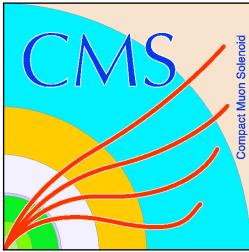


Exotica (non-SUSY) Searches at CMS



Francesco Santanastasio
on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

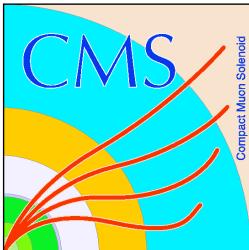
Recontres de Moriond
“EW Interactions and Unified Theories”
March 13th–20th, 2011, LaThuile, Italy



Outline



- Look for exotic signatures of New Physics
 - New Heavy Resonances
 - Quark and Lepton Compositeness
 - Extra Dimensions
 - Other Exotic Signatures
- >20 searches with 2010 pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV (LHC)
- Full dataset used in most analyses ($\sim 35 \text{ pb}^{-1}$)
- Many results published or submitted/accepted for publication
- More focus on the new results

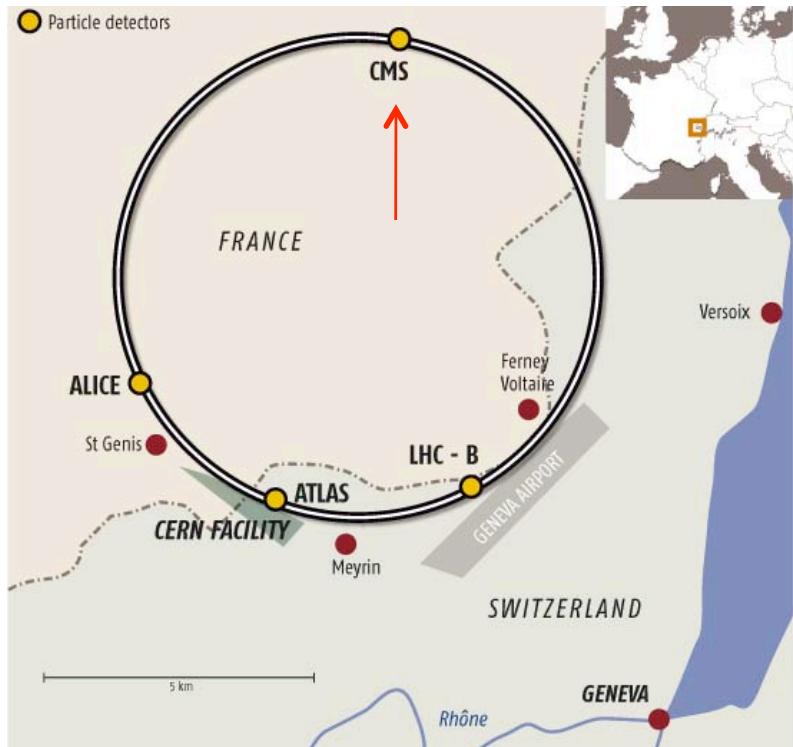


All made possible thanks to...

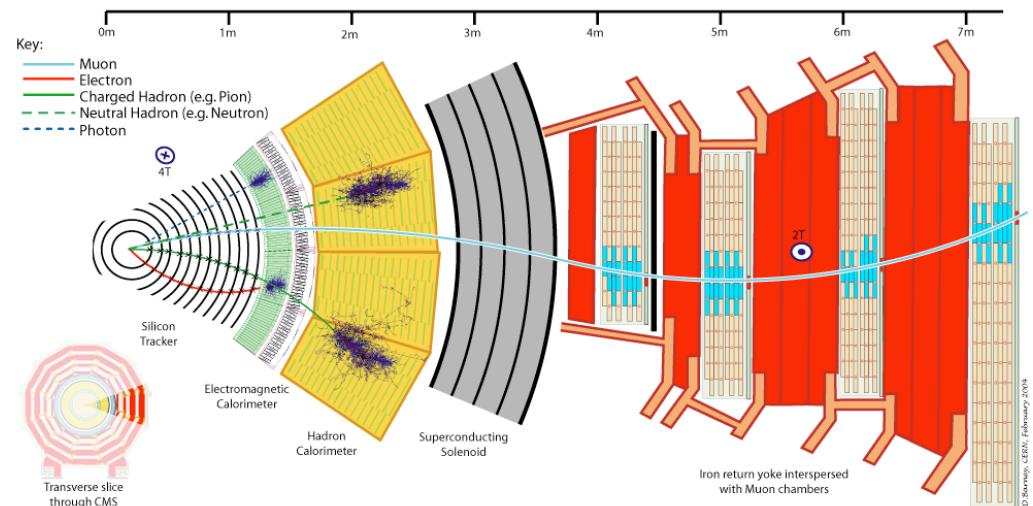
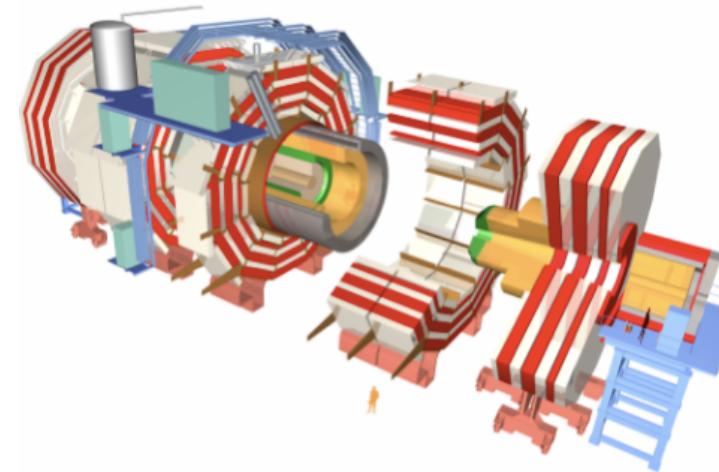


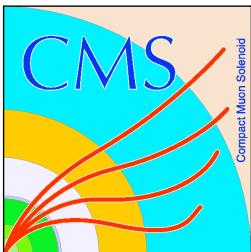
LHC

- First pp collision at 7 TeV on 30 March, 2010
- Almost 50 pb⁻¹ of pp collisions delivered at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV to both ATLAS and CMS experiments

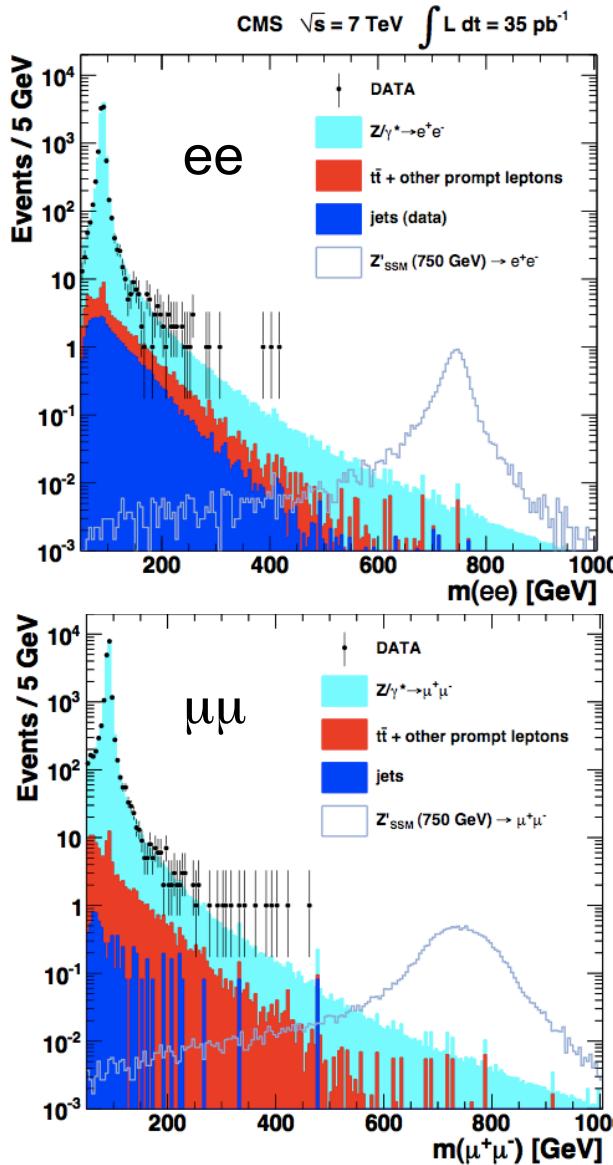
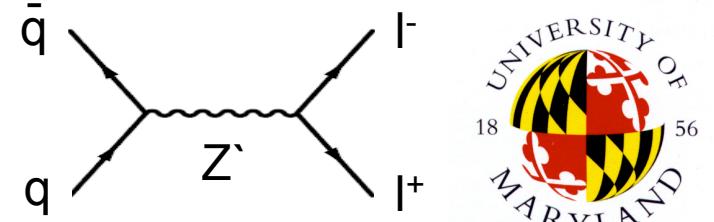


CMS Detector





Di-Lepton Resonances

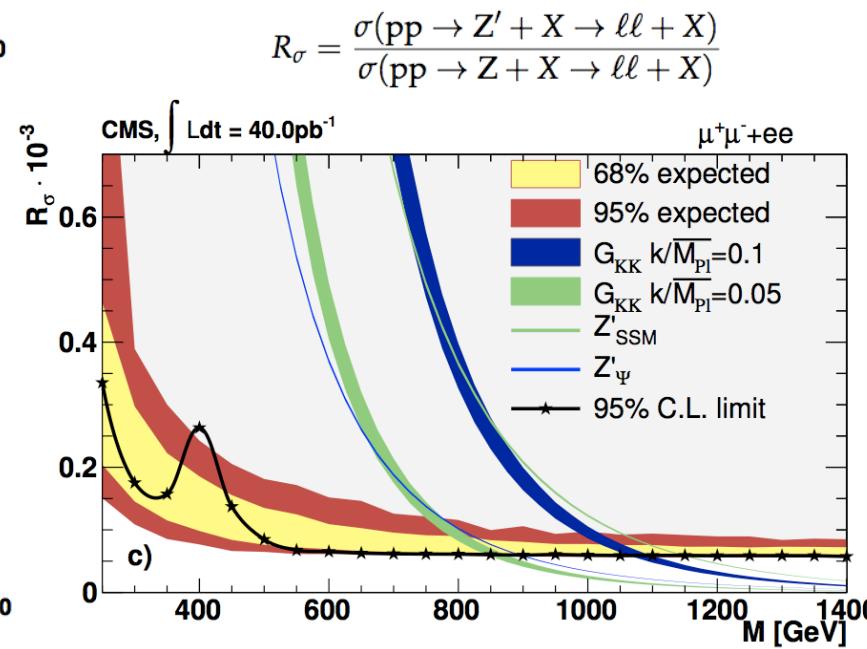


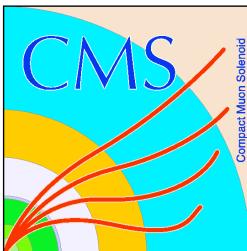
- Bump hunt in $M(l\bar{l})$ spectrum**
- No significant deviation from SM, set limits

arXiv:1103.0981,
Submitted to JHEP

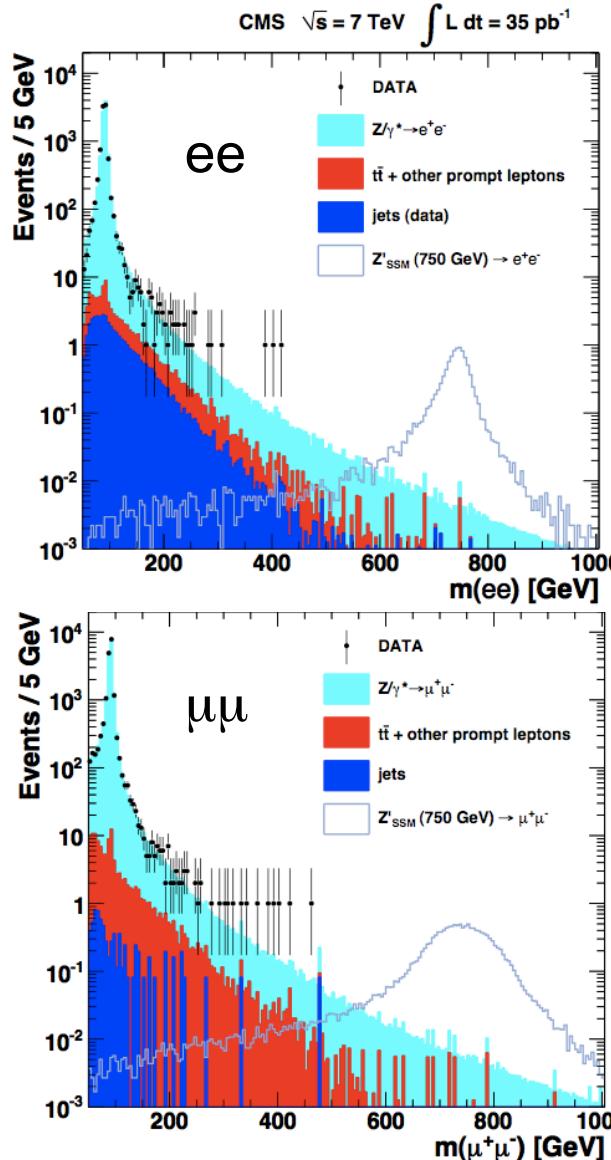
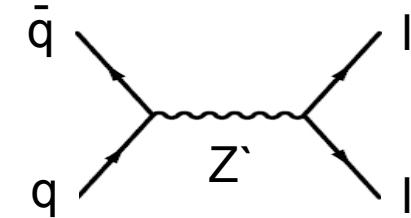
CMS limits ($35 - 40 \text{ pb}^{-1}$)

Channel	$\mu\mu$	ee	Combined
Z_{SSM}	1027 GeV	958 GeV	1140 GeV
Z_Ψ	792 GeV	731 GeV	887 GeV
$G_{KK}, k/M_{Pl} = 0.05$	778 GeV	729 GeV	855 GeV
$G_{KK}, k/M_{Pl} = 0.10$	987 GeV	931 GeV	1079 GeV





Di-Lepton Resonances



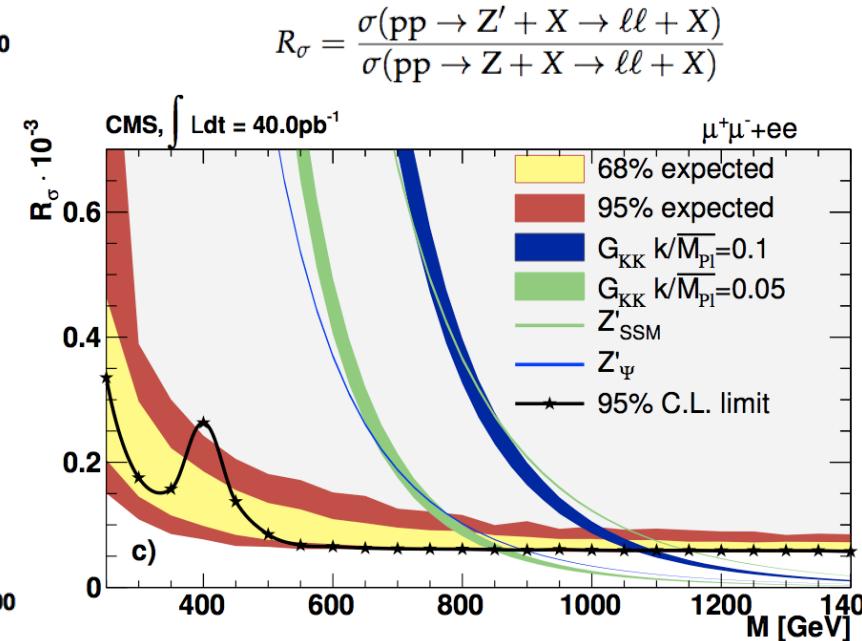
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$G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ channel
 $M_{GKK} > 945 \text{ GeV}$
 $k/M_{Pl} = 0.1$
EXO-10-019

