

Radial TPC with curved GEMs for the detection of low energy alphas

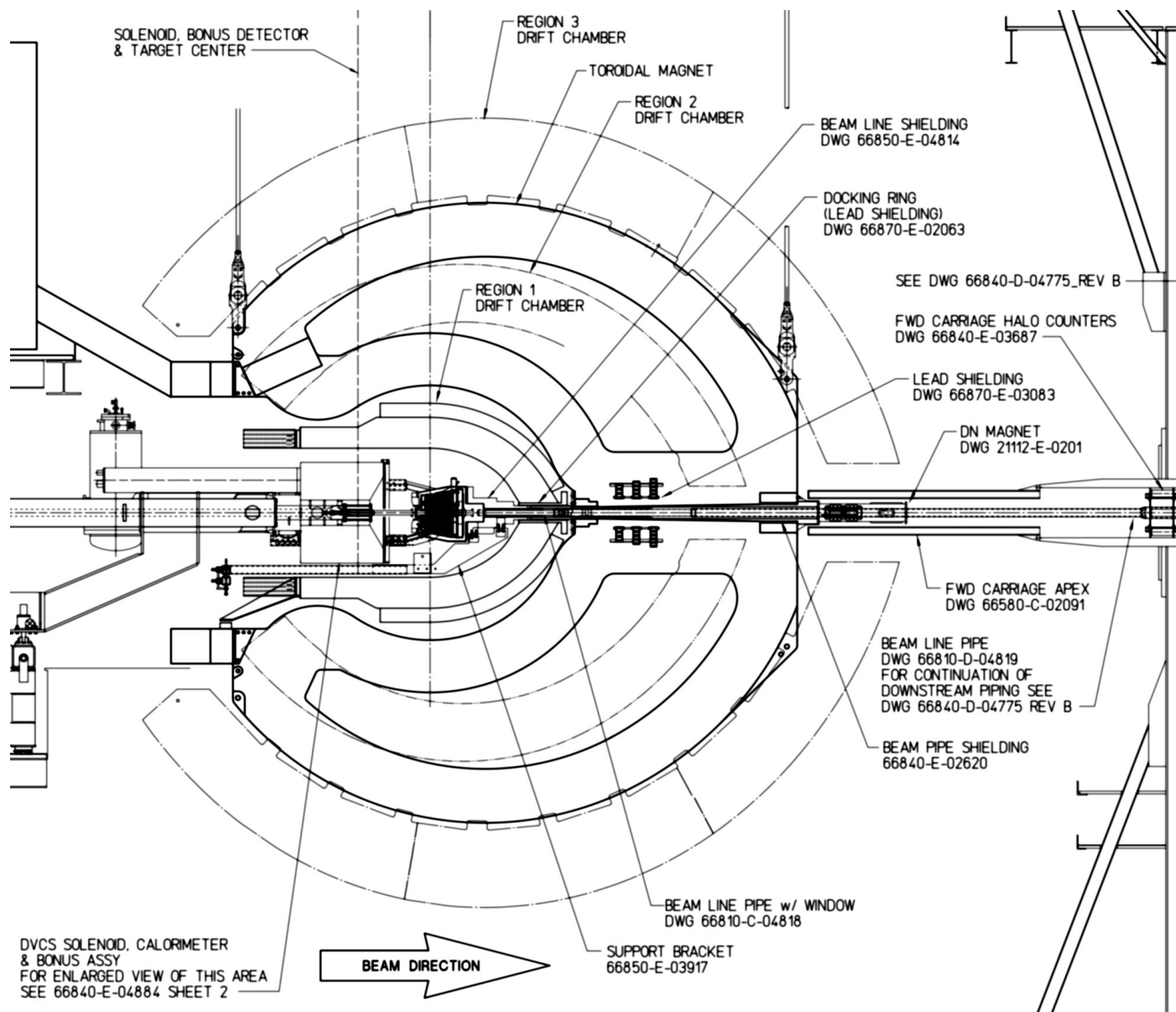
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Physics Goals

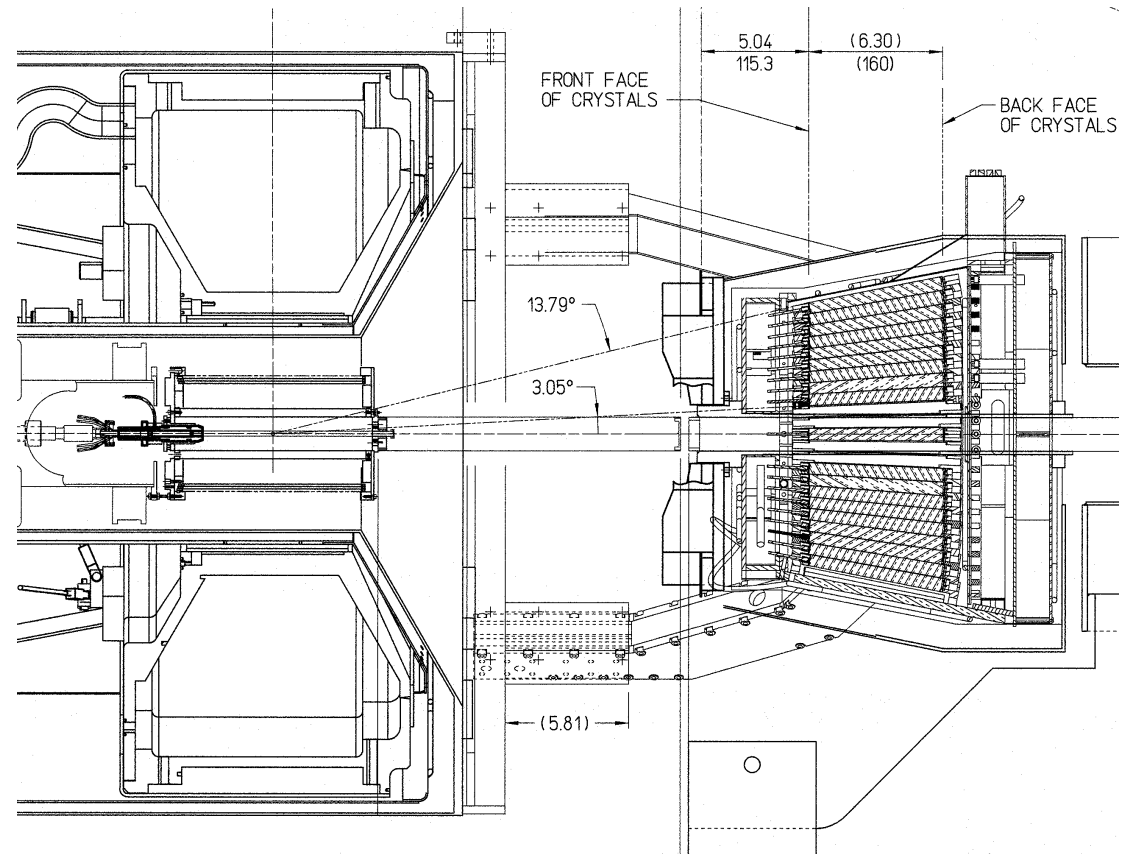
- Two experiments running in parallel
 - Hadron spectroscopy (S. Stepanyan et al.)
 - DVCS on Helium 4 (K. Hafidi et al.)
 - Coherent and incoherent channels separately
- Need of a detector for low energy alphas
 - Energies of few MeVs
 - Need to run DAQ at high rate (2 KHz planned)
 - Solution: a Radial TPC similar to BoNuS

