

A Dangerous Irrelevant UV Completion of the CH

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A few preliminary points

1. A realistic UV picture of the Composite Higgs is **needed** (here, no scalars)
2. Partial Compositeness proposed to address the **flavor problem**
3. PC is a significant advantage **ONLY IF**
 - the theory has a strongly-coupled IR fixed point
 - 3-fermion operators have very large anomalous dimensions
 - All fermions get a mass from PC

1. Why UV completion?

- ▶ **Plausibility of the Composite Higgs framework:**
 - Do 4D realizations without fund. scalars exist? Do we need SUSY?
- ▶ **Phenomenological question:**
 - UV is constrained: What cosets? What spectrum? What EFT?

2. Partial Compositeness and flavor

The real problem of the Composite Higgs

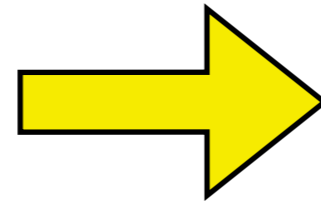
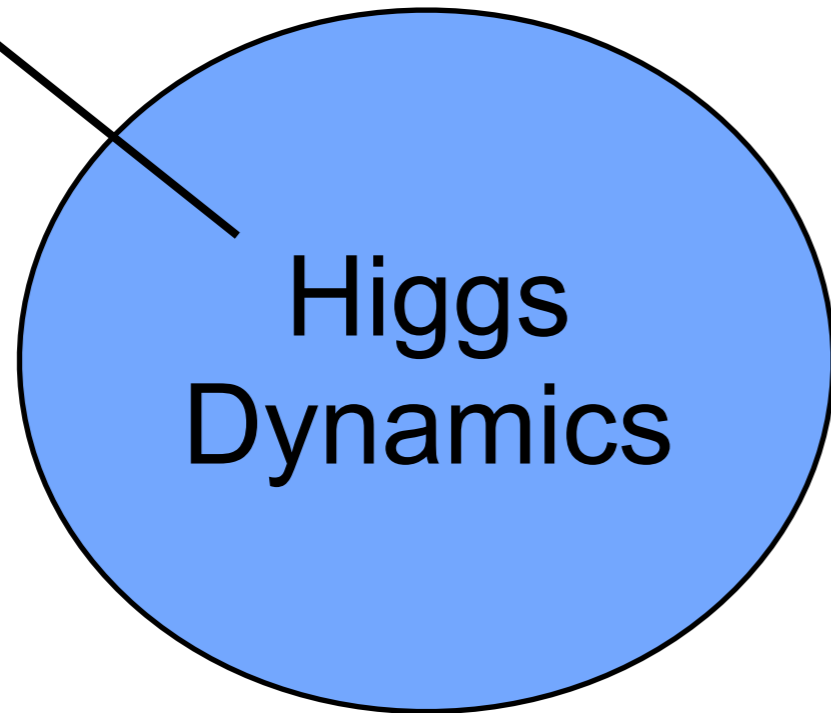
$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F^2 + qiDq + |DH|^2 - V$$

$+yqqH$ **Getting the Yukawa couplings???**

$+O\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{cutoff}}^2}\right)$ **Deviations from the SM ✓**
EWPT, rare processes, etc.



