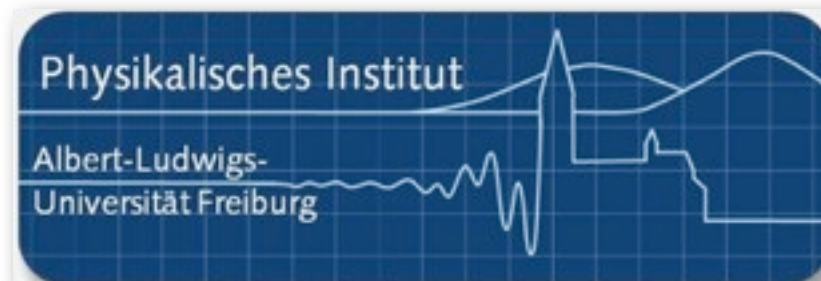




Search for supersymmetry in jets plus missing transverse momentum final states with the ATLAS detector

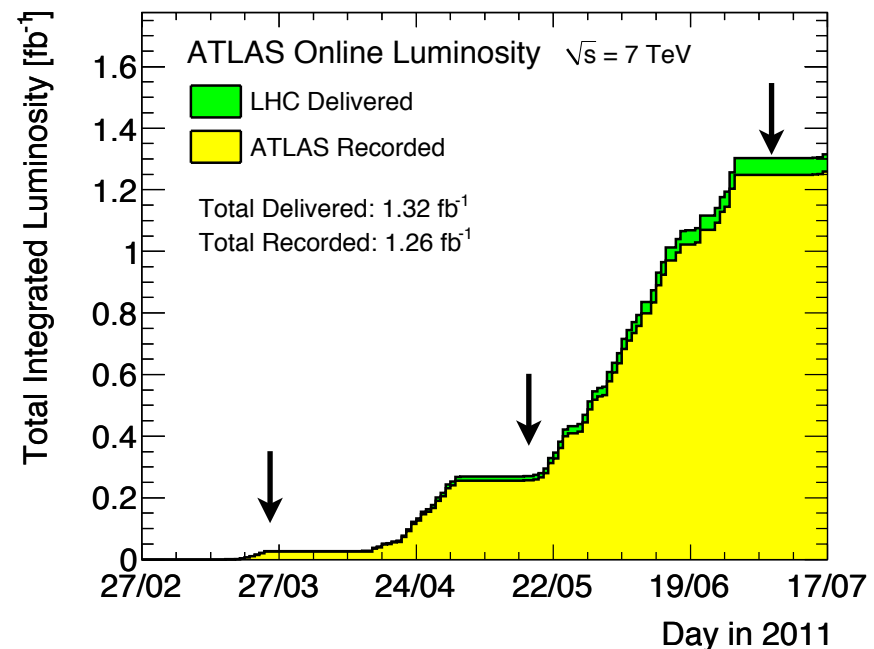
I. Vivarelli - Albert Ludwigs Universität, Freiburg
On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

International Europhysics Conference on High Energy Physics - Grenoble - July 21st-27th 2011



Introduction

- If accessible, **squarks and gluinos will be produced copiously** at the LHC
- In R-parity conserving scenarios, the simplest signature is **multiple jets and missing E_T** from $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- Previous results (with 35 pb^{-1}) published in Phys. Lett. B 701 (2011) p186.
- Intermediate result (with 165 pb^{-1}) released in spring: ATLAS-CONF-2011-086
- Analysis improved and updated **using 1 fb^{-1}**



Object definition

JET PRESELECTION:

- Anti- k_T - $\Delta R = 0.4$
- $P_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.8$

Missing E_T (MET):

- Reconstructed from the vectorial sum of all jets and leptons.
- Clusters not belonging to any jets are added to the MET

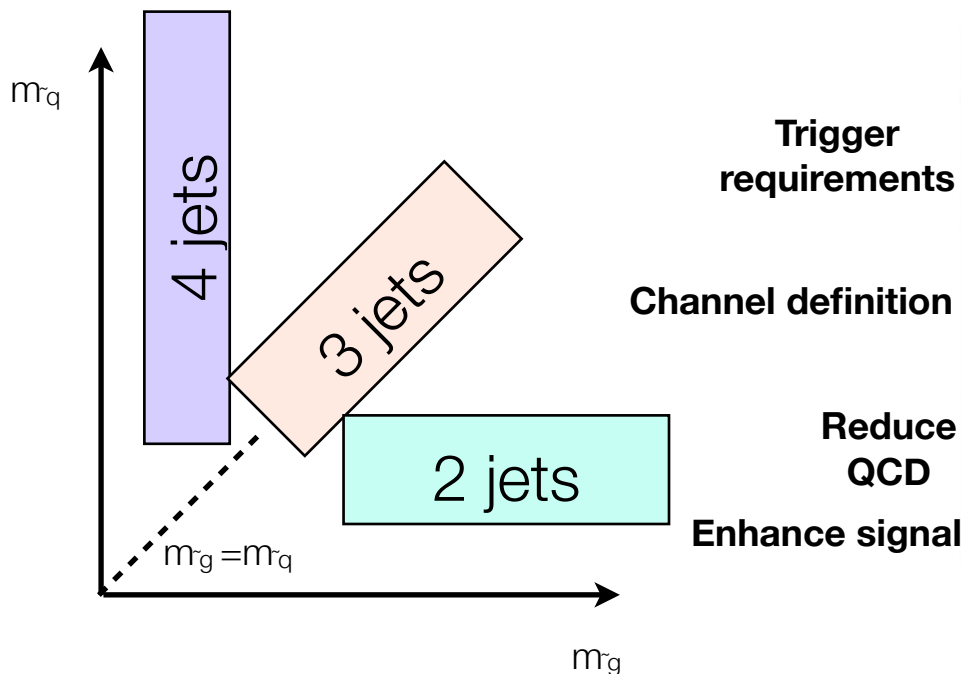
LEPTON VETO:

- **Electrons** Identified using shower shape and track matching criteria; $P_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.47$
- **Muons** identified with a track matching between the ID and muon spectrometer; $P_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$

- Events containing one lepton (e or μ) are analysed in a complementary analysis (see talk from H.Hayward, including results with searches with more complex final states)

Event selection

- Depending on the SUSY mass hierarchy, **different production processes favoured** ($\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\tilde{q}$)
- Signal regions optimised to **maximise sensitivity** to different production processes



Signal Region	≥ 2 jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 4 jets	High mass
E_T^{miss}	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Leading jet p_T	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Second jet p_T	> 40	> 40	> 40	> 80
Third jet p_T	–	> 40	> 40	> 80
Fourth jet p_T	–	–	> 40	> 80
$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, E_T^{\text{miss}})_{\text{min}}$	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/m_{\text{eff}}$	> 0.3	> 0.25	> 0.25	> 0.2
m_{eff} [GeV]	> 1000	> 1000	$> 500/1000$	> 1100

$$m_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{i=1}^n |\vec{p}_T^{\text{jet } i}| + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

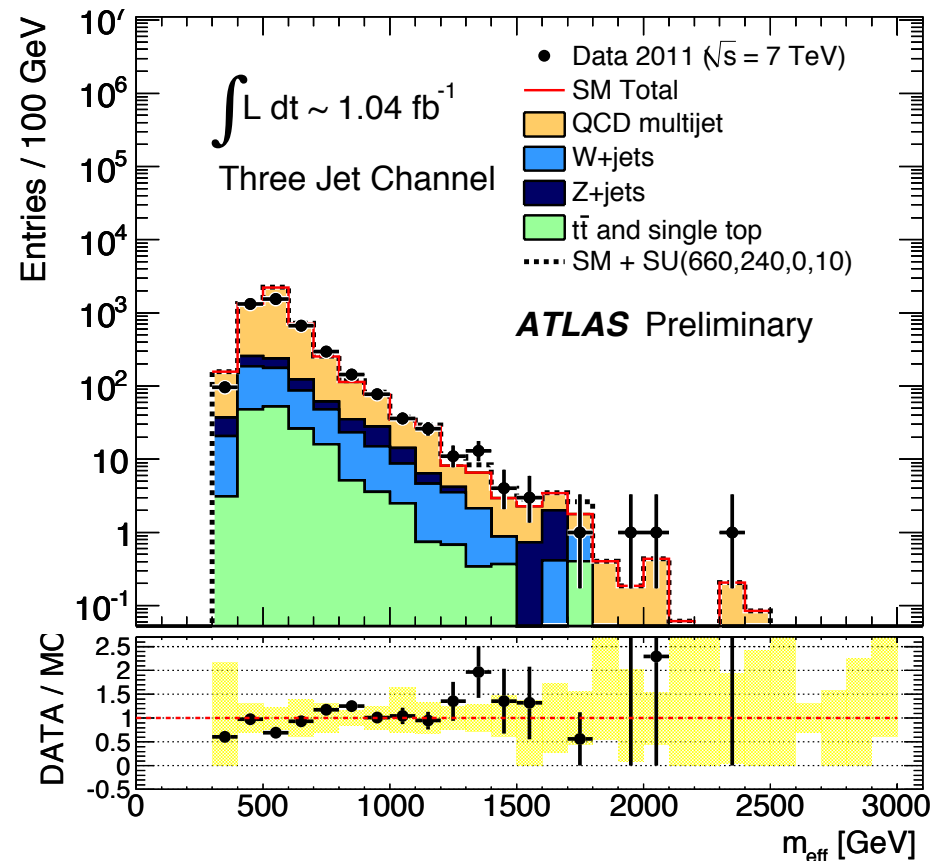
Analysis strategy

- Main expected SM background: W/Z + jets, top production, QCD multi-jet
- For each background, for each signal region, **one or more dedicated control regions** (CR)
- Background determination done with a **combined fit to all CRs** (mutual background contamination in CR and correlations automatically taken into account)
- **Transfer factors (TF) from each background process CR to the SR** are computed using a mix of data-driven and Monte Carlo driven techniques.

$$N(\text{SR, est, proc}) = N(\text{CR, obs, proc}) * \left[\frac{N(\text{SR, raw, proc})}{N(\text{CR, raw, proc})} \right]$$

