

## New experimental signature for completing the vibrational structure of cluster existence in the $^{212}\text{Po}$ nucleus

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In 2011 an experiment was made with the EUROBALL IV array @Strasbourg. The main research goal was to study of the fission products using  $^{18}\text{O}$  beam and  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  as target. Nevertheless, the experiment lead also to the discovery of broadened  $\gamma$ -rays belonging to the  $^{212}\text{Po}$  nucleus. These  $\gamma$ -rays are affected by Doppler broadening and indicates that the lifetime of the states are lower than the stopping time of the  $^{212}\text{Po}$  in the target ( $\sim 1.4\text{ps}$ ). The values found in the  $[0,1-0,6]\text{ps}$  range lead to very enhanced E1 transitions and the states with non-natural parity  $[8^-; 6^-; 4^-]$  could be explained by an  $\alpha + ^{208}\text{Pb}$  structure. However this experiment cannot highlight the  $2^-$  state expected in many theoretical calculations. This is why we made a new experiment @ JYFL laboratory (Jyväskylä, Finland) with JUROGAM II. Our hypothesis was that the cascade of the  $2^-$  state has only two gammas in coincidence, which is also the challenging issue in this analysis. This candidate has all required features for our hypothesis, but more investigations are needed for a complete confirmation. In this presentation we will discuss the analysis method and the main challenges of the experiment.

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