



# Analyse multi-messagers photon/neutrino avec le télescope ANTARES

Aurore MATHIEU

Visite L3

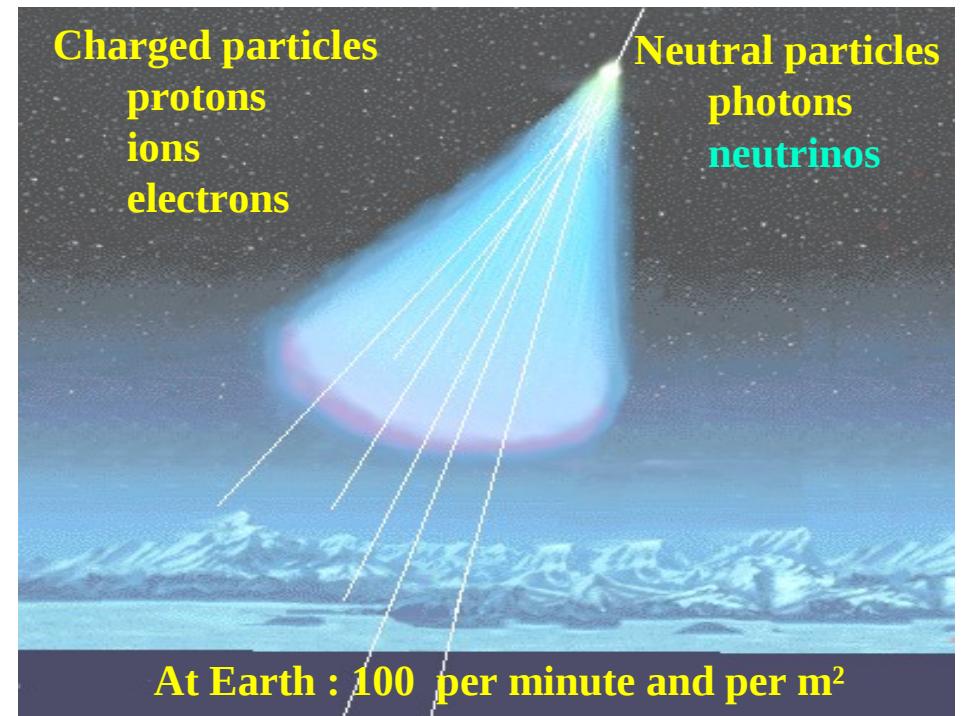
24 avril 2015

# Cosmic rays



Cosmic rays were discovered a century ago by Victor Hess and we still do not know their origin ...

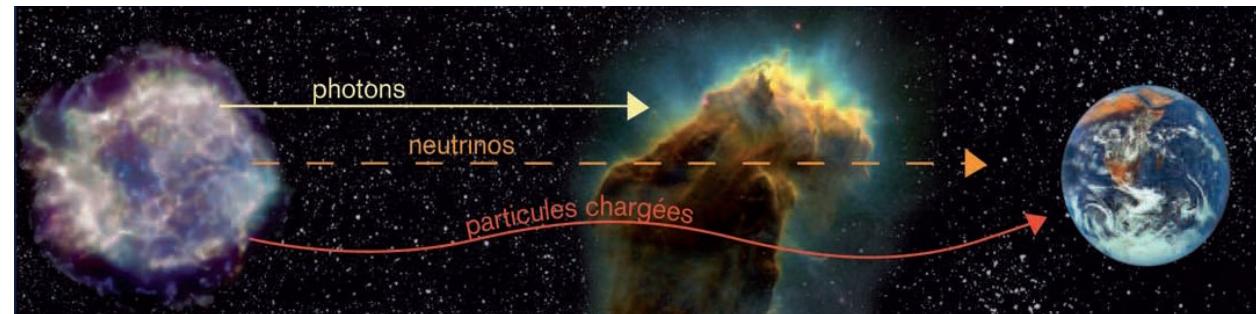
Cosmic rays interact with the upper atmosphere and produce large particle showers ...



# Neutrino astronomy

Neutrinos are unique messengers to study the high energy Universe:

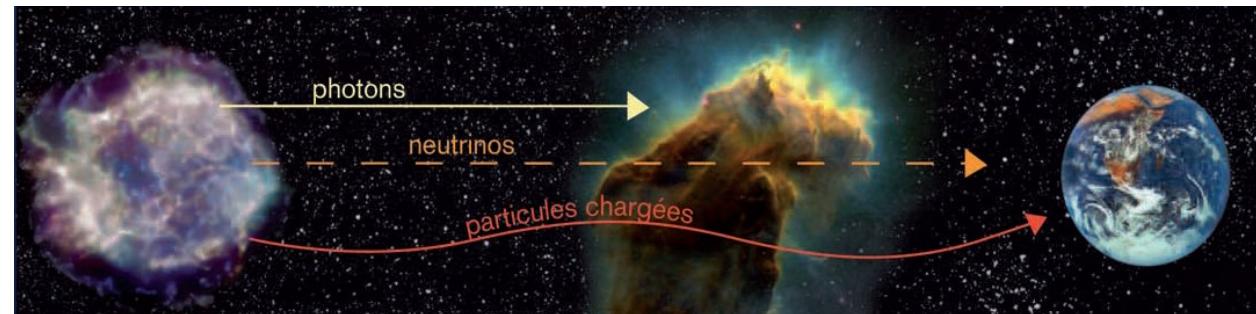
- Electrically neutral
- No absorption
- Weakly interacting



# Neutrino astronomy

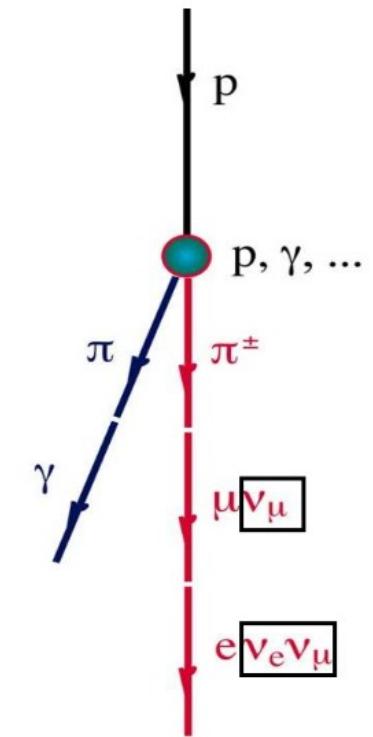
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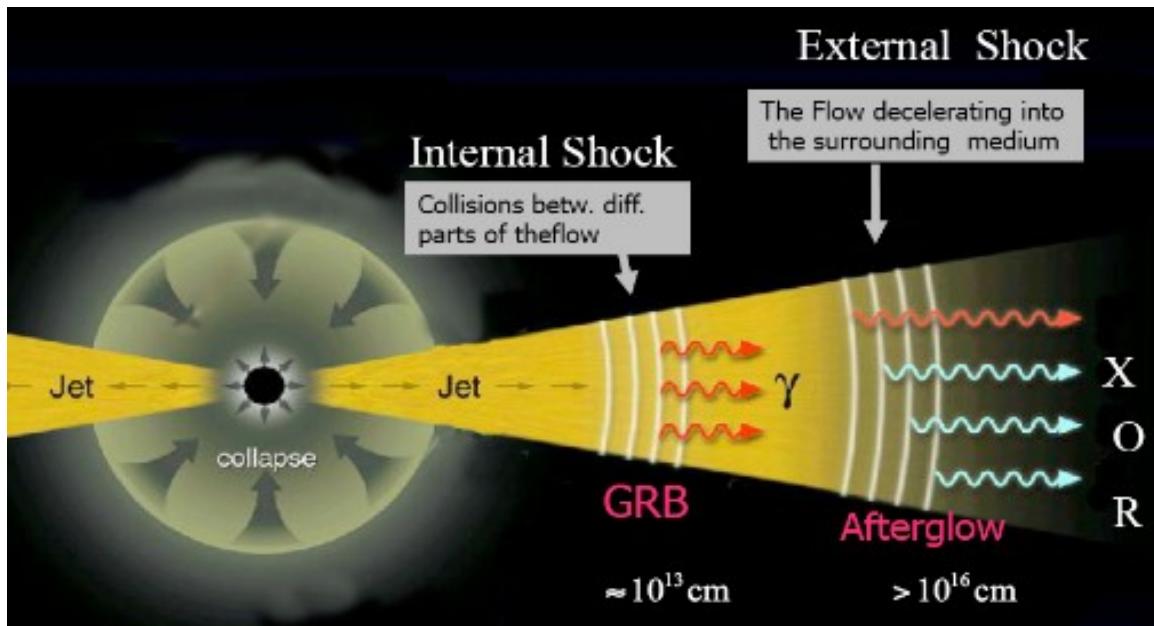
## Cosmic neutrinos:

- Neutrinos possibly produced in interactions of high energy nucleons with matter or radiation
- If hadronic mechanisms:  
 $\text{High energy nucleons} + \text{hadrons} \rightarrow \text{mesons} + \text{hadrons}$   
→ *neutrinos and photons*
- Simultaneous emitters of neutrinos and gamma-rays
- Detection from a cosmic source would be a direct evidence of hadronic scenario