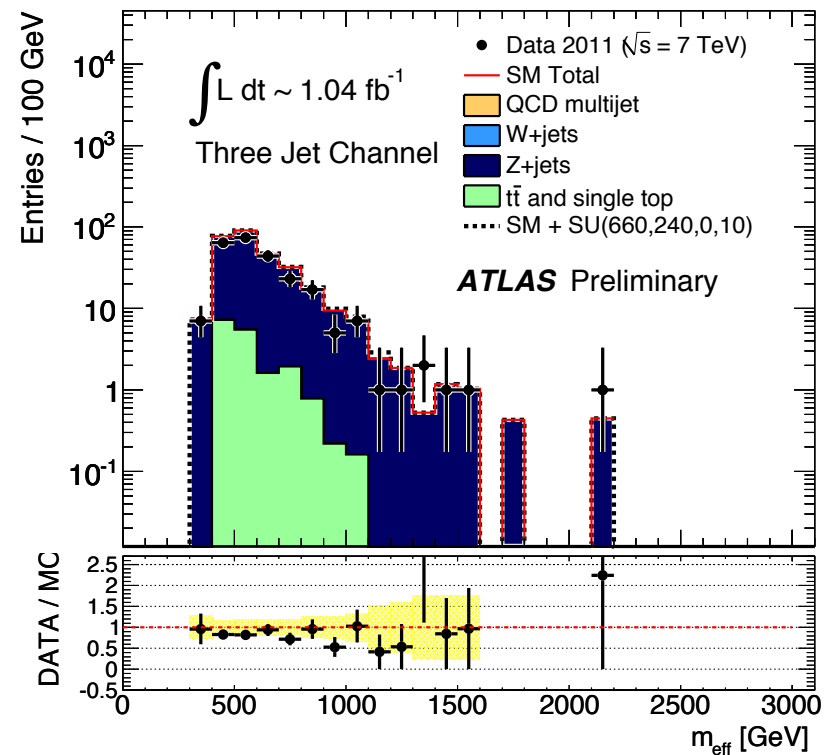
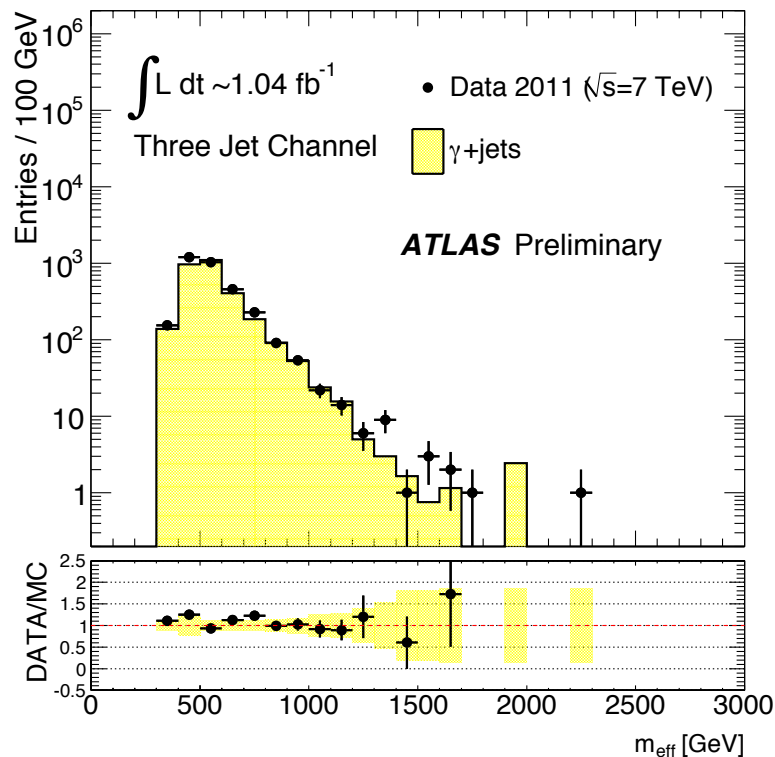
QCD background estimation

- QCD pseudo-events obtained by **smearing low E_T significance events** with a jet response function.
- Validation:
 - QCD prediction from pseudo-events compared to data **in events where $\Delta\phi_{\min}(\text{jet}, E_T^{\text{miss}}) < 0.4$**
 - QCD multi-jet events have large MET because of **jet mis-measurement or heavy flavours leptonic decays**.
 - In both cases MET tends to align with one of the jets



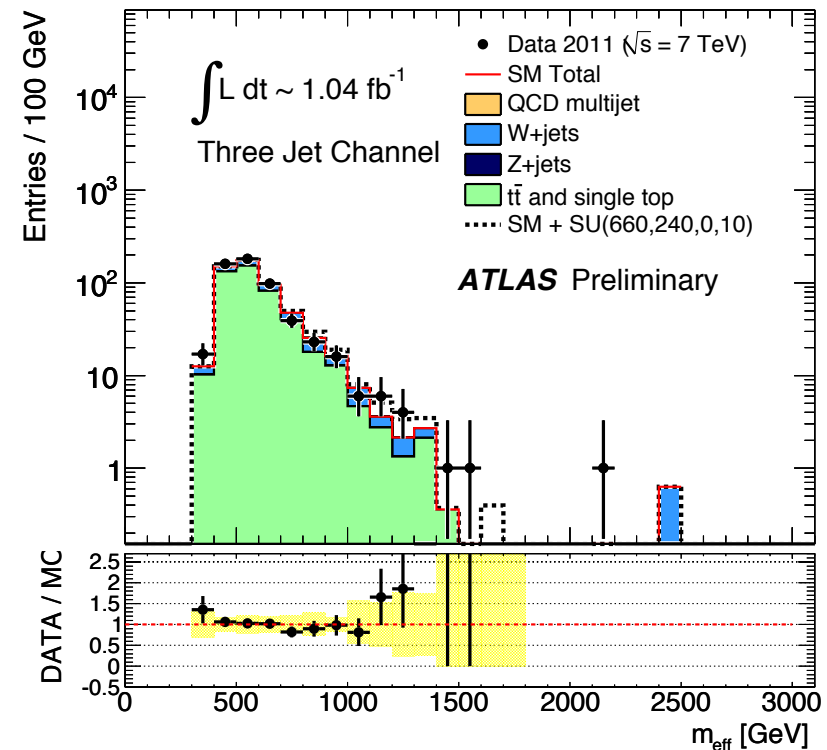
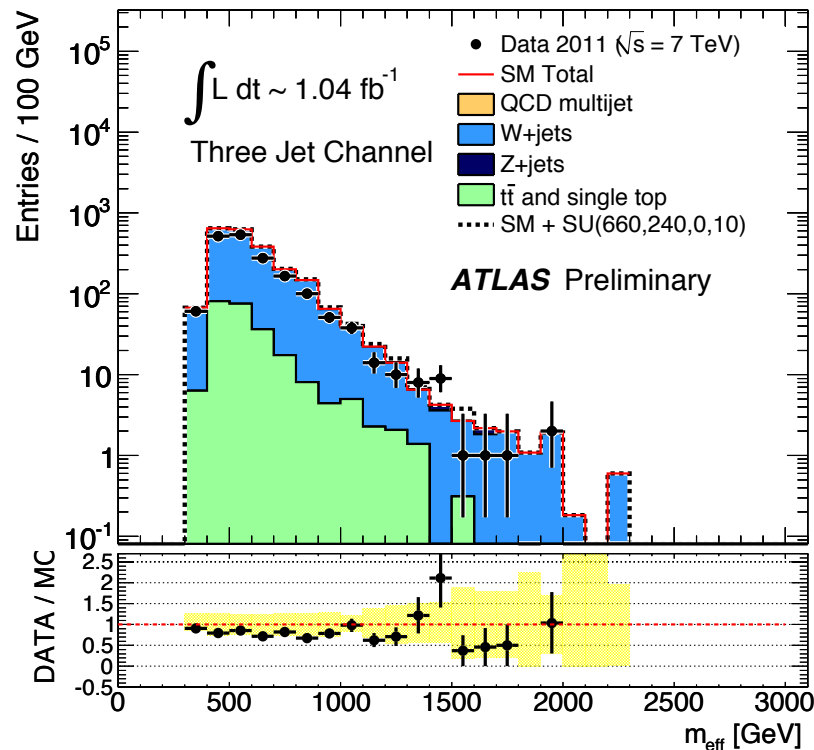
Z control region

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ is the dominant component of the total Z background
- Estimation done in 2 CR (in both cases replacing the boson with MET):
 - γ +jets events (use robustness of ratio between photon and Z production cross section)
 - $Z (\rightarrow ee, \mu\mu) + \text{jets}$



