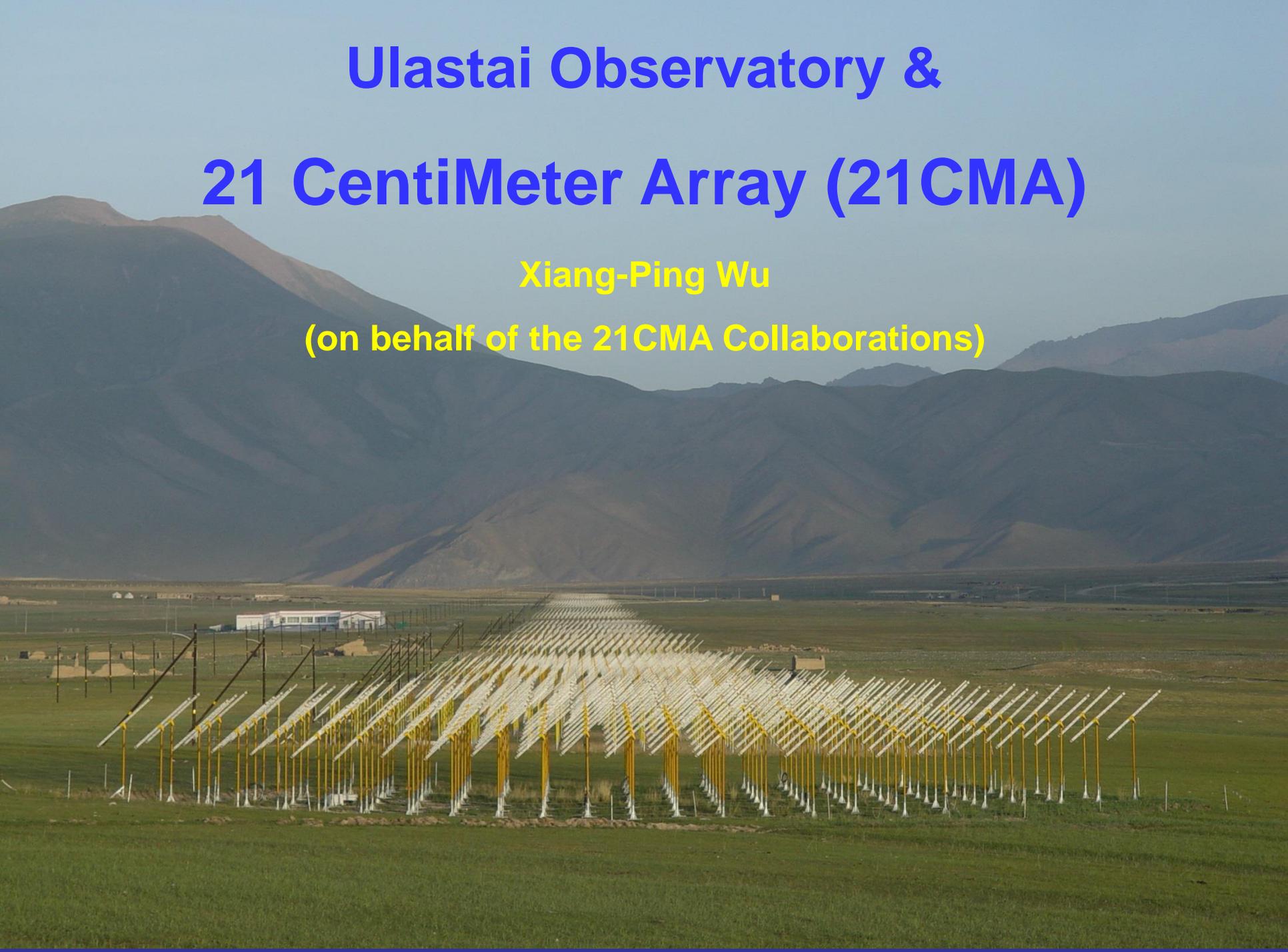


Ulaistai Observatory & 21 CentiMeter Array (21CMA)

Xiang-Ping Wu

(on behalf of the 21CMA Collaborations)



A large array of solar panels under construction at sunset. The panels are silhouetted against a bright, orange and yellow sky with scattered clouds. The structure consists of multiple rows of panels, each supported by a metal frame with several vertical rods protruding from the top. The perspective is from a low angle, looking up at the panels.

1. A historic review

2. Infrastructure

3. 21CMA observations

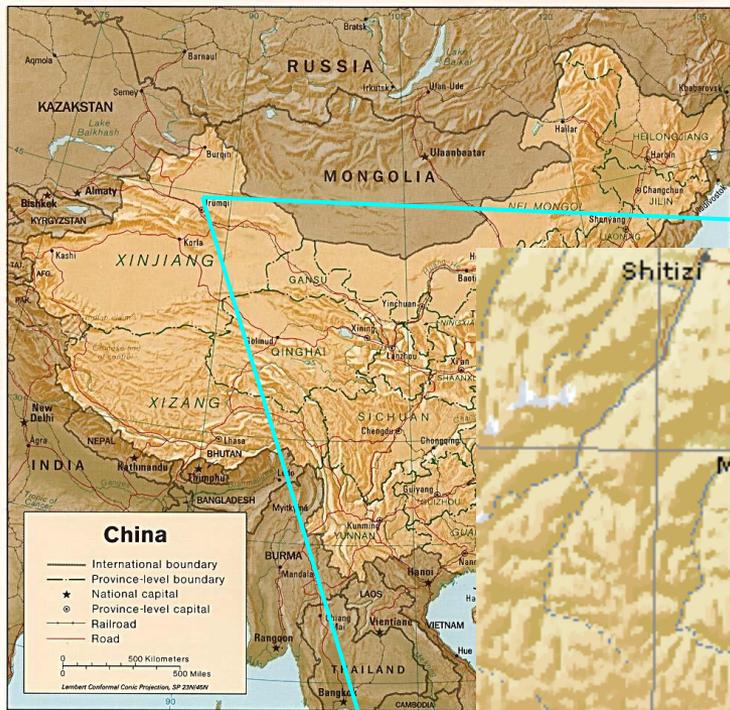
4. Future plan

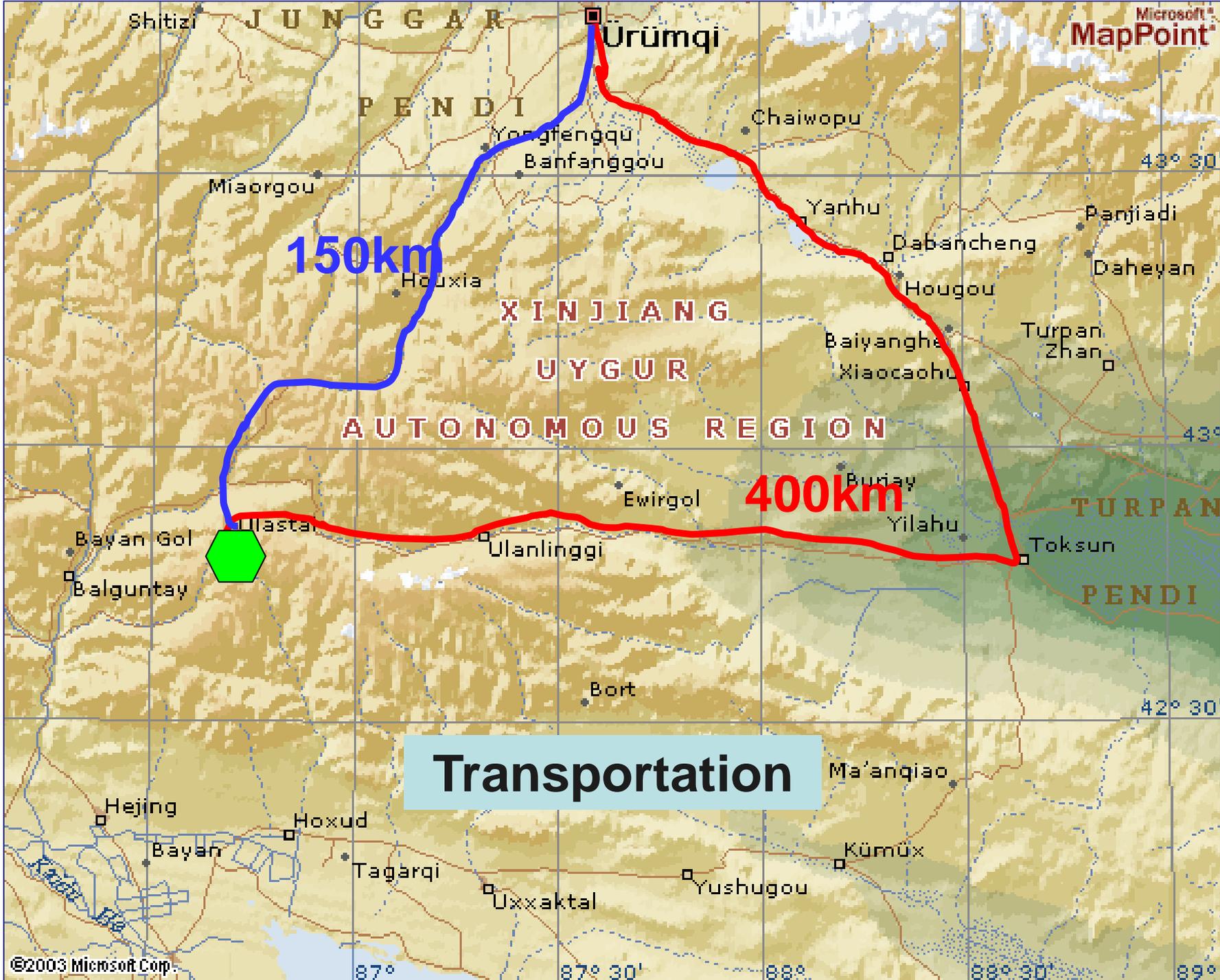
5. About the site

Where is the site ?



21CMA Site





Transportation

Tianshan mountains (4280m)



A shorter way to Ulatai

A shorter way to Ulastai



A shorter way to Ulastai



August 13 2007

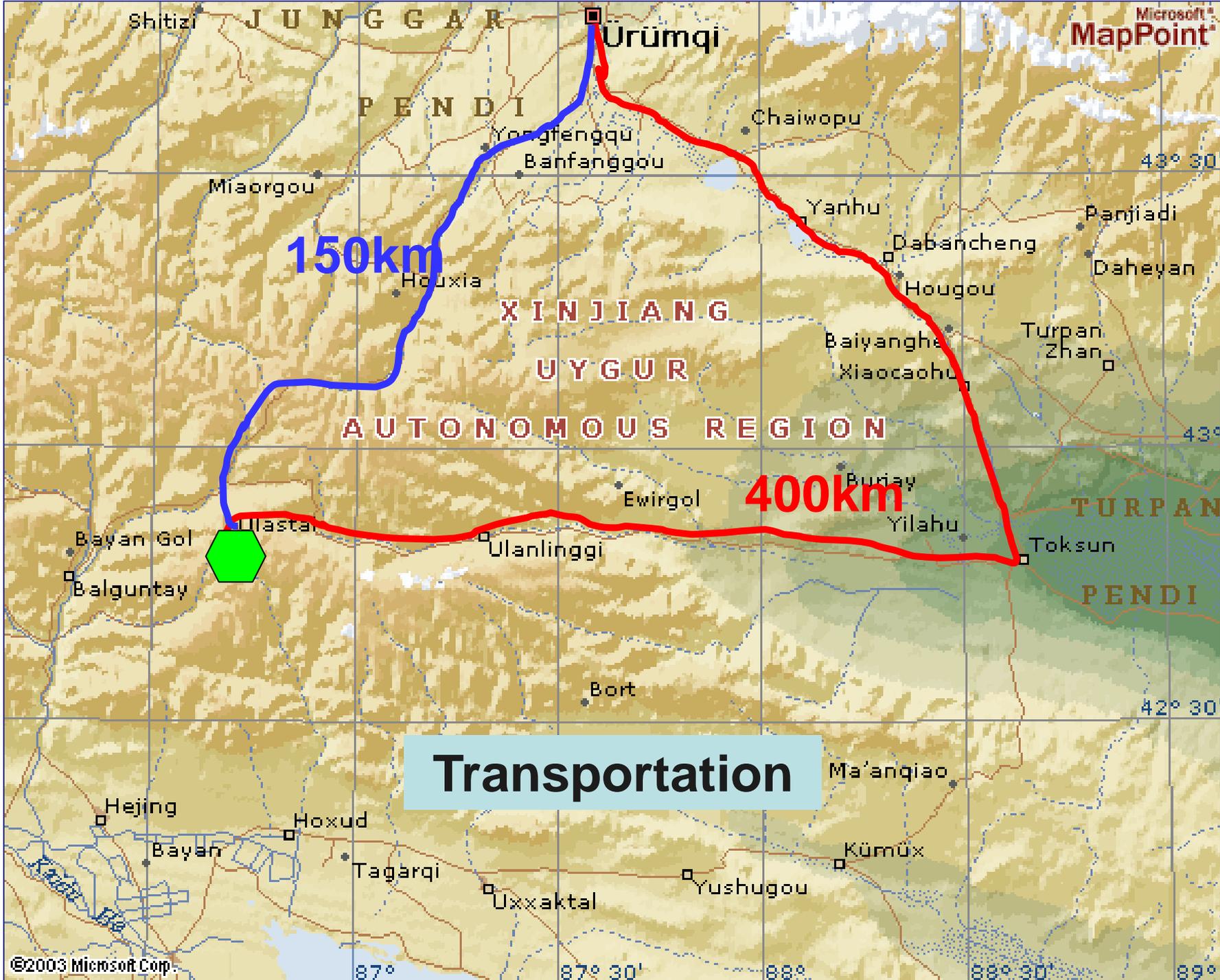
A shorter way to Ulaistai



Tiger's mouth







150km

400km

Transportation

A longer way to Ulaanbaatar



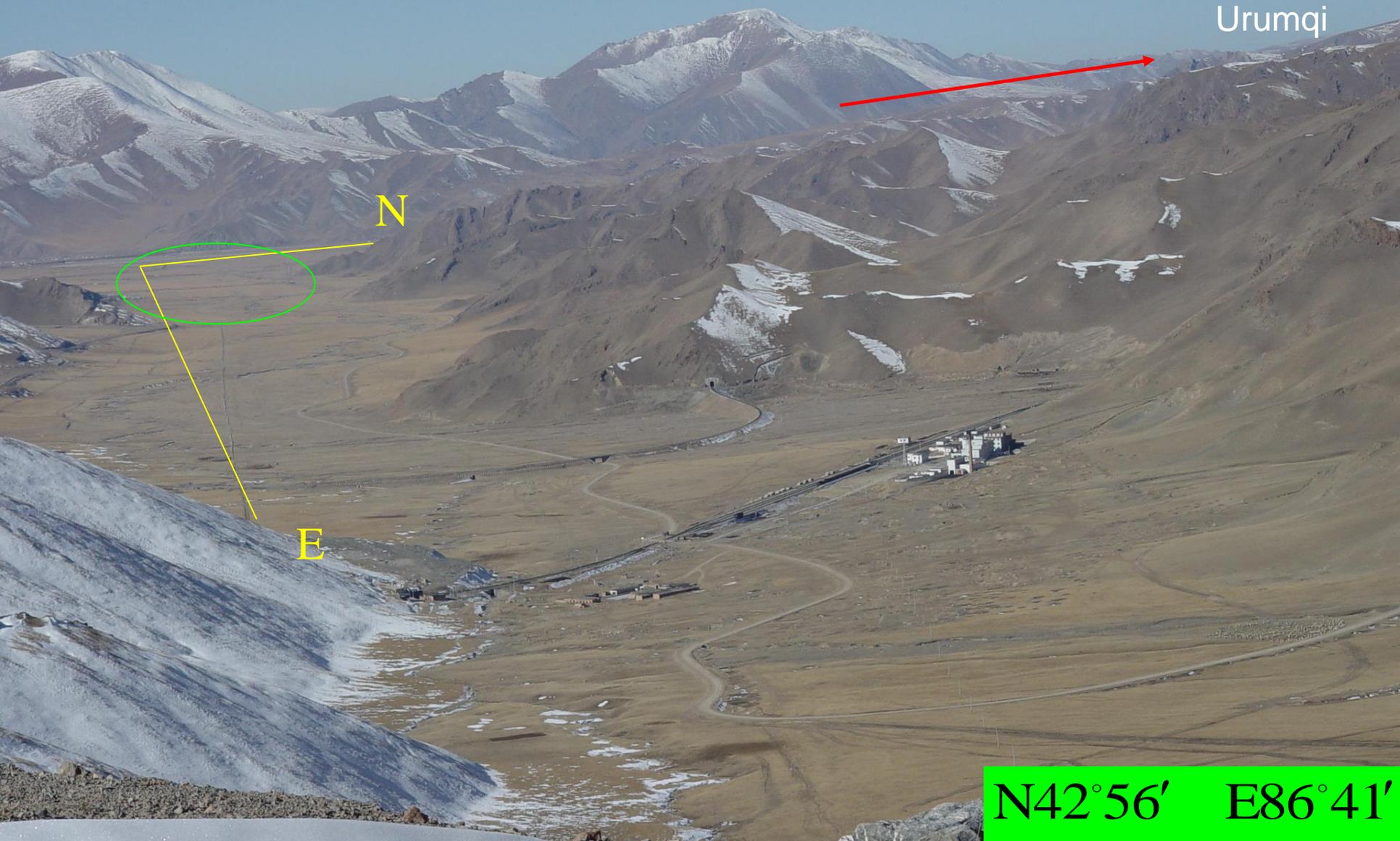


A longer way to Ulaistai



Ulastai Valley: 2700m

Urumqi



N

E

N42°56' E86°41'

Ulastai Valley



Site Selection

October 2003



October 2003



Western China



Oct 29, 2003



Nov 15, 2003



Nov 15, 2003

Mkr1 113.750 MHz
-100.7 dBm

Ref -5 dBm

#Atten 5 dB

Peak
Log
10
dB/

Radio Frequency Interference at Ulastai

Marker
113.750000 MHz
-100.7 dBm

W1 S2
S3 FC

50MHz

200MHz

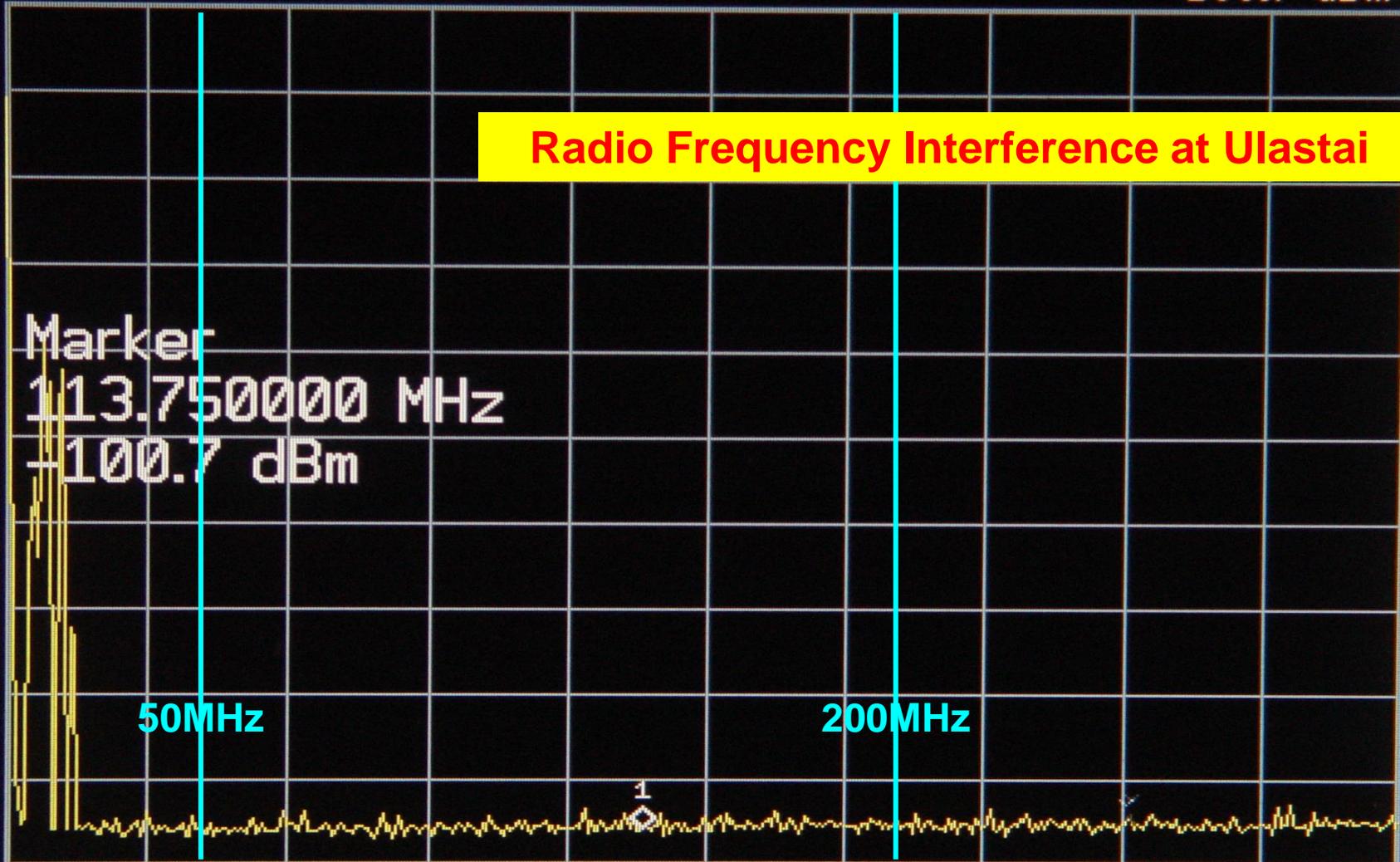
Start 0 Hz

Stop 250 MHz

#Res BW 3 kHz

VBW 3 kHz

Sweep 35.79 s (401 pts)



