

# E over P study

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Study the energy-momentum match as function of time and energy (rigidity) for:

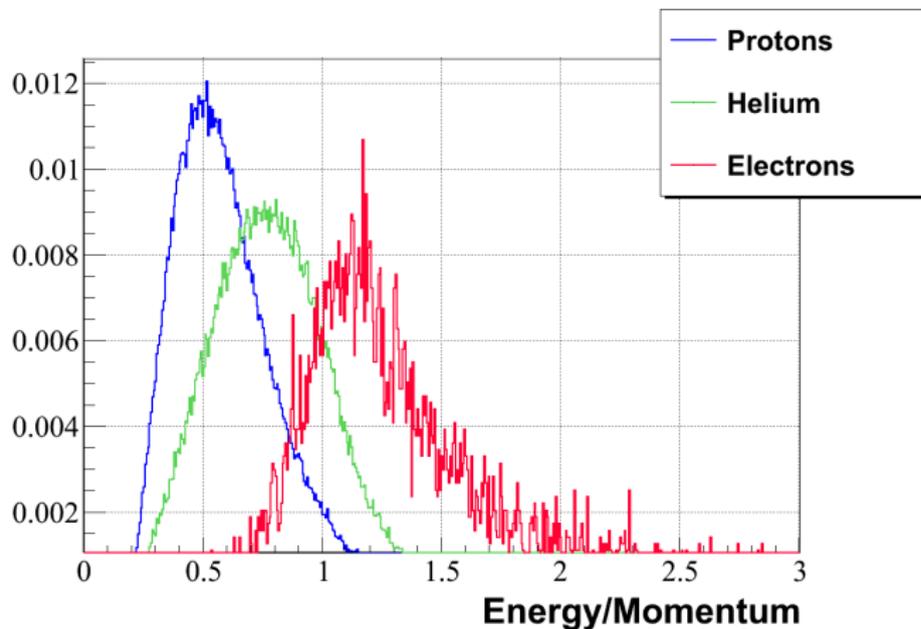
- Electrons
- Protons
- Helium

Data set: pass4 from 19/5/2011 to 26/11/2013

Independent study made by J. Feng.

# Energy-momentum match

Example distribution for  $p$ , He,  $e^-$ . Energy between 20 and 80 GeV



For this study: energy between 20 and 80 GeV.

Three energy estimators compared:

- EnergyE, aka `getCorrectedEnergy(2,2)`
- EnergyP, aka `getCorrectedEnergy(2,0)`
- EnergyA, aka `getCorrectedEnergy(2,1)`

For hadrons, also energy deposited is studied.