W and top control regions

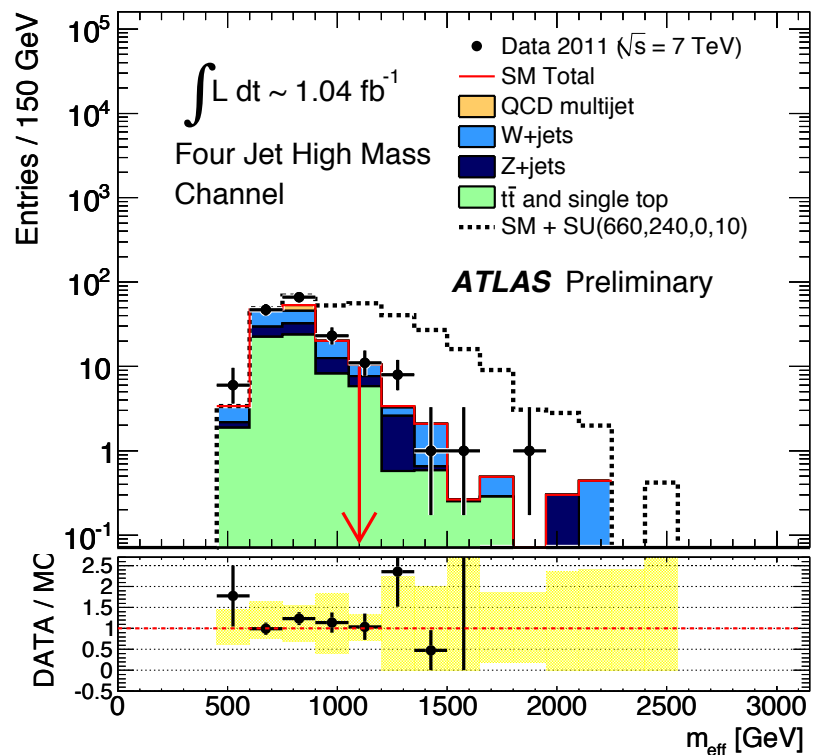
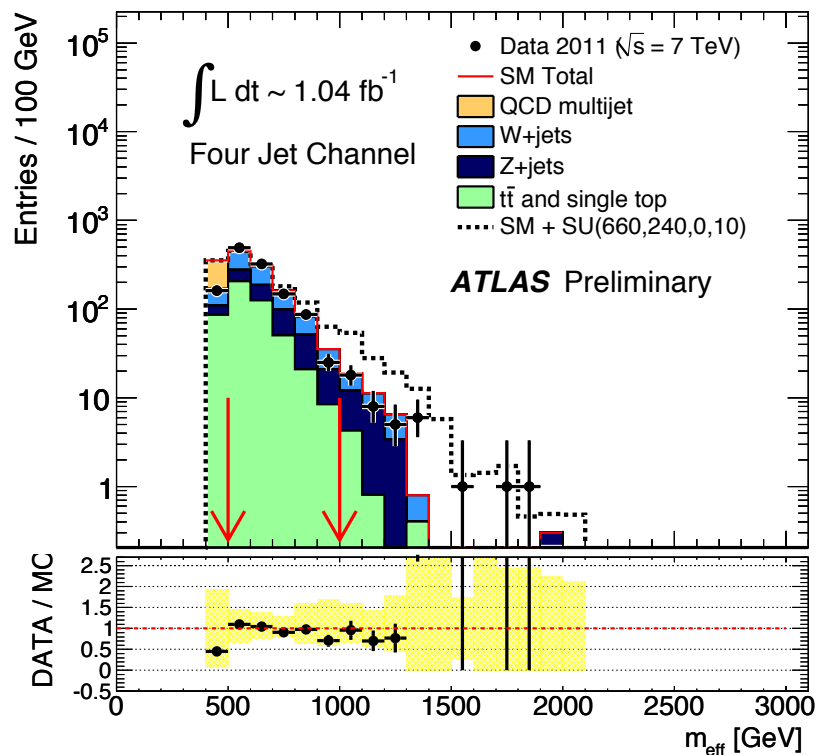
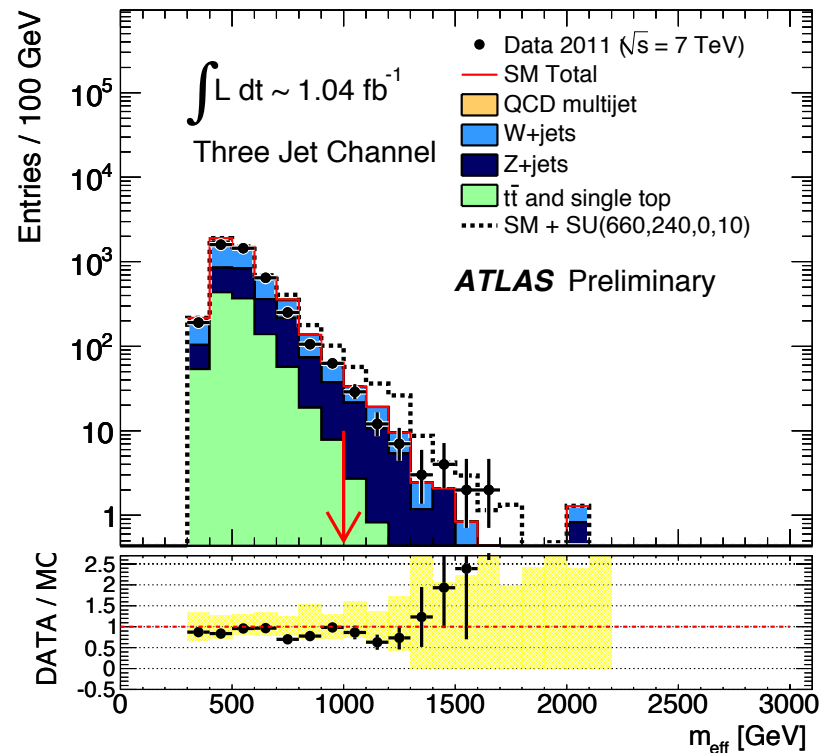
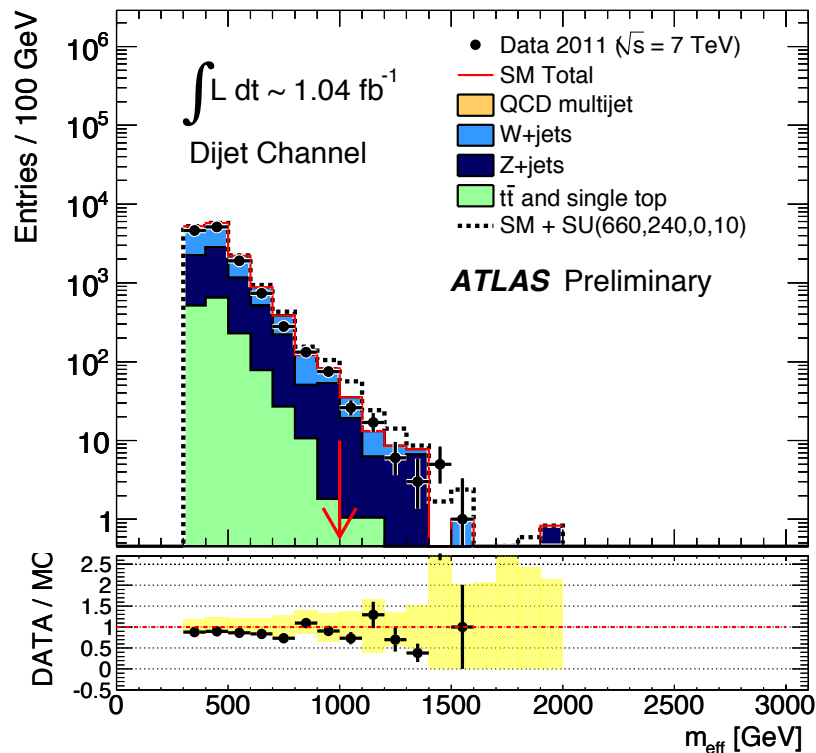
- Two control regions defined in events containing one additional lepton (additional selection $30 \text{ GeV} < M_T < 100 \text{ GeV}$):
 - Applying a b-tag veto a **W control region** is obtained.
 - Applying a b-tag requirement a **top control region** is obtained.



Systematic uncertainties

- Systematic uncertainties are reduced by the use of the transfer factors
- Jet energy scale and resolution uncertainties **derived using 2010 data**
 - Additional, conservative, uncertainties due to pileup considered
 - (typical effect on TF ~15%)
- **Monte Carlo modelling uncertainties** addressed by comparing transfer factor obtained with, e.g., ALPGEN or MC@NLO and varying renormalisation and factorisation scales (~25%)
- Depending on the CR: CR available statistics, lepton identification, b-tagging, etc. considered, typically with a smaller impact.

Results

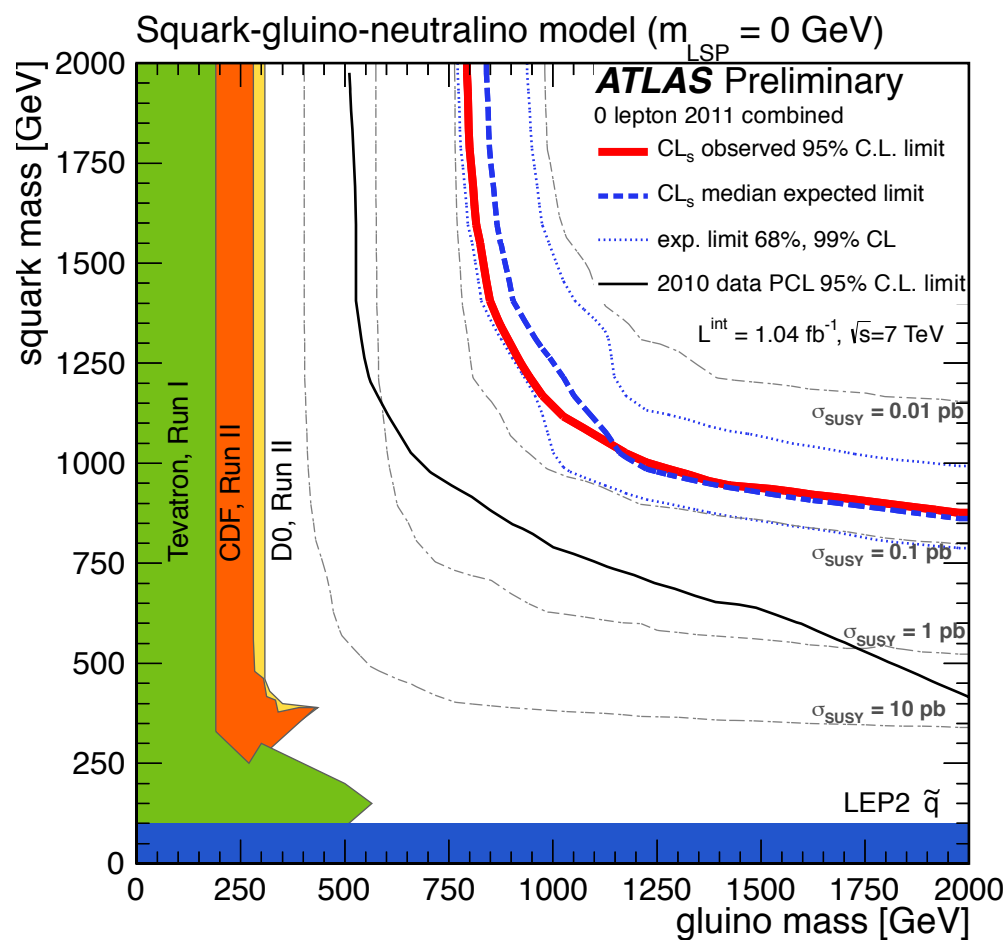


Results

Process	Signal Region				
	≥ 2 -jet	≥ 3 -jet	≥ 4 -jet, $m_{\text{eff}} > 500$ GeV	≥ 4 -jet, $m_{\text{eff}} > 1000$ GeV	High mass
Z/ γ +jets	32.5 \pm 2.6 \pm 6.8	25.8 \pm 2.6 \pm 4.9	208 \pm 9 \pm 37	16.2 \pm 2.1 \pm 3.6	3.3 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3
W+jets	26.2 \pm 3.9 \pm 6.7	22.7 \pm 3.5 \pm 5.8	367 \pm 30 \pm 126	12.7 \pm 2.1 \pm 4.7	2.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.2
$t\bar{t}$ + single top	3.4 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.6	5.6 \pm 2.0 \pm 2.2	375 \pm 37 \pm 74	3.7 \pm 1.2 \pm 2.0	5.6 \pm 1.7 \pm 2.1
QCD jets	0.22 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.24	0.92 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.46	34 \pm 2 \pm 29	0.74 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.51	2.10 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.83
Total	62.3 \pm 4.3 \pm 9.2	55 \pm 3.8 \pm 7.3	984 \pm 39 \pm 145	33.4 \pm 2.9 \pm 6.3	13.2 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.6
Data	58	59	1118	40	18
excluded σ_{acc} (fb)	24	30	477	32	17