JLab - Hall B



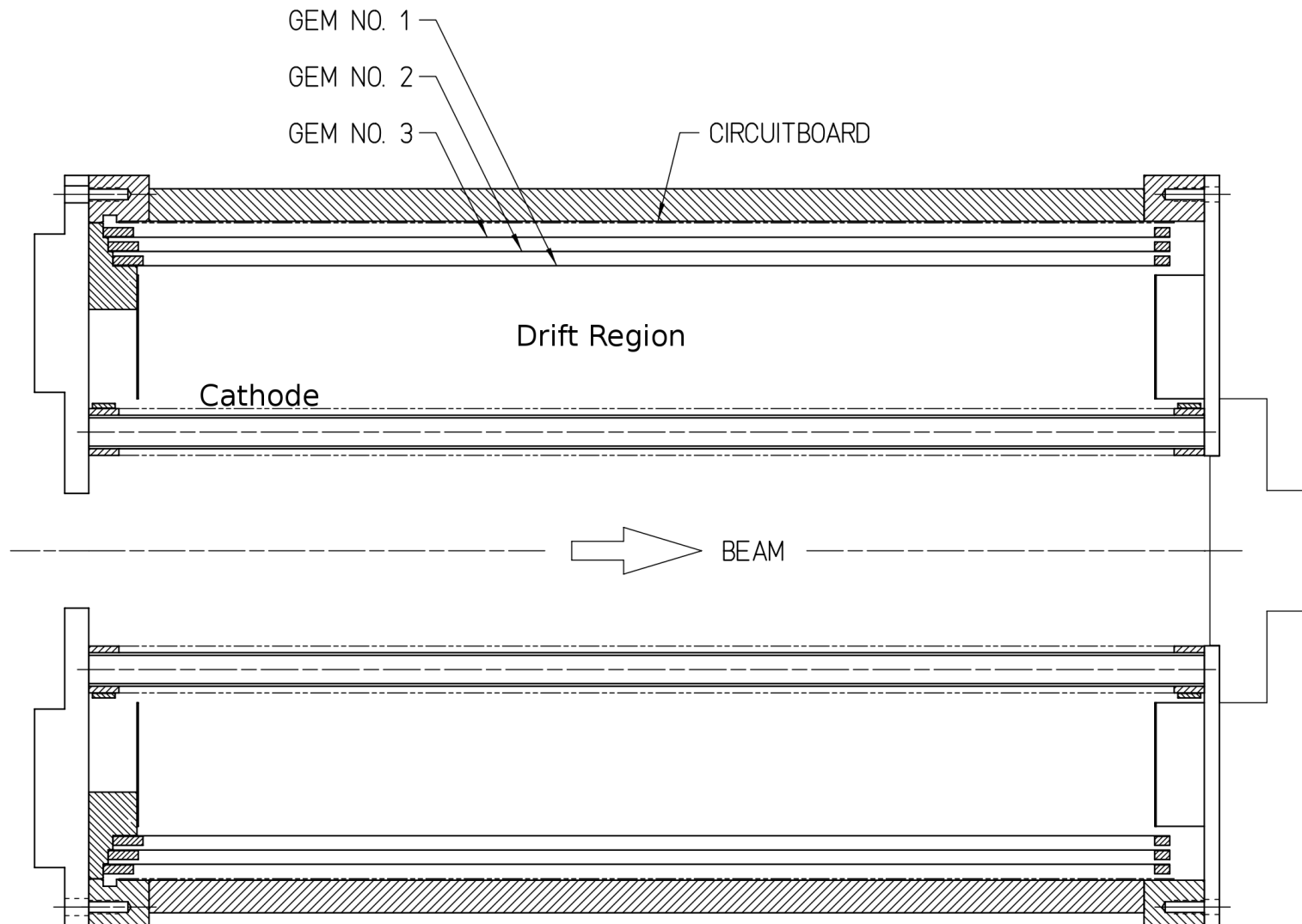
Apparatus

- Usual CLAS Detectors
- DVCS Solenoid
 - Protect the detectors from Möller electrons
- Radial Time Projection Chamber (RTPC)
 - Detect Helium 4 nuclei
- Inner Calorimeter (IC)
 - Detect photons at low angle
- Hodoscope
 - To differentiate electrons from photons in the IC