# Example of sources

- High energy neutrinos from gamma-ray bursts and core-collapse supernovae



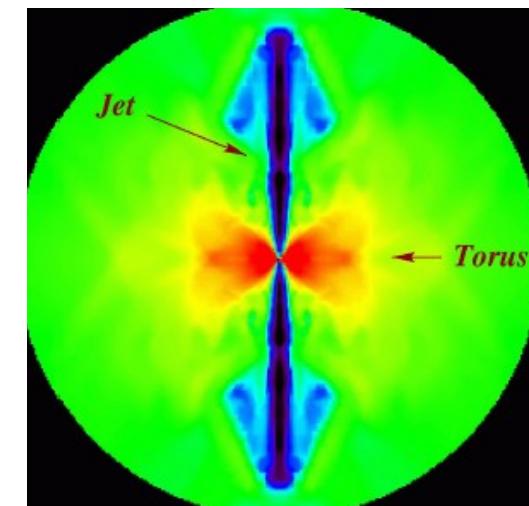
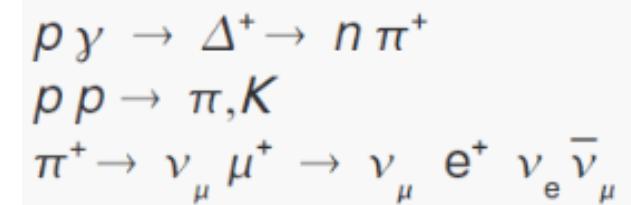
## SN neutrinos:

connection GRB-SN (choked jet, mildly relativistic)

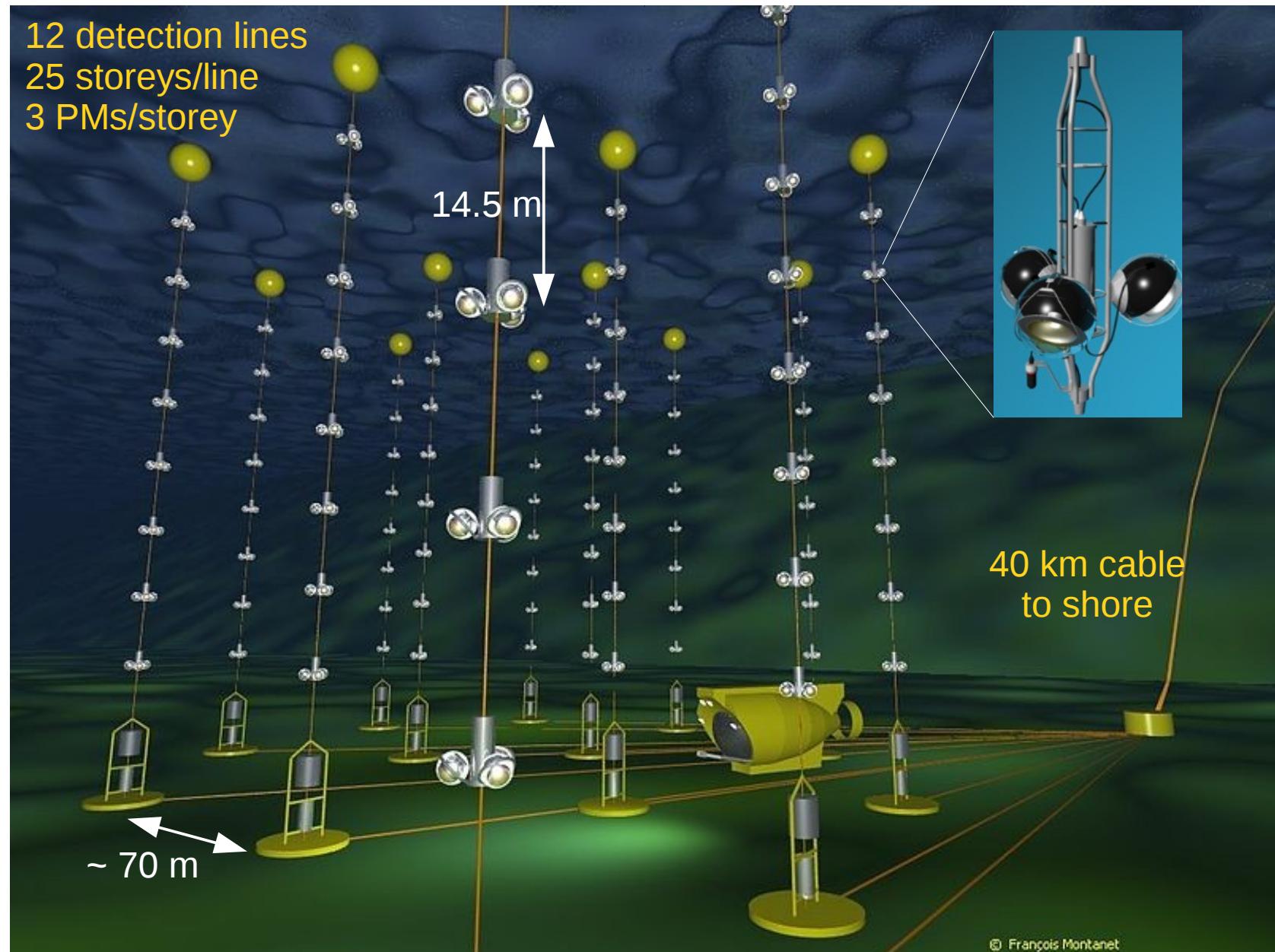
⇒ 100 GeV-10 TeV neutrino

Razzaque & al., Ando & Beacom

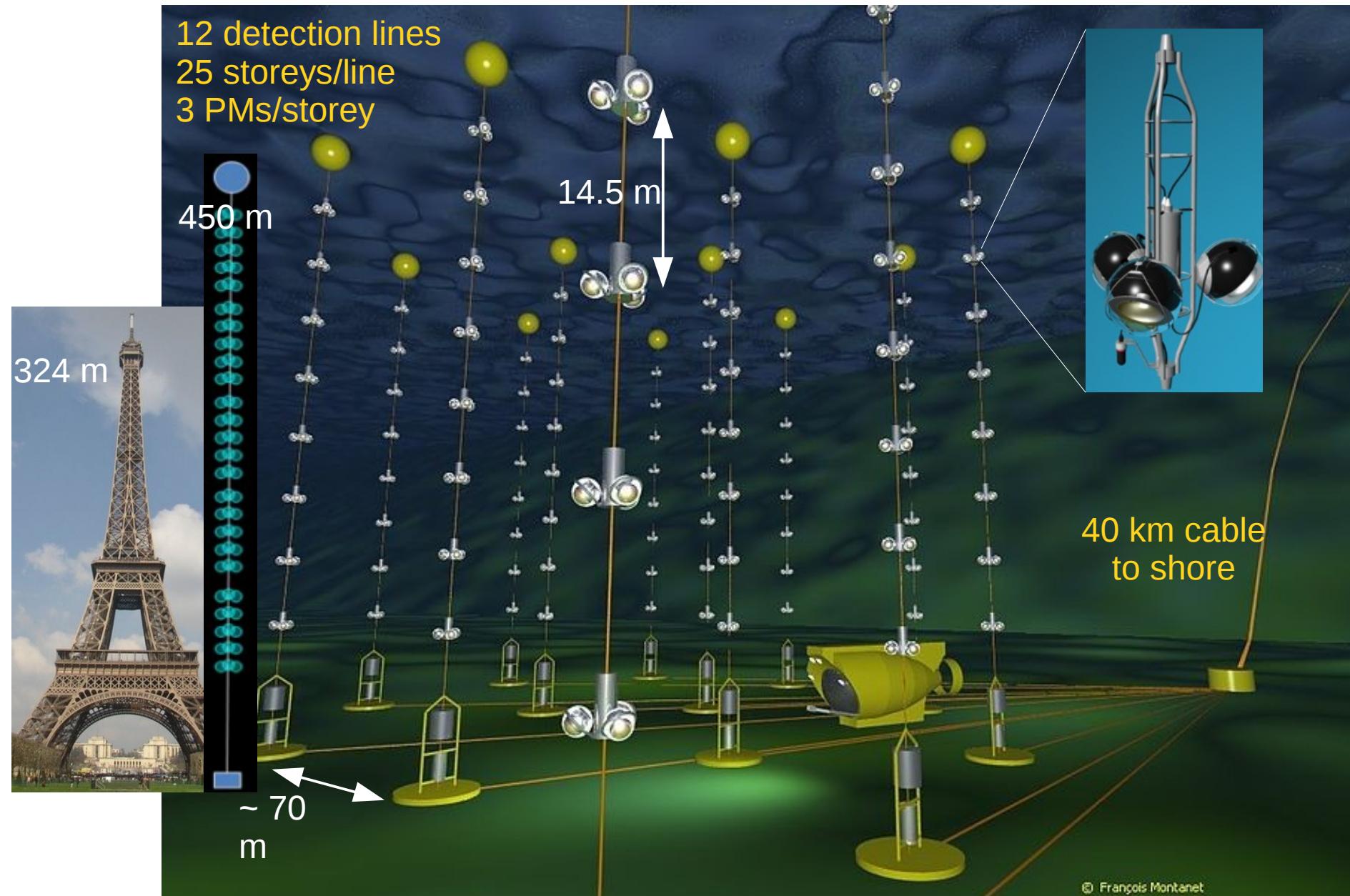
**GRB neutrinos:**  
relativistic jets (Fireball model)  
⇒ 10 TeV–10 PeV neutrino  
Meszaros & Rees, Waxman