qq



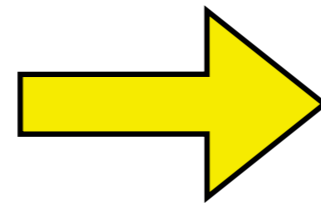
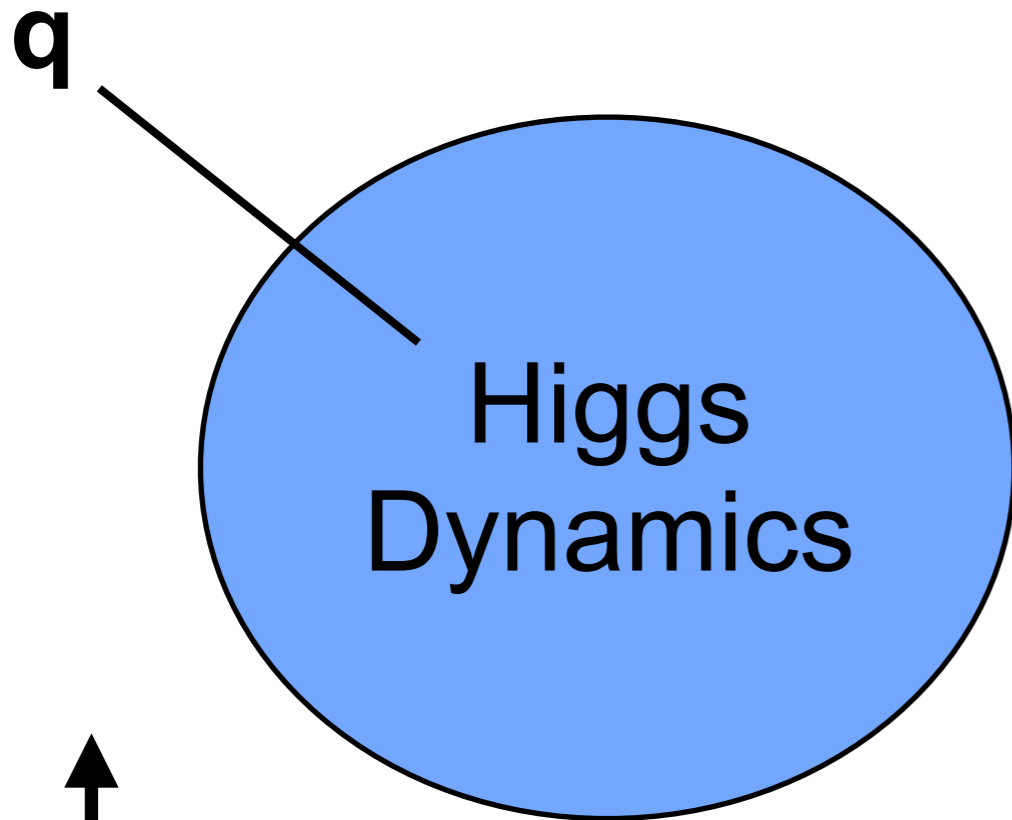
$$y_t \lesssim 4\pi \left(\frac{\Lambda}{\Lambda_F} \right)^{d-4}$$

IRRELEVANT ($d > 4$)

the flavor scale is close to the TeV:
must explain fermion masses, mixings.

very very very hard....