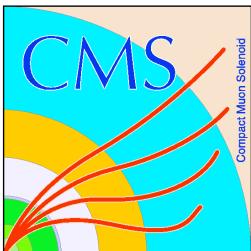


Published CDF/D0 limits

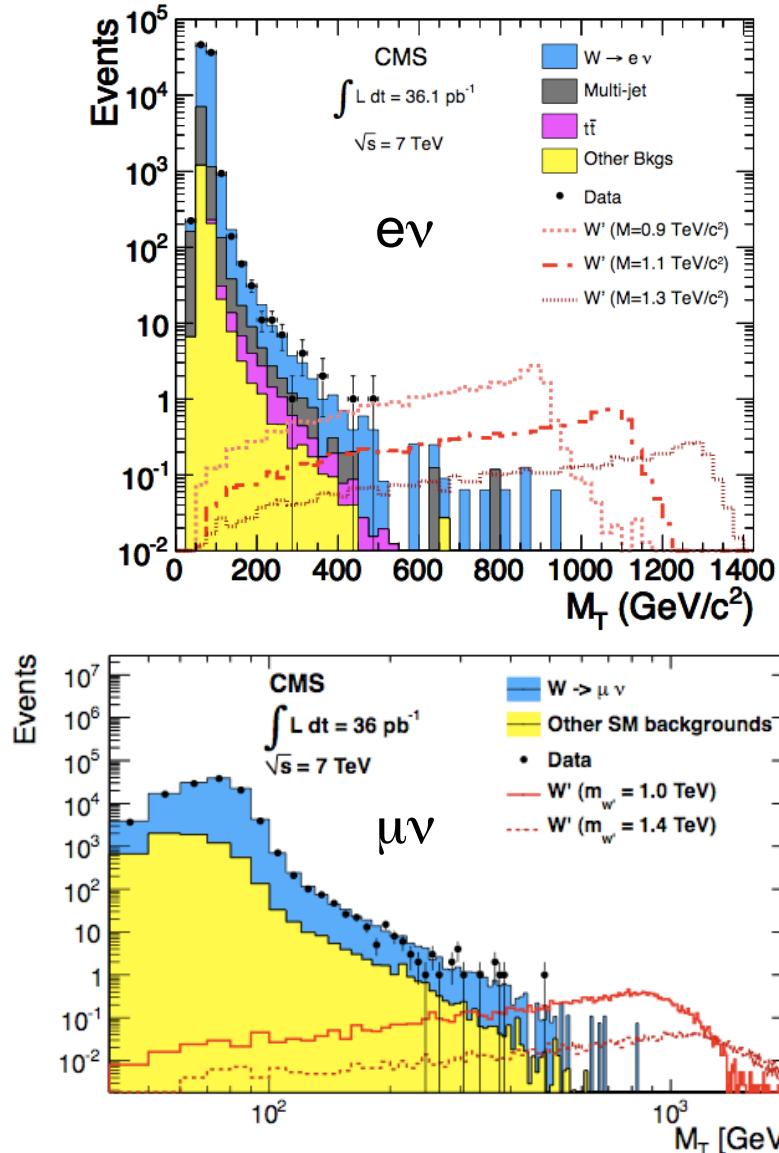
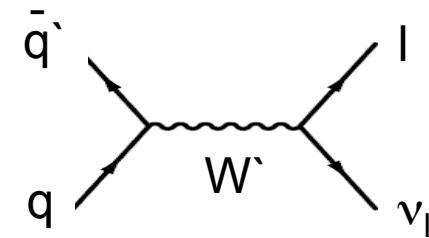
D0, ee, gamma-gamma 5.4 fb^{-1} :
 $M(Z'_{SSM}) > 1023 \text{ GeV}$
 $M(G_{KK}, k/M=0.1) > 1050 \text{ GeV}$

CDF, mu mu, 2.3 fb^{-1} :
 $M(Z'_{SSM}) > 1030 \text{ GeV}$
 $M(G_{KK}, k/M=0.1) > 921 \text{ GeV}$

CDF, ee, 2.5 fb^{-1} :
 $M(Z'_{SSM}) > 963 \text{ GeV}$
 $M(G_{KK}, k/M=0.1) > 848 \text{ GeV}$



W' Searches



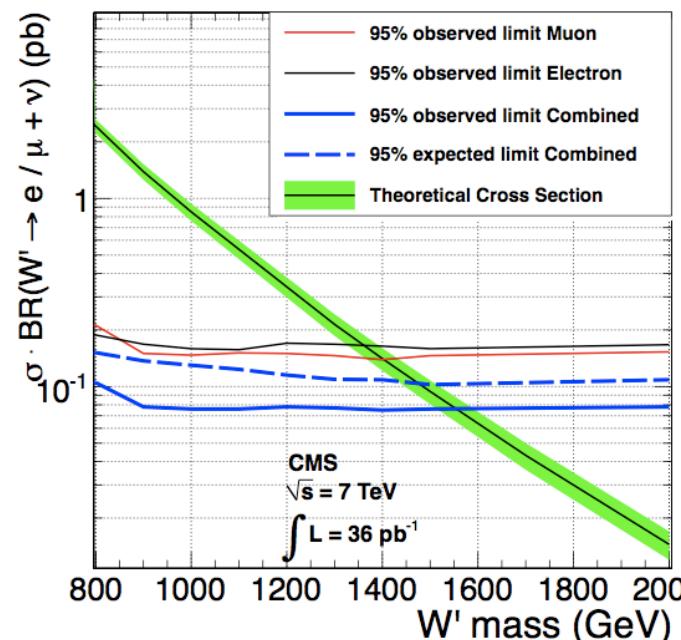
- **Bump hunt in $M_T(l\nu)$ spectrum**

$$M_T = \sqrt{2E_T^\ell E_T^{miss}[1 - \cos \Delta\phi(\ell, E_T^{miss})]}$$

- No significant deviation from SM, set limits

$e\nu \rightarrow$ arXiv:1012.5945, Accepted by PLB

$\mu\nu \rightarrow$ arXiv:1103.0030, Submitted to PLB



CMS limits (36 pb^{-1})

Channel	Limit (TeV)
$e\nu$	1.36 TeV
$\mu\nu$	1.4 TeV
$e\nu + \mu\nu$	1.58 TeV

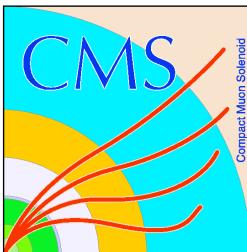
Published CDF/D0 limits

CDF, $e\nu$, 5.3 fb^{-1} :

$M(W') > 1.12 \text{ TeV}$

D0, $e\nu$, 1 fb^{-1} :

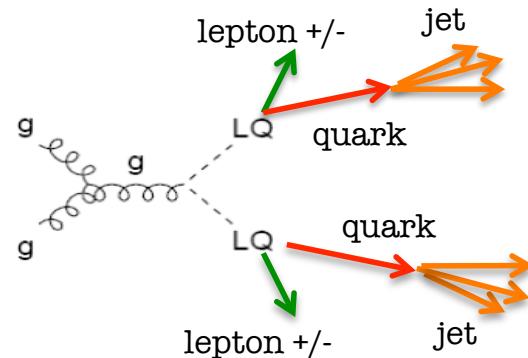
$M(W') > 1 \text{ TeV}$



Scalar Leptoquarks (1)



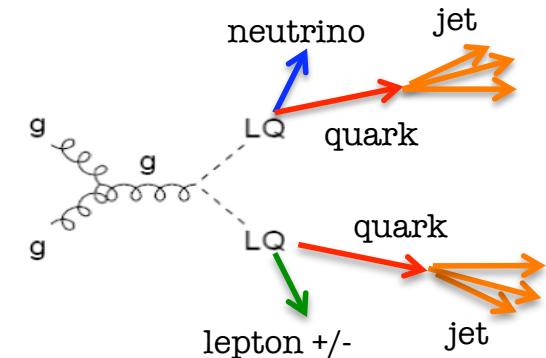
$lljj$ channel – β^2



$$S_T = p_T^{\ell 1} + p_T^{\ell 2} + p_T^{j1} + p_T^{j2}$$

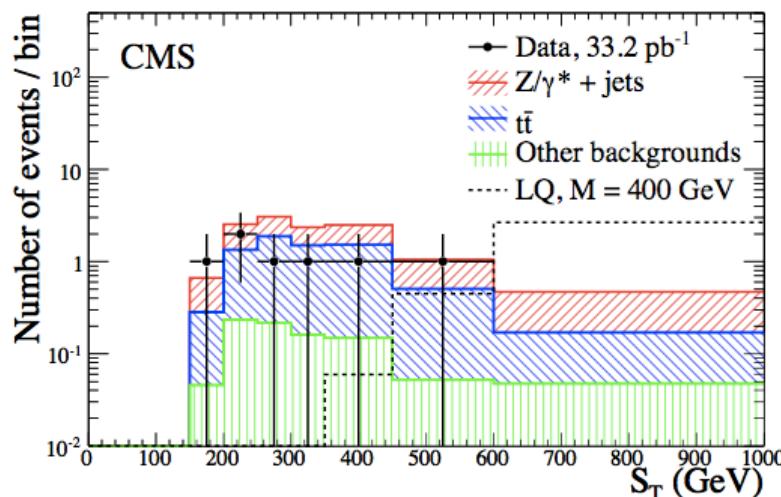
- **LQs decay to lepton and quark**
 - $\beta = \text{BR}(\text{LQ} \rightarrow lq)$
 - $1-\beta = \text{BR}(\text{LQ} \rightarrow vq)$
- Search for 1st (e) and 2nd (μ) generation LQs
- No excess at high S_T

$lvjj$ channel – $2\beta(1-\beta)$



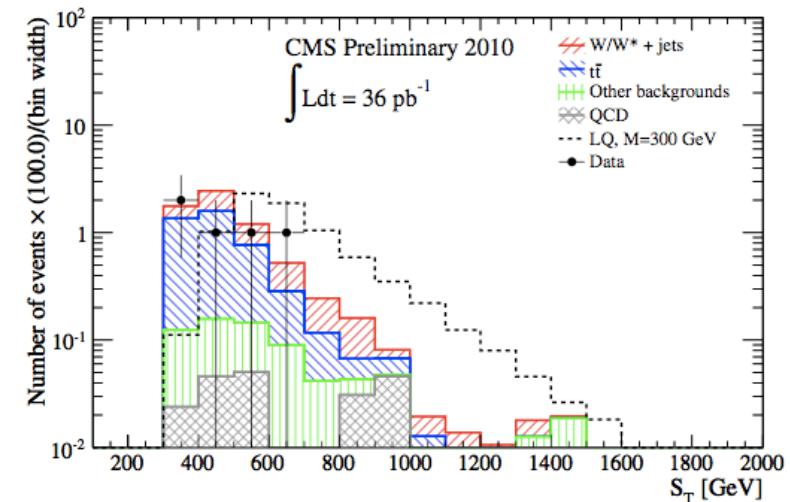
$$S_T = p_T^{\ell 1} + \text{MET} + p_T^{j1} + p_T^{j2}$$

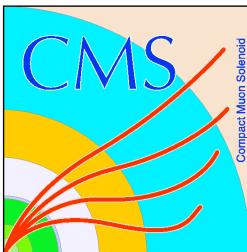
eejj channel



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evjj channel

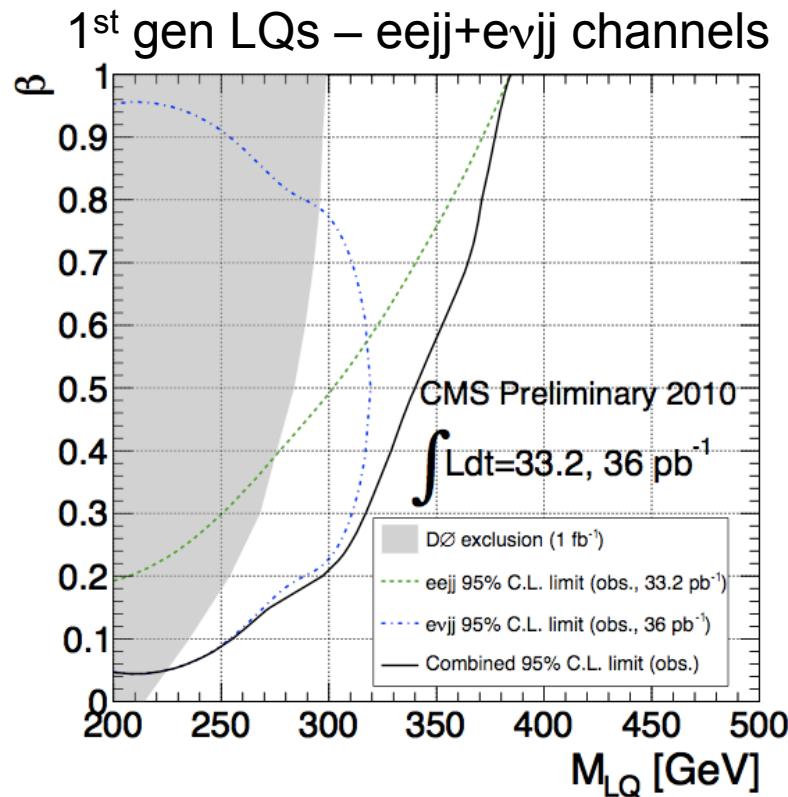




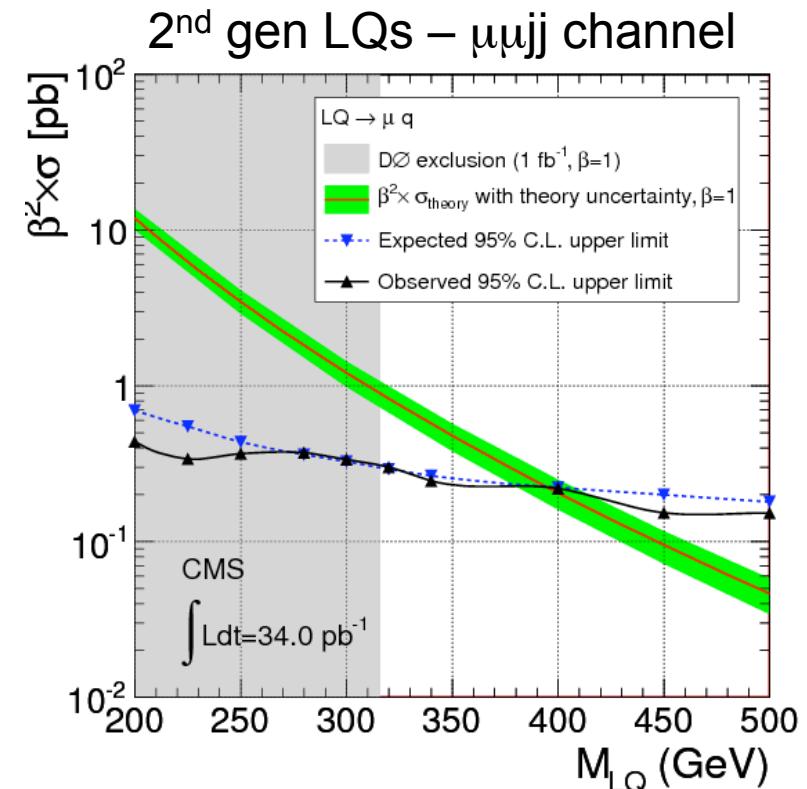
Scalar Leptoquark (2)

eejj : arXiv:1012.4031, accepted by PRL
 evjj + comb. : EXO-10-006

$\mu\mu jj$: arXiv:1012.4033, accepted by PRL
 $\mu\nu jj$ + comb. : coming soon...

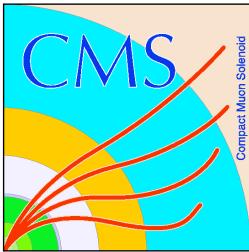


$M_{LQ} > 340, 384 \text{ GeV}$ for $\beta=0.5, 1$



$M_{LQ} > 394 \text{ GeV}$ for $\beta=1$

Exceed Tevatron limits for almost the entire β range

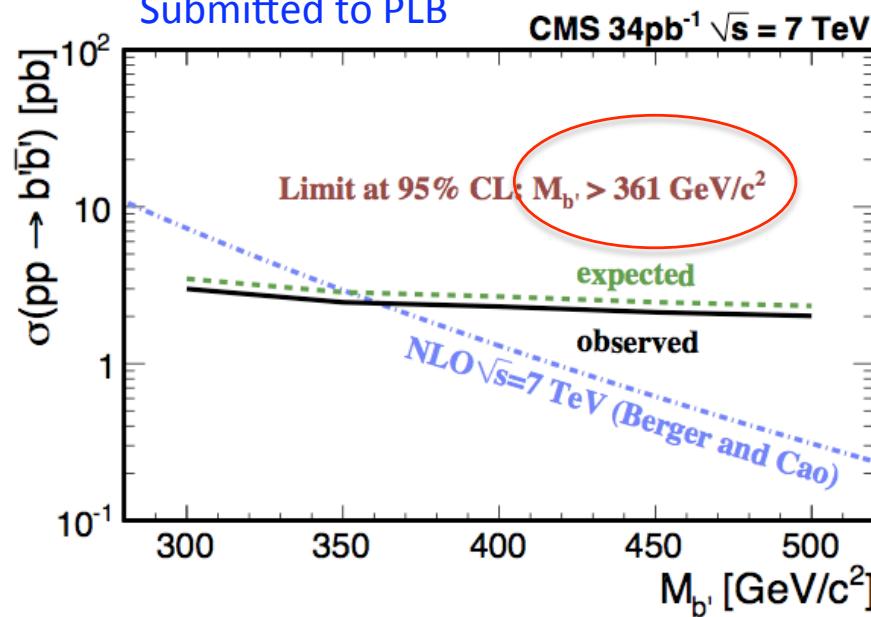


$b' \rightarrow tW$ and $t\bar{t}$ Resonances



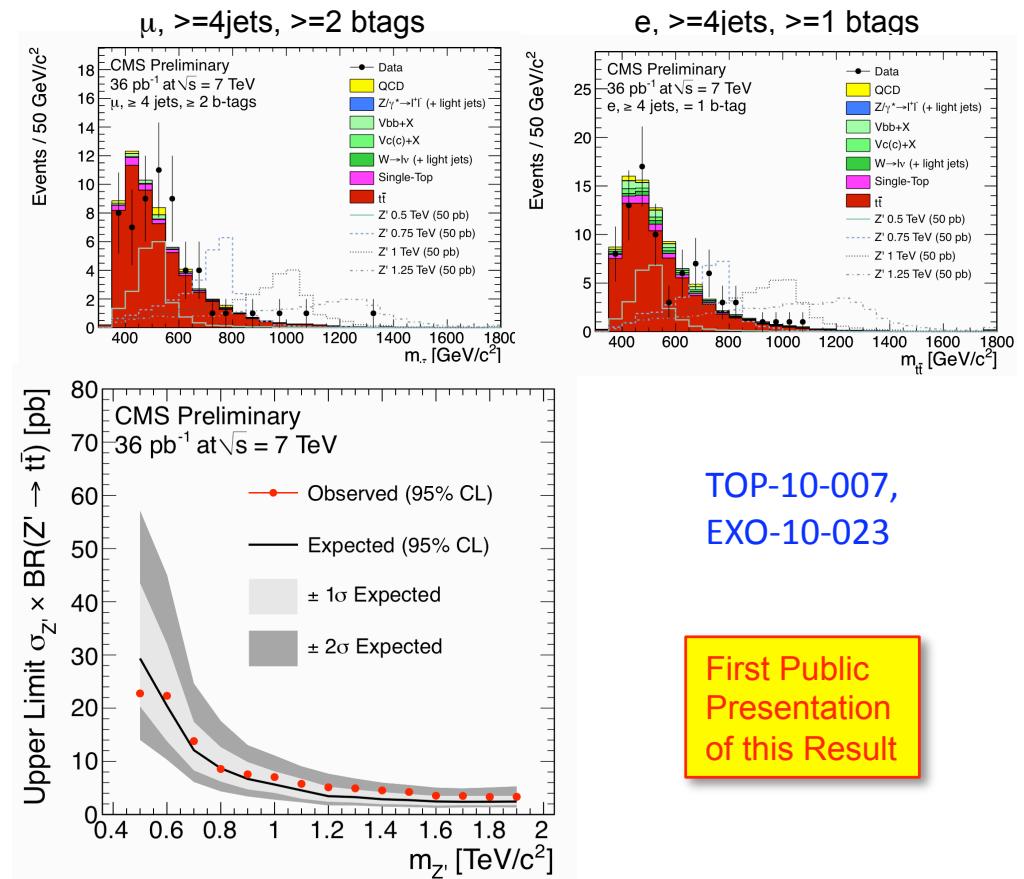
- **Pair produced $b' \rightarrow tW \rightarrow WWb$**
- Like-sign dilepton and trilepton (e, μ) decays + jets (BR=7.3%)
- $N_{\text{background}} = 0.3 \pm 0.2$ events ($t\bar{t}$ +jets)
- 0 events observed