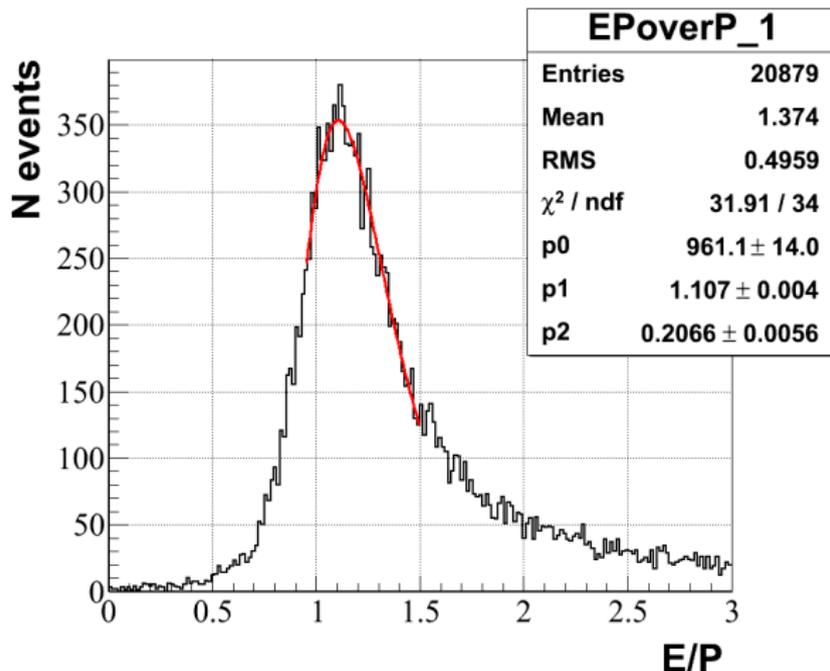
# Electrons: event selection

- TOF:  $beta > 0.5 || beta_H > 0.5$
- Tracker:  $N_{TRK} == 1, Q_{TRK} < 1.5$ , Negative rigidity (max span),  $\chi^2(x, y) < 30$
- ECAL: no catastrophic leakage,  $BDT > 0$ .
- TRD: Likelihood ratio(e,p)  $< 0.7$ , Likelihood ratio(e,He)  $< 0.7$ ,  $N_{hits} > 8$ ,  $N_{Tracks} == 1$
- ECAL-TRD match:  $\Delta x < 5$  cm,  $\Delta y < 10$  cm
- Extrapolated ECAL shower within 30 cm from TRD center
- ECAL-TRK match:  $\Delta x < 5$  cm,  $\Delta y < 10$  cm

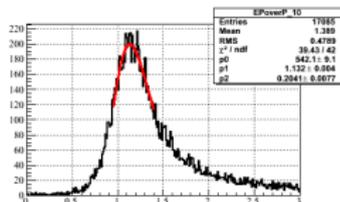
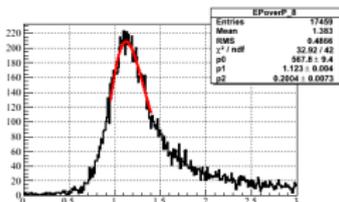
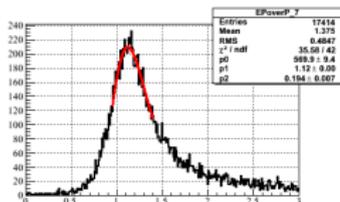
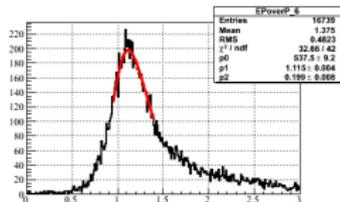
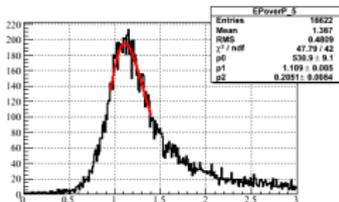
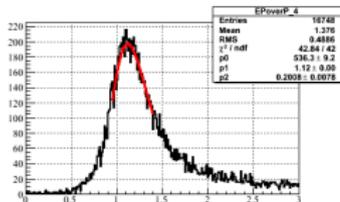
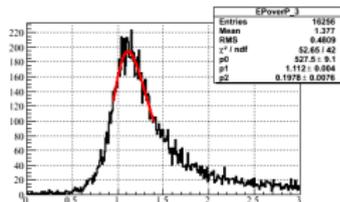
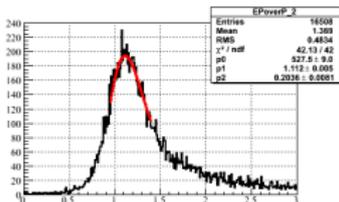
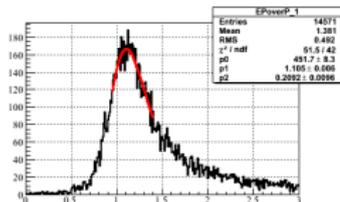
# Electrons: Energy-momentum match

