

$$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu} \tau$$

in



the Standard Model and Beyond

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**Moriond - Electroweak Interactions and
Unified Theories**

La Thuile, 14 - 21 March 2015



European
Research
Council



New Physics landscape in the LHC era

imagined...



... present day (La Thuile)



Bounds from direct searches: (talks this week; ATLAS, CMS)

$M_{\tilde{g}}, M_{\tilde{q}} \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}, \quad M_{Z'} \gtrsim 2\text{-}3 \text{ TeV}, \quad \dots$

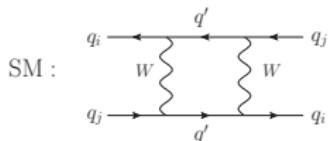
What if NP scale too high?



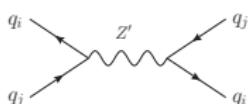
Indirect searches with FCNCs (Flavour Changing Neutral Currents)

$$\Delta F_{\text{Flavour}} = 2$$

i.e meson mixing



e.g. NP :



for $|C_{\text{NP}}| \sim 1$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\Lambda_{\text{NP}} \Big|_{\text{@end LHC}}$$

$$\sim \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 500 \text{ TeV} & : B_s \\ 2000 \text{ TeV} & : B_d \\ 10^4 - 10^5 \text{ TeV} & : K^0 \end{array} \right.$$

probe **zeptometer** scales ($1/200 \text{ TeV} \simeq 10^{-21} \text{ m}$),

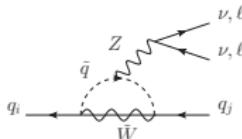
(CKMFitter; 1309.2293)

but structure of NP hidden

(UTFit; 0707.0636)

$$\Delta F_{\text{Flavour}} = 1$$

e.g. rare decays

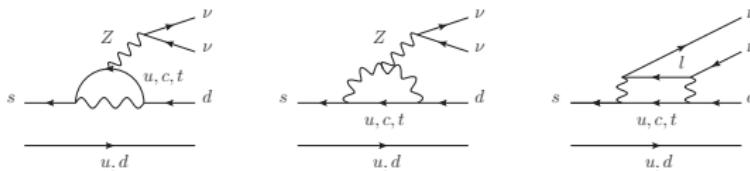


Potential access to $\pm C_{\text{NP}}^{L,R} \bar{q}_i \Gamma P_{L,R} q_j, \dots$

→ disentangle NP structure

($B \rightarrow K^* \bar{\mu} \mu$ prime example; talks this morning)

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu} \cancel{\tau} \text{ and } K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu} \cancel{\tau}$$



very strongly suppressed in SM...

FCNCs with tops:

$$|V_{td} V_{ts}^*| \simeq 0.0004$$

$$\ll |V_{td} V_{tb}^*| \simeq 0.01$$

$$< |V_{ts} V_{tb}^*| \simeq 0.04$$

Hadronic ME : $\langle \pi^{0,+} | \bar{s} \gamma^\mu d | K^{0,+} \rangle \xleftrightarrow{\text{ChPT}} \langle \pi^{+,0} | \bar{s} \gamma^\mu d | K^{0,+} \rangle$ from $K \rightarrow \pi l \nu$

... and theoretically very clean \implies **Golden guns for hunting NP!**

Experimental status:

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (17.3^{+11.5}_{-10.5}) \times 10^{-11} \text{ (BNL; 2008)}, \quad \text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \leq 2.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{ (KEK; 2009)}$$

Future expected precision (relative to SM prediction):

- 10% (~ 2018) - $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$, NA62 at CERN (see talk of S. Dario)
- first observation ($2018+$) - $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$, KOTO at J-PARC
- ~~5% (~ 5 yrs) - $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$, ORKA at Fermilab~~
- ~~5% - $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$, Project X at Fermilab~~



$K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ in the SM and Beyond

Status and perspectives in SM?

(Buras, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, RK; 1503.02693)

How can their interplay discriminate models of NP?