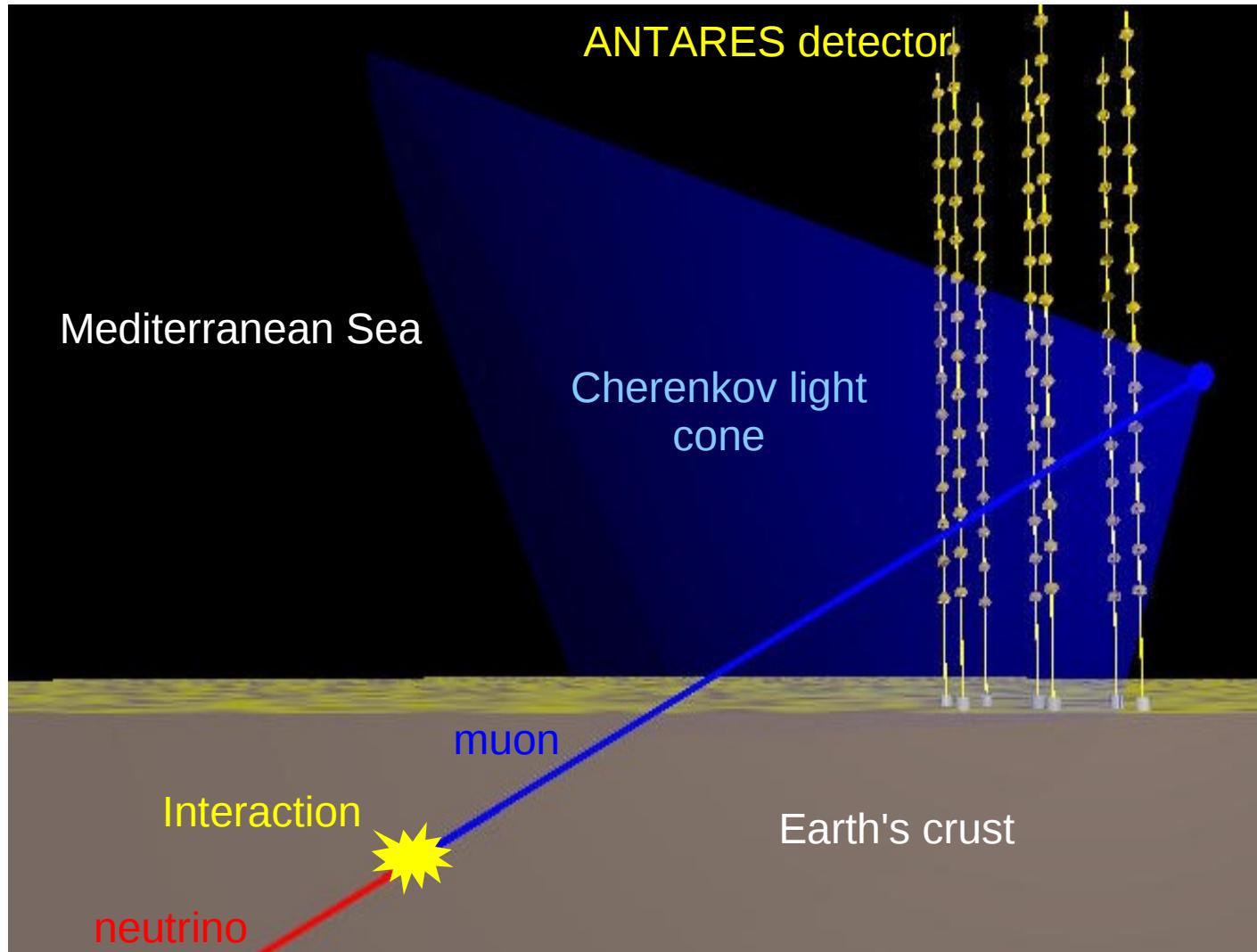
# The ANTARES telescope



# The ANTARES telescope



# Detection principle

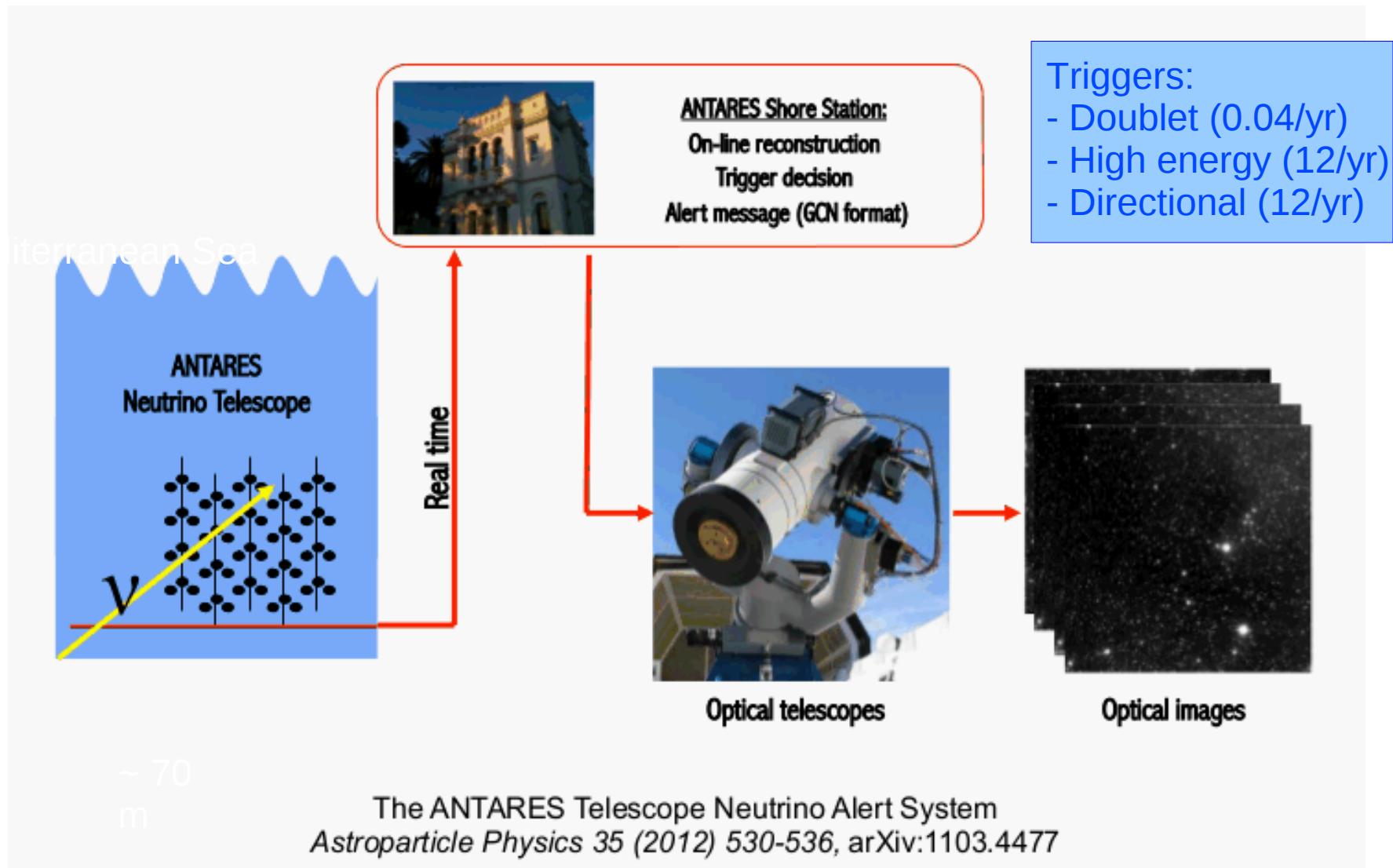


The ANTARES neutrino telescope detects Cherenkov light created by a muon coming from the interaction of a neutrino with the Earth