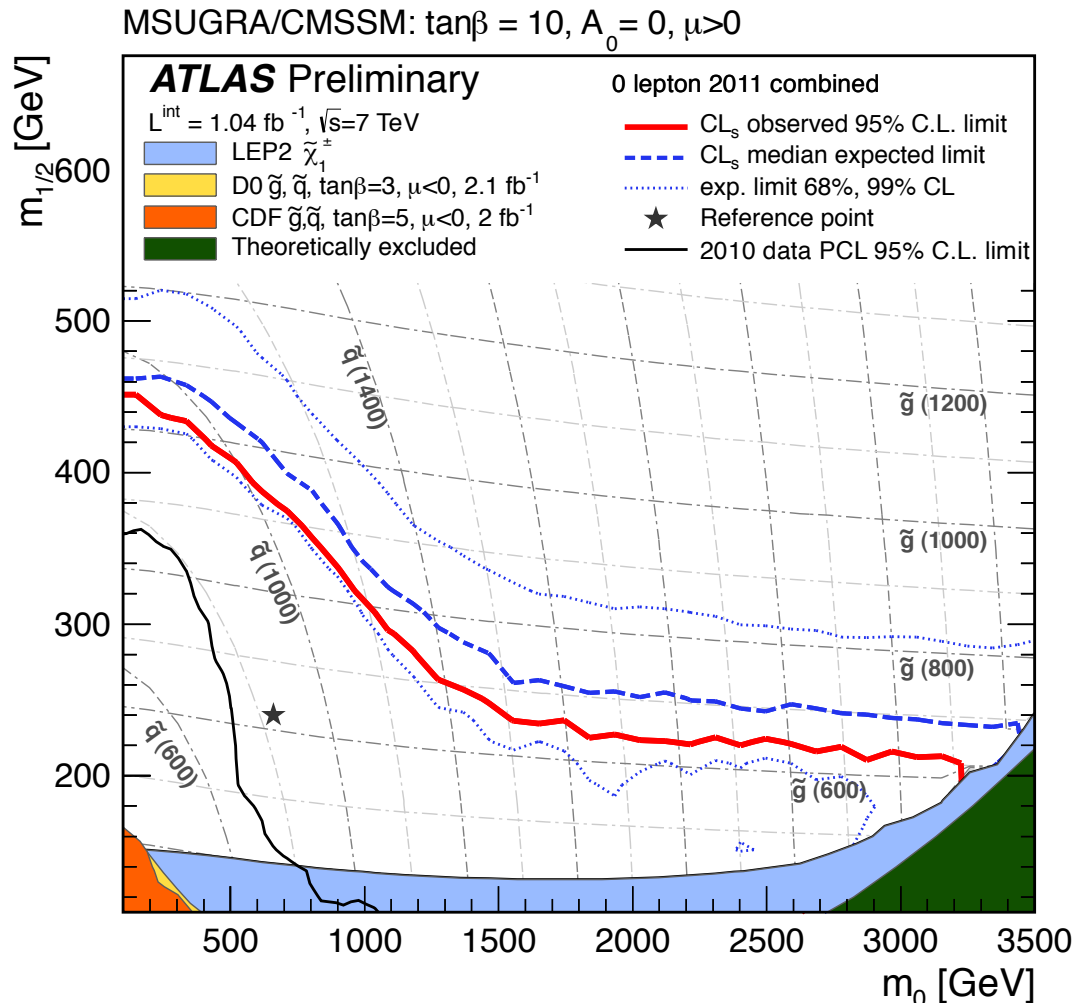
- **No discrepancy** with respect to SM predictions.
- The result is interpreted as a **95% CL exclusion limit** on effective cross sections using a profile likelihood ratio approach following the CLs prescriptions.
- Analysis giving best expected limit used in each point.

Result interpretation (1)



- Simplified model (pheno MSSM) interpretation:
 - **LSP mass set to 0**, all other sparticle masses set to 5 TeV except a common (1st and 2nd generation) squark mass and the gluino mass (shown in the plot)
 - **Up to $m \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$** excluded for equal gluino-squark masses (2010 limit extended by $\sim 250 \text{ GeV}$).
- Exclusion limit not too sensitive to the neutralino mass up to $\sim 200 \text{ GeV}$

Result interpretation (2)



- Results interpreted in mSUGRA/CMSSM ($A_0 = 0, \tan\beta = 10, \mu > 0$)
- Limit in **large m_0** region profits from the introduction of signal regions **with large jet multiplicities.**
- Equal squark-gluino masses excluded below 980 GeV

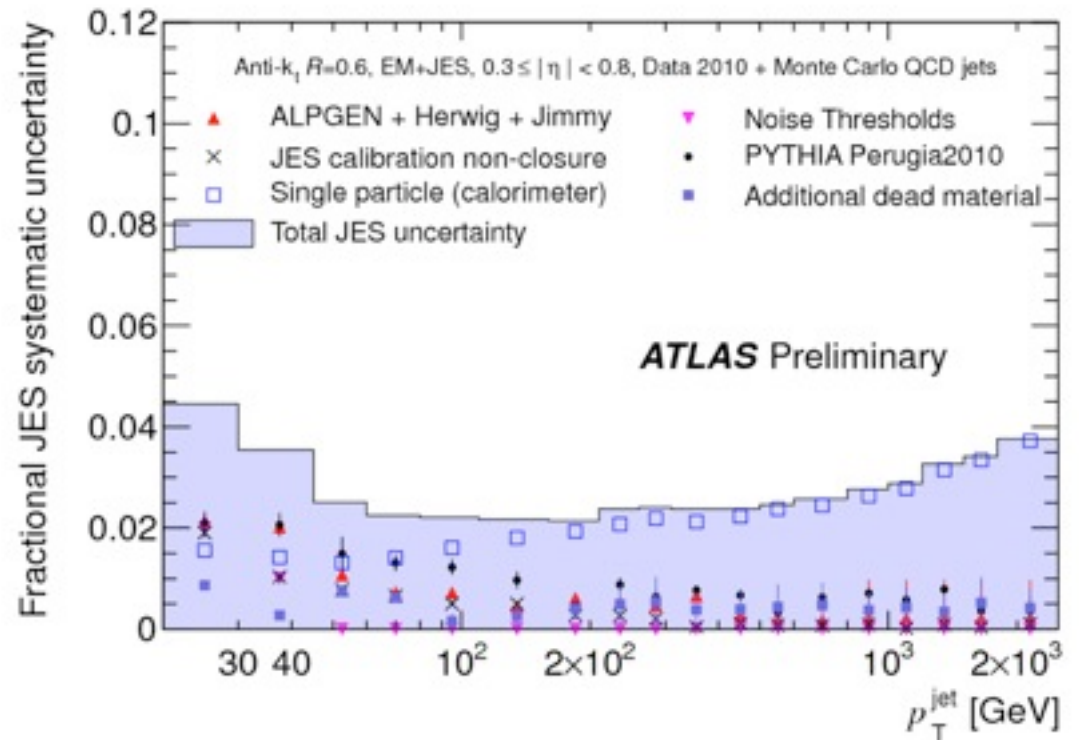
Conclusions

- The ATLAS search for **R-parity conserving SUSY** in final states with **jets and transverse missing momentum** has been updated to $L = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ and the analysis strategy improved.
- **Full agreement with SM prediction** observed in five signal regions defined based on jet multiplicity and m_{eff} cut.
- The results have been used to derive a **95% CL exclusion limit**:
 - In simplified models with only squark (1st and 2nd generation) and gluino accessible, **$m \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$ excluded if $m_g = m_q$** .
 - In mSUGRA/CMSSM, **equal gluino and squark masses are excluded up to 980 GeV**.
 - A paper is in preparation.