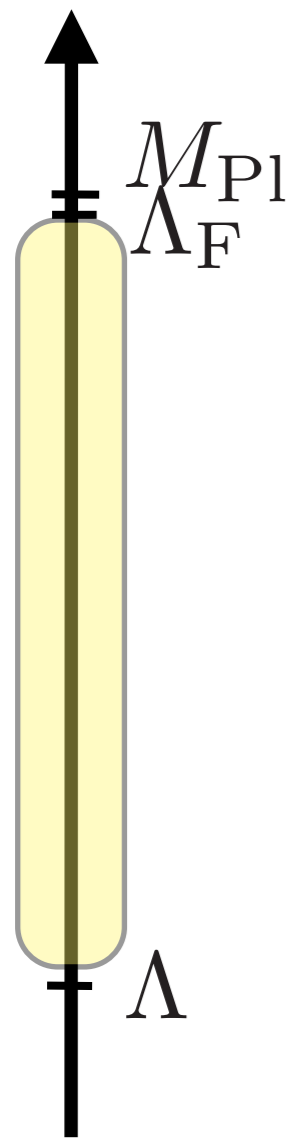




$$y_t \propto \left(\frac{\Lambda}{\Lambda_F} \right)^{d_L + d_R - 5}$$

RELEVANT **ONLY** for $d < 2.5$

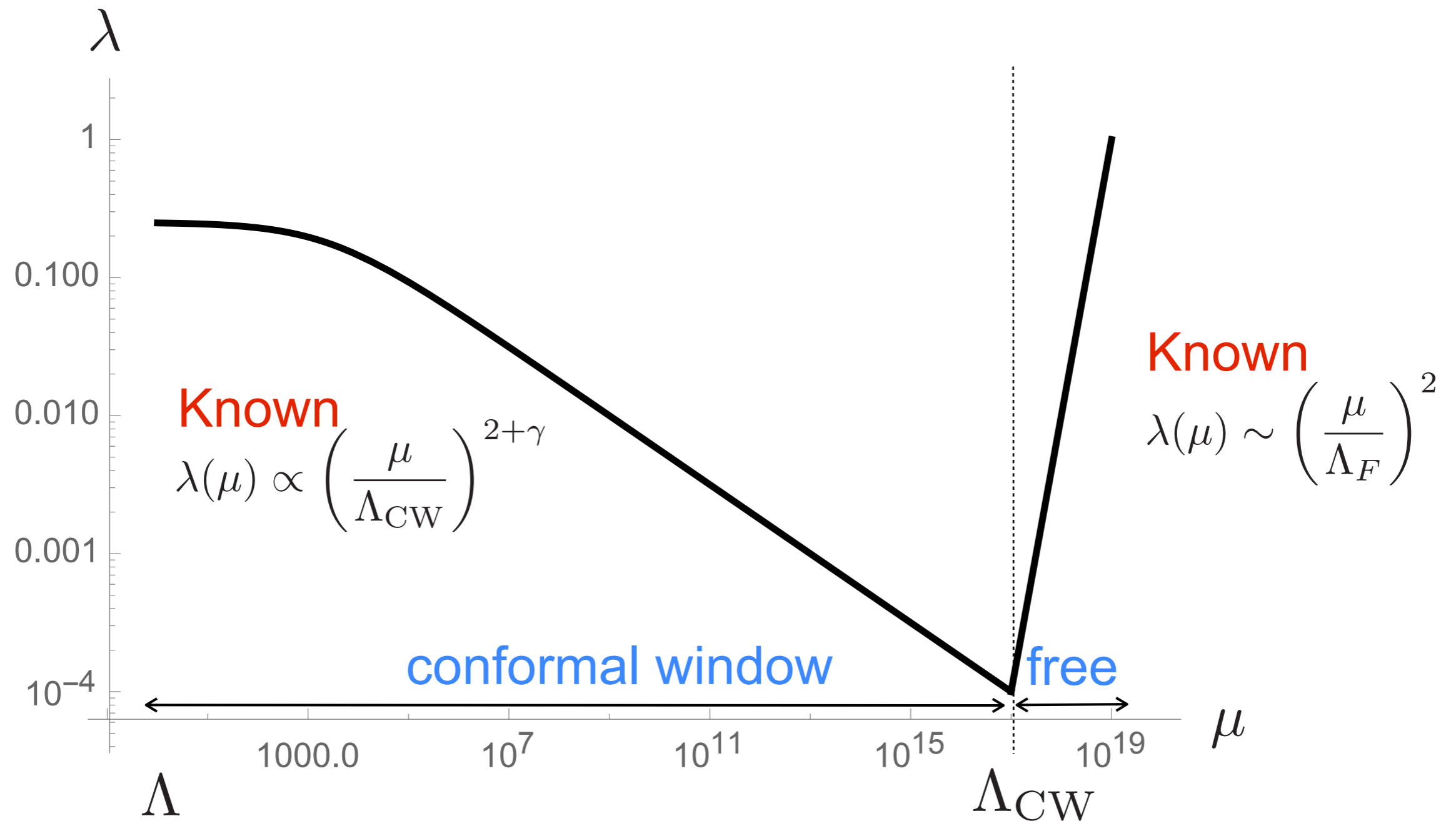
the Yukawa is not suppressed:
origin of fermion masses, mixings may decouple.



