

- In the SM Model without the Higgs, VBS processes violate unitarity in the longitudinal polarization mode at the TeV scale:
 - The minimal SM unitary is ensured by the destructive interference between VBS amplitudes and diagrams involving the Higgs
 - A consistent theory requires a Higgs boson with $m_{\rm H}{<}$ 1TeV or new Physics at the TeV scale



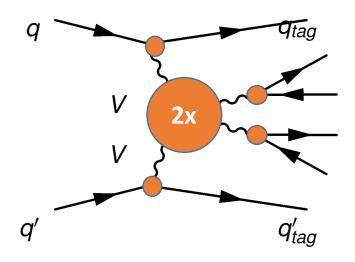
• If New Physics (BSM) is present in the electroweak sector, VBS offers a promising approach by studying its impact on gauge boson couplings



VBS is a promising avenue for BSM physics searches via the probing of **anomalous triple & quartic gauge couplings (aTGC & aQGC)**

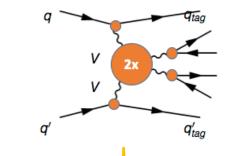
Vector Boson Scattering at the LHC

- At the LHC, VBS is initiated by the incoming quarks in the proton: each radiates off a vector boson which then undergo VBS
- As a purely electroweak process the cross-section is of order α^{6}_{EWK}
- Multiple production mechanisms:
 - Double Triple Gauge Coupling (TGC)
 - Quartic Gauge Coupling (QGC)
 - Higgs exchange in s- and tchannel

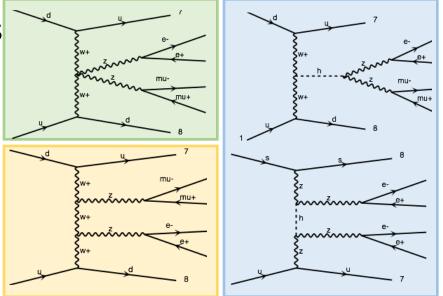


Vector Boson Scattering at the LHC

 At the LHC, VBS is initiated by the incoming quarks in the proton: each radiates off a vector boson which then undergo VBS



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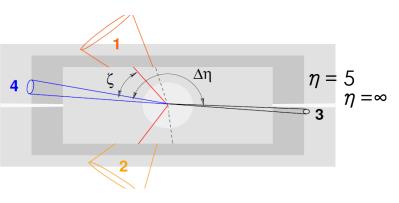
Signature of Vector Boson Scattering

VBS event topology is characterized by:

- Two, forward/backwardjets at large |n| with high energy resulting from from the deflected incoming quarks - "tagging jets"
 - Large $\Delta \eta_{jj}$ and m_{jj}
 - Zeppenfeld variable used to capture centrality:

•
$$Z = \frac{1}{\Delta \eta_{jj}} (\eta - \frac{\eta_1 + \eta_2}{2})$$

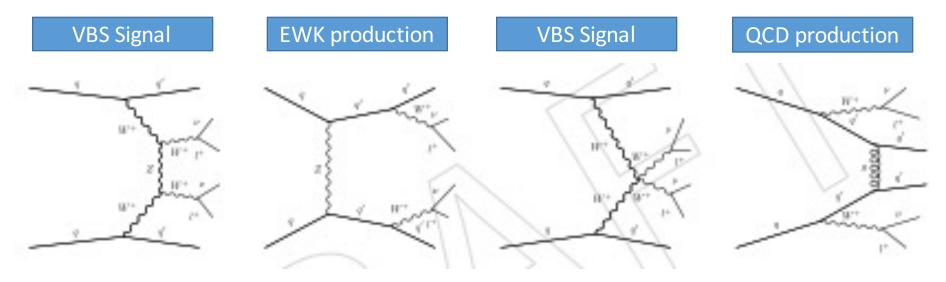
- Region between jets (z < 0.5) is referred to as central
- The vector bosons and their decay products are central
- Central hadronic activity is suppressed due to color decoherence



The sensitivity to VBS and aQGCs is at large center of mass energies, i.e. m_{VV} and related variables like m_T^{VV} or p_T^{V} .

