Silk Fibers: the interplay of their sequence / structure with mechanical properties

Ke-Qin Zhang Soochow University, China

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Outlines

> Introduction

Background and superiority of spider silks and silkworm silk

Structures of silk fibers

Morphological structure and chemical composition of silk fibers

Hierarchical structure of silk proteins

The interplay of structure and mechanical properties Experimental investigations Computational evidences

Bio-inspired silk fibers and silk-based biomaterials

Summary and perspective



Animal fibers



Sheep

Alpaca to yak

Silkworm & silkmoth



Wool

Camel fiber





Silkworm silk



Silkworm silk





Silkworm silk—used as a textile









Processing:AqueousOrganic Solvent

<u>Sterilization</u> •Gamma •Ethylene oxide •Autoclave SILK

<u>Versatility</u> Fibers Hydrogels, Sponges Films Coatings Adhesives

<u>Biological</u> Low inflammation Low immune response Biodegradable FDA approved



Spider silks



The strongest natural fiber—spider dragline silk

Fibers	Stiffness	Strength	Extensibility	Toughness
	(GPa)	(GPa)	(%)	(MJ·m ⁻³)
B. mori cocoon silk	7	0.6	18	70
B. mori reeled silk	15	0.7	28	150
A. Diadematus silk (dragline)	10	1.1	27	180
A. Diadematus silk (flagelliform)	0.003	0.5	270	150
Wool (at 100% RH)	0.5	0.2	5	60
Nylon fiber	5	0.95	18	80
Kevlar 49 fiber	130	3.6	2.7	50
Carbon fiber	300	4	1.3	25
High-tensile steel	200	1.5	0.8	6

Scheibel T. et al. Angew. Chem., Int. End. 2009, 48, 3584-3596.



Spider silks—used as a textile



Yellow woven spider silk cape





Spider silks—potential applications



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Macrostructure of silk fibers



sketches are not to scale

Scheibel T. R. et al. Polymer 2008, 49, 4309-4327.



Structure of silk fibers



Martin D. C. *Macromolecules* **1998**, *31*, 8857-8864. Liu X. Y. et al. *Biophys. J.* **2006**, *91*, 4528-4535. Liu X. Y. et al. *Adv. Funct. Mater.* **2011**, *21*, 772-778. Liu X. Y. et al. *Soft Matter.* **2014**, *10*, 2116-2123.



Chemical composition of silk fibers

B. mori fibroin consists of heavy chain (H-fibroin) and light chain (L-fibroin)

- Covalently linked at the carboxy-terminus
- MW of H-fibroin ~ 350 kDa; L-fibroin ~ 26 kDa



Spider fibroin (major ampullate dragline silk protein) composes of Spidroin 1 (MaSp 1) and Spidroin 2 (MaSp 2) - MW of MaSp1 ~ 275-320 kDa; Sp1+Sp2 ~ 700-750 kDa



The primary structure of silk protein

Primary structure of H-fibroin

- Sequences highly conserved
- Repetitive stretches of (Gly-Ala), sequences and tyrosine-rich domains

Bombyx mori fibroin:

The primary structure of silk protein

Primary structure of Spidroin 1 (MaSp 1) and Spidroin 2 (MaSp 2) - Repetitive sequences motifs of (Ala),

- Followed by several GGX motifs in MaSp 1 and GPGXX motifs (proline residues) in MaSp 2

Nephila clavipes MaSp1:

AAAAAAGGAGQGGYGGLGSQGAGRGGLGGQGAGAAAAAAGGAGQGGYGGLGG QGAGQGGYGGLGSQGAGRGGLGGQGAGAAAAAA

Nephila clavipes MaSp2:

AAAAAAASGPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGPSGPGSAAAAAASGPGQ QGPGGYGPGQQGPGGYGPGQQGLSGPGSAAAAAA

Araneus diadematus MaSp1:

Araneus diadematus MaSp2: AAAAAAGGYGPGSGQQGPSQQGPGQQGPGGQGPYGPGASAAAAAGGYGPGSGQ QGPGGQGPYGPGS<mark>SAAAAAA</mark>

Lewis, R. V. et al. *TIBTECH* **2000**, *18*, 374-379. Knight, D. P. et al. *Nature* **2001**, *410*, 541-548. Simmons, A. H. et al. *Science* **1996**, *271*, 84-87.



Secondary structure

Common secondary structural motifs in proteins











unfolded

α-helix

3₁₀-helix

ß-sheet

ß-turn

B. mori fibroin

putative structure	
β-sheet	
distorted β -sheet	
distorted β -turn	

dragline silk spidroin

motif	putative structure
(Ala) _n	β -sheet
GGX	helical structure
GPGXX	β -turn spira l



Antiparallel and parallel β -sheet structure





Raman spectroscopy



Raman Shift (cm⁻¹)

Pézolet M. et al. Biomacromolecules 2004, 5, 2247-2257.



Raman spectroscopy



Pézolet M. et al. Biophys. J. 2007, 92, 2885-2895.

Spectral component position (cm⁻¹)



Solid state NMR

¹³C Ala methyl peak of the ¹³C CP-MAS NMR spectrum of [3-¹³C]Ala *B. mori* silk fibroin fiber.



Proposed hierarchical structure model—two phases



(1)How can mechanically weak structural elements such as proteins stabilized by Hbonds provide the basis to strong materials?

(2) What role do hierarchical structures play in providing overall strength and functions of a material?

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The importance of hierarchical structure - network?



Liu X. Y. et al. *Soft matter* **2014**, *10*, 2116-2123.