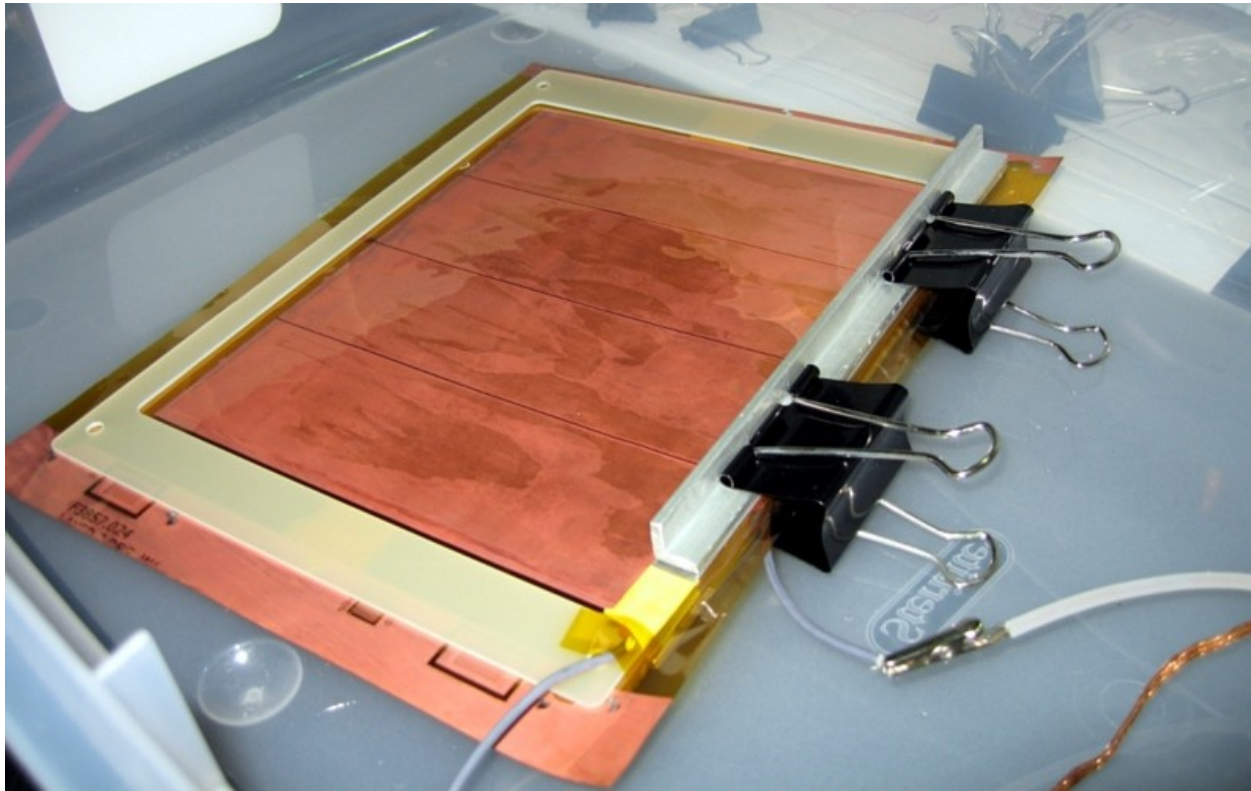
EG6 RTPC

Inspired by the BoNuS detector



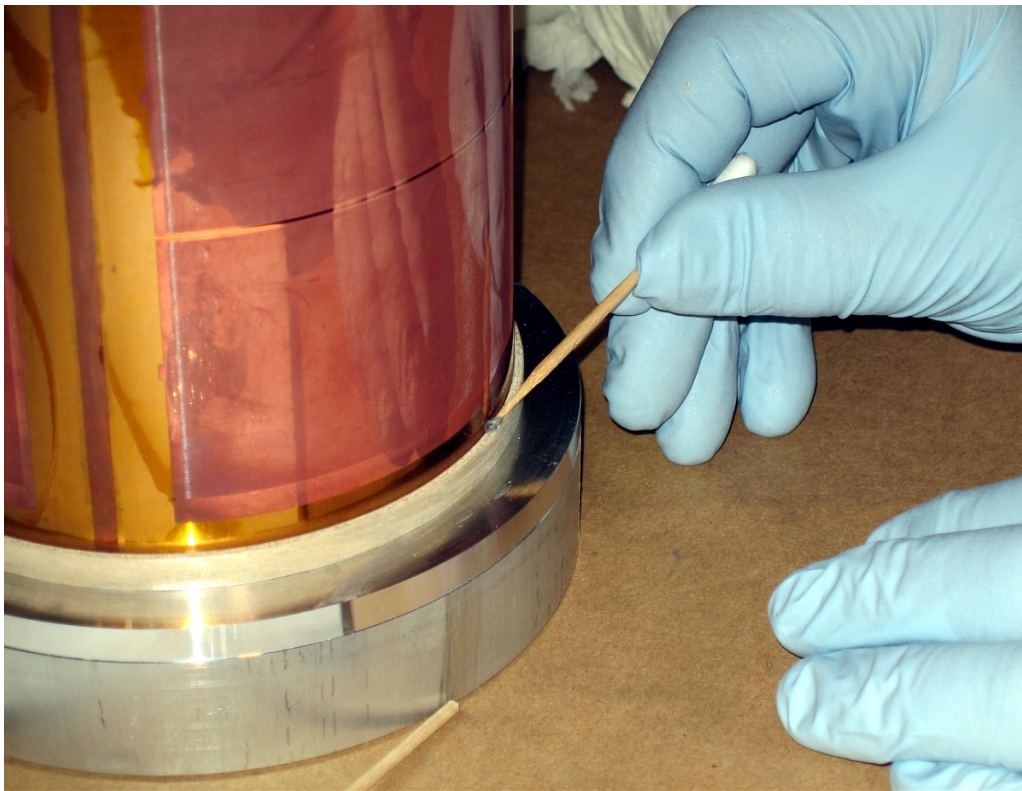
Construction of the RTPC (1)

