



Delphes Hands-on

Pavel Demin, Michele Selvaggi

Université catholique de Louvain
Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

Cosmology, Particle Physics and
Phenomenology (CP3)



July 24, 2014

Introduction

- We are presenting the new modular version of Delphes

- Website:

<https://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/projects/delphes>

- Documentation for the new modular version:

<https://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/projects/delphes/wiki/WorkBook>



Hands-on session

- Hands-on session outlook:
 - Example 1: Quick start with Delphes
 - Example 2: Simple analysis using TTree::Draw
 - Example 3: Macro-based analysis
 - Example 4: Modifying configuration file
 - Example 5: Adding new module
- Step-by-step instructions can be found on the Indico page of this meeting:
 - Examples 1-4: DelphesTutorial_QuickStart.txt
 - Example 5: DelphesTutorial_NewModule.txt



Example 1: Quick start with Delphes

Installing Delphes from Source

- To successfully build Delphes the following prerequisite packages should be installed:
 - ROOT Data Analysis Framework
 - Tcl scripting language
- Setup ROOT environment variables

```
use root
```
- Get the code:

```
wget http://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/downloads/Delphes-3.1.2.tar.gz
```



```
tar -zxf Delphes-3.1.2.tar.gz
```
- Compile:

```
cd Delphes-3.1.2
```



```
make
```
- Run:

```
./DelphesSTDHEP examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl step_1.root
```



```
/projet/pth/delphes/Samples/z_ee.hep
```



Running Delphes

- Command line parameters:

```
DelphesSTDHEP config_file output_file [input_file(s)]
```

config_file – configuration file in Tcl format

output_file – output file in ROOT format,

input_file(s) – input file(s) in HepMC format,

with no input_file, or when input_file is -, read standard input.



Running Delphes, cont.

- Running Delphes with HepMC input files:

```
./DelphesHepMC examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl output.root input.hepmc
```

- Running Delphes with STDHEP (XDR) input files:

```
./DelphesSTDHEP examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl delphes_output.root input.hep
```

- Running Delphes with LHEF input files:

```
./DelphesLHEF examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl delphes_output.root input.lhef
```

- Running Delphes with files stored in CASTOR:

```
rfcat /castor/cern.ch/user/d/demine/test.hepmc.gz | gunzip |  
./DelphesHepMC examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl delphes_output.root
```

- Running Delphes with files accessible via HTTP:

```
curl -s http://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/~demin/test.hepmc.gz | gunzip |  
./DelphesHepMC examples/delphes_card_CMS.tcl delphes_output.root
```



Example 2: Simple analysis using TTree::Draw

ROOT tree: structure

- ROOT tree is a set of branches
- Branch contains a collection of analysis objects for every event:
 - information is stored in TClonesArray, which enables efficient storage and retrieval
 - same C++ classes (Jet, Muon etc.) used for creating the tree and for analyzing the stored data
 - different quantities stored in the tree can be linked by pointers
- ROOT tree description:

<http://cp3.irmp.ucl.ac.be/downloads/RootTreeDescription.html>



Example 3: Macro-based analysis

ROOT tree: ExRootTreeReader

- ExRootTreeReader – class simplifying access to ROOT tree data
 - ExRootTreeReader(TTree *) – constructor takes ROOT tree as parameter
 - Long64_t GetEntries() – returns total number of events stored on the tree
 - TClonesArray *UseBranch(branchName, className) – returns pointer to collection of branch elements and specifies branches needed for analysis
 - Bool_t ReadEntry(entry) – loads collections of branch elements with data from specified event