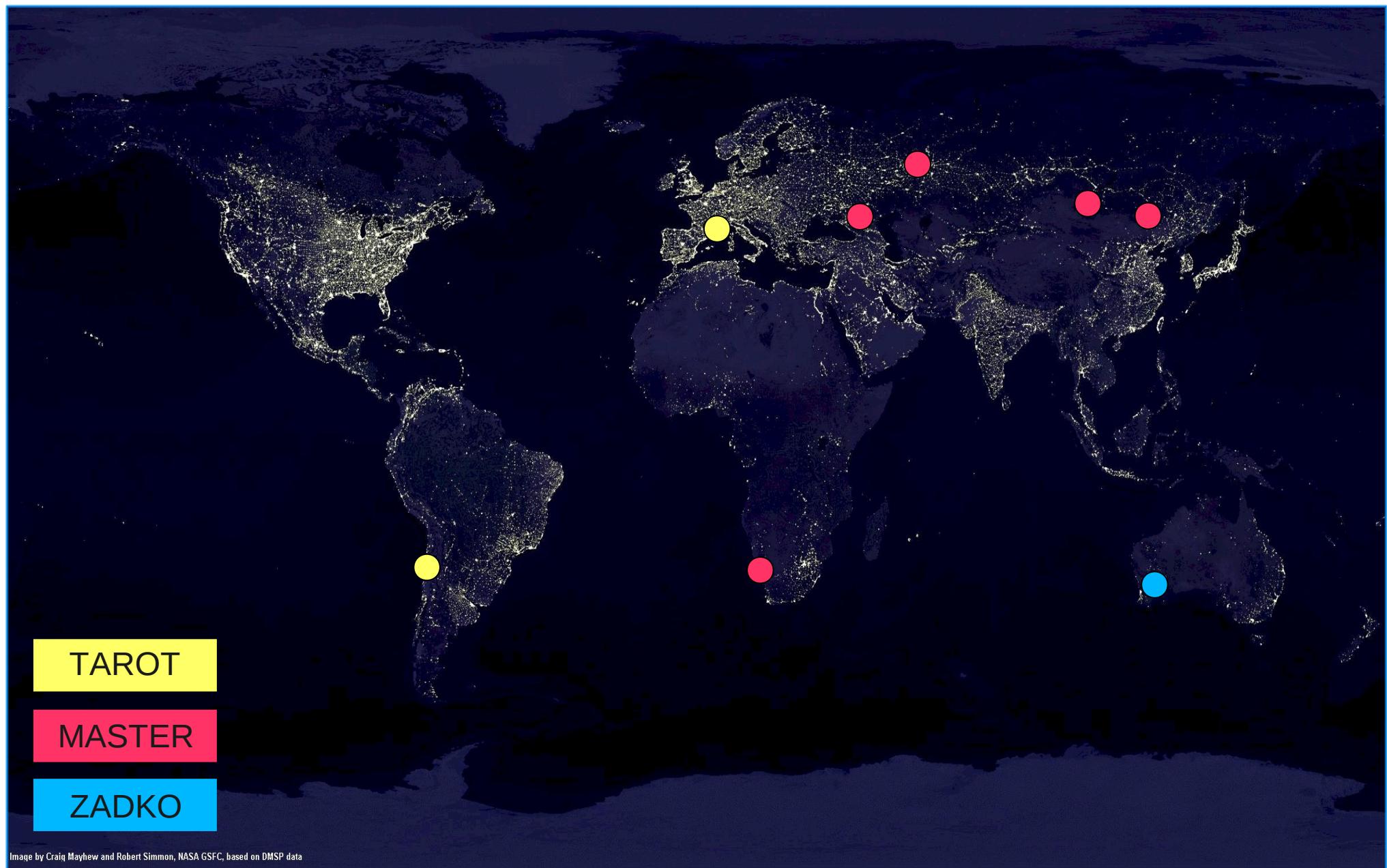
We are looking for upgoing events !

# TAToO

- Optical follow-up: search for an optical counterpart
- Transient sources: GRBs, SNe



# Follow-up with telescopes



# Follow-up with telescopes

TAROT Calern