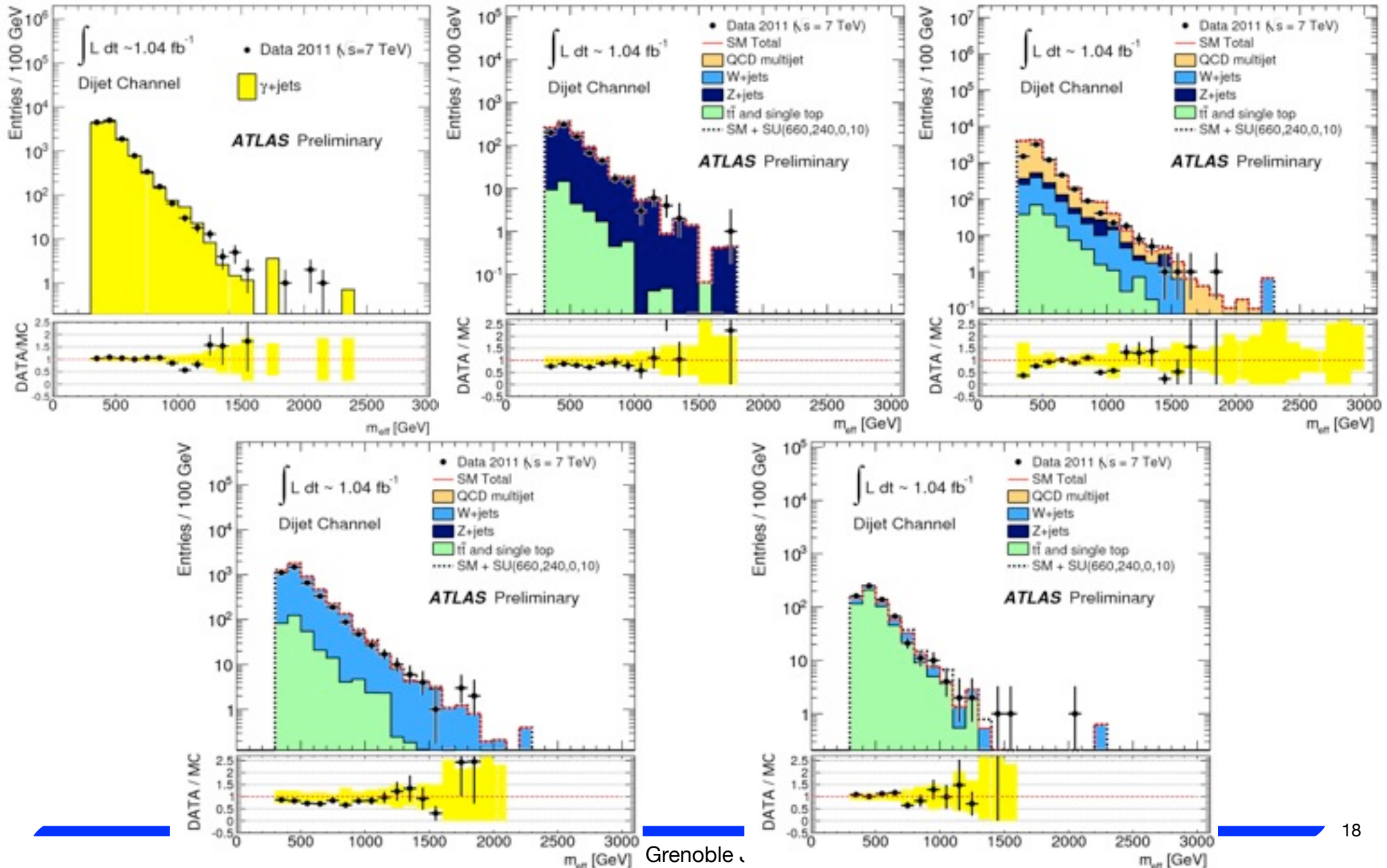
Backup

Jet energy scale uncertainties

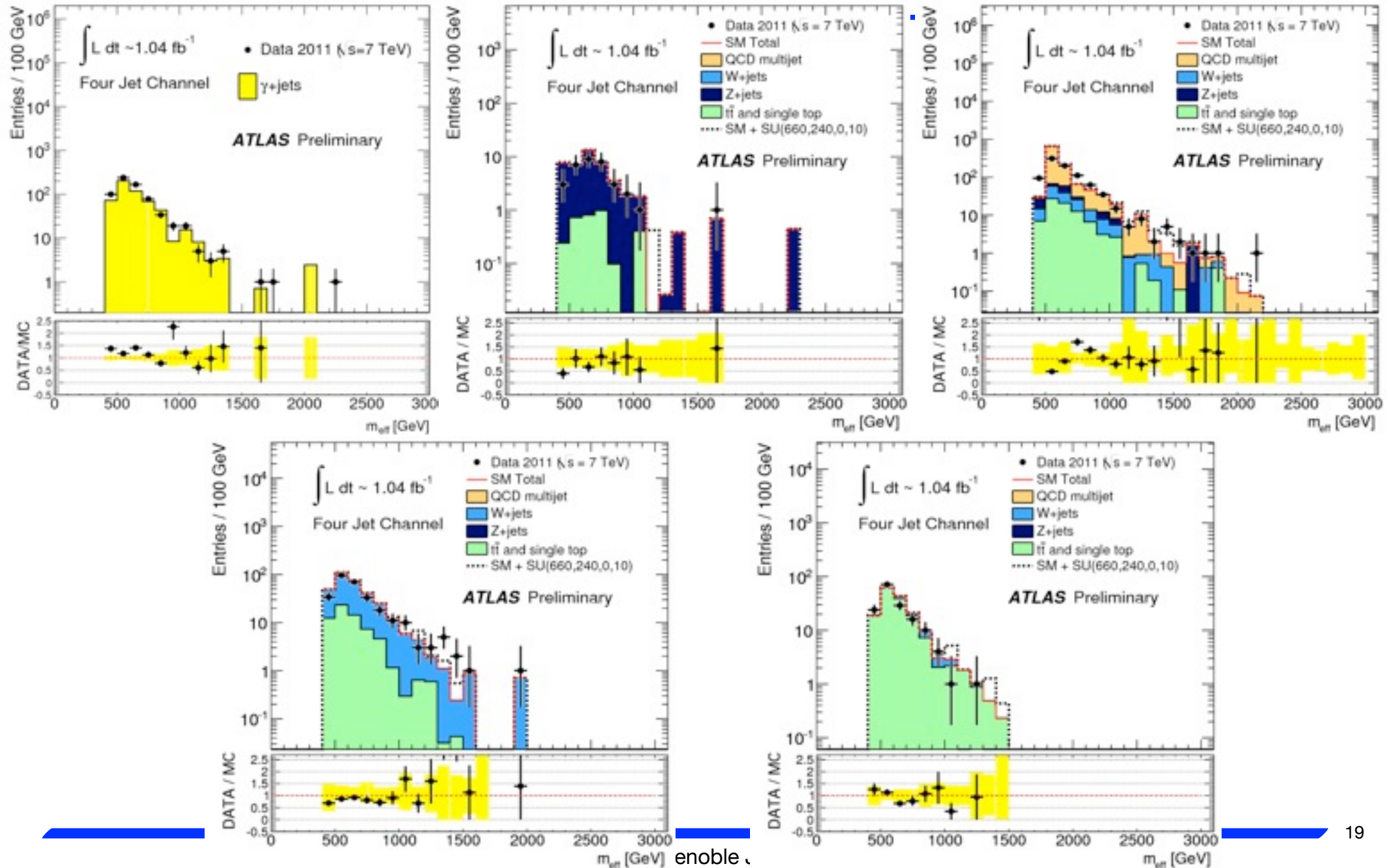
- Derived using 2010 data
- Main component of the uncertainty at high p_T : calorimeter uncertainty
- Additional uncertainties taken into account:
 - 2011 pileup
 - response dependency on the flavour
 - response dependency on jet isolation