3. Key ingredients to decouple flavor scale (no scalars)

- Strongly-coupled IR fixed point
- 3-fermion operators with very large anomalous dimensions
- A very large energy window \implies all fermions get a mass from PC

Take for instance $\mathbf{qO} = \frac{q\Psi\Psi\Psi}{M_{Pl}^2}$



Note:

$\mathbf{qO} = \frac{q\sigma^{\mu\nu} Q^a F_{\mu\nu}^a}{\Lambda_F}$ is not sufficient nor necessary

$$\mu \frac{dg}{d\mu} = -\frac{g^3 C_2}{16\pi^2} \left(\frac{11}{3} - \frac{2}{3} N_F \right) + \dots$$

A candidate and its Pheno

Wish-list

- A strong IR fixed point (conformal window)
- Realistic phenomenology (ex: Higgs potential)
- Partners O for all SM quarks (to decouple the flavor scale)
- No Landau poles at low energy
- $d < 2.5$ within the conformal window?

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An QCD-like $SU(3)$ candidate with N_f Dirac flavors

	$SU(3)$	$SU(3)_c$	$SU(2)_w$	$U(1)_Y$
T	3	3	1	a
D	3	1	2	$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}a$
S	3	1	1	$-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2}a$
S'	3	1	1	$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{2}a$

Plus the right handed components

$$\psi_1 \psi_2 \psi_3 \equiv \Gamma \psi_1 (\overline{\psi_2^c} \Gamma' \psi_3)$$

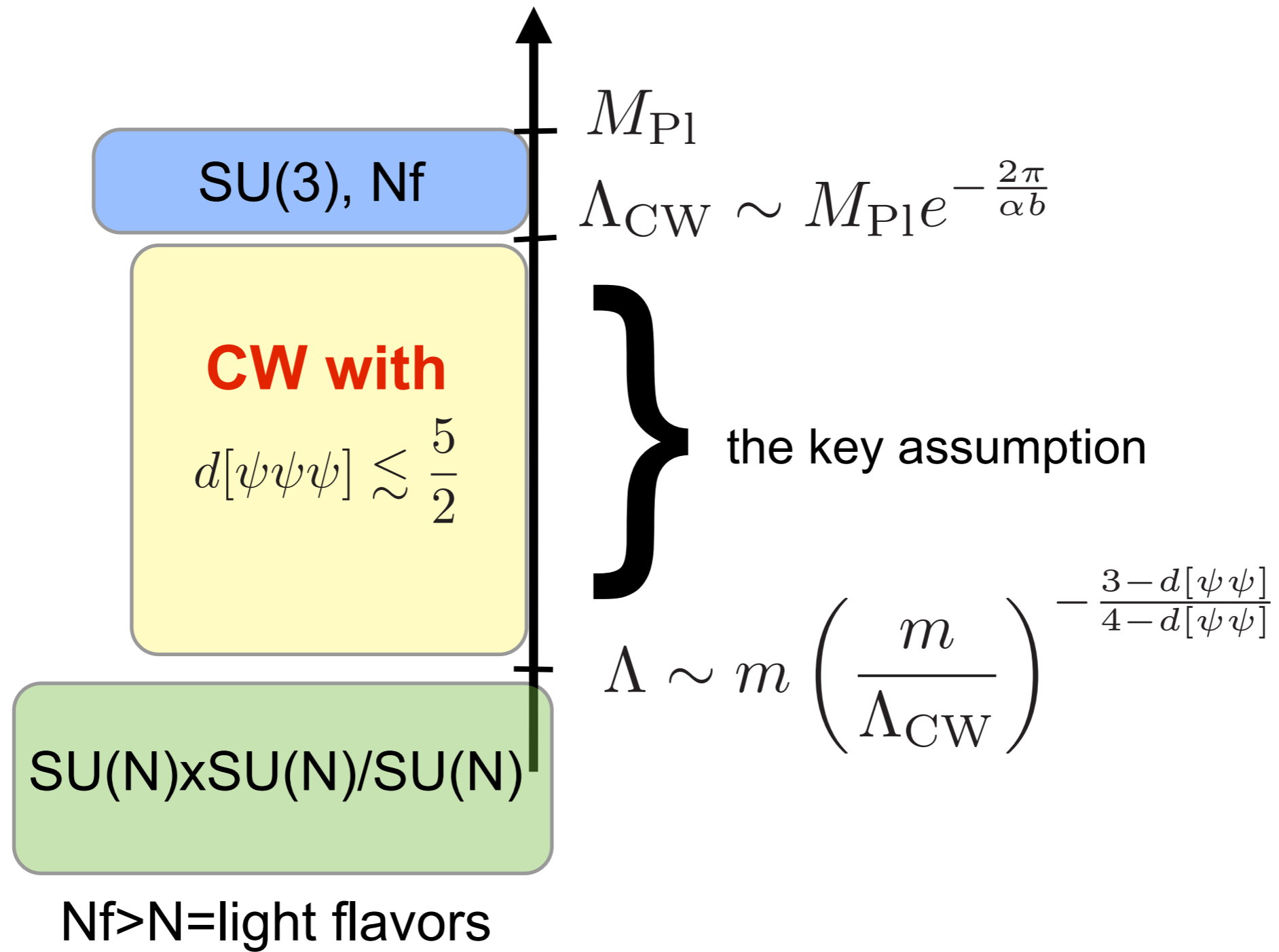
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{PC}} = q \overline{T D S} + u T D D + u T S S' + d T S S + \text{hc.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{ETC}} = & qu D \overline{S} + qu \overline{D} S' + qd \overline{D} S + qd D \overline{S}' \\ & + le \overline{D} S + le D \overline{S}' + Q^\dagger \overline{\sigma}^\mu Q \psi^\dagger \overline{\sigma}_\mu \psi + \text{hc} \end{aligned}$$