(review + Buras, Buttazzo, RK; in preparation)

+ what NP scales could ultimately be reached?

(Buras, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, RK; 1408.0728)

In collaboration with:

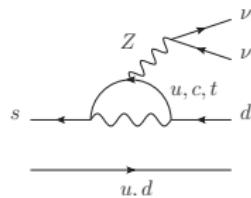
Andrzej Buras

Dario Buttazzo

Jennifer Girrbach-Noe



Standard Model prediction



$$Z\text{-penguin loop function } 'X' \sim \frac{m_q^2}{M_W^2} (\equiv x_q)$$

Top dominant, charm relevant: $m_t^2 |V_{td} V_{ts}^*| \sim m_c^2 |V_{cd} V_{cs}^*|$

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = \tilde{\kappa}_+ \left[\left(\frac{\text{Im}(V_{td} V_{ts}^*)}{\lambda^5} X(x_t) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\text{Re}(V_{cd} V_{cs}^*)}{\lambda} P_c(X) + \frac{\text{Re}(V_{td} V_{ts}^*)}{\lambda^5} X(x_t) \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = \kappa_L \left(\frac{\text{Im}(V_{td} V_{ts}^*)}{\lambda^5} X(x_t) \right)^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{almost purely CP violating}$$

$\tilde{\kappa}_+$, $\kappa_L \supset$ hadronic matrix elements \leftarrow semileptonic K decays (Mescia, Smith, 0705.2025)

Charm loops: including NNLO QCD and two-loop EW corrections:

(Buras, Gorbahn, Haisch, Nierste; hep-ph/0508165, hep-ph/0603079), (Brod, Gorbahn; 0805.4119)

$$P_c(X) = 0.404 \pm 0.024 \quad (\text{updated} - 1503.02693)$$

Top loops: including NLO QCD and two-loop EW corrections:

(Buchalla, Buras; Nucl.Phys.B400 1993), (Misiak, Urban; hep-ph/9901278), (Brod, Gorbahn, Stamou; 1009.0947)

$$X(x_t) = 1.481 \pm 0.005|_{\text{th}} \pm 0.008|_{\text{exp}} \quad (\text{updated} - 1503.02693)$$

That leaves CKM inputs : $V_{td} V_{ts}^*$ and $V_{cd} V_{cs}^*$

Which CKM inputs? (I)

For New Physics studies tree-level observables desirable:

$$|V_{us}| = \lambda = 0.2252(9), \quad \gamma = (73.2^{+6.3}_{-7.0})^\circ \quad (\text{CKMFitter})$$

and $|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl}} = (3.72 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-3}, \quad |V_{cb}|_{\text{excl}} = (39.36 \pm 0.75) \times 10^{-3}$,

(Fermi lattice, MILC; 1411.6038), (FLAG; 1310.8555)

or $|V_{ub}|_{\text{incl}} = (4.40 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-3}, \quad |V_{cb}|_{\text{incl}} = (42.21 \pm 0.78) \times 10^{-3}$,

(HFAG avg.), (Alberti, Gambino, Healey, Nandi; 1411.6560)

Exclusive/inclusive puzzle **unlikely NP?** (Crivellin, Pokorski; 1407.1320)

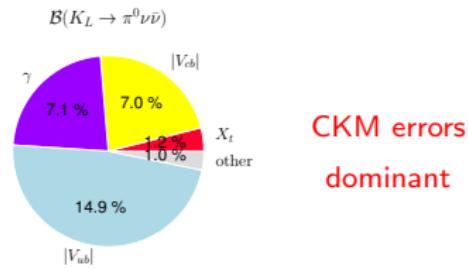
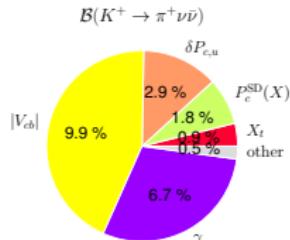
Weighted average
(PDG method) gives:

$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{avg}} = (3.88 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-3}, \quad |V_{cb}|_{\text{avg}} = (40.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