Formula used to fit the E/P distribution

$$[0] * \exp((([1] - x)/[2] - \exp((([1] - x)/[2])))$$

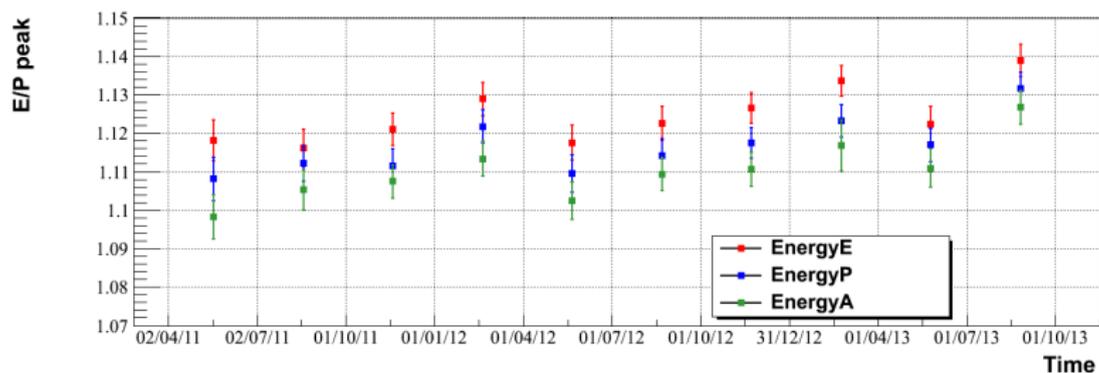


# Electrons: E/P distribution for different periods

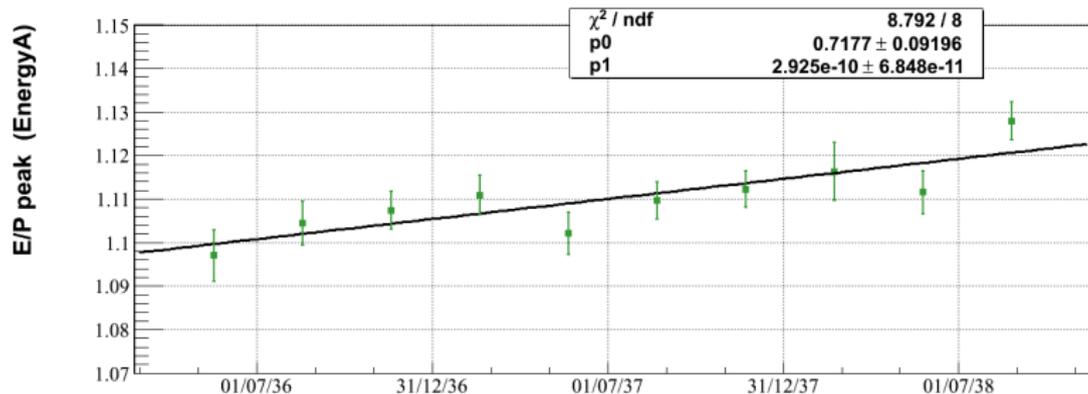


# Electrons: Energy-momentum match peak vs time

1 bin every 3 months.

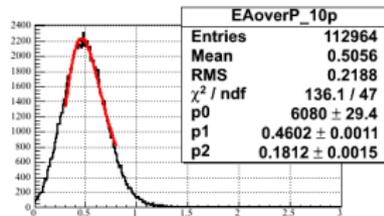
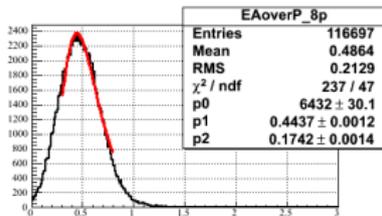
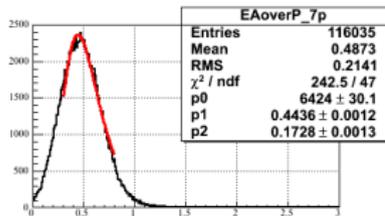
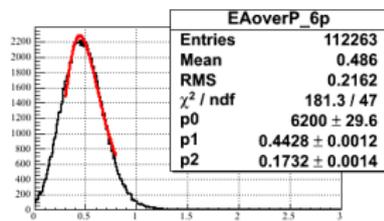
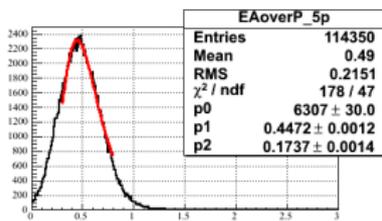
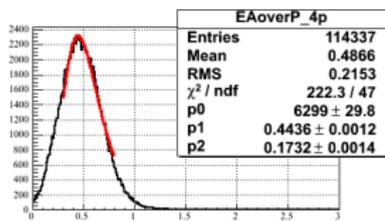
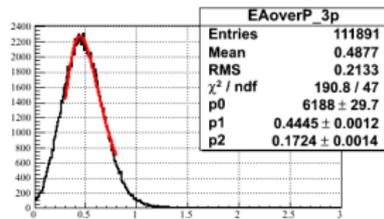
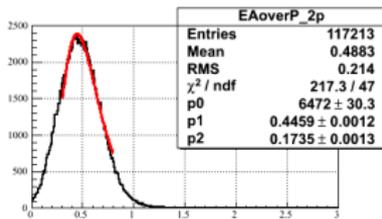
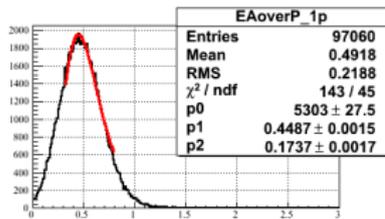