- GEM tests and assembly

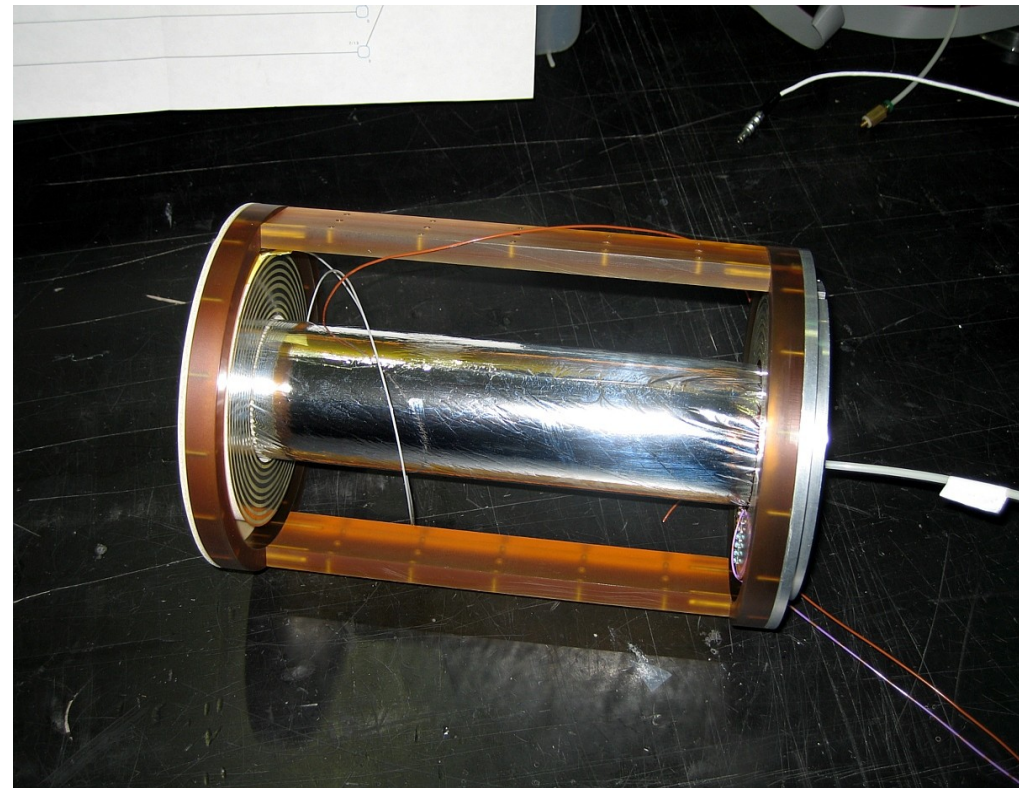


Construction of the RTPC (2)

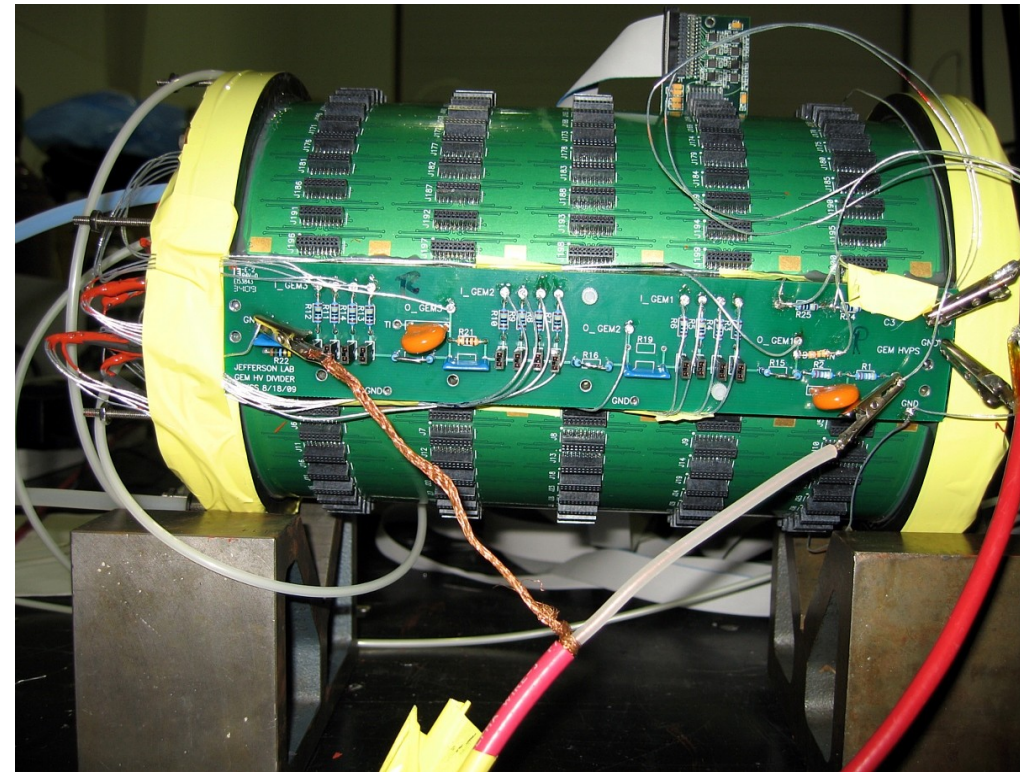
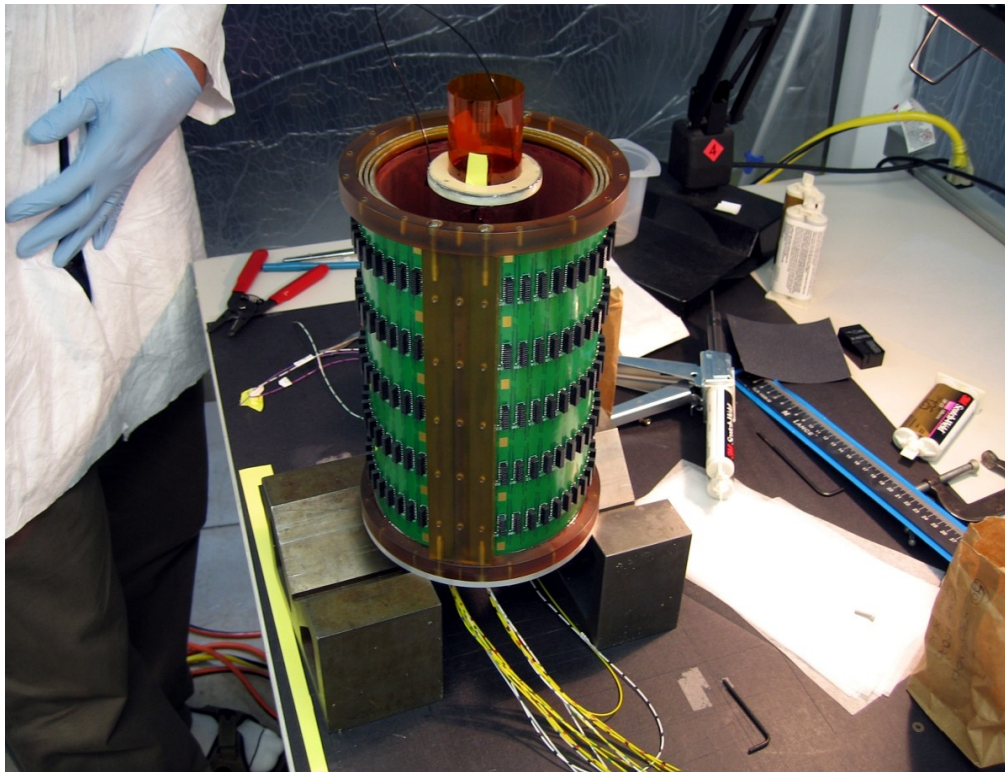
GEM structure