Mkr1 99.125 MHz
-38.17 dBm

Ref -41 dBm #Atten 5 dB

Peak
Log
5
dB/

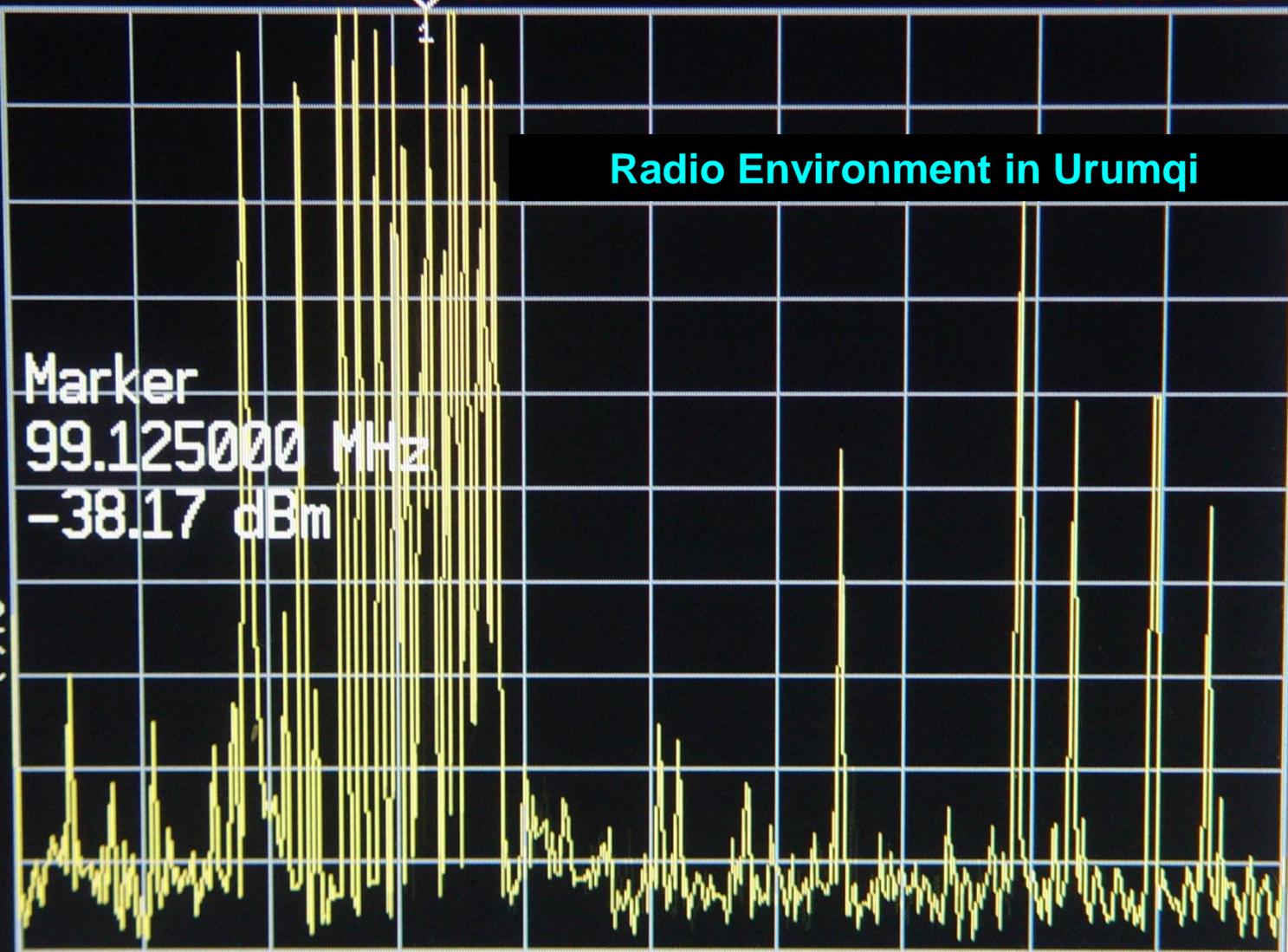
Radio Environment in Urumqi

Marker
99.125000 MHz
-38.17 dBm

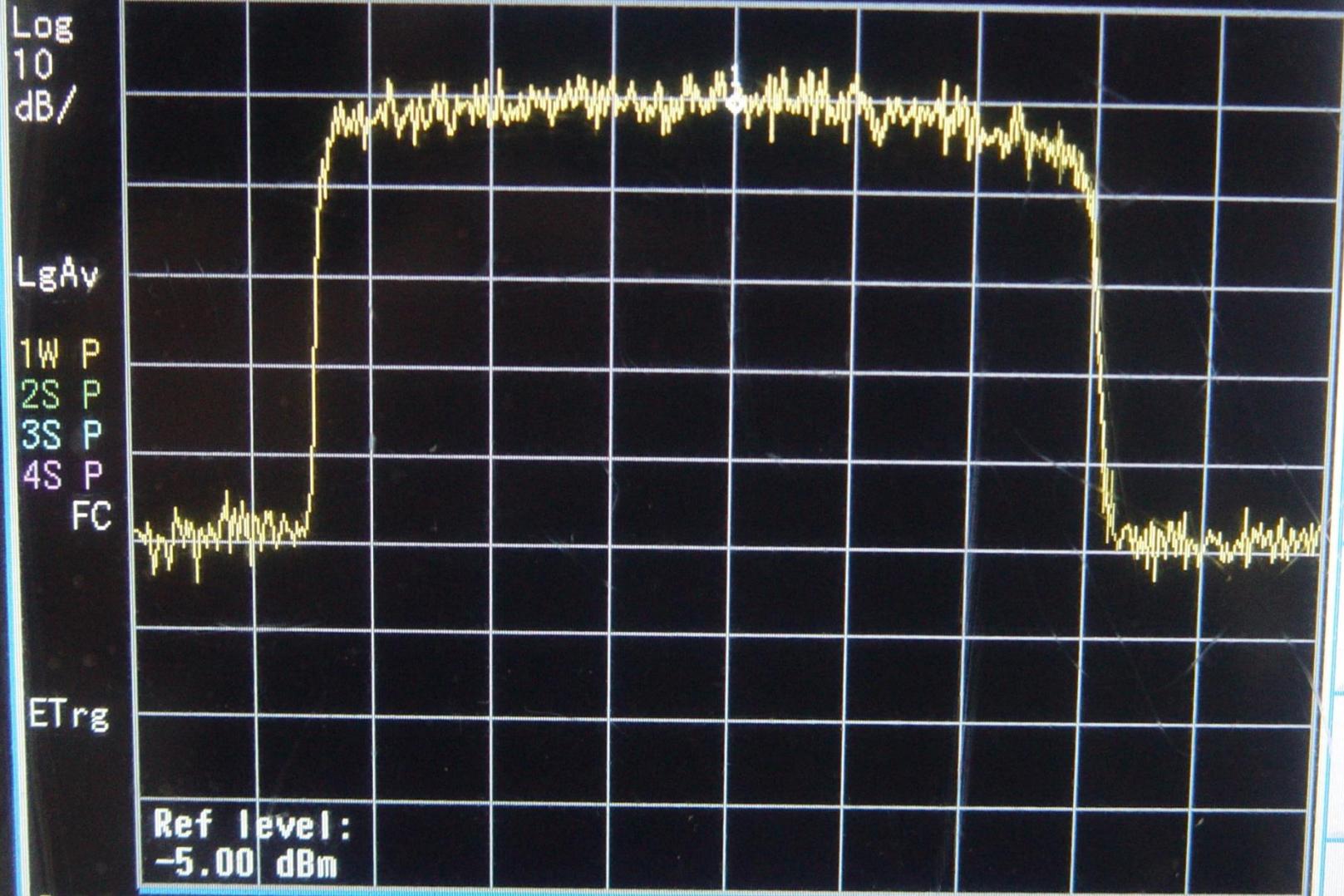
M1 S2
S3 FC

Start 50 MHz Stop 200 MHz
Res BW 100 kHz VBN 10 kHz Sweep 122.8 ms (401 pts)

- Peak Search
- Measurements
- Next Peak
- Next Peak Right
- Next Peak Left
- Min Search
- Peak-to-Peak Search



Ref: -5.00 dBm #Att: 15 dB M1: 130.0 MHz -15.97 dBm



Start: 10.000000 MHz Stop: 250.000000 MHz
Res BW: 1.000000 MHz VBW: 1.000000 MHz Sweep: 96.78 ms

Ref L
-5.00

Attenua
1

Auto

Pre

Off

Scale/D

Scale ty

Log

HiSensitivi

Off

More

1 of

[F] Mixer Saturate



Mar 3, 2004

Center of the Array



Aug 3, 2004



Aug 22, 2004



Sep 2, 2004



Sept. 1 2004



Setup of 23pods(2921 antennas), Jan.15, 2005

21CMA @ April 2005



21CMA: North-South Baseline Construction (July 2005)



Construction in progress, January 2006



June 2006: construction completed

81 pods of 127 antennas -> 10287

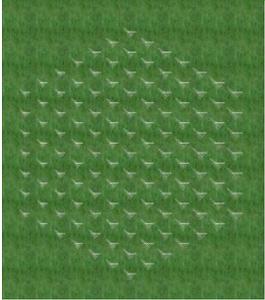
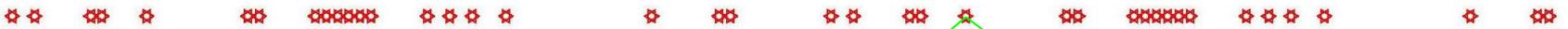
Physical area: 50544m²



S

N

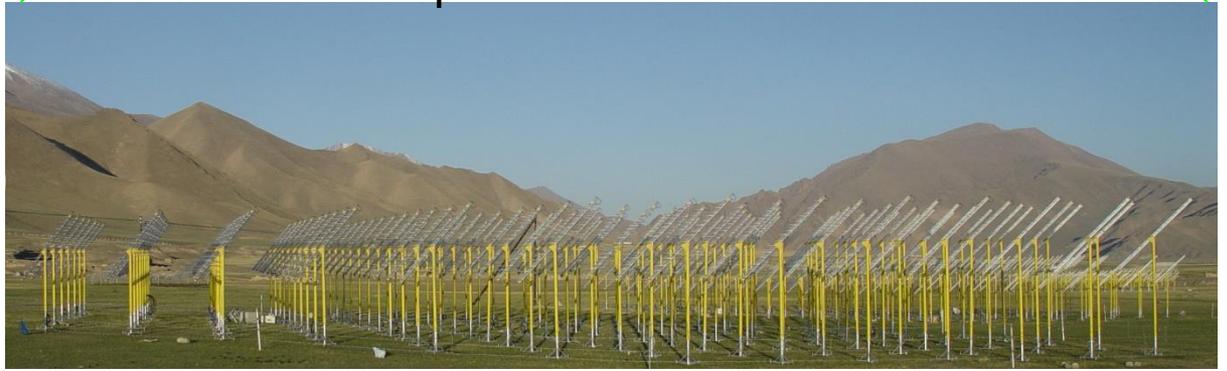
W



1 pod=127 antennas



control room



21CMA Layout

81 pods along two perpendicular arms (6km+4km)

E

Baselines: 3240 Channels: 8192 Correlations: 26,542,080

Log Periodic Antenna (16 pairs of wire)



Frequencies: 50—200 MHz

Ref -15 dBm

#Atten 0 dB

Mkr1 164.4 MHz
-26.15 dBm

Peak
Log
5
dB/

Meas To

System, Alignments, Align Now, All required

Next P

Marker
164.400000 MHz
-26.15 dBm

Next Pk Ri

Next Pk L

M1 S2
S3 FC

Min Search

Pk-Pk Search

75

200

Start 50 MHz

Stop 300 MHz

#Res BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

Sweep 32.21 ms (401 pts)

M
1

21CMA consists of 81 stations or pods



Log-Periodic
Antenna



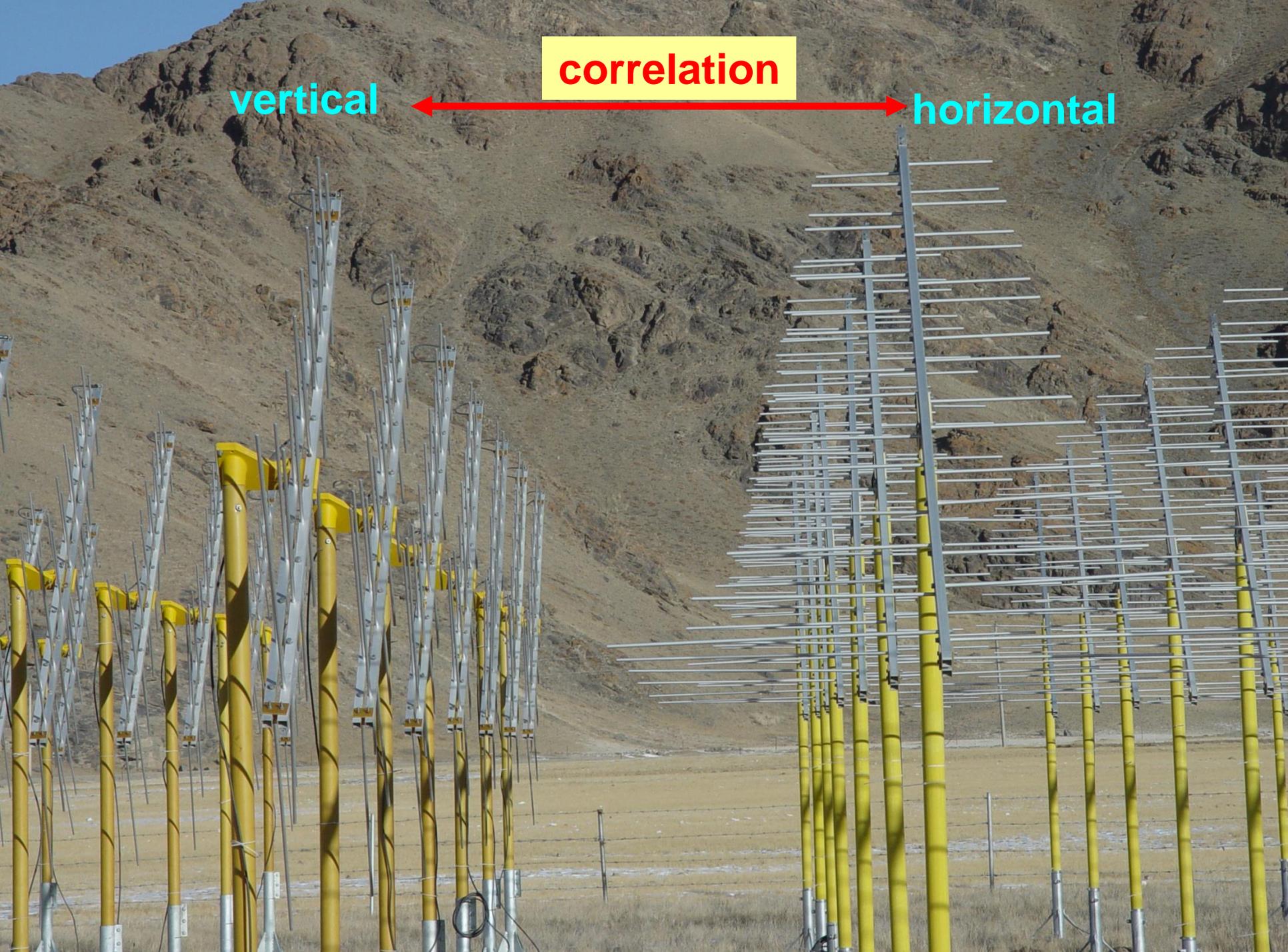
splitter/combiner



vertical

correlation

horizontal

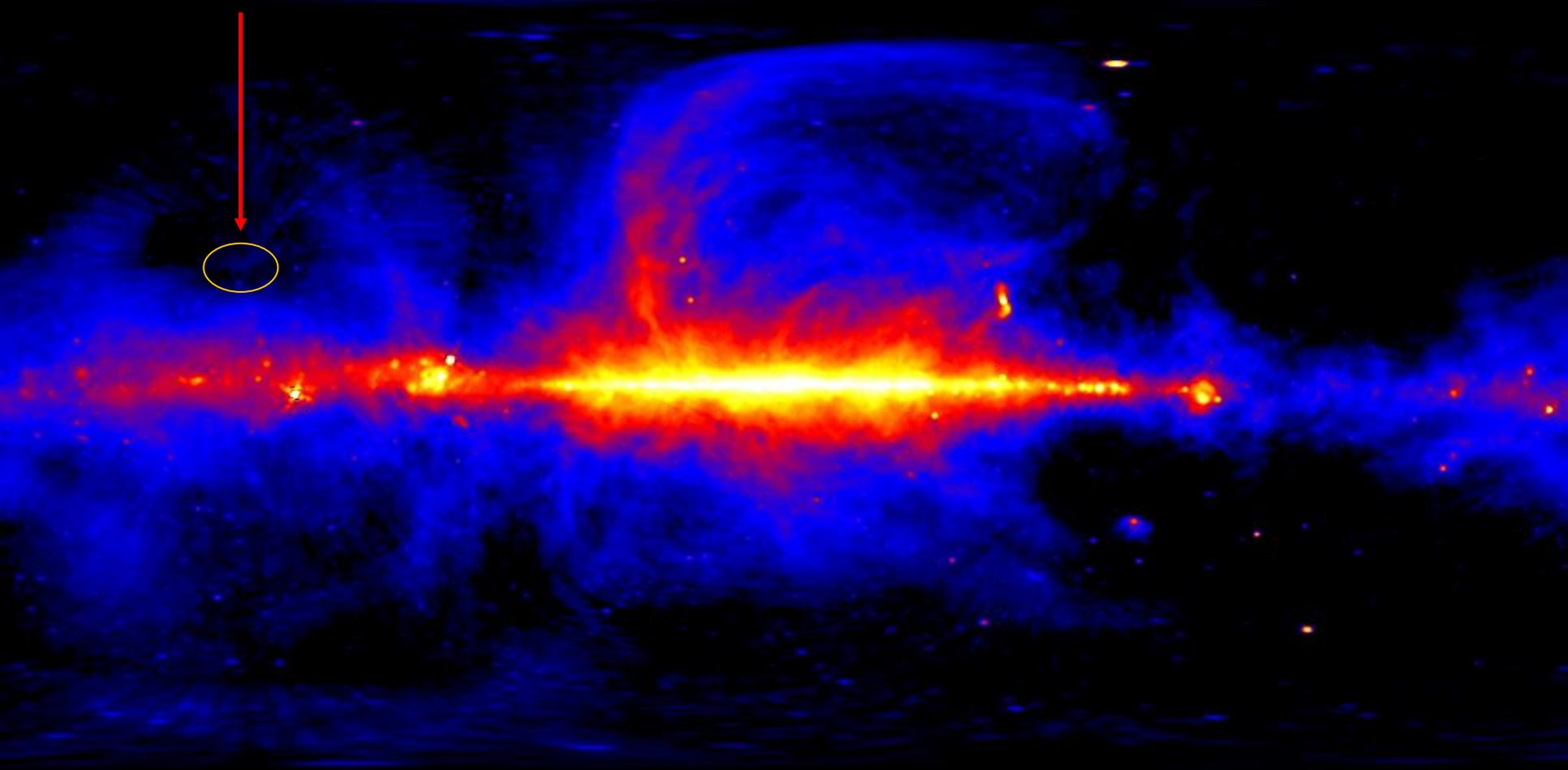
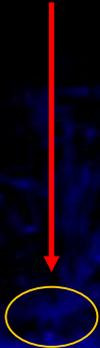