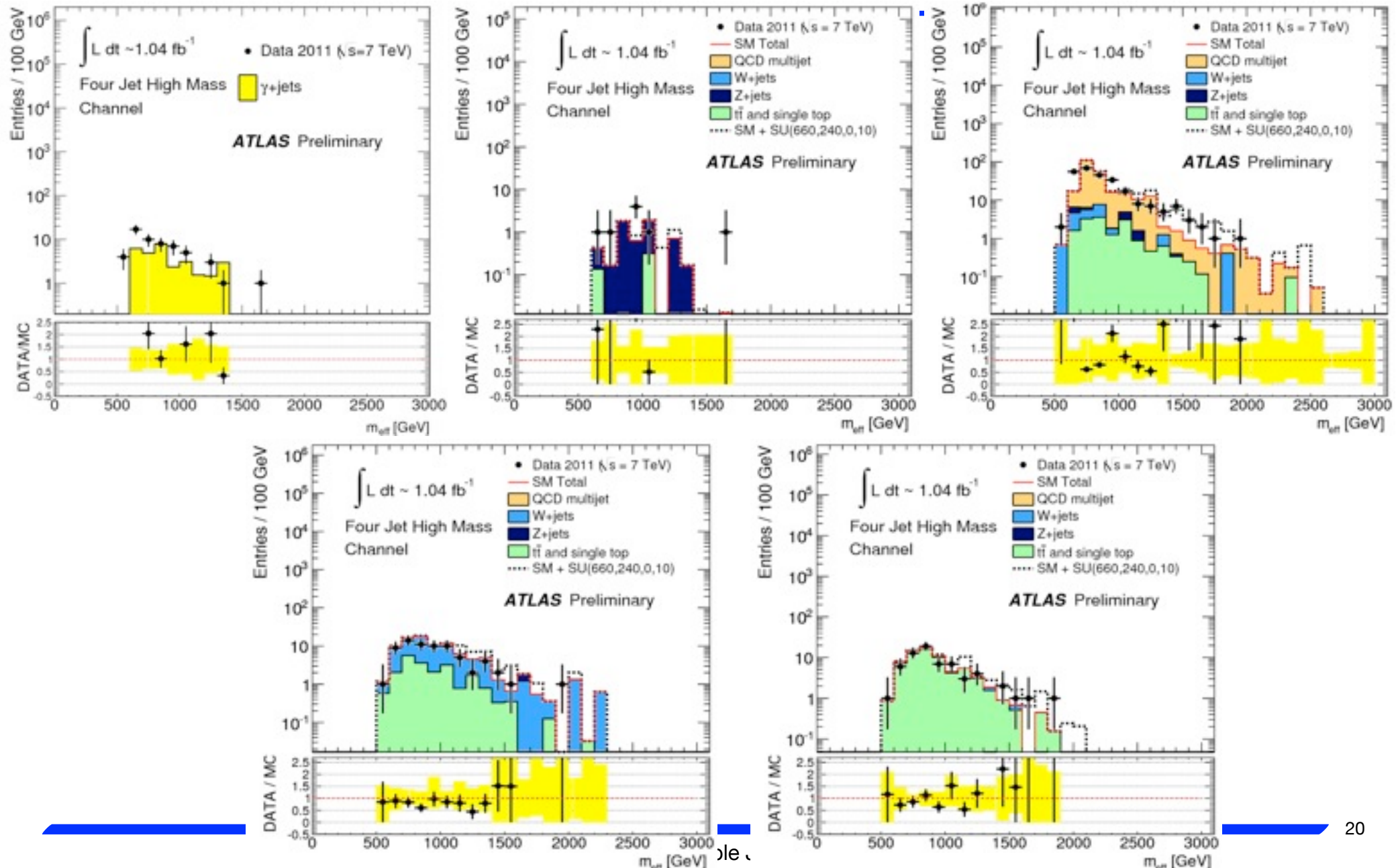
2 jets signal region control plots



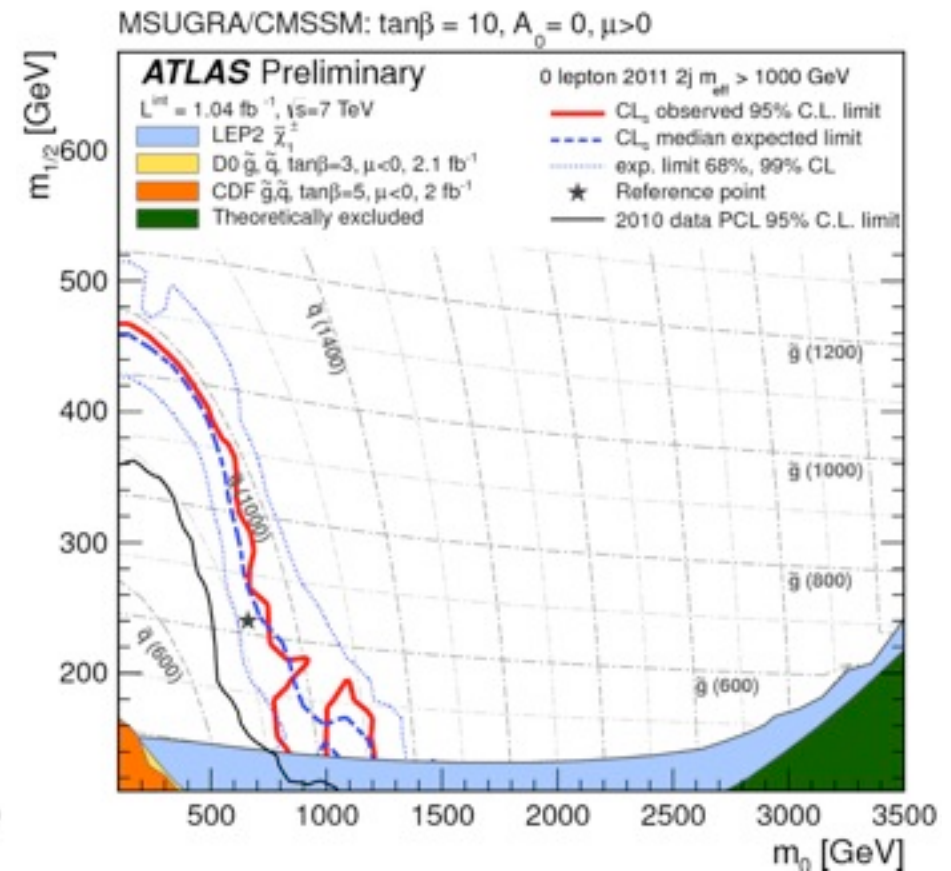
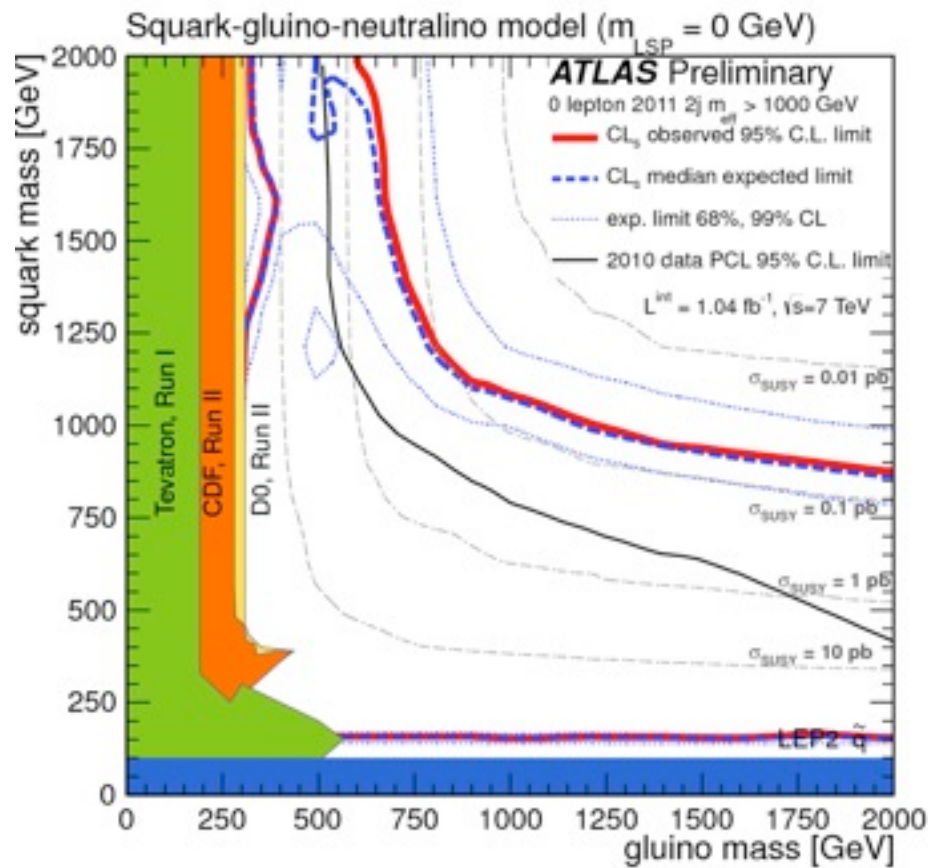
4 jets signal region control plots



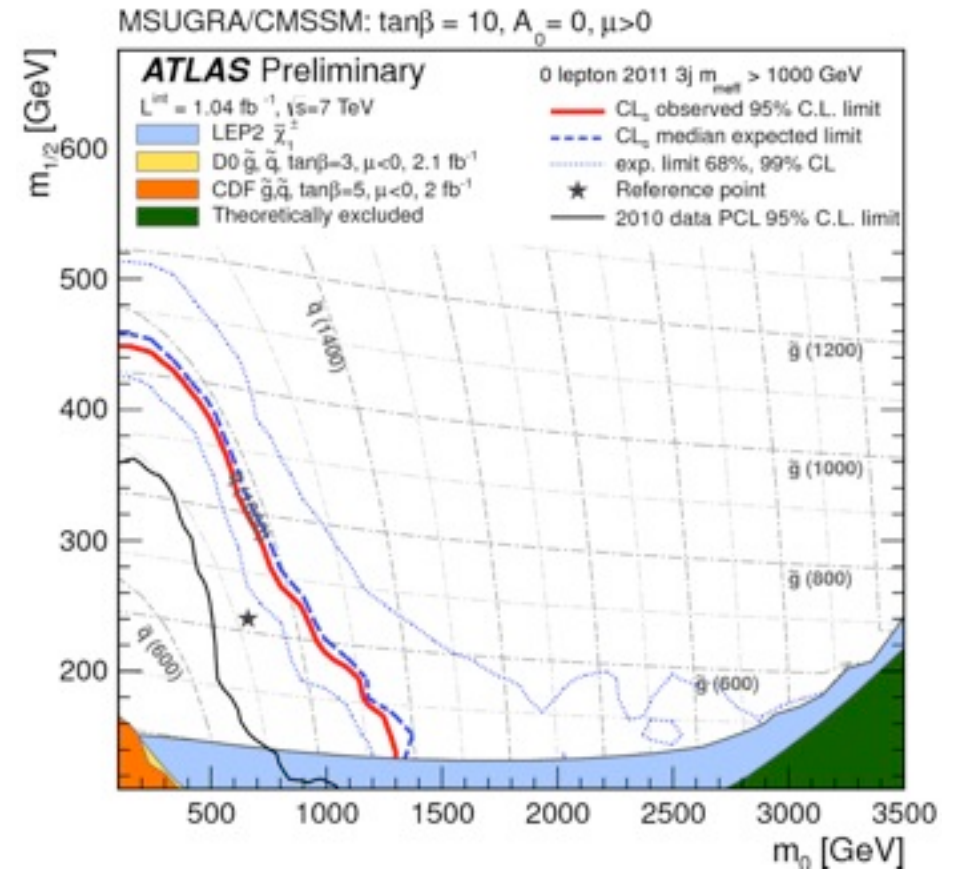
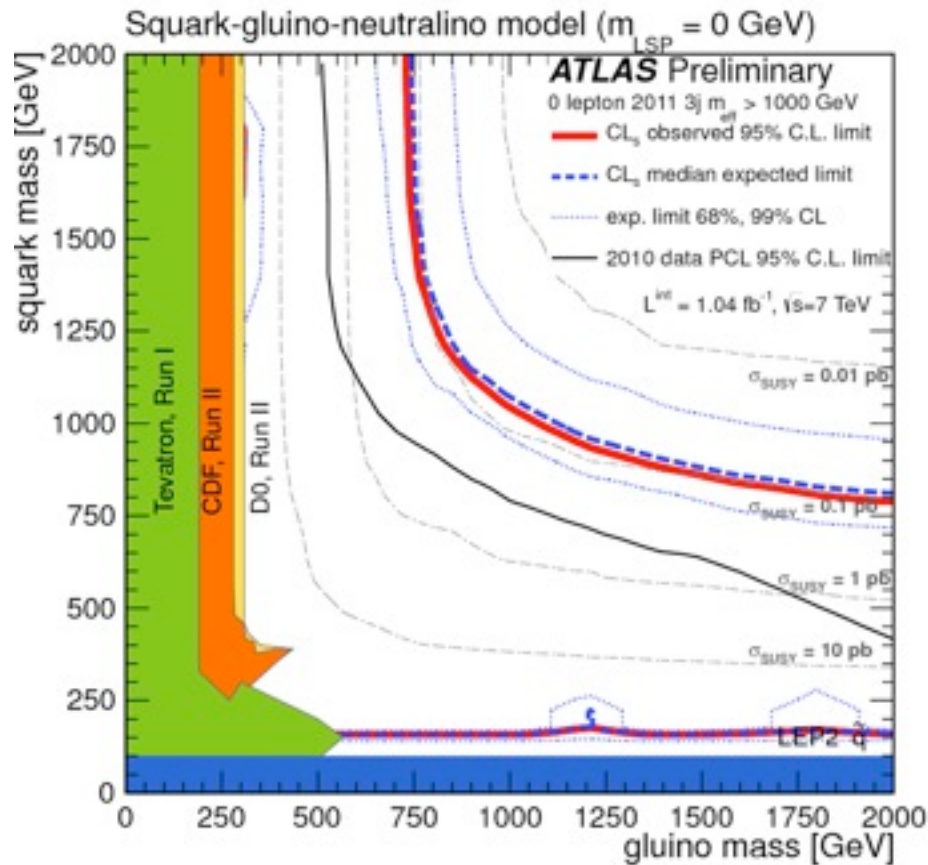
High mass signal region control plots



