Improving LHC searches for strong EW symmetry breaking resonances

Anna Kamińska



Moriond EW, 18.03.15

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Composite Higgs models

electroweak symmetry breaking by new strong dynamics

composite scalar - PNG boson

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electroweak symmetry breaking by new strong dynamics

composite scalar - PNG boson

•
$$SO(5)/SO(4) \rightarrow 4\pi \rightarrow H$$

Minimal Composite Higgs Model Agashe, Contino, Pomarol '04

•
$$SO(6)/SO(5)
ightarrow 5\pi
ightarrow H, a$$

 $SU(4)/Sp(4,C)
ightarrow 5\pi
ightarrow H, s$

Next MCHM Gripaios, Pomarol, Riva, Serra '09 Chacko, Batra '08

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•
$$SO(6)/SO(4)xSO(2) \rightarrow 8\pi \rightarrow H_1 + H_2$$

Minimal Composite Two Higgs Doublets Mrazek, Pomarol, Rattazzi, Serra, Wulzer '11

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$SO(5) ightarrow SO(4) \sim SU(2)_L imes SU(2)_R$

GB transform as a **4** of SO(4), (2,2) of $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$

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Higgs potential from SO(5) breaking effects

- gauge interactions
- Yukawa interactions

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Higgs potential from SO(5) breaking effects

- gauge interactions
- Yukawa interactions

 \rightarrow naturalness requires top partners $\lesssim 1\,\text{TeV}$

Signatures of strong EW symmetry breaking

• modification of H couplings to W and Z bosons

and to fermions

 \rightarrow Higgs physics

 \rightarrow electroweak precision data (S, T)

- vector resonances
- fermion resonances
- flavor physics

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global symmetry breaking $\mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$

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global symmetry breaking $\mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$

Spin-1 resonances

in a representation of the unbroken global symmetry of strong dynamics

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global symmetry breaking $\ \mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$

Spin-1 resonances

- in a representation of the unbroken global symmetry of strong dynamics
- 'hidden local symmetry'
- \rightarrow modify the symmetry breaking pattern

$$\mathcal{G} \times \mathcal{H}_{\textit{local}} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$$

 ρ_{μ} gauge bosons of $\mathcal{H}_{\textit{local}} \ \rightarrow$ 'vector' resonances

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global symmetry breaking $\ \mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$

Spin-1 resonances

- in a representation of the unbroken global symmetry of strong dynamics
- 'hidden local symmetry'
- \rightarrow modify the symmetry breaking pattern

$$\mathcal{G} imes \mathcal{H}_{\textit{local}} o \mathcal{H}$$

 ρ_{μ} gauge bosons of $\mathcal{H}_{\textit{local}} \ \rightarrow$ 'vector' resonances

3 free parameters

$$m_
ho, \ g_
ho, \ \xi = rac{v_{EW}^2}{f^2}$$

 $g_{
ho}$ - gauge coupling of $\mathcal{H}_{\textit{local}}$

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Production and decays of ρ_L

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Production and decays of ρ_L

• production dominated by Drell-Yan q ar q o
ho





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Production and decays of ρ_L

• production dominated by Drell-Yan q ar q o
ho



decays mainly to hZ and WW, but ff non-negligible



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Strong EW symmetry breaking resonances

Direct searches

$$\begin{split} \Gamma\left(\rho^{0} \to W^{+}W^{-}\right) &\approx & \Gamma\left(\rho^{0} \to Zh\right) \approx \frac{m_{\rho}^{5}\xi^{2}}{192\pi g_{\rho}^{2}v^{4}}.\\ \Gamma\left(\rho^{0} \to e^{+}e^{-}\right) &\approx & \Gamma\left(\rho^{0} \to \mu^{+}\mu^{-}\right) \approx \frac{g^{4}m_{\rho}\left(1+\sqrt{1-\xi}\right)^{2}}{96\;4\pi g_{\rho}^{2}}\\ \Gamma\left(\rho^{0} \to q_{i}\bar{q}_{i}\right) &\approx & \frac{g^{4}m_{\rho}\left(1+\sqrt{1-\xi}\right)^{2}}{32\;4\pi g_{\rho}^{2}} \end{split}$$

present strongest exclusions - CMS search for II resonances



Searching for $\rho \rightarrow Vh$

M.Hoffmann, AK, R.Nikolaidou, S.Paganis Eur.Phys.J. C74 (2014) 11, 3181 (arXiv:1407.8000)