arXiv:1102.4746,
Submitted to PLB



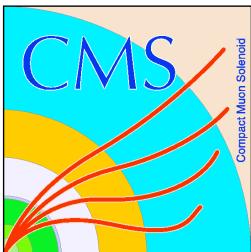
Similar to a new CDF limit
of 372 GeV, arXiv:1101.5728 (4.8 fb⁻¹)

- **Bump hunt in $M(t\bar{t})$ spectrum**
- Lepton+jets channels (e and μ)
- No bump seen in data
- Set limits, competitive with Tevatron



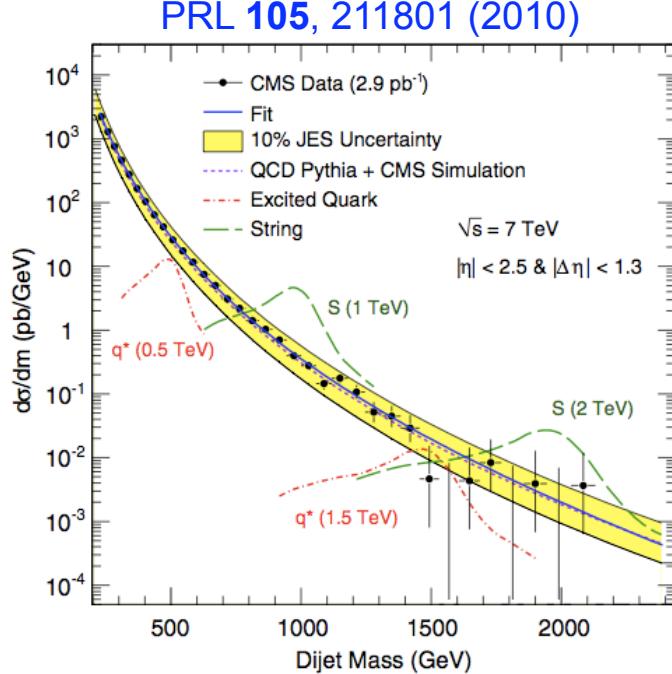
TOP-10-007,
EXO-10-023

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Searches with di-jets

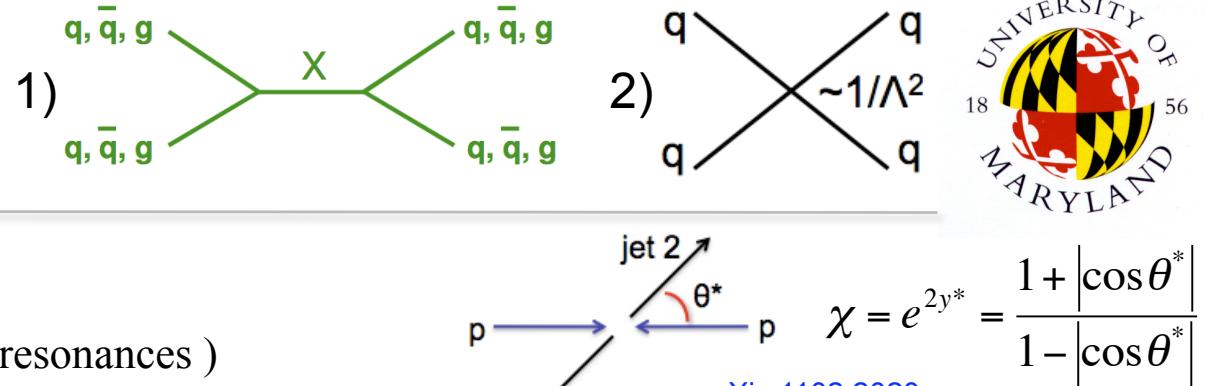
- 1) **Di-jet mass spectrum** (\rightarrow narrow resonances)
- 2) **Di-jet angular distributions** (\rightarrow contact interactions)



$M_{\text{String}} > 2.5 \text{ TeV}$

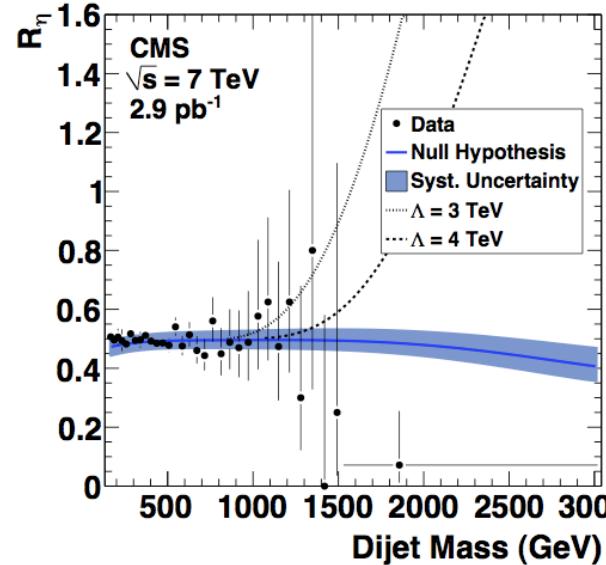
$M_{q^*} > 1.58 \text{ TeV}$

$$M_{q^*} = \Lambda, f = f' = f_S = 1$$

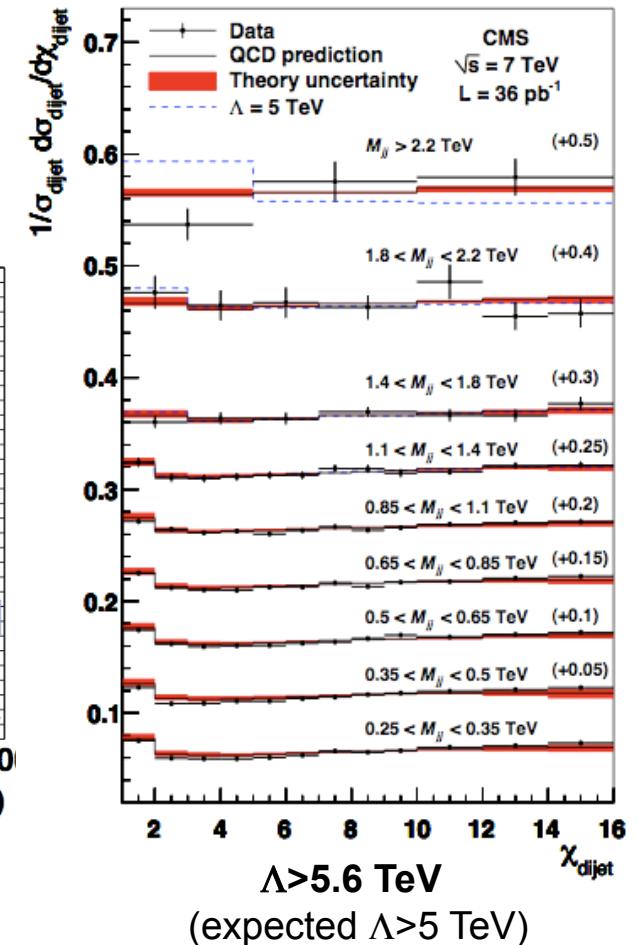


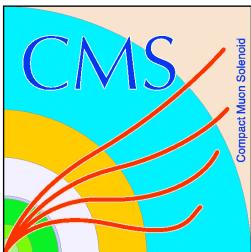
$$R_\eta \equiv \frac{N_{2j}(|\eta| < 0.7)}{N_{2j}(0.7 < |\eta| < 1.3)}$$

PRL 105:262001, 2010

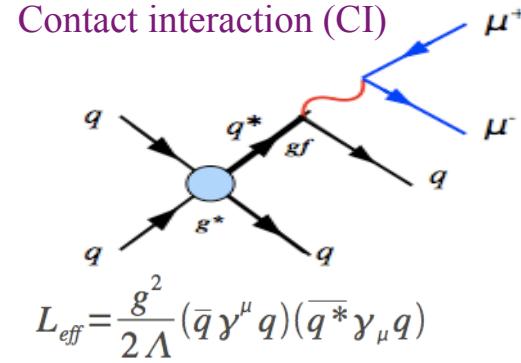
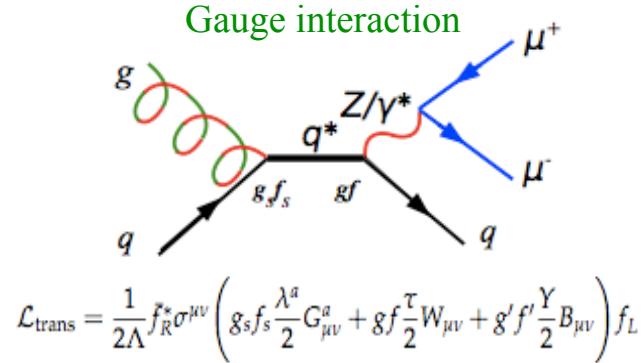


$\Lambda > 4 \text{ TeV}$
(expected $\Lambda > 2.9 \text{ TeV}$)





Quark Compositeness ($q^* \rightarrow qZ$)



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of this Result

EXO-10-025

- Complementary to $q^* \rightarrow jj$ decay channel
- **Search for bump/deviations in Z p_T spectrum**
- No deviation from SM prediction, set limits

Gauge Interactions

$$M_{q^*} = \Lambda, f = f' = f_s = 1$$

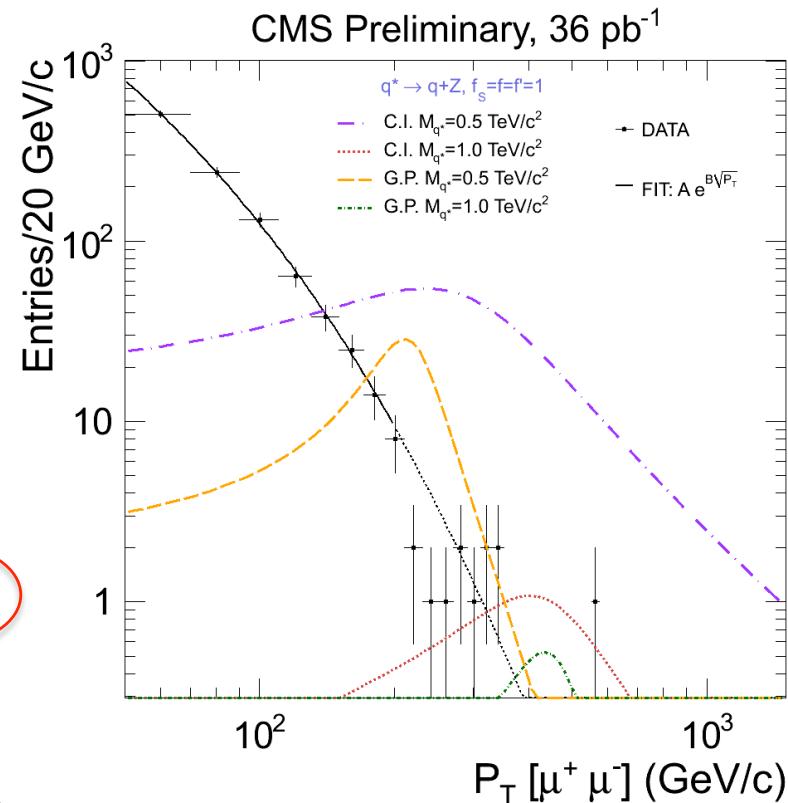
$$M_{q^*} > 0.91 \text{ TeV}$$

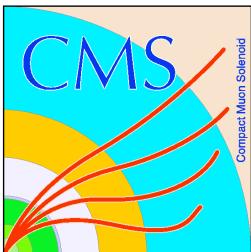
(H1 limit, 475 pb⁻¹, gauge int., $f_s=0$, $M_{q^*}>252$ GeV)

Contact Interactions

$$M_{q^*} = \Lambda, f = f' = 1, f_s = 0$$

$$M_{q^*} > 1.17 \text{ TeV}$$





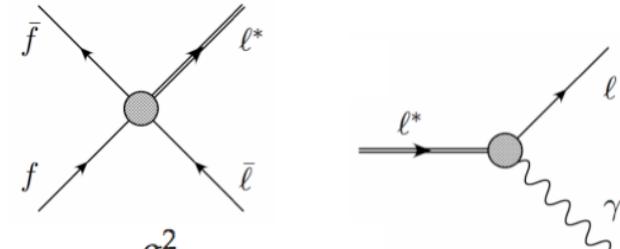
Lepton compositeness

First Public
Presentation
of these Results



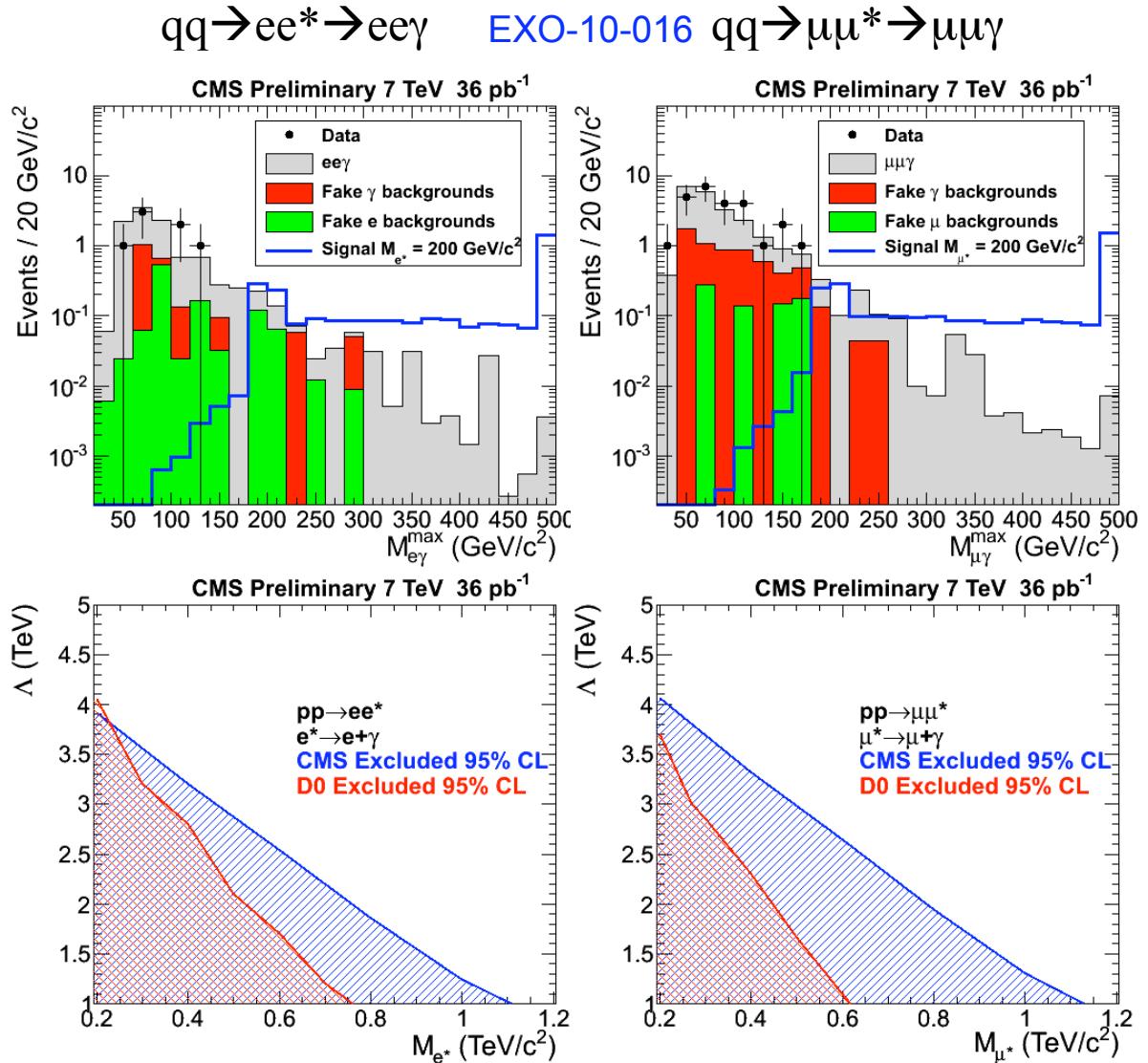
Production via new contact interaction

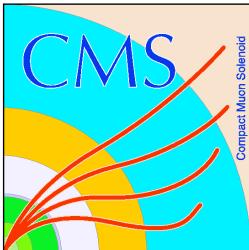
→ Decay



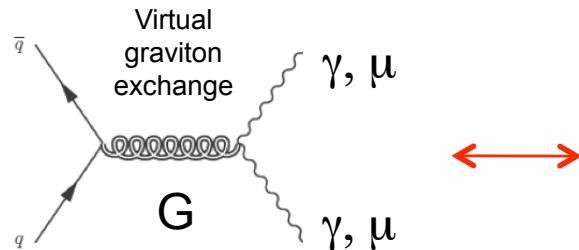
$$\mathcal{L}_{CI} = \frac{g^2}{2\Lambda^2} j^\mu j_\mu$$