Detector structures with cathode and field cages



Construction of the RTPC (3)

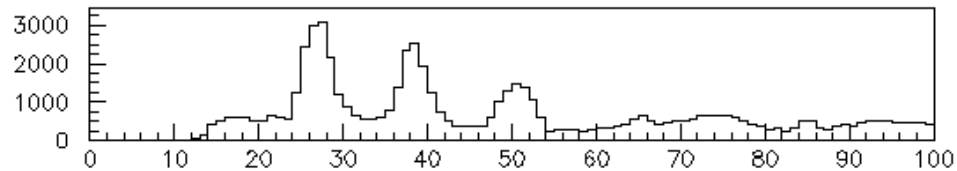


Readout and HV connections

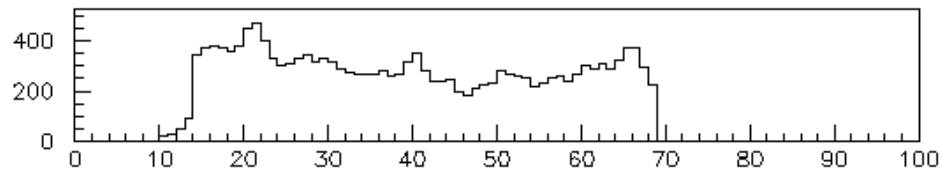
Running the Experiments

- Tracks easily reconstructed using MAGBOLTZ to estimate the drift paths
- Electronic was very noisy (not a problem for the physics)
- But data taking at 3 kHz (beyond our goal)
- Usual production with 6 GeV beam
- Runs at 1.2 GeV for calibration using elastic scattering