# Energy-momentum match peak vs time (fit to a pol1)



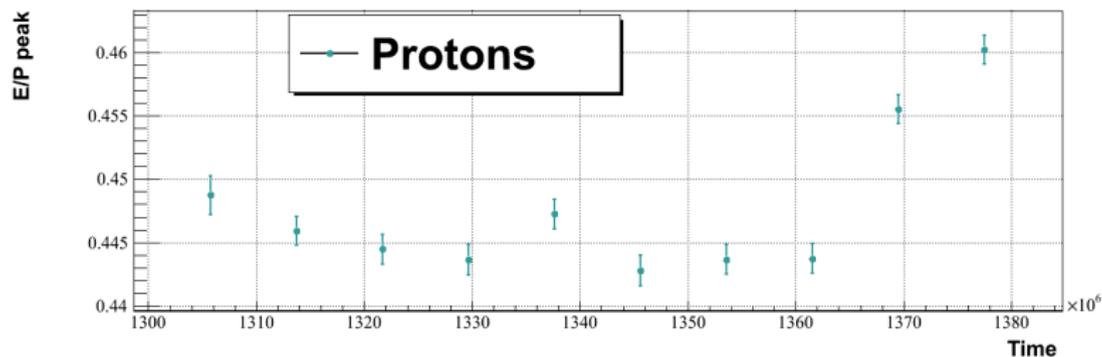
- TOF:  $\beta > 0.5$  ||  $\beta H > 0.5$
- Tracker:  $N_{TRK} == 1, Q_{TRK} < 1.5$ , Positive rigidity (max span) L2,  $\chi^2(x, y) < 30$
- ECAL: no catastrophic leakage
- TRD: Likelihood ratio(e,p)  $> 0.8$ ,  $N_{hits} > 8$ ,  $N_{Tracks} == 1$

# Protons: Energy-momentum peak vs time



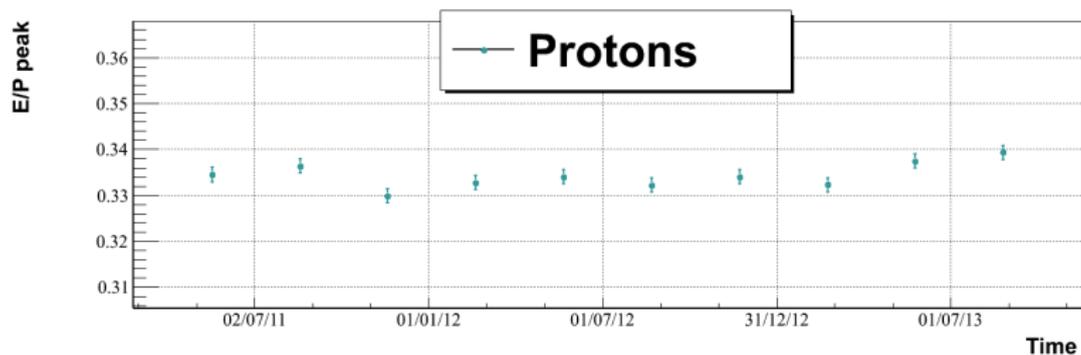
# Protons: E/P peak vs time

Energy reconstructed (Energy A)