Dual Polarization Antennas

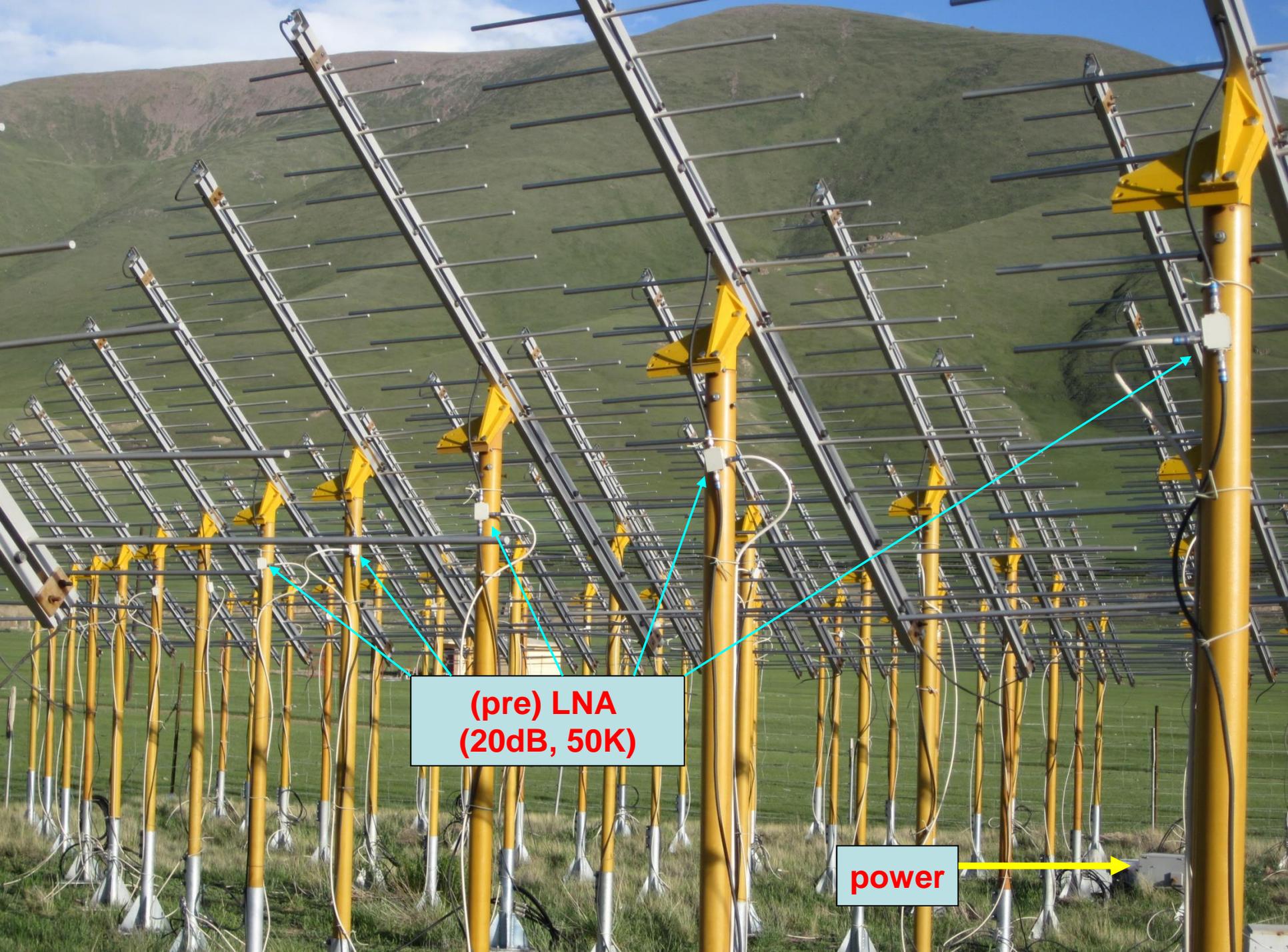


VHF Sky (408 MHz)