Exit CFT:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}} = -m_T T \overline{T} - m_D D \overline{D} - m_S S \overline{S} - m_{S'} S' \overline{S}' + \text{hc.}$$

...



Phenomenology

- ▶ non-minimal $SU(N) \times SU(N) / SU(N) \Rightarrow$ Collider (exotic NGBs)
- ▶ color not factorized \Rightarrow Collider (direct production of colored NGBs)
- ▶ accidental symmetries \Rightarrow Collider (new collider signatures)

Vacuum Alignment in $SU(4) \times SU(4) / SU(4)$ $SU(2)_w \times SU(2)_{\text{cust}} \subset SU(4)_V$

* 15 Goldstones:

$$\text{NGB} = (2, 2) + (2, 2) + (3, 1) + (1, 3) + (1, 1)$$

* Fermions in (reducible) 2-index representations:

$$O \sim T \Psi_i \Psi_j$$

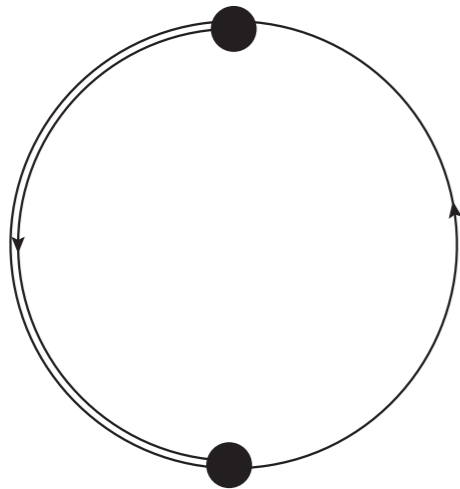
* Generically, couplings to fermions break custodial:
problem with rho parameter

[Gripaios et al. \(2009\)](#)
[Mrazek et al. \(2011\)](#)

$$\delta\mathcal{L} = m_{1,2}^2 i H_1^\dagger H_2 + \text{hc}$$

Robust solution: $\lambda_R \overline{t}_R O$

choose O in the $\mathbf{6} \in SU(4)_V$ of $(\mathbf{4}, \mathbf{4}) \in SU(4)_L \times SU(4)_R$



$$\delta V = C_u \text{tr} [(\lambda_R U)(\lambda_R U)^*]$$

$$C_u = 4 \int \frac{d^4 p_E}{(2\pi)^4} \int ds \frac{\rho(s)}{p_E^2 + s} > 0.$$

\implies **no tadpole for H_2** (respects custodial)

& positive masses for the “dangerous” NGBs (rho is OK!)

$$\text{NGB} = (2, 2) + \cancel{(2, 2)} + \cancel{(3, 1)} + \cancel{(1, 3)} + (1, 1)$$

technically natural:

effectively
SU(4)/Sp(4)!