# Protons: E/P peak vs time

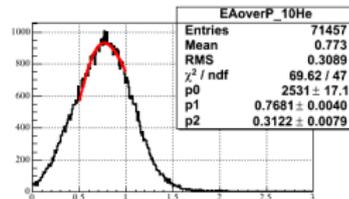
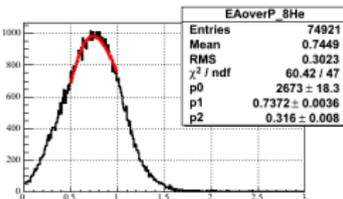
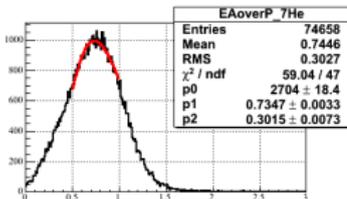
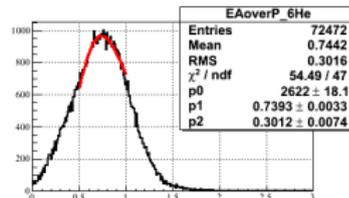
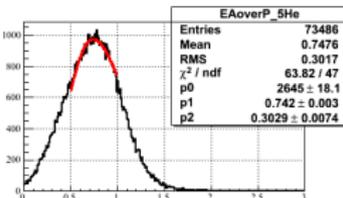
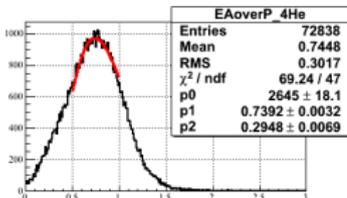
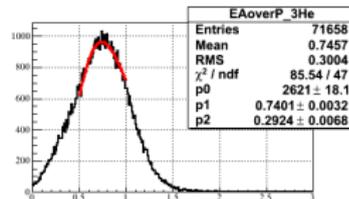
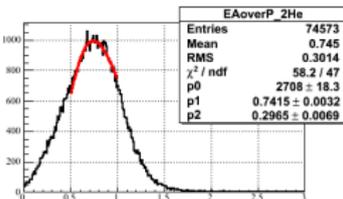
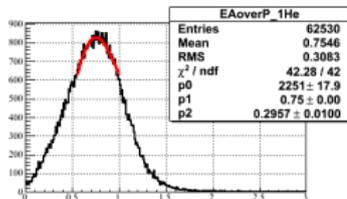
Energy deposited



# Helium: events selection

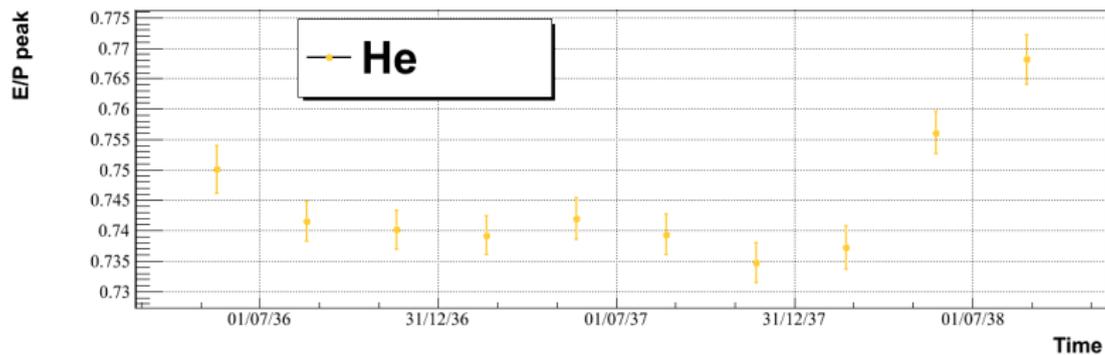
- TOF:  $beta > 0.5 || beta_H > 0.5, Q_{L0} > 1.8 || Q_{L1} > 1.8, Q_{L0} < 2.5 || Q_{L1} < 2.5$
- Tracker:  $N_{TRK} == 1, 1.8 < Q_{TRK} < 2.5$ , Positive rigidity (max span) L1||L2||L9,  $\chi^2(x, y) < 30$
- ECAL: no catastrophic leakage,  $ESE < -0.2$