- Two 25 cm telescopes
- Fov  $1.86^\circ \times 1.86^\circ$
- Slewing time  $\sim 10\text{s}$



TAROT

MASTER

ZADKO

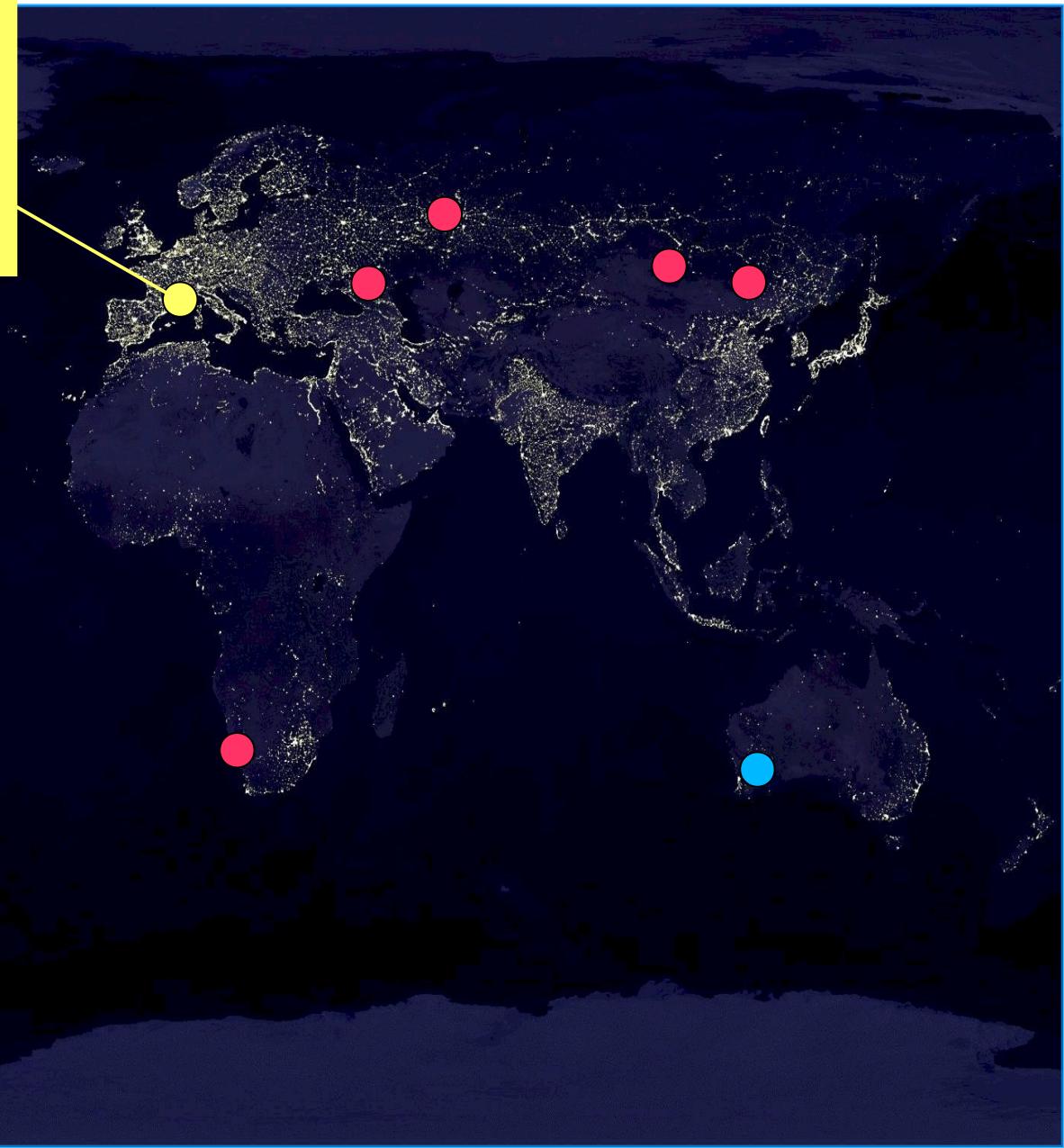
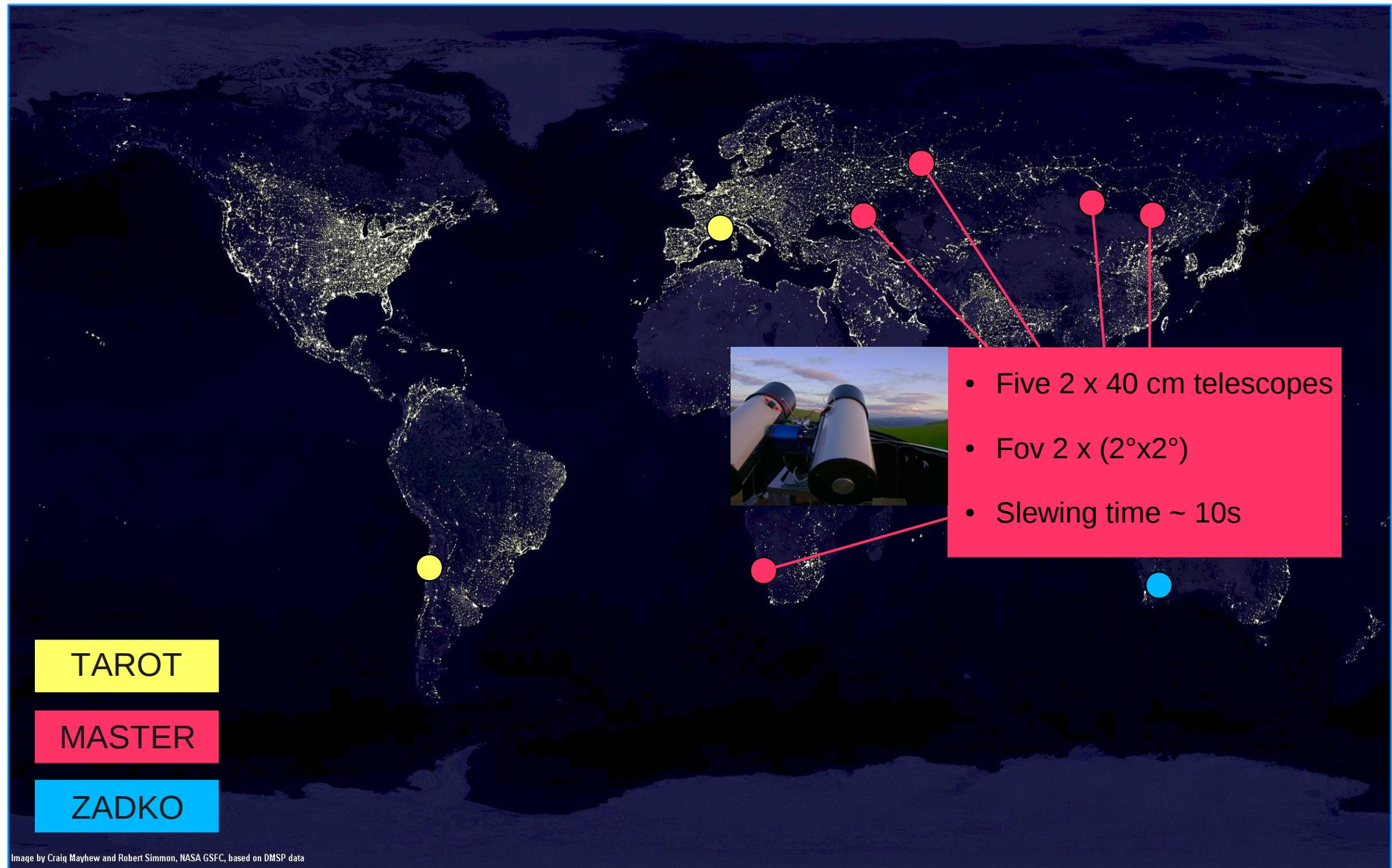
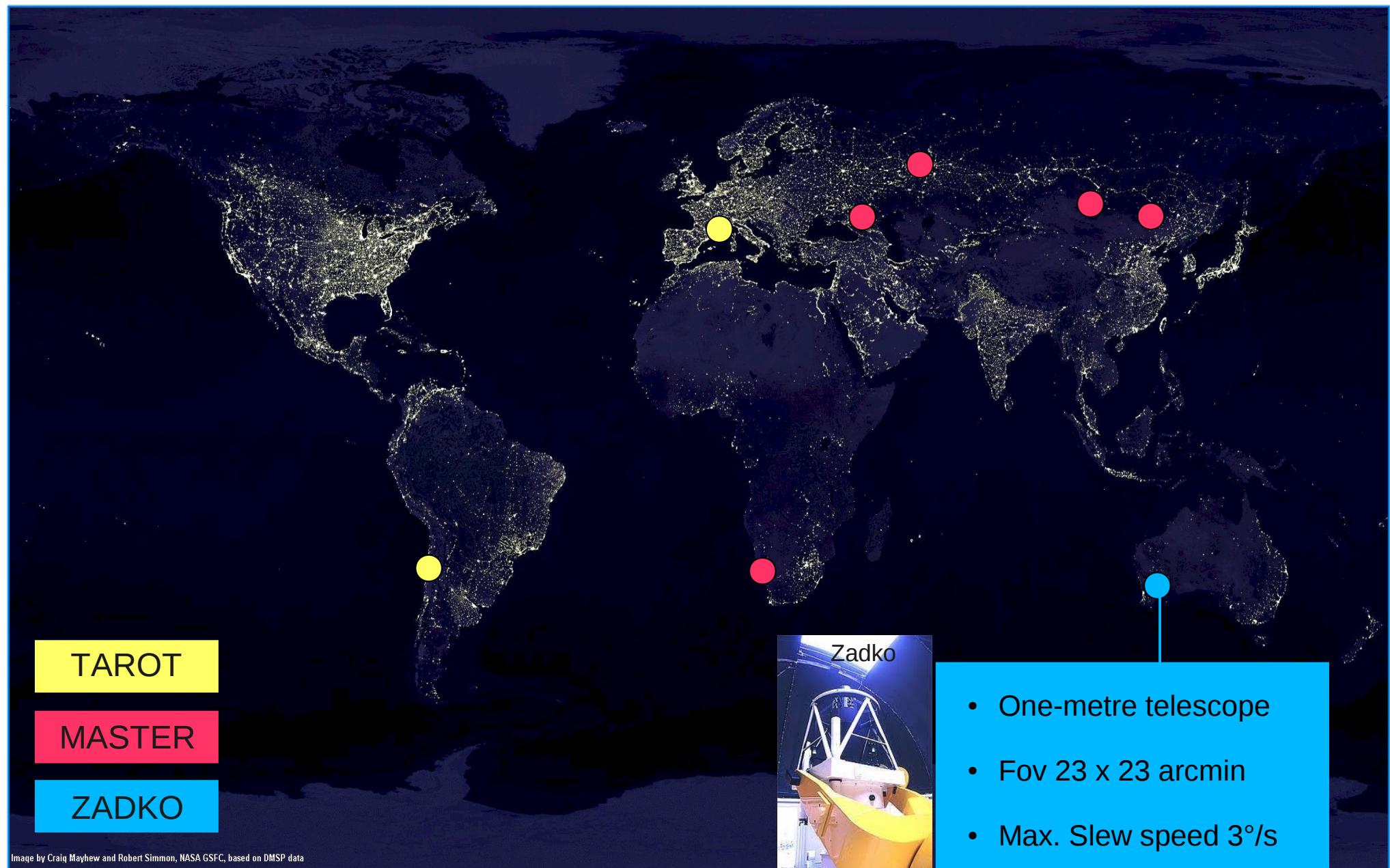