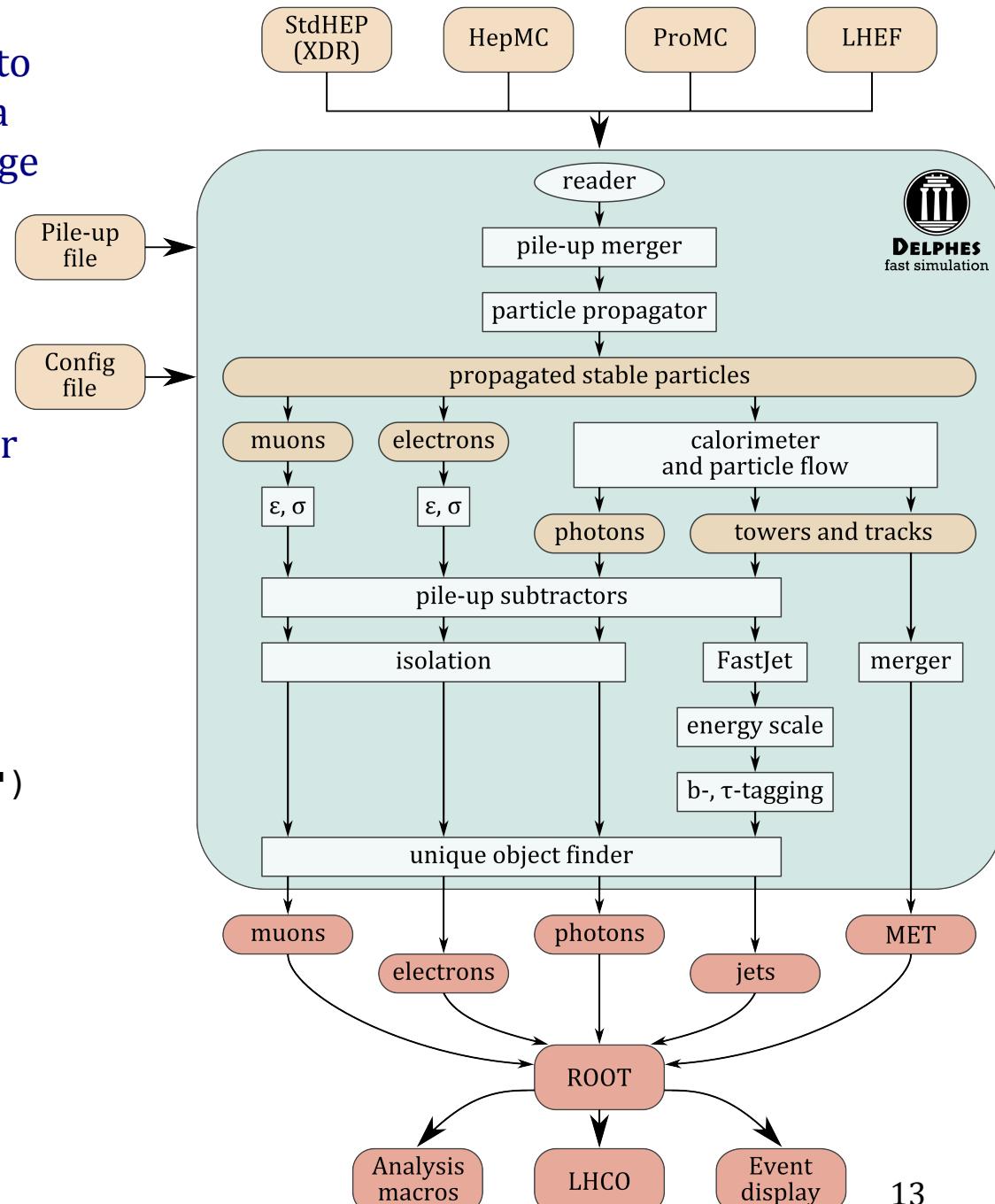


Example 4: Modifying configuration file

Modular system

- The modular system allows the user to configure and schedule modules via a configuration file, add modules, change data flow, alter output information
- Modules communicate entirely via collections of universal objects (**TObjArray** of **Candidate** four-vector like objects).
- Any module can access **TObjArrays** produced by other modules using **ImportArray** method:

```
ImportArray("ModuleName/arrayName")
```