- i. The hydrogen bonds in the semi-amorphous regions to rupture
- ii. Entropic unfolding of the amorphous strand
- iii. Load transfer to the crystalline sheet
- iv. Failure of the silk

Buehler M. J. et al. Nano. Lett. 2010, 10, 2626-2634.



 ΔF for interstrand hydrogen bonds along the strands. The upper and lower hydrogen bonds in panels C and D are shown in red and blue, respectively, starting from the point of force application in AA_p (E) and AA_{ap} (F).





Xiao S. et al. *Soft Matter.* **2011**, *7*, 1308-1311.



Size-dependent elastic deformation of β -sheet nanocrystals





Stick-slip deformation (robust)

'Brittle' fracture (fragile)





Cetinkaya M. et al. Soft Matter. 2011, 7, 8142-8148.

Forced silking to obtain silk fibers: Silk is pulled from the spinneret,



attached to a reel, and drawn at a specified speed.



Elices, M. et al. JOM. 2005, 57, 60-66. Pérez-Rigueiro, J. et al. J. Exp. Biol. 2005, 208, 2633-2639.



	Reeling speed: $(mm s^{-1})$		Size of β -crystallites (nm)					
		<i>C</i> %	$L_{\mathbf{a}}$	$L_{\mathbf{b}}$	$L_{\mathbf{c}}$	f	n_{eta}	$A (nm^2)$
Silkworm	1	41	2.63	3.20	11.65	0.922	13.5	0.403
	4	41	2.57	3.18	11.48	0.930	15.3	0.403
	13	41	2.55	3.17	11.49	0.944	17.3	0.403
	20	41	2.55	3.16	11.49	0.945	17.3	0.403
	27	41	2.54	3.15	11.49	0.956	17.9	0.403
Spider	1	27	2.46	2.68	6.48	0.963	22.0	0.582
•	2.5	26	2.46	2.67	6.25	0.967	23.3	0.597
	10	25	2.45	2.66	6.09	0.973	23.3	0.613
	25	24	2.45	2.64	6.05	0.982	22.8	0.629
800 - FS 700 - (edw) 500 - 300 - 200 - 100	spun NS	0.965 0.950 0.955 0.950	0 20 Spinnin	g speed / mm s ⁻¹	Stress (GPa)	1.4- 1.2- 1.0- 0.8- 0.6- 0.4- 0.2- 0	27 mm s ⁻¹ 20 mm Cocoon	Spider 13 mm s ⁻¹ 4 mm s ⁻¹
0 0.1	2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1. Strain	0 1.2				0 0.05	0.15 0.25 Strain	0.35 34
Elices, M. e	et al. <i>JOM.</i> 2005, 57, 1	60-66. Pérez-l	Rigueiro, J. e	t al. <i>J. Exp. Bi</i>	iol, 2005 , <i>208</i>	3, 2633-2639.		U .

Morikawa, H. et al. Int. J. Biol. Macromol. 2008, 42, 264-270. Shao, Z. Z. Nature 2002, 418, 741-741.

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Large-scale only

Not well-established,

manufacturing challenges

Disadvantages

poor functional properties,

small-scale only



Silkworm silk





Spinning dope ^a	Strength/GPa	Extensibility (%)		
RSF/water, 39 wt%	0.13	9.6		
RSF/water, U.C.	0.29	20-25		
RSF/water, U.C.	0.29	10.1		
RSF/LiBr·H ₂ O-EtOH-H ₂ O, 20 wt%	0.12	11		
RSF/water, 20-30% w/v	Very weak	1.5		
RSF/water, 15% w/v	0.26	78.9		
RSF/95% formic acid, 13% w/v	0.98	29.3		
RSF/TFA, 13% w/v	0.92	18.2		
RSF/98% formic acid, 19% w/v	0.25	17		
RSF/90% formic acid + 10% LiCl, 15 wt%	0.18	10		
RSF//98% formic acid, 15% w/v	0.27	14.1		
RSF/HFIP, 15 wt%	0.55	8.9		
RSF/HFIP, 10 wt%	0.19	18		
RSF/HFA·3H ₂ O, 10 wt%	0.18	16		
RSF/EMIMCl, 10 wt%	Brittle	U.C.		
RSF/NMMO·H ₂ O, 20 wt%	0.40	U.C.		
RSF/NMMO·H ₂ O, 13 wt%	0.1	35		
RSF/NMMO·H ₂ O, 17 wt%	2	14		
RSF/NMMO·H ₂ O, U.C.	0.13	12 3		

Shao Z. et al. Chem. Commun. 2009, 6515-6519.





Altman G.H. et al. Biomaterials 2003, 24, 401-416.



Fahnestock S. R. et al. *Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* **1997**, *47*, 23-32. Fahnestock, S. R. et al. *Appl. Microbiol.Biotechnol.* **1997**, *47*, 33-39. O'Brien J. P. et al. *Adv. Mater.* **1998**, *10*, 1185-1195.





Mechanical Properties:

Protein sample	Toughness (MJ/m³)	Modulus (GPa)	Elasticity (%)	Strength (GPa)
ADF-3	85	13	43.4	0.26
<i>A. diadematus</i> dragline	130	10	30	1.1



Silk-based biomaterials



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Summary

> It turns out that the sequence of silk protein may affect the secondary conformation. The ordered structure, β -sheets, will determine the stiffness of the silk fibers.

>The hierarchical network structures strongly correlate with the strength, elasticity, and toughness of silk fibers.

Perspective

The robustness and plasticity of network -> mechanical properties?

The genetic modification of silk protein -> enhanced mechanical properties and novel functions?