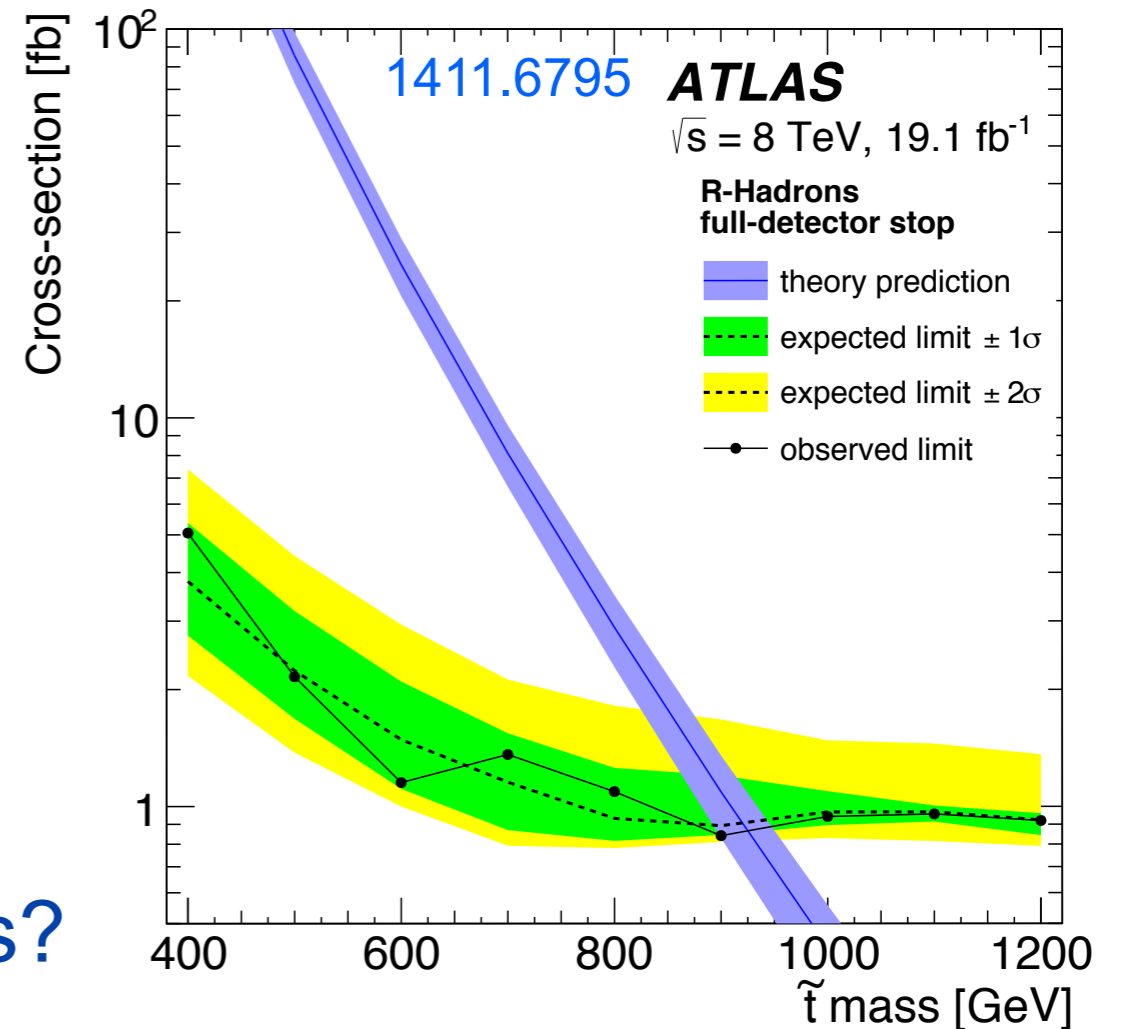
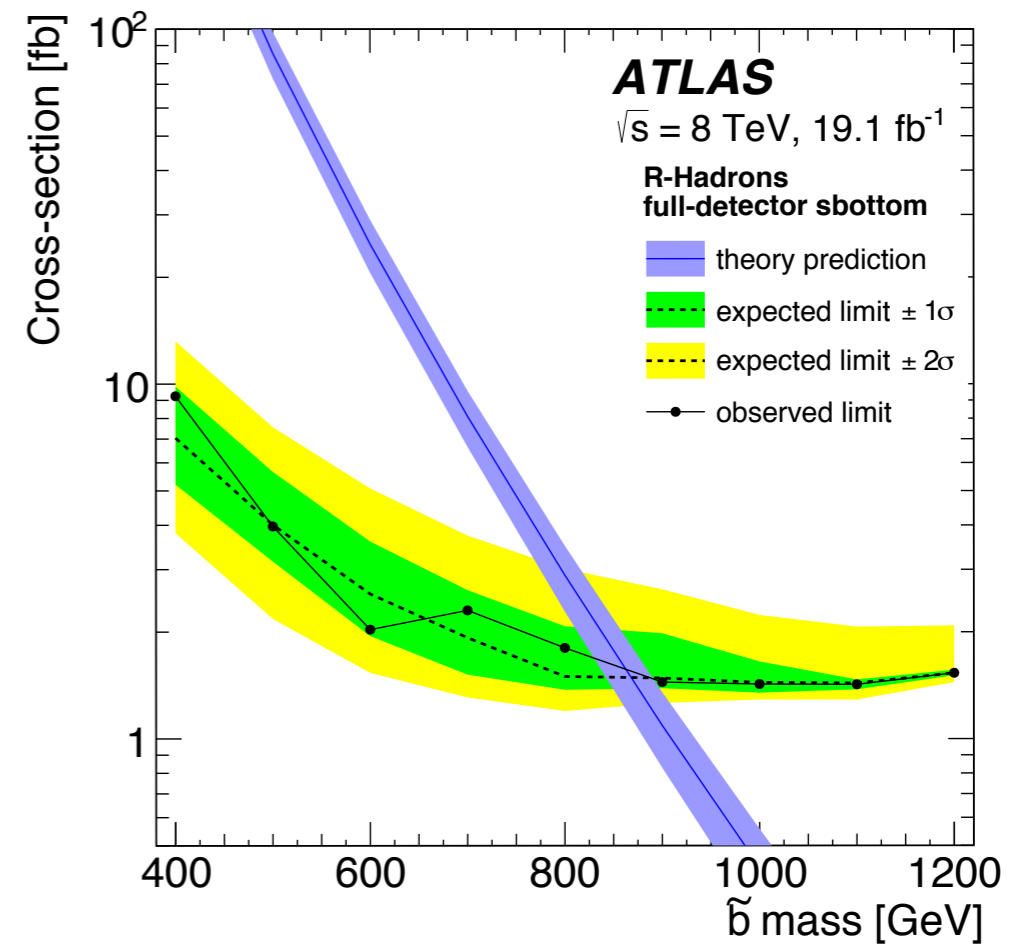