# Helium: E/P distribution for different periods



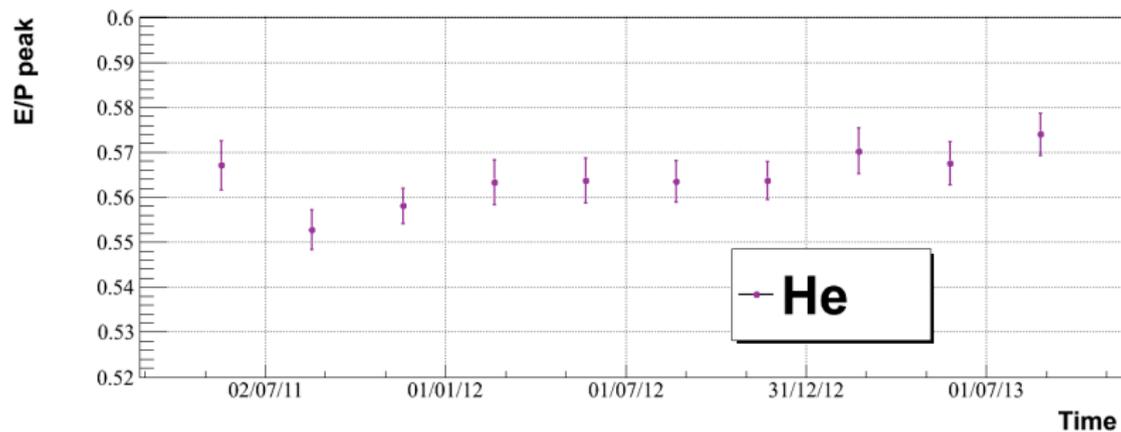
# Helium: E/P peak vs time

Energy reconstructed (EnergyA)



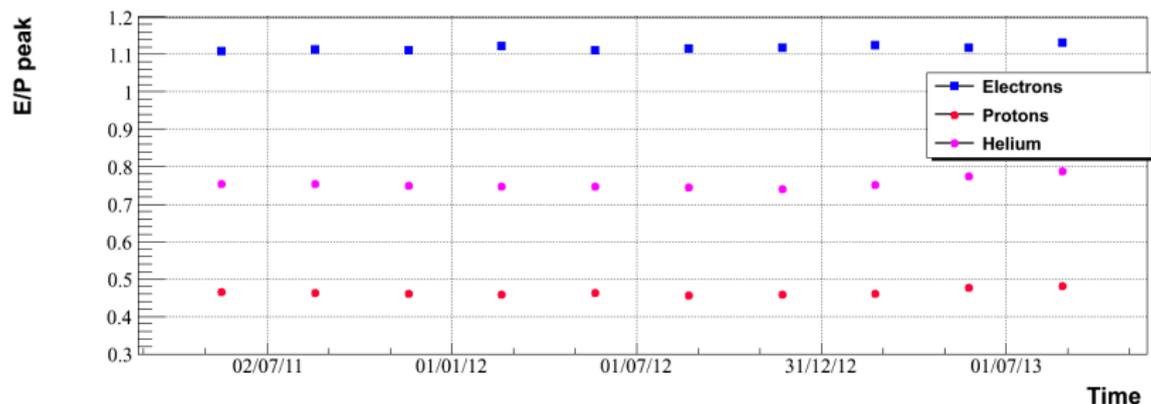
# Helium: E/P peak vs time

Energy deposited



# Comparison plot: E/P peak vs time for different particles

Energy reconstructed (EnergyP)

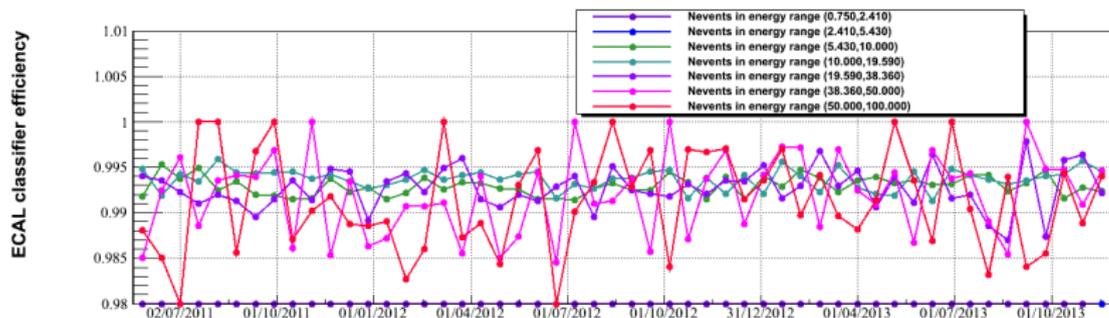


# Some efficiency plots

in the following ...