21CMA



Points at NCP only – economical reason and simplicity



**(pre) LNA
(20dB, 50K)**

power →

21CMA RECEIVER BOARD

filter
50-200

amp
27dB

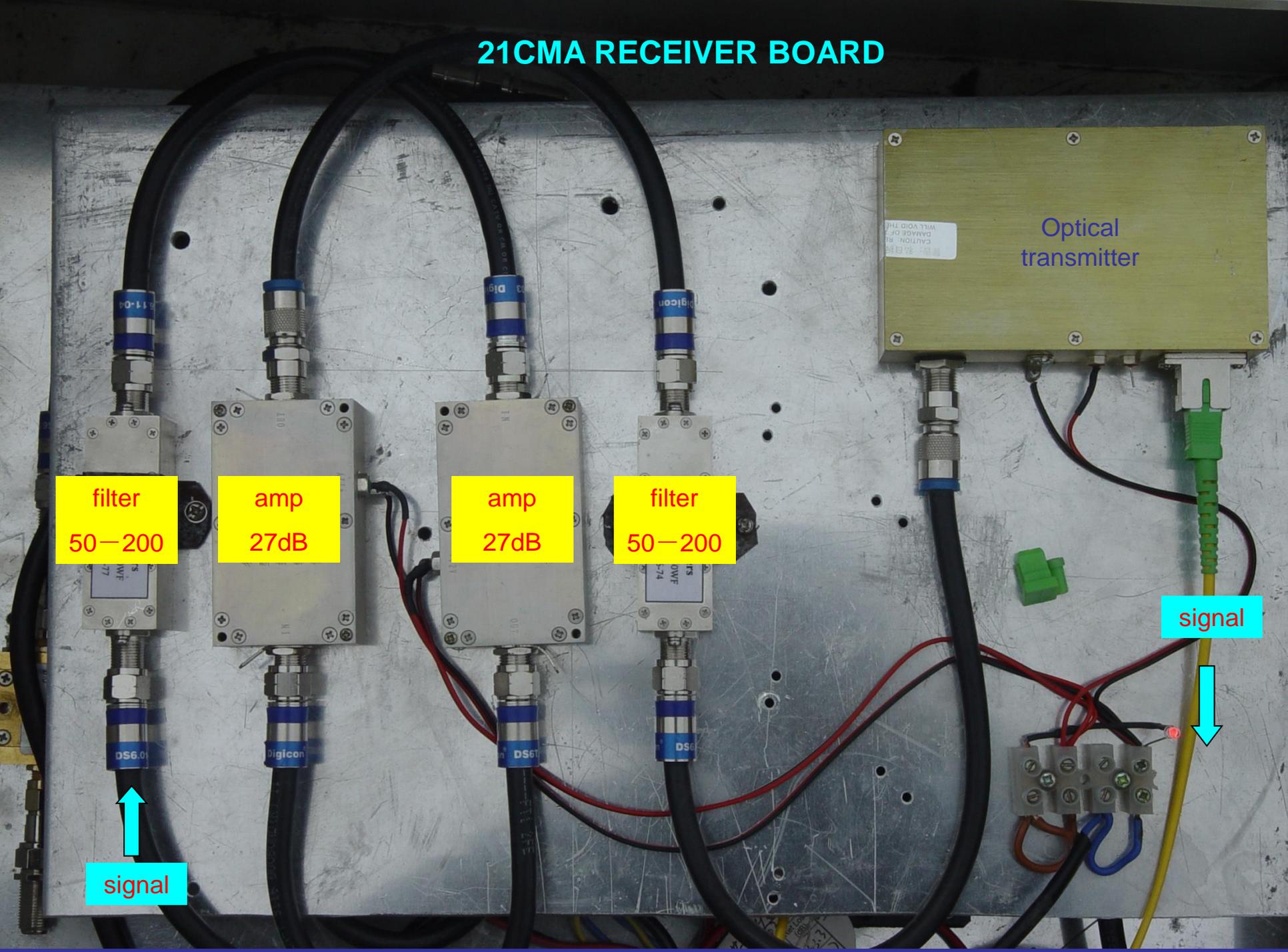
amp
27dB

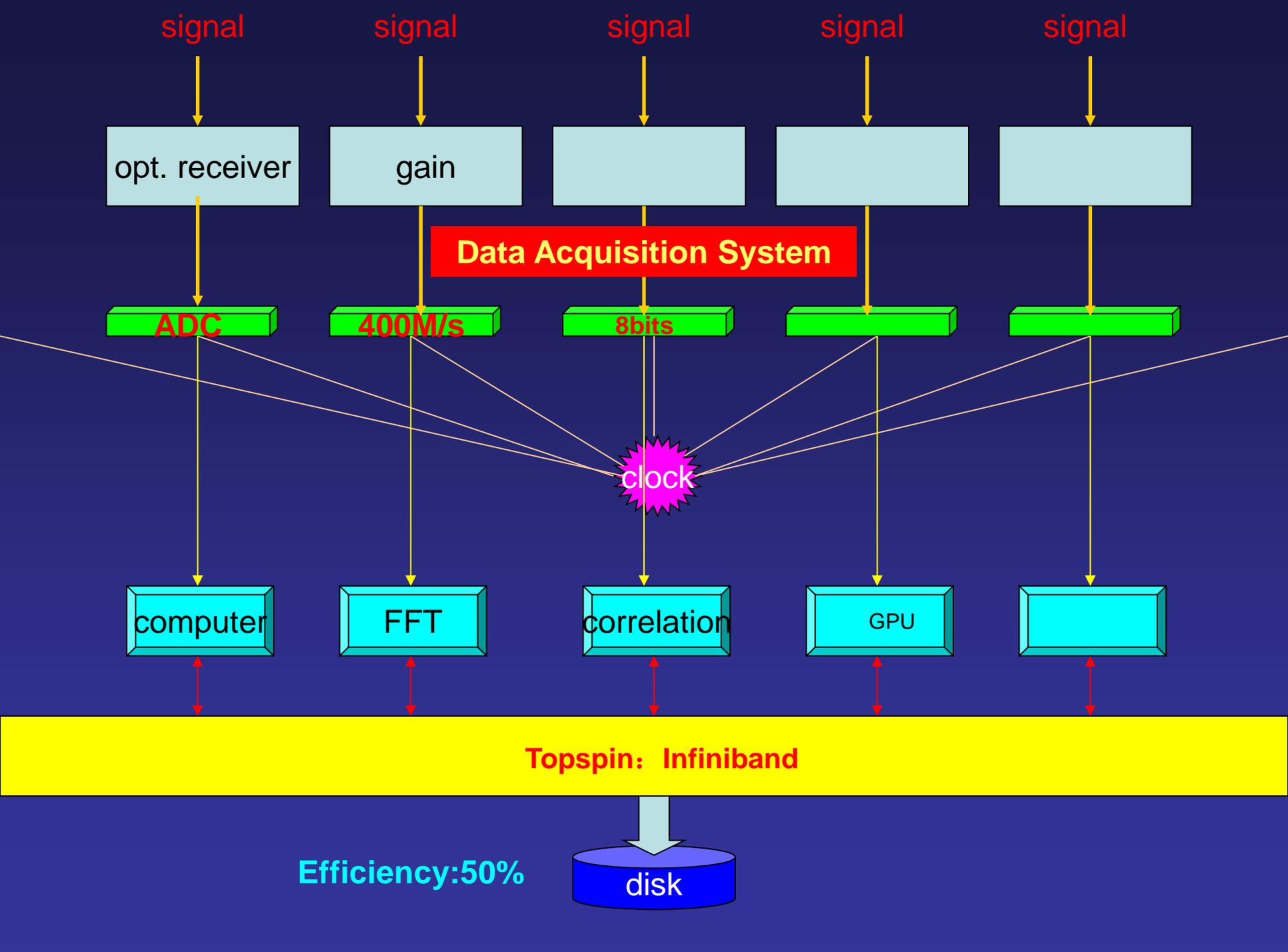
filter
50-200

Optical transmitter

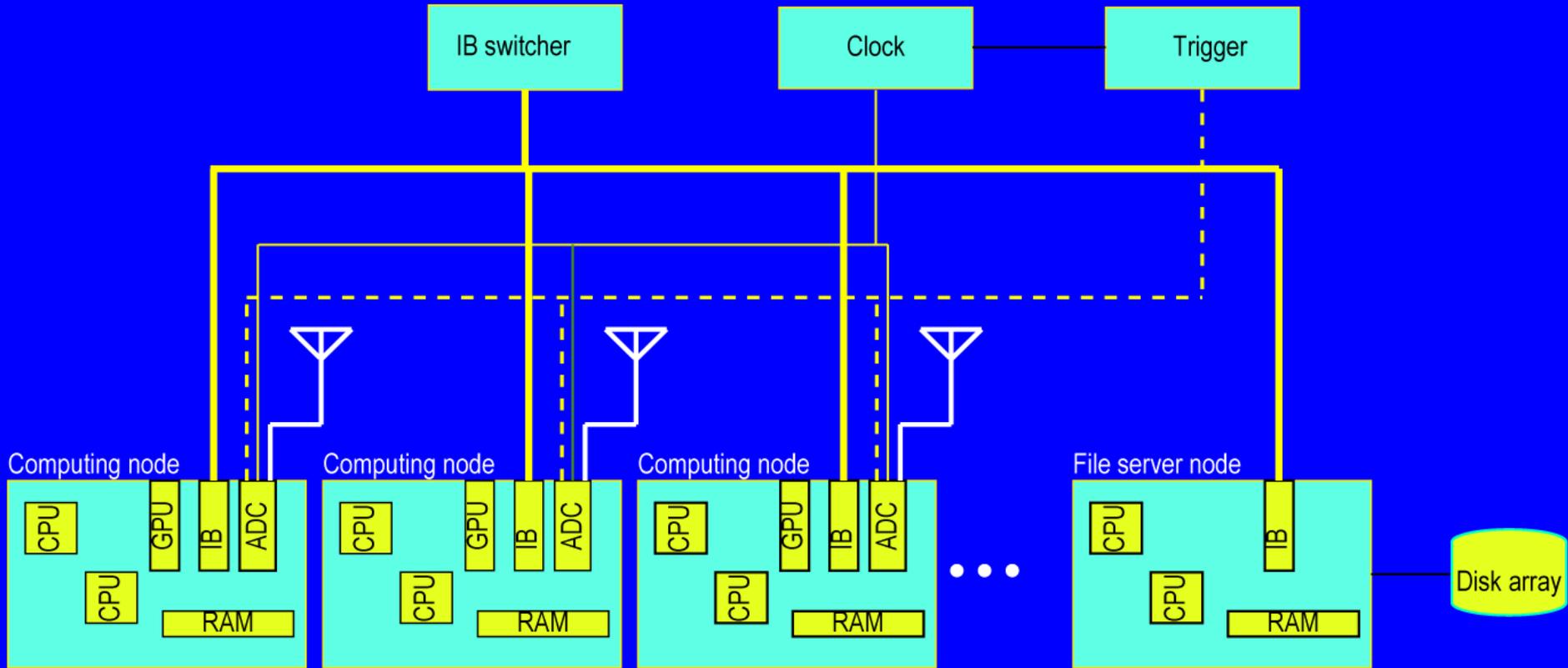
signal

signal





Data Communication

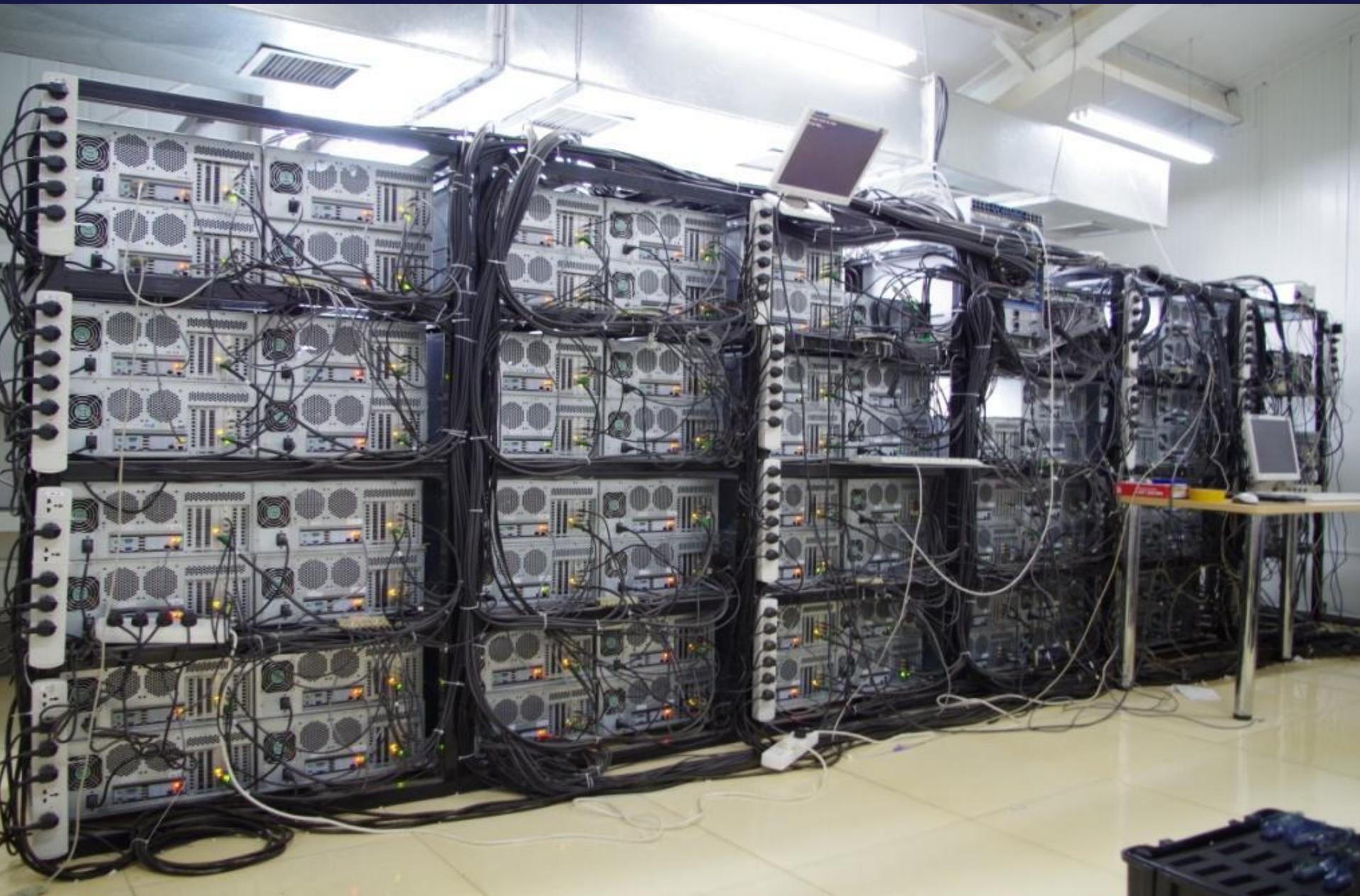


Efficiency:50%

32G/s

Optical Receivers





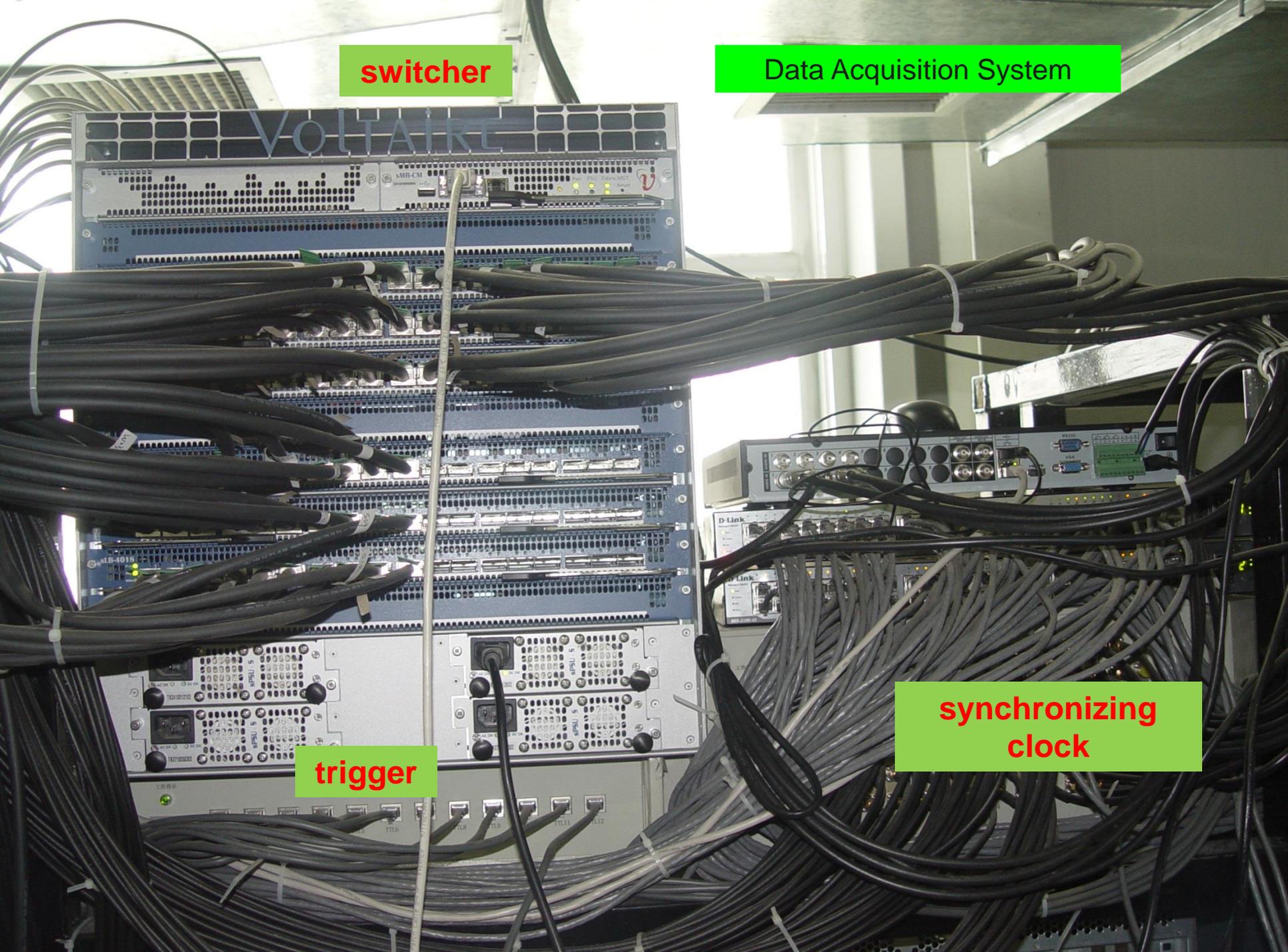
21CAM Data Acquisition System

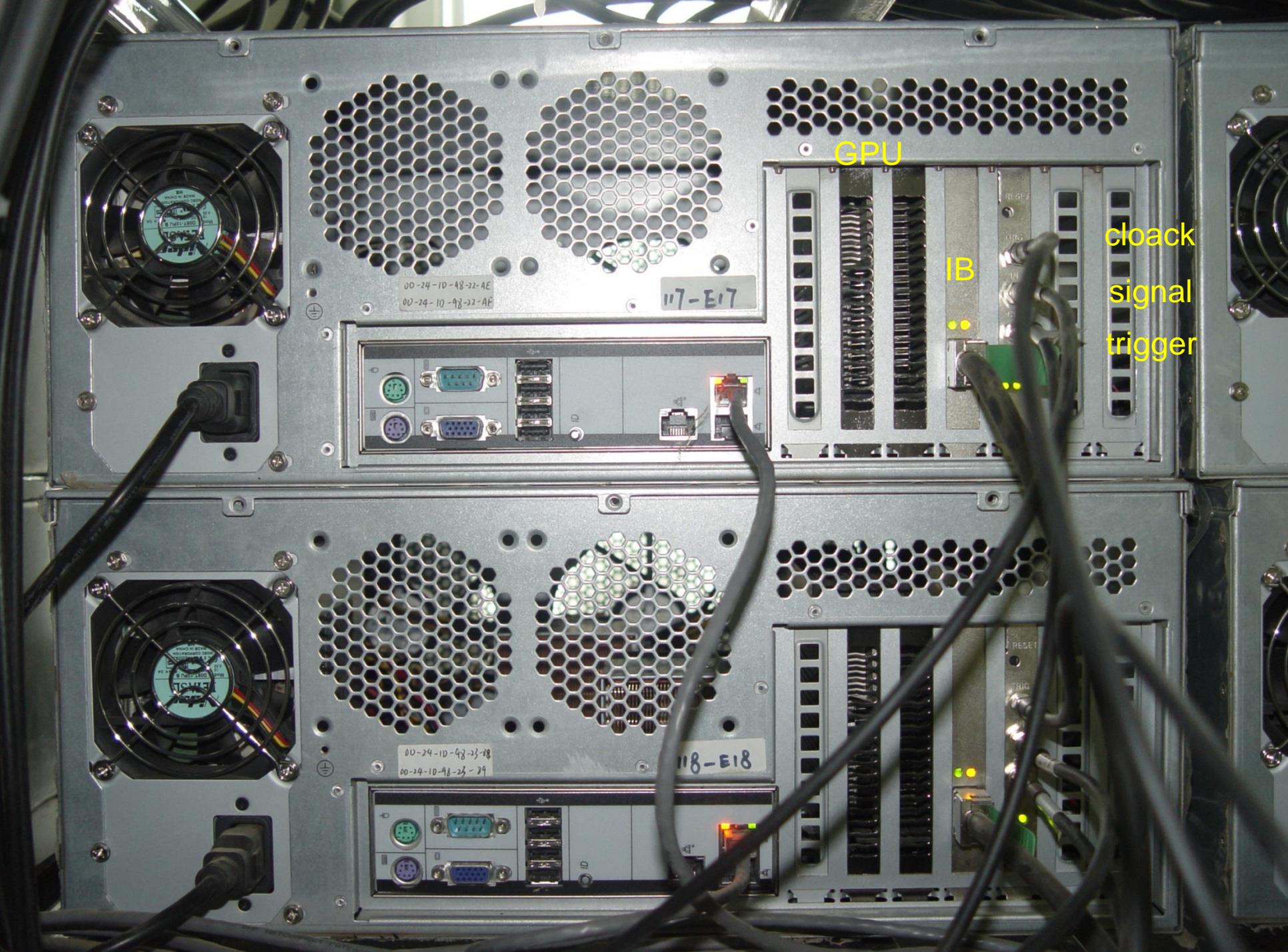
switcher

Data Acquisition System

trigger

synchronizing
clock





GPU

IB

clock
signal
trigger

117-E17

118-E18

00-24-10-48-22-AE
00-24-10-92-22-AF

00-24-10-43-23-28
00-24-10-98-23-29

Remote Control System

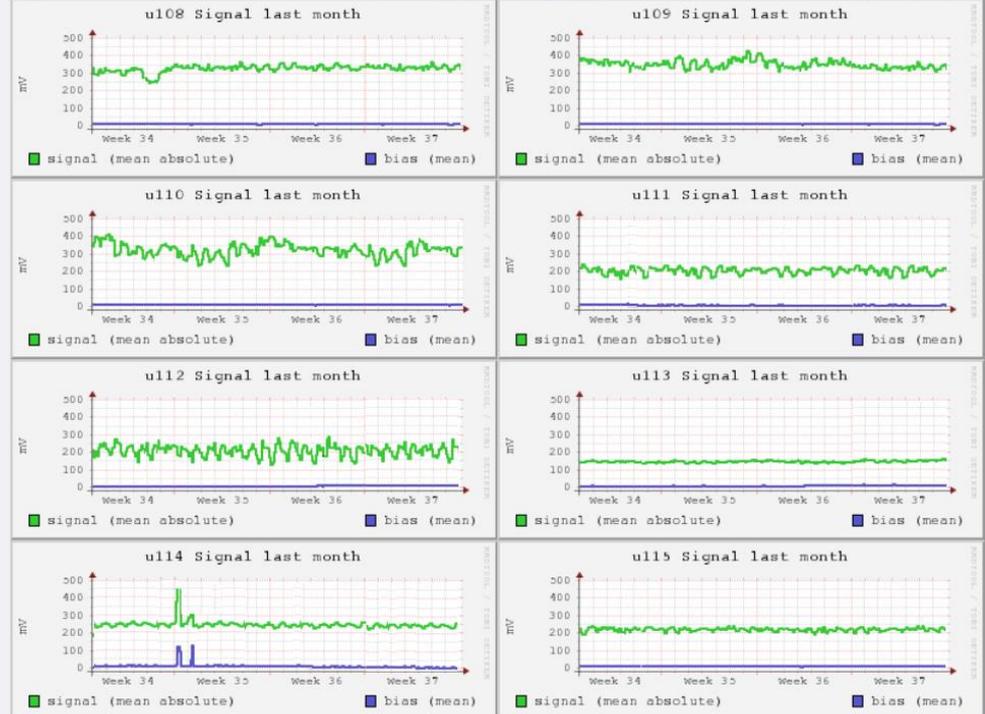
宇宙第一缕曙光探测

Antenna_report

page: 2

[Previous](#) [1](#) [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) [6](#) [7](#) [8](#) [9](#) [10](#) [11](#) [Next](#)

[hour](#) [day](#) [week](#) [month](#) [year](#)



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[hour](#) [day](#) [week](#) [month](#) [year](#)

Infrastructure Construction



August 2004

Infrastructure Construction



December 25 2004



March 13 2005

Infrastructure Construction

Aug. 14, 2005



Infrastructure Construction

Oct. 1, 2005



garage

living area

control room

Ulastai Observatory

Altitude: 2650m

Ulastai Observatory



Ulaistai Observatory



21CMA People @ Ulaistai



People @ Ulaistai



TREND Pioneers @ Ulastai



TREND Pioneers @ Ulaistai



TREND Pioneer @ Ulaistai

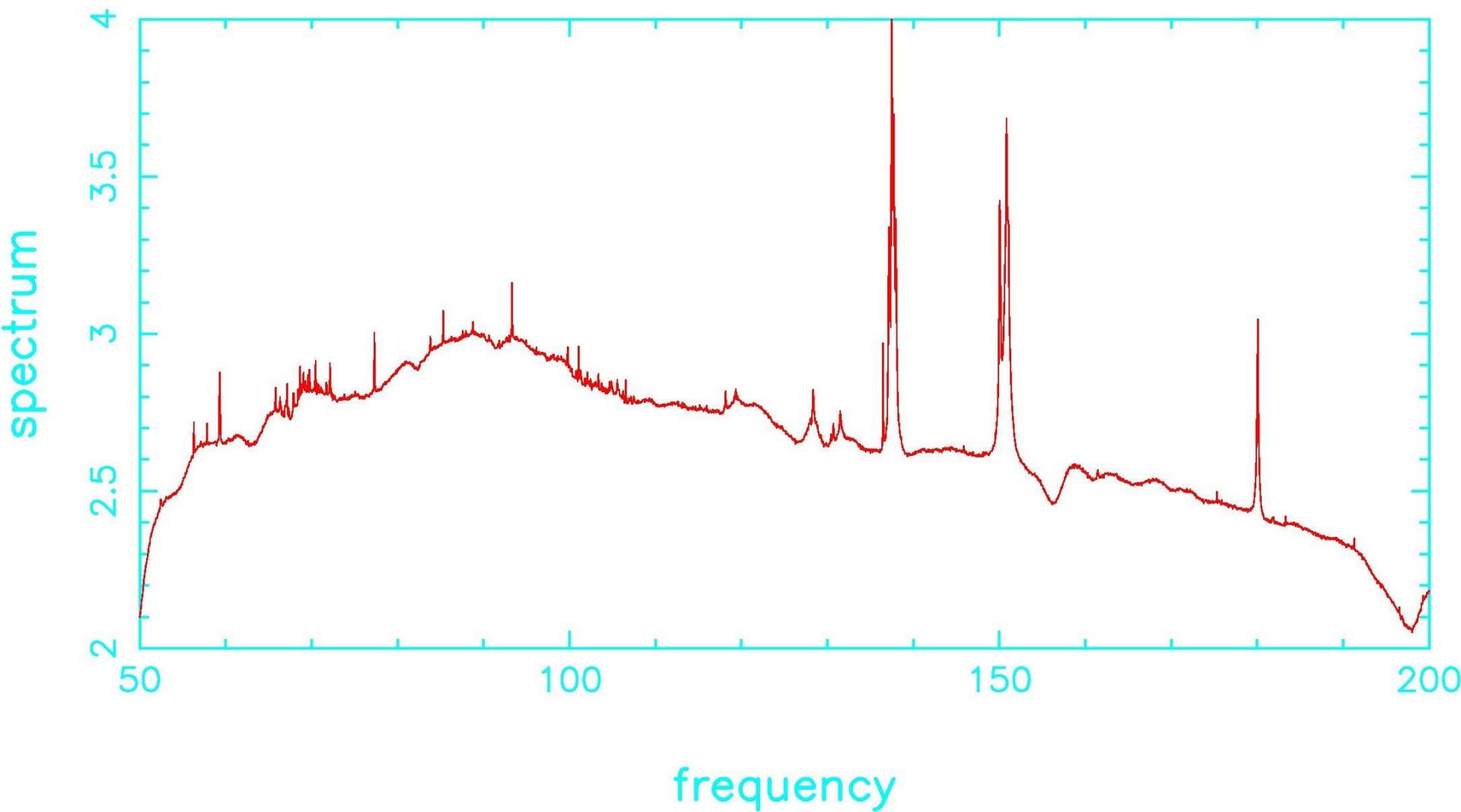


21CMA Observation Log

Year/ month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	total
2009	15	6	11	10	8	0	0	0	5	11	10	13	89
2010	31	6	11	7	19	2	5	25	25	15	11	9	166
2011	19	3	28	30	31	26	26	25	27	25	15	0	255
2012	31	25	27	24	16	29	1	1	28	27	7	26	242
2013	20	0	26	26	31	26	20	29	8	16	15	27	244
2014	12	0	27	30	27	26							122
total	128	40	130	127	132	109	52	80	93	94	58	75	1118

