Matching samples when hard photons are produced: The photon isolation (hep-ph/9801442)

A. Alloul

FCNC meeting

07.17.2014

《曰》 《圖》 《臣》 《臣》 三臣

The problem

- $\ast\,$ Several background/signal processes with $\gamma:$
 - $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{1} \quad t \, \overline{t} \, \gamma \\ \mathbf{2} \quad t \, \overline{t} \, \gamma \, \gamma \end{array}$
 - \mathbf{O} tr
- * Two ways of producing photons in scattering phenomena:

⇒ Direct production:

- large energy scale,
- computable in perturbative QCD,
- well isolated,
- well described by matrix element Monte Carlo generators.

◆□ → ◆□ → ◆三 → ◆三 → ● ● ● ●

- ⇒ Fragmentation of a QCD parton (quark or gluon):
 - low energy scale,
 - non-perturbative QCD,
 - extracted from data,
 - collinear with the original parton,
 - Only described by parton shower algorithms.

\Rightarrow How to distinguish between these photons?

* One can use the isolation of the photon as a way to distinguish between the two cases.



\Rightarrow Frixione suggests to try a mix.

Frixione's idea (implemented in MadGraph)

• define: k_{γ} the 4-momentum of the photon; k_i the 4-momentum of the parton *i*; $R_{i\gamma} = \sqrt{(\eta_i - \eta_{\gamma})^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_{\gamma})^2}$.

2 Keep the event if for all $\delta \leq \delta^0$

 $\Sigma_i E_{iT} \theta(\delta - R_{i\gamma}) \leq \mathcal{X}(\delta)$

where

 $\begin{array}{l} E_{iT} \text{ transverse energy of parton } i \\ \mathcal{X}(\delta) \xrightarrow{\delta \to 0} 0 \end{array}$

- Apply a jet finding algorithm to the hadrons of the event;
- Apply any additional cut to the objects.



< □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □ > < □

What is implemented in MadGraph

* In MadGraph, the formula above is implemented with

$$\mathcal{X}(\delta) = E_{\gamma} \epsilon_{\gamma} \left(\frac{1 - \cos \delta}{1 - \cos \delta_0}\right)^n$$

* Frixione argues that a "good" configuration is

$$\epsilon_{\gamma} = 1, \quad n = 1$$

(日) (종) (종) (종) (종)

* What about ROgamma ? ptgmin ?

- * if ptgmin = 0, then no photon isolation criterion
- * if ptgmin !=0, then pta and draj cuts not taken into account
- $\ast~P{\rm YTHIA}~6~$ doesn't take into account none of these parameters
- * Matching plots are not affected because QED overwhelmed by QCD

◆□ → ◆□ → ◆三 → ◆三 → ● ● ● ●

- $\ast\,$ if double-counting, very few events are biased $\rightarrow\,$ OK!
- * Let's see the differences

Varying parameters - parton and reco level plots

see plots