- **Search for excess in data at high $M(e\gamma)$ or $M(\mu\gamma)$**
- Reducible backgrounds from data
 - Fake γ : Z+jets ($l^+l^- + \text{fake } \gamma$)
 - Fake l : W γ +jets ($l + \text{fake } l + \gamma$)
- 0 events observed at high $M(l\gamma)$
- Set limits, exceed Tevatron





Large Extra Dimensions ($\gamma\gamma$ and $\mu\mu$)



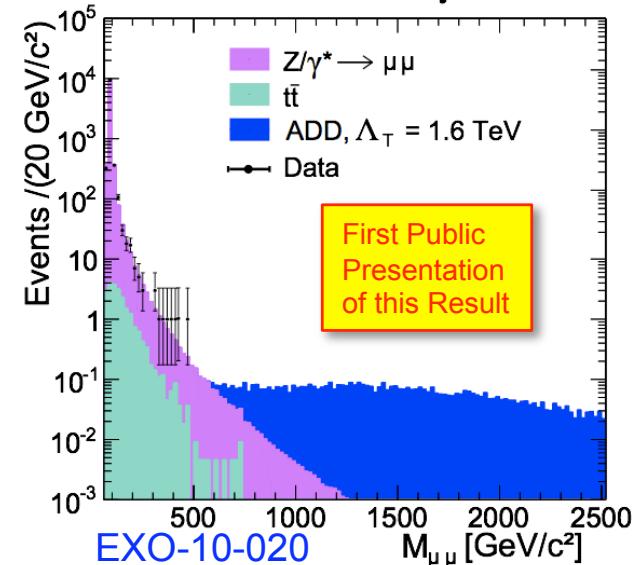
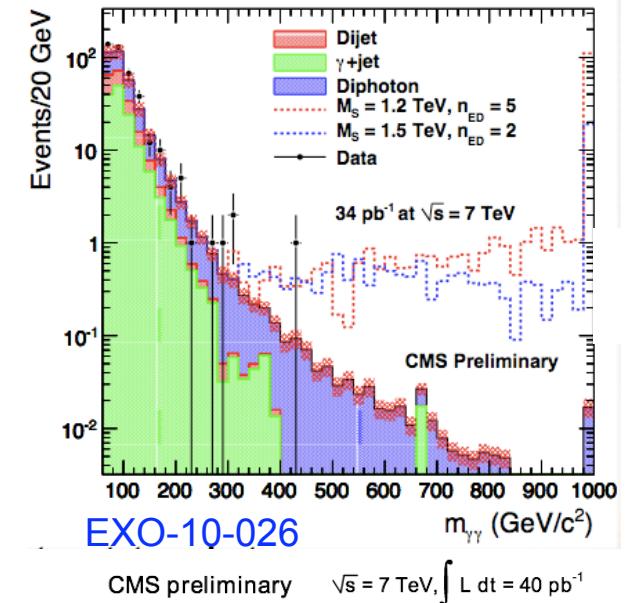
Theory Parameters:
 M_S = UV cutoff in σ
 n = number of ED

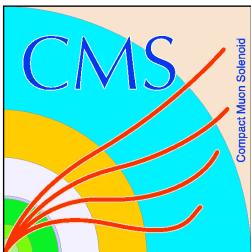
- **Look for excess at high mass in $\gamma\gamma$ or $\mu\mu$ spectrum**
- No event observed with $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ ($M_{\mu\mu}$) > 500 (600) GeV
- Set lower limits on M_S (TeV) vs n

$\gamma\gamma$	GRW	Hewett		HLZ					
		Pos.	Neg.	$n_{ED} = 2$	$n_{ED} = 3$	$n_{ED} = 4$	$n_{ED} = 5$	$n_{ED} = 6$	$n_{ED} = 7$
Full	1.94	1.74	1.71	1.89	2.31	1.94	1.76	1.63	1.55
Trunc.	1.84	1.60	1.50	1.80	2.23	1.84	1.63	1.46	1.31

$\mu\mu$	Λ_T [TeV] (GRW)		M_S [TeV/c^2] (HLZ)					
	$n = 2$	$n = 3$	$n = 4$	$n = 5$	$n = 6$	$n = 7$		
Full	1.80	1.75	2.15	1.80	1.63	1.52	1.43	
Truncated	1.68	1.67	2.09	1.68	1.49	1.34	1.24	

Extend Tevatron limits in all but the $n_{ED}=2$ case





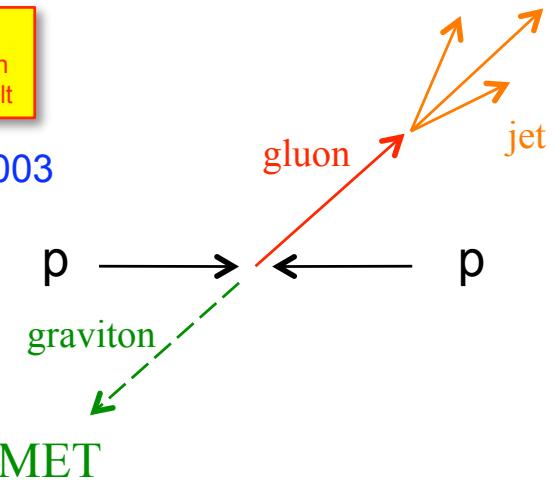
Large Extra Dimensions (mono-jet + MET)



- One high p_T jet + large MET + no leptons
- Suppress cosmic/beam halo/instrumental backgrounds
- Data-driven estimate for $Z \rightarrow vv + \text{jets}$ background
- Data consistent with SM, set limits on M_D vs δ

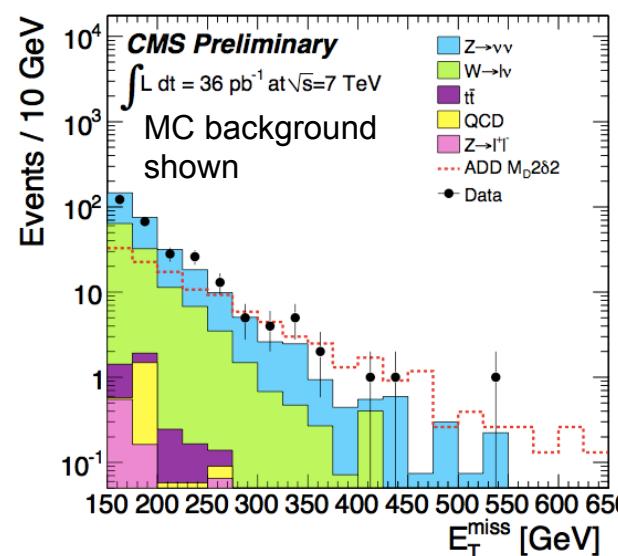
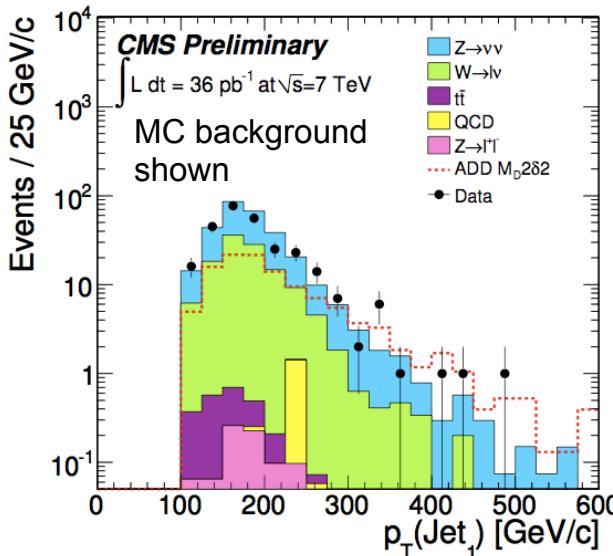
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EXO-11-003



N_{DATA}	275
N_{BKG} (data-driven)	297 ± 45
$N_{\text{SIGNAL}}(M_D=2, \delta=2)$	115.2

M_D = "True" Planck scale
 δ = number of extra dimensions

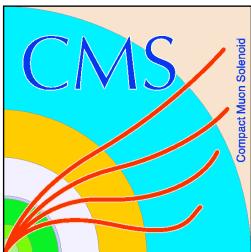


CMS limits on M_D (36 pb^{-1})

δ	With K-Factor**	No K-Factor
2	2.37 TeV	2.16 TeV
3	1.98 TeV	1.83 TeV
4	1.77 TeV	1.67 TeV

** = 1.5 (1.4) for $\delta=2,3$ (4)

δ	CDF	LEP
2	1.4 TeV	1.6 TeV
3	1.15 TeV	1.2 TeV
4	1.04 TeV	0.94 TeV



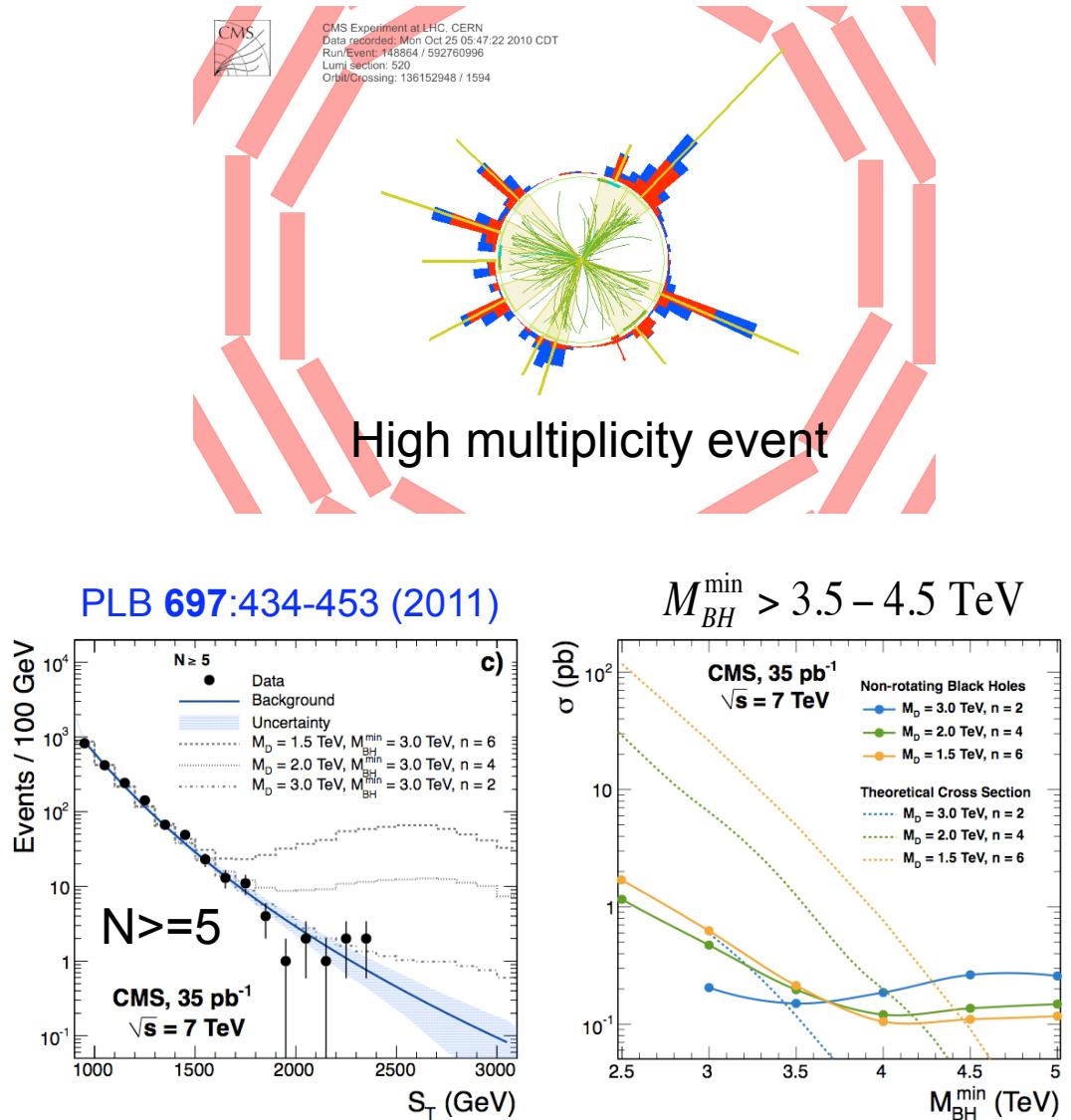
Searches for Black Holes

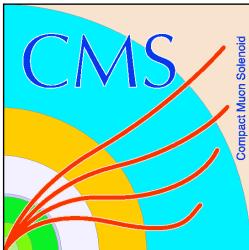


- Smoking gun signature of TeV scale gravity
- Democratic BH decay via Hawking radiation to all SM degrees of freedom (mostly quarks and gluons)
- **Search for deviation in S_T distribution in bins of “object multiplicity” (N)**

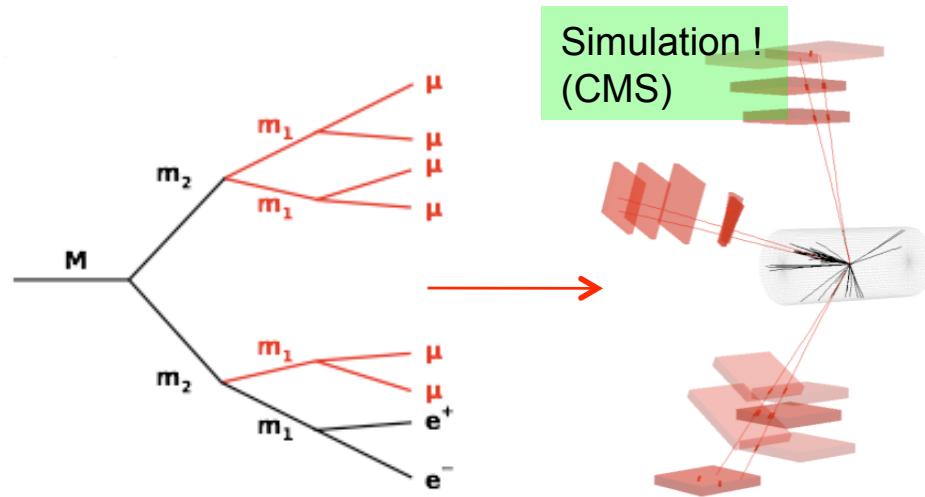
$$S_T = \sum_N E_T \quad \text{for jets, e, } \gamma, \mu \text{ with } E_T > 50 \text{ GeV} \\ + \text{MET}$$

- Use S_T spectrum from $N=2$ to predict $N \geq 3, 4, 5$, where signal would be present
- No excess observed, set limits (semi-classical approximation)