Observing Efficiency = 56%

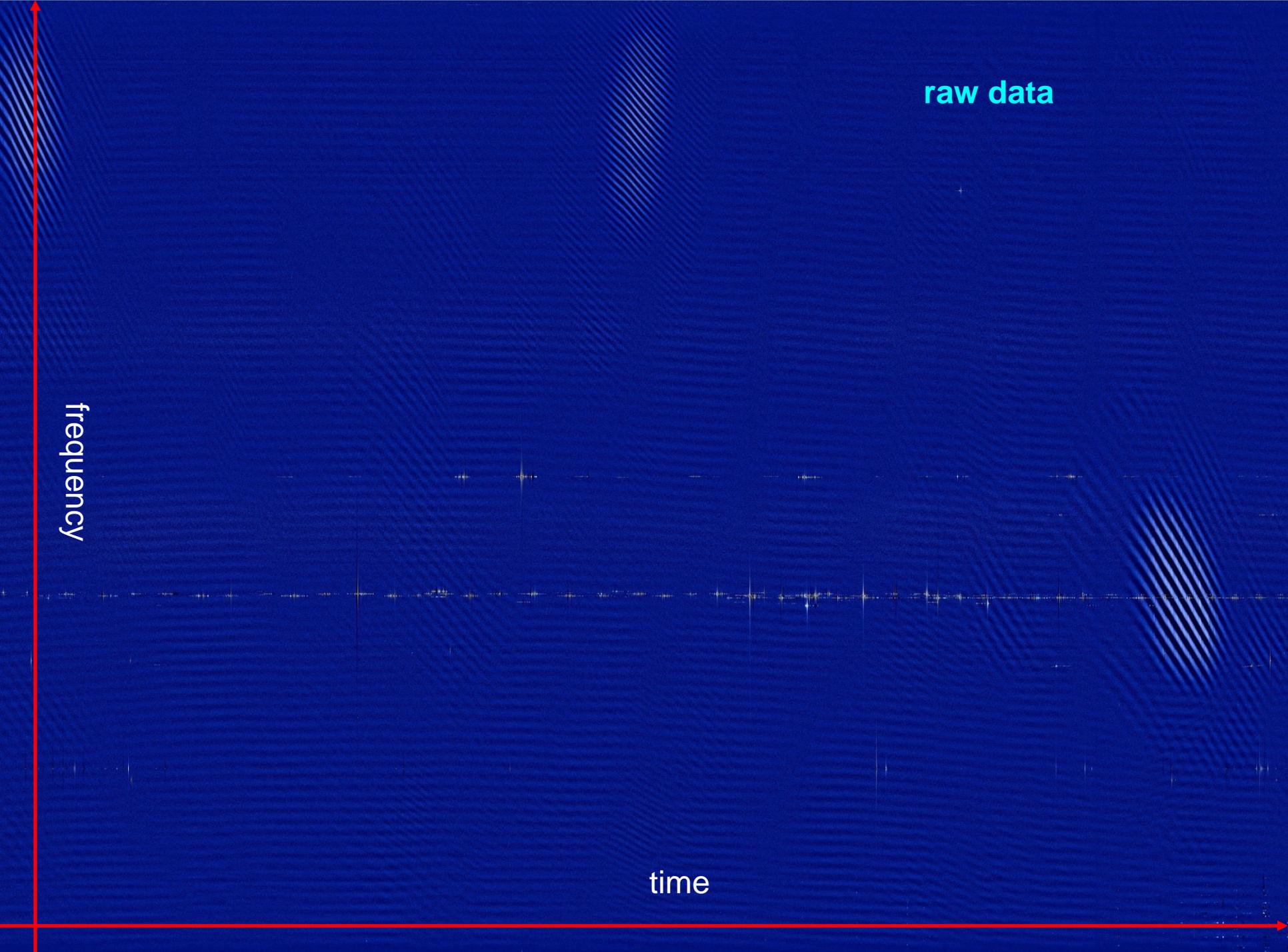
The Milky Way Dominated Spectrum



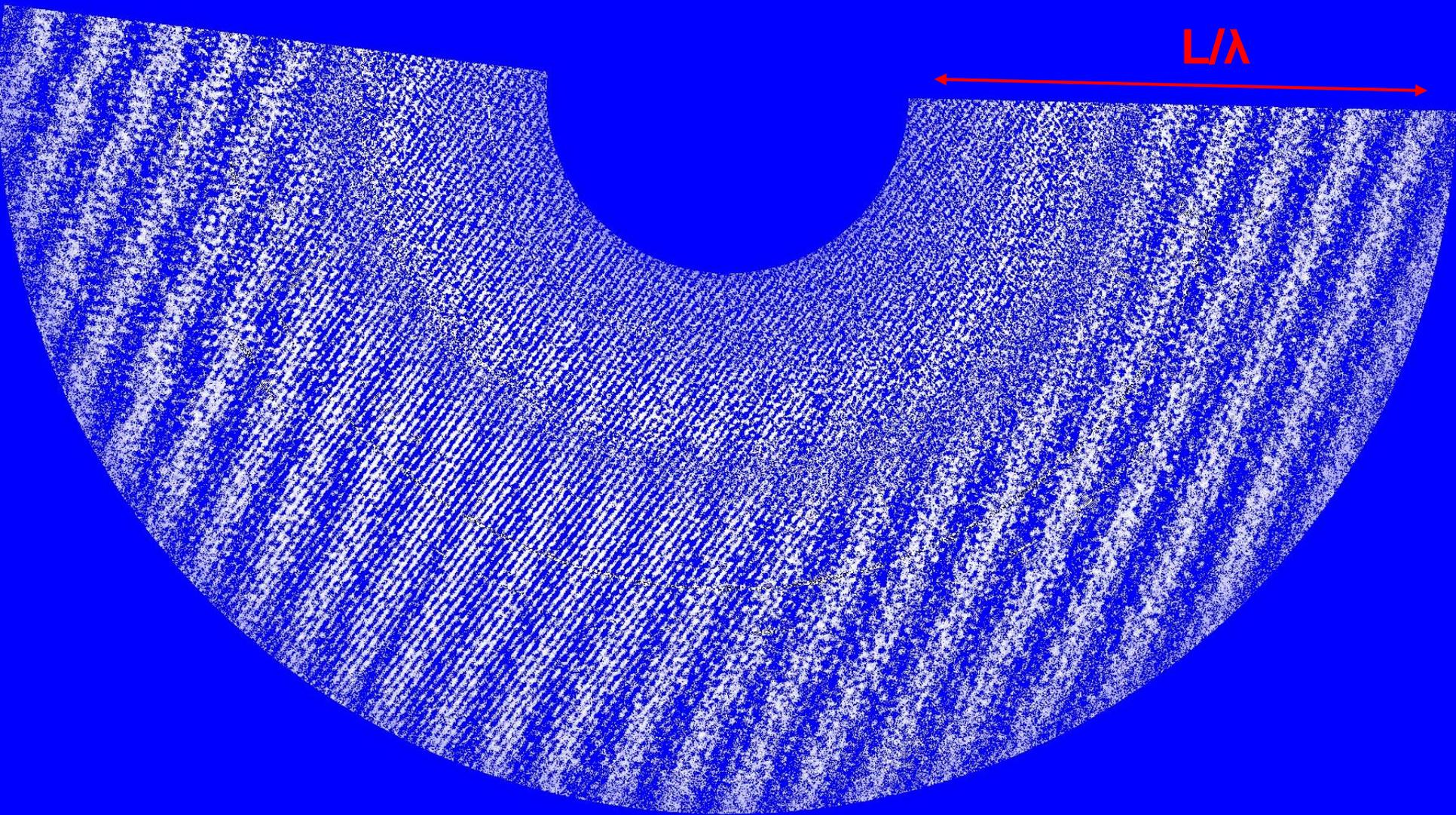
raw data

frequency

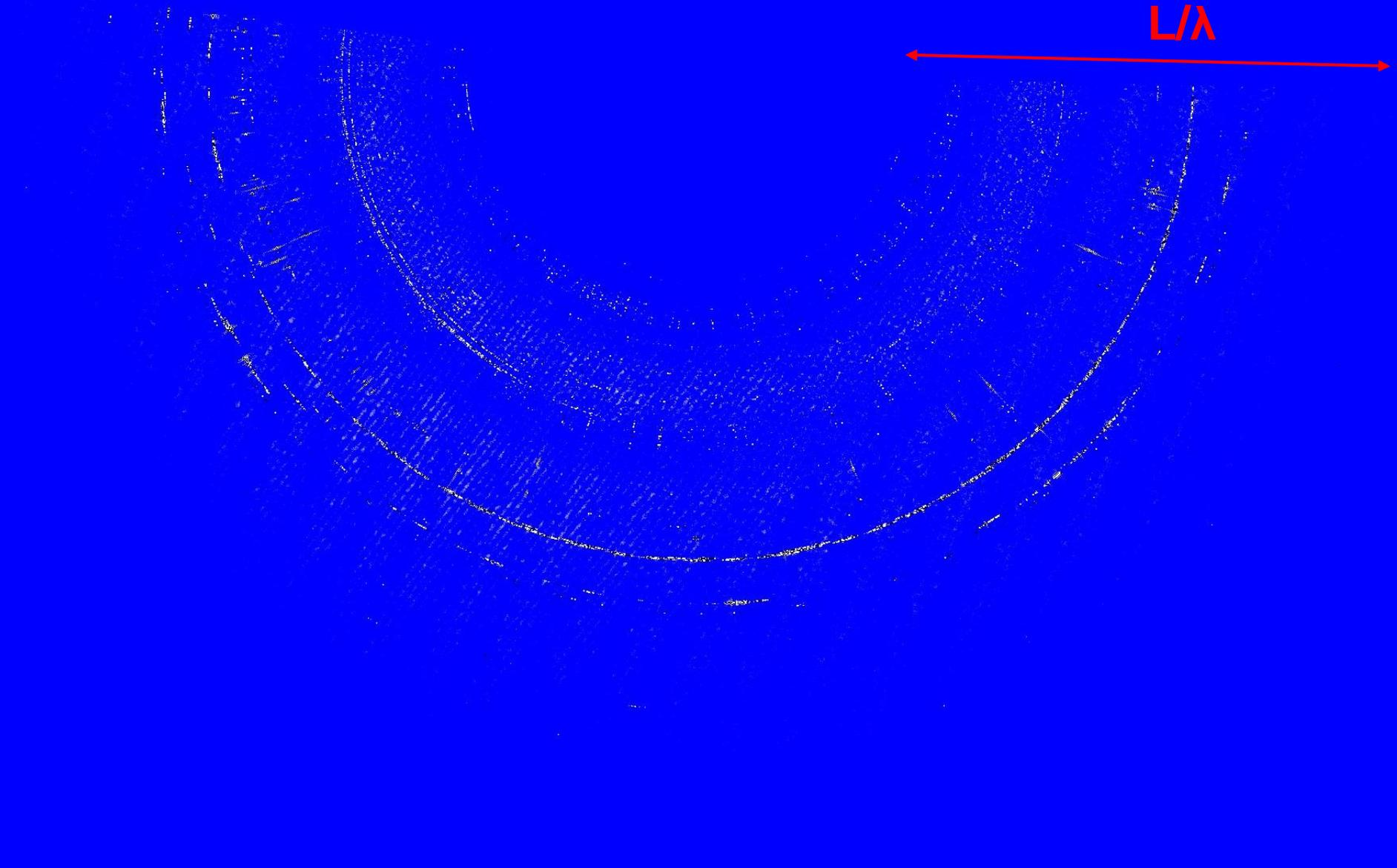
time

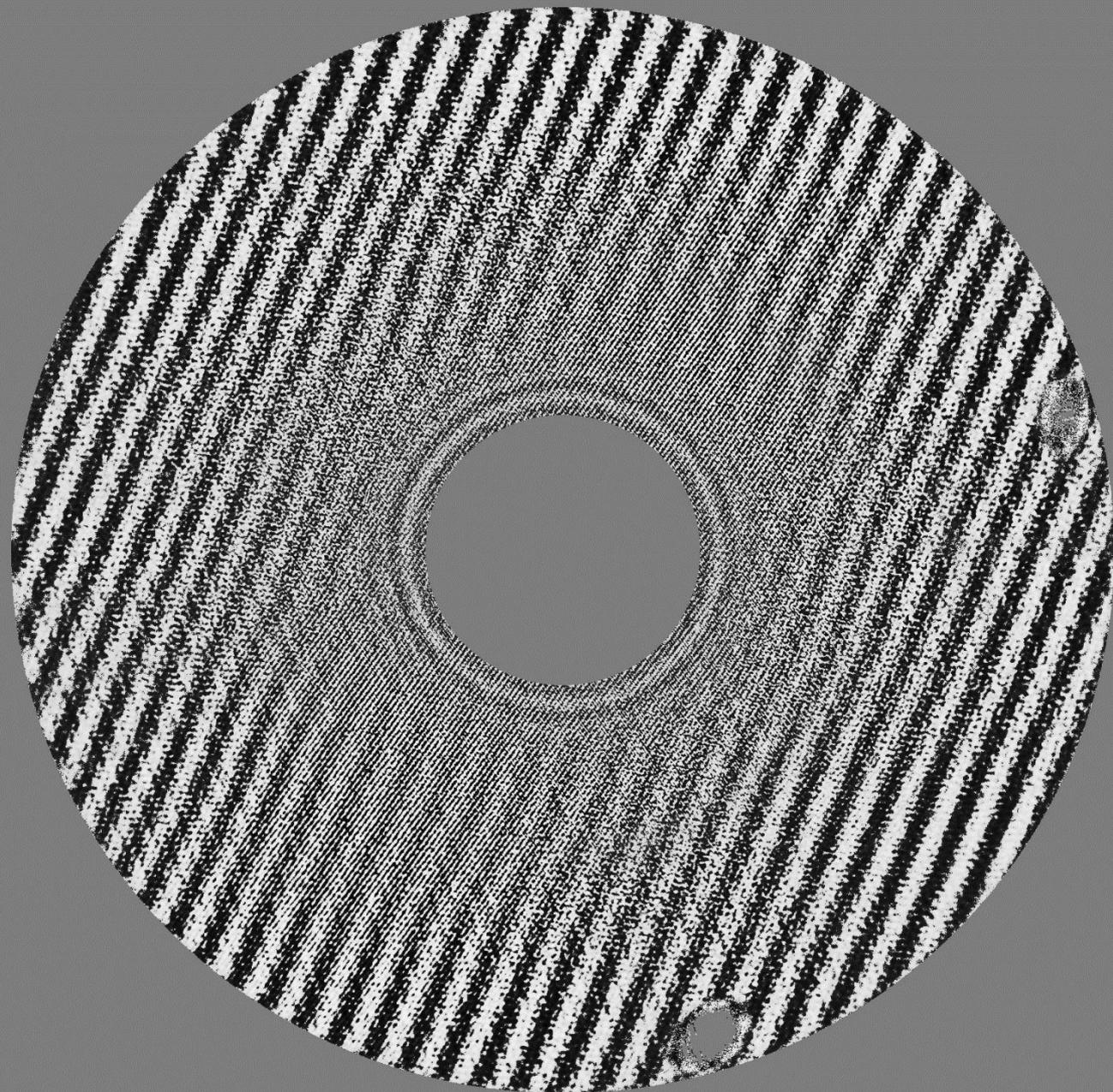


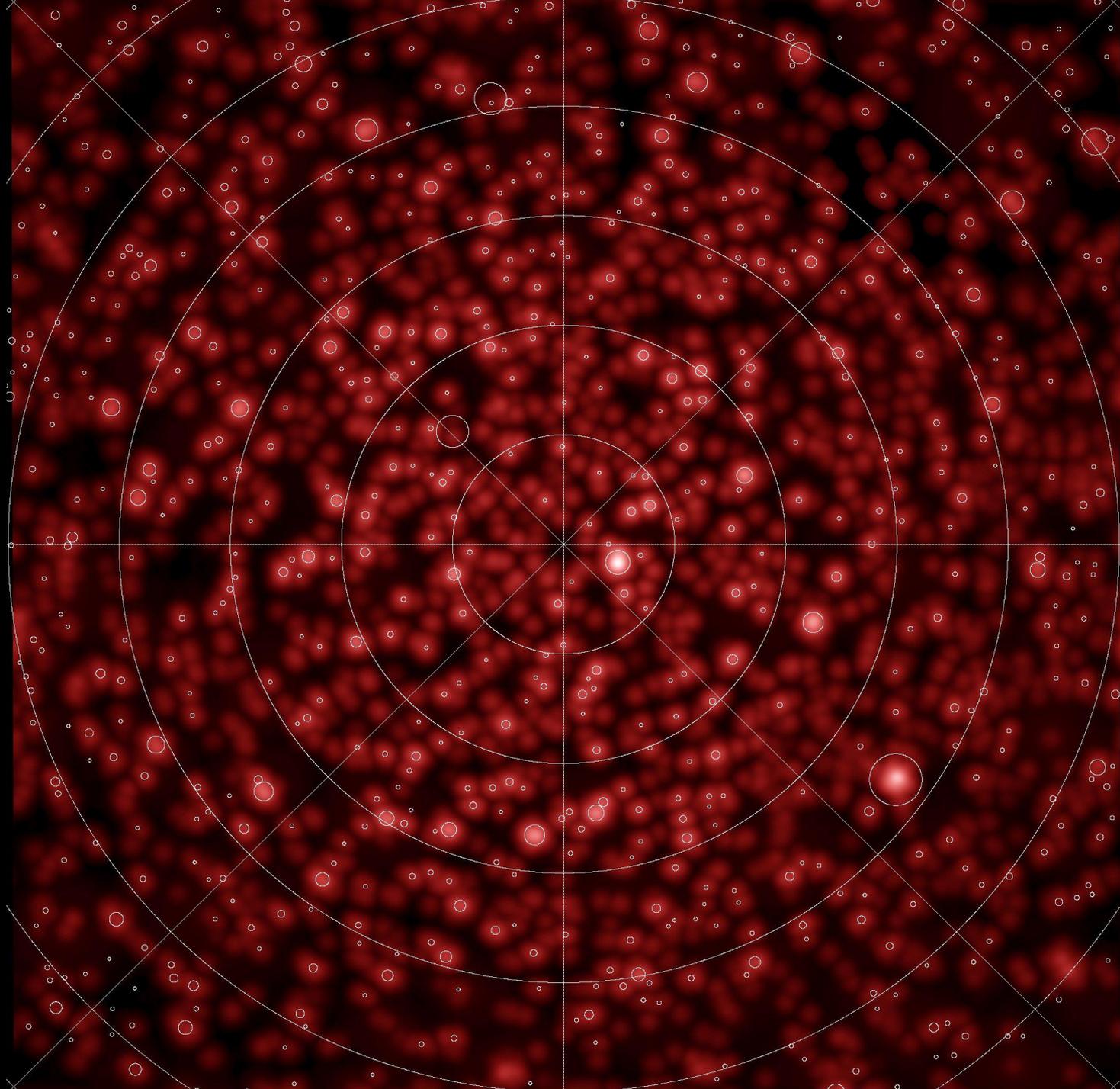
UV Map

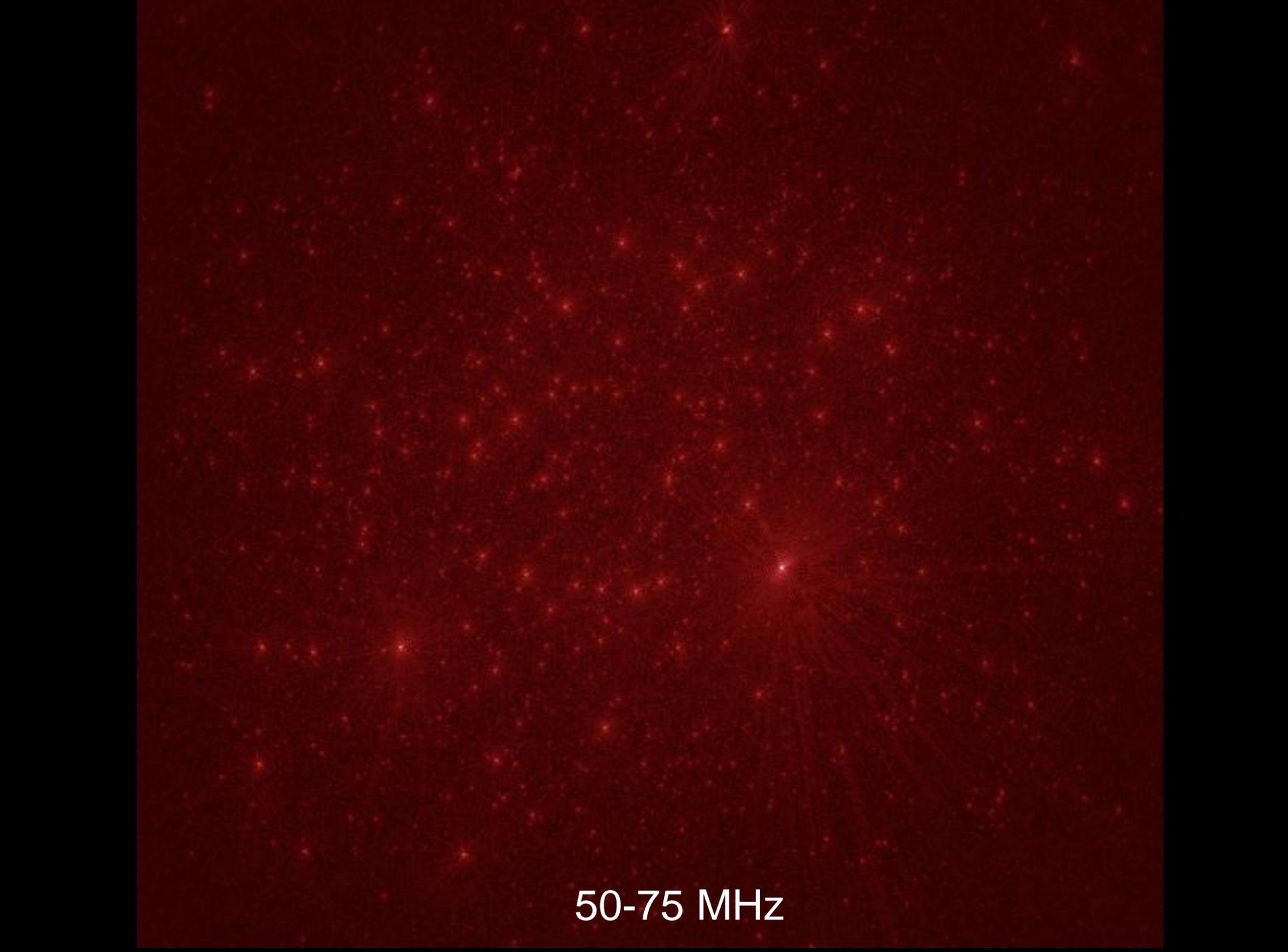


UV Map

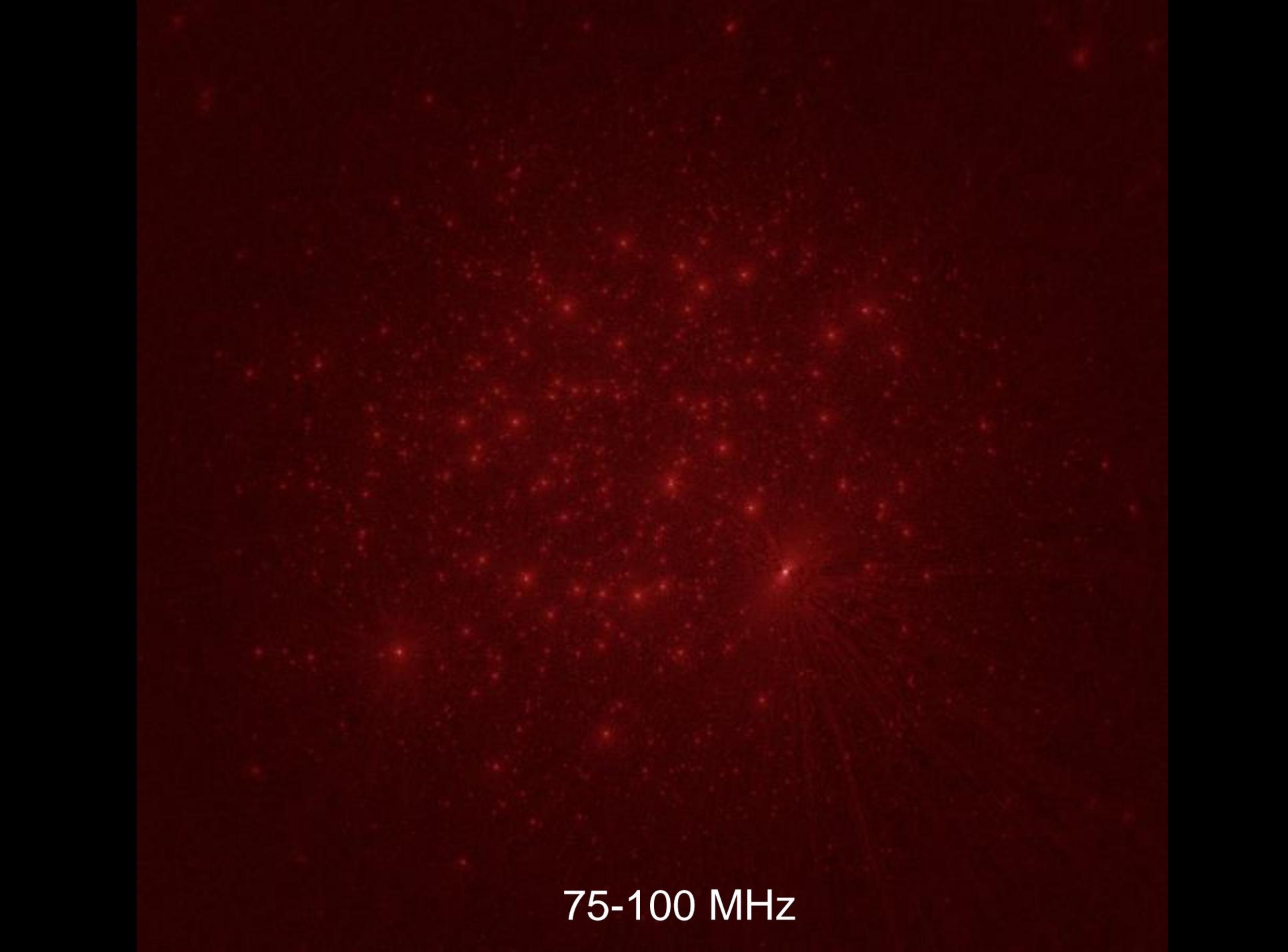




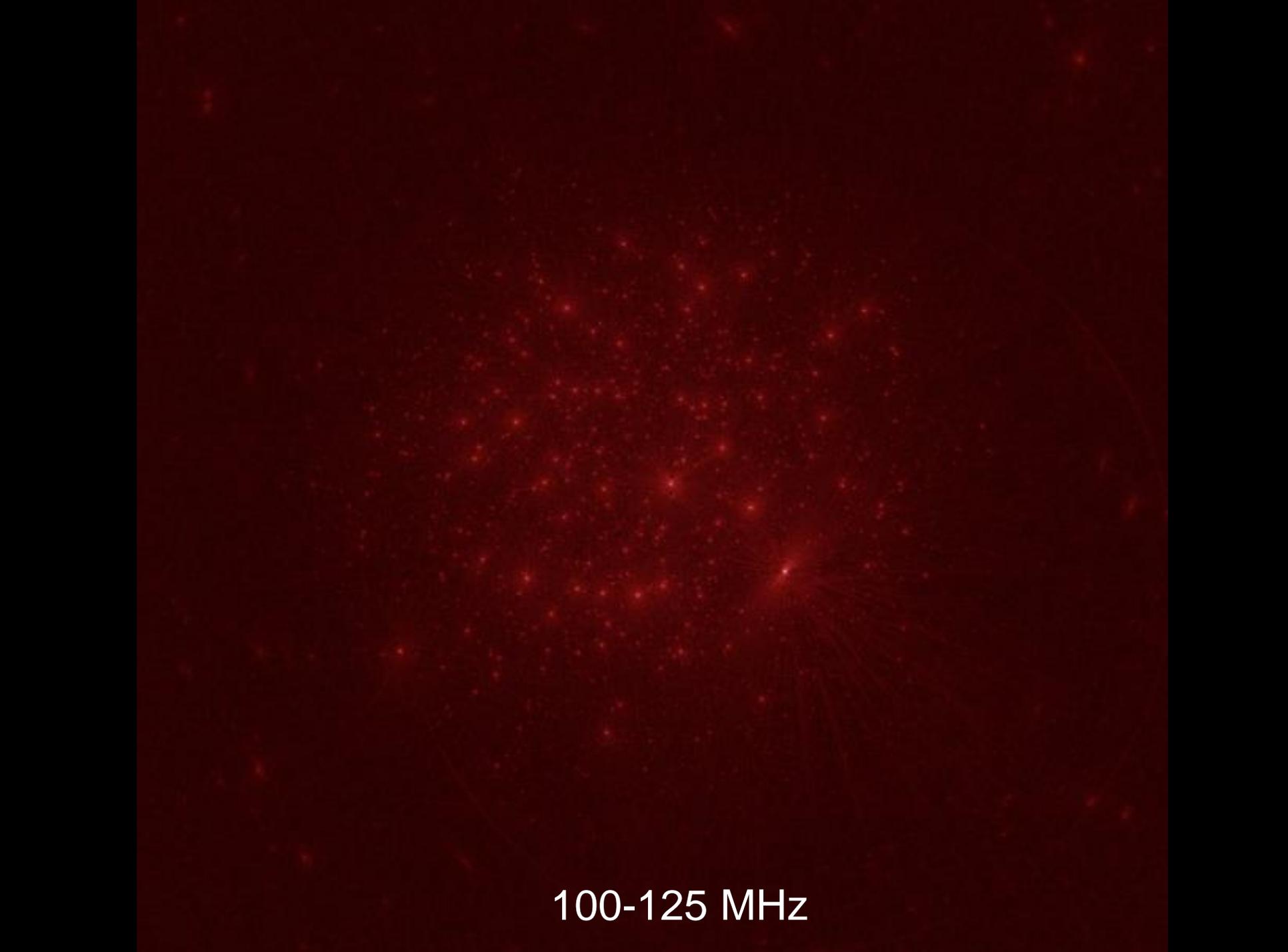


A dense field of red stars, likely a star cluster or galaxy core, with a white text label "50-75 MHz" at the bottom center. The stars are concentrated in the center and become sparser towards the edges. The background is a dark, reddish-brown color.