Image by Craig Mayhew and Robert Simmon, NASA GSFC, based on DMSP data

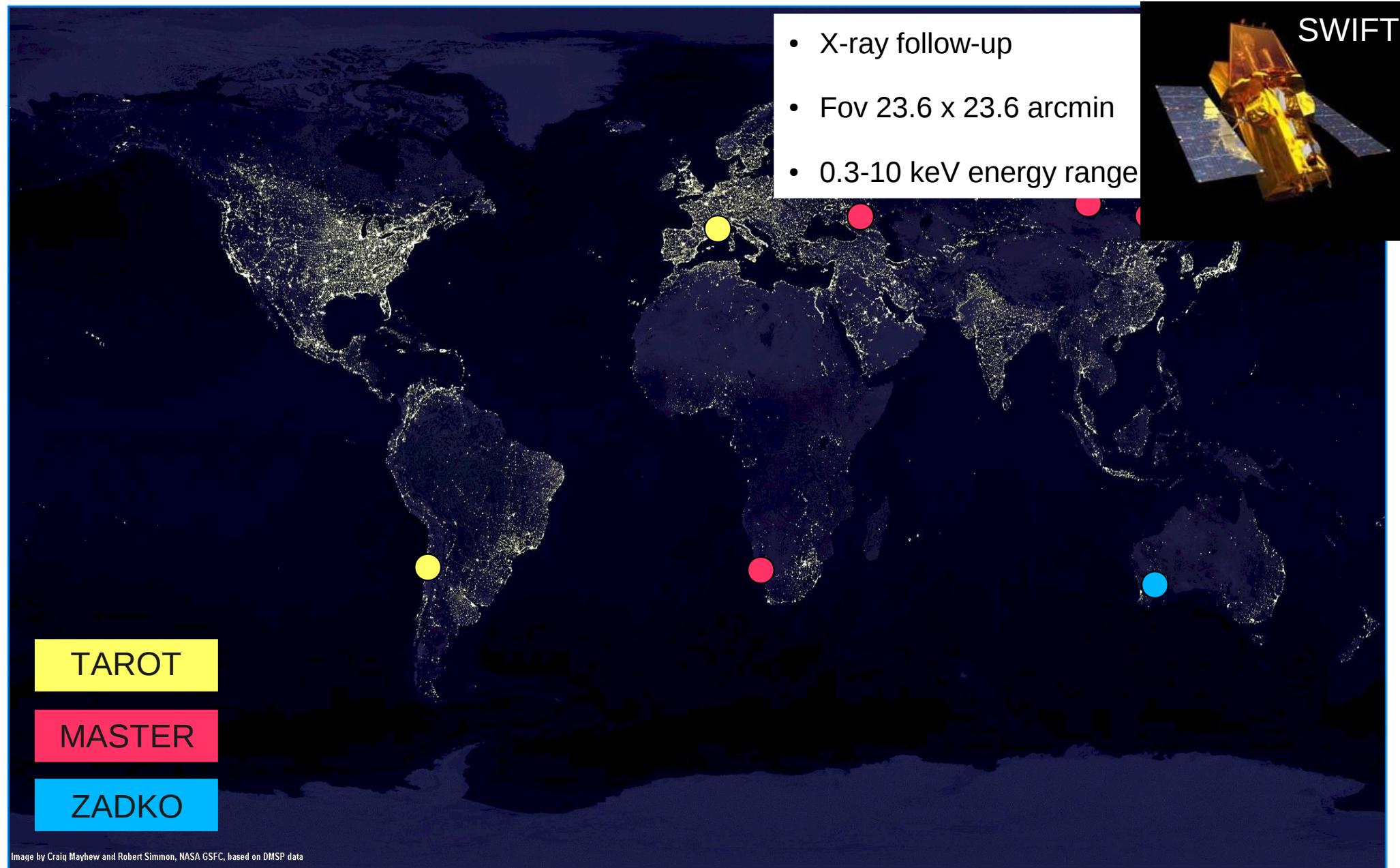
# Follow-up with telescopes



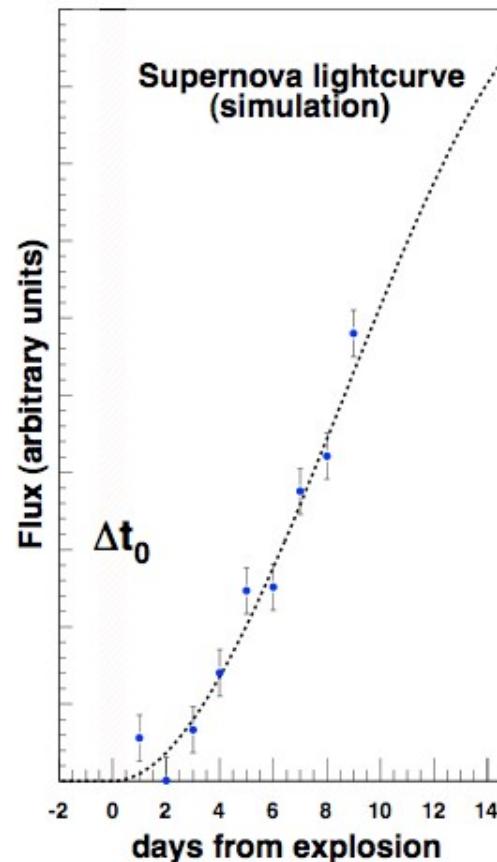
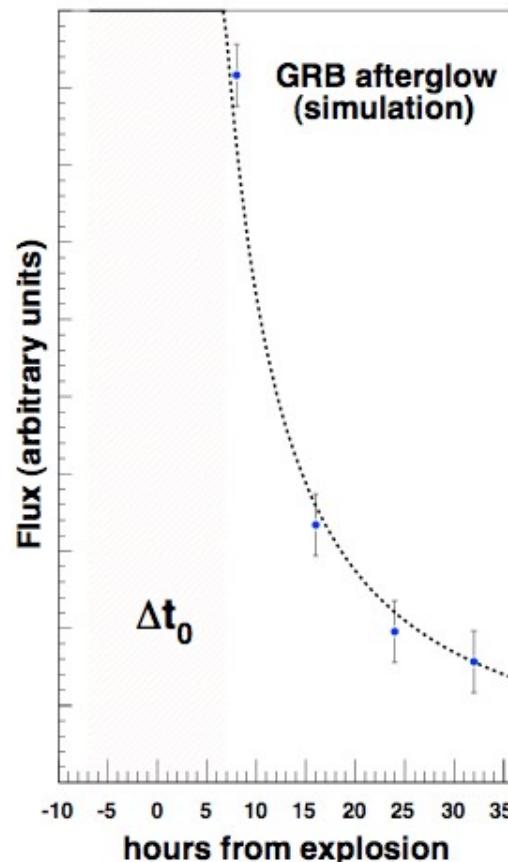
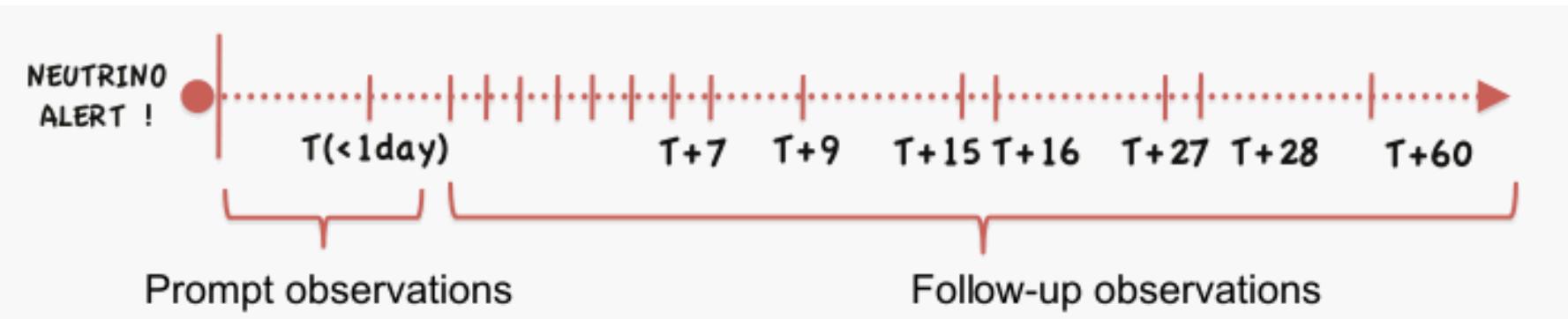
# Follow-up with telescopes



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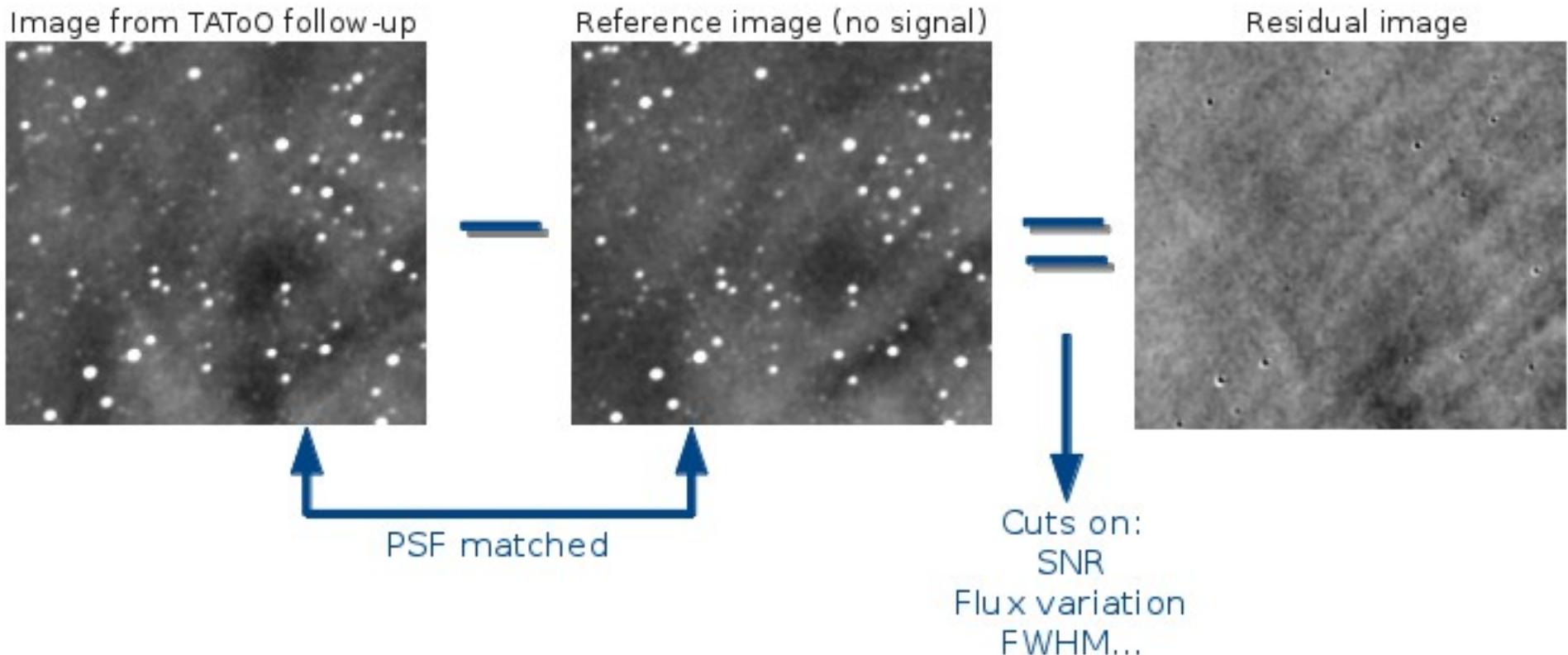


# Optical follow-up strategy



# Optical counterpart search

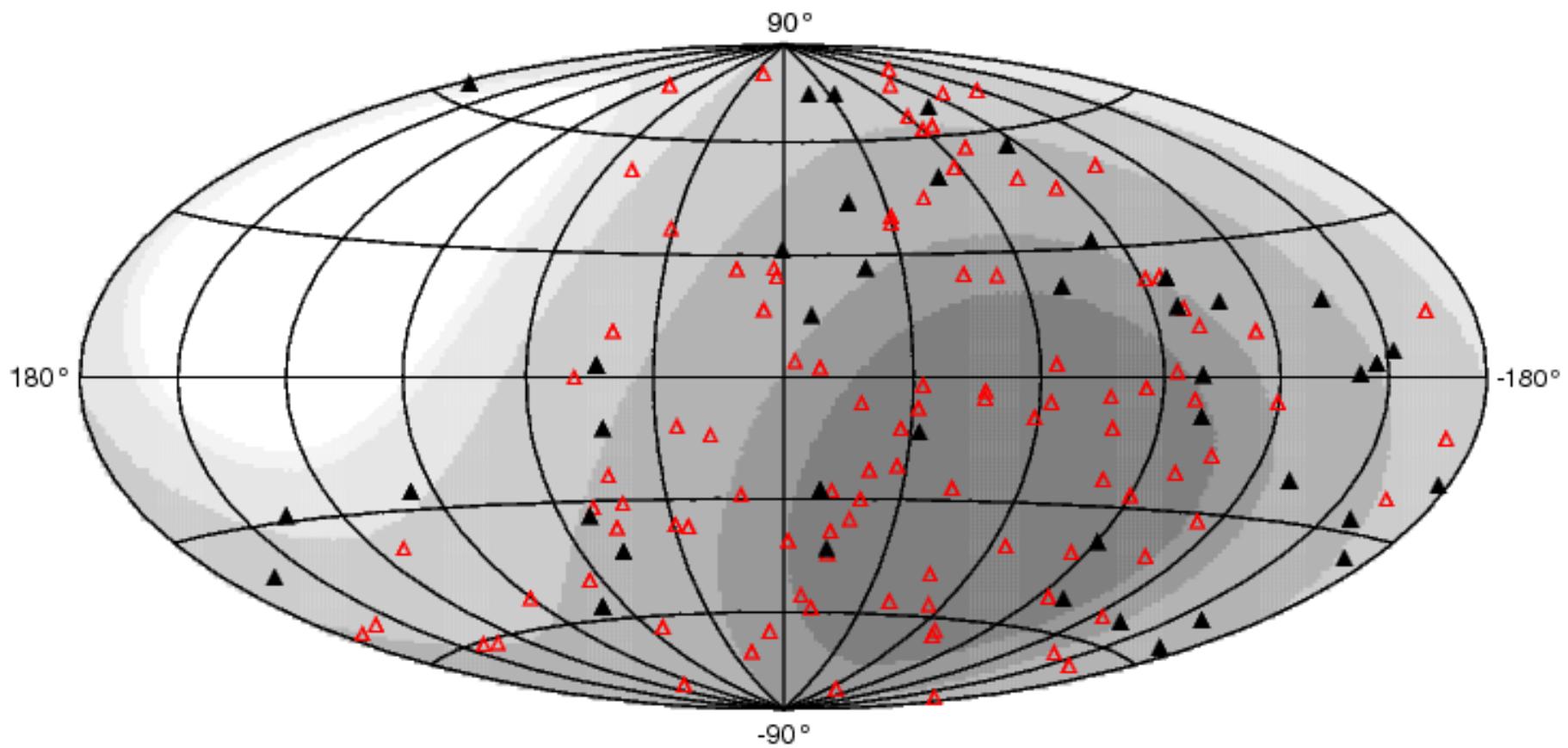
- Analysis based on the image subtraction:



- Development of a new pipeline for image analysis

# Alerts

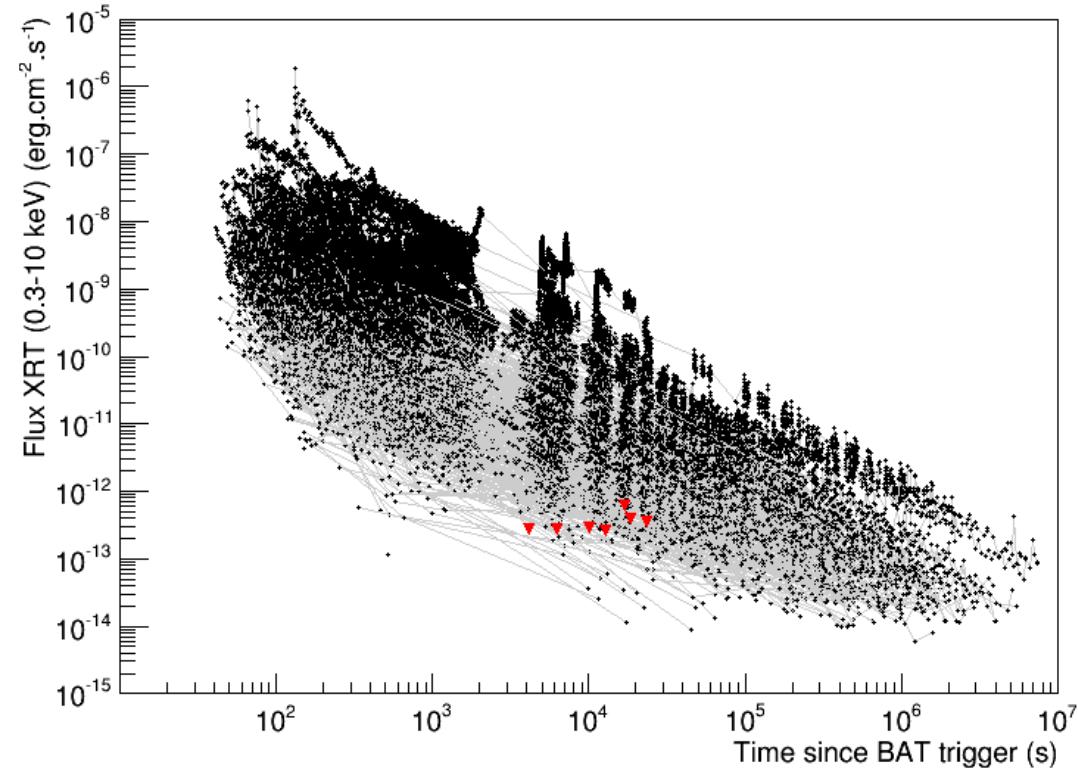
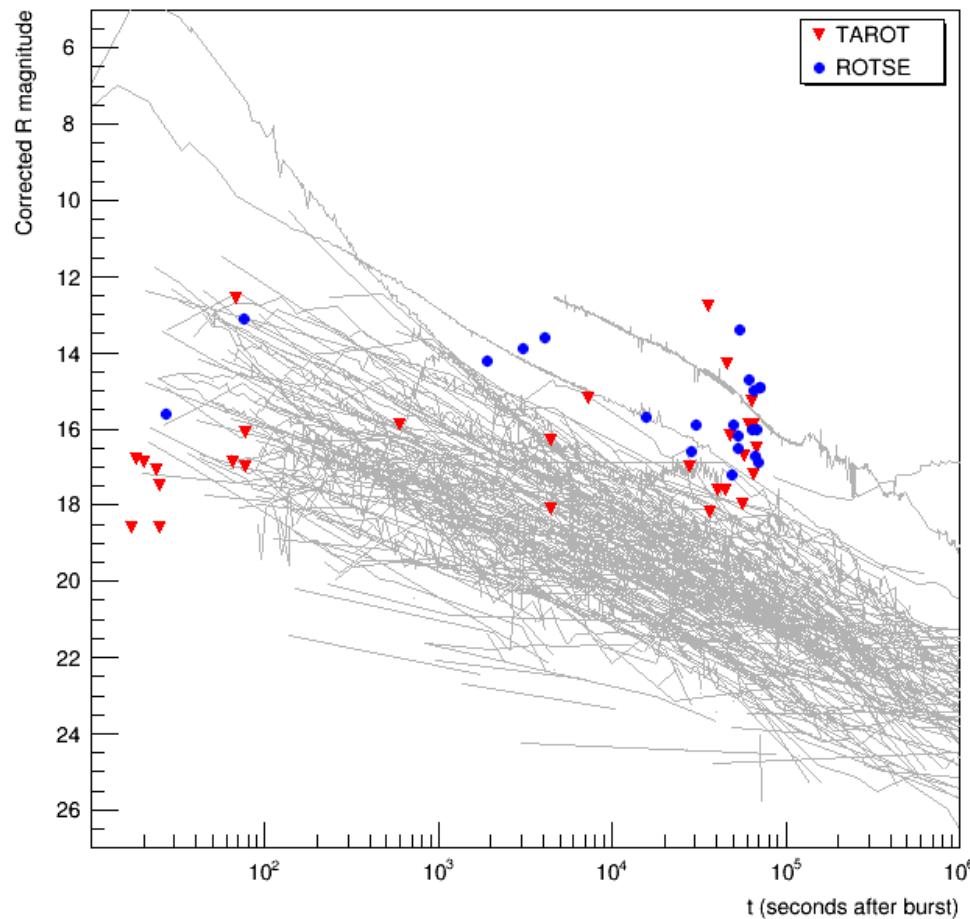
- Since 2009, ~150 alerts:



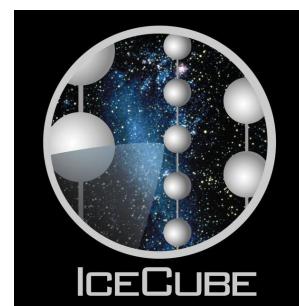
# Prompt analysis

42 alerts with optical images & 7 alerts with X-ray data

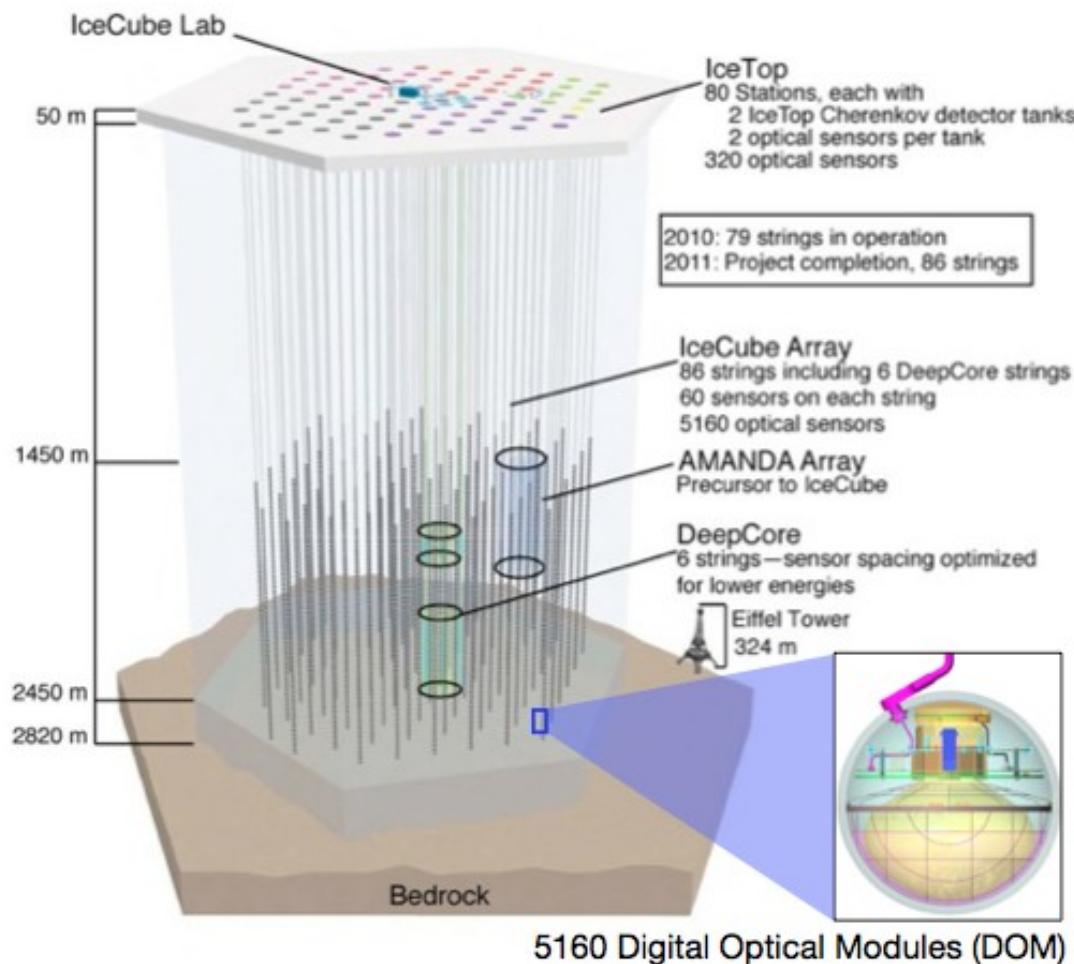
- No transient optical counterpart associated with a neutrino detection
- Upper limits on transient sources magnitude