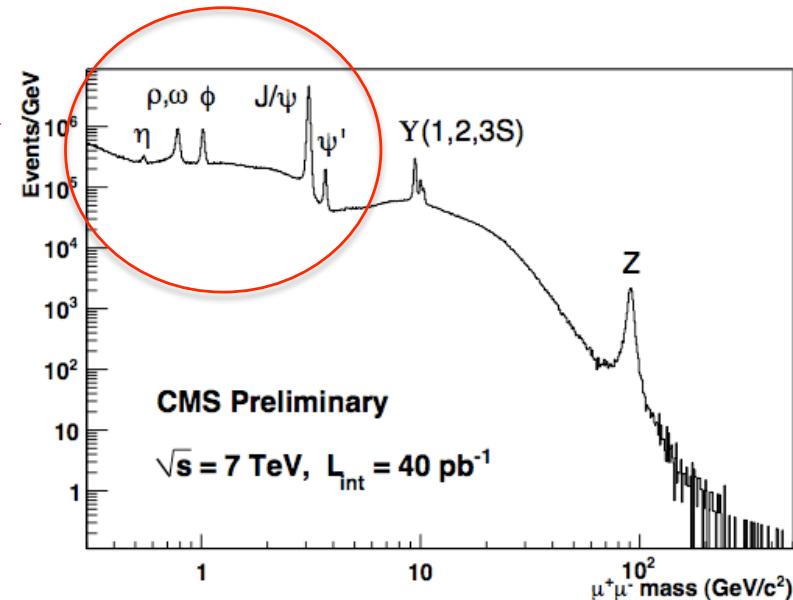


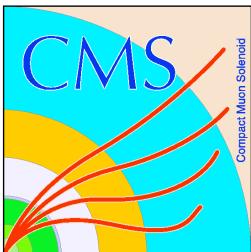
Lepton jets (Hidden Valley)



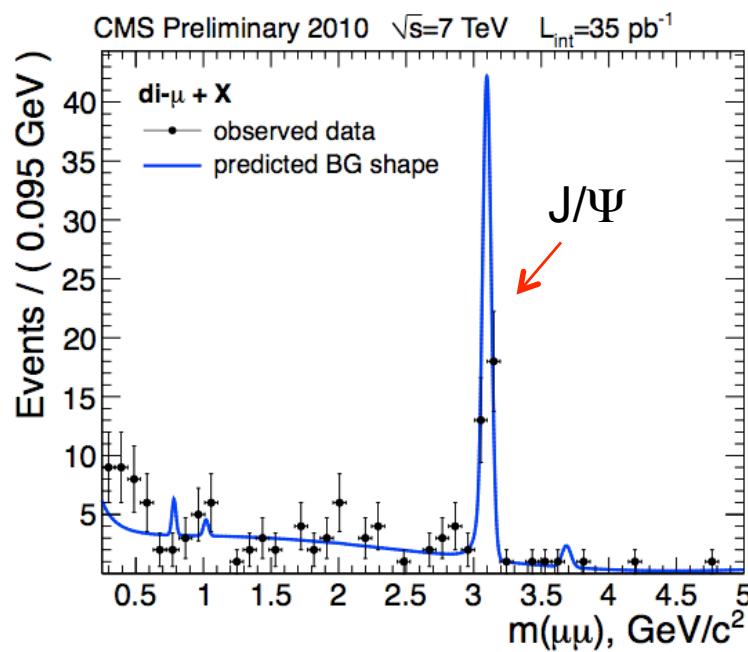
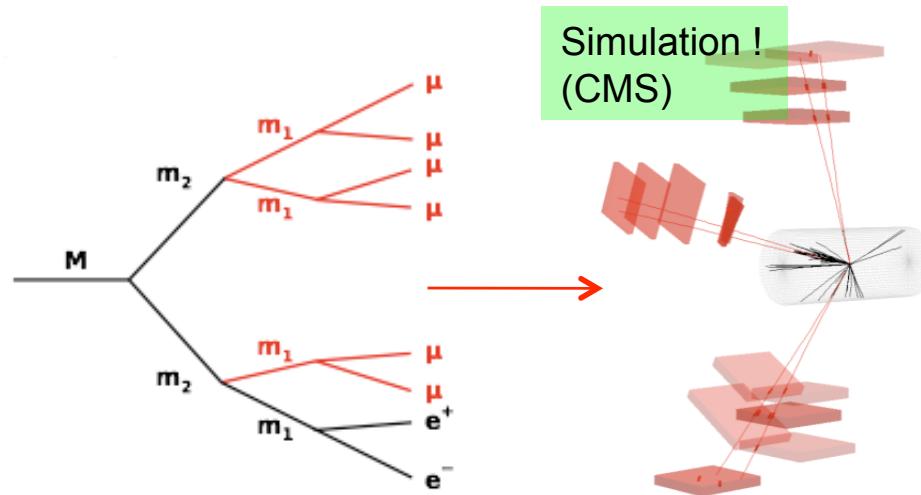
- These are the backgrounds
- $M(\mu\mu)$ background shape from control sample of data at low P_T
- Then look at high P_T ...

- Hidden sector contains a new low mass particle ($m_1 \sim$ few GeV)
- It decays into SM pairs (i.e. $\mu\mu$)
- **Collimated groups of di-muons [$\mu\mu$]**
 - opposite charge, $m_{\mu\mu} < 9$ GeV, consistent vertex
- Search for new $\mu\mu$ resonances in various event topologies: $[\mu\mu]$, $[\mu\mu][\mu\mu]$, etc.





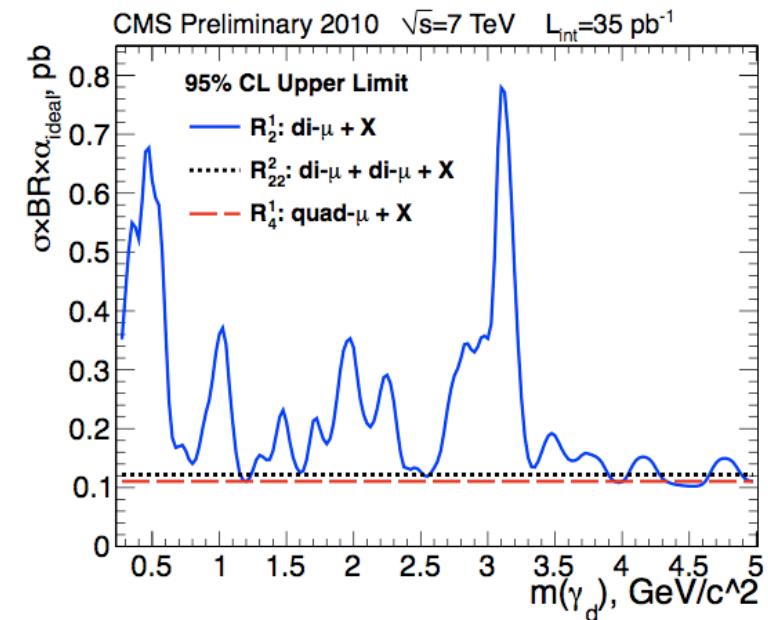
Lepton jets (Hidden Valley)



First Public
Presentation
of this Result

EXO-11-013

- **No new $\mu\mu$ resonance seen**
- Set model independent upper limits on $\sigma \times \text{BR} \times \alpha$ ($\sim 0.1\text{--}0.5 \text{ pb}$)
- Verified sensitivity in various benchmark models (ex. NMSSM Higgs, MSSM + γ_{DARK})



Massive Long-lived Particles (1)

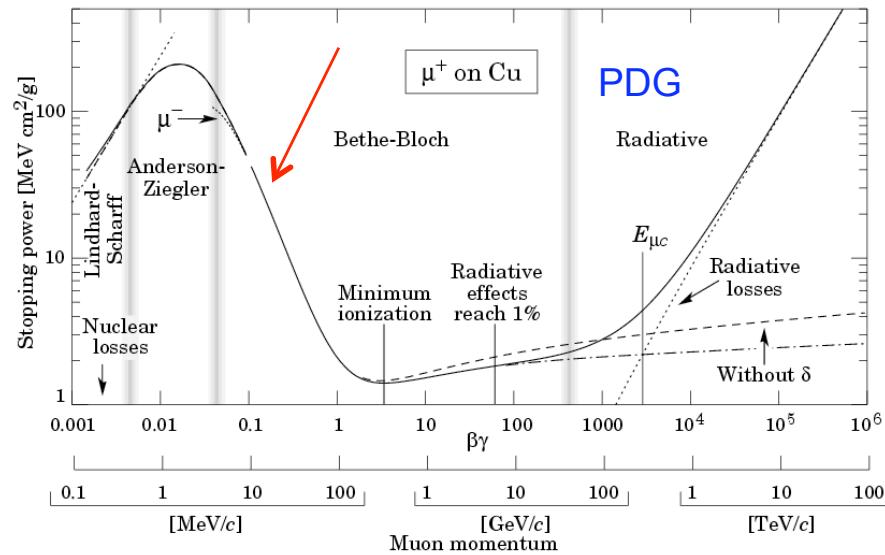
- Benchmark model: “split SUSY”
- Gluinos hadronize forming R-Hadrons
 - bound state of SUSY particle + quarks/gluons

Since massive they have **low velocity**

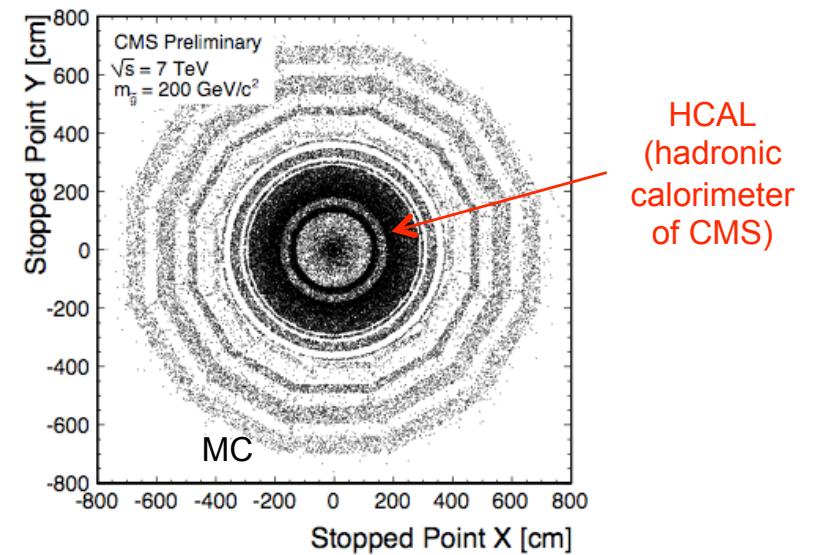


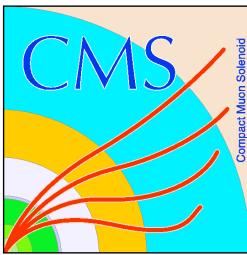
$$\beta\gamma = \frac{p}{m}$$

1) Massive charged particles with large dE/dX in silicon tracker



2) Stopped particles stopped in the detector due to energy loss, decaying out-of-time w.r.t. to collisions





Massive Long-lived Particles (2)

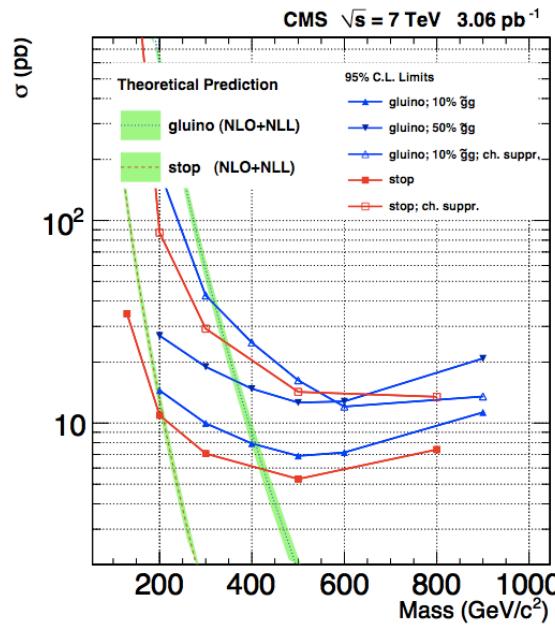
- Benchmark model: “split SUSY”
- Gluinos hadronize forming R-Hadrons
 - bound state of SUSY particle + quarks/gluons

Since massive they have **low velocity**



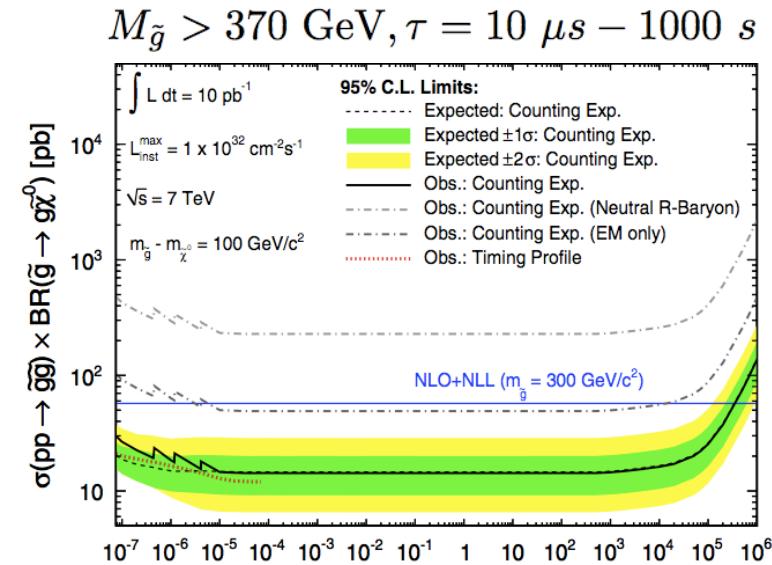
$$\beta\gamma = \frac{p}{m}$$

1) Massive charged particles with large dE/dX in silicon tracker

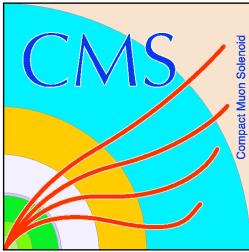


arXiv:1101.1645,
submitted to
JHEP

2) Stopped particles stopped in the detector due to energy loss, decaying out-of-time w.r.t. to collisions



PRL 106, 011801 (2011)

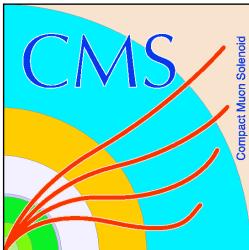


Summary

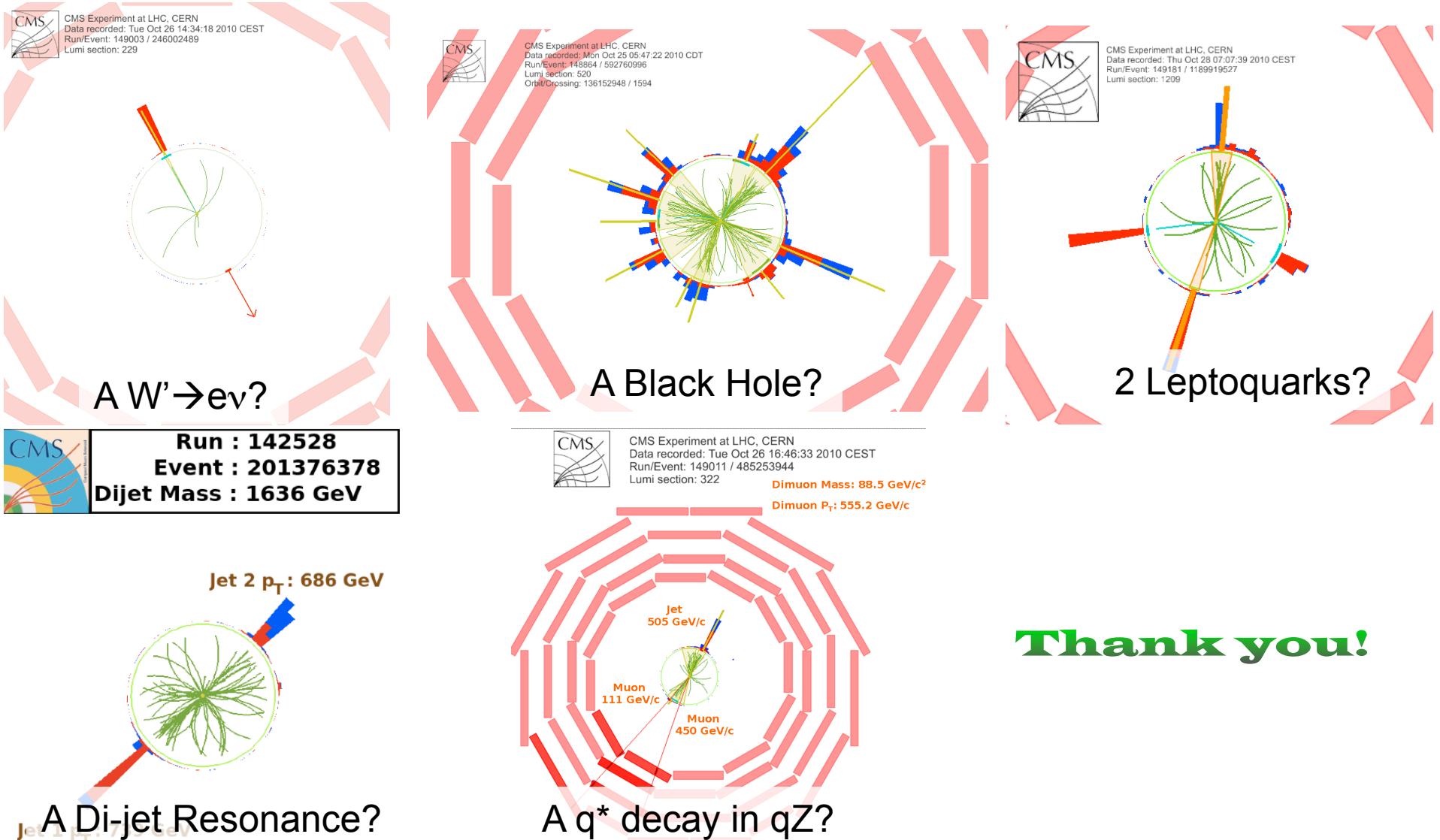


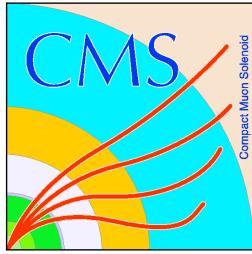
- **>20 searches** for various new physics phenomena
- **No significant excess found in data**
- In many cases, we exceed the limits previously set by Tevatron experiments
- Good understanding of the detector and backgrounds in a variety of channels
 - data-driven background estimation in most cases
- Fundamental component of **successful searches with much larger dataset expected in 2011 and beyond...**

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>

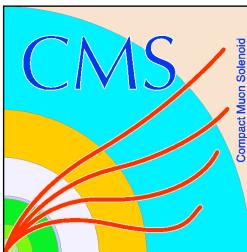


Looking forward to see more of these events...





