

Identity management

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- ▶ What is an identity management project ?
- ▶ Why we need this ?
- ▶ How can we do ?
- ▶ When ?

- ▶ The ability to store and manage all granted access for your staff in one place
- ▶ Granted access are used in many different systems
 - ▶ Heterogeneous technologies
 - ▶ Systems are not only IT systems
- ▶ A good identity management system doesn't break everything
 - ▶ It can be introduced step by step
- ▶ It has the ability to answer some questions like
 - ▶ What are the credentials of that person in our systems ?
 - ▶ Who uses this system today ?
- ▶ It has the ability to do some action like
 - ▶ Close all the credentials of a person
 - ▶ Open an access to computing room for one day for a person

- ▶ Our systems and accounts (a short list)
 - ▶ Computing farm - Unix account
 - ▶ Database (mysql-postgresql-oracle) - Database account
 - ▶ WebHosting - Sftp account
 - ▶ IRods storage - IRods account
 - ▶ Collaborative tools
 - ▶ Electronic Document System - Application account
 - ▶ Wiki - Application account
 - ▶ ...
 - ▶ Code versioning - Account

- ▶ Each account (except one) is created by the administrator of the system
 - ▶ Is it the role of a system expert ?
- ▶ We don't have a global view
 - ▶ To do that, we have to aggregate many sources
- ▶ No validation workflow (except one)
 - ▶ the workflow is the mail exchange or the help desk ticket
- ▶ No expiration policy (except one)

- ▶ Is SSO a solution ?
 - ▶ Authentication is not authorization
 - ▶ Some systems cannot be connected to SSO
- ▶ A identity management system is not a password manager
 - ▶ Each system can have a different password policy

- ▶ Find a tool
 - ▶ Oracle™ software suite :
 - ▶ good tool
 - ▶ covers all needs
 - ▶ too expensive
 - ▶ too complex
 - ▶ OpenIDM
 - ▶ good tool
 - ▶ covers major needs
 - ▶ open source
 - ▶ more simple
- ▶ Implement this tool in our infrastructure

- ▶ OpenIDM
 - ▶ it is an orchestrator
 - ▶ it starts workflows
 - ▶ workflows interact with users by mail or by a web interface
 - ▶ workflows interact with systems by connectors
 - ▶ some classic connectors already exist
 - ▶ you have to develop you connector if needed
 - ▶ provides a reconciliation tool between existing systems and its database
 - ▶ also uses connectors