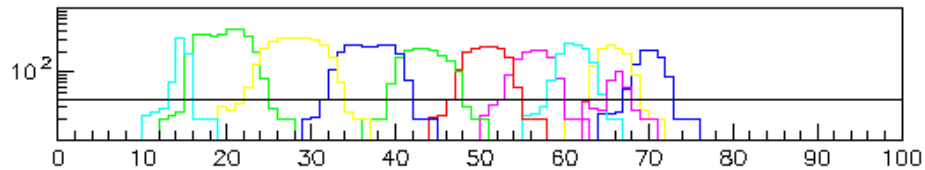
Example of a track



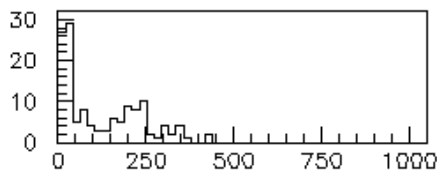
All Charges vs. Time for this Trigger



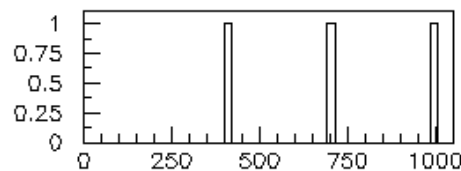
Charge vs. Time for Hits on Track 1



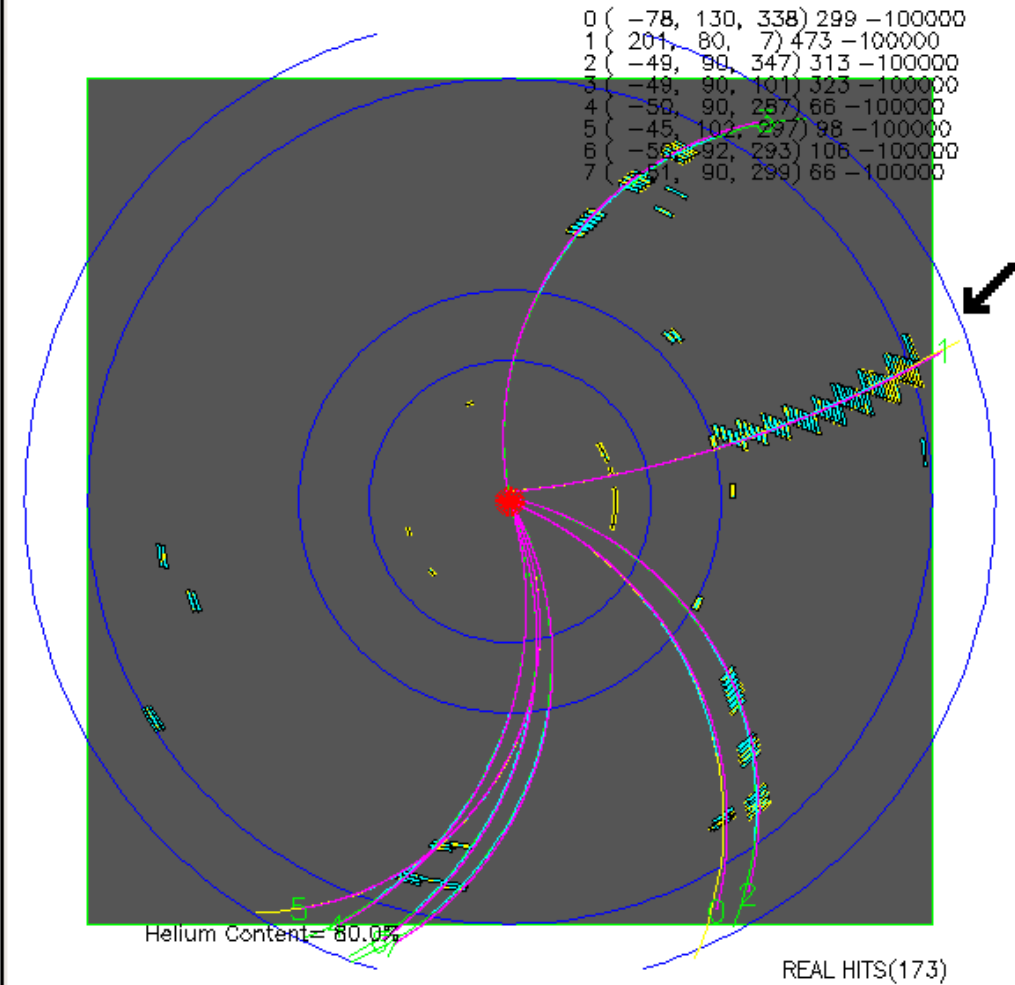
Charge vs. Time for Pads Used on Track 1