# ECAL classifier efficiency vs time

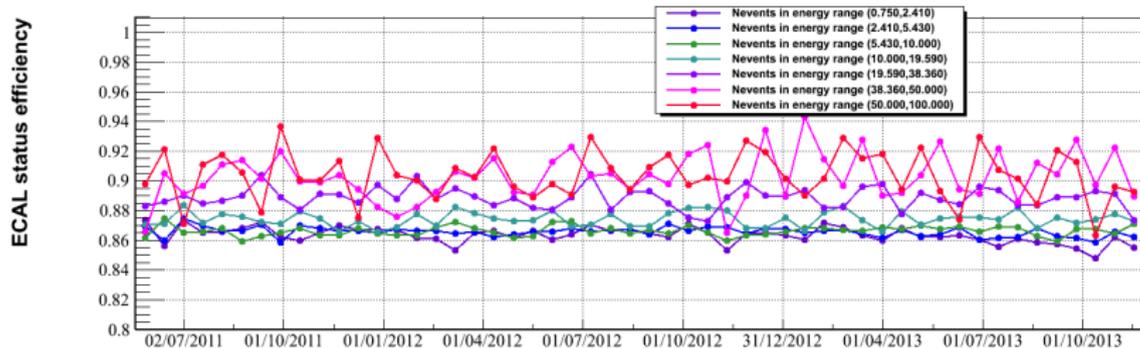
Last cut: over a sample of electrons selected with TRD and  $R_{maxspan} < 0$



# ECAL status vs time

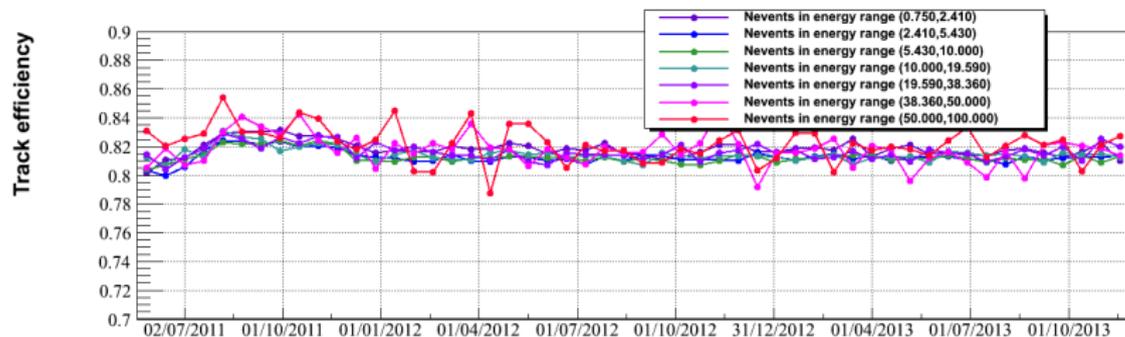
This cut is used to reject events with catastrophic leakage.

Last cut: over a sample of electrons selected with TRD and  $R_{maxspan} < 0$



# Tracker reconstruction efficiency vs time

Events with at least one track over a sample of electrons selected with TRD and ECAL.

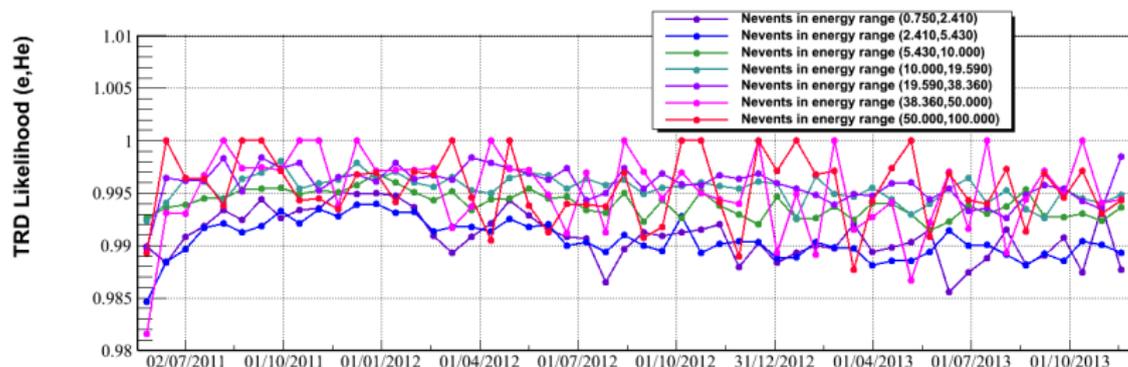


Known features at the beginning:

- threshold changed
- 6 ladders lost.

# TRD Likelihood (e,He) efficiency vs time

Last cut: Events with  $L < 0.7$  over a sample of electrons selected with ECAL and  $R_{maxspan} < 0$



Variations with time are related to gas pressure, as shown in october general meeting.