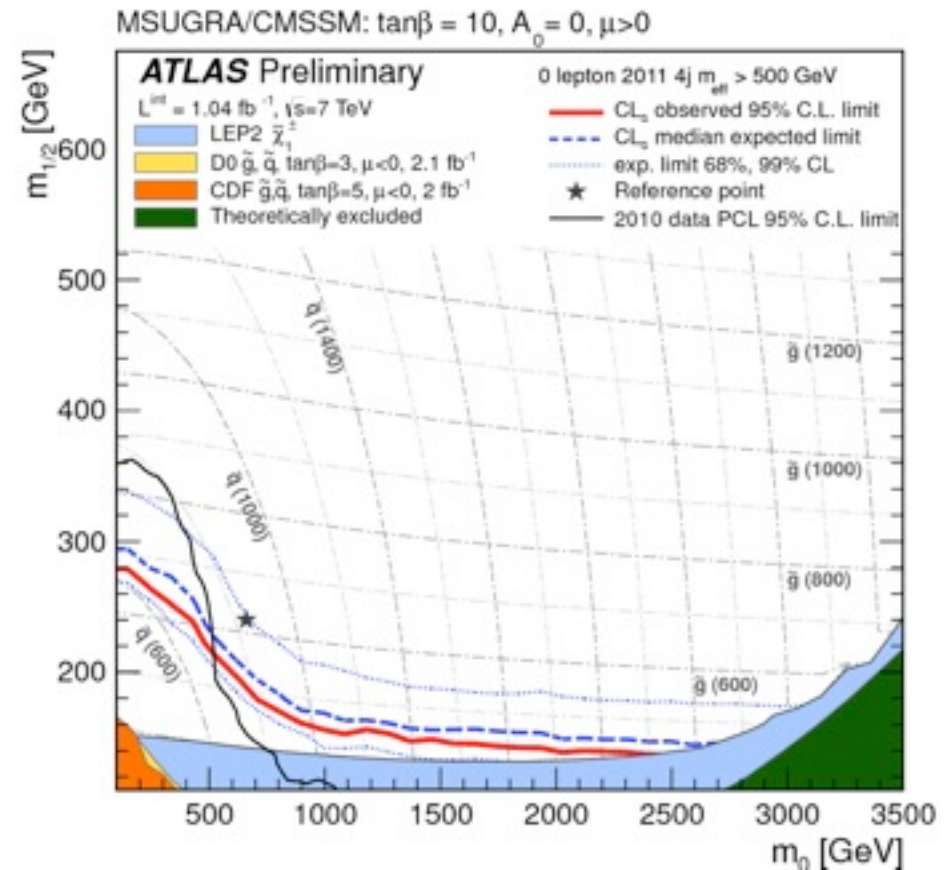
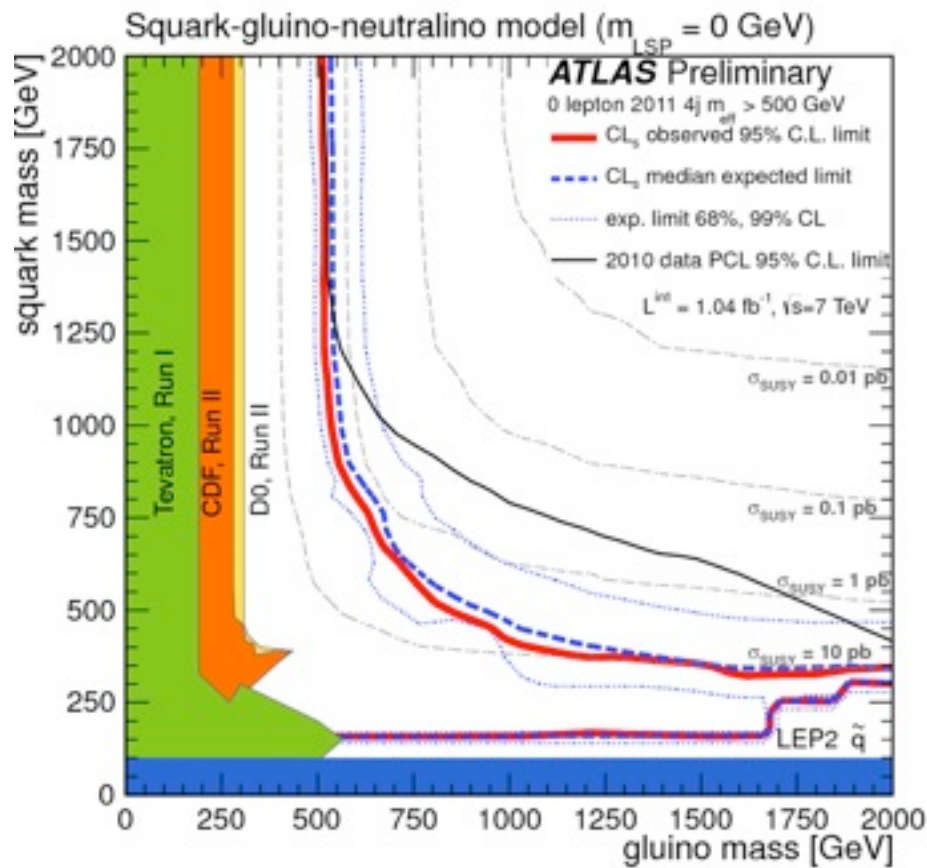
2 jets signal region exclusion limits



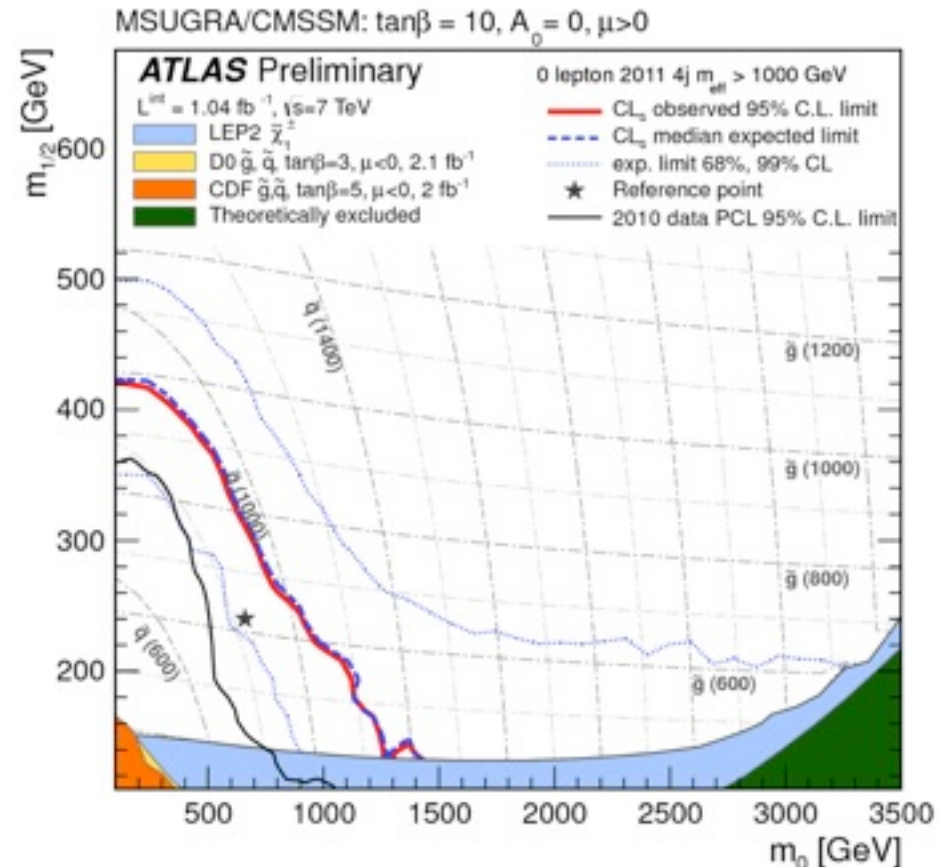
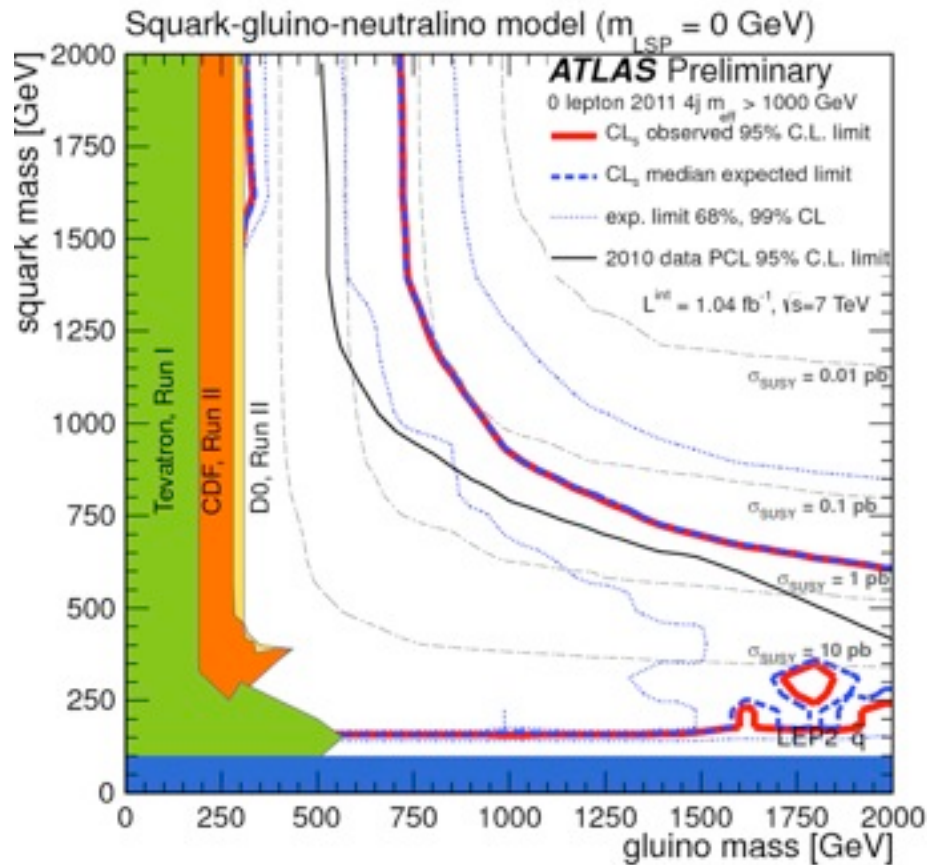
3 jets signal region exclusion limits