BACKUP SLIDES



Searches with 2010 data (1)

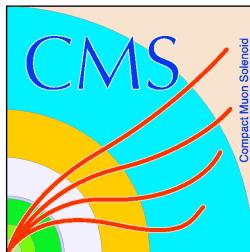
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>

❖ New heavy resonances (Z', W', Leptoquarks, q*, etc.)

1) Search for Dijet Resonances in 7 TeV pp Collisions at CMS	PRL 105:211801,2010 arXiv:1010.0203	Mass limits on various new particles (ex. excited quarks $M_S > 2.5$ TeV, $M_{q^*} > 1.58$ TeV)	2.9/pb
2) Search for a heavy gauge boson W' in the final state with an electron and large missing transverse energy in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Accepted by PLB arXiv:1012.5945	Limit on $M(W') > 1.36$ TeV, assuming SM-like coupling and BRs	36/pb
3) Search for a W' boson decaying to a muon and a neutrino in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Submitted to PLB arXiv:1103.0030	ev+μν combined limit on $M(W') > 1.58$ TeV, assuming SM-like coupling and BRs	36/pb
4) Search for Resonances in the Dilepton Mass Distribution in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Submitted to JHEP arXiv:1103.0981	ee+μμ combined limit on $M(Z') > 1.14$ TeV, (SM-like coupling) + others models	36-40/pb
5) Search for Pair Production of First-Generation Scalar Leptoquarks in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Submitted to PRL arXiv:1012.4031	Limit on scalar leptoquark mass > 384 GeV for $BR(LQ \rightarrow eq) = 100\%$	33/pb
6) Search for Pair Production of Second-Generation Scalar Leptoquarks in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Submitted to PRL arXiv:1012.4033	Limit on scalar leptoquark mass > 394 GeV for $BR(LQ \rightarrow μq) = 100\%$	34/pb
7) Search for First Generation Scalar Leptoquarks in the channel $pp \rightarrow e+jets + MET$ at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV	Preliminary result EXO-10-006	eejj+evjj combined limit on scalar LQ mass $> 255,340,384$ GeV, for $BR(LQ \rightarrow eq) = 10,50,100\%$	36/pb
8) Search for a Heavy Bottom-like Quark in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	Submitted to PLB arXiv:1102.4746	Limit on mass of $b' > 361$ GeV	34/pb
9) Search for Resonances in Semi-leptonic Top-pair Decays Close to Production Threshold	Preliminary result TOP-10-007,EXO-10-023	Limit on $\sigma(Z') \times BR(Z' \rightarrow tt) \sim < 30 (3)$ pb for $M(Z') \sim 500 (1500)$ GeV	36/pb

❖ Compositeness and contact interactions

10) Search for Excited Leptons in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV	Preliminary result EXO-10-016	Limit on mass of excited muons (electrons) $> 745 (720)$ GeV for contact int. scale $\Lambda=2$ TeV	36/pb
11) Search for New Physics in Highly Boosted Z0 Decays to Dimuons in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV	Preliminary result EXO-10-025	Limit on mass of $q^* > 911 (1116)$ GeV for gauge (contact int.) prod. with $M_{q^*}=L$ and $f=f'=f_s=1$	36/pb



Searches with 2010 data (2)

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>



❖ Compositeness and contact interactions

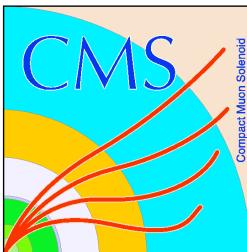
12) Search for Quark Compositeness with the Dijet Centrality Ratio in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	PRL 105:262001,2010 arXiv:1010.4439	Limit on energy scale of quark contact interactions $\Lambda > 4 \text{ TeV}$	2.9/pb
13) Measurement of Dijet Angular Distributions and Search for Quark Compositeness in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	Submitted to PRL arXiv:1102.2020	Limit on contact interaction scale for left-handed quarks $\Lambda > 5.6 \text{ TeV}$	36/pb

❖ Extra dimensions

14) Search for Large Extra Dimensions in the Diphoton Final State at the Large Hadron Collider	Preliminary result EXO-10-026	Lower limits on fundamental scale M_D depending on num. of extra dim.	34/pb
15) Search for Large Extra Dimension in Dimuon Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7 \text{ TeV}$	Preliminary result EXO-10-020	Lower limits on fundamental scale M_D depending on num. of extra dim.	40/pb
16) Search for Large Extra Dimensions with a Mono-jet and Missing Transverse Energy in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7 \text{ TeV}$	Preliminary result EXO-11-003	Lower limits on fundamental scale M_D depending on num. of extra dim.	36/pb
17) Search for Randall-Sundrum Gravitons Decaying into Two Photons in 7 TeV pp Collisions with the CMS Detector	Preliminary result EXO-10-019	Limit on graviton mass $> 371\text{-}945 \text{ GeV}$ for coupling parameter from 0.01 to 0.1	36/pb
18) Search for Microscopic Black Hole Signatures at the Large Hadron Collider	PLB697:434-453,2011 arXiv:1012.3375	Limits on the min. $M_{BH} > 3.5\text{-}4.5 \text{ TeV}$ for various parameters M_D and n in ADD model	35/pb

❖ Other exotic signatures (long-lived particles, lepton-jets)

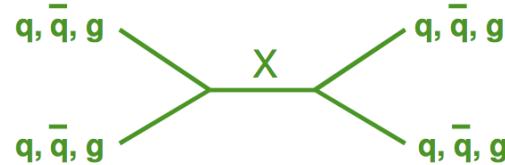
19) Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	Submitted to JHEP arXiv:1101.1645	Limit on mass of stable gluino $> 398 \text{ GeV}$ using convention model of nucl. int. for R-Hadrons	3.1/pb
20) Search for Stopped Gluinos in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	PRL 106:011801,2011 arXiv:1011.5861	Limit on mass of gluino $> 370 \text{ GeV}$ with $10\mu\text{s} < \tau < 1000\text{s}$	10/pb
21) Search for Resonant Production of Lepton Jets	Preliminary result EXO-11-013	Upper limit on $\sigma \times \text{BR} \times a_{\text{gen}}$ in the range 0.1-0.5 pb for various event topologies	35/pb



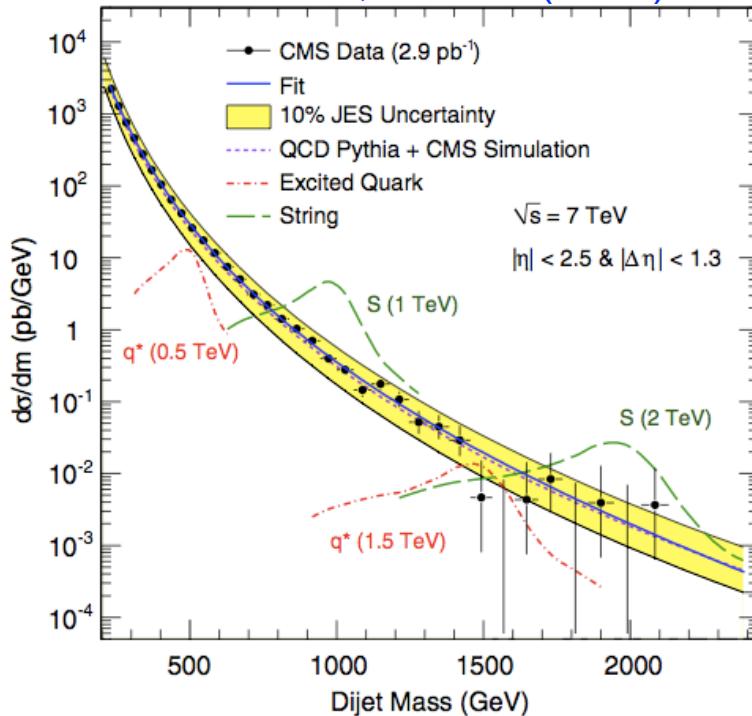
Search for dijet resonances (2.9/pb)



- Strong s-channel production of colored objects has huge advantage at the LHC w.r.t. Tevatron, particularly for gg-fusion



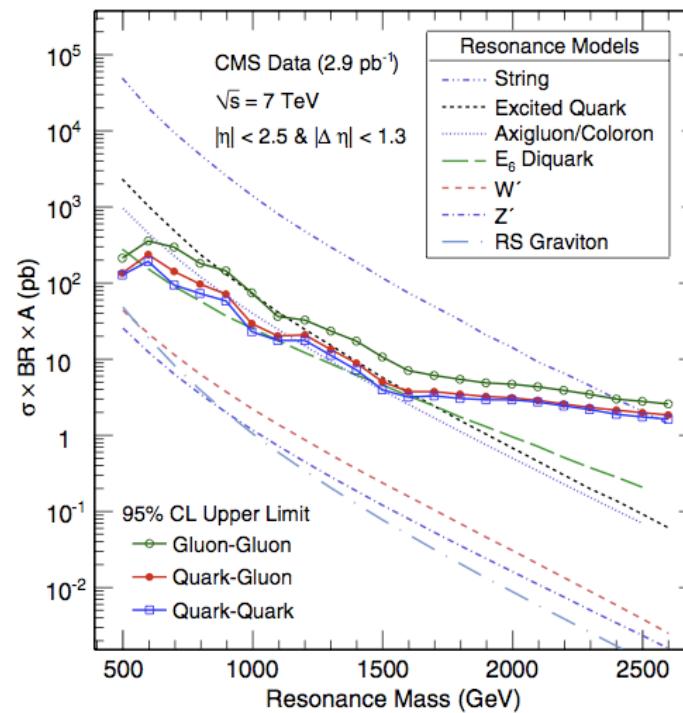
PRL 105, 211801 (2010)



- Parametrize dijet mass spectrum with smooth 4-parameter fit function:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm} = \frac{P_0(1 - m/\sqrt{s})^{P_1}}{(m/\sqrt{s})^{P_2+P_3 \ln(m/\sqrt{s})}}$$

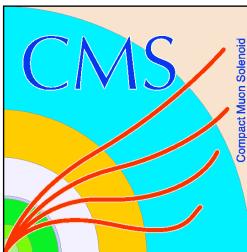
- Look for bumps**
- None observed in 2.9/pb, set limits



M_S>2.5 TeV

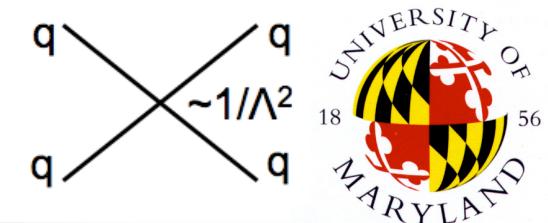
M_{q*}>1.58 TeV

$M_{q^*} = \Lambda, f = f' = f_S = 1$



Contact interactions with dijets

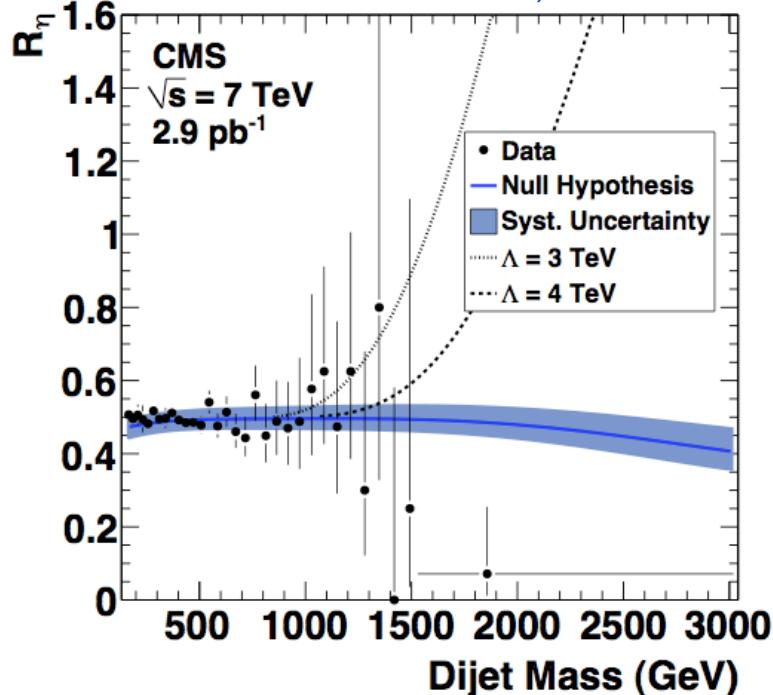
$$\mathcal{L}_{qq} = +\frac{2\pi}{\Lambda^2}(\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)(\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L)$$



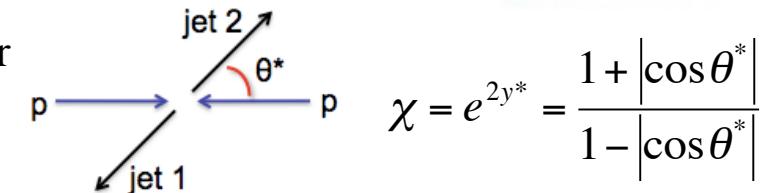
- **Quark compositeness** at energy scale Λ would appear at lower energies as a contact interaction yielding jet η/θ^* distributions different from that predicted by QCD

$$R_\eta \equiv \frac{N_{2j}(|\eta| < 0.7)}{N_{2j}(0.7 < |\eta| < 1.3)}$$

PRL 105:262001, 2010



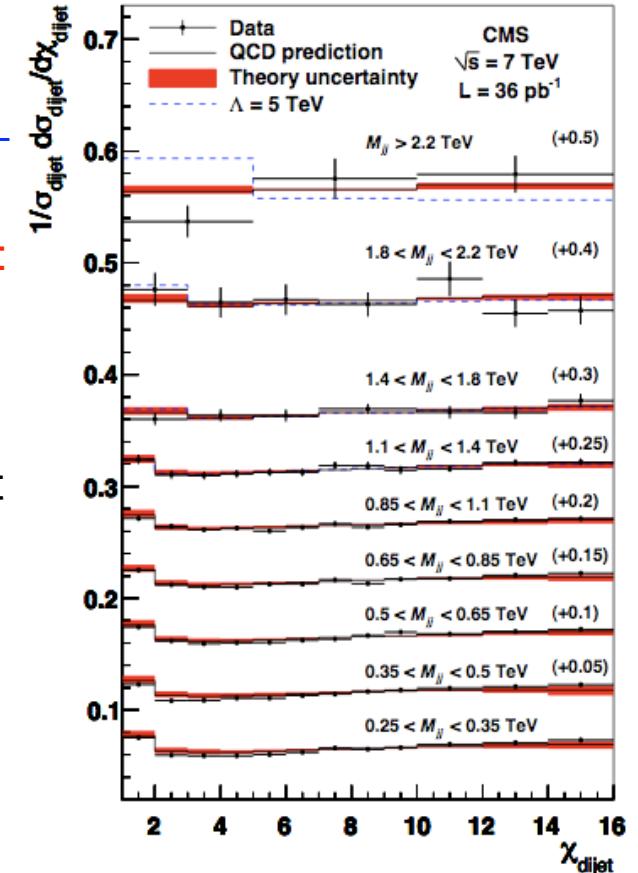
$\Lambda > 4$ TeV (expected $\Lambda > 2.9$ TeV)



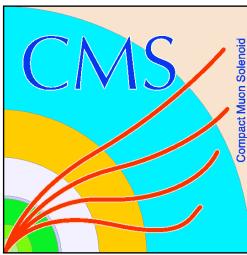
arXiv:1102.2020,
Submitted to PRL

Complementary analyses:

- R_η has finer bins in M_{jj} , but only two bins in η
- R_η has sensitivity to dijet resonances as well
- χ has finer angular info, but coarser M_{jj} binning
- χ has wider rapidity range $|y| < 2.5 \rightarrow$ samples differ at ~60%



