Search for a high mass SM-like Higgs boson at CMS in the decay channel $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell \ell qq$ at 8 TeV

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- Search for Higgs-like particles m_H >200 GeV
- pp collisions at 8 TeV collected by CMS (L~20 fb⁻¹)
- $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2q$ decay channel
 - Identify two high momenta leptons and two high momenta jets
 - Reconstruct both Z bosons
 - Largest yields within ZZ decay channels
 - Huge backgrounds





$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2q$ analysis

- Reduce overwhelming backgrounds (mainly Z+jets)
 - Dijet around Z mass: 71 < *m*_{jj} (GeV)< 111
 - Angular analysis for a spin-0 resonance
 - Exploit $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (b-tagging)
- Two production mechanisms considered: gluon fusion and VBF
- Fully reconstructed ZZ mass
- Sensitivity up to 600 GeV



- Above 500 GeV: boosted Z implies merging of the jets
- Identified using jet substructure techniques (see John Stupak's talk)
 - Pruned mass and τ_{21}
 - Angular analysis and b-tagging on the subjets
- Increased sensitivity up to 1000 GeV





Results

- Use *m_{ZZ}* spectra to perform hypothesis testing
- Normalisation constrained by dijet mass sidebands



The analysis is split into 14 exclusive categories, separating into dielectron/dimuon, dijet/merged, 0,1,2-btag and ggH/VBF

Results - SM-like Higgs



- Consistent with SM expectations
- SM-like Higgs directly excluded in the range 305 to 744 GeV
- Included in the full ZZ and WW high mass combined search (see Mario Pelliccioni's talk)

Eduardo Navarro (CIEMAT)

Results - EWK singlet interpretation

EWK singlet in a nutshell

- Additional scalar H
- Mixed with h(125) state
- Properties are SM-like
- Signal strengths and widths of both h(H) are modified by C(C'). For the heavy Higgs state:

$$\mu' = C'^2(1 - B_{\text{new}})$$

 $\Gamma' = \Gamma_{\text{SM}} \cdot C'^2/(1 - B_{\text{new}})$

with: $C^2 + C'^2 = 1$ (unitarity) $B_{new} \equiv non-SM$ decays • Scan in C'^2 and B_{new} parameters



- $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2q$ analysis (CMS-PAS-HIG-14-007)
- Results compatible with SM
- Excluded SM-like Higgs in the mass range between 305 and 744 GeV
- Additional EWK singlet interpretation
- Part of the ZZ and WW combined search for high mass Higgs

BACKUP

Muon selection

- Tight ID working point
- p_T > 40/20 GeV for leading/subleading leptons
- |η| < 2.4
- $I_{PF}(\Delta\beta_{corr})/p_T < 0.12$ ($\Delta R < 0.4$ cone)

Electron selection

- Loose ID working point
- p_T > 40/20 GeV for leading/subleading leptons
- $\left|\eta
 ight|<$ 2.5 (excluding 1.44 $<\left|\eta
 ight|<$ 1.57)
- I_{PF}(Eff.A._{corr})/p_T <0.15 (ΔR < 0.3 cone)

Each pair of oppositely charged leptons is considered to be a Z candidate Restricting dilepton invariant mass: $76 < m_{\ell\ell}$ (GeV)< 106

Two algorithms to reconstruct jets: AK5 and CA8



Boosted high mass resonances: $\mathsf{Z} {\rightarrow} q \bar{q}$ expected to be reconstructed as a single jet

CA8 jets

- PF jets reconstructed with Cambridge-Aachen algorithm (R=0.8)
- $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$
- |η| < 2.4
- $\Delta R(lepton, jet) < 0.8$
- Jet pruning: improve background rejection and mass resolution
- $M_J^{\text{pruned}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$



A single CA8 jet (merged jet) is considered as a boosted Z candidate.

Boosted Z-tagging

- Use jet substructure techniques to identify the boosted hadronic Z (see JME-13-006)
- τ_N =compability of a jet having N subjets
- Discriminate between merged Z jets with 2 subjets and QCD background using $\tau_{21}=\tau_2/\tau_1$



Categorisation

Classify candidates into exclusive categories according to:

- Production mechanism: VBF or ggH
- Hadronic Z: dijet or merged jet
- Lepton flavour and number of b-tagged jets (subjets)

VBF category

The event is tagged as VBF if contains an additional pair of AK5 jets satisfying:

•
$$p_T(j_{add}) > 30$$
 GeV, $\eta(j_{add}) < 4.7$

• $M(j_{add}j_{add}) > 500 \text{ GeV}, \Delta \eta(j_{add}j_{add}) > 3.5$, MVA-PUId

Merged-jet category

Events are considered for the merged-jet category when contains a CA8 jet with:

• $p_T(\ell \ell) > 200$ GeV, $p_T(J) > 100$ GeV

• $au_{21} < 0.5$

Dijet category

Remaining events are con-

sidered for the ggH dijet category

Event categories

The analysis is split into 14 exclusive categories:

VBF category

- Two channels split by lepton flavour: eejj and $\mu\mu jj$
- Combining merged jets and dijets

Merged-jet category

- Six high mass channels split by lepton flavourand number of btagged jets: (*eejj* and μμjj)⊗(0,1,2)-btags
- Vetoing VBF categories

Dijet category

- Six low mass channels split by lepton flavour and number of btagged jets: (*eejj* and μμjj)⊗(0,1,2)-btags
- Vetoing VBF and merged-jet categories

Angular analysis

- Five angles fully describe the kinematics of $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 2\ell 2q$: $(\theta^*, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi_1, \Phi)$
- Build a variable to discriminate signal from background, angular likelihood discriminant $LD = \frac{P_s}{P_b + P_s}$
- Merged-jets: use angles between the subjets



Restricting invariant mass of dijet/pruned jet forming two regions:

Signal region

Mass around nominal Z mass to reduce backgrounds

- Dijet category: 71 < m_{jj} (GeV) < 111

- Merged jet category: $71 < m_J^{pruned}$ (GeV)< 111

Perform a shape analysis on $M_{\ell\ell jj}$ system

Sidebands

Signal-depleted region

• Dijet category: !SR &

 $60 < m_{jj} \ ({\rm GeV}) < 130$

• Merged jet category: $! \text{SR \& 60} < m_J^{pruned} \text{ (GeV)} < 130$

Used to validate the analysis and constrain the normalization

VBF category

The event is tagged as VBF if contains an additional pair of AK5 jets satisfying:

- $p_T(j_{add}) > 30$ GeV, $\eta(j_{add}) < 4.7$
- $M(j_{add}j_{add}) > 500 \text{ GeV},$ $\Delta \eta(j_{add}j_{add}) > 3.5$
- MVA discriminant exploiting the VBF topology reduce backgrounds
- Cut on 0.4