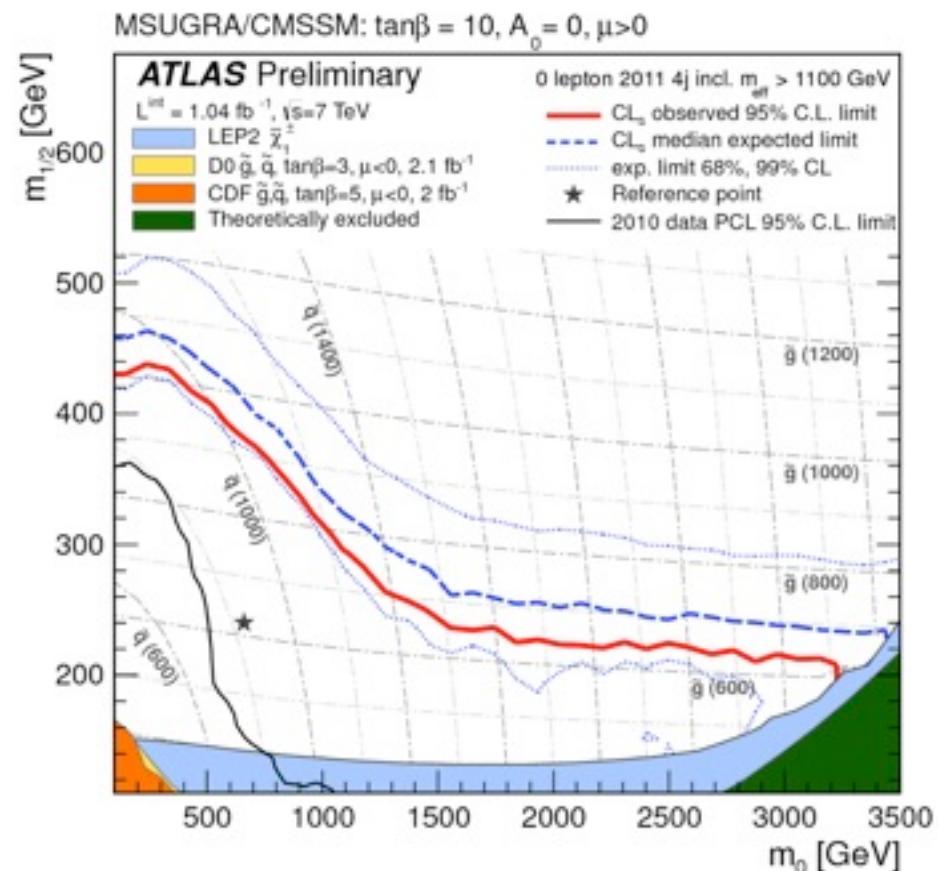
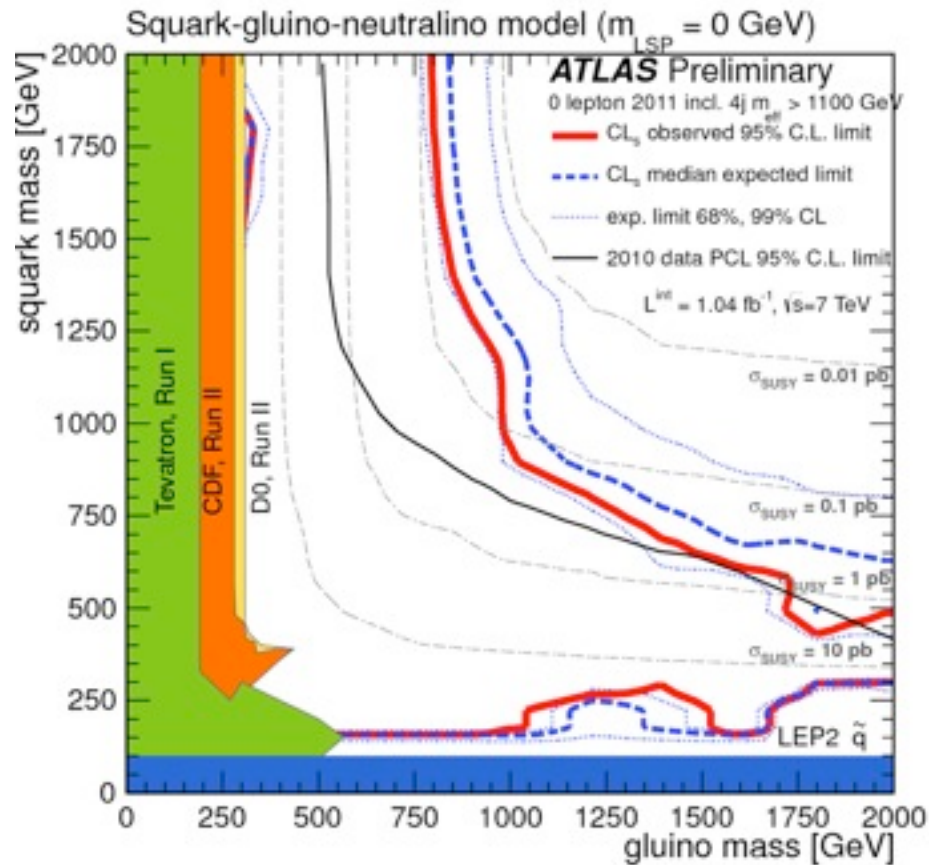
4 jets signal region ($m_{\text{eff}} > 500$ GeV)



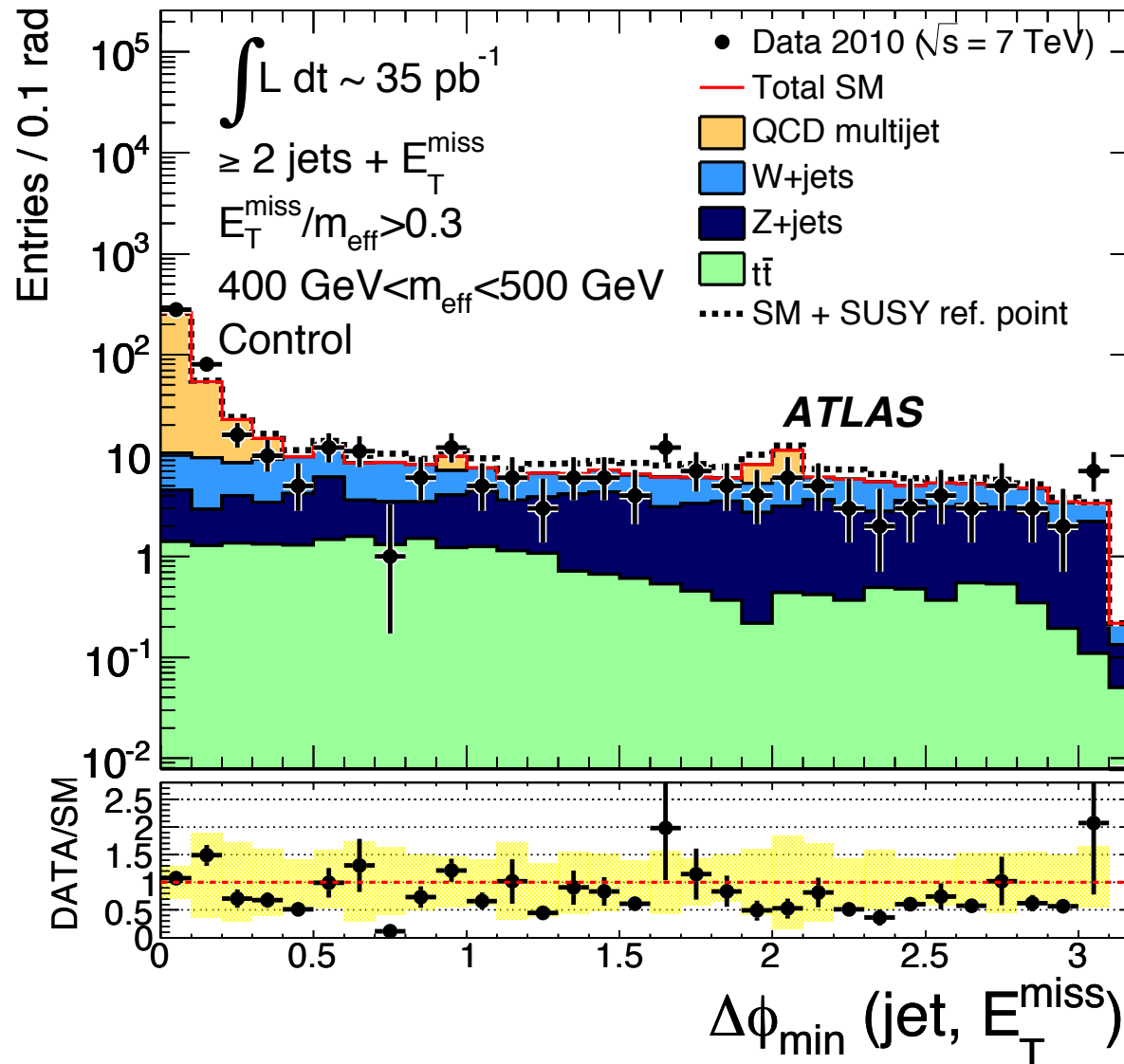
4 jets signal region ($m_{\text{eff}} > 1 \text{ TeV}$)

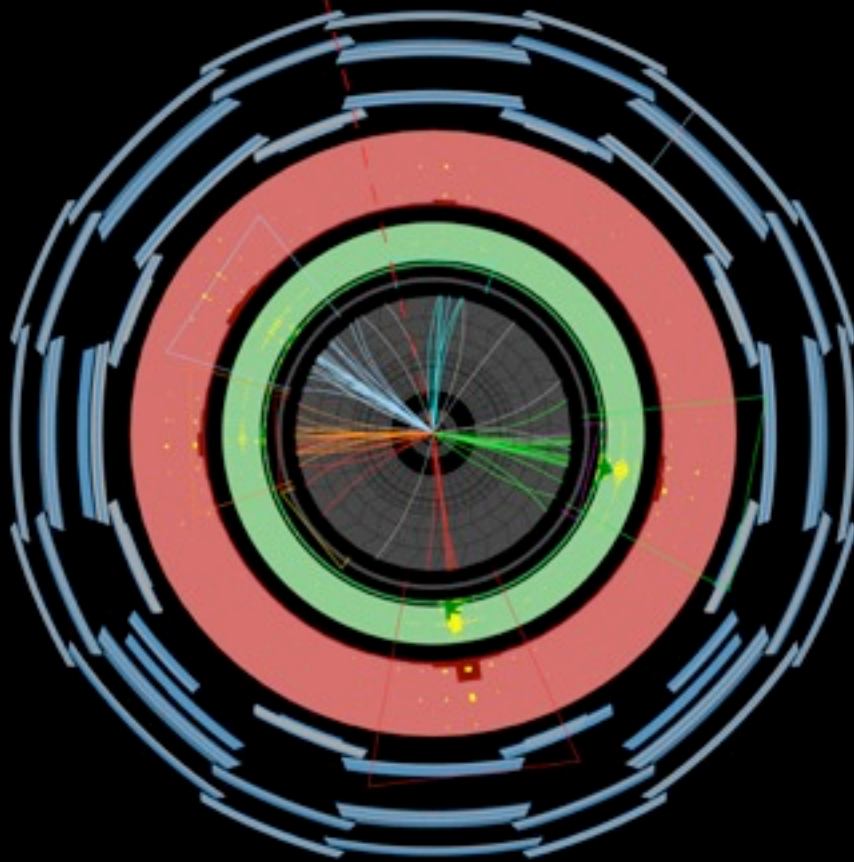


High mass signal region



Delta phi distribution





 **ATLAS**
EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 183021, Event Number: 66383304

Date: 2011-06-03 11:01:56 CEST