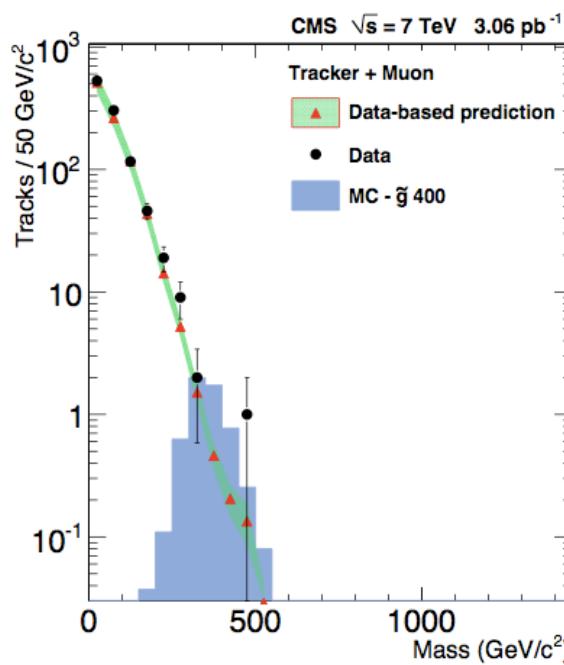
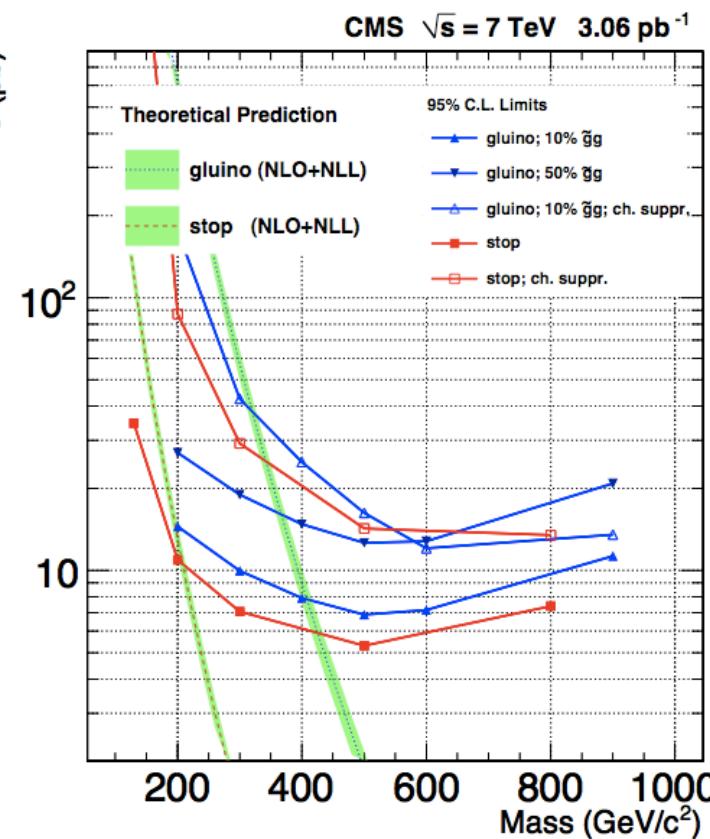
$\Lambda > 5.6$ TeV (expected $\Lambda > 5$ TeV)



Heavy Stable Charged Particles



- Select tracks or muons with high pT and dE/dX
- Reconstruct mass with approx. “Bethe-Bloch formula”
- Data-driven background estimation exploit absence of correlation between pT and dE/dX
- Final selection optimized by requiring total expected background ~ 0.05
- 0 events observed, set limits


 $\sigma(pp)$


$$\frac{dE}{dX} = K \frac{m^2}{p^2} + C$$

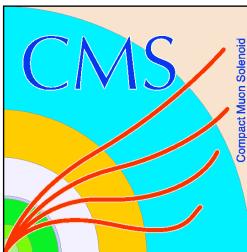
K,C determined from data using a control sample of low-momentum protons

arXiv:1101.1645,
submitted to JHEP

Limits on SUSY gluino and stop masses for various fractions of neutral $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ states in “R-Hadronization”

In “charge suppr. scenario”
R-Hadrons become neutral before reaching muon system
→ Trk-only analysis still sensitive

$M_{\text{gluino}} > 311-398 \text{ GeV}$



Search for Stopped Gluinos

(10/pb, 63 hours, peak $L_{\text{int}} = 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$)



- Slow-moving R-Hadrons ($\beta < 0.4$) can loose enough energy to stop**, by interacting with the dense material of CMS detector (mostly in HCAL)
- Look for subsequent decay** during times **where there is no beam** (in between LHC bunches) using dedicated jet trigger

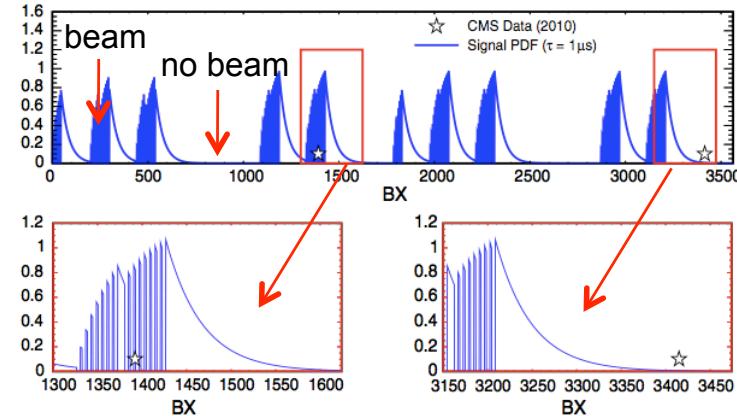
$$\text{BR}(\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\% \text{ (Single-jet-like signature)}$$

- Cosmic/instrumental background derived from data control sample at low L_{int}
- Both counting experiment and time-profile analysis consistent with background only hypothesis, set limits

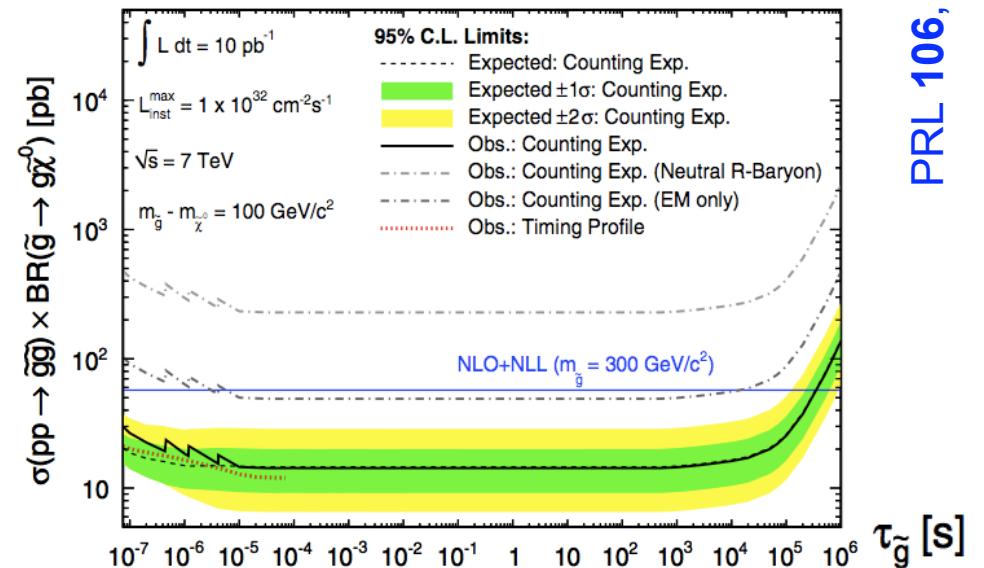
Counting experiment for $10^{-7} < \tau_{\text{gluino}} < 10^6 \text{ s}$

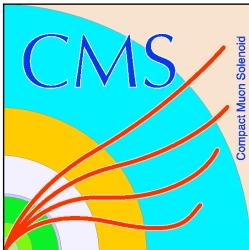
Lifetime [s]	Expected Background ($\pm \text{ stat} \pm \text{ syst}$)	Observed
1×10^{-7}	$0.8 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	2
1×10^{-6}	$1.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.5$	3
1×10^{-5}	$4.9 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3$	5
1×10^6	$4.9 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3$	5

Time-profile analysis for $\tau_{\text{gluino}} < 100 \mu\text{s}$ (~LHC orbit)



$$M_{\tilde{g}} > 370 \text{ GeV}, \tau = 10 \mu\text{s} - 1000 \text{ s}$$



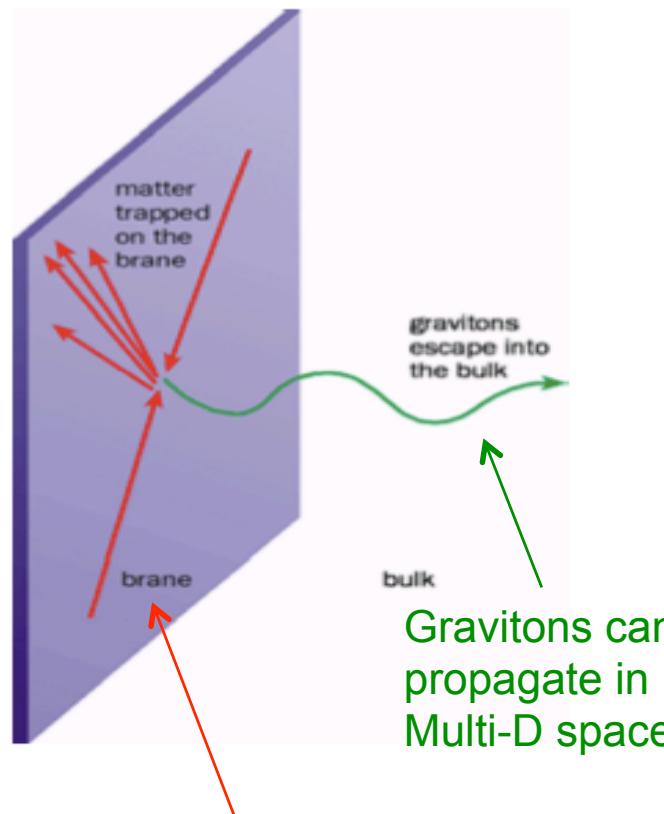


Large Extra Dimensions (ADD model)

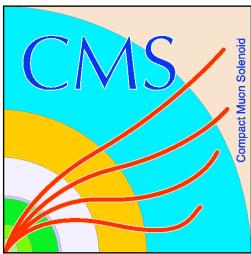
PLB 429 (1998) 263



- Hierarchy problem: $M_{Pl} \sim 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$, $M_{EW} \sim 10^2 \text{ GeV}$
- The ADD model solves it
 - “n” extra dimensions in space of size “r”
 - Gravity only propagates through multi-D space
- **True Planck scale (M_D) lowered to TeV scale**
→ graviton production possible at LHC
- We have searched for LED in:
 - 1) Di-photon ($\gamma\gamma$)
 - 2) Di-muon ($\mu\mu$)
 - 3) Mono-jet + MET
 - 4) Microscopic Black Holes



Standard Model lives in 3+1 D space-time



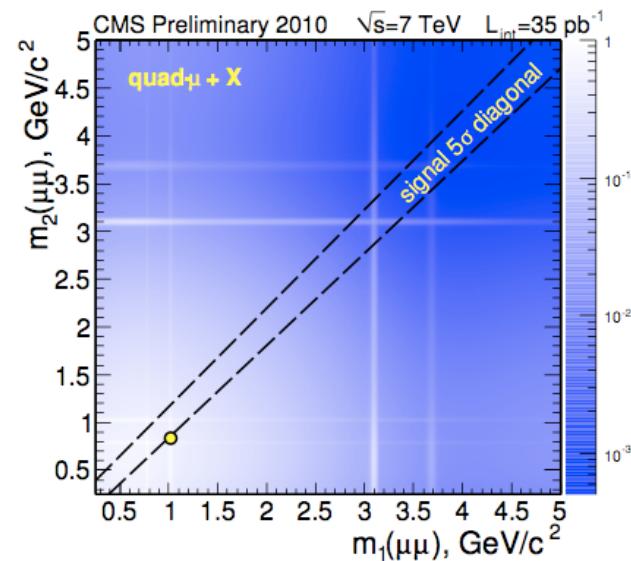
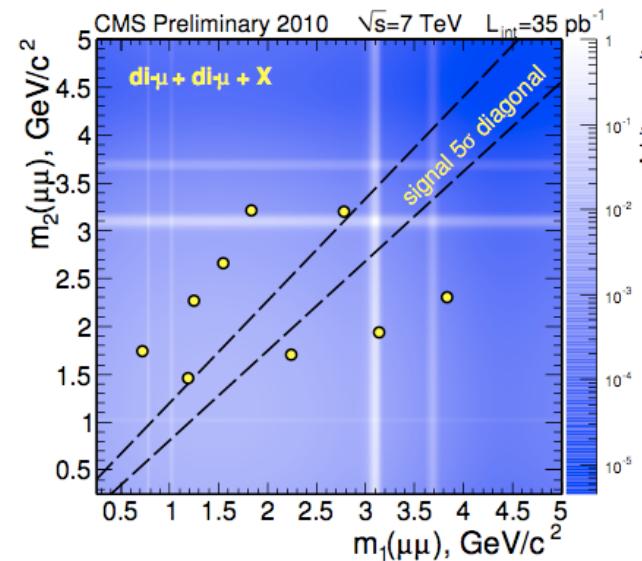
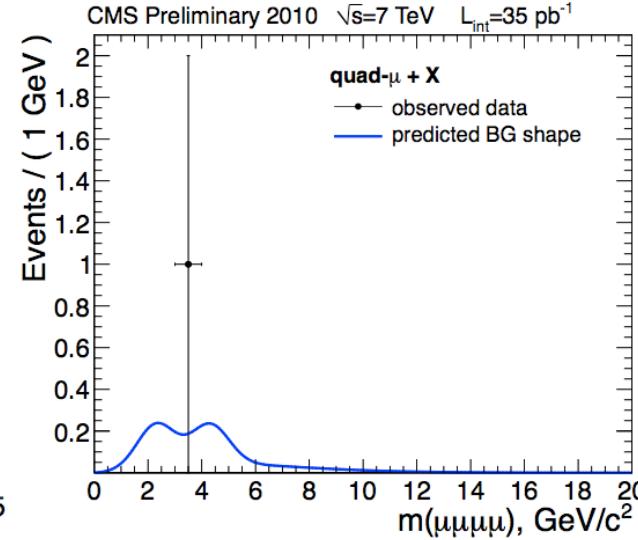
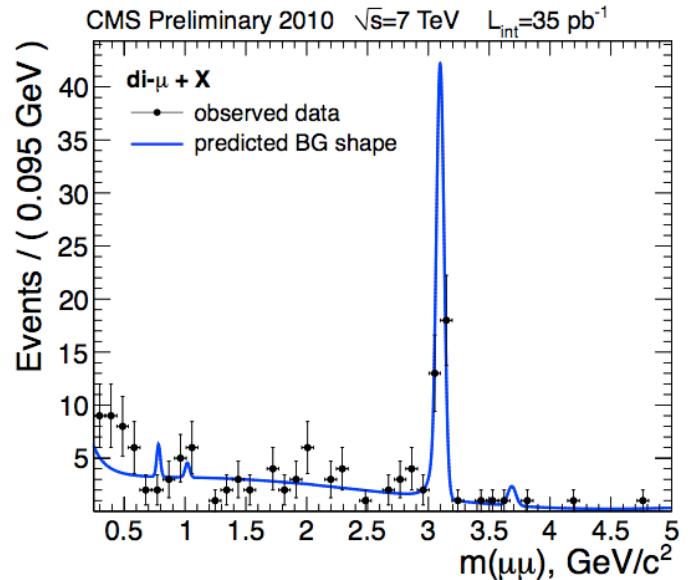
di- μ jet

- (a) they are opposite-sign,
- (b) their invariant mass < 9 GeV/c^2 ,
- (c) they have a consistent vertex

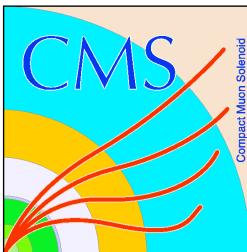
Lepton jets (1)

First Public
Presentation
of this Result

EXO-11-013



$m_2 \rightarrow m_1 m_1$
 $m_1 \rightarrow \mu\mu$



Lepton jets (2)