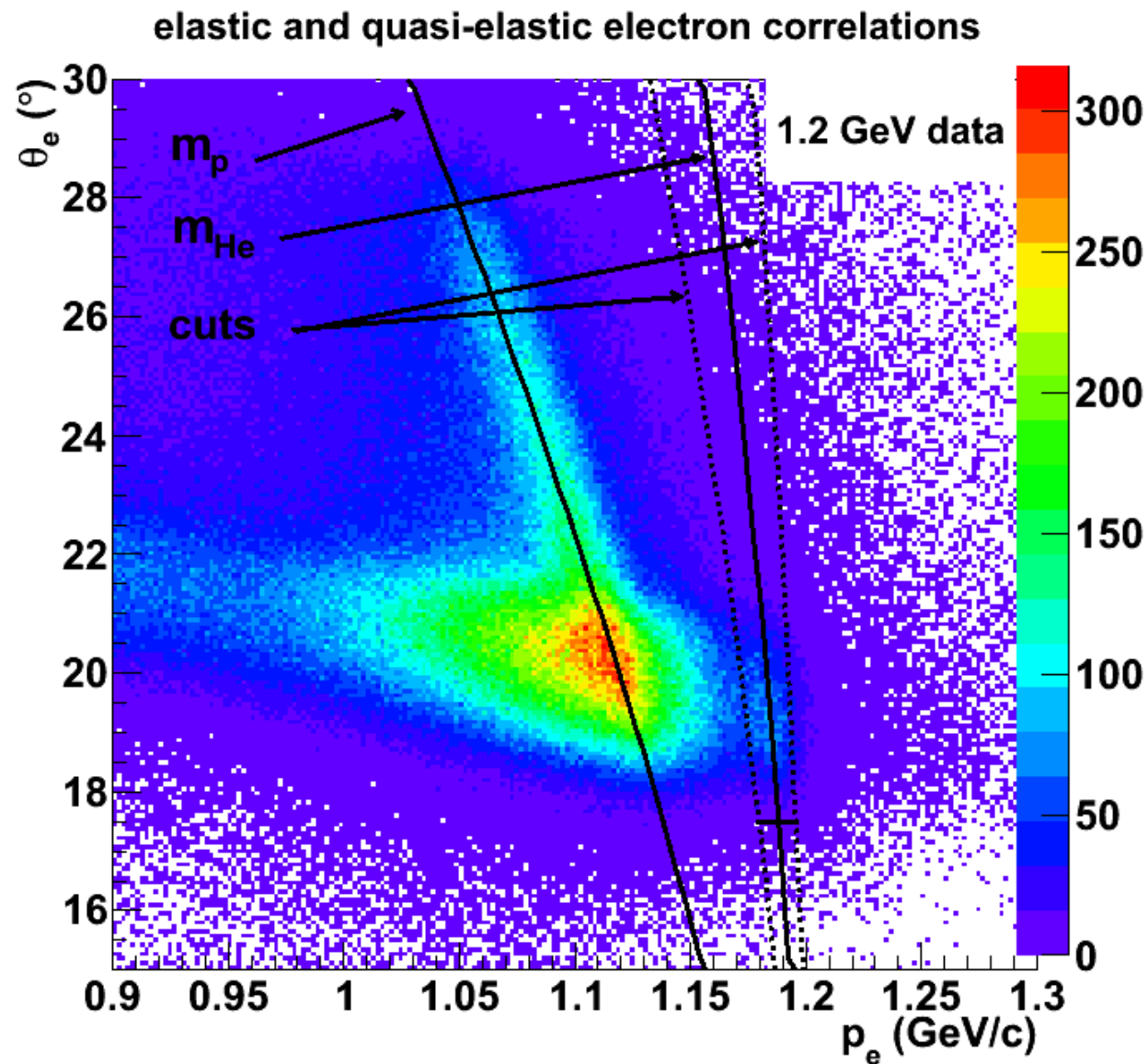
Pulse Heights of Hits on Track 1



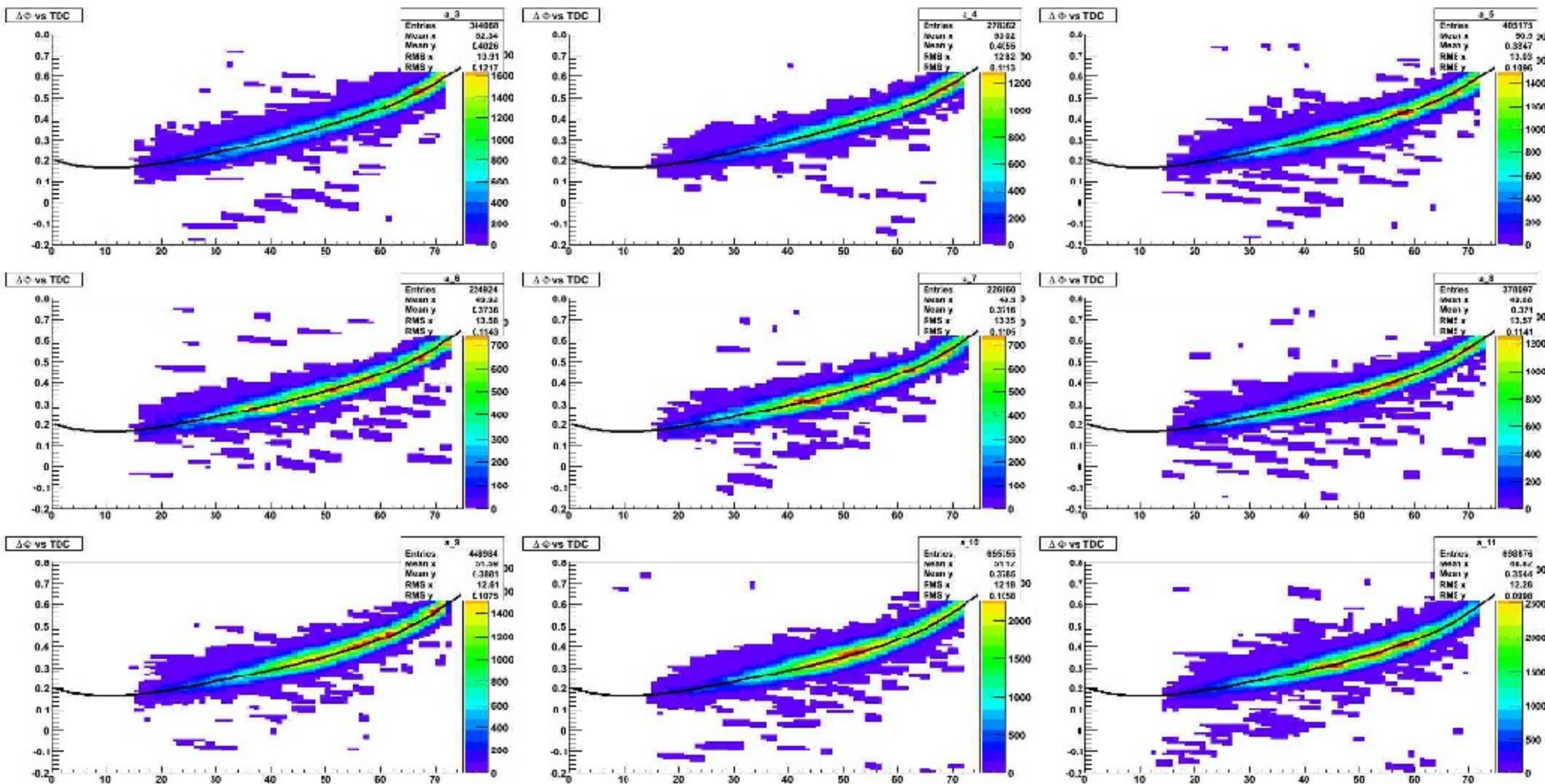
Integrated Charges by Pad on Track 1



Elastic Scattering on ^4He at 1.2 GeV

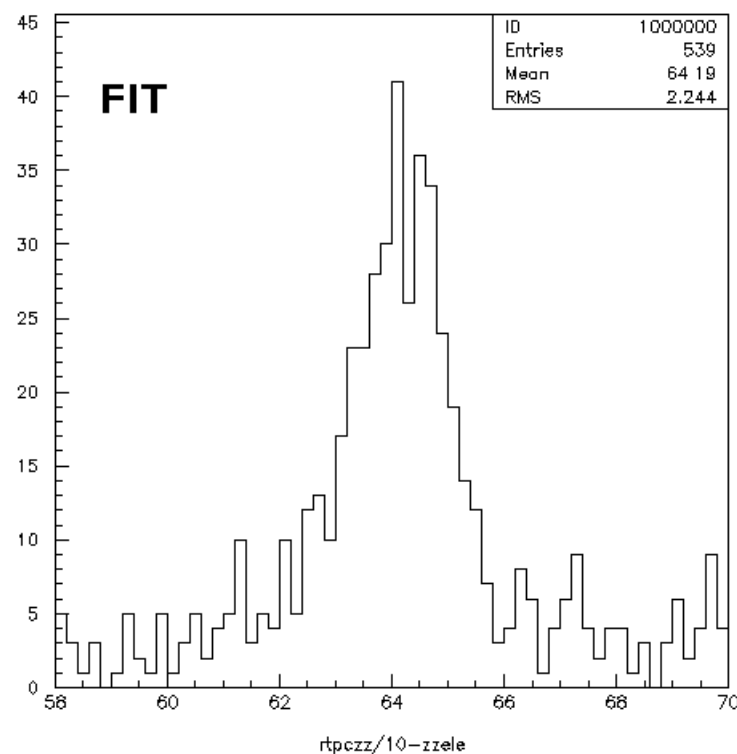
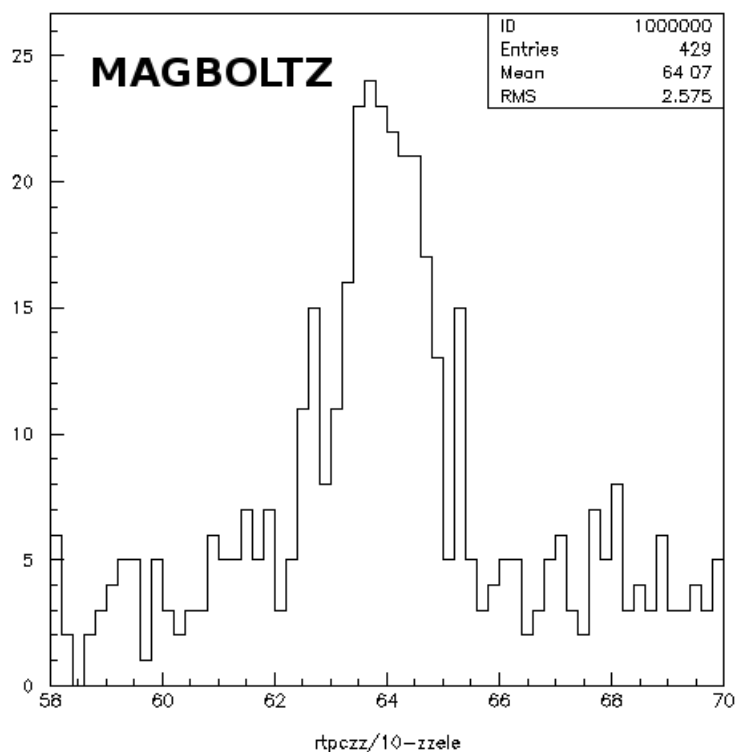