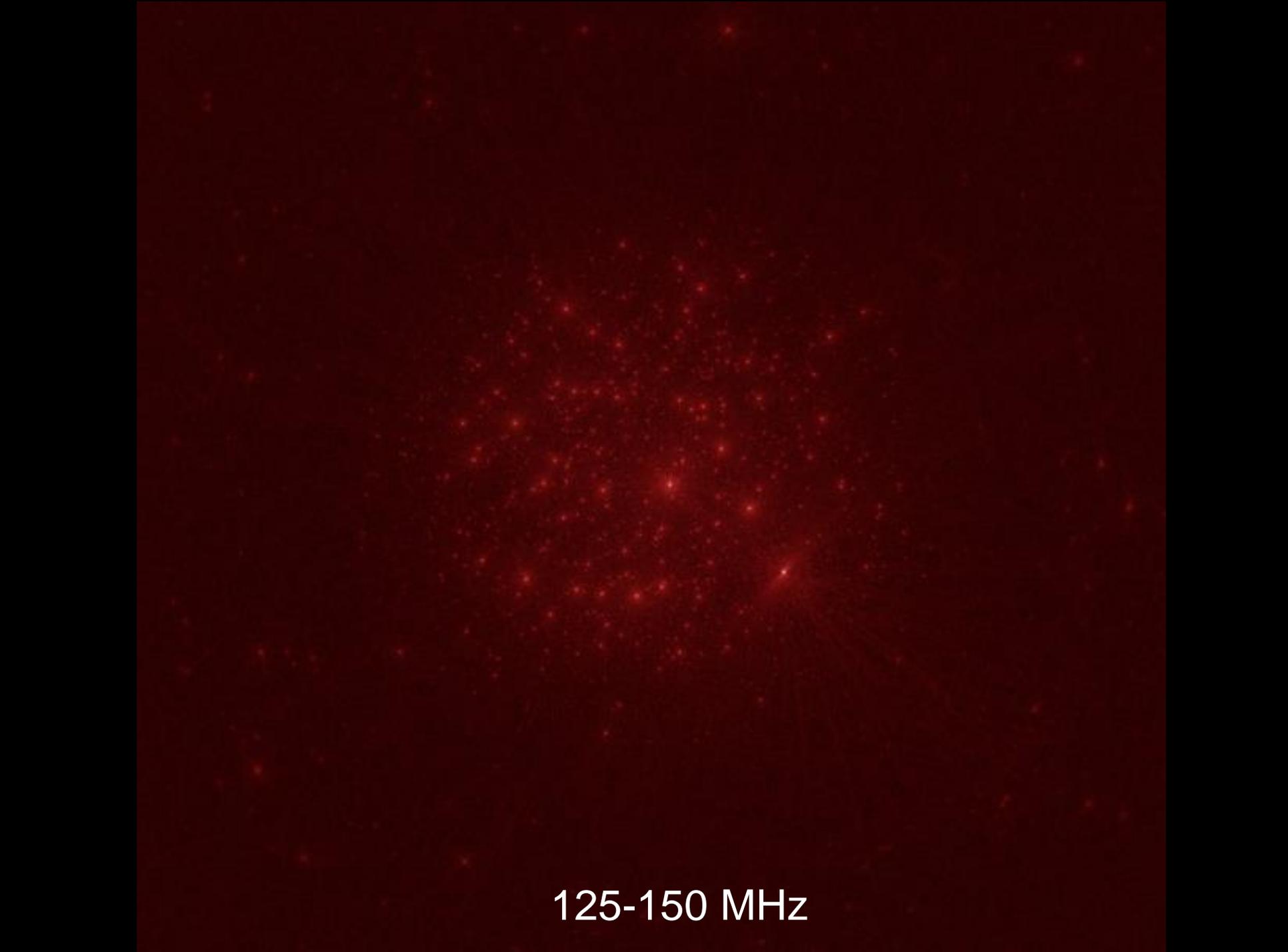
50-75 MHz



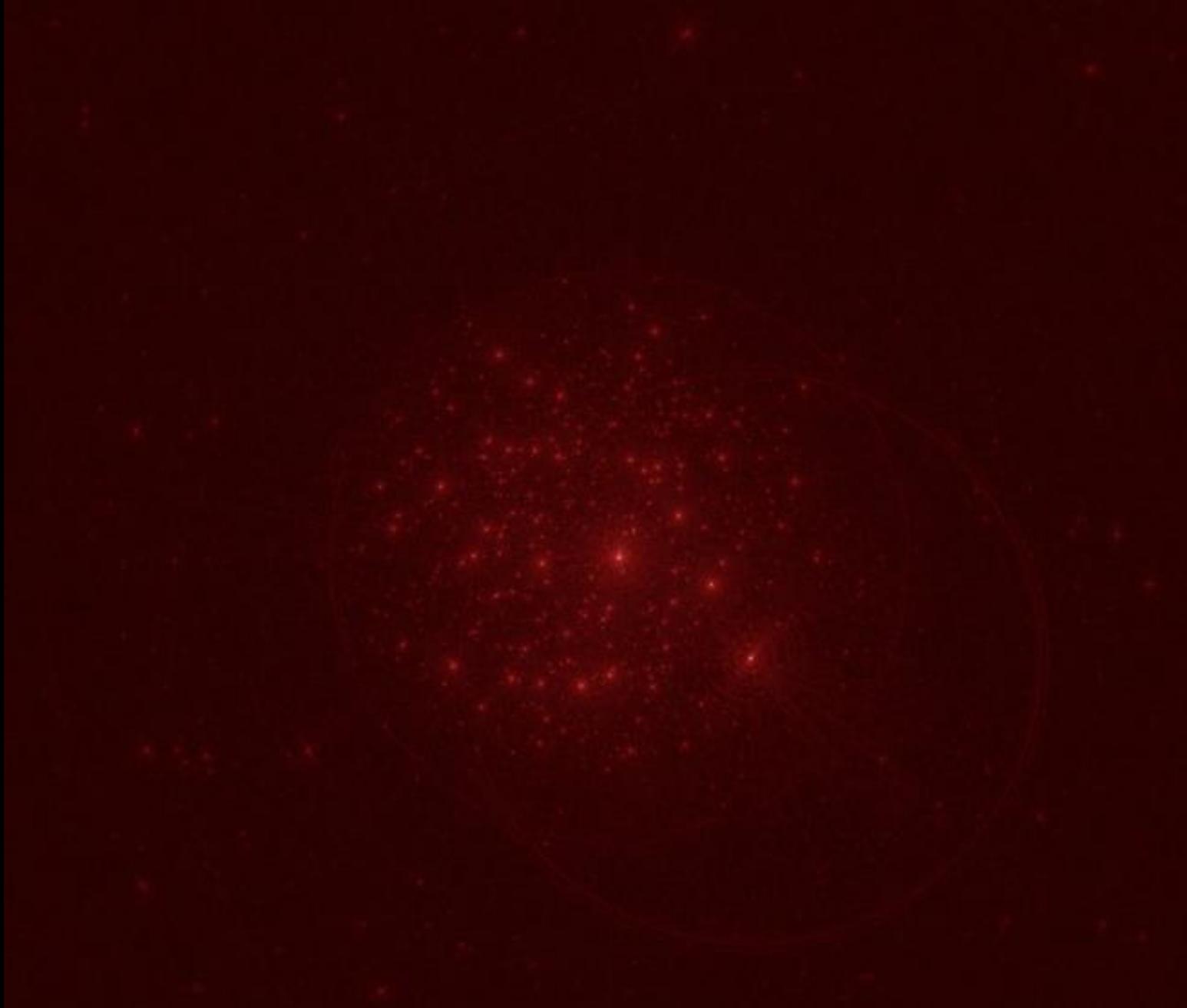
75-100 MHz



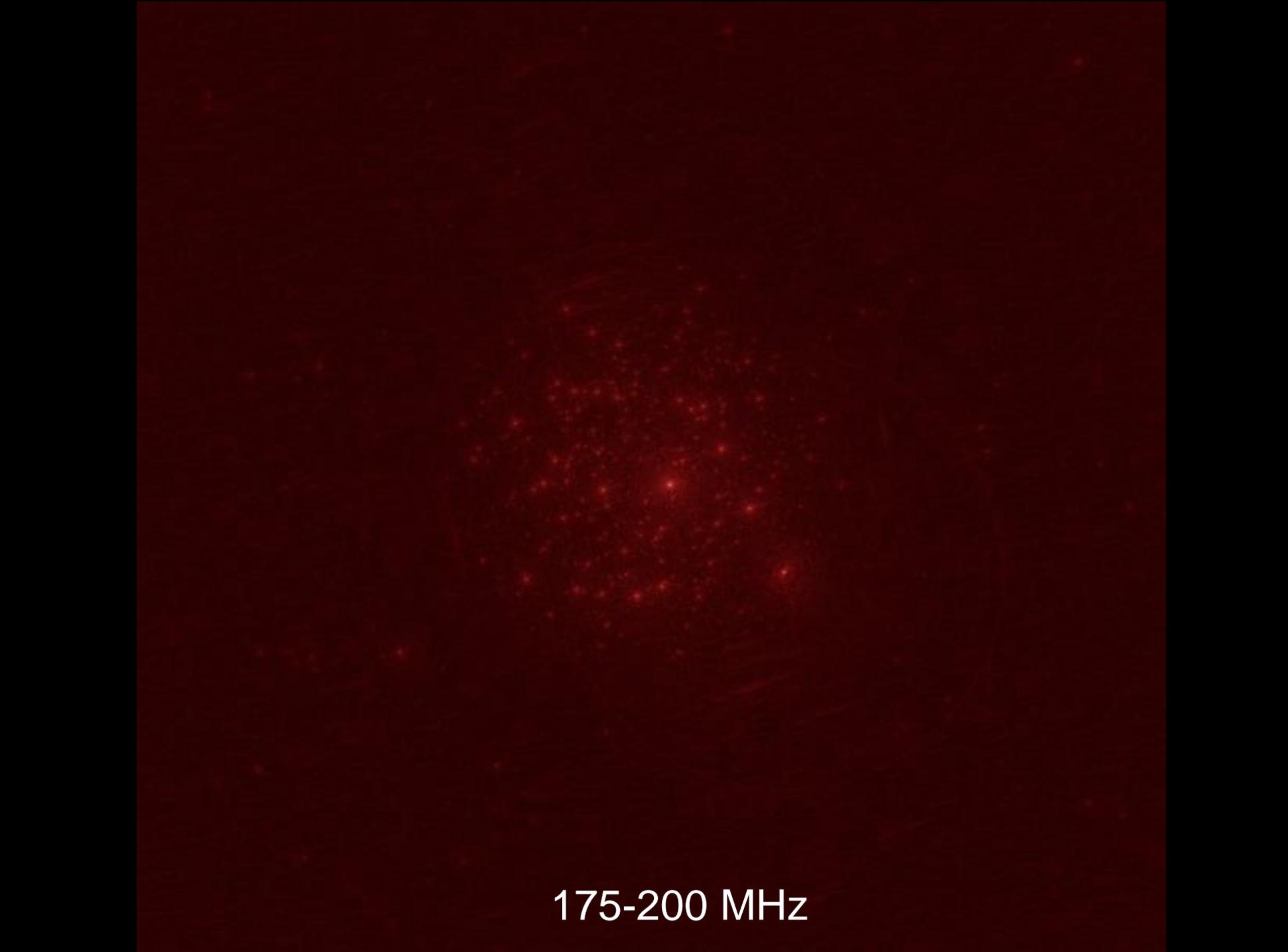
100-125 MHz



125-150 MHz



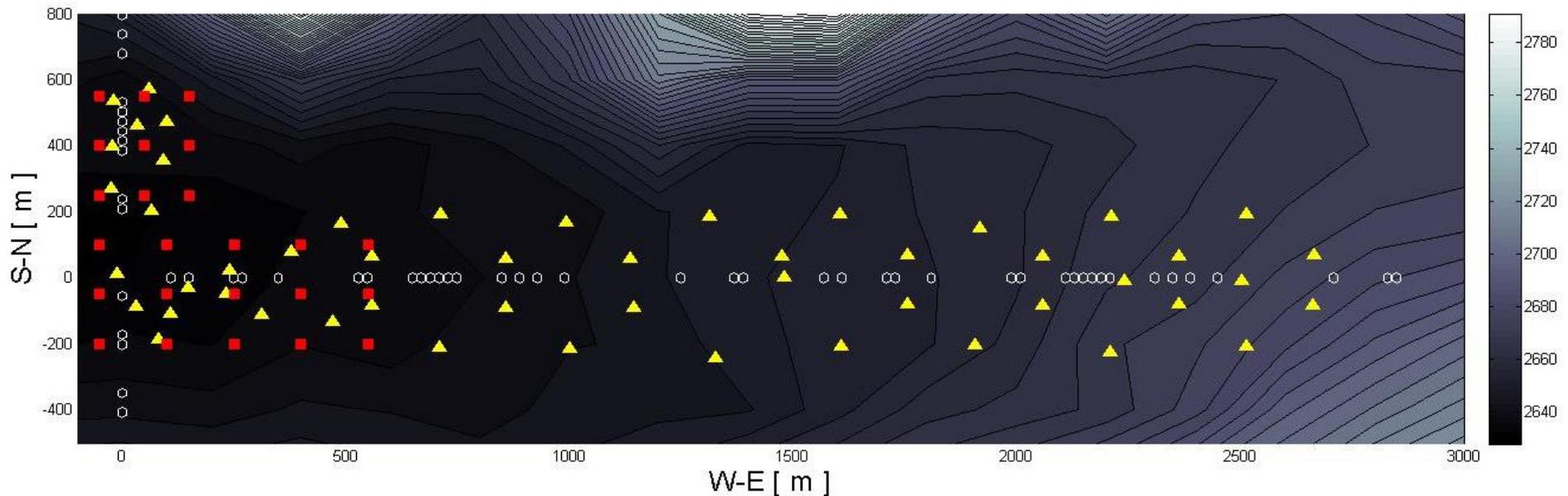
150-175 MHz



175-200 MHz

Current TREND

50 Butterfly Antennas at Site





3 Scintillators (Feb 2010)

TREND DAQ System



Fund Situations for TREND

7M RMB over past 6 years

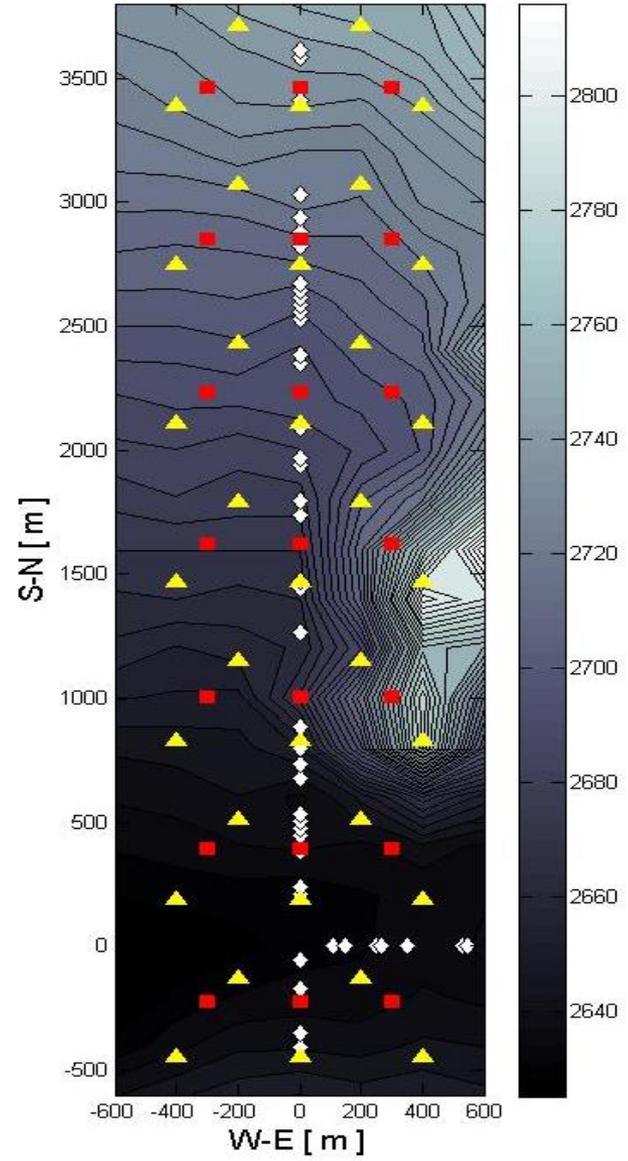
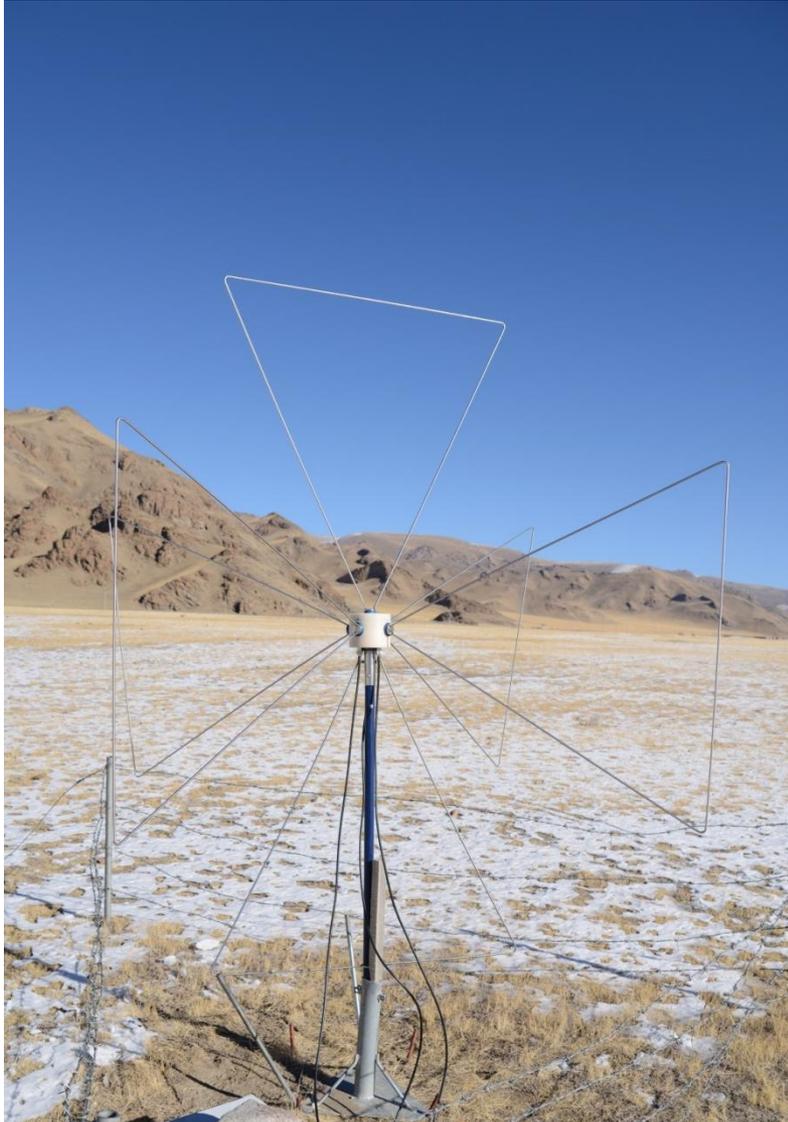
1. 'First Light' project (21CMA):	3M
2. Foreign Experts (Olivier) @ CAS: 0.5M x 2yr	1M
3. Foreign Young Scientist @CAS:	0.165M
4. NSFC:	0.1M
5. NSFC (IHEP+NAOC):	1M
6. NAOC:	1.9M