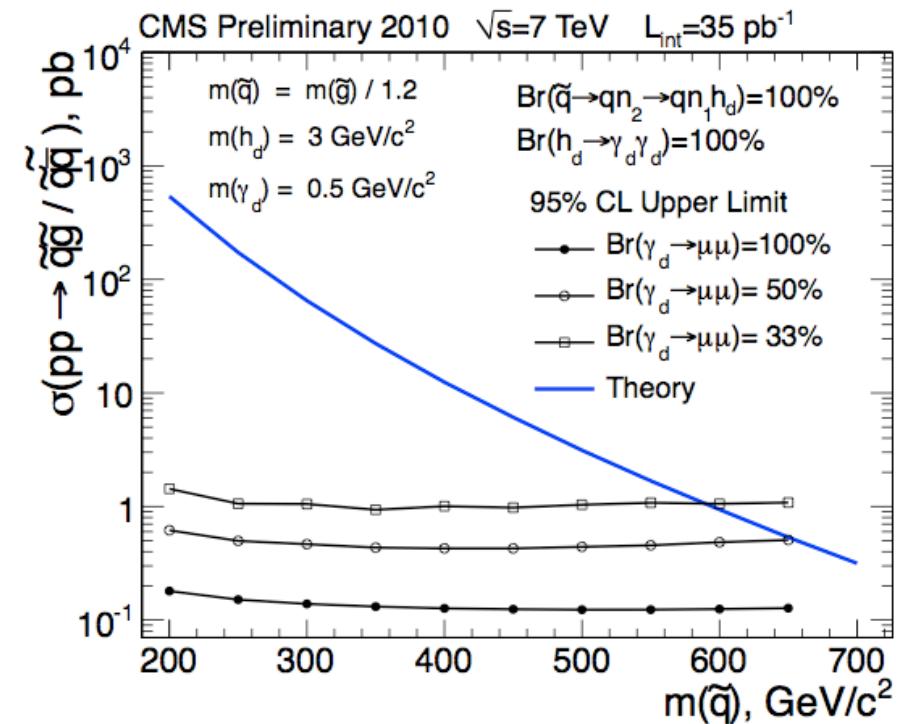
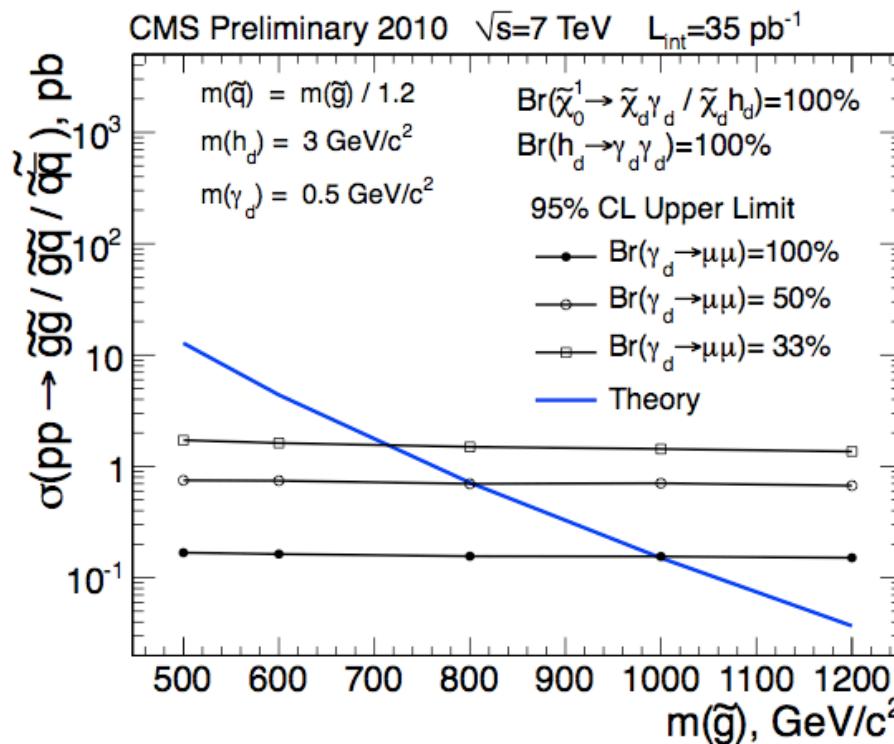
First Public
Presentation
of this Result

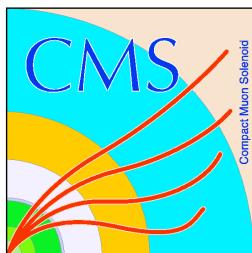
EXO-11-013



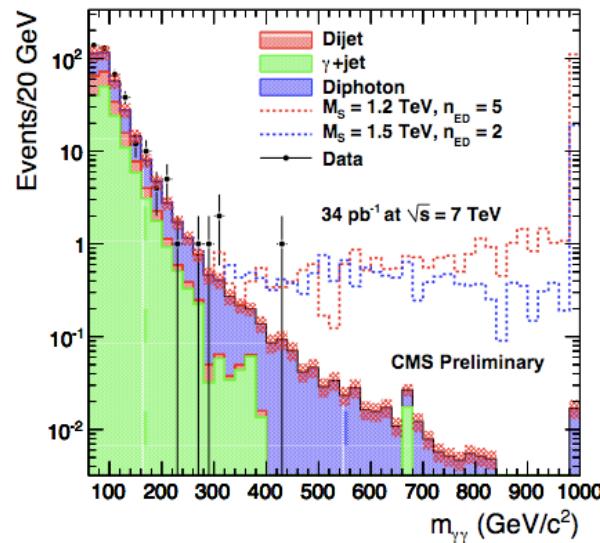
- Model of SUSY dark matter with a ~ 1 GeV/c^2 dark photon, inspired by the PAMELA interstellar positron excess (PRL 103 (2009) 051801)

- Another dark SUSY model with a ~ 1 GeV/c^2 dark photon, always produced in pairs from dark higgs to 2 dark photons (to four muons). (JHEP 04 (2009) 014)

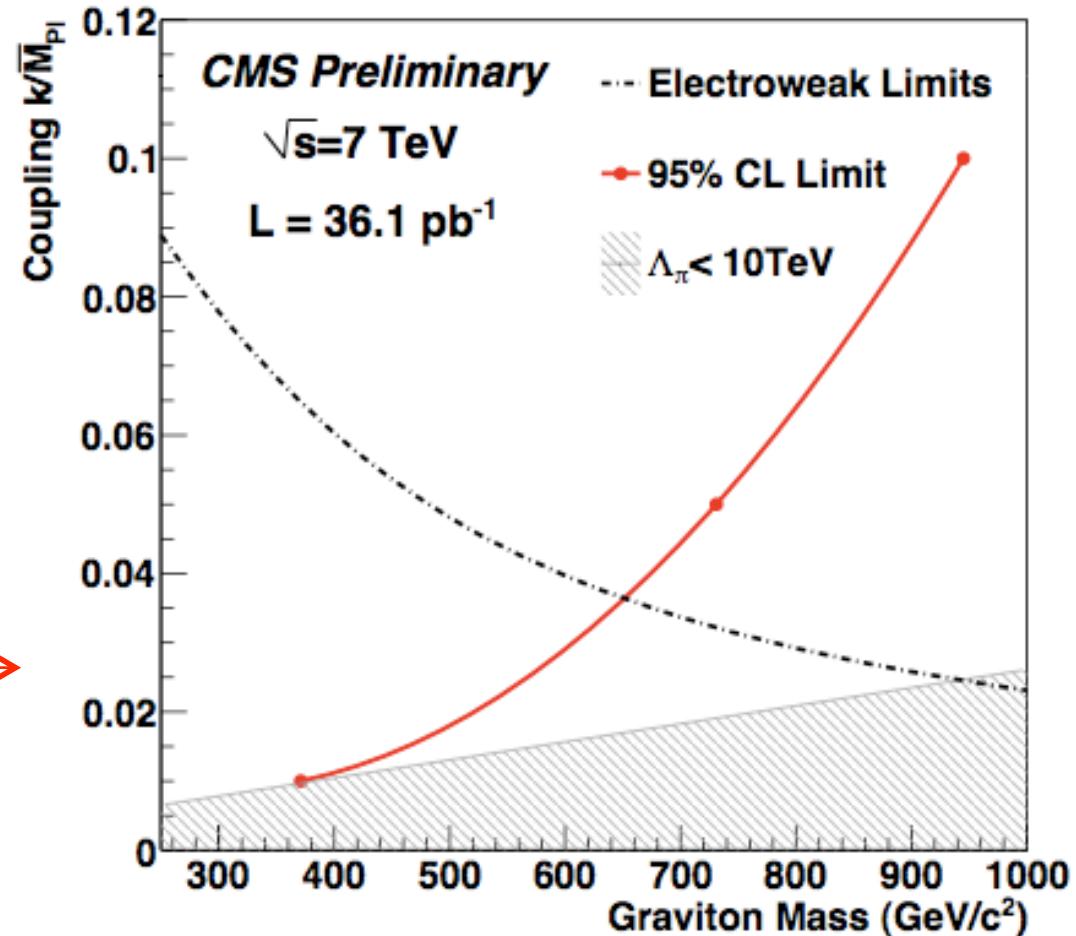




RS Graviton $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



Same $\gamma\gamma$ spectrum
of LED analysis
used to set limits on mass
on RS graviton resonances



EXO-10-019

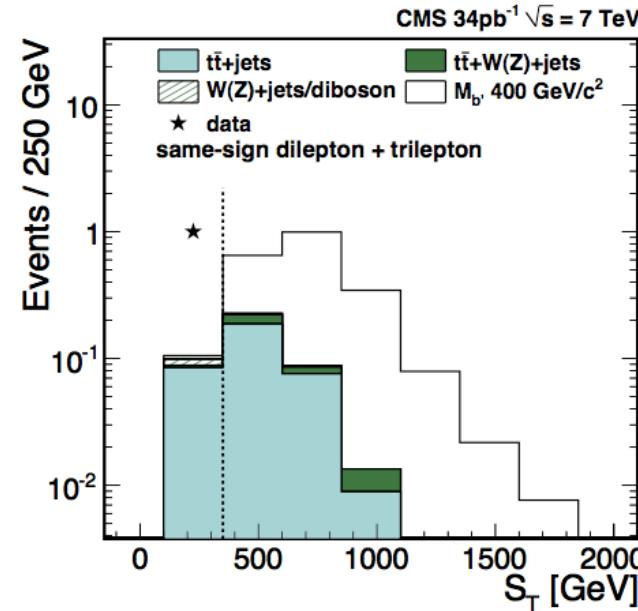
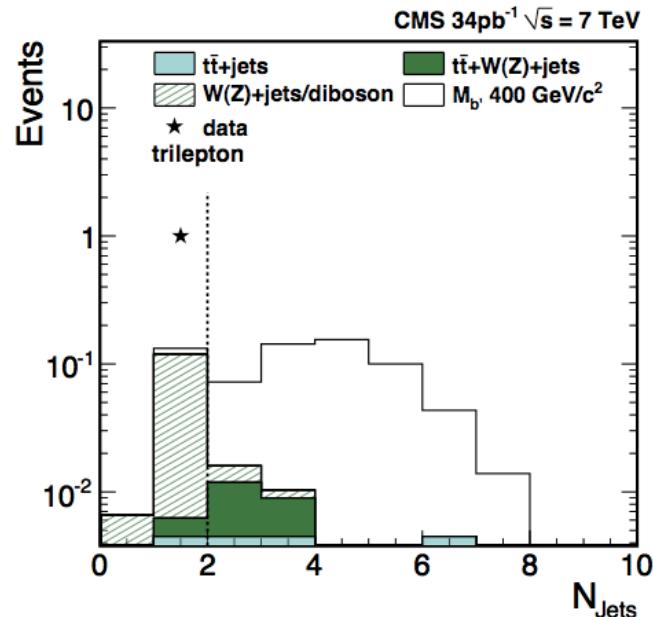
$M_{GKK} > 945 \text{ GeV}$
 $k/M_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1$

$b' \rightarrow tW$

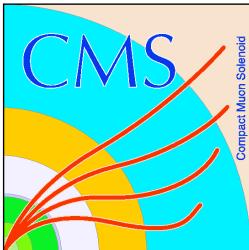
- Pair produced b' : $tWtW \rightarrow bWWbWW$
 - same-sign di-lepton, tri-lepton decays ($BR \sim 7.3\%$)
 - lepton (e/ μ) $PT > 20$ GeV
 - at least 2 (4) jets $PT > 25$ GeV for tri-lepton (same sign di-lepton)
 - Z veto: $|M(l\bar{l}) - M(Z)| < 10$ GeV
 - $ST = \text{Sum } PT(\text{jets}) + PT(\text{leptons}) + \text{MET} > 350$ GeV

- Data-driven background estimate
 - same-sign di-lepton: from fake rate + charge mis-ID
- Expected bkg = 0.3 ± 0.2
- 0 events observed

[arXiv:1102.4746](https://arxiv.org/abs/1102.4746),
Submitted to PLB



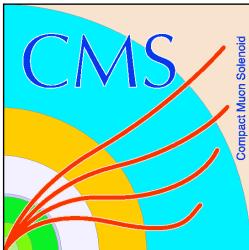
All selections are applied except the one corresponding to the plotted variable



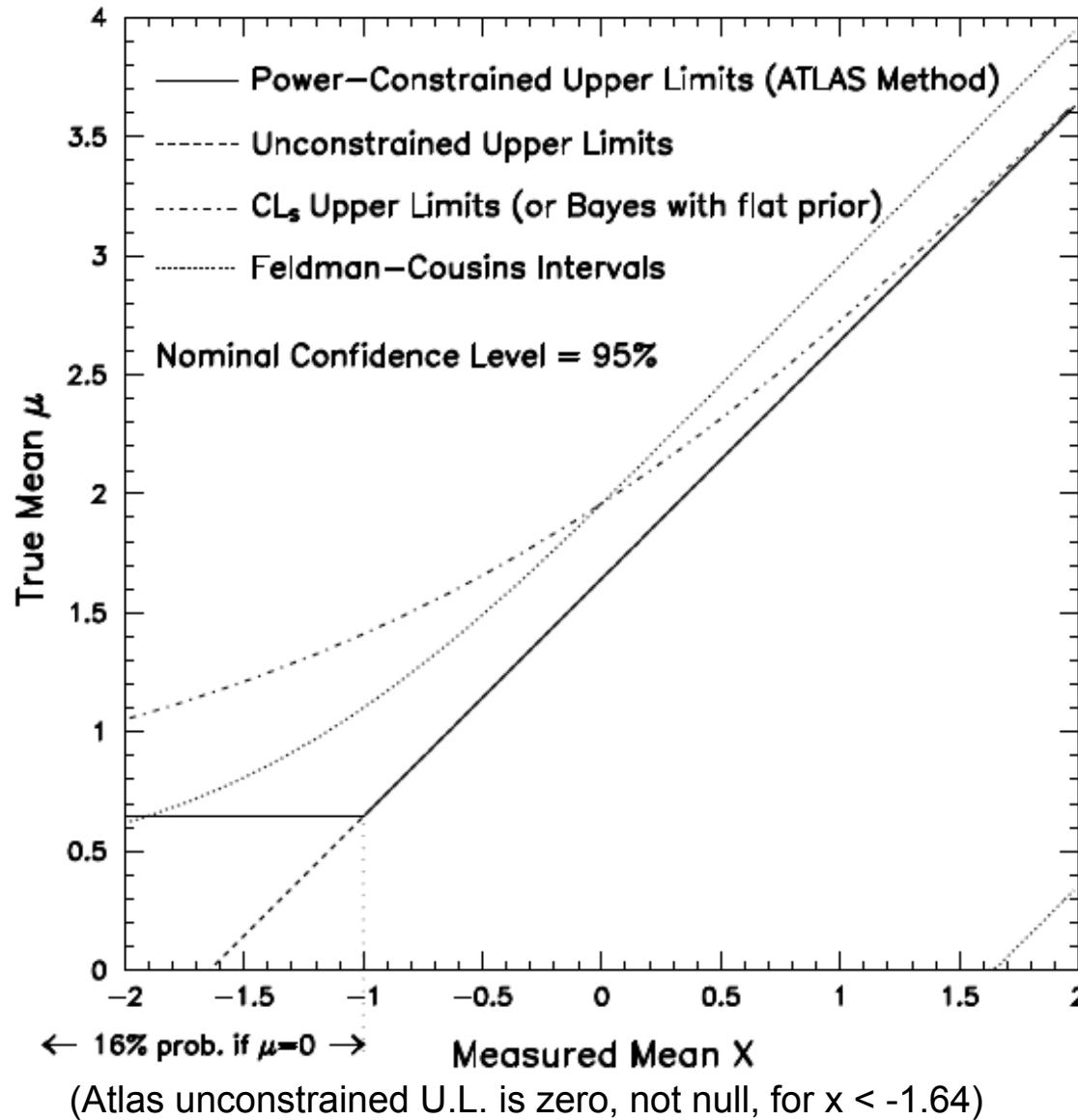
Intervals and Limits for a Physically Bounded μ



- Prototype: measurement x is unbiased Gaussian estimate of μ . (Let $\sigma=1$.) What is 95% C.L. Upper Limit (UL)?
- 1986: Six methods for UL surveyed by V. Highland (VH) include U.L. = $\max(0, x + 1.64)$ and U.L. = $\max(0,x) + 1.64$.
- RPP 1986: Bayesian: uniform prior on the mean μ for $\mu \geq 0$, prior prob = 0 for $\mu < 0$. (VH's other five not mentioned.)
- 1994,96: 3 ad-hoc frequentist recipes, one using $\max(x,0)$.
- 1998: Feldman & Cousins (FC) “Unified Approach” in (Kendall and Stuart) replaces ad hoc frequentist
- 2002: CL_S from LEP added to Bayesian and FC.
- CMS Statistics Committee recommends using (at least) one of the three (red) methods in 2002-present PDG RPP.
- ATLAS SC method implies U.L. = $\max(0, x + 1.64)$ before power constraint (PC), U.L. = $\max(-1,x) + 1.64$ after PC.



Comparison of ATLAS PCL with the three methods in PDG



ATLAS PCL re-opens discussion on use of diagonal line along with ad hoc constraint, out of favor for many years, not recommended by CMS SC.

CMS and ATLAS SC's are reviewing arguments and what has been learned in 25+ years. Academic statisticians have commented as well.

Just tip of iceberg: Poisson example brings in other issues. Nuisance parameters yet more. Choice of test statistic varies.