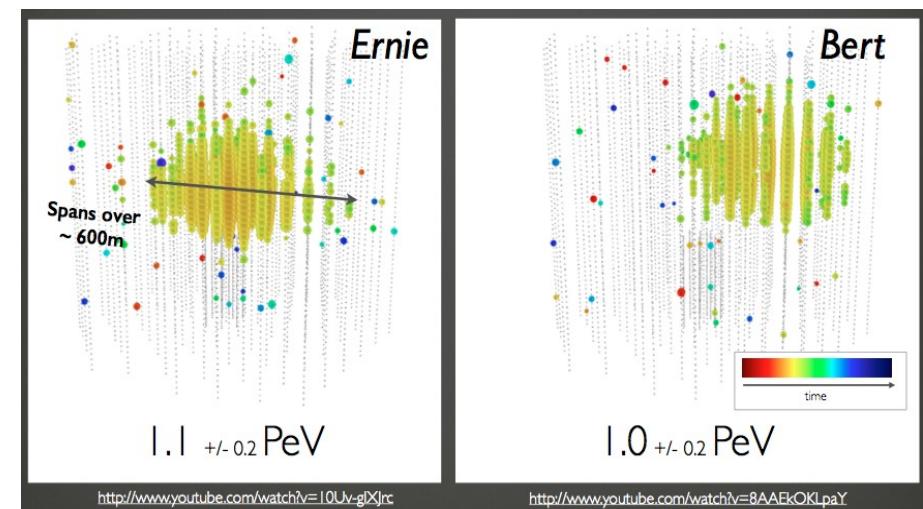
# Neutrino telescopes in the world



# IceCube



28 events:  
2 with energy > 1 PeV



# KM3NeT

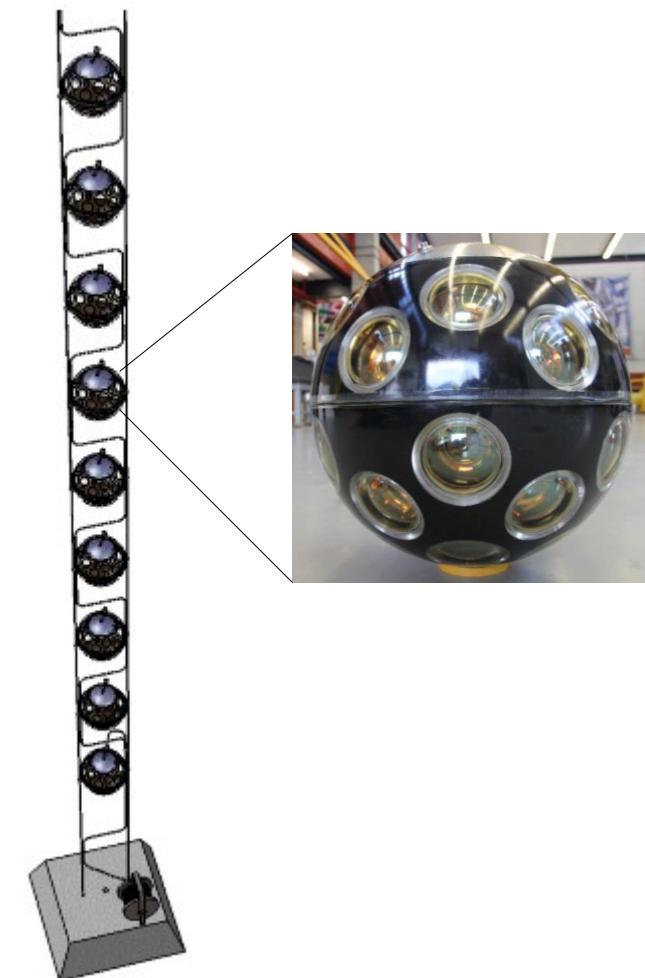
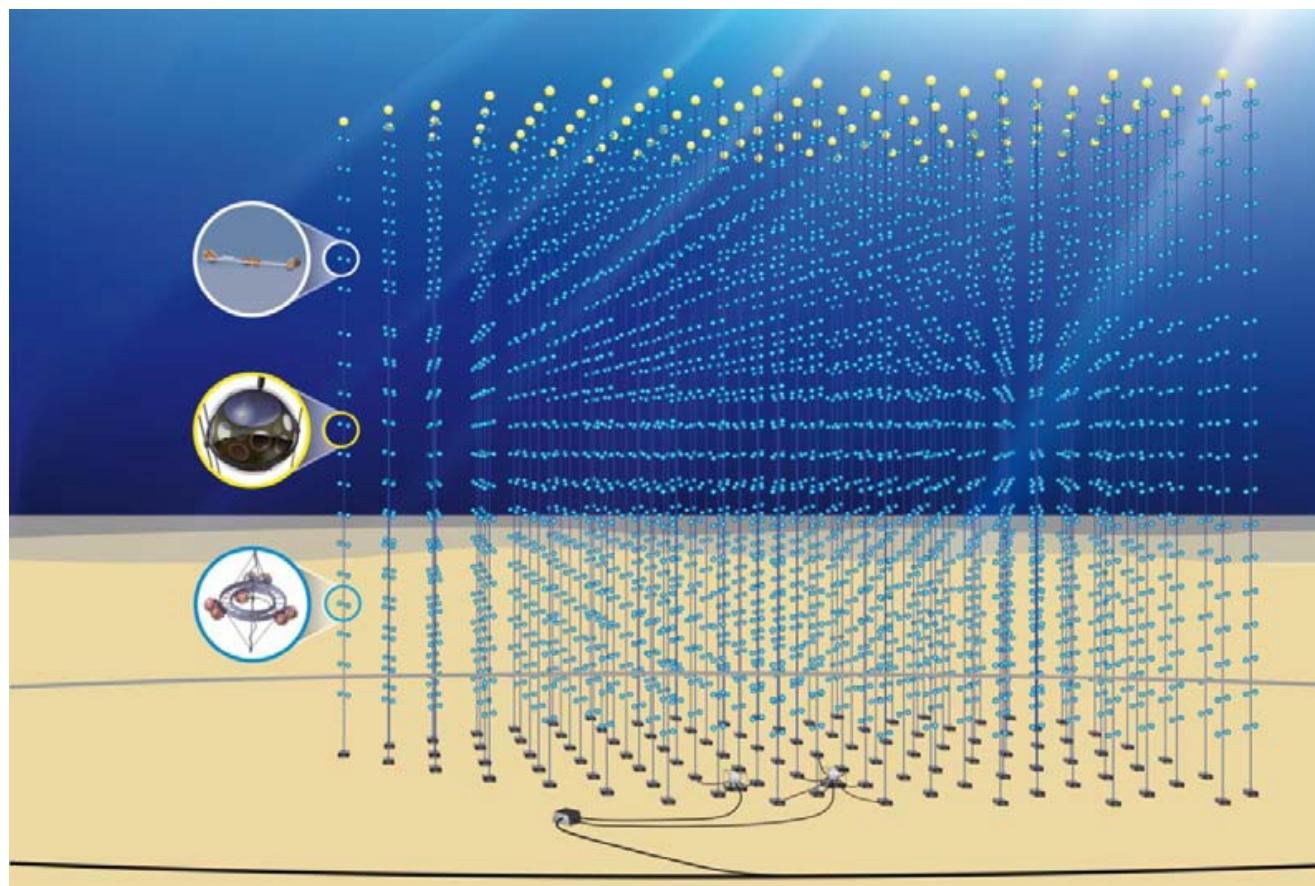
3 sites:

- KM3NeT-Fr
- KM3NeT-It
- KM3NeT-Gr

6 building blocks:

- ~ one hundred detection units
- 18 digital optical modules for each DU

Sensitivity : x 50



# Parcours

- **Licence** “physique et sciences pour l'ingénieur”, parcours physique, Université de Strasbourg
  - Stage L2 : “Étude des distributions de rayons cosmiques détectés par le télescope ANTARES”, IPHC. (T. Pradier)
- **Master** recherche “Physique”, parcours astrophysique & physique des corpuscules, Université Bordeaux 1
  - Stage M1 : “Étude des distances des pulsars”, CENBG, équipe astroparticules. (D. Smith & D. Dumora)
  - Stage M2 : “Analyse d'observations Herschel de proto-étoiles massives”, LAB. (J. Braine)
- **Doctorat** en astroparticules (3ème année) :  
“Analyse multi-messagers photon/neutrino avec le télescope ANTARES”

# Back up