Fund Situations for 21CMA

5M Euros over past 10 years

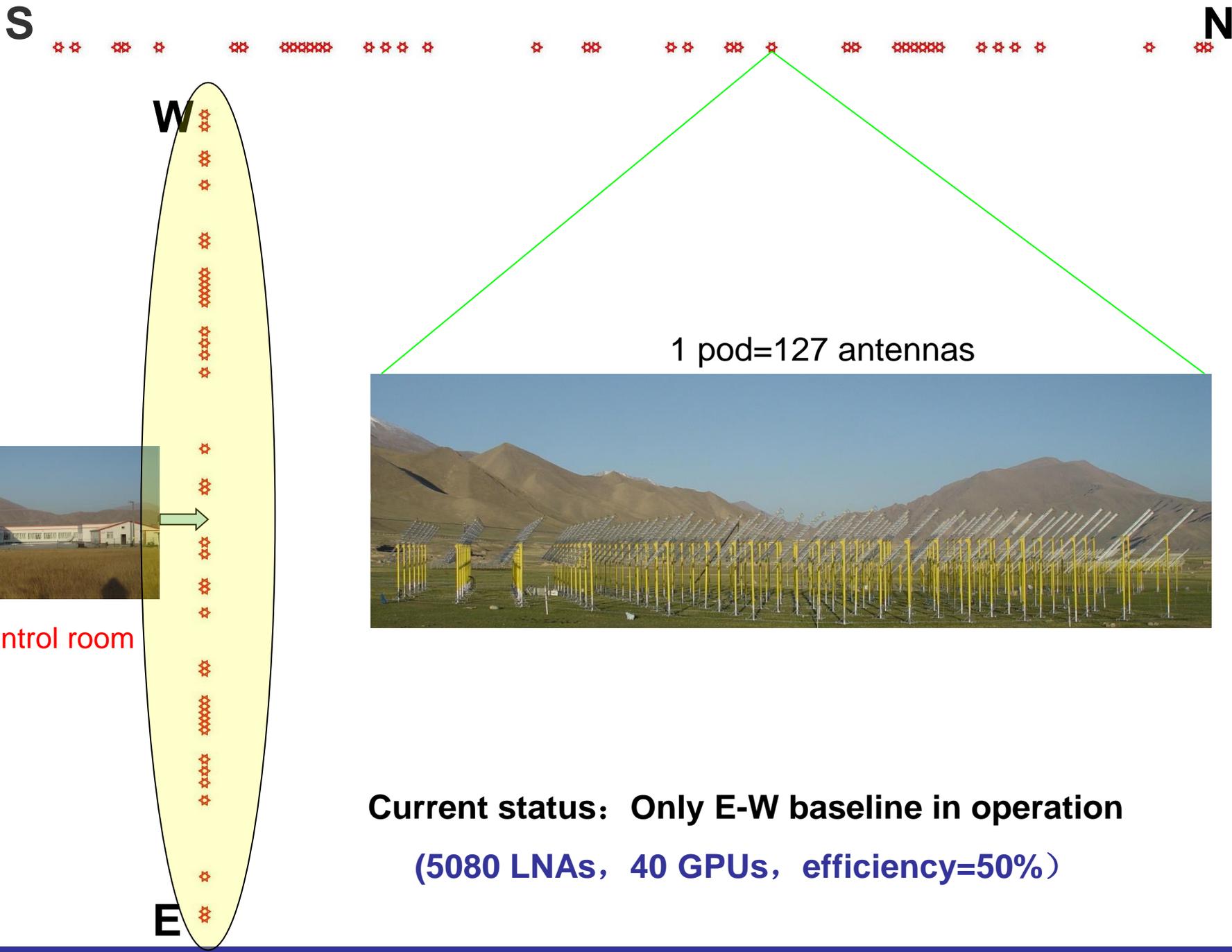
In Progress

(NSFC 1M + NAOC1.9M)

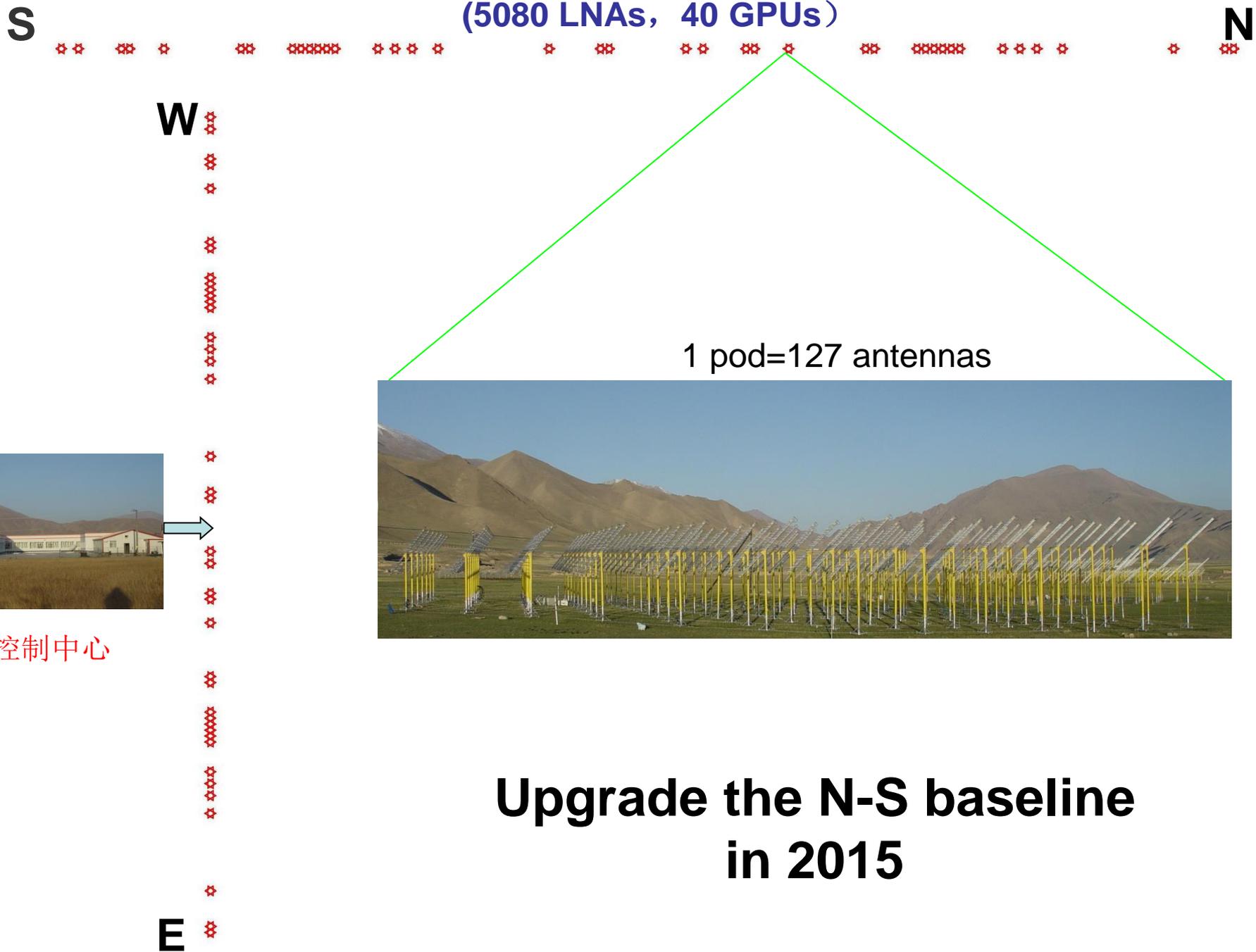


Fund Situations for Future Upgrade: 21CMA and GRAND Prototype

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| 1. Maintenance & Operation (Ulastai): | 2M/yr |
| 2. China SKA pathfinder (NAOC) | 5M |
| 3. China SKA pathfinder (MOST) | 100M (?) |



Current status: Only E-W baseline in operation
(5080 LNAs, 40 GPUs, efficiency=50%)

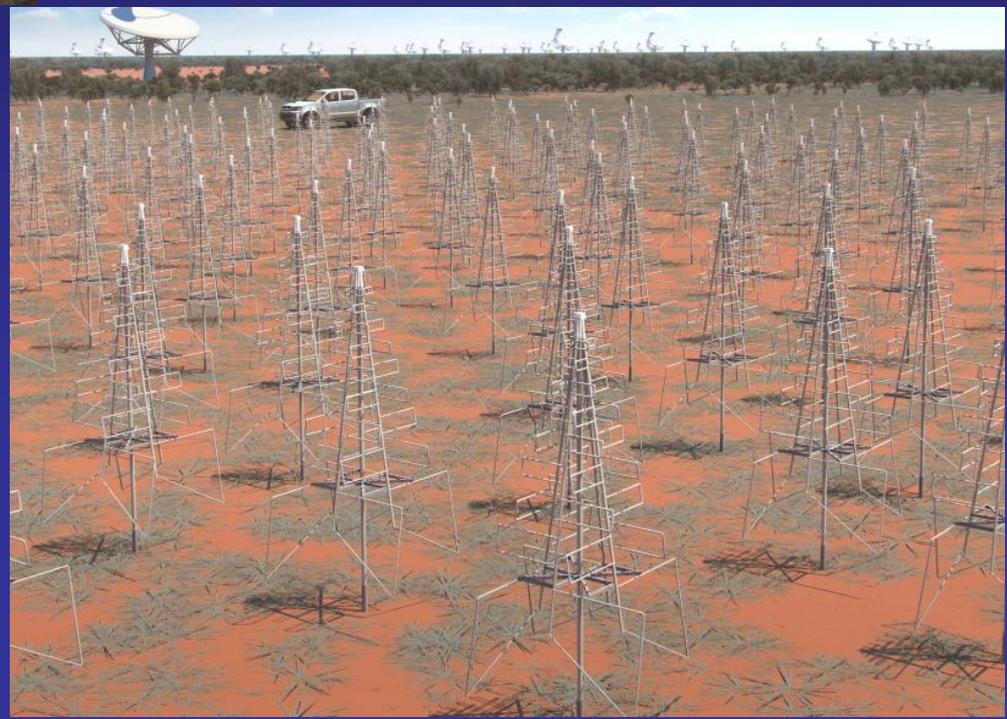


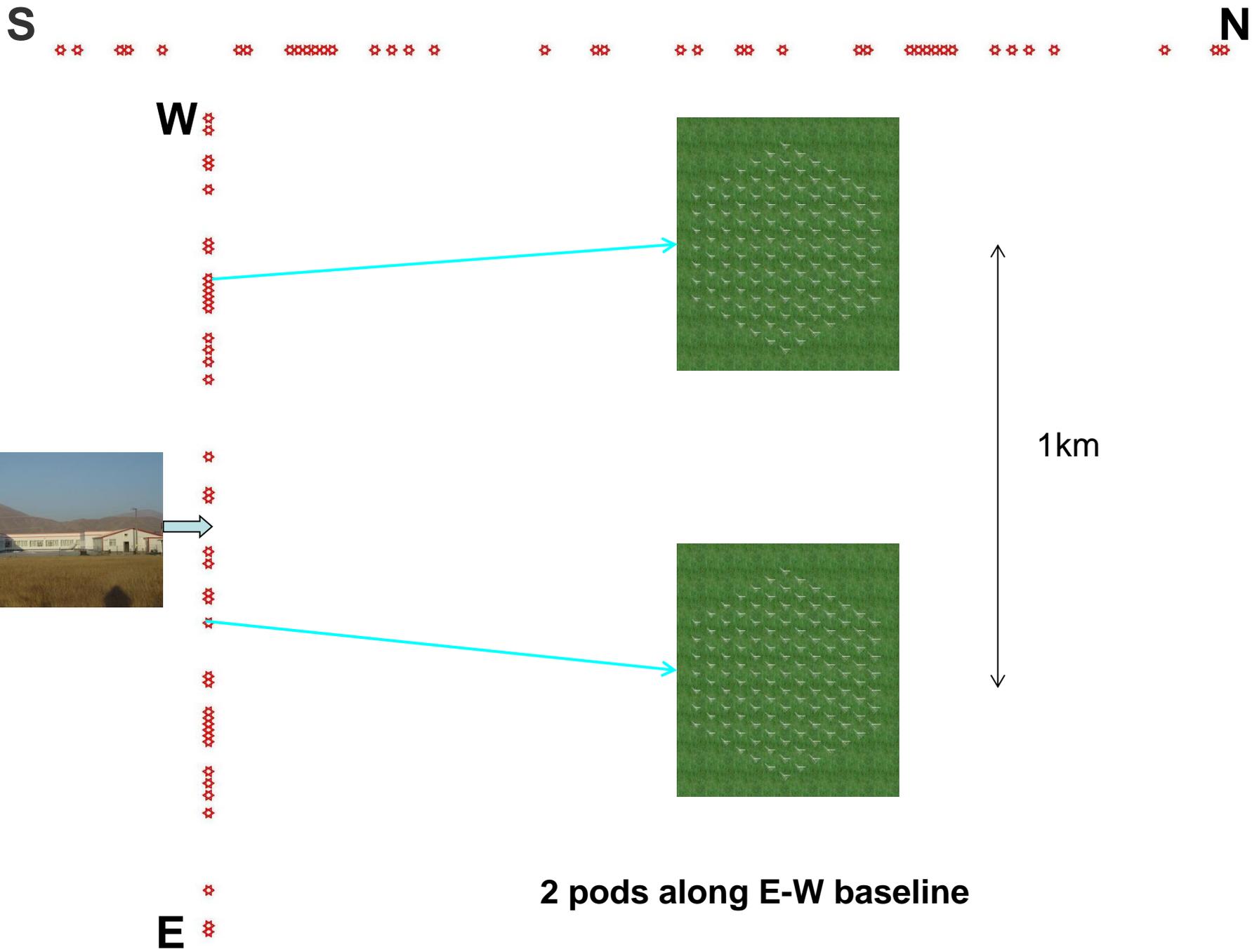


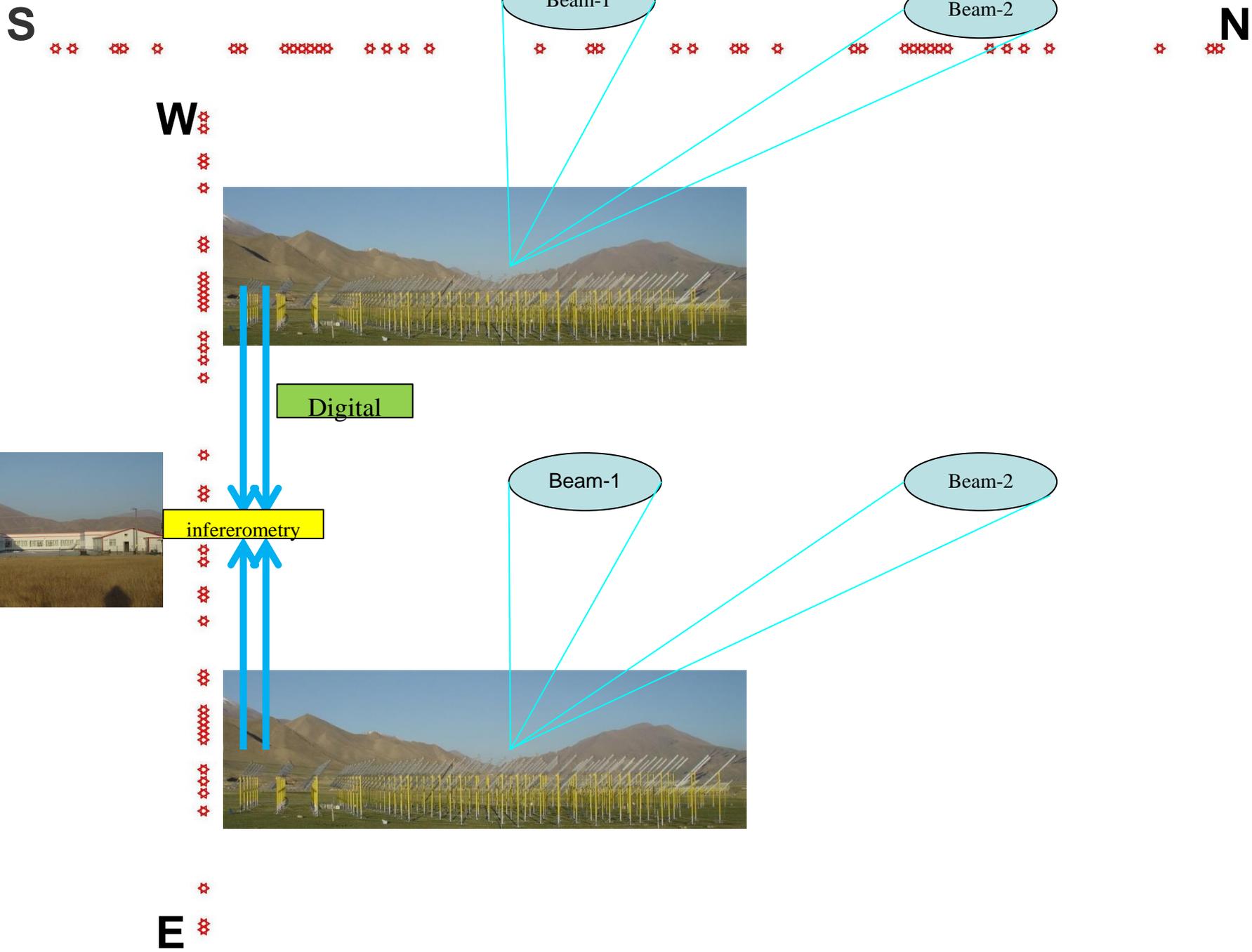
LOFAR

**Multi Beam
(China SKA Pathfinder:
21CMA)**

SKA-LOW

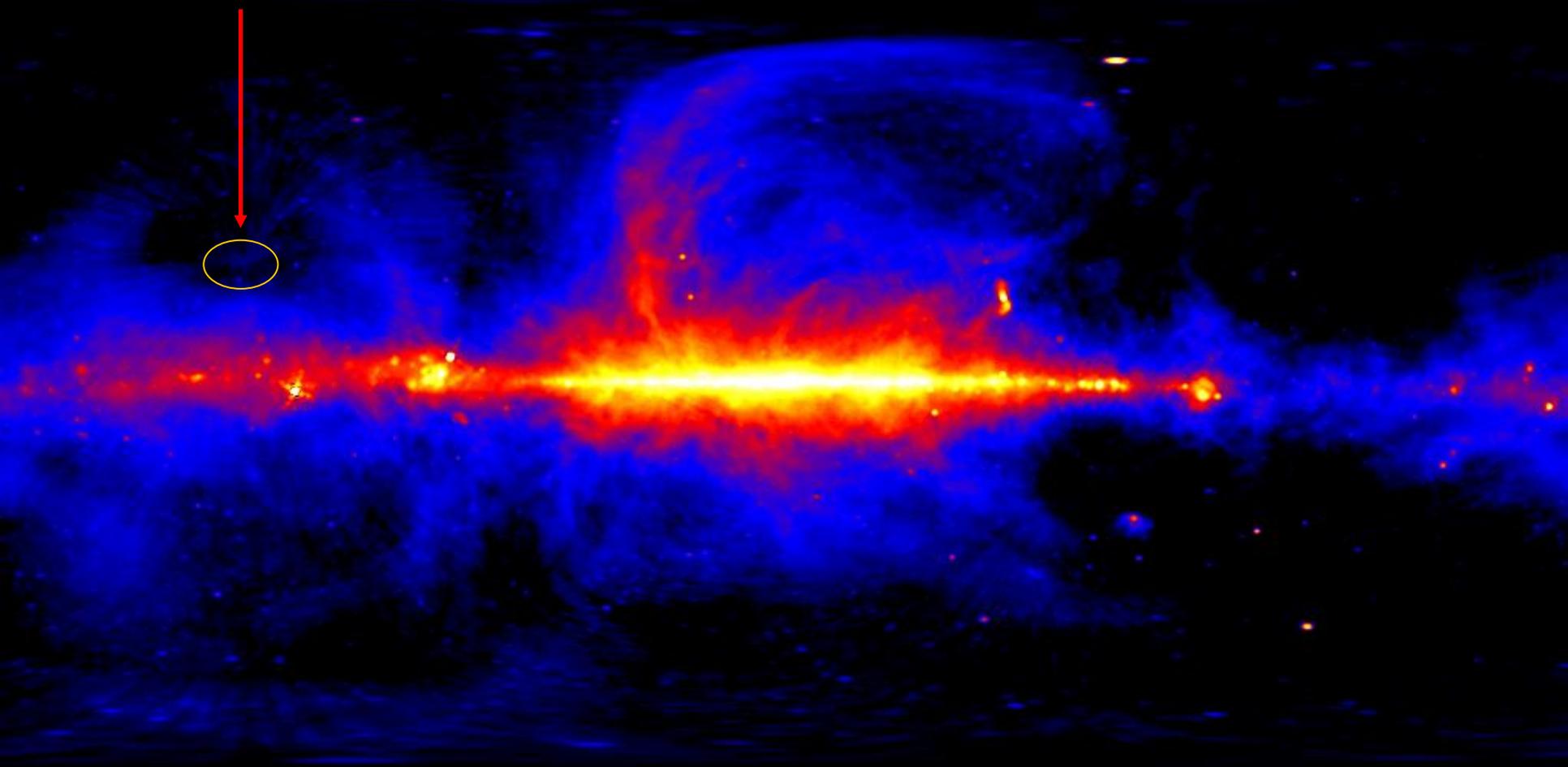






VHF Sky (408 MHz)