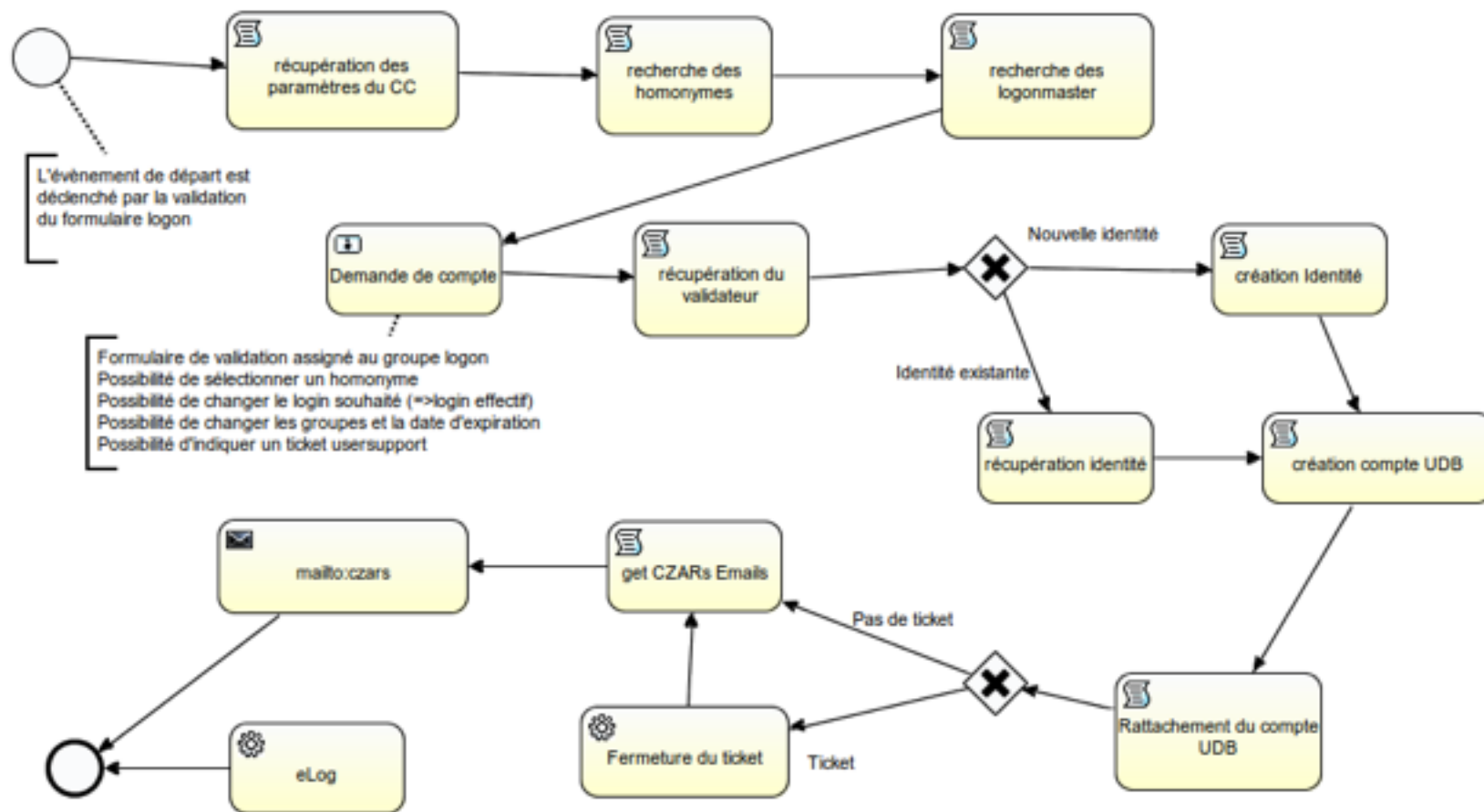
- ▶ First step
 - ▶ have an openIDM instance ready
 - ▶ choose the attributes of an identity in the system
 - ▶ ID
 - ▶ First Name
 - ▶ Last Name
 - ▶ Organizational unit
 - ▶ (Mail Address)

- ▶ Email Address
 - ▶ does not define an identity
 - ▶ it can change
- ▶ Email address is very important for us
 - ▶ it is in the heart of system
 - ▶ all users will be contacted by mail, so we need to be sure that it is valid
 - ▶ a special workflow is needed for that

- ▶ Second step
 - ▶ First reconciliation if possible
 - ▶ Idap server for example, we have that
 - ▶ use the provided Idap connector to do that

- ▶ Third step and so on
 - ▶ Integrate a system
 - ▶ write the connector (java code using OpenICF framework)
 - ▶ initial reconciliation
 - ▶ describe workflows
 - ▶ this task is the most important (see next slide)
 - ▶ implement workflows

- ▶ Computing account creation workflow
 - ▶ BPMN format (Activiti BPM Platform)



- ▶ **Special steps**
 - ▶ Web Interface self-service for users
 - ▶ Reporting and accounting

- ▶ The project is a test phase with
 - ▶ initial reconciliation from Idap directory
 - ▶ creation workflow for computing accounts
- ▶ Before end of 2015
 - ▶ production start
 - ▶ integration of database account
 - ▶ integration of email account <-> Zimbra service
 - ▶ tools used today to manage computing accounts will be stopped

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