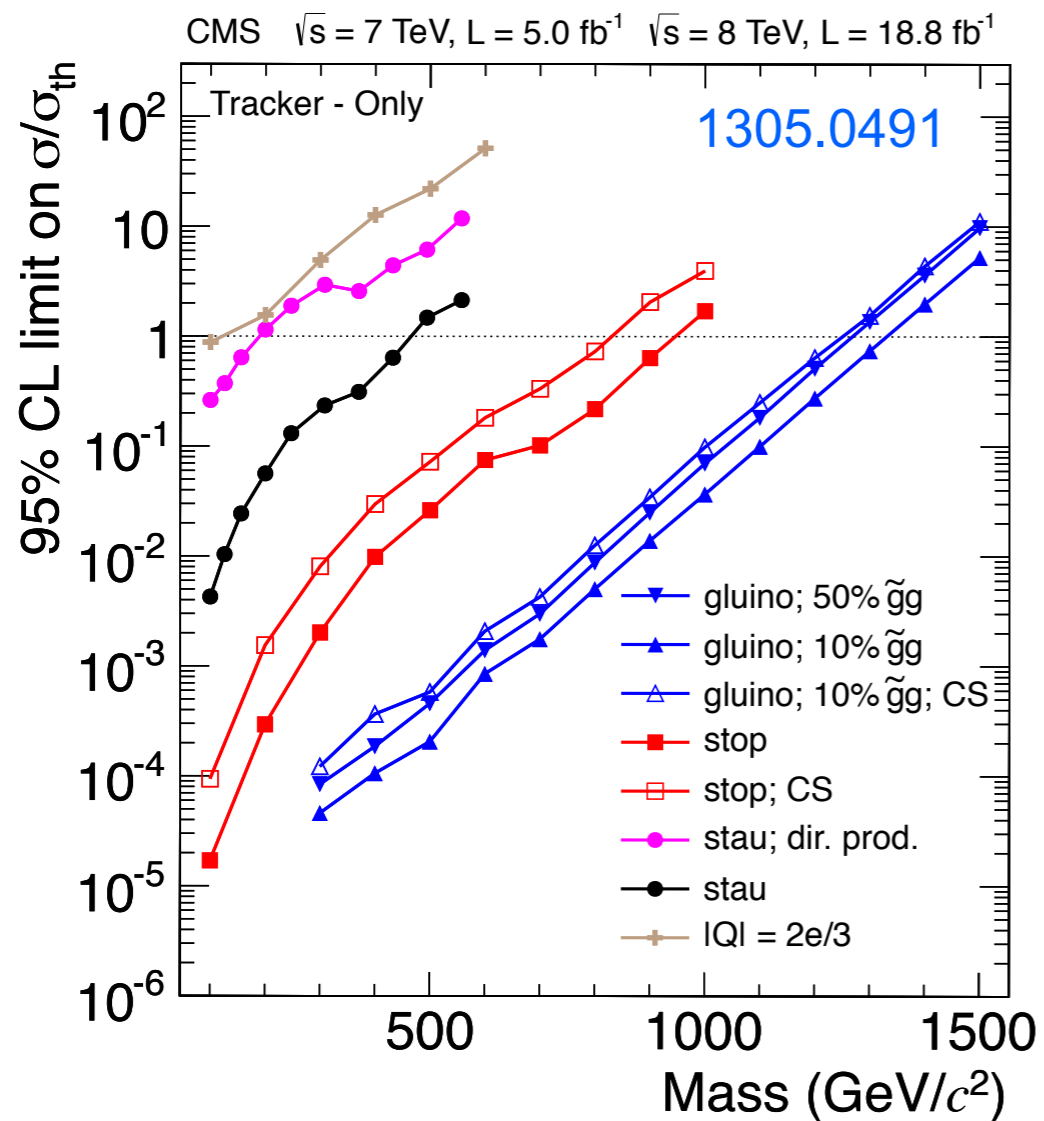
* realistic Higgs potential