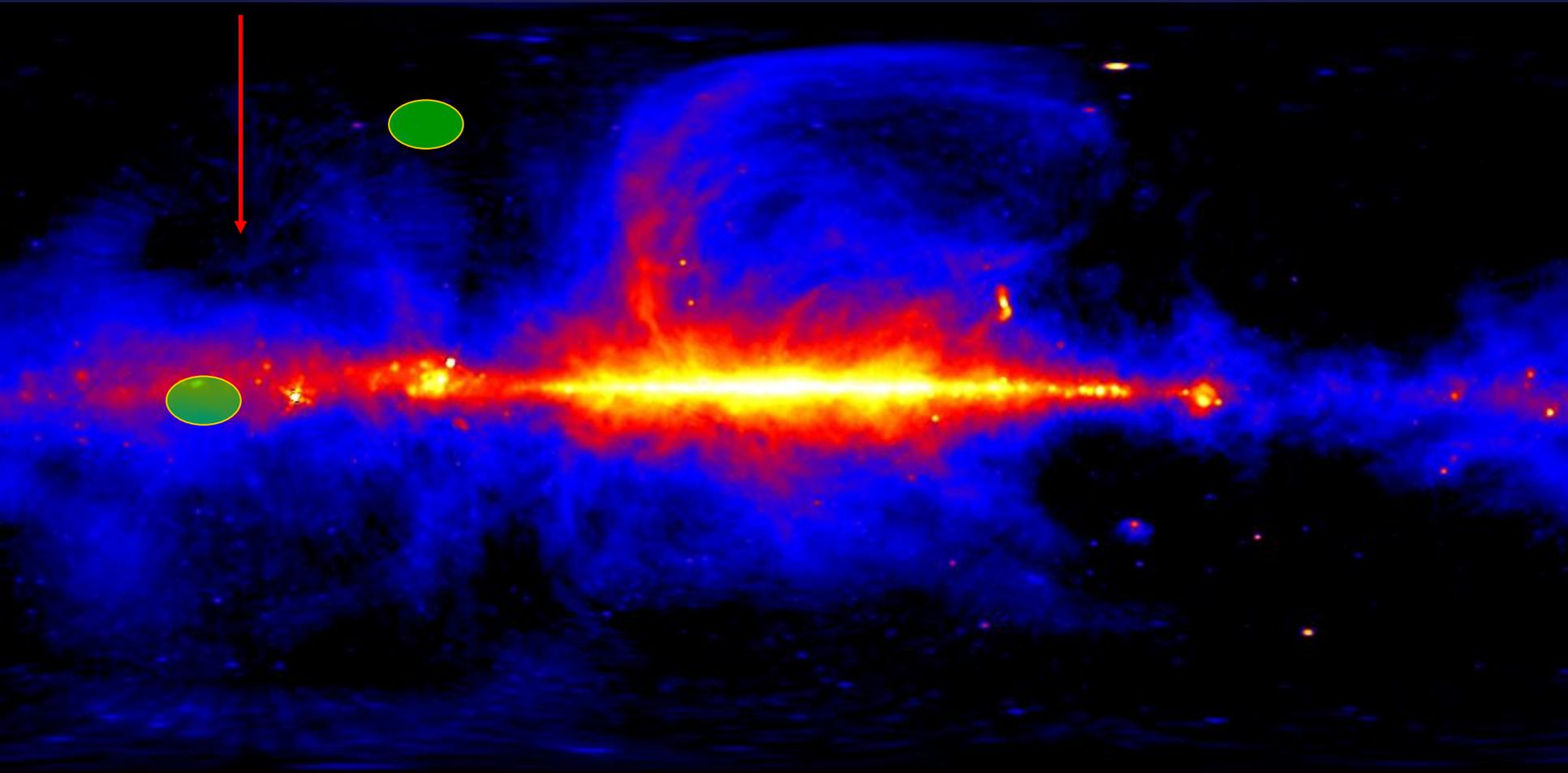
21CMA



Points at NCP only

VHF Sky (408 MHz)

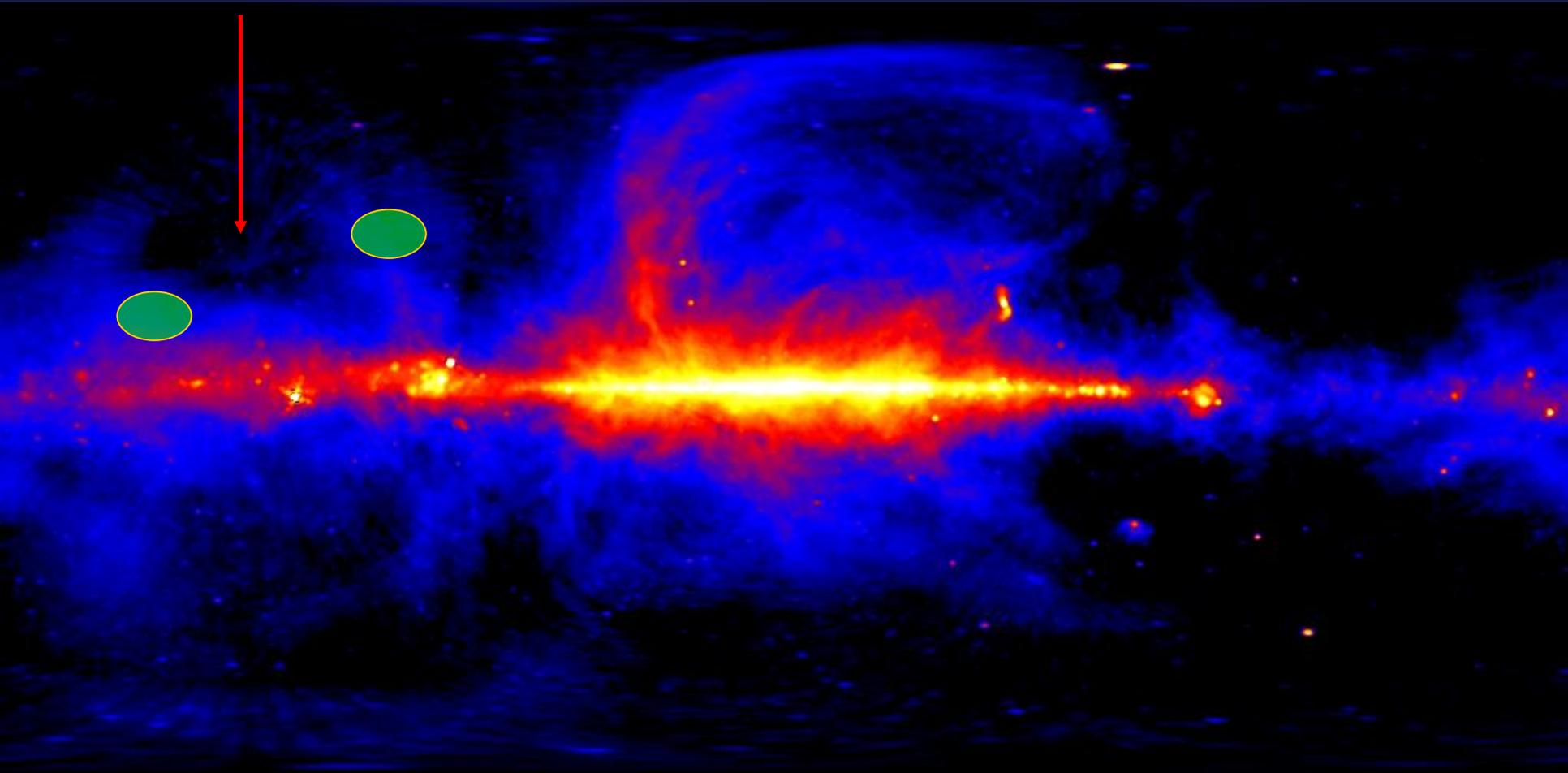
NCP



Two Beam Pointing

VHF Sky (408 MHz)

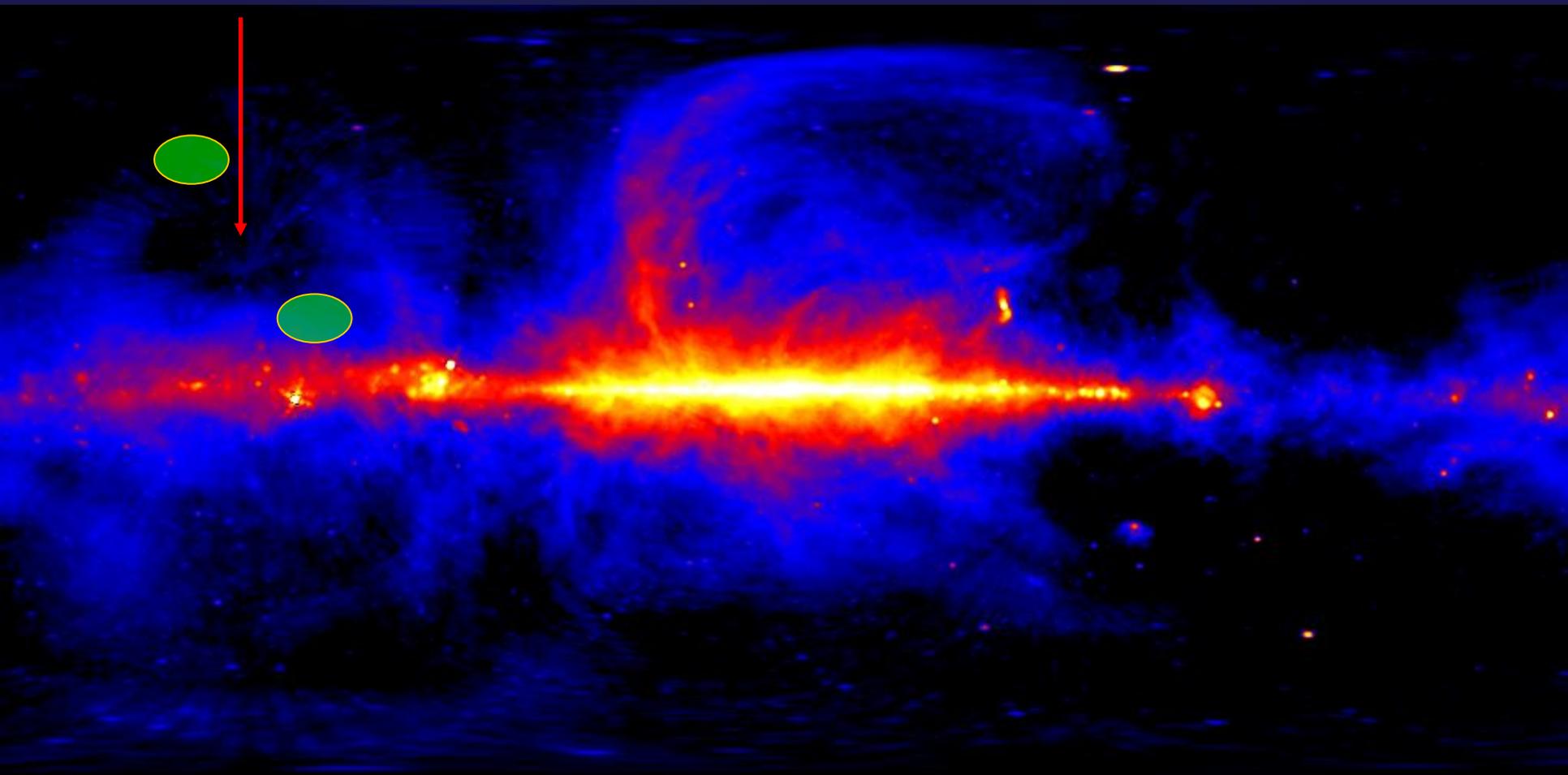
NCP



Two Beam Pointing

VHF Sky (408 MHz)

NCP

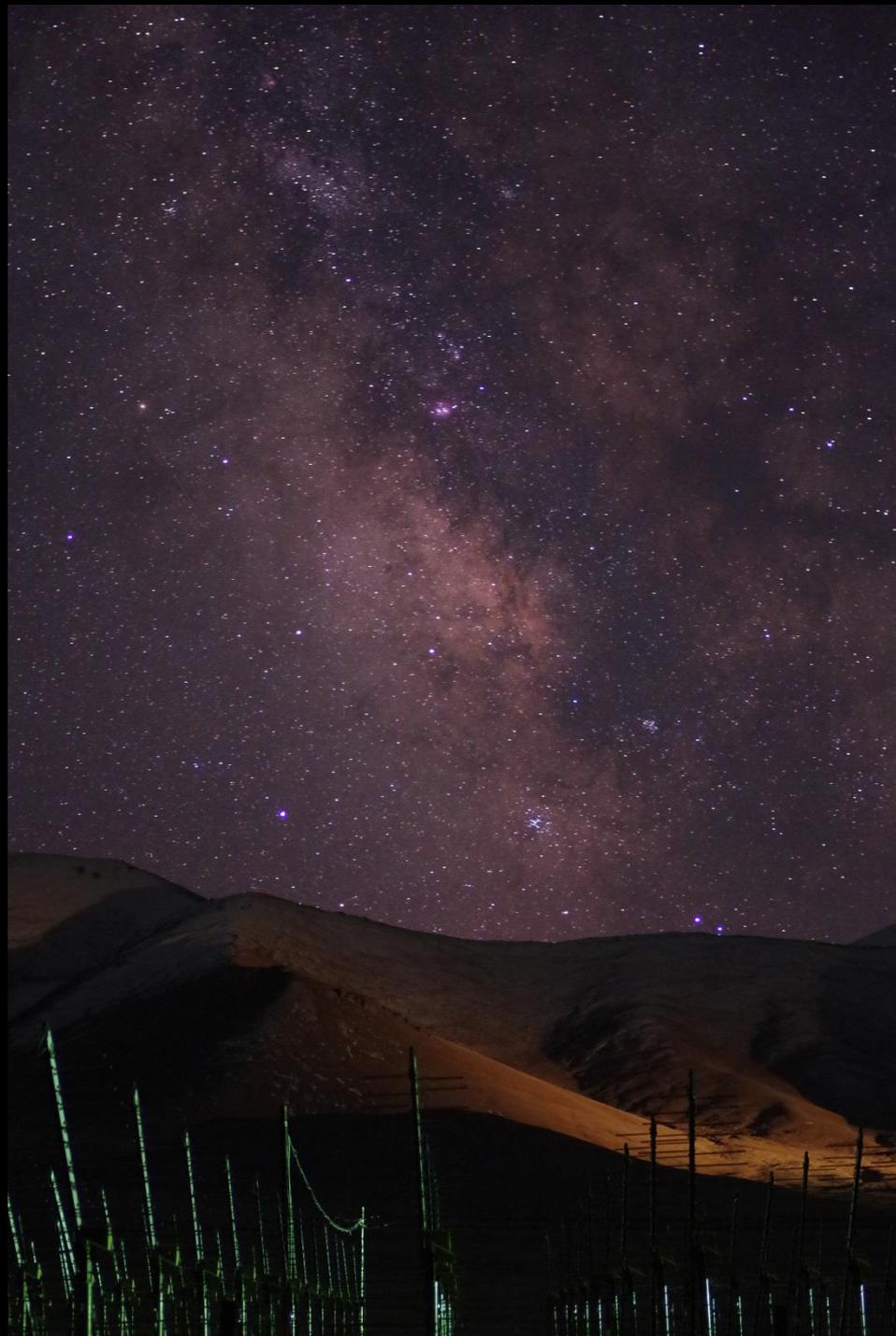


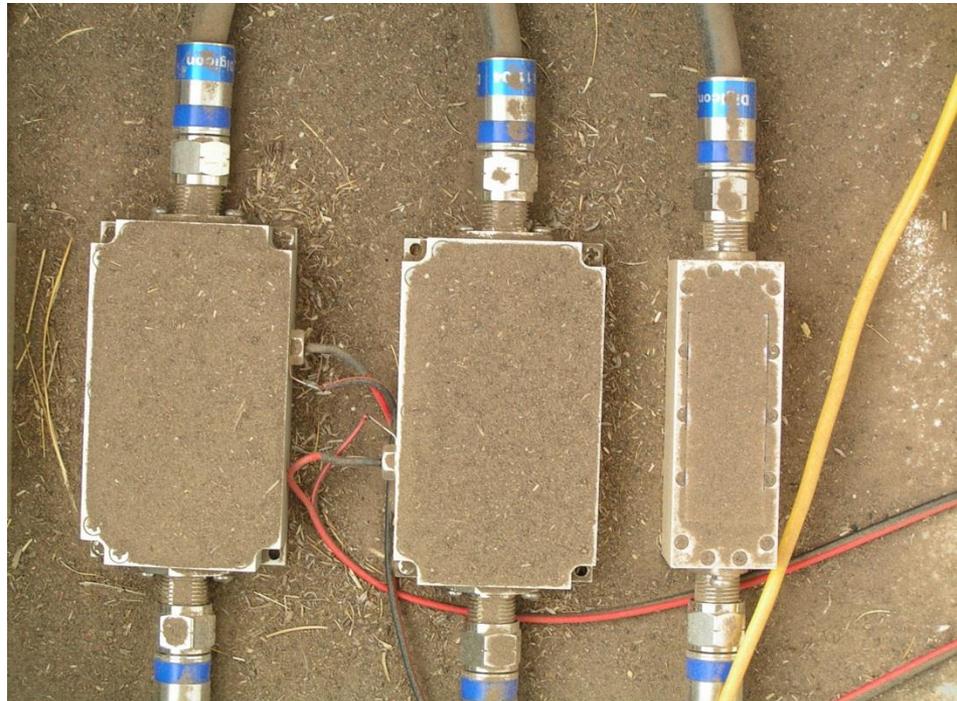
Two Beam Pointing

Design Parameters

Baseline	1km
Antenna Units	127
Number of Stations	2
Frequency Range	50-200MHz
Instantaneous Bandwidth	150MHz
Digital Beams	2
ADC precision	12bits
Sampling (beams)	200MHz
Frequency Resolution	24kHz
System Temperature	<50K
Polarization	linear/Full Stokes
Synchronizing clock	400MHz

Ulastai Night
(photo by Junhua Gu)







Unexpected events

-30C

-49C

(2005)



A cool summer

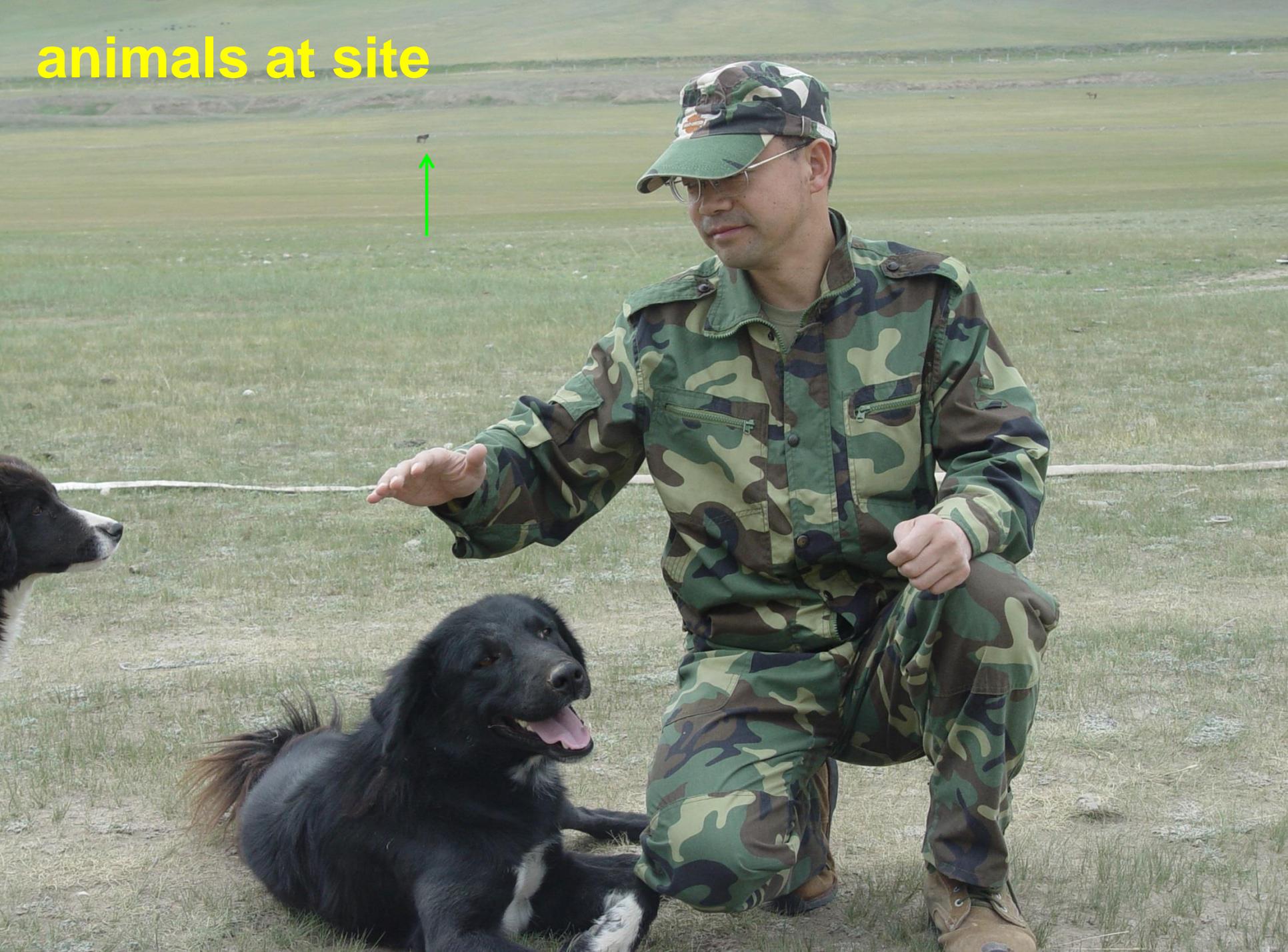


2008.08.18



Ulastai, August 2014

animals at site







prairie dog



cattle



dogs & donkeys





yak

Trouble Makers





Mongolian Gutturusa



vulture



a wolf



A Crazy Guy

Welcome to Ulaanbaatar