Using weighted
averages →

(Buras, Buttazzo,

Girrbach-Noe, RK, 1503.02693)



**CKM errors
dominant**

Which CKM inputs? (II)

SM predictions from **tree-level CKM inputs** (weighted avg):

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11} = 8.4 \pm 1.0 = 8.39 \pm 0.30 \left[\frac{|V_{cb}|}{40.7 \times 10^{-3}} \right]^{2.8} \left[\frac{\gamma}{73.2^\circ} \right]^{0.708}$$

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11} = 3.4 \pm 0.6 = 3.36 \pm 0.05 \left[\frac{|V_{ub}|}{3.88 \times 10^{-3}} \right]^2 \left[\frac{|V_{cb}|}{40.7 \times 10^{-3}} \right]^2 \left[\frac{\sin \gamma}{\sin(73.2^\circ)} \right]^2$$

to very good accuracy (Buras, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, RK, 1503.02693)

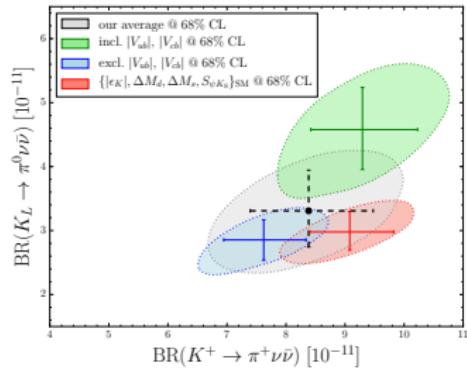
OR... predictions from **loop-level CKM inputs**:

$$|\epsilon_K|, \Delta M_d, \Delta M_s, S_{J/\psi K_S}$$

Using latest lattice QCD results (FLAG; 1310.8555)
and PDG/HFAG inputs:

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11} = 9.1 \pm 0.7$$

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11} = 3.0 \pm 0.3$$



$|V_{cb}|$ -less test of SM

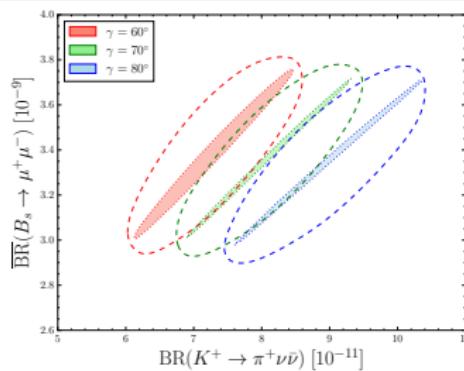
So $\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \propto |V_{cb}|^{2.8} \gamma^{0.708}$

Similarly (to very good accuracy)

$$\overline{\text{BR}}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.37 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-9} \left[\frac{|V_{cb}|}{40.7 \times 10^{-3}} \right]^2 \left[\frac{f_{B_s}}{227 \text{ MeV}} \right]^2$$

Combination gives $|V_{cb}|$ independent SM prediction:

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (65.3 \pm 2.9) \left[\overline{\text{BR}}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \right]^{1.4} \left[\frac{\gamma}{73.2^\circ} \right]^{0.708} \left[\frac{f_{B_s}}{227 \text{ MeV}} \right]^{-2.8}$$



- filled region:**
 1σ CL from remaining CKM inputs
- dashed region:**
 1σ CL from all remaining inputs

Beyond the SM: Minimal Flavour Violation

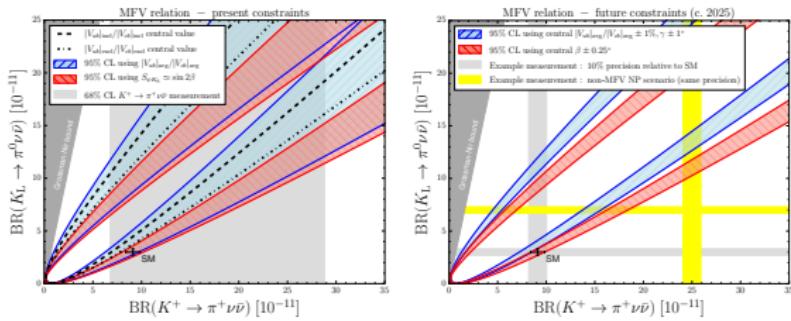
MFV \equiv SM Yukawa couplings **only
source of flavour-changing currents**