Configuration file

- Delphes' configuration file is based on Tcl scripting language
- Basic commands:

- set value of a scalar parameter:

```
set ParamName value
```

- append a list of values to a vector (list) parameter

```
add ParamName value1 value2 value3 ...
```

- activate a module:

```
module ModuleClass ModuleName ModuleConfigurationBody
```

- define order of execution of various modules:

```
set ExecutionPath ListOfModuleNames
```

```
set ExecutionPath {  
    ParticlePropagator  
    TrackEfficiency  
    TrackMomentumSmearing  
    ...  
    TreeWriter  
}
```

Module configuration example

```

module Efficiency ChargedHadronTrackingEfficiency {
    set InputArray ParticlePropagator/chargedHadrons
    set OutputArray chargedHadrons

    # add EfficiencyFormula {efficiency formula as a function of eta and pt}

    # tracking efficiency formula for charged hadrons
    set EfficiencyFormula {
        (pt <= 0.1) * (0.00) +
        (abs(eta) <= 1.5) * (pt > 0.1 && pt <= 1.0) * (0.70) +
        (abs(eta) <= 1.5) * (pt > 1.0) * (0.95) +
        (abs(eta) > 1.5 && abs(eta) <= 2.5) * (pt > 0.1 && pt <= 1.0) * (0.60) +
        (abs(eta) > 1.5 && abs(eta) <= 2.5) * (pt > 1.0) * (0.85) +
        (abs(eta) > 2.5) * (0.00)
    }
}

```

All efficiency, resolution, etc formulas can be configured as function of E , p_T , η , φ using ROOT's TFormula syntax: <http://root.cern.ch/root/html/TFormula.html>

TreeWriter module

All the output ROOT tree branches are configured in the TreeWriter module

```
module TreeWriter TreeWriter {  
    # add Branch InputArray BranchName BranchClass  
    add Branch Delphes/allParticles Particle GenParticle  
  
    add Branch TrackMerger/tracks Track Track  
    add Branch Calorimeter/towers Tower Tower  
  
    add Branch Calorimeter/eflowTracks EFlowTrack Track  
    add Branch Calorimeter/eflowPhotons EFlowPhoton Tower  
    add Branch Calorimeter/eflowNeutralHadrons EFlowNeutralHadron Tower  
  
    add Branch GenJetFinder/jets GenJet Jet  
    add Branch UniqueObjectFinder/jets Jet Jet  
    add Branch UniqueObjectFinder/electrons Electron Electron  
    add Branch UniqueObjectFinder/photons Photon Photon  
    add Branch UniqueObjectFinder/muons Muon Muon  
    add Branch MissingET/momenta MissingET MissingET  
    add Branch ScalarHT/energy ScalarHT ScalarHT  
}
```

Changing the electron energy smearing

- Now we are going to modify the Delphes configuration file
- and replace resolution formula for electrons with:

```
# resolution formula for electrons
set ResolutionFormula {
    (abs(eta) <= 3.0) * sqrt(energy^2*0.007^2 + energy*0.07^2 + 0.35^2) +
    (abs(eta) > 3.0 && abs(eta) <= 5.0) * sqrt(energy^2*0.107^2 + energy*2.08^2)
}
```



Example 5: Adding new module



Adding new module

- Steps needed for adding new module:

- copy template/example module to the new one:

```
cp modules/ExampleModule.h modules/NewModule.h
```

```
cp modules/ExampleModule.cc modules/NewModule.cc
```

- edit new module:

```
vi modules/NewModule.h
```

```
vi modules/NewModule.cc
```

- add new module to modules/ModulesLinkDef.h:

```
#include "modules/NewModule.h"
```

```
...
```

```
#pragma link C++ class NewModule+;
```

- regenerate Makefile:

```
./configure
```

- rebuild Delphes:

```
make -j 4
```

- Exercise guidelines can be found in [DelphesTutorial_NewModule.txt](#)