$$V_{\text{NDA}} = \frac{(g_* f)^4}{16\pi^2} \left[a \left(\frac{y_t^2}{g_*^2} s_h^2 \right) + b \left(\frac{y_t^2}{g_*^2} s_h^2 \right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

- To achieve $v \ll f$ ONE tuning ($a \ll b \sim 1$) of order $\sim (g_* f / m_t)^2$ “double-tuning” in Panico et al. (2013)
- The 126 GeV Higgs quartic is reproduced for $b \sim 4 = \mathcal{O}(1)$ and $g_* = 4\pi$

* Color-Triplet PNGBs with EW charges

► accidental baryon & lepton & U(1)_T family ⇒ **T-hadrons**



Fractional charge? Displaced vertices?

Conclusions

- * Honest (pheno) question: **models without fund. scalars?**
- * “Obvious” candidate: **SU(3) gauge with light flavors**
 - satisfies all basic requirements theoretically under control
 - has realistic vacuum alignment ($v < f$) and Higgs mass
 - familiar to lattice community (baryon scaling dimension?)
- * **UV models \implies phenomenological work to do:**
 - extend studies to non-minimal cosets ($SU(4)^2/SU(4)$, etc.)
 - collider pheno of colored scalars (generic from PC)
 - novel signatures (T-hadrons, etc.)