$$\mathbf{v}_{td} \mathbf{v}_{ts}^* X(x_t) \rightarrow \mathbf{v}_{td} \mathbf{v}_{ts}^* \underbrace{\left(X(x_t) + X^{\text{NP}} \right)}_{\in \mathcal{R}}$$

$$\frac{\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})}{\tilde{\kappa}_+} = \frac{\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{\kappa_L} + \left[\underbrace{\frac{\text{Re}(\mathbf{v}_{td} \mathbf{v}_{ts}^*)}{\text{Im}(\mathbf{v}_{td} \mathbf{v}_{ts}^*)}}_{\simeq -\cot \beta / \sigma} \sqrt{\frac{\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{\kappa_L}} - \frac{\text{sgn}(X)}{\sqrt{\sigma}} P_c(X) \right]^2$$

Triple correlation together with $S_{J/\psi K_S} \simeq \sin 2\beta$ (Buras, Fleischer; hep-ph/0104238)

Or tree-level inputs: $\left| \frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}} \right|$ and γ
contrary to $S_{J/\psi K_S}$
valid for $U(2)^3$ symmetry

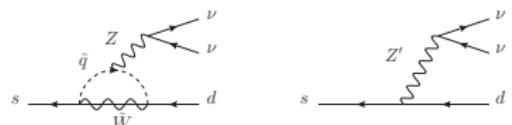


Beyond the SM: correlated constraints (I)

NP in $s \rightarrow d\nu\bar{\nu}$:

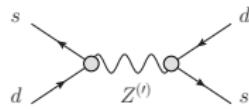
modified Z couplings (MSSM, RS, Little Higgs, PC ...)

heavy Z' -like bosons (LR-sym., 331, RS ...)

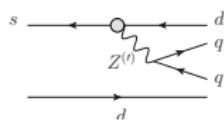


Leading constraints on $s \rightarrow d$ FCNCs:

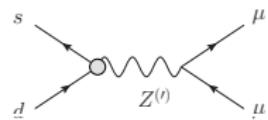
$K^0-\overline{K}^0$ mixing



$K \rightarrow \pi\pi$ direct CPV



$K_L \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



$$|\epsilon_K|_{\text{exp}} = (2.228 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$(\Delta M_K \text{exp} = 0.5292 \times 10^{-2} \text{ ps}^{-1})$$

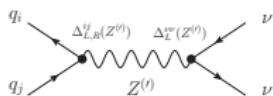
$$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)_{\text{exp}} = (16.6 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)_{\text{SD}} < 2.5 \times 10^{-9}$$

(Isidori, Unterdorfer; hep-ph/0311084)

Beyond the SM: correlated constraints (II)

Simplified $Z^{(\prime)}$ with tree-level FCNC couplings



Z-penguin modified to:

(Buras, De Fazio, Girrbach; 1211.1896)

$$X(x_t) \rightarrow X(x_t)_{\text{SM}} + \frac{\pi^2}{2M_W^2 G_F^2} \frac{\Delta_L^{\nu\nu}(Z^{(\prime)})}{V_{ts}^* V_{td} M_Z^{(\prime)2}} [\Delta_L^{sd}(Z^{(\prime)}) + \Delta_R^{sd}(Z^{(\prime)})]$$

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \propto |\textcolor{red}{X} + \dots|^2, \quad \text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \propto (\text{Im } \textcolor{red}{X})^2$$

K^0 - \bar{K}^0 mixing:

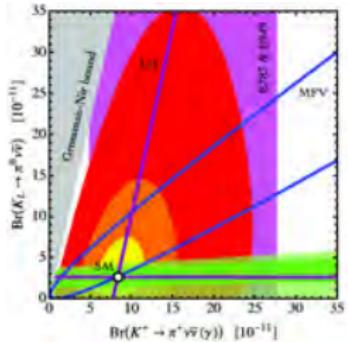
$$|\epsilon_K| \propto \frac{1}{M_Z^{(\prime)2}} \text{Im} [(\Delta_L^{sd})^2 + (\Delta_R^{sd})^2 - 240 \Delta_L^{sd} \Delta_R^{sd}] + \dots$$

$K \rightarrow \pi\pi$ direct CPV:

$$\text{Re} \left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon} \right) \propto -\text{Im} (\Delta_L^{sd}) - 3 \text{Im} (\Delta_R^{sd}) + \dots \quad [Z \text{ only}]$$

(Buras, De Fazio, Girrbach; 1404.3824)

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)_{\text{SD}} \propto \left(\frac{1}{M_Z^{(\prime)2}} \text{Re} [(\Delta_L^{sd} - \Delta_R^{sd}) \Delta_A^{\mu\mu}] + \dots \right)^2$$

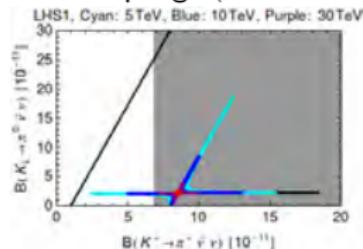


(Al-Binni et al; 1306.5009)

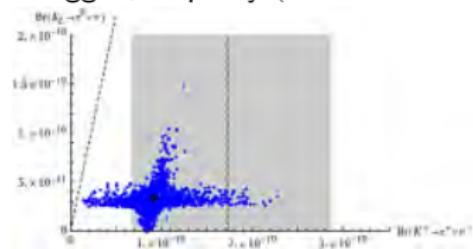
(see also Blanke; 0904.2528)

Beyond the SM: correlated constraints (III)

Z' with LH couplings (Buras et al; 1211.1896)

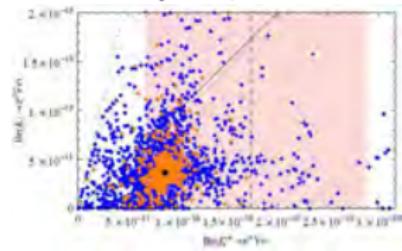


Little Higgs + T-parity (Blanke et al; 0906.5454)



Exclusively LH couplings

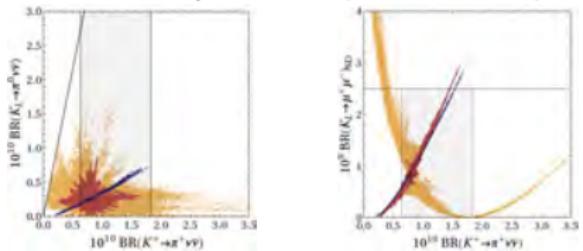
RS + custodial sym. (Blanke et al; 0812.3803)



RH couplings generally dominant;

KK gluons saturate K mixing: no visible correlation

Partial compositeness (Straub; 1302.4651)



orange: triplet model (RH); red: doublet model (LH)

Beyond the SM: Minimal Flavour Violation (II)

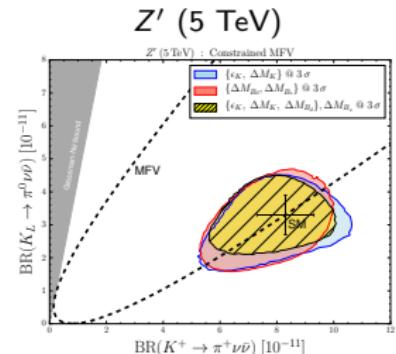
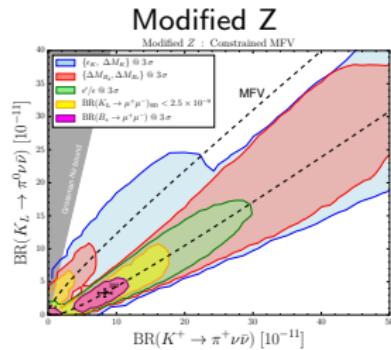
MFV \iff CKM suppression: NP effects in $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ principle small

e.g. MSSM+MFV $\rightarrow \mathcal{O}(10\%)$

(Isidori, Mescia, Paradisi, Smith, Trine; hep-ph/0604074), (Smith; 1409.6162)