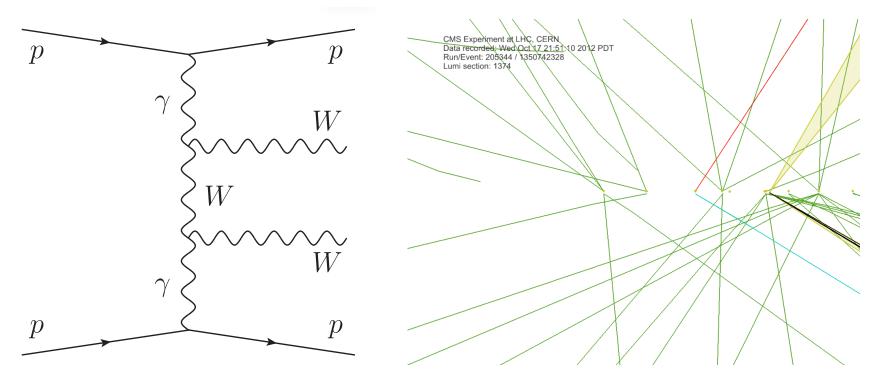
Status of VBS searches with run I data

- Both ATLAS and CMS performed searches for VBS in run I data:
 - Evidence for electroweak production of same-sign WW plus 2 jets with an observed (expected) significance of 3.6 (2.8)σ by ATLAS [1] and of 2.0 (3.1)σ by CMS [2]



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 - Search for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ with 7 & 8 TeV data by CMS [5, 6] with evidence at **3.6** (2.5) σ



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 - Searches for electroweak production of Xγ plus 2 jets by CMS
 - **Ζγjj** with **3.0** (2.1)σ evidence [3]
 - Wyjj with 2.5 (1.5) σ evidence [4]
 - Search for γγ → WW with 7 & 8 TeV data by CMS [5, 6] with evidence at 3.6 (2.5)σ
- Selected studies probing aQGCs:
 - Search for WWγ and WZγ production by CMS [7]
 - Evidence for Wyy production by ATLAS [8] and [9]

Bibliography in backup

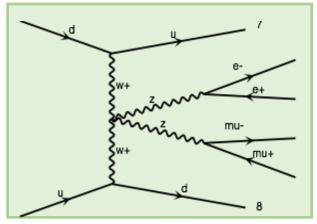
VBS in the 4l final state

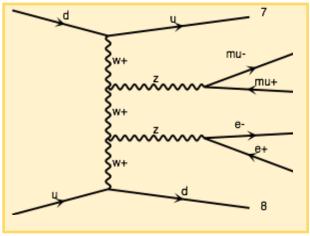
Search for ZZ scattering in the 4l final state:

 Require two on-shell Z bosons reconstructed from isolated, prompt leptons (l = e or μ)

\Rightarrow Clean signature with small reducible backgrounds

• Ratio of EWK signal to irreducible background from QCD not as favorable as same-sign WW, i.e. $\sigma_{\rm QCD} \sim 10 \ {\rm x} \ \sigma_{\rm EWK} \ {\rm without \ VBS \ cuts}$





Preliminary study of ZZjj event selection

 Goal was to explore a potential event selection for ZZjj using fast detector simulation, event counts for 100 fb⁻¹:

@ 100fb ⁻¹	QCD (B)	EWK (S)	S/v[B]
Total # generated events	442.200	42.280	2.01
Lepton acceptance [p_T > 7 GeV, η_μ < 2.4, η_e < 2.5]	214.644	23.246	1.59
Two on-shell Z bosons [60 GeV < mz < 120 GeV]	161.668	16.713	1.31
Tagging Jets [pT > 30 GeV, η < 5.2]	124.789	15.115	1.35
Tagging jet rapididty gap [Δy > 3.0]	15.831	9.154	2.30
Tagging jet invariant mass [m _{jj} > 700 GeV]	3.272	7.162	3.96
Leptons are central	1.901	6.338	4.60
Jet veto [no >25 GeV pT jet between tagging jets]	0,840	5.826	6.36

- This crude estimate suggests that VBS of Z bosons will be observable with the run II data
- Search strategy will be similar to that employed for H → ZZ → 4I: Maximize the signal event acceptance and exploit the kinematics of the signal and background processes to extract signal

Summary

- Vector Boson Scattering allows to test the gauge structure of the electroweak sector by probing TGC and QGC
- Studying the unitarization of VBS is a test of electroweak symmetry breaking in the Standard Model
- Evidence for VBS for several channels has been found using LHC run I data
- The luminosities of the run II of the LHC will permit first observation of VBS in many channels and final states

Backup

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[9] CMS Collaboration, "Measurement of the pp \rightarrow W[±] $\gamma\gamma$ cross section and Limits on Dimension-8 Effective Anomalous Couplings at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV", PAS SMP-15-008