 $h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma, h \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$, where $\ell = e, \mu, V \rightarrow jj$



suppress the SM Higgs background by $p_{\perp} \ge 550$ GeV cut \rightarrow probing $m_{\rho} \sim 3$ TeV in the next LHC run

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Searching for $\rho \rightarrow Vh$

here assumed
$$m_
ho = g_
ho f = g_
ho v_{EW}/\sqrt{\xi}$$



M.Hoffmann, AK, R.Nikolaidou, S.Paganis

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Searching for $\rho \rightarrow Vh$

here assumed $m_{
ho} = g_{
ho} f = g_{
ho} v_{EW} / \sqrt{\xi}$





Contino, Grojean, Pappadopulo, Rattazzi, Thamm

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Impact of composite fermions

spin-1 resonances may couple directly to fermion resonances

 $-i\bar{\psi}g_{
ho}\gamma^{\mu}T^{a}
ho_{\mu}^{a}\psi$

partial compositeness \rightarrow mass mixing with SM fermions

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Impact of composite fermions

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partial compositeness \rightarrow mass mixing with SM fermions \rightarrow modified BR of spin-1 resonances

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spin-1 resonances may couple directly to fermion resonances

 $-i\bar{\psi}g_{
ho}\gamma^{\mu}T^{a}
ho_{\mu}^{a}\psi$

partial compositeness \rightarrow mass mixing with SM fermions \rightarrow modified BR of spin-1 resonances

• 3 gen. resonances only, $m_T \gtrsim 2 \,\mathrm{TeV}$ (left) and $m_T \sim 0.8 \,\mathrm{TeV}$ (right)



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Impact of composite fermions





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Impact of composite fermions



if we allow for significant partial compositeness of light quarks



- strong electroweak symmetry breaking can be tested at the LHC in many ways - Higgs properties, flavor constraints, direct searches for fermion and vector resonances
- LHC is already probing the parameter space of vector resonances allowed by electroweak precision data
- $\rho \rightarrow Vh$ (with boosted Higgs) is a promising channel for the search for heavy vector resonances
- in order to improve searches for resonances related to strong electroweak symmetry breaking a better understanding of possible interactions between vector and fermion resonances is needed

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Backup - CCWZ description of spin-1 resonances

PNG bosons $\Pi(x) = \Pi^{\hat{a}}(x) T^{\hat{a}}$ of $\mathcal{G} \to \mathcal{H}$ can be described by $U(\Pi) = e^{i\Pi(x)/f}$ transforming as

$$U(\Pi) o g \ U(\Pi) \ h^{\dagger}(\Pi,g), \qquad g \in \mathcal{G}, \ h \in \mathcal{H}.$$

leading order effective Lagrangian term describing pion self-interactions

$$\mathcal{L}^{\Pi} = \frac{f^2}{4} \operatorname{Tr} \left\{ d_{\mu} d^{\mu} \right\}$$

where d_{μ} is defined by

$$-iU^{\dagger}D_{\mu}U=d^{\hat{a}}_{\mu}T^{\hat{a}}+E^{a}_{\mu}T^{a}=d^{a}+E^{a}$$

and $T^{\hat{a}}$, T^{a} are the broken and unbroken generators of \mathcal{G} . The vector meson

$$(T^a \rho^a_\mu) \rightarrow h (T^a \rho^a_\mu) h^{\dagger} - \frac{i}{g_{\rho}} h \partial_\mu h^{\dagger}, \quad h \in \mathcal{H},$$

(where in our case T^a are $SU(2)_L$ generators) has the general leading-order effective Lagrangian

$${\cal L}^
ho = -rac{1}{4g_
ho^2}
ho_{\mu
u}^a
ho^{a\,\mu
u} + rac{m_
ho^2}{2g_
ho^2} \left(
ho_\mu^a - E_\mu^a
ight)^2.$$

The connection term E^a_μ introduces interactions of ρ mesons with PNG bosons and electroweak bosons.

Backup - electroweak precision constraints



from 1502.01701 by A.Thamm, R.Torre, A.Wulzer

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- *h* → *γγ* signal selected by requiring two hard photons with *E_T* of the leading (subleading) photon ≥ 40 (30) GeV
- events from h→ ZZ* → 4l selected by requiring two pairs of oppositely charged, same-flavor leptons; the three leptons in the quadruplet with the largest transverse momentum must satisfy p_⊥ ≥ 20, 15, 10 GeV
- muons, electrons and photons must respectively satisfy $|\eta|~<~$ 2.7, 2.47, 2.37
- the transverse momentum of the Higgs system $p_{\perp} > 550 \text{ GeV}$

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