Fit of the Drift Paths

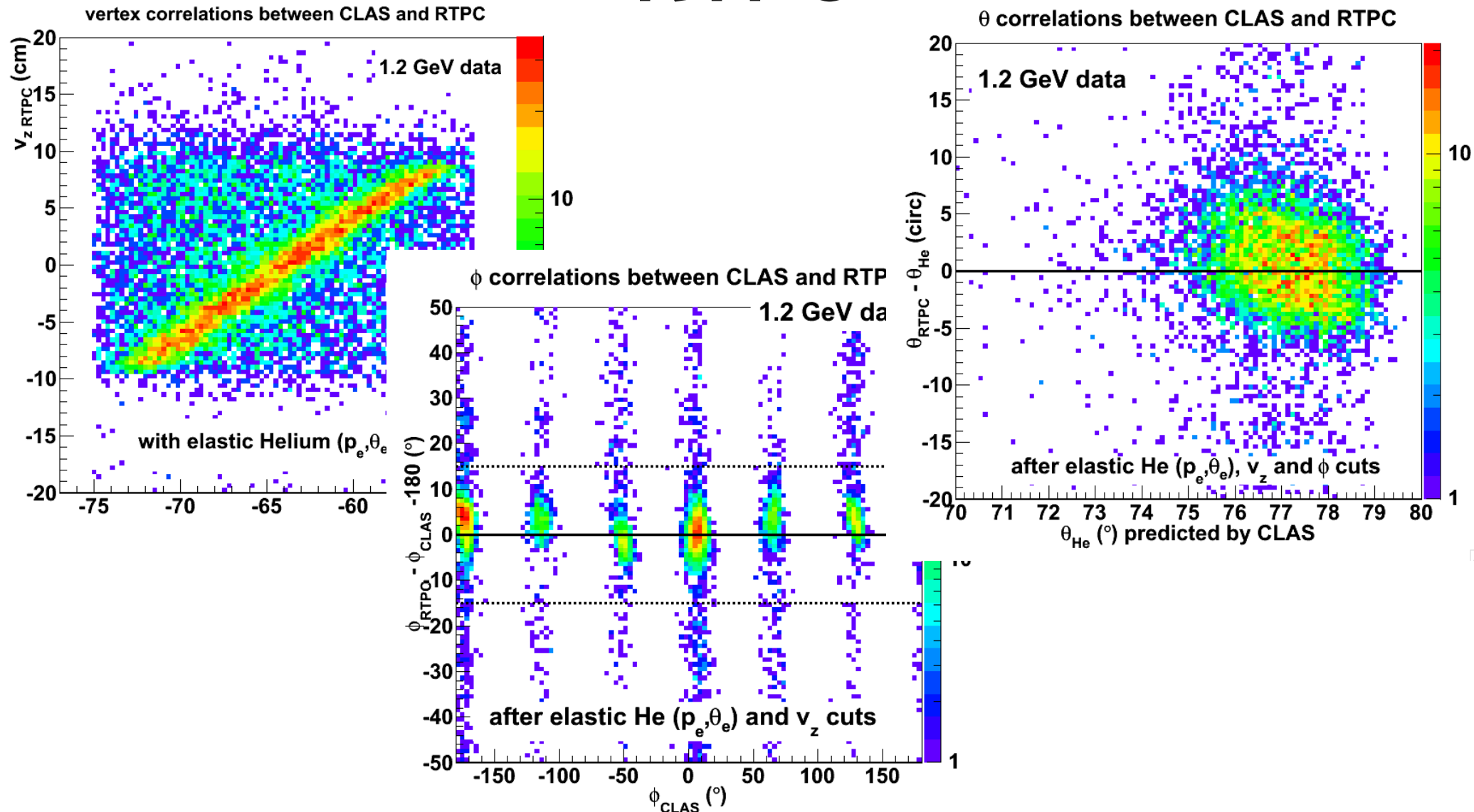


Results for Drift Paths Fit

- Compared to parameters computed with MAGBOLTZ
 - less background
 - gain of 30% in number of tracks



Correlation between CLAS and RTPC



Summary

- Radial TPC using GEMs worked successfully
 - Parallelism was much improved compared to BoNuS
 - Acceptance was also improved using self supported structure
- Method for drift paths calibration was developed
- Issues with electronics lead to noisy data
 - Treated off line
- More iterations needed to finalize calibration
- Physics results to come!