Simplified $Z^{(\prime)}$ with tree-level FCNCs in MFV:
(Buras, Buttazzo, RK; in preparation)

$$\Delta_L^{ij} = V_{ti}^* V_{tj} \mathbf{C}, \quad \mathbf{C} \in \mathcal{R}$$



- $\Delta F = 1$ most constraining
- $\Delta F = 2$ very constraining

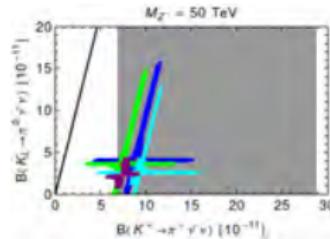
MFV models in general already very constrained

What NP scales could ultimately be reached?



Model-dependent :

use simplified Z' as a **benchmark**
with maximum couplings consistent with
perturbativity and K mixing



LH or RH couplings only:

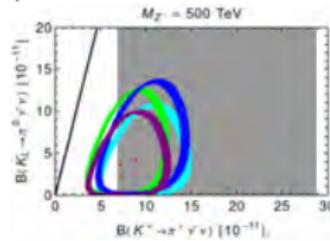
$\rightarrow \mathcal{O}(50 \text{ TeV}) \sim 4 \text{ zeptometers}$

LH + RH couplings:

precise $\Delta_L^{sd}/\Delta_R^{sd}$ tuning cancels $\Delta F = 2$

$\rightarrow \mathcal{O}(500 \text{ TeV}) \sim 0.4 \text{ zeptometers}$

(Buras, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, RK; 1408.0728)



$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$ decays can reach the **zeptouniverse**



Summary

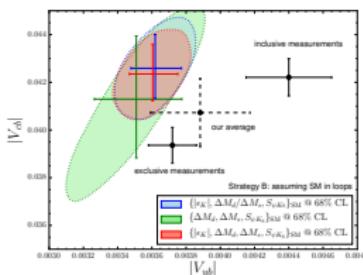
- $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ and $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ **golden modes** for probing NP
- Precise SM predictions (updated); CKM dominant uncertainty:
loop-level inputs $> |V_{ub}|, |V_{cb}|$ incl./excl. average
- SM triple correlation: $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu} - B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- - \gamma$
free of dominant $|V_{cb}|$ input
- $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ and $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ excellent probes of **MFV**
though large effects difficult in general
- Correlations with existing constraints complement model discrimination
- NA62 and KOTO results coming soon: **exciting future awaits!**

Backup slides

SM predictions with various CKM inputs

CKM inputs	$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11}$	$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^{11}$
$ V_{ub} , V_{cb} $ incl.	9.3 ± 0.9	4.6 ± 0.7
$ V_{ub} , V_{cb} $ excl.	7.6 ± 0.7	2.9 ± 0.3
$ V_{ub} , V_{cb} $ avg.	8.4 ± 1.0	3.4 ± 0.6
$ V_{ub} , V_{cb} $ excl. †	7.6 ± 0.7	2.2 ± 0.4
$ V_{ub} , V_{cb} $ avg. †	8.4 ± 1.0	3.4 ± 1.0
Loop-observables	9.11 ± 0.72	3.00 ± 0.30
CKMFitter	$8.17^{+0.61}_{-0.71}$	2.65 ± 0.29
UTFit	8.64 ± 0.54	2.93 ± 0.25

† using $|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl}} = (3.28 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-3}$ (HFAG avg. 2014)



(Buras, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, RK, 1503.02693)